

WESTERN AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

(PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.)

FRIDAY, AUGUST 16, 1844.

(NUMBER 418)

*Colonial Secretary's Office, Perth,
August 9, 1844.*

His Excellency the Governor directs it to be notified, that the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for the Colonies has intimated in a Despatch received by the Unicorn, that Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to confirm and allow the following Acts of Council:—

- No. 2.—An Act for the Licensing of Boats and Boatmen. 13th July, 1843.
- No. 3.—An Act to make further provision for the regulating of Public Houses. 13th July, 1843.
- No. 4.—An Act for rendering a release as effectual for the conveyance of freehold estates as a lease and release by the same parties. 13th July, 1843.
- No. 5.—An Act to amend an act intituled "an Act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors not in custody." August 3, 1843.
- No. 7.—An Act to continue for a limited period an act intituled "an Act to allow the Aboriginal Natives of Western Australia to give information and evidence without the sanction of an oath." August 3, 1843.
- No. 9.—An Act for the quieting of titles to lands in this Colony by declaring valid certain instruments and transactions respecting the same. August 17, 1843.
- No. 10.—An Act to amend an act intituled "an Act to provide for the registration of Deeds, Wills, Judgments, and Conveyances affecting real property." August 17, 1843.

Nos. 1, 5, and 6, are still under the consideration of Her Majesty's Government.
*By His Excellency's command,
PETER BROWN.*

*Colonial Secretary's Office, Perth,
August 11, 1844.*

A Despatch having been received from the Secretary of State for the Colonies approving of the Land Regulations published in the Gazette of the 30th June, 1843, with the exception of the 17th rule, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to direct the publication of the following Rule, which has been substituted in the place of the one disallowed:—

That should two or more parties holding deposit receipts, land orders, or remission orders, claim the same lot of land on the same day, under the 6th and 10th regulations, and the priority of their respective claims not admit of settlement in any other way, the lot shall be advertised and put up to auction again at the next ensuing sale.

*By His Excellency's command,
PETER BROWN.*

P r o c l a m a t i o n .

*By His Excellency JOHN HUTT,
Esq., Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Territory of Western Australia and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same.*

In pursuance of the authority in me vested by a certain Act of the Imperial Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland, passed in the fifth and sixth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act for regulating the Sale of Waste Lands belonging to the Crown in the Australian Colonies," I do hereby notify and proclaim that the following portion of land in the District of the Avon be offered for sale by public auction at the office of the Sub-Collector of Revenue at York, on Wednesday, the 21st day of August next, at the upset price

affixed thereto, on the terms and conditions set forth in certain Land Regulations dated the 14th June, 1843:—

Country Grant.

Avon location No. 50—comprising 640 acres or thereabouts and extending 65 chains E.N.E. and 99 chains 86 links S.S.E. from north corner of James Lloyd's 690 acres near Northam.

Avon location No. 51—comprising 239 acres or thereabouts and extending 65 chains E.N.E., and 47 chains 61 links S.S.E. from south corner of location No. 50.

Upset price 20s. per acre.
Given under my hand and seal at Perth, this twenty-fourth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and forty-four.

JOHN HUTT,
Governor and Com-in-Chief.
*By His Excellency's command,
PETER BROWN,
Colonial Secretary.*
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN !!

*Colonial Secretary's Office, Perth,
August 8, 1844.*

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to direct it to be notified, that the provisional appointment of Mr. T. N. Yule to the office of Protector of Natives during the absence on leave of Mr. Bland, has been approved by the Right Honorable the Secretary of State.

*By His Excellency's command,
PETER BROWN.*

*Colonial Secretary's Office, Perth,
July 23, 1844.*

His Excellency the Governor directs it to be notified for the information of persons having merchandise to send to the Isle of France, or who may be desirous of importing any goods therefrom, that Her Majesty's Colonial schooner *Champion* will proceed to that Island as soon after her return from King George's Sound as she can be got ready for sea.

*By His Excellency's command,
PETER BROWN.*

WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

ANNO OCTAVO.

V I C T O R I Æ R E G I N Æ .

By His Excellency JOHN HUTT, Esq., Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Territory of Western Australia, and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof.

No. IV.

An Act to authorize the Keepers of Boarding Houses to sell Spirituous and Fermented Liquors by Retail under special regulations.

Whereas it is expedient to authorize and empower the keepers of boarding houses to sell spirituous and fermented liquors for consumption therein by only the boarders and lodgers therein, and for general consumption elsewhere without being obliged to keep a common tap-room, or to provide any accommodation for the public except what may be required by such boarders, or lodgers in the house—Be it therefore enacted by His Excellency the Governor of Western Australia, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, that from and after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful for the Justices assembled at their General Annual Licensing Meeting to grant to such persons as

shall be approved by the majority of such Justices after taking the required certificates and recognizances, Licences in the form numbered I in the schedule herewith annexed, and to adjourn the consideration of any applications there submitted to them to such day or days and to such place or places within the District for which such meeting shall be holden as they may deem meet and convenient for enabling persons resident within such District to apply for licences.

II. And be it enacted, that no Licence to be obtained under this Act shall authorise the consumption of any spirituous or fermented liquors in the house, or upon the premises where the same shall be sold except by the boarders and lodgers of the said house, and that for the purposes of this Act any person taking any meal in the house shall be considered to be a boarder or lodger, and that the extent of accommodation for the public in any house licensed under this act, and the admission thereto if any guests, whether travellers or others shall be in the discretion of the person licensed to keep the same.

III. And be it enacted, that no Justice of the Peace, being a brewer, Malster, or Distiller, or an importer of or dealer in Wine or any Malt or Spirituous Liquors, or being the owner or part owner of, or Trustee, Manager, or Agent for any owner or part owner of any house about to be licensed or re-licensed, or being directly or indirectly interested in any such house, shall sit or act in any meeting of Justices during the consideration of any application for a Licence, or of any thing relating thereto.

IV. And be it enacted, that when at any such annual Licensing Meeting as aforesaid, or at any such special session as is hereinafter mentioned, any question shall arise touching the granting, withholding, or transferring any Licence, or the fitness of the person applying for such Licence, or of the house intended to be kept by such person, such question shall be determined by the Majority of Justices not disqualified who shall be present when such question shall arise.

V. And be it enacted, that the Justices acting at any such Licensing Meeting or Special Session shall receive all applications for Licences with the certificates in support thereof, which shall then be presented to them, but nevertheless it shall still be lawful for such Justices to grant Licences to such persons only as upon the said certificates and upon other information before them shall appear likely to keep orderly houses.

VI. And be it enacted, that every person desirous of obtaining a Licence for keeping a boarding house under the provisions of this act, or of obtaining the renewal or transfer of a Licence before granted, shall before such annual Licensing Meeting as aforesaid, or such Special Session as is hereinafter mentioned, deliver to the clerk of the Magistrate for the district in which such house may be situated a notice in writing of his or her intention to apply for such Licence; and that in every such notice there shall be contained a full description of the house or premises proposed to be licensed, together with a statement of the applicant's trade or calling and situation in life, and whether married or unmarried, together with the names, residences and additions of his or her proposed sureties, and every such notice shall be accompanied by a certificate signed by two respectable householders within the district last aforesaid, purporting that the person delivering such notice and certificate is of good fame, and fit to keep a Boarding House as aforesaid, and which notice and

certificate shall be in the form numbered 2 in the said Schedule.

VII. And be it enacted, that every person applying for a Licence shall before the same be delivered to him enter into a recognizance in the form numbered 3 in the said Schedule in the sum of fifty pounds with two sureties in the sum of twenty pounds each, conditioned that the person licensed shall not fraudulently dilute or adulterate any liquors by him or her sold, or sell the same knowing them to have been fraudulently diluted or adulterated, and shall not use in the selling thereof any measures that are not of the legal standard, and shall not wilfully or knowingly permit drunkenness or other disorderly conduct in his or her house or premises, and shall not knowingly suffer any unlawful games or any gaming whatsoever therein, and shall not knowingly permit persons of notoriously bad character to meet together therein, and shall not keep open his or her house or permit any person to remain tipping or drinking therein after the hour of ten at night, always excepting refreshment to travellers and lodgers, and shall not allow any spirituous or fermented liquors to be drunk in or conveyed out of his or her premises during the usual hours of morning and afternoon Divine Service in the nearest Church or Chapel on Sunday Christmas Day, or Good Friday, and shall not refuse to admit any Magistrate or Constable to any part of his or her house or premises, by night or day, and shall maintain good order and rule therein.

VIII. And be it enacted, that if any person desirous of applying at any such annual Licensing Meeting as aforesaid, or at any such Special Session as is herein-after mentioned, for a Licence under this Act, or for the transfer of any such Licence shall be hindered by sickness, infirmity, or any other reasonable cause, from attending in person at any such Meeting or Session, it shall be lawful for the Justices there assembled to grant or transfer such Licence to such person so hindered, proof being adduced to the satisfaction of such Justices who are hereby empowered to examine upon oath into the matter of such allegation that such person is hindered from attending by good and sufficient cause.

IX. And be it enacted, that any Licence to be granted under the provisions of this Act shall be signed by the Majority of the Justices present, and not disqualified, at the Licensing Meeting or Session at which the same shall be granted; and shall be in force until the next general annual Licensing Meeting, and no longer, and every such Licence shall forthwith after the granting thereof be deposited by the Clerk of the Magistrates granting the same with the Collector or Sub-Collector of Colonial Revenue, who shall forthwith after the receipt of the proper amount chargeable for a Publican's Retail Licence issue the same to the person licensed thereby, together with a Boarding House Retail Licence in the form numbered 4 in the Schedule.

X. And be it enacted, that if any person shall be desirous after any such general annual Licensing Meeting as aforesaid of obtaining a Licence under this act for the residue of the then current year until the next annual Licensing day, or of transferring his or her Licence, and of such his or her desire shall give notice to the Clerk to the Magistrates of the District in which such Licence or transfer of Licence is desired to be given or made, such Clerk shall forthwith give notice of such application to the Magistrates of the District, who shall with all convenient despatch hold a Special Session for the purpose of considering such application, and it shall be lawful for the Majority of the Justices assembled at such Special Session (three at least being present) to grant Licences under this act, until the general Licensing Meeting next following, such Special Session, and to transfer the Licence of any house previously licensed to the appointee or appointees of the original holder of such Licence—Provided that such appointee or appointees and the person so newly licensed at such Special Session produce the like certificate and enter into

the like recognizances as are hereinbefore required from persons obtaining Licences at any such general annual Licensing Meeting as aforesaid, and every Licence so granted or transferred at any such Special Session as aforesaid shall be lodged by the said Clerk with the Collector or Sub-Collector of Colonial Revenue, who shall thereupon issue to the person or persons, entitled to receive the same a corresponding Retail Licence or transfer of Retail Licence as the case may require.

XI. And be it enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Clerk of the Justices at any such Licensing Meeting, or Special Session as aforesaid, to demand and receive from every person obtaining a Licence or transfer of Licence such fee or sums as the Justices of the said Colony in Quarter Sessions assembled shall from time to time limit and appoint, but so as the same shall not in any case exceed the following fees or sums,—that is to say, for every original Licence the sum of Ten shillings and sixpence; for every transfer of a Licence the sum of Two shillings and sixpence; for every notice served on a District Magistrate for the purpose of assembling a Special Session the sum of Two shillings and sixpence, such notices not to exceed three in number unless absolutely necessary; and for preparing and taking every recognizance and lodging the same with the Collector or Sub-Collector of Colonial Revenue the sum of Ten shillings and sixpence.

XII. And be it enacted, that the Executor or administrator of any person holding a Licence under this act shall be entitled to carry on the business of the house thereby licensed without renewing such Licence until the next general annual Licensing Meeting following the decease of the person so holding such Licence—Provided always that the licence of such house shall be subject to the same regulations as if it had continued to be holden by the person or persons to whom the same was originally granted, and that new recognizances be entered into according to the provisions of this act.

XIII. And be it enacted, that the Justices by whom any Licences shall be granted under the provisions of this act shall transmit to the Colonial Secretary within two days after the granting of such Licences aforesaid, or by the earliest opportunity, a list signed by the said Justices of all the persons to whom they shall have so granted licences, specifying the situation and designation of each house, and if not in a town its distance from the nearest licensed house in each line of road, the name of the owner or proprietor, whether before licensed or not, and the names and residences of the sureties.

XIV. And be it enacted, that no person holding office or employment under the Government, no Sheriff's Officer or Constable, shall hold any licence under the provisions of this act, nor shall any Publican be taken or received as surety in any such recognizance as aforesaid.

XV. And be it enacted, that every person licensed to keep a Boarding House under this act shall have his or her name at length painted in legible letters, with the words "Licensed Boarding House Keeper" in like letters in some conspicuous part of the exterior of his or her premises; and any such licensed person who shall neglect to have his or her name with the said words so painted shall for every such offence forfeit a sum not exceeding forty shillings.

XVI. And be it enacted, that if any person not actually holding a Licence shall keep up any sign, writing, painting, or other mark on or near to his or her house or premises which may give reasonable cause to believe that such house is licensed as a Boarding House, every person so offending shall for every such offence forfeit a sum not exceeding twenty pounds.

XVII. And be it enacted, that if any licensed person shall abandon the occupation of his or her usual place of residence, and permit any unlicensed person or persons to become virtually or in effect the keeper or keepers thereof, then upon proof

of such facts to the satisfaction of any two or more Justices of the Peace it shall be lawful for such Justices to declare the licence of such house to be absolutely void, or at the discretion of such Justices such licensed person shall forfeit a sum not exceeding Fifty pounds.

XVIII. And be it enacted, that if a Coroner's Jury or any three Justices who shall enquire by examination of witnesses into the cause of the death of any person dying suddenly, or under other extraordinary circumstances, shall find that the death of such person was caused by intoxication in a licensed Boarding House, the keeper of the house shall from the date of such finding be deemed to be unlicensed, and no new licence shall be granted him.

XIX. And be it enacted, that it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace, or any Constable generally authorised by a Justice of the Peace in that behalf, to demand entrance into any licensed Boarding House at any time by day or night; and if admittance be not granted within such reasonable time as shall make it appear that no wilful delay was intended, the licence shall be forfeited upon conviction before any two Justices of the Peace; and no licence shall again be granted to any persons who shall be so convicted of refusing or wilfully delaying admittance for the space of one year from the date of such conviction—Provided that if such admittance be refused or wilfully delayed it shall be lawful for such Justice or Constable to break into such public house with his assistants to serve process or for any other lawful purpose.

XX. And be it enacted, that every house licensed as herein provided shall be considered as a common inn and no goods or chattels whatsoever bond fide the property of any lodger or lodgers and being in such licensed house, or any of the premises belonging thereto, or any place used and occupied therewith in the ordinary course of resort at such licensed house shall be subject to be distrained or seized for or in respect of any claim for rent for such licensed house or premises, or in respect of any other claim whatsoever against the said house or premises or the owner thereof; and if any such goods or chattels shall be distrained or seized for rent, or in any other manner contrary to the provisions of this act it shall be lawful for any two Justices of the Peace to inquire into any complaint made in respect of such distress or seizure in a summary manner, and to order such goods and chattels to be restored to the owner or proprietor thereof, and further to award such reasonable costs as shall be incurred by such summary proceeding, and such costs to levy by distress and sale of the goods or effects of the person or persons distraining or seizing such goods or chattels as aforesaid.

XXI. And be it enacted, that if any person licensed under this act shall offend against the tenor of his or her licence, or shall in any respect commit a breach of or otherwise be guilty of any offence against any condition of the recognizance by him or her entered into, he or she shall on conviction thereof forfeit and pay or become liable to the several penalties and to the disability hereinafter mentioned,—that is to say, for the first offence a sum not exceeding five pounds and costs; for the second offence a sum not exceeding ten pounds and costs; and for the third or any subsequent offence it shall be lawful for any one Justice upon complaint or information of such third or subsequent offence to issue a summons requiring the person so complained of or informed against to appear at the next Court of Quarter Sessions for the said Colony then and there to answer the matter of such complaint or information, and also to bind the Complainant or Informant and any other person or persons to appear at such Sessions and give evidence against such licensed person; and the Justices of the Peace at such Sessions shall inquire into and decide in a summary manner the matter of such complaint or information; and if they find that such licensed person has committed the offence against the tenor of

his or her licence or recognizance in the said complaint or information specified, and that such licensed person has been twice or oftener convicted of offences against the tenor of his or her licence or recognizance, it shall be lawful for the Justices at such Sessions to adjudge the party so complained against guilty of such third or subsequent offence, which adjudication shall be final and thereupon the said Justices shall have authority to punish the party so convicted by a fine or penalty not exceeding Fifty pounds or (at the discretion of the said Justices) by declaring his or her recognizances to be forfeited and his or her licence to be void; and such recognizances shall be forfeited and such licence shall be thenceforth void accordingly; and the person whose licence shall be so declared void shall be thenceforth incapable of receiving or holding any licence to keep a Boarding House for the space of three years, to be computed from the date of such adjudication; and if the person complained against for such third or subsequent offence shall not appear at such next Quarter Sessions pursuant to the said summons it shall be lawful for the Justices in such Session assembled, on proof of the service of such summons, to inquire into and determine the matter of the said complaint and information, and in all respects to proceed against the person so summoned and not appearing in the same manner as if he or she had appeared.

XXII. And be it enacted, that all informations and proceedings in respect of any offence under this act shall be heard and determined, and the penalties and forfeitures in respect of the same shall be awarded and imposed in a summary way by any one Justice of the Peace (or by any two such justices in cases hereinbefore appointed to be heard and determined by two justices) according to the provisions of an act passed in the seventh year of the reign of Her present Majesty intituled "an act to regulate summary proceedings before Justices of the Peace."

XXIII. And be it enacted, that in all proceedings against any person for the offence of selling any spirituous or fermented liquors in a boarding house without due licence, such person shall for all purposes connected with such proceedings be deemed and taken to be unlicensed unless he or she shall at the hearing of the case produce and exhibit his or her licence to the sitting justice or justices, or shall then and there produce other satisfactory proof of his or her being a licensed person.

XXIV. And be it enacted, that all informations and proceedings in respect of offences against this act shall be commenced within three calendar months after the offences thereby respectively charged shall have been committed.

XXV. And be it enacted, that if any person shall think himself aggrieved by any judgment or conviction made under this Act, such person may appeal therefrom to the next Court of Quarter Sessions.

XXVI. And be it enacted, that no action at law shall lie against any Justice of the Peace, Constable, or other Peace Officer, for or on account of any matter or thing whatsoever done or to be done, or commanded by him in the execution of his duty or office under this act against any party or parties offending, or suspected to be offending against the provisions of this act unless there be direct proof of corruption or malice, and unless such action be commenced within three calendar months after the cause of action or complaint shall have arisen; and if any person shall be sued for any matter or thing which he has done in the execution of this act, he may plead the general issue, and give the special matter in evidence.

XXVII. And be it enacted, that all fines, forfeitures, and penalties recovered under or by virtue of this act shall be payable in equal moieties to the use of Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, for the public uses of this Colony and the support

of the Government thereof, and to the party or parties informing.

XXVIII. And be it enacted, that this act may be altered, amended, or repealed by any act to be passed during this present Session.

"JOHN HUTT,"
GOVERNOR.

Passed the Council,
July 25, 1844.

EDWARD C. SOUPER,
Clerk of the Council.

Schedules referred to by the annexed Act.

No. 1.

Form of a Magistrate's Licence to keep a Boarding House.

At the General Annual Licensing Meeting (or at a Special Licensing Session) of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the Colony of Western Australia holden in and for the District of _____ in the said colony, on the _____ day of _____, in the year of our Lord one thousand, &c., for the purpose of granting licences, We, being the majority of the said Justices assembled at the said Meeting (or Sessions) do hereby authorise and empower A B to keep a Boarding House at and in the house now occupied by him or her at _____, and to permit all such spirituous and fermented liquors as the said A B shall be licensed and empowered to sell under the authority of any Retail Licence issued by the Collector or Sub-Collector of Colonial Revenue to be drunk or consumed in his or her house, or the premises thereunto belonging, by the Boarders or Lodgers therein—Provided that he or she do not fraudulently dilute or adulterate any liquors by him or her sold; or sell the same knowing them to have been fraudulently diluted or adulterated; and shall not use in the selling thereof any measures that are not of the legal standard; and shall not wilfully and knowingly permit drunkenness or other disorderly conduct in his house or premises; and shall not knowingly suffer any unlawful games or any gaming whatsoever therein; and shall not knowingly permit persons of notoriously bad character to meet together therein; and shall not keep open his or her house or permit any person to remain tippling or drinking therein after the hour of ten at night, always excepting refreshment to boarders and lodgers; and shall not allow any spirituous or fermented liquors to be drunk in or conveyed out of his or her premises during the usual hours of morning and afternoon Divine Service in the nearest church or chapel on Sunday, Christmas Day, or Good Friday; and shall not refuse to admit any Magistrate or Constable to any part of his or her house or premises by night or day; and shall maintain good order and rule therein. And this Licence shall continue and be in force until the next General Annual Licensing Meeting of the said Justices and no longer.

Given under our hands and seals the day above written.

No. 2.

Form of application for a Licence for a Boarding House, and of Certificate of character.

To the Worshipful the Justices of the Peace acting for the District of _____, I, A B (trade or occupation, whether single or married), do hereby give notice that it is my intention to apply at the next General Annual Licensing Meeting to be holden for the above District for a Licence to permit spirituous and fermented liquors sold by retail to be consumed at my house situate at _____ which I intend to keep as a Boarding House, and I propose C D of _____, and E F, of _____, as my sureties to enter into the required recognizance.

Dated this _____ day of _____

(Signed) A. B.

We, the undersigned, Householdors, residing at _____ do hereby certify that the above named A B is a person of good

fame and reputation, and fit to keep a Boarding House.

Witness our hands.

No. 3.

Form of a Boarding House Keeper's Recognizance.

Colony of Western Australia to wit, } Be it remembered, } that on the

day of _____, A B of _____, C D of _____, and E F of _____, came before us the undersigned Justices of the Peace for the said colony, and acknowledged themselves to owe to our Sovereign Lady the Queen to wit, the said A B the sum of fifty pounds; the said C D the sum of twenty-five pounds; and the said E F the sum of twenty-five pounds; of lawful British money to be respectively levied on their goods and chattels, lands and tenements, to the use of our said Lady the Queen, Her Heirs and Successors, in case default shall be made in the performance of any of the conditions hereunder written.

The conditions of this recognizance are such, that whereas the said A B is to be licensed to keep a Boarding House at and in the house now occupied by him or her at _____, and to permit all such spirituous and fermented liquors as he or she may be licensed and empowered to sell under the authority of any Retail Licence issued by the Collector or Sub-Collector of Colonial Revenue to be drunk or consumed in his or her said house or premises thereunto belonging by his or her boarders or lodgers until the next General Annual Licensing Meeting of Justices of the Peace for the said District; and if the said A B do not fraudulently dilute or adulterate any liquors by him or her sold; or sell the same knowing them to have been fraudulently diluted or adulterated; and shall not use in the selling thereof any measures that are not of the legal standard; and do not wilfully or knowingly permit drunkenness or other disorderly conduct in his or her house or premises; and do not knowingly suffer any unlawful games or any gaming whatsoever; and do not knowingly permit persons of notoriously bad character to meet together therein; and do not keep open his or her house or permit any person to remain tippling or drinking therein after the hour of ten at night, always excepting refreshment to boarders and lodgers; and do not allow any spirituous or fermented liquors to be drunk in or conveyed out of his or her premises during the usual hours of morning and afternoon Divine Service in the nearest church or chapel on Sunday, Christmas Day, or Good Friday; and do not refuse to admit any Magistrate or Constable to any part of his house or premises by night or day; but do maintain good order and rule therein; then the said recognizance to be void, otherwise to remain in full force.

Taken and acknowledged the day and year first above written before us,

No. 4.

Form of Boarding House Keeper's Retail Licence.

These are to certify (in pursuance of an Act of Council intituled "An Act to authorise the Keepers of Boarding Houses to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail") that A B of _____ in the Colony of Western Australia is duly licensed from the date hereof until the next General An,

annual Licencing Meeting for the District of
 , in the said colony, to sell, exchange,
 or otherwise dispose of by retail, in any
 quantity, any spirituous or fermented li-
 quors in the house or premises thereunto
 belonging, now occupied by him or her at
 aforesaid but not elsewhere; and
 these are further to certify that the said A
 B hath paid into my hands the sum of
 pounds on account of such Licence.

Given under my hand the day of

Collector of Colonial Revenue.

General Post Office, Perth,
 August 14, 1844.

Notice is hereby given that certificates
 have been received of the arrival of Mails
 in England, despatched from this Colony
 in the following vessels:—

From Fremantle.

Lady Gray, Hawkes, Feb. 11, 1843—ar-
 rived 25th July, 1843.
Champion, Helpman, March 4, 1843—
 arrived 24th July, 1843.
Houghly, Baily, March 18, 1843—arrived
 2nd Oct., 1843.
Beagle, Stokes, May 5, 1843—arrived 25th
 Sept. 1843.

Janet, Dring, 15th June, 1843—arrived
 24th Jan., 1844.
Success, Rutledge, 7th July, 1843—arrived
 24th Jan., 1844.
Venus, Thomas, 12th Aug., 1843—arrived
 3rd Jan., 1844.
Madras, Kitchen, 31st Aug., 1843—ar-
 rived March 10, 1844.
Fly, Blackwood, 27th Oct., 1843—arrived
 April 6, 1844.

From Albany.

Victoria, Simpson, July 22, 1843—arrived
 Feb. 26, 1844.
Premier, ———, August 31, 1843—ar-
 rived 26th Feb., 1844.
Will Watch, Harding, 11th Nov. 1843—
 arrived 18th April, 1844.
Bramble, Yule, 27th Nov., 1843—arrived
 16th April, 1844.

H. CAMFIELD,
 Postmaster-General.

General Post Office, Perth,
 August 9, 1844.

List of Unclaimed Letters per "Uni-
 corn,"—

Baker, George & James
 2 Ball, Richard
 Brown, Wm.
 Conway, Wm.
 Derecourt, Wm.

Fildes, Thomas
 Gladwell, John
 Grapes, Edward
 Green, T.
 Hale, Joseph
 Hardy, Thomas
 Knight, Jas. at Mr. Tanner's
 Legg, Daniel
 Letts, James
 Prest, Elizabeth
 Prince, Edward
 Stoner, John
 Thompson, John
 Thomson, Peter
 Towton, Alexander
 Tyler, Handy

Letters detained at the Guildford Post
 Office for non-payment of ship postage—
 John Pym, Esq., Merchant, 12 King's
 Arms Yard, Moorgate-street, London.
 Sir John P. Boileau, Bart., Kettering-
 ham Hall, Weymond Ham, Norfolk, Eng-
 land.

H. CAMFIELD,
 Postmaster-General.

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