

79. Appeal to the Full Court

- (1) A party to an action or matter who is dissatisfied with —
 - (a) a final judgment, may appeal from that judgment to the Full Court constituted under the *Supreme Court Act 1935*;
 - (b) a judgment that is not a final judgment or an order remitting any action or matter from one court to another, may by leave of the Supreme Court or a Judge thereof, appeal to such Full Court,notwithstanding that the action or matter to which the final judgment or judgment relates may have been brought in the Court by consent as provided in this Act.
- (1a) Notwithstanding anything in this section, an appeal to the Full Court constituted under the *Supreme Court Act 1935* in respect of a judgment, order or determination in proceedings in the Court under the *Commercial Arbitration Act 1985*¹ may be made only by leave of the Supreme Court, or a Judge thereof.
- (2) An appeal under this section shall be made in the same way as an appeal from a judgment or order of the Supreme Court or a Judge thereof, may be made to the Full Court, and in all respects the practice and procedure of the Full Court in the appeal shall be the same as though the appeal were an appeal to the Full Court from a judgment or order of the Supreme Court or a Judge thereof.
- (3) The Full Court has jurisdiction to hear and determine the appeal accordingly.
- (4) Nothing in this section authorizes a party to appeal to the Full Court against a decision of the Court —
 - (a) given upon a question as to the value of any real or personal property for the purpose of determining the jurisdiction of the Court under this Act; or
 - (b) on the ground that the proceedings might or should have been taken at any other place where the Court was sitting.

[Section 79 amended by No. 109 of 1985 s.3.]