AN ACT relating to the Interpretation of certain provisions relating to Corporations and the Securities Industry, and for certain other matters.

[Assented to 26 May 1981.]

BE it enacted by the Queen’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly of Western Australia, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. This Act may be cited as the Companies and Securities (Interpretation and Miscellaneous Provisions) (Application of Laws) Act 1981.

2. This Act shall come into operation on the day on which the National Companies and Securities Commission (State Provisions) Act 1980 comes into operation.
3. In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears—

"Agreement" means the agreement made on 22 December 1978 between the Commonwealth and the States in relation to a proposed scheme for the co-operative regulation of companies and the securities industry or, if that agreement is or has been amended or affected by another agreement, that agreement as so amended or affected;

"Code" means the provisions of an Act passed by the Parliament of the Commonwealth pursuant to the Agreement as in force for the time being, being provisions applying, by reason of an Act passed by the Parliament of Western Australia pursuant to the Agreement, as laws of Western Australia;

"Ministerial Council" means the Ministerial Council for Companies and Securities established by the Agreement;

"Schedule" means Schedule to this Act;

"section" means a section of this Act;

"subsection" means a subsection of the section in which the term is used;

"the Commonwealth Act" means the Companies and Securities (Interpretation and Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1980 of the Commonwealth as amended and in force for the time being.

4. (1) For the purposes of this Act, each of the following Codes is a relevant Code:

(a) the Companies and Securities (Interpretation and Miscellaneous Provisions) (Western Australia) Code;

(b) the Companies (Acquisition of Shares) (Western Australia) Code; and
(c) any Code to which this Act applies by reason of a relevant application provision in an Act.

(2) For the purposes of subsection (1) a provision in an Act is a relevant application provision in relation to a Code if the provision states that this Act applies to the Code concerned.

5. For the purposes of this Act, a reference to a relevant Code includes a reference to the provisions of the National Companies and Securities Commission (State Provisions) Act 1980, other than sections, 1, 2, 3, 4, 20, 21 and 22.

6. This Act binds the Crown.

7. Except in relation to matters expressly provided for by this Act and subject to any express provision contained in a relevant Code, the laws in force in the Australian Capital Territory at the commencement of the Commonwealth Act that relate to the interpretation of Ordinances of the Australian Capital Territory—

(a) apply for the purposes of the interpretation of each relevant Code as if the relevant Code were an Ordinance of the Australian Capital Territory; and

(b) apply for the purposes of the interpretation of any instrument (including rules, regulations or by-laws) made, granted or issued under or, in the case of regulations, applying as regulations made under, a relevant Code as if the instrument were made, granted or issued under such an Ordinance.

8. The provisions of the Commonwealth Act (other than sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5) apply—

(a) as if amended as set out in Schedule 1; and

(b) subject to and in accordance with this Act, as laws of Western Australia.
9. (1) The Minister may from time to time authorize the publication by the Government Printer of the provisions of the Commonwealth Act (other than sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5), amended as set out in Schedule 1 and in operation, or to come into operation, in Western Australia.

(2) A document published under subsection (1)—

(a) shall include the headings and sections set out in Schedule 2;

(b) shall include a notification of the date, or dates, on which the several provisions set out in the document came, or come, into operation in Western Australia;

(c) shall include a statement of the date on which the Minister authorized the publication; and

(d) may be cited as the Companies and Securities (Interpretation and Miscellaneous Provisions) (Western Australia) Code.

10. (1) The Minister may from time to time authorize the publication by the Government Printer of a document setting out provisions that by reason of—

(a) the enactment of an Act of the Commonwealth amending the Commonwealth Act; and
(b) the operation of section 8 (including the
operation, if applicable, of Schedule 1),
apply, or will apply, as laws of Western Australia.

(2) A document published under subsection (1)
shall include a notification of the date, or dates, on
which the provisions set out in the document came,
or come, into operation in Western Australia.

(3) A document that has been or purports to have
been published in accordance with this section is
*prima facie* evidence of provisions referred to in
subsection (1) set out in the document.

11. (1) Unless the contrary intention appears,
in this or any other Act or in a regulation or other
instrument made under any other Act or in any
other document made by or under the authority of,
or for the purposes of, a law of Western Australia—

(a) a reference to the *Companies and Securities (Interpretation and Miscellaneous Provisions) (Western Australia) Code* is a reference to the provisions of the Commonwealth Act applying by reason of section 8; and

(b) a reference to a provision of that Code is
a reference to the corresponding provision
of the Commonwealth Act as so applying.

(2) In subsection (1), “provision” includes Part,
Division, section, subsection, paragraph, subpara-
graph, Schedule, form, regulation, subclause or
other division.

12. Where, under the Agreement, the Ministerial
Council—

(a) approves a proposed amendment of the
Commonwealth Act; and

(b) approves proposed regulations to be made
under this Act in connection with the
operation of the proposed amendment,
the Governor may make regulations amending Schedule 1, in accordance with that approval, and that Schedule as so amended shall be Schedule 1 to this Act.

13. For the purposes of the provisions of the Justices Act 1902, the Fines and Penalties Appropriation Act 1909, and sections 41 and 42 of the Interpretation Act 1918, a relevant Code shall be deemed to be an Act.

SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE 1.

The provisions of the Commonwealth Act apply as if—

1. Unless inconsistent with another provision of this Schedule—

(a) for the words “relevant Act” or “relevant Acts” in the Commonwealth Act (wherever occurring) there were substituted the words “relevant Code” or “relevant Codes” respectively;

(b) for the words “the Territory” in the Commonwealth Act (wherever occurring) there were substituted the words “Western Australia”; and

(c) for the words “law of a State or of another Territory” in the Commonwealth Act (wherever occurring) there were substituted the words “law of a State other than Western Australia or of a Territory”.

2. In section 8 of the Commonwealth Act—

(a) for paragraph (c) there were substituted the following paragraph:

" (c) an Act—

(i) of the Parliament of the Commonwealth may be cited by a reference to the Commonwealth; and

(ii) of another State or of a Territory may be cited by a reference to the State or Territory by the Parliament or legislature of which the Act was passed—

together with such mode of reference as is sufficient in Acts passed by that Parliament or legislature;";

(b) in paragraphs (d) and (f) for the words "an Ordinance" there were substituted the words "an Ordinance of a Territory"; and

(c) in paragraph (e) for the words "State Act" there were substituted the words "Act of another State or of a Territory".

3. In section 9 of the Commonwealth Act—

(a) in the definition of "Agreement", for the passage "Act 1979" there were substituted the passage "(State Provisions) Act 1980";

(b) the definition of "another Territory" were repealed;

(c) after the definition of "calendar year" there were inserted the following definition:

"Code" means the provisions of an Act passed by the Parliament of the Commonwealth pursuant to the Agreement as in force for the time being, being provisions applying, by reason of an Act passed by the Parliament of Western Australia pursuant to the Agreement, as laws of Western Australia; ";

(d) in the definition of "commencement" the words "or Ordinance" (where three times occurring) were repealed;

(e) for the definition of "committed for trial" there were substituted the following definition:

"committed for trial", in relation to a person, means committed to prison to await his trial or granted bail to appear at his trial; ";

(f) in the definition of "Consolidated Revenue Fund", for the words "the Commonwealth" there were substituted the words "Western Australia";

(g) in paragraph (b) of the definition of "constituent documents" for the passage "(other than the Companies Ordinance 1962 or the corresponding law of a State or of another Territory or of another country)" there were substituted the passage "(other than the Companies Act 1961 or the corresponding law of another State or of a Territory or of another country)";
(h) for the definitions of "Court" and "court of summary jurisdiction" there were substituted the following definitions:

' "Court" means the Supreme Court of Western Australia or a Judge of that Court;

court of summary jurisdiction' has the meaning set out in section 4 of the Interpretation Act 1918; ';

(i) for the definition of "Crown" there were substituted the following definition:

' "Crown" means the Crown in right of Western Australia; ';

(j) the definition of "Executive Council" were repealed;

(k) for the definition of "external Territory" there were substituted the following definition:

' "external Territory" means a Territory, not being an internal Territory, for the government of which as such a Territory provision is made by an Act of the Commonwealth; ';

(l) after the definition of "Gazette" there were inserted the following definition:

' "Government Gazette" means the Government Gazette of Western Australia; ';

(m) for the definition of "Jervis Bay Territory" there were substituted the following definition:

' "Jervis Bay Territory" means the Territory accepted by the Commonwealth pursuant to the Jervis Bay Territory Acceptance Act 1915 of the Commonwealth as amended and in force for the time being and described in the Agreement set out in the Schedule to that Act; ';

(n) the definition of "Judge" were repealed;

(o) for the definition of "law of the Territory" or "law of the Australian Capital Territory" there were substituted the following definition:

' "law of the Australian Capital Territory" includes a law of New South Wales as applying in that Territory; ';

(p) for the definition of "magistrate" there were substituted the following definition:
Companies and Securities [No. 32. (Interpretation and Miscellaneous Provisions) (Application of Laws).

"magistrate" means a magistrate within the meaning of section 4 of the Justices Act 1902;

(q) for the definition of "Minister" there were substituted the following definition:

"Minister" means a Minister of State for Western Australia;

(r) in the definition of "Ordinance" before the word "Territory" there were inserted the words "Australian Capital";

(s) for the definition of "Parliament" there were substituted the following definition:

"Parliament" means the Parliament of Western Australia;

(t) for the definitions of "participating State" and "participating Territory" there were substituted the following definitions:

"participating State" means a State other than Western Australia that is a party to the Agreement;

"participating Territory" means—

(a) the Australian Capital Territory;
(b) if the Northern Territory is a party to the Agreement—that Territory; and
(c) any external Territory to which the Agreement applies pursuant to clause 50 of the Agreement;

(u) for the definition of "prescribed" there were substituted the following definition:

"prescribed" means prescribed by the relevant Code or by regulations applying under the relevant Code;

(v) for the definition of "Proclamation" there were substituted the following definition:

"Proclamation" means Proclamation made by the Governor and published in the Government Gazette;

(w) for the definition of "regulations" there were substituted the following definitions:

"regulations" means regulations applying under the relevant Code;
"relevant Code" means a Code that is a relevant Code within the meaning of the Companies and Securities (Interpretation and Miscellaneous Provisions) (Application of Laws) Act 1981;

(x) the definition of "State Act" were repealed;

(y) for the definition of "the Minister" there were substituted the following definition:

"the Minister" means the Minister for the time being administering the Act by reason of which the provisions of the relevant Code apply as laws of Western Australia or, if, for the time being, different Ministers are administering that Act in different respects, each of those Ministers to the extent that he is administering that Act in the relevant respect;

(z) the definition of "the Territory" or "the Australian Capital Territory" were repealed; and

(za) for the definition of "this Act" there were substituted the following definition:

"this Code" includes regulations applying under the relevant Code.

4. In section 11 of the Commonwealth Act—

(a) for the words "law of a State or of another Territory" (where twice occurring) there were substituted the words "law of a State other than Western Australia or of a Territory";

(b) for the words "another Act" there were substituted the words "another law"; and

(c) for the words "other Act" there were substituted the words "other law".

5. For section 12 of the Commonwealth Act there were substituted the following section:

"12. Where in any relevant Code—

(a) a Minister is referred to, the reference shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be deemed to include a reference to any Minister for the time being acting for or on behalf of the Minister so referred to; and
Companies and Securities [No. 32. (Interpretation and Miscellaneous Provisions) (Application of Laws).

(b) a Commonwealth Minister is referred to, the reference shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be deemed to include a reference to any Commonwealth Minister or member of the Federal Executive Council for the time being acting for or on behalf of the Commonwealth Minister so referred to.

6. In section 14 of the Commonwealth Act for the words “office of the Corporate Affairs Commission for the Territory” (where three times occurring) there were substituted the words “office of the Commissioner for Corporate Affairs for Western Australia”.

7. For section 17 of the Commonwealth Act there were substituted the following section:

"17. In any relevant Code, unless the contrary intention appears, a reference to the Crown shall be construed as a reference to the Sovereign for the time being."

8. For section 19 of the Commonwealth Act there were substituted the following section:

"19. In any relevant Code, unless the contrary intention appears—

(a) a reference to an officer or office shall be construed as a reference to such an officer or office in and for Western Australia; and

(b) a reference to a locality, jurisdiction or other matter or thing shall be construed as a reference to such locality, jurisdiction or other matter or thing in and of Western Australia."

9. In subsection (1) of section 24 of the Commonwealth Act after the words “any Act” (where twice occurring) there were inserted the words “or Code”.

10. For sections 28, 29, 30, 31 and 32 of the Commonwealth Act there were substituted the following sections—

"28. (1) The repeal of the provisions of a relevant Commonwealth Act by which the provisions of a previous relevant Commonwealth Act were repealed does not have the effect of reviving the provisions of the previous relevant Commonwealth Act without express words."
(2) In this section and in sections 29, 30, 31 and 32 a reference to provisions, or a provision, of a relevant Commonwealth Act is a reference to provisions, or a provision, of—

(a) the Companies and Securities (Interpretation and Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1980 of the Commonwealth;

(b) the Companies (Acquisition of Shares) Act 1980 of the Commonwealth; or

(c) any other Act of the Commonwealth, which, by reason of—

(d) the Companies and Securities (Interpretation and Miscellaneous Provisions) (Application of Laws) Act 1981;

(e) the Companies (Acquisition of Shares) (Application of Laws) Act 1981; or

(f) an Act containing a relevant application provision,

apply as, or applies as, a law of Western Australia or, in the case of a repealed provision, has applied as a law of Western Australia.

(3) For the purposes of subsection (2), a provision in an Act is a relevant application provision if the provision contains a statement to the effect that the provisions of an Act of the Commonwealth apply (whether with or without qualification) as laws of Western Australia.

29. Where a provision of a relevant Commonwealth Act repeals a provision of a former relevant Commonwealth Act, then, unless the contrary intention appears, the repeal does not—

(a) revive anything not in force or existing at the time when the repeal takes effect;

(b) affect the previous operation of the provision of the relevant Commonwealth Act so repealed, or anything duly done or suffered under the provision of the relevant Commonwealth Act so repealed;

(c) affect a right, privilege, obligation or liability acquired, accrued or incurred under the provision of the relevant Commonwealth Act so repealed, or an investigation, legal proceeding or remedy in respect of that right, privilege, obligation or liability; or
Companies and Securities [No. 32. (Interpretation and Miscellaneous Provisions) (Application of Laws).

(d) affect a penalty, forfeiture or punishment incurred in respect of an offence committed against the provision of the relevant Commonwealth Act so repealed, or an investigation, legal proceeding or remedy in respect of that penalty, forfeiture or punishment, and the investigation, legal proceeding or remedy may be instituted, continued or enforced, and a penalty, forfeiture or punishment may be imposed, as if the repealing provision of the relevant Commonwealth Act had not been enacted.

30. Where a provision of a relevant Commonwealth Act repeals a provision of a former relevant Commonwealth Act and substitutes a provision in lieu of the repealed provision, the repealed provision remains in force until the substituted provision comes into operation.

31. A provision of a relevant Commonwealth Act amending a provision of another relevant Commonwealth Act shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed with the provisions of the relevant Commonwealth Act being amended and as a part of them.

32. The expiration of a provision of a relevant Commonwealth Act does not affect any civil proceedings previously commenced under the relevant Commonwealth Act and the civil proceedings may be continued, and everything in relation to the civil proceedings may be done, in all respects as if the provision of the relevant Commonwealth Act continued in force."

11. In section 33 of the Commonwealth Act—

(a) the subsection designation "(1)" were repealed;

(b) for the words "another Act" (where twice occurring) there were substituted the words "an Act";

(c) for the words "that other Act" (where twice occurring) there were substituted the words "that Act"; and

(d) subsection (2) were repealed.

12. For paragraph (b) of section 37 of the Commonwealth Act there were substituted the following paragraph:

" (b) under another law of Western Australia or a law of another State or of a Territory; " .
13. For subsection (3) of section 38 of the Commonwealth Act there were substituted the following subsection:

" (3) Nothing in this section shall be taken to affect the application in relation to any relevant Code of the provisions (other than section 7 and sections 553 to 556 inclusive) of The Criminal Code. " .

14. In the heading of Part IV of the Commonwealth Act for the word "ACT" there were substituted the passage "(STATE PROVISIONS) ACT".

15. In section 39 of the Commonwealth Act for the expression "Act 1979" (wherever occurring) there were substituted the expression "(State Provisions) Act 1980".

16. In subsection (1) of section 40 of the Commonwealth Act for the words "This Act" there were substituted the words "This Code".

SCHEDULE 2. Section 9.

The following headings and sections shall be included in the publication of the provisions of the Commonwealth Act under section 9:

" COMPANIES AND SECURITIES (INTERPRETATION AND MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS) (WESTERN AUSTRALIA) CODE

RELATING TO THE INTERPRETATION OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS RELATING TO CORPORATIONS AND THE SECURITIES INDUSTRY, AND FOR CERTAIN OTHER MATTERS.

Part I.—PRELIMINARY

1. This Code may be cited as the Companies and Securities (Interpretation and Miscellaneous Provisions) (Western Australia) Code.

2. This Code comes into operation on the day on which the Companies and Securities (Interpretation and Miscellaneous Provisions) (Application of Laws) Act 1981 comes into operation.

3. For the purposes of this Code, each of the following Codes is a relevant Code:

(a) this Code;

(b) the Companies (Acquisition of Shares) (Western Australia) Code; and
(c) any Code to which the *Companies and Securities (Interpretation and Miscellaneous Provisions) (Application of Laws)* Act 1981 applies by reason of a relevant application provision in an Act.

4. For the purposes of paragraph 3 (c), a provision in an Act is a relevant application provision in relation to a Code if the provision states that the *Companies and Securities (Interpretation and Miscellaneous Provisions) (Application of Laws)* Act 1981 applies to the Code concerned.

5. For the purposes of this Code, a reference to a relevant Code includes a reference to the provisions of the *National Companies and Securities Commission (State Provisions) Act* 1980 other than sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 20, 21 and 22. “ ”.
COMPANIES AND SECURITIES
(INTERPRETATION AND
MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS)
(WESTERN AUSTRALIA) CODE

RELATING TO THE INTERPRETATION OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS
RELATING TO CORPORATIONS AND THE SECURITIES INDUSTRY,
AND FOR CERTAIN OTHER MATTERS

PART I—PRELIMINARY

1. This Code may be cited as the Companies and Securities (Interpretation and Miscellaneous Provisions) (Western Australia) Code.

2. This Code comes into operation on the day on which the Companies and Securities (Interpretation and Miscellaneous Provisions) (Application of Laws) Act 1981 comes into operation.

3. For the purposes of this Code, each of the following Codes is a relevant Code:

   (a) this Code;
   (b) the Companies (Acquisition of Shares) (Western Australia) Code; and
   (c) any Code to which the Companies and Securities (Interpretation and Miscellaneous Provisions) (Application of Laws) Act 1981 applies by reason of a relevant application provision in an Act.

4. For the purposes of paragraph 3 (c), a provision in an Act is a relevant application provision in relation to a Code if the provision states that the Companies and Securities (Interpretation and Miscellaneous Provisions) (Application of Laws) Act 1981 applies to the Code concerned.

The publication of this document was authorized by the Attorney-General in accordance with section 9 of the Companies and Securities (Interpretation and Miscellaneous Provisions) (Application of Laws) Act 1981 on 23 June 1981.

The several provisions set out in this document come into operation in Western Australia on the day on which the Companies and Securities (Interpretation and Miscellaneous Provisions) (Application of Laws) Act 1981 comes into operation.
5. For the purposes of this Code, a reference to a relevant Code includes a reference to the provisions of the *National Companies and Securities Commission (State Provisions) Act* 1980 other than sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 20, 21 and 22.

**PART II—INTERPRETATION**

**Division 1—General**

6. Every section of a relevant Code has effect as a substantive enactment without introductory words.

7. (1) The headings of the Parts, Divisions and Subdivisions into which a relevant Code is divided form part of the relevant Code.

   (2) A schedule to a relevant Code forms part of the relevant Code.

   (3) No marginal note or footnote to a relevant Code, and no heading to a section of a relevant Code, shall be taken to be part of the relevant Code.

8. In any relevant Code—

   (a) an Act may be cited by its short title or by reference to the calendar year in which it was passed and its number;

   (b) an Imperial Act may be cited by its short title (if any) or in such other manner as is sufficient in an Imperial Act;

   (c) an Act—

      (i) of the Parliament of the Commonwealth may be cited by a reference to the Commonwealth; and

      (ii) of another State or of a Territory may be cited by a reference to the State or Territory by the Parliament or legislature of which the Act was passed, together with such mode of reference as is sufficient in Acts passed by that Parliament or legislature;

   (d) an Ordinance of a Territory may be cited by its short title or by reference to the calendar year in which it was made and its number;

   (e) an enactment may be cited by reference to the part, section, sub-section or other division of the Act, Imperial Act or Act of another State or of a Territory in which the enactment is contained; and

   (f) a provision of an Ordinance of a Territory may be cited by reference to the part, section, sub-section or other division of the Ordinance in which the provision is contained.
Division 2—Words and References

9. In any relevant Code, unless the contrary intention appears—

“Act” means an Act passed by the Parliament;

“Agreement” means the Agreement made on 22 December 1978 between the Commonwealth and the States a copy of which is set out in the Schedule to the National Companies and Securities Commission (State Provisions) Act 1980 or, if that Agreement is or has been amended or affected by another agreement, that Agreement as so amended or affected;

“Australia” or “the Commonwealth” means the Commonwealth of Australia and, when used in a geographical sense, does not include an external Territory;

“calendar year” means a period of 12 months commencing on 1 January;

“Code” means the provisions of an Act passed by the Parliament of the Commonwealth pursuant to the Agreement as in force for the time being, being provisions applying, by reason of an Act passed by the Parliament of Western Australia pursuant to the Agreement, as laws of Western Australia;

“commencement”, in relation to an Act or a provision of an Act, means the time when the Act, or the provision, as the case may be, comes into operation;

“Commission” means the National Companies and Securities Commission;

“committed for trial”, in relation to a person, means committed to prison to await his trial or granted bail to appear at his trial;

“Consolidated Revenue Fund” means the Consolidated Revenue Fund of Western Australia;

“constituent documents”, in relation to a body, whether corporate or unincorporate, means—

(a) the charter, memorandum or memorandum and articles of the body; and

(b) any other instrument or law (other than the Companies Act 1961 or the corresponding law of another State or of a Territory or of another country) constituting, or defining the constitution of, the body or governing activities or conduct of the body or of its members;
“Constitution” means the Constitution of the Commonwealth;

“Court” means the Supreme Court of Western Australia or a Judge of that Court;

“court of summary jurisdiction” has the meaning set out in section 4 of the Interpretation Act 1918;

“Crown” means the Crown in right of Western Australia;

“external Territory” means a Territory, not being an internal Territory, for the government of which as such a Territory provision is made by an Act of the Commonwealth;

“financial year”, in relation to matters relating to the Consolidated Revenue Fund or moneys provided by the Parliament or to public taxes or finance, means the 12 months ending on 30 June;

“Gazette” means the Commonwealth of Australia Gazette;

“Government Gazette” means the Government Gazette of Western Australia;

“High Court” means the High Court of Australia;

“Imperial Act” means an Act passed by the Parliament of the United Kingdom;

“indictment” includes information;

“internal Territory” means the Australian Capital Territory, the Jervis Bay Territory or the Northern Territory;

“Jervis Bay Territory” means the Territory accepted by the Commonwealth pursuant to the Jervis Bay Territory Acceptance Act 1915 of the Commonwealth as amended and in force for the time being and described in the Agreement set out in the Schedule to that Act;

“land” includes messuages, tenements and hereditaments, corporeal or incorporeal, of any tenure or description, whatever may be the estate or interest therein;

“law of the Australian Capital Territory” includes a law of New South Wales as applying in that Territory;

“magistrate” means a magistrate within the meaning of section 4 of the Justices Act 1902;

“Ministerial Council” means the Ministerial Council for Companies and Securities established by the Agreement;

“Minister” means a Minister of State for Western Australia;
"month" means calendar month;

"Northern Territory" means the Northern Territory of Australia;

"Ordinance" means an Ordinance of the Australian Capital Territory;

"Parliament" means the Parliament of Western Australia;

"participating State" means a State other than Western Australia that is a party to the Agreement;

"participating Territory" means—

(a) the Australian Capital Territory;

(b) if the Northern Territory is a party to the Agreement—that Territory; and

(c) any external Territory to which the Agreement applies pursuant to clause 50 of the Agreement;

"person" and "party" include a body politic or corporate as well as a natural person;

"prescribed" means prescribed by the relevant Code or by regulations applying under the relevant Code;

"Proclamation" means Proclamation made by the Governor and published in the Government Gazette;

"property" means any legal or equitable estate or interest (whether present or future and whether vested or contingent) in real or personal property of any description and includes things in action;

"regulations" means regulations applying under the relevant Code;

"relevant Code" means a Code that is a relevant Code within the meaning of the Companies and Securities (Interpretation and Miscellaneous Provisions) (Application of Laws) Act 1981;

"State" means a State of the Commonwealth;

"Territory" means a Territory referred to in section 122 of the Constitution;

"United Kingdom" means the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland;
"the Minister" means the Minister for the time being administering the Act by reason of which the provisions of the relevant Code apply as laws of Western Australia or, if, for the time being, different Ministers are administering that Act in different respects, each of those Ministers to the extent that he is administering that Act in the relevant respect;

"this Code" includes regulations applying under the relevant Code.

10. In any relevant Code, unless the contrary intention appears, where a word or phrase is given a particular meaning, other parts of speech and grammatical forms of that word or phrase have corresponding meanings.

11. In any relevant Code, unless the contrary intention appears—

(a) a reference to the corresponding law of a State other than Western Australia or of a Territory shall, in the case of a participating State or participating Territory, be construed as a reference to the provisions of that relevant Code as they apply, with any additions, exceptions or modifications, as part of the law of that State or Territory by virtue of a law of that State or Territory enacted or made in accordance with the Agreement; and

(b) a reference to a provision of a law of a State other than Western Australia or of a Territory that corresponds with a particular provision of that relevant Code or of another law shall, in the case of a participating State or participating Territory, be construed as a reference to that provision of that relevant Code or of that other law, as the case may be, as it applies, with any additions, exceptions or modifications, as part of the law of that State or Territory by virtue of a law of that State or Territory enacted or made in accordance with the Agreement.

12. Where in any relevant Code—

(a) a Minister is referred to, the reference shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be deemed to include a reference to any Minister for the time being acting for or on behalf of the Minister so referred to; and

(b) a Commonwealth Minister is referred to, the reference shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be deemed to include a reference to any Commonwealth Minister or member of the Federal Executive Council for the time being acting for or on behalf of the Commonwealth Minister so referred to.
13. In any relevant Code, unless the contrary intention appears—

(a) a reference to writing shall be construed as including a reference to any mode of representing or reproducing words, figures or symbols in a visible form;

(b) "printed" includes type-written, lithographed or reproduced by any mechanical means; and

(c) "document" includes—

(i) any paper or other material on which there is writing or printing, or on which there are marks, symbols or perforations having a meaning for persons qualified to interpret them; and

(ii) a disc, tape or other article from which sounds, images or messages are capable of being reproduced,

and without limiting the generality of the foregoing, includes any summons, order and other legal process and any notice.

14. (1) A document that is required by a relevant Code to be lodged with the Commission shall be lodged at the office of the Commissioner for Corporate Affairs for Western Australia and any such document that is lodged, or submitted for lodgment, at that office shall be deemed to be lodged, or submitted for lodgment, as the case may be, with the Commission.

(2) Any application to the Commission for the issuing of a document or the doing of any other act or thing by the Commission under a relevant Code shall be in writing and shall be delivered to the office of the Commissioner for Corporate Affairs for Western Australia and any such application that is delivered to that office shall be deemed to have been made to the Commission.

(3) A reference in a relevant Code to the office of the Commission shall be construed as a reference to the office of the Commissioner for Corporate Affairs for Western Australia.

15. Where a relevant Code authorizes or requires a document to be served by post, whether the expression "serve" or the expression "give" or "send" or any other expression is used, then, unless the contrary intention appears, the service shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing and posting (under pre-paid post) the document as a letter to the last-known address of the person to be served, and unless the contrary is proved, to have been effected at the time when the letter would have been delivered in the ordinary course of post.
16. In any relevant Code, unless the contrary intention appears—

(a) words importing the masculine gender include females, and words importing the feminine gender include males; and

(b) words in the singular include the plural, and words in the plural include the singular.

17. In any relevant Code, unless the contrary intention appears, a reference to the Crown shall be construed as a reference to the Sovereign for the time being.

18. (1) Every provision of a relevant Code relating to offences punishable on indictment or summary conviction shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be deemed to refer to bodies corporate as well as to natural persons.

(2) Where under a relevant Code a forfeiture or penalty is payable to a party aggrieved, it is payable to a body corporate where the body corporate is the party aggrieved.

19. In any relevant Code, unless the contrary intention appears—

(a) a reference to an officer or office shall be construed as a reference to such an officer or office in and for Western Australia; and

(b) a reference to a locality, jurisdiction or other matter or thing shall be construed as a reference to such locality, jurisdiction or other matter or thing in and of Western Australia.

20. Where in a relevant Code a person holding or occupying a particular office or position is referred to in general terms, the reference shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be deemed to include a reference to all persons who at any time occupy that office or position for the time being.

Division 3—Powers and Duties

21. (1) Where a relevant Code confers a power or imposes a duty, then, unless the contrary intention appears, the power may be exercised and the duty shall be performed from time to time as occasion requires.

(2) Where a relevant Code confers a power or imposes a duty on the holder of an office as such, then, unless the contrary intention appears, the power may be exercised and the duty shall be performed by the holder for the time being of the office.
22. Where a relevant Code confers on a person or authority the power to make, grant or issue any instrument (including rules, regulations or by-laws), the power shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including a power, exercisable in the like manner and subject to the like conditions (if any), to repeal, rescind, revoke, amend or vary such an instrument.

23. (1) Subject to sub-section (2), where a relevant Code confers upon a person or authority a power to make appointments to an office or position, the power shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including a power to remove or suspend a person appointed, and to appoint another person temporarily in the place of a person so removed or suspended or in place of a sick or absent holder of the office or position.

(2) Where the power of a person or authority to make appointments is exercisable only upon the recommendation, or subject to the approval or consent, of some other person or authority, the power of removal or suspension is, unless the contrary intention appears, exercisable only upon the recommendation, or subject to the approval or consent, of that other person or authority.

24. (1) Where, under any relevant Code, the exercise of a power or duty or the performance of a function by a person is dependent upon the opinion, belief or state of mind of that person in relation to a matter—

(a) if that power, duty or function has been delegated pursuant to any Act or Code—that power or duty may be exercised or that function may be performed by the delegate upon the opinion, belief or state of mind of the delegate in relation to that matter; and

(b) if a person to whom that power, duty or function has been so delegated has, pursuant to any Act or Code, authorized another person to exercise that power or duty or to perform that function—that power or duty may be exercised or that function may be performed by the authorized person upon the opinion, belief or state of mind of the authorized person in relation to that matter.

(2) For the purpose of the exercise of a power or duty or the performance of a function under a relevant Code by—

(a) a person to whom that power, duty or function has been delegated by the Commission; or

(b) a person authorized by a delegate of the Commission to exercise that power or duty or to perform that function, any reference to the Commission in a provision of that relevant Code
relating to the exercise of that power or duty or the performance of that function shall be construed as including a reference to the delegate or the person authorized by the delegate, as the case may be.

Division 4—Distance and Time

25. In the measurement of any distance for the purposes of any relevant Code, that distance shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be measured in a straight line on a horizontal plane.

26. (1) Where, in a relevant Code, a period of time, dating from a given day, act or event, is prescribed or allowed for any purpose, the time shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be reckoned exclusive of that day or of the day of that act or event.

(2) Where the last day of a period prescribed or allowed by a relevant Code for the doing of anything falls on a Saturday, on a Sunday or on a day that is a public holiday or a bank holiday in the place in which the thing is to be or may be done, the thing may be done on the first day following that is not a Saturday, a Sunday or a public holiday or bank holiday in that place.

27. Where, in a relevant Code, a reference to time occurs, the reference shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be deemed in relation to the doing of an act or thing in a State or Territory to be a reference to the legal time in that State or Territory.

Division 5—Effect of Repeal, Amendment or Expiration

28. (1) The repeal of the provisions of a relevant Commonwealth Act by which the provisions of a previous relevant Commonwealth Act were repealed does not have the effect of reviving the provisions of the previous relevant Commonwealth Act without express words.

(2) In this section and in sections 29, 30, 31 and 32 a reference to provisions, or a provision, of a relevant Commonwealth Act is a reference to provisions, or a provision, of—

(a) the *Companies and Securities (Interpretation and Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1980* of the Commonwealth;

(b) the *Companies (Acquisition of Shares) Act 1980* of the Commonwealth; or

(c) any other Act of the Commonwealth,

which, by reason of—

(d) the *Companies and Securities (Interpretation and Miscellaneous Provisions) (Application of Laws) Act 1981*;
(e) the Companies (Acquisition of Shares) (Application of Laws) Act 1981; or

(f) an Act containing a relevant application provision,

apply as, or applies as, a law of Western Australia or, in the case of a repealed provision, has applied as a law of Western Australia.

(3) For the purposes of sub-section (2), a provision in an Act is a relevant application provision if the provision contains a statement to the effect that the provisions of an Act of the Commonwealth apply (whether with or without qualification) as laws of Western Australia.

29. Where a provision of a relevant Commonwealth Act repeals a provision of a former relevant Commonwealth Act, then, unless the contrary intention appears, the repeal does not—

(a) revive anything not in force or existing at the time when the repeal takes effect;

(b) affect the previous operation of the provision of the relevant Commonwealth Act so repealed, or anything duly done or suffered under the provision of the relevant Commonwealth Act so repealed;

(c) affect a right, privilege, obligation or liability acquired, accrued or incurred under the provision of the relevant Commonwealth Act so repealed, or an investigation, legal proceeding or remedy in respect of that right, privilege, obligation or liability; or

(d) affect a penalty, forfeiture or punishment incurred in respect of an offence committed against the provision of the relevant Commonwealth Act so repealed, or an investigation, legal proceeding or remedy in respect of that penalty, forfeiture or punishment,

and the investigation, legal proceeding or remedy may be instituted, continued or enforced, and a penalty, forfeiture or punishment may be imposed, as if the repealing provision of the relevant Commonwealth Act had not been enacted.

30. Where a provision of a relevant Commonwealth Act repeals a provision of a former relevant Commonwealth Act and substitutes a provision in lieu of the repealed provision, the repealed provision remains in force until the substituted provision comes into operation.
31. A provision of a relevant Commonwealth Act amending a provision of another relevant Commonwealth Act shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed with the provisions of the relevant Commonwealth Act being amended and as part of them.

32. The expiration of a provision of a relevant Commonwealth Act does not affect any civil proceedings previously commenced under the relevant Commonwealth Act and the civil proceedings may be continued, and everything in relation to the civil proceedings may be done, in all respects as if the provision of the relevant Commonwealth Act continued in force.

33. Where a relevant Code contains a reference to a short title that is or was provided by law for the citation of an Act as originally enacted, or of an Act as amended, then, except so far as the contrary intention appears—

(a) the reference shall be construed as a reference to that Act as originally enacted and as amended from time to time; and

(b) where that Act has been repealed and re-enacted, with or without modifications, the reference shall be construed as including a reference to the re-enacted Act as originally enacted and as amended from time to time and, where, in connection with that reference, particular provisions of the repealed Act are referred to, being provisions to which provisions of the re-enacted Act correspond, the reference to those particular provisions shall be construed as including a reference to those corresponding provisions.

**PART III—OFFENCES AND PENALTIES**

34. Notwithstanding anything in any other law, proceedings for an offence against a relevant Code may be instituted within the period of 5 years after the act or omission alleged to constitute the offence or, with the consent of the Ministerial Council, at any later time.

35. (1) An offence against a relevant Code that is not punishable by imprisonment or is punishable by imprisonment for a period not exceeding 6 months is, unless the contrary intention appears, punishable summarily.

(2) An offence against a relevant Code that is punishable by imprisonment for a period exceeding 6 months is, subject to subsection (3), punishable on indictment.
(3) Where—

(a) proceedings for an offence against a relevant Code that is punishable by imprisonment for a period exceeding 6 months are brought in a court of summary jurisdiction; and

(b) the prosecutor requests the court to hear and determine the proceedings,

the offence is punishable summarily and the court shall hear and determine the proceedings.

(4) A court of summary jurisdiction may not—

(a) impose, in respect of any one offence against a relevant Code, a period of imprisonment exceeding 2 years; or

(b) impose, in respect of offences against a relevant Code or relevant Codes, cumulative periods of imprisonment that, in the aggregate, exceed 5 years.

(5) Nothing in this section renders a person liable to be punished more than once in respect of the same offence.

36. (1) Except where provision is otherwise made in the relevant Code concerned, in any proceedings for an offence against a provision of a relevant Code, any information, charge, complaint or application may be laid or made only—

(a) by the Commission;

(b) by a person to whom the Commission has delegated the power to institute the proceedings;

(c) by a person authorized by a person referred to in paragraph (b) to institute the proceedings; or

(d) by another person authorized in writing by the Ministerial Council to institute the proceedings.

(2) A delegation for the purposes of paragraph (1) (b) or an authorization for the purposes of paragraph (1) (c) or (d) may relate to all offences against relevant Codes, to all offences against a particular relevant Code or particular relevant Codes, to a particular offence or particular offences against a relevant Code, to any offences against, or constituted by any contravention of, or failure to comply with, a particular provision or particular provisions of a relevant Code or to a class of offences against a relevant Code.

37. Where an act or omission constitutes an offence—

(a) under a relevant Code; and

(b) under another law of Western Australia or a law of another State or of a Territory,
and the offender has been punished in respect of the offence under a law referred to in paragraph (b), he is not liable to be punished in respect of the offence under the relevant Code.

38. (1) A person who aids, abets, counsels or procures, or by act or omission is in any way directly or indirectly knowingly concerned in or party to, the commission of an offence against any relevant Code shall be deemed to have committed that offence and is punishable accordingly.

(2) A person who attempts to commit an offence against any relevant Code is guilty of an offence and is punishable as if the attempted offence had been committed.

(3) Nothing in this section shall be taken to affect the application in relation to any relevant Code of the provisions (other than section 7 and sections 553 to 556 inclusive) of The Criminal Code.

PART IV—OFFENCES UNDER NATIONAL COMPANIES AND SECURITIES COMMISSION (STATE PROVISIONS) ACT

39. (1) Subject to sub-section (2), the penalty, pecuniary or other, set out—
(a) at the foot of a section of the National Companies and Securities Commission (State Provisions) Act 1980; or
(b) at the foot of a sub-section of a section of the National Companies and Securities Commission (State Provisions) Act 1980, but not at the foot of the section,
indicates that a contravention of the section or the sub-section, respectively, whether by act or omission, is an offence against that Act, punishable upon conviction by a penalty not exceeding the penalty so set out.

(2) Where a penalty set out at the foot of a section, or sub-section of a section, of the National Companies and Securities Commission (State Provisions) Act 1980 is expressed to apply to a part only of the section or sub-section, it applies to that part only.

PART V—INSTRUMENTS UNDER RELEVANT CODES

40. (1) This Code applies to and in relation to an instrument (including regulations, rules and by-laws) made, granted or issued under a relevant Code as if the instrument were a relevant Code and as if each regulation, rule or by-law were a section of a relevant Code.

(2) Unless the contrary intention appears, expressions used in such an instrument have the same meanings as in the relevant Code under which the instrument was made, granted or issued.
PART VI—EVIDENCE OF CORRESPONDING LAWS

41. Where a provision of a law of a State other than Western Australia or of a Territory, being a law by reason of which provisions of a relevant Code or regulations in force for the time being under a relevant Code apply as laws of that State or Territory, provides that a document published in accordance with that provision is prima facie evidence of the provisions of that relevant Code or those regulations as so applying on a particular date, a document that is, or purports to be, a copy of a document so published is prima facie evidence of the provisions of that relevant Code or those regulations as so applying on that date.