Town Allotments (Boundaries) Act 1844
Western Australia

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Western Australia

Town Allotments (Boundaries) Act 1844

An Act for the adjustment of Divisional Boundaries of Allotments in Towns, and to prevent Litigation from undesigned encroachments on adjoining Allotments.

Preamble

Whereas surveys of the several towns in the Colony of Western Australia are about to be made for the purpose of a proper alignment of the streets of such towns respectively, and whereas it is expedient to make provision at the same time for a final adjustment of the divisional boundaries of the allotments in such towns, as well in order to correct many inaccuracies which have occurred therein as also to prevent future litigation amongst the owners of adjoining allotments:

1. **Subdivision to take account of improvements and boundaries in any Crown grant**

Be it therefore enacted by His Excellency the Governor of Western Australia, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, that it shall be lawful for the Governor to direct an authorised land officer, that at the same time that the external lines of the blocks of allotments in each town are laid out for the purpose of defining the proper limits of the streets thereof, he shall cause each block to be subdivided into its proper number of component allotments having a special reference to the actual position of any substantial building or durable fence which may at present exist thereon so as to interfere to as small an extent as possible with any such substantial erections, but at the same time taking care to apportion to each allotment at least the full extent of boundaries.
section 2

contained in any grant or transfer in fee simple thereof made or to be made by the Crown.

[Section 1 amended: No. 126 of 1987 s. 17; No. 31 of 1997 s. 85.]

2. Corners of each allotment to be marked visibly

And be it enacted that an authorised land officer, in order to determine the due lines and positions of divisional boundaries, shall cause to be marked out upon each allotment in some convenient and visible manner the several terminal or angular points of such allotment, and that for such purpose it shall be lawful for him or any person or persons by his directions to enter upon any allotment and to erect or construct any mark that may be deemed necessary, and to place, cut or brand any such mark on any fence existing thereon.

[Section 2 amended: No. 126 of 1987 s. 18.]

3. Boundaries to be recorded

And be it enacted that whenever and so soon as the several boundaries shall have been ascertained and finally marked as aforesaid, an authorised land officer shall cause the same to be accurately delineated and expressed in figures on the maps or plans which he is directed to lay before the Governor in Executive Council in and by an Act passed in the present year of Her Majesty’s reign, intituled ‘An Act to provide for the Alignment of Streets in the several towns of the Colony of Western Australia’, and shall enter a description of each allotment so marked in a Record Book to be kept by him for that purpose, and every such description shall be signed by him and countersigned by the Governor in Executive Council, and notice of every such entry shall be published in 3 successive ‘Gazettes’.

[Section 3 amended: No. 126 of 1987 s. 19.]
4. **Recorded boundaries deemed to be true boundaries and Record Book to be evidence**

And be it enacted that all boundaries of allotments so entered and signed as aforesaid shall be deemed and taken to be the true boundaries of such allotments respectively, all former descriptions thereof in any title deed or otherwise notwithstanding, and whether such allotment be in the possession of the original owner or owners, or of his, her or their heir or assignee; and such Record Book, or a certified copy to be made and issued on demand without fee of any entry in such book, signed by an authorised land officer, shall and may be taken in evidence of the boundaries of such allotments in any suit or cause affecting the same.

[Section 4 amended: No. 126 of 1987 s. 20.]


6. **Encroachments not to be disturbed: legal proceedings and compensation**

And be it enacted that if after such adjustment of boundaries as aforesaid it shall be found that any house or other substantial structure within the limits of any town site has been wholly or partially and undesignedly erected upon land not being the property of the owner of such house or structure, it shall not be lawful for the owner of such land to remove or disturb, or commence any proceedings at law or equity, save as hereinafter provided, on account of such house or other substantial structure, provided that the owner of such house or other substantial structure shall pay compensation for such land in manner hereinafter provided.

7. **Trustees to choose valuers**

And be it enacted that at the annual meeting of the trustees of each town for the election of officers, or at any special meeting thereof, for the following purpose, called upon the requisition of any 3 or more of such trustees, of which notice shall be
s. 8

Published in 2 successive ‘Gazettes’, there shall be chosen by ballot 3 of the said trustees to act as valuers of the property hereinafter mentioned in the said town until the next such annual meeting: Provided that no such valuators shall be chosen at any such meeting, annual or special, unless at least 7 trustees be present thereat.

8. Valuers to assess and award compensation for encroachments

And be it enacted that if any person shall have undesignedly erected within the limits of any town site previously to an adjustment of boundaries therein under the provisions of this Act any house or other substantial structure either entirely or partly upon the land not his own property, it shall be lawful for such valuators as aforesaid, when called upon to do so by the owner of such house or structure, or the owner of the land upon which the same stands (taking all the circumstances of the case into their consideration), to estimate and award in writing the amount which shall be paid by the owner of such house or structure to the owner of such land as a compensation for the actual piece of land so occupied by such house or structure as aforesaid, and for such further intervening piece of land as may be necessary to give access to such house or structure.

9. Majority decision of valuers: power to survey

And be it enacted that in case of any difference of opinion between such valuators as to the amount of compensation as aforesaid, the opinion of the majority shall be taken to be the award; and that it shall be lawful for such valuators, or the majority of them, to employ a surveyor in order to obtain a correct mensuration and description of the area and boundaries of any piece of land for which they shall be called upon to award compensation, and to allow and pay to such surveyor for such mensuration and description any sum not exceeding $1.05; and to demand and receive, over and above any sum paid or engaged to be paid to any suchsurveyor, for each and every
award fairly written out (on parchment if furnished to them for that purpose), the sum of $2.10, to be equally divided between the valuators making and signing such award.

[Section 9 amended: No. 113 of 1965 s. 8(1).]

10. Valuers not to pay award until compensation is received

And be it enacted that it shall not be lawful for the said valuators to issue or deliver out any award by them made as aforesaid until the amount of compensation thereby awarded shall have been paid to them or any one of them, to be by them paid over in manner hereinafter provided; and that it shall not be incumbent upon them to make or enter upon any such valuation as aforesaid before the sum of $2.10, as and for their own fee, and the sum of $1.05, as and for a contingent surveyor’s fee (to be repaid if not incurred), be first deposited in the hands of any one of them.

[Section 10 amended: No. 113 of 1965 s. 8(1).]

11. Form of valuers’ award

And be it enacted that any award to be made by any such valuators as aforesaid shall be in the form, or to the effect of the form, following, the words in parentheses being merely explanatory; that is to say,

We, the undersigned, being the Valuators (or majority of the Valuators, as the case may be) for the town site of , under the Act of Council 8 Victoria, No. 9, by virtue and in exercise of the powers vested in us by the said Act, do hereby award to (A.B.) of (residence, and rank or calling), the sum of , as compensation for a piece of land, being parcel of building allotment (letter and number in the maps of the authorised land officer concerned) in the aforesaid town site; and being now occupied or covered by (here describe generally and briefly the encroaching structure) of which (encroaching structure) (C.D.) of (residence, and rank or calling) was heretofore
reputed owner; and which said piece or parcel of land so occupied or covered as aforesaid is of the following superficial area, that is to say , and abuts on the side thereof on land of the said (C.D.); and on all other sides thereof, upon the aforesaid allotment (letter and number as above). (If the party in whom land is to be vested by the award choose to have a plan thereof, at his or her own additional expense, drawn upon the award, then add ‘according to the plan delineated on the margin (or at the foot) of these presents.’) And we do hereby acknowledge to have received from the said (C.D.) the said sum of (amount of compensation). As witness our hands the day of

[Section 11 amended: No. 126 of 1987 s. 21.]

12. Act not to apply to subdivisions of allotments made by private parties

Provided always and be it enacted, that the powers of valuation and of awarding compensation given by this Act shall not extend to any cases of encroachment by the proprietor of one portion of an allotment (or piece or parcel of land granted by the Crown in one entire or separate lot) on any other portion of the same allotment.

13. Valuers to decide what is a substantial structure

And be it enacted that it shall be lawful for any such valuators as aforesaid when called upon to award compensation for any encroachment, to decide and determine whether the structure alleged to be such encroachment is a substantial structure within the provisions of this Act or otherwise: Provided that no fence other than a stone or brick wall shall be deemed such a substantial structure.

14. Presumption that encroachment undesigned except in certain cases

And be it enacted that it shall be lawful for any such valuators as aforesaid to consider and treat any encroachment submitted
to them under this Act for valuation and compensation as undesigned, unless the owner or owners of the land thereby encroached upon shall give notice in writing to such valuators before award made of his, her, or their intention to proceed at law for the recovery of such land, and that it shall be lawful for the person or persons giving such notice at any time within 3 calendar months after delivery of such notice to proceed by suit or action for the recovery of such land; but the plaintiff or plaintiffs in such action shall recover nothing therein unless he, she, or they shall prove to the satisfaction of the Court and Jury, or of the Court, when there shall be no Jury, that such land was knowingly and wilfully encroached upon; and if the person or persons giving such notice shall fail to proceed according thereto within 3 calendar months after delivery thereof, or if such plaintiff or plaintiffs be non-suited or discontinue such suit or action, or if verdict or judgment be for the defendant or defendants, and a certificate thereof under the hand of the Registrar Clerk of the Civil Court (for which a fee of 20 cents shall be demandable) be produced to the valuators of and for the town site within which such land shall be situated, it shall be lawful for such valuators to proceed to award compensation for the same.

[Section 14 amended: No. 113 of 1965 s. 8(1).]

15. **Encroachment that is temporary structure may be removed within one month**

And be it enacted that when by any such adjustment of boundaries as aforesaid any fence or other erection, not being a substantial structure within the terms of this Act or the determination of any such valuators as aforesaid, shall be found to be an encroachment, the person or persons who previously to such adjustment was or were the reputed owner or owners thereof shall be allowed one calendar month from the discovery of such encroachment for removal of the same, and shall during that period have right of entry on the land thereby encroached upon for the removal of such fence or erection; and during such period the owner of the land so encroached upon shall not have
any right of abatement or of otherwise intermeddling with such fence or erection.

16. **Term used: owner**

And be it enacted that whenever throughout this Act reference is made to the owner of a structure, which by any adjustment of boundaries under this Act shall have been found to be an encroachment, the term *owner* shall be deemed and taken to mean and include the person or persons who, previously to such adjustment, claimed to be, and was or were reputed, the owner or owners of the land occupied by such encroachment, and his, her, or their heirs and assigns.

17. **Award may be made at request of part owner or agent**

And be it enacted that it shall be lawful for such valuators as aforesaid to make such valuation and award such compensation as aforesaid on the requisition of any part owner of any encroaching structure, or land thereby encroached upon, or of the agent in this Colony of any absent owner or part owner thereof respectively; and that any part owner expending moneys in payment of compensation, fees or expenses under any such award as aforesaid in respect of such structure, may recover the same by contribution from the other part owner or part owners thereof in an action for so much money laid out and expended to and for the use of such other part owner or part owners.

18. **Appointment of new valuer in case of vacancy**

And be it enacted that if any such valuator as aforesaid for any town site shall die, or wish to resign his office, or become disabled to act therein from mental or bodily infirmity, or shall cease to be qualified as a trustee of such town, or shall become pecuniarily interested in the subject matter of any award or required award, it shall be lawful for his co-valuators or co-valuator, or for any 3 others of the trustees of such town, to convene a special meeting of such trustees by requisition published in 2 successive ‘Gazettes’, and the trustees assembled
19. **Award may be entered on title and memorial of award to be registered**

And be it enacted that the award of such valuators as aforesaid may be concisely entered on the back of the title deed of either or both of the parties, if produced to them for that purpose, and that a memorial thereof shall be registered in the usual manner in the Registry Office of this Colony at the expense of the owner of such house or structure as aforesaid, and when so registered shall have the effect of a valid conveyance in fee simple by all necessary parties of such piece of land to the owner of such house or structure; and notwithstanding any incapacity or disability on the part of the owner or owners of such piece of land at the date of such award, but subject nevertheless to all settlements, incumbrances, estates or interests whatsoever to which the person or persons *bona fide* dealing with such land as his, her or their property previously to such award shall have professed to subject the same; and subject also to all judgments, incumbrances and claims by operation of law, affecting at the date of such award the general property of the person or persons taking such land under such award.

20. **Compensation not more than $40 may be paid to guardian, trustee etc.**

And be it enacted that any compensation not exceeding $40 which shall be awarded as hereinbefore mentioned for any land shall be paid by the valuators receiving the same to the person or persons who at the date of such award shall be beneficially entitled to the rents and profits of such land for his, her or their own use and benefit, or in case of infancy, idiocy or lunacy, or other incapacity, shall be paid to his, her or their guardian or guardians, committee or committees, trustee or trustees, to and
for the use and benefit of such persons respectively; or in case the person or persons so for the time being beneficially entitled shall be absent from this Colony, then such compensation shall or may be paid to any of his, her or their agent within this Colony holding any general authority in writing to receive moneys on account of such absentee or absentees.

[Section 20 amended: No. 113 of 1965 s. 8(1).]

21. **Compensation in certain cases to be paid to Registrar Clerk of Civil Court**

And be it enacted that when any compensation exceeding $40 shall be awarded as aforesaid in respect of land under mortgage or strict settlement, or any other settlement, or belonging to an infant, idiot, lunatic or to any person under any other disability or incapacity, or in case compensation to any amount below or above the said sum of $40 shall be awarded as aforesaid in respect of land, the title of which shall be in dispute between several claimants, or of which the owner cannot be discovered, or shall refuse to receive such compensation, or shall be absent from this Colony without any known agent competent to give a receipt for such compensation, then and in any of the said cases it shall be lawful to pay the amount of such compensation into the hands of the Registrar Clerk of the Civil Court, to abide the order, control and disposition of the said Court; which said Court, on the application of any person making claim to such compensation, or any part thereof, on motion or petition, is hereby empowered in a summary way of proceeding or otherwise, to order payment thereof to the person, or distribution thereof among the persons, entitled to such land, in such manner, time and proportion and upon such terms or otherwise as to the said Court shall seem just and reasonable; and the said Registrar Clerk shall give a receipt for any amount of compensation so paid to him, specifying therein by whom the same was paid, and in respect of what land, according to such particulars as shall be furnished to him by the person paying the
same, and shall be entitled to demand for such receipt the sum of 10 cents.

[Section 21 amended: No. 113 of 1965 s. 8(1); No. 28 of 2003 s. 128(2).]

22. Mispayment of compensation not to affect title of party paying same

And be it enacted that when any compensation awarded as aforesaid shall have been paid by mistake of fact or law to a person or persons not lawfully entitled to receive the same, such mispayment shall not affect the title of the party paying the same to the land in respect of which the same shall have been paid, nor shall such land be subject to any lien for the sum so mispaid; but the persons lawfully entitled to receive such compensation, or his, her or their lawful representatives, shall or may recover the same within 18 months from the date of such payment by action for money had and received against the person receiving such mispayment, or his or her lawful representative.

23. Term used: authorised land officer

In this Act —

authorised land officer has the meaning given by the Land Administration Act 1997.

[Section 23 inserted: No. 126 of 1987 s. 22; amended: No. 31 of 1997 s. 141.]

24. Short title

This Act may be cited as the Town Allotments (Boundaries) Act 1844.

[Section 24 inserted: No. 10 of 1970 s. 3.]
Notes

This is a compilation of the *Town Allotments (Boundaries) Act 1844* and includes the amendments made by the other written laws referred to in the following table. The table also contains information about any reprint.

### Compilation table

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**Reprint of the *Town Allotments (Boundaries) Act 1844* as at 17 Aug 2001** (includes amendments listed above)


**Reprint 2: The *Town Allotments (Boundaries) Act 1844* as at 17 Apr 2015** (includes amendments listed above)

2 Now known as the *Town Allotments (Boundaries) Act 1844*; short title inserted (see note under s. 24).
Defined terms

(This is a list of terms defined and the provisions where they are defined. The list is not part of the law.)

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