



Government Gazette

OF

WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

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No. 59.]

PERTH: FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 20.

[1914.]

No. 14662.—C.S.O.

Parliament Summoned to meet for Business.

PROCLAMATION

WESTERN AUSTRALIA, } By His Excellency Major General Sir
TO WIT. } Harry Barron, Knight Commander of
HARRY BARRON, } the Most Distinguished Order of St.
Governor. } Michael and St. George, Commander
of the Royal Victorian Order, Governor
in and over the State of Western
[L.s.] } Australia and its Dependencies, in
the Commonwealth of Australia.

C.S.O. 1827/14.

WHEREAS under the provisions of "The Constitution Act, 1889," it is made lawful for the Governor of Western Australia for the time being to fix the place and time for holding the first and every other Session of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly: And whereas the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly now stand prorogued to Thursday, the 26th day of November instant: Now therefore I, the said Governor, in exercise of the powers so vested in me, and of all other powers enabling me in that behalf, do by this my Proclamation further prorogue the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly to Thursday, the 3rd day of December now next ensuing: And I do hereby further announce and proclaim that the First Session of the Ninth Parliament of Western Australia shall be holden for the despatch of business on the aforesaid Thursday, the 3rd day of December next, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, in the House of Parliament, in the City of Perth: And the Members of the Legislative Council and the Members of the Legislative Assembly are hereby required to give their attendance at the said time and place accordingly.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the said State, at Perth, this 18th day of November, 1914.

By His Excellency's Command,

J. M. DREW,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING !!!

The Land Act, 1898.

PROCLAMATION

(Resumption)

WESTERN AUSTRALIA, } By His Excellency Major General Sir
TO WIT. } Harry Barron, Knight Commander of
HARRY BARRON, } the Most Distinguished Order of St.
Governor. } Michael and St. George, Commander
of the Royal Victorian Order, Governor
in and over the State of Western
[L.s.] } Australia and its Dependencies, in
the Commonwealth of Australia.

Corr. No. 7463/13.

WHEREAS by Section 9 of "The Land Act, 1898," the Governor may resume, for any of the purposes specified in Section 39 of the said Act, any portion of land held as a Conditional Purchase Lease: And whereas it is deemed expedient that the portion of Conditional Purchase Lease 10829/56, Avon Location 17288, as described hereunder, should be resumed for one of the purposes specified in paragraph 13 of Section 39 of the said Act, that is to say, for "Water": Now therefore I, Major General Sir Harry Barron, Governor as aforesaid, with the advice of the Executive Council, do by this my Proclamation resume portion of Conditional Purchase Lease 10829/56, Avon Location 17288, for the purpose aforesaid.

Schedule.

All that portion of Conditional Purchase Lease 10829/56, Avon Location 17288, containing 26 acres 1 rood 0 perches, as shown in Diagram Narrogin 2524, and numbered as Avon Location 19890. (Plan 344/80, B2.)

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the said State, at Perth, this 18th day of November, 1914.

By His Excellency's Command,

THOMAS H. BATH,
Minister for Lands.

GOD SAVE THE KING !!!

PROCLAMATION

(under 60 Vict., No. 22, Sec. 6)

WESTERN AUSTRALIA, } By His Excellency Major General Sir
TO WIT. } Harry Barron, Knight Commander of
the Most Distinguished Order of St.
Michael and St. George, Commander
of the Royal Victorian Order, Governor
in and over the State of Western
Australia and its Dependencies, in
the Commonwealth of Australia.

HARRY BARRON,
Governor.

[L.S.]

4542/14.

WHEREAS by "The Transfer of Land Act, 1893, Amendment Act, 1896" (60 Vict., No. 22), the Governor is empowered, by Proclamation in the *Government Gazette*, to revest in His Majesty, as of his former estate, all or any lands whereof His Majesty may become the registered proprietor: And whereas His Majesty is now the registered proprietor of portion of Gnowangerup Lot 31, registered in the Office of Titles in Volume 590, Folio 26: Now therefore I, the said Governor, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, do by this Proclamation revest in His Majesty, his heirs and successors, that portion of Gnowangerup Lot 31 aforesaid, as of his former estate.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the said State, at Perth, this 18th day of November, 1914.

By His Excellency's Command,

THOMAS H. BATH,

Minister for Lands.

GOD SAVE THE KING !!!

The Land Act, 1898.

PROCLAMATION

(Resumption)

WESTERN AUSTRALIA, } By His Excellency Major General Sir
TO WIT. } Harry Barron, Knight Commander of
the Most Distinguished Order of St.
Michael and St. George, Commander
of the Royal Victorian Order, Governor
in and over the State of Western
Australia and its Dependencies, in
the Commonwealth of Australia.

HARRY BARRON,
Governor.

[L.S.]

Corr. No. 7096/13.

WHEREAS by Section 9 of "The Land Act, 1898," the Governor may resume, for any of the purposes specified in Section 39 of the said Act, any portion of land held as a Conditional Purchase Lease: And whereas it is deemed expedient that the portion of Conditional Purchase Lease 29558/55, Avon Location 17212, as described hereunder, should be resumed for one of the purposes specified in paragraph 13 of Section 39 of the said Act, that is to say, for "Water": Now therefore I, Major General Sir Harry Barron, Governor as aforesaid, with the advice of the Executive Council, do by this my Proclamation resume portion of Conditional Purchase Lease 29558/55, Avon Location 17212, for the purpose aforesaid.

Schedule.

All that portion of Conditional Purchase Lease 29558/55 (Avon Location 17212), containing 12 acres 2 roods, as shown on Lands and Surveys Diagram N. 2525, and numbered as portion of Avon Location 19892. (Plan 345/80, B1.)

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the said State, at Perth, this 18th day of November, 1914.

By His Excellency's Command,

THOMAS H. BATH,

Minister for Lands.

GOD SAVE THE KING !!!

*Dedication of Public Highway.**North Perth Municipality.*

PROCLAMATION

WESTERN AUSTRALIA, } By His Excellency Major General Sir
TO WIT. } Harry Barron, Knight Commander of
the Most Distinguished Order of St.
Michael and St. George, Commander
of the Royal Victorian Order, Governor
in and over the State of Western
Australia and its Dependencies, in
the Commonwealth of Australia.

HARRY BARRON,
Governor.

[L.S.]

1532/14.

WHEREAS by Sections 222 and 227 of "The Municipal Corporations Act, 1906" (6 Edwardi, No. 32), it shall be lawful for the Governor, on request of the Council, by notice in the *Government Gazette*, to declare any land reserved, used, or by purchase or exchange acquired for a street or way, or any place, bridge, or thorough-

fare, to be a public highway, and such land shall thereupon and thenceforth, from the date of such Proclamation, become and be absolutely dedicated to the public as a public highway within the meaning of any law now or hereafter in force: And whereas the North Perth Municipal Council has requested that certain lands named and described in the Schedule hereunder, which have been dedicated for streets or ways within the Municipality of North Perth, be declared public highways: Now therefore I, the said Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, do by this my Proclamation declare the said lands to be public highways, and such lands shall, from the date of this Proclamation, be absolutely dedicated to the public as highways within the meaning of any law now or hereafter in force.

Schedule.

Name of Street.	Width.	Position.	Titles' Office Plans.
Fairfield (shown as Ilma Street)	100 links ...	From Govern-ment Road to North Beach Road ...	2270 and 2454
Dublin (shown as Shakespeare Street)	Do. ...	do. ...	2578

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the said State, at Perth, this 18th day of November, 1914.

By His Excellency's Command,

THOMAS H. BATH,

for Minister for Works.

GOD SAVE THE KING !!!

Constitution of Health District at Peak Hill under the provisions of "The Health Act, 1911."

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Executive Council Chamber, at Perth, this 18th day of November, 1914.

Present:

His Excellency the Governor.

The Honourables—The Minister for Mines,
W. C. Angwin, M.L.A.

3501/14.

WHEREAS it is enacted by Section 19 of "The Health Act, 1911," that the Governor may, by Order in Council, constitute any portion of the State, not being a Municipal District, to be a Health District, with such boundaries and by such name as may be specified in the order: And whereas it is desired to constitute a Health District with the boundaries and under the name hereinafter specified: Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor of Western Australia, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, does hereby constitute the area of land embraced in the undermentioned boundaries a Health District under the provisions of the said Act, such District to be styled the Peak Hill Health District.

Boundaries.—The circumference of a circle the centre of which is the Miners' Institute, Peak Hill, and the radius one mile.

BERNARD PARKER,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

*The Municipal Corporations Act, 1906.**Leederville Municipality and Perth Road District.*

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Executive Council Chamber, at Perth, this 18th day of November, 1914.

Present:

His Excellency the Governor.

The Honourables—The Minister for Mines,
W. C. Angwin, M.L.A.

P.W. 4048/14.

WHEREAS by virtue of the power conferred by Section 12 of "The Municipal Corporations Act, 1906," the Governor may alter and adjust the boundaries of any eoterminal municipal district and road district: And whereas it is desirable to alter and adjust the boun-

daries of the Leederville Municipal District and the Perth Road District: Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, doth hereby alter and adjust the boundaries between the Leederville Municipal District and the Perth Road District by transferring certain lands now within the Perth Road District, and known as Perthshire Locations 117 and 388, to the Leederville Municipal District and include same in the West Ward of the said Municipal District.

(Sgd.) BERNARD PARKER,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

The Land Act, 1898.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Executive Council Chamber, at Perth, this eighteenth day of November, 1914.

Present:

His Excellency the Governor.
The Honourables—The Minister for Mines,
W. C. Angwin, M.L.A.

15750/08.

WHEREAS by Section 43 of "The Land Act, 1898," it is made lawful for the Governor, by Order in Council, without issuing any deed of grant to place any Reserve under the control of any Municipality, Roads Board, or other person or persons, as a Board of Management, and to empower such Board to make, repeal, and alter by-laws for the control and management of such Reserves, such by-laws to be approved by the Governor and published in the *Government Gazette*: And whereas it is deemed expedient that the Reserves set out in schedule attached hereto should be placed under the control of the General Manager of the State Hotels and Inspector of Liquors Department as a Board of Management: Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, doth hereby place the before-mentioned Reserves under the control of George Emery, General Manager of the State Hotels and Inspector of Liquors Department, as a Board of Management, and doth empower such Board to make, repeal, or alter by-laws for the control and management of the said Reserves, and to impose penalties not exceeding in any case £5 for any breach thereof, and £2 a day for a continuing breach, but not more than £20 in the aggregate.

BERNARD PARKER,
Clerk of the Council.

Schedule.

Reserve No., Purpose, and District.

- A8768—Protection of Caves and Fauna and Flora, Sussex.
- A8427—Protection of Caves and Fauna and Flora, Sussex.
- A10922—Protection of Caves and Fauna and Flora, Sussex.
- A8428—Protection of Caves and Fauna and Flora, Sussex.
- A8429—Protection of Caves and Fauna and Flora, Sussex.
- A7406—Protection of Caves and Fauna and Flora, Sussex.
- A8430—Protection of Caves and Fauna and Flora, Sussex.
- A8694—Protection of Caves and Fauna and Flora, Sussex.
- A8431—Protection of Caves and Fauna and Flora, Sussex.
- A11759—Protection of Caves and Fauna and Flora, Sussex.
- A8432—Protection of Caves and Fauna and Flora, Sussex.
- A8433—Protection of Caves and Fauna and Flora, Sussex.
- A8434—Protection of Caves and Fauna and Flora, Sussex.
- A8435—Protection of Caves and Fauna and Flora, Sussex.
- A8436—Protection of Caves and Fauna and Flora, Sussex.
- A8437—Protection of Caves and Fauna and Flora, Sussex.
- A8438—Protection of Caves and Fauna and Flora, Sussex.
- A9868—Protection of Caves and Fauna and Flora, Swan.
- A3355—Public Recreation, Cockburn Sound (Serpentine Falls).
- A13404—Public Recreation, Sussex (Ocean Frontage).

The Land Act, 1898.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Executive Council Chamber, at Perth, this 18th day of November, 1914.

Present:

His Excellency the Governor.
The Honourables—The Minister for Mines,
W. C. Angwin, M.L.A.

Corr. No. 5490/13.

WHEREAS by Section 42 of "The Land Act, 1898," it is made lawful for the Governor to direct that any Reserve shall vest in and be held by any Municipality, Road Board, or other person or persons to be named in the order, in trust for any of the purposes set forth in Section 39 of the said Act, or for the like or other public purposes to be specified in such order: And whereas it is deemed expedient that Reserve No. 15740 (Victoria Location 6208) should vest in and be held by the Honourable the Minister for Water Supply, Sewerage, and Drainage, in trust for the purpose of Water Supply: Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, doth hereby direct that the before-mentioned Reserve shall vest in and be held by the Honourable the Minister for Water Supply, Sewerage, and Drainage, in trust for the purpose aforesaid; subject, nevertheless, to the powers reserved to him by Section 41 of the said Act.

BERNARD PARKER,
Clerk of the Council.

The Land Act, 1898.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Executive Council Chamber, at Perth, this 18th day of November, 1914.

Present:

His Excellency the Governor.
The Honourables—The Minister for Mines,
W. C. Angwin, M.L.A.

Corr. No. 11479/12.

WHEREAS by Section 42 of "The Land Act, 1898," it is made lawful for the Governor to direct that any Reserve shall vest in and be held by any Municipality, Road Board, or other person or persons to be named in the order, in trust for any of the purposes set forth in Section 39 of the said Act, or for the like or other public purposes to be specified in such order: And whereas it is deemed expedient that Reserve No. 15007, near Lake Ninan, should vest in and be held by the Honourable the Minister for Water Supply, Sewerage, and Drainage, in trust for the purpose of Water Supply: Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, doth hereby direct that the before-mentioned Reserve shall vest in and be held by the Honourable the Minister for Water Supply, Sewerage, and Drainage, in trust for the purpose aforesaid; subject, nevertheless, to the powers reserved to him by Section 41 of the said Act.

BERNARD PARKER,
Clerk of the Council.

The Land Act, 1898.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Executive Council Chamber, at Perth, this 18th day of November, 1914.

Present:

His Excellency the Governor.
The Honourables—The Minister for Mines,
W. C. Angwin, M.L.A.

Corr. No. 9061/99.

WHEREAS by Section 42 of "The Land Act, 1898," it is made lawful for the Governor to direct that any Reserve shall vest in and be held by any Municipality, Road Board, or other person or persons to be named in the order, in trust for any of the purposes set forth in Section 39 of the said Act, or for the like or other public purposes to be specified in such order: And whereas it is deemed expedient that Reserve No. 1381, at South Greenbushes, should vest in and be held by the Honourable the Minister for Water Supply, Sewerage, and Drainage, in trust for the purpose of Water Supply: Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, doth hereby direct that the before-mentioned Reserve shall vest in and be held by the Honourable the Minister for Water Supply, Sewerage, and Drainage, in trust for the purpose aforesaid; subject, nevertheless, to the powers reserved to him by Section 41 of the said Act.

BERNARD PARKER,
Clerk of the Council.

The Public Service Act, 1904.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Executive Council Chamber, at Perth, this
4th day of November, 1914.

Present:

His Excellency the Governor.

The Honourables—The Minister for Lands,
W. C. Angwin, M.L.A.

WHEREAS by Subsection (7) of Section 36 of "The Public Service Act, 1904" (Act No. 40 of 1904), the Governor may, by Order in Council, temporarily suspend the operation of subsections two, three, and four of the said section, in respect of the said office specified: And whereas it is desirable to temporarily suspend the operation of such subsections in respect of the following:—

Name, Department, and Period of Suspension.

Heppingstone, E. E., Treasury, from 18/7/14 to 1/8/14.
Bruce, W. R., Law, from 1/8/14 to 1/2/15,
Thomas, I. W., Mines, from 1/9/14 to 1/2/15,
Richter, S. J., Public Works, from 9/3/14 to 1/12/14:
Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the consent of the Executive Council, does hereby order that the operation of the said subsections be temporarily suspended in respect of the officers and for the periods specified above.

BERNARD PARKER,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

The Land Act, 1898.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Executive Council Chamber, at Perth, this
18th day of November, 1914.

Present:

His Excellency the Governor.

The Honourables—The Minister for Mines,
W. C. Angwin, M.L.A.

Corr. No. 4323/13.

WHEREAS by Section 42 of "The Land Act, 1898," it is made lawful for the Governor to direct that any Reserve shall vest in and be held by any Municipality, Road Board, or other person or persons to be named in the order, in trust for any of the purposes set forth in Section 39 of the said Act, or for the like or other public purposes to be specified in such order: And whereas it is deemed expedient that Reserve No. 15075, Kwolyin Agricultural Area Lot 353, should vest in and be held by the Honourable the Minister for Water Supply, Sewerage, and Drainage, in trust for the purpose of Water Supply: Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, doth hereby direct that the before-mentioned Reserve shall vest in and be held by the Honourable the Minister for Water Supply, Sewerage, and Drainage, in trust for the purpose aforesaid; subject, nevertheless, to the powers reserved to him by Section 41 of the said Act.

BERNARD PARKER,
Clerk of the Council.

The Roads Act, 1911.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Executive Council Chamber, at Perth, this
18th day of November, 1914.

Present:

His Excellency the Governor.

The Honourables—The Minister for Mines,
W. C. Angwin, M.L.A.

4046/14.

WHEREAS by Section 139 of "The Roads Act, 1911," it is provided that, subject to the provisions of "The Permanent Reserves Act, 1899," the Governor may place any Public Reserve under the control and management of a Road Board, and that for the purpose of controlling or managing such Reserve the Board shall have all the power of a Board of Parks and Reserves appointed under "The Parks and Reserves Act, 1895," together with the powers conferred by "The Roads Act, 1911": And whereas it is expedient that Reserve 2798, at Moora, should be placed under the control and management of the Moora Road Board: Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, and in exercise of the power conferred by the recited section of "The Roads Act, 1911," doth hereby place the said Reserve under the control and management of the Moora Road Board.

BERNARD PARKER,
Clerk of the Council.

INDIAN CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS.

Premier's Office,

Perth, 11th November, 1914.

IT is hereby notified, for general information, that the

other papers issued by the Civil Service Commissioners, respecting the Examination for the Civil Service of India to be held in August, 1915, which papers may be inspected at this Office.

A. H. FAIREY,
for Secretary to the Premier.

THE GOVERNMENT SAVINGS BANK.

Treasury,

Perth, 19th November, 1914.

IT is hereby notified, for general information, that the Agency of this Bank at Wuraming Mill has been transferred from Mr. Barker to Mr. Thomas Morgan, as from the 5th instant.

Also that the Agency at Jennaubbine has been transferred from the Railway Station-master to Miss Ida Muriel Wenlock, as from the 24th October ultimo.

Also that the Agency at Maylands was transferred on the 16th instant from Mr. A. Burrows to Mr. Michael Shearn, and will in future be conducted by him in the same premises.

E. A. BLACK,
Under Treasurer,
and Controller General of Accounts.

Office of Public Service Commissioner,
Perth, 19th November, 1914.

HIS Excellency the Governor in Executive Council has approved of the following appointments:—

Ex. Co. 6470.—J. A. Serymgour, Clerk, Water Supply Department (Marble Bar), to be Mining Registrar, Clerk of the Local Court and Clerk to Magistrates, Marble Bar, and Clerk of the Licensing Court for the Pilbara Licensing District, and Assistant District Registrar of Births and Deaths, Pilbara District, at a salary of £228 per annum, as from 21st October, 1914.

Ex. Co. 6386; P.S.C. 265/14.—T. E. Jones, Clerk, Audit Department, to be Examining Audit Clerk, at a salary of £216 per annum, as from 16th November, 1914.

Ex. Co. 6386; P.S.C. 1047/14.—E. J. Moore, Clerk, Audit Department, to be Examining Audit Clerk, at a salary of £216 per annum, as from 16th November, 1914.

Ex. Co. 6470.—H. Gill, Clerk, Tender Board Office, Government Stores Branch, Treasury Department, to be Clerk, Government Stores Branch, at his present rate of salary (£156 per annum), as from 22nd October, 1914.

Ex. Co. 6470; P.S.C. 394/14.—Charles Hamilton Hickson, under Section 29 of the Public Service Act, to be Inspector of Ironwork, Water Supply Department, at a salary of £264 per annum, as from 1st May, 1914.

Ex. Co. 6470; P.S.C. 980/13.—Henrietta Eyre Maunsell Blake, under Section 29 of the Public Service Act, to be Visiting Nurse, Medical and Health Department, at a salary of £120 per annum, as from 1st December, 1913.

Ex. Co. 6470; P.S.C. 438/13.—Francis James See, under Section 29 of the Public Service Act, to be Clerk, Land Tax Branch, Taxation Department, at a salary of £120 per annum, as from 1st December, 1912.

Also of the acceptance of the following resignation:—

Ex. Co. 6470.—W. C. Long, Assistant Lightkeeper, Cape Leeuwin, Harbour and Light Department, as from 10th September, 1914.

M. E. JULL,
Public Service Commissioner.

No. 14663.—C.S.O.

APPOINTMENTS.

Colonial Secretary's Office,

Perth, 20th November, 1914.

HIS Excellency the Governor in Council has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

1738/13.—Warder David Naughton to be acting Gaoler at Roebourne, as from 12th November, 1914, during the absence on leave of Gaoler T. G. Anderson.

3501/14.—Alex. Sweeny, Edmond Doud, William Stalley, Oliver Jenkins, Alfred Walker, and Adam Ross to be members of the Peak Hill Local Board of Health, for the period ending 31st May, 1917.

F. D. NORTH.

No. 14664.—C.S.O.

THE HEALTH ACT, 1911-12.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Perth, 20th November, 1914.

3501/14.
HIS Excellency the Governor in Council has been pleased to direct that the Local Authority for the Peak Hill Health District shall be a Local Board of Health.

F. D. NORTH,
Under Secretary.

No. 14665.—C.S.O.

SWAN RIVER REGULATIONS.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Perth, 20th November, 1914.

3225/14.
HIS Excellency the Governor in Council has been pleased to approve of the Swan River Regulations being amended by repealing the Regulations published in the *Government Gazette* on the 22nd day of December, 1905, and

the 16th day of February, 1912, in so far as they apply to passenger vessels, and by substituting in lieu thereof the following new Regulation:—

The following light and berthage dues shall be paid from the 1st day of December, 1914, in respect of all passenger vessels running on the Swan River outside the boundaries of the area under the control of the Fremantle Harbour Trust and using any of the Government wharves or jetties landing or embarking passengers, namely:—

Passenger vessels licensed to carry over 200 persons:—5s. for each day on which any of the Government wharves or jetties are used, the total amount of such dues not to exceed £1 per week.

Passenger vessels licensed to carry under 200 persons:—2s. 6d. for each day on which any of the Government wharves or jetties are used, the total amount of such dues not to exceed 10s. per week.

F. D. NORTH,
Under Secretary.

COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA.

Notification of Vacancies.

S/3242/14.

The Treasury,
Perth, 16th November, 1914.

APPLICATIONS are invited by the Commonwealth Public Service Commissioner from persons qualified for appointment to the following positions.

Applicants outside the Public Service are eligible for appointment to the Administrative and Professional Divisions but are not eligible for appointment to Clerical or General Division vacancies, unless they were in the service of a State on 1st January, 1901, or have retired from the service of the Commonwealth or of a State.

Applicants who are officers of the Public Service of a State should state the date of their appointment to the service, present position, and salary.

Applicants from outside the service should state their qualifications for the office they seek. Copies only of diplomas, references, testimonials, or certificates should be forwarded. If the originals are required they will be asked for.

Date and year of birth should be stated, and applications must be in applicants' hand-writing.

Applications should be addressed to the "Commonwealth Public Service Inspector" of the State in which the vacancy exists, and in the case of officers of the Commonwealth Service be forwarded through the chief officer of the department to which the applicant belongs.

Minimum and maximum salaries where shown indicate the limits of the class or grade in which the position is classified. Subject to the provisions of the Public Service Act, appointments may be made at any salary within those limits. Successful appointees must comply with the life assurance provisions of the Public Service Act and Regulations.

E. A. BLACK,
Under Treasurer and Controller General of Accounts.

Position.	Locality.	Division and Salary per Annum.
DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND CUSTOMS.		
<i>Central Staff, Lighthouse Branch.</i>		
Senior Mechanic	Melbourne	General, £198 to £216. Applicants should state their workshop experience and any knowledge of lighthouse work they may possess.
<i>South Australia.</i>		
Boarding Inspector, 3rd class	Port Adelaide	Clerical, £310 to £400, less 10 per cent. for rent; quarters, seven rooms, etc.
POSTMASTER GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.		
<i>New South Wales.</i>		
Postal Assistant in Charge	Hill End	General, £132 to £156, less 10 per cent. for rent; quarters, five rooms, etc.
Postal Assistant in Charge	Lake Cudgolicco	General, £132 to £156, less 10 per cent. for rent; district allowance, scale II; quarters, four rooms, etc.
Senior Postal Assistant in Charge	Stuart Town	General, £144 to £192, less 10 per cent. for rent; quarters, seven rooms, etc. Applicants for three foregoing vacancies to be not less than 21 years of age.
<i>Victoria.</i>		
Senior Assistant in charge	Lismore	General, £144 to £180; quarters, five rooms. Applicants to be not less than 21 years of age.
Postmaster	Maldon	Clerical, £210 to £235, less 10 per cent. for rent; quarters, seven rooms, etc.
<i>Queensland.</i>		
Lineman in charge ..	Hawkwood	General, £168 to £186, less 10 per cent. for rent; district allowance, scale I; forage allowance, £36 per annum; quarters, six rooms.

Applications returnable 28th instant.

Please note that applications for positions in other States are to be forwarded to the Commonwealth Public Service Inspector of the State in which the position is sought.

Treasury, Perth, 12th November, 1914.

THE following Return of Material purchased by the Railway Department, under Section 41, Subsection (c), of the Tender Board Regulations is published for general information.

E. A. BLACK,

Under Treasurer and Controller General of Accounts.

List of Material purchased outside Contracts by Railway Stores. Invoices passed during month of October, 1914.

Amounts—£25 and over.

Date.	Name.	Material.	Rate per	Amount.	Total.
1914.				£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Oct. 10	C. Atkins & Co., Ltd. . .	Generator and meter combined . . . .	..	..	34 10 0
Oct. 13	Couche, Calder, & Co. . .	"Gasto" asbestos air cell pipe covering— 64 sections, each 3ft of 6in. = 192ft. . . 10 sections each 3ft. of 2in. = 30ft . . 5 sections each 3ft. of 3in. = 15ft. . .	2s. 8d. foot 1s. 3d. foot 1s. 4½d. foot	25 12 0 1 17 6 1 0 8	28 10 2
Sept. 10	R. W. Cameron & Co.	Signal motor, complete, with spectacles and glass cabling	£41 18s.	41 18 0 0 8 0	42 6 0 72 16 0 30 0 0
Sept. 28	Dunlop Rubber Co. . .	Vacuum hose pipes—312	4s. 8d. each	..	..
Sept. 23	Elder, Shenton, & Co., Ltd.	Lump calcium carbide, 20 drums, = 2 tons	£15 ton	..	..
Oct. 17	Felton, Grimwade, & Bickford	100 tins Izal—1 gall.	4s. 9d. gall.	23 15 0	..
Oct. 17	Do.	20 drums Izal—5 galls.	4s. 3d. gall.	21 5 0	45 0 0
June 20	Millar's T. & T. Co. . .	Rails and fastenings, 3½ chains . . . .	..	17 10 0	..
June 20	Do.	Buffer stops	1 only	8 0 0	..
June 20	Do.	Scotch blocks	1 only	0 10 0	26 0 0
Aug. 20	Mills & Co.	9in. E.W. pipes, tested = 800ft. . . .	1s. 9½d. foot	71 13 4	..
Aug. 20	Do.	4 x 9in. junctions, tested = 3ft. . . .	8s. each	1 4 0	72 17 4
Sept. 30	Do.	Cement—30 casks	20s. cask	30 0 0	..
Sept. 30	Do.	9in. stoneware pipes (2ft.), 400 lengths . .	1s. 5½d. foot	58 6 8	88 6 8 175 0 0
Sept. 15	McLean, Bros. & Rigg, Ltd.	175 casks cement	20s. cask	..	..
Sept. 21	W. Sandover & Co. . .	180 kegs blasting powder, 2 tons 20lbs. . .	6½d. lb.	121 17 6	..
Sept. 21	Do.	180 kegs blasting powder, 2 tons 20lbs. . .	7 7/10d. lb.	144 7 6	266 5 0
Sept. 30	Stewarts & Lloyds, Ltd.	400ft.—20 lens weldless steel tube	1s. 3d. foot	25 0 0	..
Sept. 30	Do.	Clydesdale brand steel ship plates— cwt. qr. lb. tns. cwt. qr. lb. 8 x 4 x ½ 33 1 16 6 x 4 x ½ 12 2 11 2 5 3 27	£11 10s. ton	26 8 11	51 8 11
Sept. 23	Vacuum Oil Co.	100 drums raw linseed oil	18s. 4d. drum	91 13 4	..
Sept. 23	Do.	100 drums double boiled linseed oil . . .	18s. 9d. drum	93 15 0	185 8 4
Oct. 6	British Imperial Oil Co.	1,800 gallons residual oil . . . . .	..	55 7 2	..
Oct. 6	Do.	30 drums . . . . .	..	54 0 0	109 7 2
June 25	W. H. Evans	Cisterns for electrical alarm relays and indicators, clockwork transmitter, with magnet and electric bell . . . . .	..	..	60 0 0
Oct. 15	J. A. Forrest	Balance of 151 tuart logs	3s. load	35 15 1	..
Oct. 15	Do.	36 tuart logs	35s. load	53 10 3	89 5 4 105 7 4
Oct. 15	Do.	Tuart logs (balance due)	35s. load	..	42 17 3
Oct. 7	W. H. Fitzpatrick . . .	381 hewn jarrah sleepers	2s. 3d. each	..	30 9 9
Oct. 8	James Fitzpatrick . . .	271 jarrah sleepers	2s. 3d. each	..	41 10 0
Sept. 8	Ingersoll Rand Co. . . .	"Buckeye" heater . . . . .	..	..	61 12 0
Sept. 21	John H. Kendall	528 jarrah sleepers	2s. 4d. each	..	75 0 0
Aug. 29	Peacock Bros.	"Millionaire," No. 2703, calculating machine	..	..	47 19 9
Oct. 7	Rose & Gibbs	38 wandoo logs	27s. 6d. load	..	38 16 3
Sept. 3	J. Sheilds	345 jarrah sleepers	2s. 3d. each	..	32 0 6
Sept. 9	W. A. Mining & Agency Co.	366 metal filament lamps	1s. 9d. each	..	..
		Total . . . . .	..	..	£1,852 13 9

No. 14666.—C.S.O.

THE HEALTH ACT, 1911-12.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Perth, 13th November, 1914.

3400/14; M.P.H. 2442/12.

THE following Model By-laws have been prepared by direction of His Excellency the Governor in Council, in pursuance of Section 267 of "The Health Act, 1911-12."

F. D. NORTH,
Under Secretary.

MODEL BY-LAWS.

Series "A."—*Suitable for adoption by the Councils of the larger Municipal Districts.*

WHEREAS under the provisions of "The Health Act, 1911," a Local Health Authority may make by-laws: Now, therefore, the Municipal Council, being the Local Health Authority for the Municipal District of , do hereby make the following By-laws:—

Interpretation.

In these by-laws the terms specified hereunder shall bear the meaning defined, unless the context indicates otherwise:—

"Act" means the Health Act, 1911-1912.

"Approved" shall mean approved by the Medical Officer of Health or by an Inspector.

"Local Authority" shall mean the Municipal Council of

"District" shall mean the Municipal District of , and includes any area placed under the jurisdiction of the Local Authority pursuant to Section 21 of "The Health Act, 1911-12."

PART I.—GENERAL SANITARY PROVISIONS.

EARTH CLOSETS AND PRIVIES.

1. No person shall construct or cause to be constructed any earth closet or privy which does not comply with the following conditions:—

- (a) It shall not be within 20 feet of any dwelling-house or tank, nor within 50 feet of any other water supply, nor within 50 feet of the milking shed or milk room of any dairy, and shall be so constructed that the pan may be withdrawn from the rear of the convenience.
- (b) The walls shall be of stone, brick, or other approved material.
- (c) There shall be at least two ventilating openings, of 50 square inches in area, one in each of two opposite walls, and situated six feet above the floor level.
- (d) The roof shall be of galvanised iron, or other impervious material.
- (e) The door shall be hung so that there is, when the door is closed, a clear space of at least three inches above and below it.
- (f) The floor shall be of approved impervious material, and shall have a uniform fall of one in 30 from front to back; and its upper surface shall be not less than six inches above the level of the ground adjoining.
- (g) The seat shall be hinged with its under surface 15 inches above the floor.
- (h) A hinged aperture cover shall be provided to the seat, so fixed that it will not remain raised unless held up.
- (i) The riser shall be removable, and shall cease three inches above the floor.
- (j) Guide bars one and a half inches thick shall be fixed to the under side of the seat from the front to the back of the panstead; the inner edges shall be parallel, and 15 inches apart, and shall be so placed as to direct the pan immediately below the centre of the aperture of the seat.
- (k) A service door shall be provided in the rear wall of the convenience, through which the pan must be withdrawn.
- (l) A metal pipe of not less than three inches in diameter shall be provided, opening at one end under the seat, and projecting at the other at least one foot above the roof, the top being surmounted by a cowl: the pipe to be of uniform bore throughout, and free from bends.

URINALS.

2. No person shall construct or cause to be constructed a urinal, which does not comply with the following conditions:—

- (a) The walls shall be composed of or faced with some impervious material, approved by the Local Authority.
- (b) The floor shall be constructed of approved material, finished so as to be impervious, and have a fall of not less than one in 30 to a drain constructed at one side of such floor; the drain to be composed of similar material; such drain shall discharge to a trapped gully, connected by a glazed earthenware pipe of sufficient size to a sewer, or if there be no sewer then, if ordered by the Local Authority, to an excavation of not less than three feet in diameter and not less than four feet in depth, filled to a depth of three feet with coke breeze, small stones, or other similar material.
- (c) The roof shall be of impervious material, and so arranged that there is an opening on all sides between the top of the walls and the lower side of the roof of not less than six inches.
- (d) A "U" shaped trough shall be provided, placed against one of the walls, and composed or faced with galvanised iron, not thinner than 20 gauge, or some other approved impervious material, discharging in an approved manner to a sewer, or to a sanitary pan, of the pattern prescribed by By-law 7.
- (e) The impervious surface of that side of the trough nearest to the wall shall be continued to a height of not less than two feet above the front edge of the trough; the front edge shall be not less than 24 inches, and not more than 26 inches above the floor level.
- (f) The wall against which the trough is placed to be that wall which is adjacent to the lowest part of the floor.
- (g) A water supply, and such fittings as may be required, for flushing purposes shall be provided to the satisfaction of the Local Authority.

Retrospective application of By-laws.

3. The owner of any premises upon which there is any sanitary convenience which does not comply with the provisions of By-laws 1 and 2 shall, when required by the Local Authority, provide a sanitary convenience which is in accordance with the requirements of the said By-laws, and shall remove from such premises every sanitary convenience which does not comply with the requirements of the said By-laws.

Maintenance of Sanitary Conveniences.

4. The occupier of any premises whereon there is a sanitary convenience shall—

- (a) Maintain such convenience in a cleanly condition.
- (b) When required by an inspector, efficiently disinfect such convenience.

Supply of deodorants to be maintained.

5. Every occupier shall cause to be kept in each earth closet or privy a sufficient supply of approved deodorant, and means for using the same, and shall cause all night-soil or other matter which may be deposited in the pan of such earth closet or privy to be immediately deodorised with a sufficient quantity thereof.

PUBLIC LATRINES.

6. (a) No person shall foul any portion of a public sanitary convenience.
- (b) No person shall stand upon any portion of any such convenience other than the floor.
- (c) Every such convenience shall be provided with a sufficient amount of artificial light, and such light shall be maintained after sunset for such time as such convenience remains open to the public.
- (d) No person shall write upon or otherwise deface any portion of the structure or fittings of any such convenience.

[Note.—If a Local Authority desires to levy any charges for the use of public sanitary conveniences, a By-law to this effect should be inserted here, together with a scale of such charges.]

SANITARY SERVICES AND RECEPTACLES.

7. Every owner of a privy shall provide in connection therewith two pans, and such pans shall conform to the following specifications:—

- (a) They shall be constructed of galvanised iron of not less than 22 gauge.
- (b) They shall be 14½ inches high, and the diameter shall be 13 and one-sixth inches.
- (c) There shall be an iron band around the top one inch by a quarter of an inch, welded at the joint, and secured thereto by four quarter-inch diameter rivets, placed through the band and pan at equal distances apart in the circumference thereof and so as to fit same neatly, and be level across the top.
- (d) The seams of the pan shall be folded, grooved, and sweated with solder.
- (e) There shall be two straps across the bottom, swaged and rivetted thereto, and made of one and a quarter galvanised hoop iron of not less than 20 gauge.
- (f) Two handles of three-eighths of an inch round iron shall be properly rivetted to the external opposite sides at five inches below the top, projecting not more than two inches from the sides thereof.

8. The lid to be used on removal of a pan from a privy shall be of approved design, and so constructed and fitted that when applied and fixed to a pan, no liquids can escape from the latter.

9. The pan shall be removed from each privy at least once in each week.

If more than six and not more than ten persons use such privy, the pan shall be removed at least twice in each week.

If more than ten and not more than fifteen persons use such privy, the pan shall be removed at least three times a week.

If more than fifteen and not more than twenty persons use such privy, the pan shall be removed nightly.

10. The occupier of any premises shall not permit any privy on such premises to be used by more than twenty persons.

11. Notwithstanding the provisions of By-law 9 the pan from any privy shall be removed at such times and with such frequency as an inspector may direct.

Prescribing the method of removing used pans and the replacing of clean ones.

12. (a) Every person removing a pan from a privy shall at once cover the same with an approved tight-fitting lid. He shall then place in the panstead of the privy a clean pan of the pattern described in By-law 7, and such clean pan shall be placed directly under the aperture in the seat, in such a way that the handle of the pan is not in contact with the riser, and the panstead door shall then be closed.

(b) After the lid of a used pan has been placed in position no person shall remove such lid until after the pan has been transported to the site used for the disposal of nightsoil.

(c) On reception at the place of disposal, the contents of each pan shall be emptied and disposed of in the manner prescribed by paragraph (f).

(d) After the pan has been emptied, it and its lid must be thoroughly washed and scrubbed in clean water, and then the inside of such pan and both sides of the lid shall be thoroughly scrubbed in a disinfecting solution, a separate brush being used, and then wholly immersed in a solution of disinfectant having a germicidal value equal to a 5 per cent. solution of pure carbolic acid; or thoroughly cleansed in a steam-tight box or chamber with steam, to be applied to the pan and lid for not less than five minutes.

(e) The interior surface of every pan and the underside of the lids shall, after being thoroughly cleansed, be properly coated with coal tar applied hot, and such coating shall be renewed whenever necessary, so as to properly protect the whole internal surface of the pan and the underside of the lid.

(f) The contents of such pans shall be disposed of by burial in a trench not exceeding two feet in depth, nor two feet in width, and shall within twenty-four hours after being deposited be thoroughly covered with a layer of clean earth of at least six inches in depth.

Rubbish receptacles to be provided.

13. (a) The occupier of every premises shall provide a receptacle, or as many more such receptacles as may be required by an inspector, for holding refuse. Such re-

ceptacle shall be of metal not thinner than twenty-four gauge. Its capacity shall not be less than two and a half cubic feet, nor more than four cubic feet, and so constructed as to be water-tight. It shall be provided with two handles and have a tight-fitting lid with a flange overlapping the top of the bin.

(b) For the purpose of this by-law and By-laws 14 and 15 the term "refuse" does not include slops or liquid waste, and no person shall place any such slops or liquid waste in any such refuse receptacle.

Refuse to be deposited in receptacles.

14. The occupier of every premises shall cause all household refuse to be deposited in such receptacle, and such receptacle shall be maintained in a thoroughly clean and efficient condition, and in a condition to satisfy the requirements of By-law 13, and he shall, when required by an inspector, thoroughly cleanse and disinfect every such receptacle.

Receptacles to be kept covered and emptied weekly.

15. Every occupier shall cause such receptacle to be covered with its lid at all times, except when the lid is removed for the purpose of placing the refuse within the receptacle, and at such times the lid shall be immediately replaced. Every such receptacle shall be emptied once weekly, or so much more frequently as an inspector may direct.

Method of emptying receptacles.

16. The emptying and removal of such receptacle shall be conducted in the following manner:—

- (a) The receptacle shall be emptied into a cart, which shall be either constructed of or lined with some impervious material. Such cart shall be provided with a suitable cover, and during the time such cart is employed in the collection and removal of rubbish the contents shall be kept covered with the said cover.
- (b) When the contents of the rubbish receptacle shall have been placed in such cart the said receptacle shall be returned by the scavenger to the place from which it was taken.

Rubbish not to be placed in street.

17. No person shall place a rubbish receptacle in or upon any street, right-of-way, thoroughfare, lane, or footpath.

Rubbish not to be deposited on public lands.

18. No person shall deposit any filth, dirt, ashes, rubbish, sludge, liquid refuse or offensive matter in or about a street or Crown lands or places under the control of the local authority, except upon such land as is specially set apart for the purpose of such deposit under the provisions of the Act.

Rubbish only to be removed from cart at prescribed places.

19. No person shall remove any rubbish or refuse from a rubbish cart, except at such place or places as shall have been set apart for the purpose.

Method of disposal of rubbish.

20. Upon arrival at the place of disposal all rubbish shall be immediately burnt or buried. If burned the process of burning shall be continued until all organic material has been destroyed, and such process shall be conducted in such a manner as directed by an inspector. If buried, the deposits shall be immediately covered with a layer of clean earth of not less than six inches in depth and be maintained so covered.

Places of deposit of rubbish or nightsoil to be fenced.

21. Every place used for the deposit of faecal matter or refuse shall be securely fenced on all sides, and so as to effectively exclude cows, horses, and other stock from such place.

Responsibility for compliance with certain By-laws.

22. If the local authority itself undertakes the collection, removal, and disposal of nightsoil, urine, and refuse, and other offensive material, then the officers and servants of such local authority shall comply with the provisions of By-laws 8, 9, 11, 12, 16, 20, and 21.

If the local authority contracts for the collection, removal, and disposal of nightsoil, urine, refuse, and other offensive material, then the contractor shall comply with the provisions of the said by-laws.

[Note.—By-law to be adopted where removal is by contract:—

22a. (1.) No person shall be employed by a contractor in the collection and removal of nightsoil, urine, refuse, or other offensive material, unless such person is licensed by the local authority.

(2.) Such license shall be issued upon the following conditions:—

- (a) The applicant shall produce satisfactory evidence of good character.
- (b) The license shall be void if the licensee ceases to be in the employ of the contractor.
- (c) For every breach of the by-laws the licensee shall be subject to a penalty of 5s., and in addition, the local authority may cancel such license, or suspend such license for such terms as it deems fit.]

LIQUID REFUSE.

Liquid refuse—disposal of.

23. The term "liquid refuse" when used in these by-laws shall include bath, kitchen, scullery, laundry, and wash-house or other domestic wastes, also stable washings.

24. The occupier of any premises shall not permit any liquid refuse to be discharged or deposited upon the surface of any street or other land under the control of the local authority, or upon the surface of any part of his premises.

25. The occupier of any premises shall dispose of the liquid refuse produced upon the premises by one of the following methods:—

(1.) By discharging it into a soak well, complying with the following conditions:—

- (a) A sketch plan showing the design, situation, and construction together with the connections with such soak well shall be submitted to and approved in writing by an inspector.
- (b) It shall be at least four feet in diameter and five feet in depth. It shall be lined with bricks laid with open joints and be provided with an impervious cover, which shall have above it at least twelve inches of soil.
- (c) The house fittings shall be to the satisfaction of the medical officer, and each such fittings shall be discharged over an open gully provided with a water-sealed trap.
- (d) From such a trap, liquid wastes shall be conducted direct to the soak well by means of an earthenware drain, circular in shape and at least four inches in diameter and laid with a proper fall.
- (e) The soak well to be ventilated by means of a four-inch diameter galvanised iron pipe erected vertically, carried up to a height of not less than eight feet, or if the soak well is within twelve feet of the wall of a house, the longer pipe shall be carried up at least one foot above the eaves of each house.
- (f) Where there is a series of more than one soak well the earthenware drain from the house shall connect with only one of such wells, and the connection between the well into which the connection discharges and subsequent wells shall be by means of a syphon placed vertically with the curve uppermost, and the inlet and outlet pipes at a height of two feet from the bottom of the respective wells.
- (g) Whenever ordered by an inspector such well shall be emptied, cleansed, and disinfected in such manner and within such time as is specified in the requisition.

(2.) By discharging into an approved ventilated impervious receptacle fitted with a gas-tight cover, which shall comply with the following conditions:—

- (a) The contents of such receptacle shall be removed at such times and in such frequency and in such manner as is directed by an inspector.
- (b) The occupier shall not permit any such receptacle to overflow or become offensive.
- (c) The receptacle shall be situated where directed by an inspector.

[Note.—By-law to be adopted where cost of sanitary services is not covered by rate under Section 40 of the Act, and/or by an annual charge under Section 86:—

SANITARY CHARGES.

25a. The occupier of any premises from which any sanitary service is effected shall, if a charge is not fixed

and collected by a contractor under the provisions of Section 94 of "The Health Act, 1911," pay to the local authority the charges specified in Schedule "A" hereto.]

TRANSPORT OF OFFENSIVE MATERIAL.

26. (a) No person shall remove or transport any offensive matter between the hours of 8 a.m. and 10 p.m.

(b) No person shall remove any pigwash or offensive matter, unless such pigwash or offensive matter be carried in watertight barrels or tanks securely covered to prevent the escape of any of the contents thereof, or the emission of any offensive odour therefrom.

(c) Every person using any tank or barrel or vehicle in the removal of any pigwash or offensive matter shall keep such tank, barrel or vehicle and every vehicle used for the carriage or removal of any such matter, as aforesaid in a thoroughly clean condition, and in good repair.

(d) The provisions of this by-law shall not apply to persons engaged in the removal of refuse as provided by By-law 16.

PREVENTION OF THE USE OF NIGHTSOIL, URINE, ETC., AS MANURE.

27. (a) No person shall use or keep for the purpose of use as manure any nightsoil or urine.

(b) No person at any sanitary depot shall plant vegetable matter for human consumption on any part of such depot in the soil in which there has been deposited any nightsoil, urine, or offensive matter within six weeks.

PREVENTION OF THE USE OF OFFAL AND BLOOD AS MANURE.

28. (a) No person shall transport, deposit, use or store offal or blood for the purpose of being used as manure unless it has been sterilized by steam and properly dried.

(b) No person shall transport, deposit, use or store for use as manure any blood in such a way as to be offensive, or deposit or store such material within one hundred feet of any dwelling house or dairy.

DRIVERS OF CARTS USED IN SANITARY SERVICES NOT TO LOITER IN STREETS, ETC.

29. No driver of any vehicle used in the transport of nightsoil, urine, liquid wastes or offensive matter shall loiter in any street, right-of-way, lane or other public place.

VEHICLES TO BE CLEANSSED.

30. All vehicles used in the carrying out of sanitary services specified in By-laws 12 and 16, shall be daily cleansed and shall be maintained in such a condition as not to be offensive.

NUISANCES.

31. No person shall deposit or permit to remain on the premises any refuse, liquid refuse, or offensive matter.

32. The occupier of any premises shall not permit accumulations of waste water to remain on any part of such premises.

33. The occupier of any premises shall when ordered by an inspector remove any accumulations of building or other material upon such premises, or shall when required by the inspector for the purpose of clearing the ground upon which such accumulations exist, for the purpose of destroying rats, or for any other purpose, so deal with such accumulations as the inspector may direct.

Keeping of Swine.

34. No person shall keep swine within the district.

Stables.

35. The occupier of any premises whereon a horse is kept shall provide a stable which shall comply with the following conditions:—

- (a) It shall not be at any less distance than 20 feet of any dwelling-house, nor less than 50 feet from the milking-shed or milk-room of any dairy.
- (b) The walls shall be constructed of concrete, brick, stone, wood, or galvanised iron.
- (c) The roof shall be constructed of some impervious material.
- (d) There shall be on all sides of the building between the wall and the roof a continuous clear space of at least six inches in height.
- (e) The upper surface of the floor shall be raised at least three inches above the surface of the surrounding ground, and shall be constructed

of granolithic cement, concrete, or some other approved impervious material; it shall have a fall of one in a hundred to a drain.

- (f) The drain shall empty to a trapped gully situated outside the stable, and such gully shall have a fine meshed screen placed over its upper surface, and shall discharge in the manner provided in By-law 2b.
- (g) There shall be provided outside each such stable a receptacle for manure; such receptacle shall be constructed of brick faced with cement or with other approved impervious material; it shall be provided with a tight-fitting cover, and shall be emptied at least once weekly.
- (h) All manure produced on the premises shall be collected daily and placed in the receptacle for manure.
- (i) The stable shall be maintained in a cleanly condition, and shall be cleansed and disinfected when so ordered by an inspector.

36. No stable shall be erected unless and until plans, specification, and site of the proposed stable have been approved of in writing by the medical officer.

Keeping of poultry or pigeons.

37. (a) The occupier of any premises shall not keep any poultry or pigeons, except for the purpose of immediate sale, within that portion of the district embraced within the following boundaries:—

(b) The occupier of any premises shall not keep any pigeons or poultry within 20 feet of any dwelling-house, and where pigeons are kept they shall be continually confined.

(c) All enclosures or cages within which birds of any description are kept shall be maintained at all times in a clean condition, and shall at any time be cleaned, disinfected, or otherwise dealt with as an inspector may direct.

(d) The occupier of any premises whereon any other animals are kept shall at all times maintain all enclosures or structure of any description wherein such animals are confined in a clean condition, and at any time when so directed by an inspector shall immediately cleanse and disinfect any such enclosure or structure.

Disposal of carcasses of animals.

38. The owner or occupier of any premises whereon there is a dead animal shall not dispose of the carcass of such animal on any premises, except at a recognised sanitary site, or on premises approved by the Local Authority for that purpose, and it shall there be disposed of in the manner described for the disposal of rubbish under the provisions of By-law No. 20.

Drainage of land used for building purposes.

39. No person shall erect any dwelling or use as a dwelling-house any building existing upon land which is so situated as not to permit of being drained by gravitation into an existing drain or sewer unless—

- (a) Such land has been covered with clean earth to such depth that every part of the surface of such land is at least one foot above the nearest existing sewer, and unless such land is effectively drained.
- (b) Ventilating openings are provided in each wall below the level of the floor joists; such ventilating openings to be in the proportion of one air brick (nine inches long by six inches high) for each 10 feet length of wall, and such ventilating openings shall not connect with the air cavity in any wall.
- (c) If required by the Local Authority, the surface of the land upon which the house is to be, or is erected, shall be covered with a layer of cement concrete or other specified material of such depth as may be directed.
- (d) The underside of any part of the lowest wooden floor of any such building shall be not less than six inches above the surface of the land.

Sites of new buildings to be thoroughly drained.

40. (a) Every person who shall erect a new building shall cause the intended site of any such building to be properly and thoroughly drained; and he shall cause any soakage or drainage from the adjoining sites or buildings to be completely diverted from the site of such new building.

- (b) He shall cause the whole top of the surface of every foundation wall of such new building to be completely covered with an approved damp course composed of impervious and durable materials.
- (c) He shall cause such damp course to be placed beneath the level of the lowest timbers of the lowest floors of such new building, and if any breaks are made in the horizontal layers of the damp course, such breaks shall be properly connected with damp-proof material.
- (d) He shall cause every part of an external wall of such building which is below the surface of the ground adjoining it and above the damp course to be sufficiently protected from contact with the ground by rendering such part with some approved impervious material, such rendering to extend for three inches above the surface of the ground and three inches below the horizontal damp course.

Buildings to be provided with spouting and downpipes and with drains.

- 41. (a) The owner of every dwelling-house shall cause such dwelling-house, and the owner of any other building shall when so ordered by the Local Authority cause such other building to be provided with spouting and downpipes sufficient to receive without overflowing all rain water flowing into them.
- (b) He shall cause such spouting to be fixed to the eaves of every roof of every building on his premises, so that all rain water flowing from the roof shall be received by such.
- (c) He shall in connection with his premises provide and lay such proper drains, with such falls as shall be sufficient to carry off from such premises all storm or rain water, and he shall maintain all such spouting, downpipes, and drains in good order and efficient action.

Certain space to be allowed in sleeping rooms.

42. No sleeping room in any dwelling-house shall be occupied by such a number of inmates that for every inmate over the age of ten years there is less than five hundred cubic feet of air space, and for every inmate under the age of ten years there is less than three hundred cubic feet of air space, and the occupier of every such dwelling-house shall be responsible for any breach of this By-law.

Air space to be allowed in work rooms, offices, etc.

43. (a) The occupier of every premises shall provide for every person employed upon such premises and in each room of such premises sufficient space for each individual. "Sufficient space" shall mean at least five hundred cubic feet for each such person employed during the hours of daylight, and six hundred cubic feet for each such person employed between sunset and the next succeeding sunrise.

(b) In calculating the total cubic space, deduction shall be made in respect of the space occupied with furniture, fittings, and projections of the walls into the room.

(c) In calculating the available cubic space for each person, each room shall be considered separately, and sufficient air space shall be allowed in each room for the maximum number of persons employed in such room at any one time.

(d) The provisions of this By-law shall not apply in the case of premises the cubic air space of which is provided for by Statute or by any other By-law.

Ventilation of houses.

44. No person shall erect any house unless such house is ventilated in every part and room thereof in the ratio of 24 square inches of inlet and 24 square inches of outlet of uncontrolled ventilating area to each hundred square feet of floor area.

The inlet ventilating openings shall be placed so as to deliver air at a height of from six feet six inches to eight feet above the floor, and the outlet ventilating openings shall be placed in the ceiling, and such outlets shall communicate with the outer air, either by gable vents of an adequate area, or by shafts projecting through the roof, and surmounted by cowls.

The situation of ventilating openings, and the general arrangement of the ventilation, shall be subject to the approval of the Medical Officer.

Application of By-law may be made retrospective.

45. The owner of any house erected prior to the coming into operation of these By-laws shall, when so directed by the Local Authority, ventilate such house in the manner provided in By-law No. 44.

Registration of Plumbers and Gasfitters.

46. (a.) No person shall carry on the trade of gas-fitter or plumber unless he is registered with the Local Authority.

(b) No such registration shall be granted unless the applicant therefor produces evidence of competency and of good character to the satisfaction of the Local Authority, and shall have deposited with the Local Authority the sum of £5, which shall, if necessary, be utilised by the Local Authority in remedying or making good any defects ascertained by the Local Authority to exist in any work which has been performed by the person registered.

Expectoration.

47. No person shall expectorate in any public place or in or upon any public vehicle, excepting into vessels which are specially provided for the purpose of receiving expectoration.

Manufacture of Flock.

48. No person shall use for the manufacture of flock any material other than new material, unless such material, before it is used, be subjected to a moist heat at a temperature of 212deg. Fahrenheit, and maintained at such temperature for a period of not less than 20 minutes, the heat to be applied in such a manner that every part of the material is maintained at the temperature for the time specified.

Storage of Rags, etc.

49. Any person using or storing rags or other materials in marine stores, flock, bedding or furniture manufacturing, shall keep or store the same so as not to be a nuisance, or injurious or dangerous to health, and shall whenever required so to do by an inspector disinfect any such rags or other materials in such manner and at such place as is directed by an inspector.

Maintenance of footways and pavements.

50. The occupier of any premises shall maintain the footways or pavements immediately adjacent to his premises in a clean condition.

Maintenance of public vehicles.

51. The owner of any public vehicle shall maintain such vehicle at all times in a clean condition, and shall when required to do so by an inspector thoroughly cleanse and disinfect such vehicle in the manner prescribed by such inspector.

Water Tanks, maintenance and cleansing of.

52. (a) The occupier of any premises, the water supply of which is drawn or partly drawn from tanks, shall maintain the roof forming the catchment for such tanks, together with the spouting and down pipes appurtenant to such roof in a clean condition, and shall at least once in each year, during the months of April or May, thoroughly clean any tank, the water from which is used for human consumption.

(b) He shall also, when ordered by an inspector, empty, cleanse, and disinfect any tank upon his premises, the water of which is used for human consumption.

(c) Every such tank shall be fitted with a tight fitting cover.

Wells, construction and maintenance of.

53. The occupier of any premises shall not use the water of any well for human consumption, unless such well complies with the following conditions:—

- (a) It shall be at least 100 feet from any soak well, or any other probable source of pollution.
- (b) It shall be lined with impervious material to a depth of six feet below the surface of the ground, and such lining shall be carried up to a height of at least 12 inches above the surface of the ground adjacent to such well.
- (c) The well shall be covered with a tight-fitting cover, and such cover shall have no other opening than is essential for the insertion of a pump.
- (d) The surface of the ground immediately adjacent to such well shall be covered with impervious material for a distance of at least two feet around such well in all directions.

Precautions against mosquitoes.

54. The owner, tenant, or occupier of every premises shall, upon being so required by the Local Authority, provide tight-fitting covers to all tanks on his premises, and all manholes, gratings, and other apertures in such tanks shall be so fitted as to prevent the ingress of mosquitoes.

55. The owner, tenant, or occupier of any premises on which there are pools or other accumulations of water liable to act as breeding places for mosquitoes, shall, upon being required by an inspector either fill in or apply kerosene to the surface of such pools or other accumulations at intervals of not more than ten days, at the rate of one pint to every twenty square yards of surface, or in such lesser or larger quantities as may from time to time be required by an Inspector.

Penalties for Breaches of By-laws.

56. Where anything by this part of the By-laws is directed to be done or forbidden to be done, or where authority is given to any officer to direct anything to be done or to forbid anything to be done, and such act so directed to be done remains undone or such act forbidden to be done is done, in every such case the person making default as to such direction and prohibition respectively shall be deemed guilty of a breach of this part of the said By-laws. And every person guilty of a breach of this part of the said By-laws shall be liable for every such offence, besides any cost or expenses which may be incurred in the taking of proceedings against such person guilty of such offence, to a penalty not exceeding Twenty pounds for every breach of any such By-law, or to a penalty not exceeding Two pounds for each day during which such breach shall be committed or continued, and in addition to such penalty shall be liable to pay to the Local Authority any expense incurred by such authority in consequence of any breach or non-observance of any by-law, or in the execution of any work directed to be executed and not so executed.

Schedule A.—By-law 25a.

Charges to be paid by the occupier of any premises in respect of which any of the undermentioned services are performed:—

- (a) For the removal of each sanitary pan, and replacing it by a clean pan, at per pan
- (b) For the removal of rubbish, at per load ..
- (c) For the removal of rubbish, at per four cubic feet
- (d) For the removal of liquid refuse, at per 20 gallons
- (e) For the removal of urine, at per 20 gallons ..
- (f) For the removal of trade refuse, at per load ..
- (g) For the removal and disposal of each carcase of a horse, ox, or cow
- (h) For the removal and disposal of each carcase of a calf, sheep, or goat
- (i) For the removal and disposal of each carcase of a dog, cat, or other animal ..

PART II.—INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Inspection of premises.

1. An inspector shall visit all premises in the district at least once in each period of six months, and so much more frequently as may be necessary, and immediately after every such inspection shall submit a report to the Local Authority on the condition of such premises, specifying any breach of the provisions of the Act or the Regulations or By-laws made thereunder.

Cleansing and disinfection of premises.

2. The occupier of any premises shall cleanse and disinfect such premises or any part thereof at such times and in such manner as the inspector may direct.

Contacts liable to restrictions.

3. After it has been found that a person in any house is suffering from an infectious disease, any inmate of such house, or any person who enters or quits such house, shall be deemed to be a contact, and shall be liable to restrictions, and obey such instructions as the Local Authority or its Medical Officer may direct or issue, and may be removed to an isolated place provided for that purpose; and if so removed, shall remain in such place for such period as the Medical Officer may direct.

Premises may be declared "isolated."

4. For the prevention of the spread of infectious disease, the Local Authority may from time to time declare any house or premises to be infected, and no person shall quit or enter any house or premises which has been declared by the Local Authority to be infected, without the written consent of such authority.

Disinfection of personal effects.

5. When required by the Medical Officer, any person shall attend at such place as the said officer shall indicate, for the purpose of the disinfection of his body, clothing, and effects, in such manner as may be directed by the Medical Officer.

Occupier to permit disinfection.

6. The occupier of any premises whereon any case of infectious disease has occurred shall, when required by the inspector, permit such inspector to disinfect the premises or any part thereof and any articles therein.

Premises upon which infectious disease reported, to be inspected.

7. Upon receipt of a notification of a case of infectious disease, an inspector shall visit the premises whereon the case has occurred, and shall make inquiries as to the mode of contraction of infection, the means taken for preventing the spread of infection, and any other circumstances in connection with the occurrence of the case, and shall immediately after the removal of the patient, or if treated upon the premises, immediately after such patient is declared to be convalescent, disinfect such premises or such portion thereof, and also such articles therein as he deems necessary or as the Medical Officer may direct.

Insanitary buildings to be destroyed.

8. The owner of any premises shall, when required by the Local Authority, destroy any insanitary house, building, or thing, or shall execute such amendments to such house, building, or thing as may be required by the Local Authority.

Infected animals to be destroyed.

9. The occupier of any premises shall, on being so ordered by a Local Authority, immediately destroy any infected animal which may be his possession or upon premises occupied by him.

Destruction of rats.

10. The owner, tenant, or occupier of every premises shall, at all times, destroy any rats or mice therein, and such method for destruction shall be used as may be directed or approved by the Local Authority.

Preventing the harbourage of rats.

11. The owner, tenant, or occupier of any premises shall, when so ordered by the Local Authority, carry out within the time specified such structural and other alterations thereto and to the drains thereof as may be directed, so as to render the buildings and drains sanitary, and to prevent the same being accessible to or a harbourage for rats.

Disposal of body of person dead of an infectious disease.

12. The occupier of any premises whereon there lies the body of any person who has died of an infectious disease shall cause such body to be buried or disposed of in such method, within such time and with such precautions as may be directed by the Medical Officer, provided that no such body shall be removed from the premises where death occurred except to a cemetery.

Medical Officer may examine persons.

13. The Medical Officer may enter any house and examine bacteriologically or otherwise any inmate of such house, or any person found thereon at the time of such visit, for the purpose of ascertaining whether such inmate or person is suffering from an infectious disease or is a medium for the transmission of an infectious disease, and such person shall submit to such examination and shall permit the Medical Officer to remove such specimens as he considers necessary to a proper examination.

Certificates in cases of diphtheria.

14. When under Section 238 of the Act a medical certificate is given as applying to a case of diphtheria, the certificate must specify that a bacteriological examination has been made with a negative result.

Certificates on return of children to school.

15. No parent shall send to school any child who has been suffering from an infectious disease or who has been in contact with any person who has been so suffering unless a certificate has been obtained from a medical practitioner and is presented to the head teacher of the school to which the child is sent, certifying that such child is free from infection. Any such certificate shall be approved and endorsed by the Medical Officer.

Special pan service.

16. (a) Whenever required by an inspector a special pan service shall be maintained by the Local Authority or the contractor, as the case may be, at any premises. Such service shall consist of a duplicate pan of the type described in By-law 7, Part I., and the exterior of such special pan shall be painted yellow or red; such pan shall be treated at the sanitary site separately from the other pans, and its contents before burial shall be thoroughly mixed with an equal quantity of a disinfecting solution equal in strength to 5 per cent. pure carbolic acid.

(b) When any pan is left at premises as above-mentioned, it shall contain sufficient disinfecting solution of the above strength to cover the bottom of such pan to a depth of at least one inch.

Special disinfection in typhoid cases.

17. The occupier of every premises whereon a case of typhoid fever exists shall disinfect or cause to be disinfected all discharges of the patient before such discharges are placed in the pan provided in accordance with the preceding By-law.

Library books.

18. (a) The person in charge of any library shall not lend a book to any person residing at a house wherein there is any case of infectious disease.

(b) Any person residing at a house where a case of infectious disease occurs and who has in his possession any book obtained from any lending library shall, before returning such book to any library, disinfect the said book.

Penalties for breaches of By-laws.

19. Where anything by this part of the By-laws is directed to be done or forbidden to be done, or where authority is given to any officer to direct anything to be done or to forbid anything to be done, and such act so directed to be done remains undone or such act forbidden to be done is done, in every such case the person making default as to such direction and prohibition respectively shall be deemed guilty of a breach of this part of the said By-laws. And every person guilty of a breach of this part of the said By-laws shall be liable, for every such offence, besides any costs or expenses which may be incurred in the taking of proceedings against such person guilty of such offence, to a penalty not exceeding Twenty pounds for every breach of any such By-law, or to a penalty not exceeding Two pounds for each day during which such breach shall be committed or continued, and in addition to such penalty shall be liable to pay to the Local Authority any expense incurred by such authority in consequence of any breach or non-observance of any By-law, or in the execution of any work directed to be executed and not so executed.

PART III.—PRIVATE HOSPITALS.

1. (a) For the purpose of these by-laws "Private hospitals" shall be divided into the following classes:—

"A."—Hospitals in which medical, surgical, and maternity cases and also cases of tuberculosis, beri-beri, or any of the fevers known by the following names—typhoid or enteric, malarial, dengue, or Malta fever—are treated.

"B."—Hospitals in which the following cases are treated:—Cerebro spinal meningitis, scarlatina or scarlet fever, diphtheria, membranous croup, puerperal fever, septicaemia, pyaemia, erysipelas, purulent ophthalmia, measles, chicken-pox, and mumps.

2. A keeper of a private hospital may be granted registration of a hospital under Class "A" and also under Class "B" provided always that that portion of the premises set apart for the treatment of cases under Class "B" shall comply with all the by-laws relating to that class of hospital, and that a separate staff is maintained. A distance of not less than thirty feet shall separate the buildings used for the treatment of cases specified in Class "A" and Class "B" respectively.

3. Every person who occupies or conducts any private hospital shall, within one week of the coming into operation of these by-laws, and thereafter during the first week in January in each year, make application for registration in the form set out in Schedule "A" hereto.

4. The applicant shall cause notice of such application to be published in a newspaper, and the local authority shall not give consideration to any such application until one month has elapsed after the publication of such notice.

5. (a.) Every person who, after the coming into operation of these by-laws, intends to open, occupy, or conduct any private hospital, shall, before opening, occupying, or conducting any such private hospital, make application for registration thereof in the manner prescribed in By-law No. 3 hereof.

6. No application for registration shall be granted unless the premises in respect of which registration is sought comply with the following conditions:—

(a) Hospitals in Class "A" shall be so situated that the building used as the hospital shall, on all sides, have between it and the boundary of the land used for the purposes of a hospital, a clear space of not less than fifteen feet.

Hospitals in Class "B" shall be so situated that the building used as the hospital shall, on all sides, have between it and the boundary of the land used for the purposes of a hospital, a clear space of not less than thirty feet.

(b) Every room to be occupied by one or more patients shall have at least one thousand cubic feet of air space and one hundred square feet of floor area and eight feet of lineal wall space for each patient, and if the floor be of wood, the bottom edges of the ground floor joists of every such room shall be at least nine inches above the ground, and the space under every such floor sufficiently ventilated.

(c) Every such room shall be separately and independently and efficiently ventilated to the external air.

(d) Every such room shall be provided with windows in the external walls having a ratio of one square foot of clear glass to each ten square feet of floor area.

(e) Every such room is constructed so as to be readily isolated.

(f) Every wall of such room shall be properly protected immediately above the foundations by a durable damp course.

(g) The inner surfaces of every wall and every ceiling shall be so constructed that they can without sustaining injury be frequently washed or disinfected.

(h) The angles which are formed by one wall with any other wall and by any wall with the ceiling, shall be rounded.

(i) The external walls shall be weather-proof, the roof water-tight, and properly provided with gutters and down-pipes.

(j) The drainage of the premises shall be sufficient and satisfactory and in accordance with the by-laws of the local authority.

(k) The water supply shall be abundant and wholesome.

(l) Ablutionary appliances shall be provided of such number and so arranged as the medical officer may prescribe.

(m) A laundry with all necessary appliances, sufficient to cleanse and disinfect all bedding, body clothing, linen, napery and other similar articles shall be provided.

(n) At least three-fifths of the area of the site shall be unbuilt upon and open to the sky.

7. Upon the receipt by the local authority of an application for the registration of any premises as a private hospital, it shall direct inquiries to be made respecting the application and the applicant, and if, after such inquiry, and upon the receipt from the medical officer of a certificate in the form of Schedule "B" hereto it appears to the local authority that all the conditions and reservations of the preceding by-laws are satisfied, it may grant the application for registration and issue to the applicant a certificate of registration; subject however to any conditions it may think fit to impose with respect

to the maximum number of patients that shall be lodged in such hospital at any one time, the number of certificated nurses to be employed in such hospital, and the period for which such registration is granted.

8. The certificate of registration granted in the name of the applicant as aforesaid shall be in the form set out in Schedule "C" hereto, and shall not be transferable except with the consent in writing of the local authority.

Every such registration shall operate only during the current calendar year, and after the thirty-first day of December of that year the premises shall, unless re-registered, become unregistered.

9. The local authority may revoke or cancel any registration of a private hospital if the person conducting such hospital or anyone in the employ of such person shall commit any breach or infringement of or shall neglect or fail to observe any of the by-laws; or such registration may be suspended, revoked, or cancelled by the local authority upon the recommendation of its medical officer.

10. The inspector shall at least once in each period of three months inspect every such private hospital and report to the local authority.

11. Every person conducting or keeping a private hospital shall—

(a) At all times give access to every part of such premises to the medical officer, inspector, or any person appointed by the local authority in that behalf, and afford any such officer all reasonable assistance that may for the purpose of inspection be required of him, and shall permit any such medical officer to see and examine any patient in consultation with the medical attendant.

(b) Flush and disinfect all drains upon the premises at least once in every day and cause all such drains to be maintained in good order and efficient action.

(c) Provide and at all times keep upon such premises, in efficient order, all materials and appliances necessary for the use of the inmates and staff, or that may be directed by the medical officer to be furnished.

(d) At all times exercise a close personal supervision of the premises and the persons employed therein or thereon, and cause all orders or directions of the medical practitioner in charge of the treatment of any patient to be faithfully and diligently carried out.

(e) The keeper of every such private hospital shall not be absent from the premises for more than one week at any time without the written consent of the medical officer.

(f) Forthwith carry out all orders or directions that may be given from time to time by the inspector relating to the sanitary arrangements, the collection or disposal of excrementitious matters, refuse, and liquid or other wastes.

(g) At all times keep all household linen, beds, bedding, furniture, cutlery, crockery, cooking and other utensils, and all other things used in the conduct or management of such hospital, thoroughly clean and disinfected, and when required by the medical officer shall disinfect any or all of the said things.

(h) Not permit persons of different sexes to occupy the same room, except married couples or children under the age of ten years.

(i) Not permit more than one married couple to occupy the same room.

(j) Cause all refuse or condemned linen or clothing to be burnt on the premises in such a manner as may be directed by an inspector.

(k) Provide separate approved airtight receptacles into which all used surgical dressings, human tissues or fluids other than those already provided for in these by-laws shall be placed, and all such special refuse shall be burnt.

12. (a) The keeper of a hospital of Class "A" shall not permit any maternity or surgical cases to be treated in the same ward as any other class of case, but any maternity case or cases and any surgical case or cases respectively shall be treated in a separate ward and by a separate staff.

(b) Should any of the diseases specified to be treated in a Class "B" hospital arise in a Class "A" hospital, then the keeper of such hospital shall cause such case to be immediately removed from the hospital; or if the condition of the patient is such that this cannot be

done, then no maternity case shall be admitted and treated in the building in which the infectious case is being treated.

(c) Should any case of puerperal fever be admitted to a Class "B" hospital when any other case is under treatment in such hospital, then such case of puerperal fever shall be treated in a separate ward and by a separate staff.

13. Every person conducting or keeping a private hospital shall enter in a book, hereinafter called the case book, particulars concerning all patients received into such hospital, and shall at all times permit the medical officer or inspector of the local authority to inspect such case book.

14. Every such person shall cause to be recorded in such case book the full name, age, sex, and address of every patient, state whether such patient is married or single; also a short history of the patient while in such hospital, giving in particular the date of admission, the nature of any disease manifest at the time of admission or afterwards, any operation performed with the name of the operator or operators, and the result of such operation, and the date when the patient left the hospital, or, in the event of death occurring, the date of such death.

15. Every such person shall cause to be recorded in such case book, in case of confinement, the date and a short history of such confinement, the result of such confinement, both at the time of delivery and during the subsequent stay in the hospital, and the sex and condition of the infant.

16. Every such person shall cause to be recorded in such case book, in all cases in which a patient has been under the professional care of a medical practitioner, or under the charge of a nurse, the name and address of the medical practitioner or of the nurse.

17. (a) Every such person shall, whenever any infectious or contagious disease occurs in such hospital, immediately report the fact to the local authority.

(b) He shall cause any patient in such hospital discovered or suspected to be suffering from any infectious or contagious disease to be separated or isolated from all other patients in such hospital.

(c) He shall carry out the requirements of the medical officer and execute all such cleansing and disinfecting as may be directed by him.

(d) No such person shall suffer or permit a greater number of patients to be in any hospital than the number mentioned in his certificate of registration.

18. Every person conducting a private hospital shall maintain at all times a sufficient number of nurses and assistants in such hospital.

Penalties for breaches of By-laws.

19. Where anything by this part of the By-laws is directed to be done or forbidden to be done, or where authority is given to any officer to direct anything to be done or to forbid anything to be done, and such act so directed to be done remains undone or such act forbidden to be done is done, in every such case the person making default as to such direction and prohibition respectively shall be deemed guilty of a breach of this part of the said By-laws. And every person guilty of a breach of this part of the said By-laws shall be liable, for every such offence, besides any costs or expenses which may be incurred in the taking of proceedings against such person guilty of such offence, to a penalty not exceeding Twenty pounds for every breach of any such By-law, or to a penalty not exceeding Two pounds for each day during which such breach shall be committed or continued, and in addition to such penalty shall be liable to pay to the Local Authority any expense incurred by such authority in consequence of any breach or non-observance of any By-law, or in the execution of any work directed to be executed and not so executed.

SCHEDULE "A."

To the Town Clerk,

I hereby apply for registration of the following premises as a private hospital under the by-laws of the Local Authority:—

Exact situation.....
Dimensions of ground.....
Materials of building.....
Number of rooms for patients.....

Measurements of each room.....
Number of other rooms.....
Number of storeys.....
Method of drainage.....
Source of water supply.....
Classes of cases to be admitted.....
Full names of applicant.....
Occupation.....
Address.....
Date.....Signature.....

SCHEDULE "B."

Application to license premises as a Private Hospital.— Certificate of Medical Officer of Health.

I,....., Medical Officer of Health to the Local Health Authority, do hereby certify that I have inspected the premises situated on Town Lot..... and known as.....

I further certify that such premises are in every way fit to be registered as a Private Hospital, and that due and proper provision has been made for the observance of the by-laws of the Local Authority.

Dated this.....day of....., 191 .

.....
Medical Officer of Health.

SCHEDULE "C."

This is to certify.....has been granted registration in respect of those premises situated atas a private hospital for the treatment of a maximum number of patients of..... until the 31st day of December next ensuing, subject to the by-laws of the Local Authority now in force or hereafter to be made.

By order of the.....Local Authority,

.....
Town Clerk.

PART IV.—DAIRIES AND MILK SHOPS.

Interpretation.

1. "Dairyman" means any person being the owner or having the care or control of any cow or goat from which the milk (or the cream, butter, or cheese therefrom) is sold or otherwise disposed of to any other person.

"Vendor" means any person, other than a dairyman, who handles, sells, stores or otherwise disposes of any milk (or the cream, butter, or cheese made therefrom on the premises) and includes any person keeping a milk shop or milk store.

"Stockyard" means any yard in which dairy cattle are kept, and includes all parts of the premises of a cow-keeper within one hundred feet of any milk room or milking shed, whether fenced or not, to which cattle or other stock have access.

"Dairy Cattle" shall include cows and goats, whether actually in milk or not, and any bull or hegoat running with any herd of cows or goats.

2. (a) Every person who, at the coming into operation of these By-laws, is carrying on the business of a dairyman or vendor, and whose premises are not registered with the Local Authority, shall within one month make application to the Local Authority for license to carry on such trade, for registration of the premises whereon such trade is carried on.

(b) Every person who, after the coming into operation of these By-laws, desires to commence the trade of a dairyman or vendor shall, prior to commencing such trade, make application to the Local Authority for a license to carry on such trade, and for the registration of the premises whereon such trade is carried on.

(c) Every such application shall be made to the Local Authority in the form of Schedule "A," and upon the granting of any such application, a license and registration shall be issued in the form of Schedule "B" hereto.

3. (a) During the first week in January of each year every person carrying on the trade of a dairyman or vendor shall apply for a license to carry on such trade and for registration of the premises whereon such trade is conducted, in the form of Schedule "A."

(b) Upon the granting of any such application a license and registration in the form of Schedule "B" shall be furnished by the Local Authority.

Every license and registration effected under this and the preceding by-law shall operate only during the current calendar year.

4. Every person making application as provided in By-laws 2 and 3 shall lodge a fee in accordance with the scale set out in Schedule "C" hereto, and upon the refusal of any such application shall be entitled to the return of such fee.

Provided that if the license and registration for any year shall commence on or after the first day of July of that year, only one-half of the fee shall be paid by the applicant.

5. (a) Every dairyman or occupier of grazing ground upon which dairy cattle are depastured, and every person for the time being having the control or care of any such premises, shall afford the Medical Officer or any inspector all reasonable assistance that may, for the purpose of inspecting such premises, be required of him.

(b) He shall, upon being directed in writing so to do by any Medical Officer, forthwith remove his dairy cattle from any portion of the grazing ground upon which they may be depasturing, or from any part of any premises occupied by him, if such grazing land or premises is likely to prejudicially affect the milk or dairy cattle.

(c) He shall not, until permission in writing is given him by such Medical Officer, permit or suffer any of his dairy cattle to graze or be depastured upon such prohibited land, or re-occupy such prohibited premises.

(d) He shall, whenever required so to do and within a time to be specified by an inspector, muster all his dairy cattle and confine them in a stockyard to be named, or bail them in the milking shed, as may be directed by any such inspector as aforesaid, and he shall also otherwise assist, as may be required, in any inspection, examination or test of the said cattle when so mustered or bailed.

6. (a) Every dairyman shall cause every stockyard and stable upon his premises or used by him to be properly drained.

(b) He shall provide sufficient stabling accommodation for the horses kept on the premises, and such stabling shall be disconnected from and be at least 50 feet distant from the milking shed, or the milk room, or any place where milk is stored.

(c) He shall not suffer or permit any animal other than dairy cattle to be at any time in his milking shed or in any place where milk is kept.

(d) He shall not suffer or permit any dung or manure, offensive liquid, or offensive or noxious matter of any kind to accumulate or remain upon his premises.

7. (a) No person shall erect or permit or suffer to be erected any fowl-house or enclosure for fowls within fifty feet of any milking shed, milk room, or place where milk is stored or kept.

(b) No dairyman or vendor shall permit any live poultry to be at large upon any part of the premises used in connection with his business, and shall, when so ordered by an inspector, confine such live poultry within approved enclosures.

8. (a) No person shall erect or permit or suffer to be erected any piggery or enclosure for swine within one hundred feet of any milking shed, milk room, or place where milk is stored or kept.

9. Every dairyman or vendor shall provide and maintain sanitary conveniences as provided by By-law 1 of Part 1. He shall not have any sanitary convenience within fifty feet of a milking shed, or milk room, or any place where milk is stored or kept.

Feeding of Animals.

10. (a) No dairyman shall serve or permit or suffer to be served to his cows or goats as food any musty, unsound, decayed, or unwholesome food, or any food which may injuriously affect the milk or health of such cows or goats, and if at any time an inspector has reasonable grounds for considering that any cattle-food in or upon the premises is unsound, or unfit for use as food, he may require the dairyman to remove such food, and such dairyman shall thereupon remove such food from the premises.

(b) He shall not permit or suffer any dry or dusty food to be fed to any animal in the milking shed while milking is in progress.

Water Supply.

11. (a) Every dairyman shall keep in or connection with every milking shed or stockyard in his occupation an abundant supply of wholesome water.

(b) He shall cause every such milking shed or stockyard to be provided with approved receptacles of suffi-

cient capacity for watering his dairy cattle, and every such receptacle shall be maintained in good repair and kept clean, and constantly supplied with wholesome water.

(c) He shall cause any tank or other receptacle which may be provided for storing water to be emptied and cleansed from time to time, as often as may be necessary, to prevent the contamination of any water that may be stored therein.

(d) If the water used by him for dairy purposes is obtained from a well, spring, stream, or any other natural source, he shall prevent any such source of supply being contaminated on his premises.

(e) He shall not suffer nor permit any of his dairy cattle to have access to impure or contaminated water.

Milking Shed.

12. (a) Every dairyman shall provide a proper milking shed in which his cows shall be milked, and such milking shed shall be roofed of approved material, so that the roof is weatherproof, and the lowest part of such roof shall be not less than seven feet in the clear above the floor, and such shed shall be efficiently ventilated to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer or inspector.

(b) He shall cause the floor of such milking shed to be constructed of good, durable, non-absorbent materials laid upon a sound, solid foundation so as to be permanently watertight and evenly graded with proper slopes, which shall be in the direction opposite to the feeding trough, to impervious open drains or channels laid the whole length of the shed or structure, and of such width as to permit of being readily cleansed with a broom; and no part of the surface of such floor shall be at less than three inches above the adjoining ground.

(c) He shall cause such open drains or channels to discharge to a trapped gully, situated outside the milking shed, or to a covered impervious receptacle of sufficient capacity to contain at least one day's flow of drainage, which receptacle shall not be less than twenty feet distant from such milking shed and from any milkroom.

(d) He shall cause every wholly enclosed milking shed in his occupation to be sufficiently lighted by suitable openings in its walls or roof.

(e) He shall not permit any feed-mixing bin to be within such milking shed.

Milk Room.

13. Every dairyman and every vendor shall provide on his premises a detached room, which shall comply with the following conditions:—

(a) It shall be at least ten feet from any milking shed.

(b) It shall be at least six feet square in area, and eight feet in height measured from the top of the finished floor to the lowest part of the roof or ceiling.

(c) The floor shall be paved with impervious material laid so that the lowest part of its surface is at least six inches above the adjacent ground. It shall have a fall of not less than one in one hundred and twenty to an impervious channel, discharging over a trapped gully outside the building and properly connected to a drain, or to an impervious receptacle of ample dimensions situate at least ten feet from the room and from the milking shed. The surface of such floor shall be finished smoothly and evenly, so as to afford no lodgment for liquids.

(d) The room shall be sufficiently ventilated and lighted.

(e) All exterior openings shall be fitted with fine fly-proof screens, constructed of suitable material, and the door shall be hung so as to be self-closing.

(f) The walls and roof shall be constructed of approved materials, and the external surfaces of the walls, if such walls are not constructed of stone, brick, or concrete, and the external surface of the roof, if of metal, shall be properly painted with an approved refrigerating paint, and shall be repainted with a similar material whenever necessary or whenever ordered by an inspector.

(g) The internal wall surfaces, the ceiling, or if there is no ceiling, then the underside of the roof shall be covered with hard, smooth, and impervious material, and finished so as to afford no lodgment for dirt.

- (h) The woodwork of the doors, the windows and their frames shall be properly painted, and fitted so as to be fly-proof.
- (i) The shelves, benches, tables, racks or other fittings of such room shall be made of smoothly dressed wood or other approved material, and so fitted that they may be readily removed for cleansing purposes.
- (j) The room shall be equipped with sufficient milk strainers of approved material and design, and with an approved cooler and refrigerator, which shall be properly connected with a cold water supply.
- (k) The dairyman or vendor shall at all times maintain such room and all its fittings and utensils in good order and repair, and scrupulously clean in every part, both inside and outside, and secure the removal and exclusion of flies from its interior.
- (l) He shall not suffer nor permit such room to be used for any purpose other than the handling or housing of the milk or the storage of milk vessels.
- (m) He shall, whenever required to do so, pave the ground immediately surrounding the milk room with a layer of not less than three inches thick of approved material, and to a width of at least six feet.
- (n) He shall cause every vessel or utensil used by him for containing milk, when not in actual use in the collecting or distribution of milk, or in the process of being cleansed, to be stored in such milk room.
- (o) He shall not allow sour milk to remain in the milk room.

Precautions in regard to Milking.

14. (a) Every dairyman or vendor shall protect the milk from infection or contamination during the process of milking.

(b) He shall immediately prior to the milking of any animal cause the udder and teats of such animal, and the adjacent part of the animal's skin to be thoroughly cleansed, and the hands of the person milking such animal to be first thoroughly cleansed, for which purpose suitable appliances shall be provided by him in a convenient situation.

(c) He shall cause the milk drawn from any animal on his premises (except as hereinafter mentioned) to be forthwith taken to the milk room, and there immediately strained and cooled.

(d) He shall not mix with any milk intended to be used for human consumption, the milk from any animal within thirty days before or five days after parturition, nor shall he mix with any milk intended for human consumption the first jets of milk drawn from any teat.

(e) He shall not allow any of his animals to be excited by hard driving, abuse, or harsh treatment.

Care of Milk during transport, storage, etc.

15. (a) Every dairyman or vendor shall take all reasonable and proper precautions in and in connection with the housing, storage, carriage, transport or distribution of milk to prevent the exposure of the milk to any infection or contamination, or to anything likely to prove injurious or deleterious to it.

(b) He shall not deposit nor keep any milk, or any milk vessel, implement, or article used in his trade or in connection therewith—

in any room or place where it or they would be liable to become contaminated by impure air, or by any offensive, noxious or deleterious gas or substance; or

in any room used as a kitchen, bedroom, or living room; or

in any room or building or part of a building communicating directly by door, window, ventilation, or otherwise with any room used as a bedroom, living room, or kitchen, or in which there may be any person suffering from any infectious or contagious disease, or which may have been used by any person suffering from any such disease, and may not have been properly disinfected; or

in any room or building or part of a building in which there may be any drain inlet.

(c) He shall not house, store, or keep any vessels, utensils, receptacles, coolers or any articles used by him to contain or treat milk, within one hundred feet of an offensive trade establishment, except with the written consent of the Local Authority.

(d) He shall not keep or cause or suffer any milk to be placed in any vessel, receptacle or utensil, or run over a cooler or refrigerator, which is not thoroughly clean and properly tinned or enamelled.

(e) He shall cause all cans and other receptacles used by him in the carriage of milk to be furnished with close-fitting lids, and he shall not suffer or permit any rag, cloth or other material to be used with any such lid.

(f) He shall cause all vessels, utensils, receptacles, coolers or any articles used by him to contain or treat, or manipulate, milk to be properly tinned or enamelled, and maintained at all time clean and in thorough order and repair.

(g) He shall not suffer nor permit milk, whilst in transport or distribution, to be unnecessarily exposed to the sun.

Cleanliness of Vehicles, Utensils, etc.

16. (a) Every dairyman or vendor shall provide an approved apparatus for heating water for cleansing, steaming, scalding, or sterilising purposes, and shall locate such apparatus in a position approved by an Inspector.

(b) He shall not allow any such apparatus to be used for washing or boiling bed or body clothing, or for any purpose other than that specified in the preceding clause.

(c) He shall cause every vessel, receptacle, utensil, strainer, cooler or any other article used by him for containing, treating, or manipulating milk to be thoroughly cleansed immediately after it shall have been used, and then sterilised with steam or clean boiling water.

(d) He shall cause all bottles and the stoppers of any such bottles used by him in his trade to be thoroughly cleansed and sterilised before re-use or refilling.

(e) He shall cause every wheeled vehicle used by him for the carriage or distribution of the milk to be thoroughly cleansed at least once a day.

(f) He shall cause any tank or other receptacle which may be provided for storing water to be emptied and cleansed from time to time as often as may be necessary to prevent the contamination of any water that may be stored therein; such cleansing shall not be less seldom than once a year, or oftener if so ordered by an Inspector.

Cleanliness of Premises.

17. (a) Every dairyman shall cause the ceiling or underside of the roof and the interior surface of the walls of every milking shed in his occupation to be properly cleansed and limewashed at least four times in every year, that is to say, once during the first week of the months of January, April, July, and October, and at such other times as may be specified in an order in writing from the Medical Officer or Inspector. Provided that this requirement shall not apply to any part of such ceiling, roof, or walls that may be properly painted or varnished or constructed of or covered with any material such as would render the limewashing unsuitable or inexpedient, and that may be otherwise properly cleansed.

(b) He shall cause the floor of every milking shed in his occupation to be thoroughly swept and cleansed and all dung and other offensive matters to be removed from such shed immediately after each milking, and shall cause every part of such shed to be thoroughly cleansed as often as may be necessary to ensure that such shed shall be at all times clean.

(c) He shall cause every stockyard and stable in his occupation to be kept clean, and shall every day collect and remove all dung and other offensive matters from every such stockyard and stable.

(d) He shall cause every drain, drain inlet, or drainage receptacle upon his premises to be thoroughly cleansed daily, and the contents of every such drainage receptacle to be removed from his premises.

(e) He shall, whenever required so to do by an Inspector, disinfect his milking shed or any other building upon his premises, in the manner and with such materials and appliances as may be directed by the Inspector.

(f) He shall cause the ceiling or the underside of the roof and the interior surface of the walls and the floor of every forage or feed store and feed-mixing room, and every feed trough or bin or receptacle used for mixing feed on his premises to be kept clean.

Removal of Manure, etc.

18. No dairyman or vendor shall allow dung, manure, offensive or putrescible matter of any kind to accumulate or remain in, upon, or about any house, milking room, milking shed, stable, stockyard, fowlhouse, piggery or enclosure for fowls upon his premises, but shall cause the same to be removed daily.

Disease among Dairy Stock.

19. (a) Every dairyman shall immediately report to the Local Authority and Commissioner the occurrence of any of the diseases in his dairy stock specified in Schedule "D" hereto.

(b) He shall, when directed by a Medical Officer or an Inspector, cause every cow or any other animal suffering from an infectious disease, or in an infectious condition, or suffering from any disease which in his opinion may affect the wholesomeness of the milk, to be isolated in such a manner as is directed by such Medical Officer or Inspector.

(c) Neither he nor any other person shall allow any diseased cow or other diseased animal to come in contact with or graze upon the same grazing ground, or to be at large on any ground occupied or traversed by such cattle.

(d) He shall cause any diseased cattle to be destroyed forthwith upon receipt of an order in writing from the Local Authority to that effect, and he shall cause the carcase of any such cow or other animal to be disposed of in the manner specified in such order.

Provided that any Inspector who is a qualified veterinary surgeon is empowered, in the case of a cow suffering from any disease of the udder, to himself order the destruction of the animal affected.

20. (a) Every dairyman shall, for the purpose of protecting milk against infection or contamination, at any time, and from time to time, permit the tuberculin test to be applied to any cow or other bovine animal in his possession or under his control by any person duly approved by the Commissioner to perform such test.

(b) He shall make no addition to his dairy herd of any animal or animals without the written permission of an officer specially appointed by the Commissioner, and such officer may examine such animal or animals and apply such tests as he deems necessary to ascertain the freedom from disease or otherwise of such animal or animals.

21. (a) Every dairyman or vendor shall take every precaution against the infection or contamination of the milk by any person or animal suffering from any infectious or contagious disease.

(b) He shall, whenever any sickness occurs in any houses or premises in his occupation, immediately report such occurrence to the Local Authority.

(c) He shall, whenever so required by the Medical Officer, forthwith remove from his premises any sick person that may be therein.

He shall not permit any person suffering from any infectious or contagious disease, or recently in contact with or in attendance upon any other person so suffering, to milk any animal or handle any vessel used for containing milk, or take part in the preparation or distribution of any milk produced or brought upon his premises.

22. The Medical Officer may, by notice in writing to the dairyman or milk vendor, temporarily prohibit the sale of milk from any dairy where any animal is diseased or supposed to be diseased, or where any person is suffering or supposed to be suffering from an infectious disease, or where there are reasonable grounds for suspecting that the milk supply from such dairy is causing the spread of infectious disease, and any notice given under this by-law shall remain in operation until cancelled.

Penalties for breaches of By-laws.

23. Where anything by this part of the By-laws is directed to be done or forbidden to be done, or where authority is given to any officer to direct anything to be done or to forbid anything to be done, and such act so directed to be done remains undone or such act forbidden to be done is done, in every such case the person making default as to such direction and prohibition respectively shall be deemed guilty of a breach of this part of the said By-laws. And every person guilty of a breach of this part of the said By-laws shall be liable, for every such offence, besides any costs or expenses which may be incurred in the taking of proceedings against such person guilty of such offence, to a penalty not exceeding Twenty pounds for every breach of any such By-law, or to a penalty not exceeding Two pounds for each day during which such breach shall be committed or continued, and in addition to such penalty shall be liable to pay to the Local Authority any expense incurred by such authority in consequence of any breach or non-observance of any by-law, or in the execution of any work directed to be executed and not so executed.

SCHEDULE "A."

(By-law 3.)

Form of Application for License of Persons carrying on the Trade of a Dairyman or Vendor of Milk, and for the Registration of the Premises on which such Trade is carried on.

To the Town Clerk,

I,, of, hereby apply for a license to carry on the trade of, on premises, particulars of which are set out hereunder:—

Situation of premises

Area of premises

Area of grazing land

Water Supply:—

(a) For the milking herd

(b) For domestic purposes

(c) For dairying premises

Number of dairy herd

Number of milking cows

Number of bulls

Is milk disposed of by wholesale or retail?

In what district or districts?

Are dairy buildings constructed and arranged in accordance with the By-laws?

(Signature)

Full address

Dated... ..

SCHEDULE "B."

(By-law 3.)

Certificate of Dairyman or Vendor of Milk.

This is to certify that, is licensed to carry on the trade of a, at the premises situate at, for the year ended the 31st December, 191

Dated this.....day of....., 191

Fee paid, £.....

Town Clerk.

SCHEDULE "C."

(By-law 4.)

Fees to be paid for License and Registration in respect of the Trade of a Dairyman or Vendor of Milk.

(a) In respect to the trade of a dairyman, any person keeping cows to the number of—

	£	s.	d.
(1) Not more than 2, a fee of ..	0	2	6
(2) More than 2, but not more than 5 ..	0	3	6
(3) More than 5, but not more than 8 ..	0	4	6
(4) More than 8, but not more than 12 ..	0	6	0
(5) More than 12, but not more than 15 ..	0	7	6
(6) More than 15, but not more than 20 ..	0	10	0
(7) More than 20, but not more than 26 ..	0	12	6
(8) More than 26, but not more than 35 ..	0	15	0
(9) More than 35 ..	1	0	0
(b) In respect to the trade of a vendor of milk ..	0	5	0
(c) If the applicant is already licensed and his premises are registered in another district ..	0	2	6

SCHEDULE "D."

(By-law 19.)

Diseases of Stock.

Tuberculosis.
Actinomyces.
Glanders.
Anthrax.
Eruptions of udder.
Foot and mouth disease.
Puerperal sepsis.
Pleuro-pneumonia.
Mammitis.
Fever.

PART V.—LODGING HOUSES.

1. Every person applying to be registered as a keeper of a lodginghouse shall make application in the form of Schedule "A" hereto, and upon the granting of such application he shall receive from the Local Authority a certificate in the form of Schedule "B."

Every such registration shall operate only during the current calendar year, and after the thirty-first day of December of that year the premises shall, unless re-registered, become unregistered.

2. Every such person shall with such application lodge a fee as described by Schedule "C" hereto, and shall annually, in the first week of January, make application for the renewal of registration of his premises, and with such application shall pay a fee in accordance with the said Schedule.

Provided that if the registration for any year shall commence on or after the first day of July of that year only half fees shall be payable by the applicant.

3. No keeper of a lodginghouse shall permit a greater number of persons to occupy any sleeping apartment in such house at any one time than will admit of each such person having at least five hundred cubic feet of air space.

For the purpose of this clause two children under ten years of age shall be counted as one person.

4. No house shall be registered as a lodginghouse unless each room intended for use as a sleeping apartment for lodgers shall bear a distinguishing number, and the keeper of such house shall cause such distinguishing number to be conspicuously printed in two-inch figures on each side of the room door.

5. (a) The Local Authority shall issue to every keeper of a lodginghouse a certificate in respect of each separate room, and such certificate shall specify the maximum number of lodgers which shall be permitted to occupy each such room respectively as a sleeping apartment at any one time.

(b) The Local Authority may from time to time vary the number of lodgers to be received into any such room, and a notice shall be served on the keeper of such lodginghouse specifying such varied number of lodgers, and such keeper shall not allow a greater number of lodgers into such room than is specified on such notice, after the time stated therein.

(c) The certificates and notices to be given under the provisions of this By-law shall be in the form of Schedules "D" and "E" respectively.

6. The keeper of every lodginghouse shall at all times keep the certificate or notice mentioned in the last preceding By-law, exhibited in a conspicuous place in the sleeping apartment in respect of which any such certificate or notice shall have been issued.

7. No keeper of a lodginghouse shall permit any room to be used as a sleeping apartment for lodgers other than a room certified for that purpose.

8. No keeper of a lodginghouse shall make any alterations to any such room, except with the consent of the Local Authority.

9. No room shall be registered as a sleeping apartment for lodgers if it be situated in a basement or below the level of the ground, or if it be used as a kitchen, scullery, dining or general sitting room or unless such room is lit by windows placed in the external walls, having a ratio of not less than one square foot of unobstructed glass to each ten square feet of floor area.

10. No room shall be certified as a sleeping apartment for lodgers unless such room is sufficiently ventilated, and the keeper shall maintain all such means of ventilation as have been approved, in good order and efficient action.

11. No keeper of a lodginghouse shall allow persons of different sexes to occupy together the same sleeping apartment, except in the case of children under the age of ten years, or of married couples, in which latter case no other person above the age of ten years, and not more than one married couple, shall be allowed to occupy the same sleeping apartment at any one time.

12. No keeper of a lodginghouse shall cause or allow any bed in any room which may be used as a sleeping apartment by persons of the male sex above the age of ten years to be occupied at any one time by more than one such person.

13. No keeper of a lodginghouse shall cause or allow any lodger to occupy any bed in such house at any time within a period of eight hours after such bed shall have been vacated by the last preceding occupant thereof, unless such bed shall be provided with fresh bed linen.

14. No keeper of a lodginghouse shall absent himself from such house, unless he leaves some reputable person in charge thereof.

15. The keeper of every lodginghouse shall—

(a) Cause the floor of every room or passage and every stair in such house to be kept thoroughly clean, and to be at least once a week thoroughly washed.

(b) Cause the yard and out-premises to be swept daily, and to be kept at all times clean.

(c) Cause the seat and floor of every privy on his premises to be scrubbed and washed daily, and the walls to be limewashed at least once in each month.

(d) Cause every window, every fixture, or fitting of wood, stone or metal, and every painted surface in such house to be thoroughly cleansed at least once a week, or so much more frequently as may be directed by an inspector.

(e) Provide a sufficient number of lavatory appliances, and clean towels, and a sufficient quantity of clean water and soap for ablutionary purposes, in the case of female lodgers supplied in their sleeping apartments, and in the case of male lodgers either supplied in their sleeping apartments, or in a convenient room set apart and fitted exclusively for that purpose; and he shall cause all such articles to be kept in good order and clean, and shall renew the supply of water and soap and clean towels as often as may be requisite.

(f) Disinfect such towels as may be required by an inspector.

(g) Cause all faeces, urine, or other refuse to be removed from every room once at least in every day before the hour of ten in the forenoon, and every vessel, utensil, or other receptacle for such faeces, urine, or refuse shall be thoroughly cleansed at least once in every day.

(h) Cause all beds, bedsteads, blankets, rugs, covers, sheets, towels, and house linen to be kept clean, free from vermin, and in a wholesome condition.

(i) Cause every sheet and all house linen to be washed at least once in every week.

(j) Furnish every sleeping apartment with a sufficient number of toilet utensils and bedsteads, and sufficient bedding so that each bed shall be provided with a mattress, two sheets, a blanket or rug, and in winter time not less than one additional blanket or rug.

(k) Cause the doors and windows of every sleeping apartment to be opened and kept fully opened for at least four hours during each day.

(l) Cause the bed clothes of every bed to be removed therefrom as soon as conveniently may be after each bed shall have been vacated by any lodger, and such bed clothes and bed to be freely exposed to the air during two hours at least of each day.

(m) Cause any room together with its contents, or any other portion of the premises to be cleansed and disinfected whenever directed so to do by an inspector.

(n) Exhibit in a suitable and conspicuous position upon the premises copies of all By-laws received from the Local Authority, so that the contents may be clearly and distinctly legible.

(o) Permit any inspector, or any police officer or constable to inspect any portion of the premises at any time, and truthfully answer all inquiries made by such inspector, police officer, or constable.

(p) Cause any part of his premises or any fittings thereon to be painted at such times and in such manner as is directed by the Medical Officer.

16. The keeper of every lodginghouse shall prevent all bedding, linen, blankets, and other similar articles which have been used by a person suffering from an infectious disease, from coming in contact with similar articles used by other inmates of the premises, and shall forthwith efficiently disinfect all such articles, and in the course of such disinfection shall obey any directions issued by the Medical Officer or an inspector.

17. The keeper of every lodginghouse shall, so soon as it comes to his knowledge that any person on the premises is suffering from an infectious disease, effectively isolate such person, and he shall provide separate knives, forks, spoons, plates, and other articles used in the consumption of food for the use of such persons, and such articles shall immediately after use be efficiently disinfected.

18. The keeper of every lodginghouse shall immediately upon the vacating of any room which has been occupied by a person suffering from an infectious disease, effectively disinfect such room, and shall take such other measures in respect of such room or the contents thereof, as an inspector may direct.

19. The keeper of every lodginghouse shall provide and maintain fire-extinguishing appliances of the number and pattern, and situated in such position as the Local Authority may direct.

20. The keeper of every lodginghouse licensed to accommodate more than twenty-five people above the ground floor shall provide, on each floor above the ground floor, at least one stairway leading from such floor to the floor below, other than the main stairway, so situated and constructed of fire resisting material as may be directed by the Local Authority.

21. No premises shall be registered as a lodginghouse unless—

- (a) The external walls and roof thereof are weather-proof and watertight.
- (b) Every wall, including every partition wall, is provided with a damp proof course.
- (c) Every part of the floor, if of wood, is at least twelve inches above the surface of the ground; or if of concrete, the upper surface shall be at least three inches above the surface of the ground.
- (d) Every internal wall is completed from floor to ceiling.
- (e) Every passage is at least four feet in width.
- (f) Every main stairway is at least four feet in width, the risers not greater than six and a-half inches in height, and the treads not less than ten inches in width, and every such stairway shall be free from winders.
- (g) Every stairflight is provided with hand-rails on both sides thereof, the handrail to be two feet eight inches above the nosing of the treads.
- (h) Separate sanitary conveniences are provided for each sex, and so situated and screened as to ensure sufficient privacy.
- (i) Each such convenience, during the hours of darkness, is sufficiently lighted by artificial light.
- (j) The inner surface of all walls is so constructed that they can, without sustaining injury, be washed.

22. Every keeper of a lodginghouse shall take such measures for the destruction of vermin as may be directed by an inspector.

Penalties for breaches of By-laws.

23. Where anything by this part of the By-laws is directed to be done or forbidden to be done, or where authority is given to any officer to direct anything to be done or to forbid anything to be done, and such act so directed to be done remains undone or such act forbidden to be done is done, in every such case the person making default as to such direction and prohibition respectively shall be deemed guilty of a breach of this part of the said By-laws. And every person guilty of a breach of this part of the said By-laws shall be liable, for every such offence, besides any costs or expenses which may be incurred in the taking of proceedings against such person guilty of such offence, to a penalty not exceeding Twenty pounds for every breach of any such By-law, or to a penalty not exceeding Two pounds for each day during which such breach shall be committed or continued, and in addition to such penalty shall be liable to pay to the Local Authority any expense incurred by such authority in consequence of any breach or non-observance of any by-law, or in the execution of any work directed to be executed and not so executed.

SCHEDULE "A."

(By-law 1.)

Form of Application for Registration of a Common Lodging House.

To the Town Clerk,

I,, hereby make application for the registration of the premises described hereunder as a Common Lodging House, and the entry of my name as the keeper thereof:—

Situation of premises.....

Materials of construction.....
Maximum number of lodgers to be accommodated.....

Particulars to be given in respect of each room to be used by lodgers as a sleeping apartment	No. of Room.	Measurement in feet—length, width, height.	Cubic capacity, in feet.	No. of Boarders.

(Signature).....

(Address).....

Date,, 191 ..

SCHEDULE "B."

(By-law 1.)

Form of Certificate of Registration of a Common Lodging House.

This is to certify that the premises situate at..... are registered as a Common Lodging House, and the name of..... is entered as the keeper thereof.

The maximum number of lodgers shall be accommodated as under:—

Room No.	Number of Lodgers.

Dated,, 191 ..

Town Clerk.

SCHEDULE "C."

(By-law 2.)

Scale of Fees to be paid on Registration and annually thereafter by Keepers of Common Lodging Houses.

	s.	d.
When the maximum number of lodgers to be accommodated does not exceed 20 ..	10	0
When the maximum number of lodgers to be accommodated exceeds 20 ..	20	0

SCHEDULE "D."

(By-law 5.)

.....Local Health Authority.

Common Lodging House situate at.....
This room (number.....) is registered to accommodate.....persons.

By order.

SCHEDULE "E."

(By-law 5.)

Form of Notice of Variation of Number of Lodgers to be accommodated at a Common Lodging House.

To.....

of.....

You are hereby given notice that in connection with the Common Lodging House situate at....., and of which you are the keeper, the number of lodgers to be accommodated in the rooms specified hereunder shall on and after the.....day of, 191 .., be as prescribed herein:—

Number of Room.	Number of Lodgers.

Dated,, 191 ..

Town Clerk.

PART VI.—BOARDING HOUSES.

1. Every person applying to be registered as a keeper of a boarding-house shall make such application in the form of Schedule "A" hereto, and upon the granting of such application he shall receive from the Local Authority a certificate in the form of Schedule "B."

2. Every such registration shall operate only during the current calendar year, and after the thirty-first day of December of that year the premises shall, unless re-registered, become unregistered.

3. Every such person shall annually, in the first week of January, make application for the renewal of registration of his premises, and with every application made under this or the preceding by-law shall lodge a fee as prescribed by Schedule "C" hereto: Provided that if the registration for any year shall commence on or after the first day of July of that year only one-half of the prescribed fee shall be paid by the applicant.

4. No keeper of a boarding-house shall permit a greater number of persons to occupy any sleeping apartment in such house at any one time than will admit of each such person having at least five hundred cubic feet of air space.

For the purpose of this clause two children under ten years of age shall be counted as one person.

5. No house shall be registered as a boarding-house unless each room intended for use as a sleeping apartment for boarders shall bear a distinguishing number, and the keeper of such house shall cause such distinguishing number to be conspicuously printed in two-inch figures on each side of the room door.

6. The Local Authority may from time to time vary the number of boarders to be received into each separate room used as a sleeping apartment, and a notice shall be served on the keeper of such boarding-house specifying such varied number of boarders, and such keeper shall not allow a greater number of boarders into such room than is specified in such notice, after the time stated therein.

7. No keeper of a boarding-house shall permit any room to be used as a sleeping apartment for boarders other than a room certified for that purpose.

8. No keeper of a boarding-house shall make any alterations to any such room except with the consent of the Local Authority.

9. No room shall be registered as a sleeping apartment for boarders if it be situated in a basement or below the level of the ground, or if it be used as a kitchen, dining or general sitting room, or unless such room is lit by windows having a ratio of not less than one square foot of glass to each ten square feet of floor area.

10. No room shall be certified as a sleeping apartment for boarders unless such room is sufficiently ventilated, and the keeper shall maintain all such means of ventilation as have been approved in good order and efficient action.

11. No keeper of a boarding-house shall cause or allow any boarder to occupy any bed in such house after such bed shall have been vacated by the last preceding occupant thereof, unless such bed shall be provided with fresh bed linen.

12. No keeper of a boarding-house shall absent himself from such house unless he leaves some reputable person in charge thereof.

13. The keeper of every boarding-house shall—

- (a) Cause the floor of every room or passage and every stair in such house to be kept thoroughly clean, and to be at least once a week thoroughly washed.
- (b) Cause the yard and out-premises to be swept daily, and to be kept at all times clean and free from filth.
- (c) Cause the seat and floor of every privy on his premises to be scrubbed and washed daily, and the walls to be limewashed at least once in each month.
- (d) Cause every window, every fixture, or fitting of wood, stone, or metal, and every painted surface in such house to be thoroughly cleansed at least once a week or so much more frequently as may be directed by an Inspector.
- (e) Provide a sufficient number of lavatory appliances and clean towels, and a sufficient quantity of clean water and soap for ablutionary purposes.
- (f) every main stairway is at least four feet in an Inspector.
- (g) Cause all faeces, urine, or other refuse to be removed from every room once at least in every day before the hour of ten in the forenoon, and every vessel, utensil, or other receptacle

for such faeces, urine, or refuse shall be thoroughly cleansed at least once in every day.

- (h) Cause all beds, bedsteads, blankets, rugs, covers, sheets, towels and house linen to be kept clean, free from vermin, and in a wholesome condition.
- (i) Cause every sheet and all household linen to be washed at least once in every week.
- (j) Furnish every sleeping apartment with a sufficient number of toilet utensils and bedsteads, and sufficient bedding so that each bed shall be provided with a mattress, two sheets, a blanket or rug, and, in winter time not less than one additional blanket or rug.
- (k) Cause the doors and windows of every sleeping apartment to be opened and kept fully open for at least four hours during each day.
- (l) Cause the bed clothes of every bed to be removed therefrom as soon as conveniently may be after each bed shall have been vacated by any boarder, and such bed clothes and bed to be freely exposed to the air during two hours at least of each day.
- (m) Cause any room together with its contents, or any other portion of the premises to be cleansed and disinfected whenever directed so to do by an Inspector.
- (n) Exhibit in a suitable and conspicuous position upon the premises, copies of all by-laws received from the Local Authority, so that the contents may be clearly and distinctly legible.
- (o) Cause any part of his premises or any fittings thereon to be painted at such times and in such manner as is directed by an Inspector.

14. The keeper of every boarding-house shall prevent bedding, all linen, blankets and other similar articles which have been used by a person suffering from an infectious disease, from coming in contact with similar articles used by other inmates of the premises, and shall forthwith efficiently disinfect all such articles, and in so doing shall obey any directions given by the Medical Officer or by an Inspector.

15. The keeper of every boarding-house shall, so soon as it comes to his knowledge that any person on the premises is suffering from an infectious disease, effectively isolate such person until removal to some hospital, and he shall provide separate knives, forks, spoons, plates and other articles used in the consumption of food for the use of such person, and such articles shall, immediately after use, be efficiently disinfected.

16. The keeper of every boarding-house shall, immediately upon the vacating of any room which has been occupied by a person suffering from an infectious disease, effectively disinfect such room, and shall take such other measures in respect of such room or the contents thereof as an Inspector may direct.

17. The keeper of every boarding-house shall provide and maintain fire extinguishing appliances of the number and pattern and situate in such position as the Local Authority may direct.

18. The keeper of every boarding-house licensed to accommodate more than twenty-five people above the ground floor shall provide on each floor above the ground floor at least one stairway leading from such floor to the floor immediately below, other than the main stairway, so situated and constructed of fire-resisting material as may be directed by the Local Authority.

19. No premises shall be registered as a boarding-house unless—

- (a) the external walls and roof thereof are weather-proof and water-tight;
- (b) every wall, including every partition wall, is provided with a damp-proof course;
- (c) every part of the floor, if of wood, is at least twelve inches above the surface of the ground; if of concrete, then the upper surface shall be not less than three inches above the ground;
- (d) every internal wall is complete from the floor to ceiling;
- (e) every passage is at least four feet in width;
- (f) every main stairway is at least four feet in width, the risers not greater than six and a half inches in height, and the treads not less than ten inches in width, and every such stairway shall be free from winders;
- (g) every stairway is provided with handrails on both sides thereof, the handrail to be two feet eight inches above the nosing of the treads;
- (h) separate sanitary conveniences are provided for each sex, and so situated and screened as to ensure sufficient privacy;

- (i) each such convenience during the hours of darkness is sufficiently lighted by artificial light;
- (j) the inner surface of all walls is so constructed that they can, without sustaining injury, be washed.

20. Every keeper of a boarding-house shall take such measures for the destruction of vermin as may be directed by an Inspector.

Penalties for breaches of By-laws.

21. Where anything by this part of the By-laws is directed to be done or forbidden to be done, or where authority is given to any officer to direct anything to be done or to forbid anything to be done, and such act so directed to be done remains undone or such act forbidden to be done is done, in every such case the person making default as to such direction and prohibition respectively shall be deemed guilty of a breach of this part of the said By-laws. And every person guilty of a breach of this part of the said By-laws shall be liable, for every such offence, besides any costs or expenses which may be incurred in the taking of proceedings against such person guilty of such offence, to a penalty not exceeding Twenty pounds for every breach of any such By-law, or to a penalty not exceeding Two pounds for each day during which such breach shall be committed or continued, and in addition to such penalty shall be liable to pay to the Local Authority any expense incurred by such authority in consequence of any breach or non-observance of any By-law, or in the execution of any work directed to be executed and not so executed.

SCHEDULE "A."
(By-law 1.)

Form of Application for Registration of a Boarding House.

To the Town Clerk,

I,....., hereby make application for the registration of the premises described hereunder as a Boarding House, and the entry of my name as the keeper thereof:—

Situation of premises.....
Materials of construction.....
Maximum number of boarders to be accommodated

Particulars to be given in respect of each room to be used by lodgers as a sleeping apartment.	No. of Room.	Measurement in feet—length, width, height.	Cubic capacity in feet.	No. of boarders.

(Signature).....
(Address).....
Date,....., 191 .

SCHEDULE "B."
(By-law 1.)

Form of Certificate of Registration of a Boarding House.

This is to certify that the premises situate at..... are registered as a Boarding House, and the name of..... is entered as the keeper hereof.

The maximum number of boarders accommodated shall be as under:—

Room No.	Number of Boarders.

Dated,....., 191 .
.....
Town Clerk.

SCHEDULE "C."
(By-law 2.)

Scale of Fees to be paid on Registration and annually thereafter by Keepers of Boarding Houses.

	s.	d.
When the maximum number of lodgers to be accommodated does not exceed 20	10	0
When the maximum number of lodgers to be accommodated exceeds 20	20	0

PART VIII.—FOOD.
GENERAL.

1. (a) The occupier of every premises where food is manufactured, prepared, packed, or kept for sale shall maintain such premises, together with all apparatus, instruments, fittings, utensils, and vehicles used in connection with the manufacture, preparation, keeping or transport of food at all times in a clean condition.

(b) Every occupier of such premises shall be responsible for the maintenance in a clean condition of all persons employed by him in the manufacture, preparation, or handling of food, together with the clothing of such persons.

2. The occupier of every such premises shall not conduct on such premises any offensive trade, except such as are specified hereunder:—

Fish-curing establishment;
Fish shop;

and then only with the consent of the Local Authority.

3. The occupier of every such premises shall maintain such premises in such condition as to prevent the ingress or egress or harbourage of rats, and shall take all practicable measures for the destruction of rats and other vermin which may be on his premises.

4. The occupier of every such premises shall, when so ordered by the Local Authority, pave the floor or such portion thereof as may be directed, with impervious materials, in such manner as is specified in the order; and shall, when so ordered, further provide proper drainage, so that all liquids falling upon such floor shall be conducted to a drain inlet situated outside the building within which the floor is laid.

5. Every occupier of such premises shall, when so ordered by the Local Authority, line the walls of any such premises, or such portion thereof as may be specified, to such a height from the floor as may be directed.

6. The occupier of every such premises shall cause such premises to comply with the following conditions:—

- (a) Every room which is used in connection with the manufacture, preparation, or keeping of food shall be properly ceiled.
- (b) Every such room shall be provided with natural light in the ratio of one square foot of window area to every ten square feet of floor area.
- (c) Every such room shall be efficiently ventilated by through ventilation.
- (d) Every such room shall be provided with effective sub-floor ventilation, unless the floor be of concrete or similar impervious material.
- (e) All offensive material or trade refuse produced upon such premises shall be immediately placed in an impervious receptacle, provided with a tight-fitting cover, and the contents of such receptacle shall be removed at least once in each week, or with such greater frequency as may be directed by an inspector, and
- (f) Every such receptacle shall, after each emptying, be thoroughly cleansed.

7. Every occupier of any such premises shall cause all food which is ordinarily consumed in the condition in which it is sold to be protected from contamination by flies or dust, by one of the following methods:—

- (a) Cause all such foods to be kept in enclosures covered by glass or fine-mesh wire gauze.
- (b) Cover all door and window openings, and other apertures on the premises with screens of fine mesh wire gauze, and fit all doors so that they are self-closing.

Every such occupier shall maintain the fittings provided under this By-law at all times in good order and repair.

8. Every occupier of such premises shall provide for use by his employees wash-hand basins in the ratio of one to every ten employees, and shall maintain a supply of soap and clean towels in connection with such basins.

Every occupier of such premises shall provide an efficient supply of wholesome water.

9. The occupier of any such premises shall not permit any sanitary convenience to be situated in any room where food is manufactured, prepared, or kept; and any sanitary convenience and also any stable shall be so situated as to be completely cut off from any such room by cross ventilation.

10. The occupier of every such premises shall provide a receptacle in which any food withdrawn from sale shall be immediately placed, and any food not within such receptacle shall be deemed to be exposed for sale.

11. No person shall use any place for or in connection with the sale, manufacture, preparation, storage, or packing of any food for sale, which is at any time used as a sleeping or living apartment, or which communicates directly with a sleeping apartment, or in which anything is kept, or any animal allowed to be, or in which any work is carried on which would be likely to contaminate such food or injuriously affect its wholesomeness or cleanliness.

12. No person shall deposit any vegetable or other food intended for sale for human consumption upon the floor of any premises, and all such deposits shall be kept at least nine inches clear of such floor in such a way that there is a clear space between the floor and the underside of the staging or support upon which the deposits are kept.

13. No person shall use or permit to be used any cellar for the storage or preparation of food, unless with the written consent of the Local Authority.

14. No person who sells bread, meat, fish or milk, and no employee of any such person shall change or receive from a purchaser any bread, meat, fish or milk which has previously been delivered to such purchaser unless for the reason that such food is unwholesome, and whenever any food is so changed or received it shall be immediately destroyed or placed in a refuse receptacle.

15. No person shall enclose or carry or store wheat, oats, maize, potatoes, onions, fruit, or any other article of food whatsoever in any bag or sack or similar receptacle, which has at any time contained or has been used for the conveyance of bone dust or superphosphate, or any other manure or mixture of manures.

16. No person shall use or permit to be used in connection with the conveyance or storage of any milk, beer, or other food, any vessel or pipe composed wholly or in part of lead or zinc, unless all internal surfaces are completely covered with a lining of tin, glass, or other covering sufficient to prevent any metallic contamination.

Unsuitable premises.

17. The owner or occupier of premises used for the manufacture, preparation or storage of any food for sale which by reason of their situation, construction, or disrepair, are such as in the opinion of an inspector to render possible contamination of such food shall, on receipt of a notice from the Local Authority requiring him so to do, cease to use, or shall reconstruct, or shall repair the premises as directed in and within the times specified in the notice.

18. The occupier of any premises on which food is manufactured, prepared or kept shall, when required by an inspector, conspicuously display on his premises in such position or positions as may be selected by an inspector, a copy, as supplied by the Local Authority, of these By-laws or any portion thereof.

Cleansing of drinking vessels.

19. The occupier of every public house, public bar, refreshment room, drinking booth, or other public place of refreshment where drinking vessels are used, shall provide to the satisfaction of an inspector a proper water supply and sufficient utensils for the proper cleansing of all such drinking vessels.

Every such occupier shall cause every drinking vessel, after use by any person, to be thoroughly cleansed in running water.

TRANSPORT.

20. (a) Every person engaged in selling or carrying food shall cause all food in course of delivery or transport not otherwise packed to be protected as far as practicable from contamination. Provided that nothing but new clean white or brown paper shall be used as a wrapping for meat or fish.

(b) No such person shall permit any vehicle used in the transport or carriage of food to be used also for the transport of offensive material.

(c) Every such person shall cause all such vehicles when not in use for the carriage or transport of food, to be so placed as not to be liable to contamination.

(d) No person engaged in transporting or carrying food shall sit upon such food.

BUTCHERS' SMALL GOODS PREMISES.

21. No person shall use or suffer to be used, any room or place for the boning, curing, canning, salting, mincing, or other similar process of preparation of the meat or fat of animals for sale for human food, except it be provided with a floor of tiles, cement, mineral asphalt, or some other material impervious to water, having a smooth surface, and graded and drained so that all liquids spilt on it may flow off it without impediment. If any such floor be constructed of tiles, the joints between the tiles shall be of a material which is impervious to water. Such floors shall at all times be kept in good repair, smooth, and free from cracks and inequalities.

22. No person shall use or suffer to be used any such floor as referred to in the preceding paragraph, unless it be free from accumulations of dirt, fat, grease, or debris of meat, and such floor shall be cleaned at least once daily at the close of work.

23. No person shall keep or suffer to remain any bones or waste matter of any kind for longer than eight hours in any room in which any process of preparation of meat or of fat for sale for human food is, or usually is, carried on.

24. No person shall use or suffer to be used any room or place for the boning, curing, canning, salting, mincing, or other similar process of preparation of meat or fat of animals for human food, unless its internal walls are constructed of bricks, tiles, stone, cement, or other material impervious to water, which shall at all times be kept clean, either by washing with water, or by lime-washing from time to time. Provided that such walls may be constructed of wood, if the internal surfaces be covered with smooth iron, painted white, to a height of six feet from the floor, and if the portion of the walls above the iron be kept clean, either by painting white and washing from time to time or by lime-washing from time to time.

25. No person shall, in connection with the pickling of meat, use any pump constructed wholly or partly of brass, but such person shall only use a pump made of nickel or galvanised iron.

26. The occupier of any such premises shall cause the brine or pickle to be removed as often as is necessary to prevent it from becoming offensive.

27. No person shall permit any dog to enter any premises used for the storage, sale, or preparation of fresh meat.

28. The occupier of any premises or stall, and the driver of any vehicle used for or in connection with the sale of fresh, frozen, or chilled meat shall not permit any person other than an employee or an inspector to handle or touch any such meat.

MEAT.

29. Every person selling or transporting meat shall in connection with the carriage or transport of meat comply with the following conditions:—

(a) The meat shall be protected from dust and dirt.

(b) A shield shall be provided for use by a person carrying any meat, to prevent any meat so carried from coming in contact with the person or clothing of the employee.

(c) Every vehicle engaged in the transport of meat shall be covered and provided with efficient ventilation.

(d) No vehicle used in the transport of meat shall be used in the transport of any offensive material.

(e) No meat shall be carried on any railway, except in trucks provided for that purpose, or unless such meat is hung on hooks and clear of the floor.

MILK.

Sale and Delivery of.

30. (a) No person shall allow his hands or any part of his body to come in contact with any milk for sale.

31. (b) No person shall apply to his mouth any vessel or utensil which contains milk, or which comes into contact with any milk for sale.

32. No person shall keep, store, carry, or place or suffer to be kept, stored, carried, or placed any milk for sale or in course of delivery to any customer, so as to be exposed to flies or dust, or so as to be accessible to any animal.

33. No person shall suffer the interior of any vessel used for containing or for measuring milk to be exposed to flies or dust.

34. No person shall keep, measure, carry, or deliver any milk for sale, or cause or suffer any such milk to be kept, measured, carried, or delivered in any vessel which is not clean.

35. No person shall use any vessel with rough or torn edges or surface for containing, measuring, or carrying any milk for sale or for delivery to any customer.

36. No person shall store, keep, or sell milk in any place in which is stored, kept, or sold any kerosene, vegetables, fish, meat (except meat in hermetically sealed tins), or any other substance by which milk is, or is liable to be, contaminated, or adversely affected.

37. No person shall use or suffer or cause to be used, for closing or for helping to close, any churn, tin, or other vessel containing milk for sale, any rag, canvas, paper, wood, or other absorbent material.

38. No person shall use any vessel unless it is in such a state of repair as to be free from dents which may interfere with the thorough and easy cleansing of such vessel, or in which the tinning has become impaired or defective.

39. Every person who consigns or sells milk in a wholesale quantity to a milk vendor for retail sale shall prior to despatch cause the cans, or other receptacles in which it is conveyed, to be securely closed by means of a leaden seal, or a lock, or by other means, unless such milk be delivered personally by the producer or owner thereof to the retail vendor.

40. No person shall transfer any milk, condensed or concentrated milk or cream from one vessel to another vessel on any street or any public place, except when transferred to the vessel of the producer for immediate delivery to the customer.

41. No person shall permit any vessel containing milk or cream for sale to remain in any public place, or in any such position where the contents of such can may be exposed to the heat of the sun.

42. Every person selling or delivering milk for sale shall cause all cans, bottles or other vessels used in the sale, disposal, or delivery of milk to be effectually cleansed and sterilized before such cans, bottles, or other vessels are again used.

43. No person shall permit any vessel which has been handled by any person suffering from any infectious disease to be used to hold or convey milk until such vessel has been thoroughly sterilized, and no person shall remove any can, bottle, or other vessel used for the holding or storage of milk to be removed from any premises at which a case of infectious disease has occurred, until the consent of an inspector has been given.

PROVIDING FOR THE CLEANLINESS AND FREEDOM FROM CONTAMINATION OF ICE-CREAM AND ICES.

44. No person shall manufacture, store, or deposit for sale any ice-cream or ices, or suffer them to be so manufactured, stored, or deposited in any open shed or enclosed space.

45. No person shall manufacture, store, or deposit any ice-cream or ices for sale or suffer them to be manufactured for sale, stored, or deposited in any room or building—

- (a) Unless such room or building is provided with tight close jointed walls and floors.
- (b) Unless the internal walls are covered with tiles, smooth iron, or smooth plaster, cement or wood, painted or colour washed or frequently lime-washed.
- (c) Unless the floors are constructed of cement, concrete, tiles, or well smoothed wood.
- (d) Unless it is well lighted and ventilated.
- (e) Unless all openings are efficiently protected by gauze screens against the ingress of flies and the entry of dust.

46. No person shall manufacture, store or deposit ice-cream or ices, or suffer or permit them to be manufactured, stored, or deposited in any dwelling room or in any room communicating directly with a privy or water closet, or stable, or within an apartment used for sleeping, or in any room having an opening communicating directly with any drain or sewer.

47. No person engaged in the manufacture or sale of ice-cream or of ices shall suffer his hands or any part of his person to come in contact with any ice-cream or ices.

48. No person shall manufacture, store, or deposit any ice-cream or ices in any vessel which is not clean, and every person engaged in the manufacture or sale of ice-cream or of ices shall at all times maintain all vessels and utensils used for containing or coming in contact with ice-cream or ices, in a condition of cleanliness.

49. No person shall sell any ice-cream or ices which, after having been once frozen, have run down or melted, and which have been again frozen.

50. (a) Every person making or vending ice-cream or ices for sale shall before the first day in October of each year make application for registration in the form of Schedule "A" hereto, and upon the granting of such application by the Local Authority, a certificate in the form of Schedule "B" hereto shall be issued.

(b) No application shall be granted until the premises occupied by the applicant have been inspected, and found to comply with the provisions of these By-laws.

(c) Every person registered in accordance with this By-law shall notify the Local Authority of any intended occupation of other premises than those specified on the certificate of registration.

SALE OF FOOD BY ITINERANT VENDORS.

51. (a) No person shall expose or offer or hawk food for sale in any public place, unless such person is licensed by the Local Authority.

(b) Every person desiring to engage in the trade of an itinerant vendor or hawker of food shall, before so engaging in such trade, or, if already so engaged, then during the first week of October in every year, apply to the Local Authority in the form of Schedule "C" for a license to carry on such trade, and with such application deposit a fee of five shillings, and upon such application being granted, a license shall be issued in the form of Schedule "D" hereto.

(c) Every license granted under this By-law shall operate only during the period ended the thirtieth day of September next succeeding the date of issue, and after the said thirtieth day of September shall cease to be in force.

52. Every person engaging in the trade of an itinerant vendor or hawker of food shall comply with the following conditions:—

- (a) He shall cause all food usually consumed in the condition in which it is sold to be protected from contamination by flies and dust by means of screens composed of glass or fine meshed wire gauze, or other material approved by an inspector.
- (b) He shall not permit any other person to handle or touch any food on his vehicle.
- (c) He shall maintain his clothing and his person at all times in a clean condition.

AERATED WATERS, TEMPERANCE DRINKS, CORDIALS, AND SYRUPS.

53. Every person who makes or offers for sale any aerated water, temperance drinks, cordials, and syrups, shall, on the coming into operation of this By-law, at once apply to the Local Authority in the form of Schedule "A" hereto for registration, and upon such application being granted, shall receive a certificate in the form of Schedule "B."

54. (a) Every person who, subsequent to the coming into operation of this By-law, desires to carry on the trade of a maker or vendor of aerated waters, temperance drinks, cordials, and syrups, shall before commencing such trade apply for registration in the same manner as provided in the preceding By-law.

(b) Every registration effected under this and the preceding By-law shall operate only during the period ending with the thirtieth day of September succeeding the date of issue, and after the said thirtieth day of September every such registration shall cease to be in operation.

55. The occupier of any premises used for the manufacture of aerated waters, temperance drinks, cordials, and syrups shall comply with the following conditions:—

- (a) The floors of such premises shall be of approved construction and materials, and shall have a sufficient fall to a trapped gully or other approved receptacle outside the building, and such floors shall be thoroughly washed down daily.
- (b) All yards adjoining, and sheds and outbuildings appurtenant to such buildings shall be kept clean and free from any rubbish, garbage, or offensive material.

- (c) All tanks (or other receptacles) in which water is stored, and which is intended to be used in the manufacture, shall be provided with an impervious tightly-fitting cover, which shall always be kept in position; such tanks or other receptacles shall be emptied and cleansed throughout at least once in every twelve months.
- (d) If filtering apparatus of any design is provided for filtering water before use, it must be cleaned and boiled at least once weekly.

Cleansing Bottles.

- (e) Between each time of filling, bottles must be soaked in a trough of water, must be thoroughly cleansed out with a brush, must be well rinsed by being placed in a vertical position over a jet of water, and must be drained after rinsing and before filling.
- (f) If bottles are not filled within twenty-four hours after being cleansed, they must be kept mouth downward until used.
- (g) The water in which bottles are soaked before they are brush-cleansed must be changed at least once daily.
- (h) No lead pipe shall be used for conveying any part of the material, either gaseous or liquid, which enters into the composition of the cordials, unless it is lined with tin or other approved materials.
- (i) Syrups must be stored in well-made, impervious receptacles, with an impervious tight-fitting cover.
- (j) All receptacles in which syrups are stored must be cleansed thoroughly with hot water and soda, or with superheated steam, at least once weekly between 1st October and 31st March, and at least once monthly between 1st April and 30th September.

BAKE HOUSES.

56. Every person carrying on the trade of a baker shall, in addition to the foregoing general by-laws, comply with the following conditions:—

- (a) He shall not permit any dog or other animal to be within the bake house.
- (b) He shall not permit the bake house to be used for any other purpose than as a bake house.
- (c) He shall not permit any person to smoke or expectorate in the bake house.
- (d) He shall cause the floor of the bake house to be constructed of granolithic or other impervious material approved and laid in such manner as is approved by the local authority.
- (e) He shall cause all flour intended to be used in connection with his trade to be so stored as to prevent it being contaminated and be protected from rats and vermin.

MARKETS.

57. The occupier of any market or portion of any market shall not deposit or permit to be deposited any vegetable or other food stuffs upon the floor, but all such vegetables and other food stuffs shall be deposited upon a wooden staging, the under surface of which shall be at least nine inches above the floor, the space between the floor and the staging being entirely open for inspection and cleansing.

REFRIGERATING WORKS—COLD STORES.

58. (a) The owner, occupier, or manager of any refrigerating works, or cold stores, which are at any time used for the storage of food, shall maintain his premises in a clean condition throughout.

(b) He shall at least twice in each year in the months of April and October thoroughly cleanse every cold chamber on his premises, and shall cause every part of the interior walls of every such chamber to be lime-washed at least once in every three months.

(c) He shall not permit any food to be stored on the floor of any chamber.

(d) He shall not receive any unsound meat or offal or offensive material on his premises to be stored, nor shall he permit any such unsound meat, offal or offensive material to remain in any chamber.

(e) He shall not permit the use of any straw upon the floor of any chamber.

(f) He shall not permit any brine tub to be in any chamber.

(g) He shall keep upon the premises duplicate keys of every chamber, and shall on demand by an inspector, permit such inspector to have access to any chamber.

(h) He shall provide means of artificial light, so as to permit efficient inspection of the contents of any chamber.

HOTELS, BOARDING AND LODGING HOUSES, RESTAURANTS, EATING HOUSES, AND COOKED MEAT SHOPS.

59. Every keeper of any such premises shall cause the premises to be maintained at all times in a clean and sanitary condition.

60. The keeper of such premises shall provide a sufficient number of approved impervious receptacles with close fitting covers for the reception of food scraps and trade waste, and shall not permit or suffer such food scraps or trade waste to be placed elsewhere than in such receptacles. He shall cause such receptacles to be kept at all times in a clean and wholesome state.

61. The keeper shall cause the grease trap, where one is provided, to be kept at all times in a sanitary condition and shall cause the trap to be cleansed daily and all grease removed therefrom.

62. The keeper shall not suffer or permit pigwash to be removed from his premises between the hours of 9 a.m. and 8 p.m., and in cases where food waste is disposed of to contractors, the keeper shall be held responsible that duplicate receptacles are provided for interchange with the full receptacles removed so that those removed shall be replaced by a clean washed and disinfected set.

63. The keeper shall cause all sanitary conveniences upon or in connection with his premises to be kept at all times in a scrupulously clean condition, and shall provide a plentiful supply of approved deodorant therein.

64. The keeper shall provide sufficient means of ablution with clean towels and soap for the use of employees, and he shall be responsible that employees handling food wash their hands before so doing.

65. The keeper shall not permit or suffer to be occupied as a sleeping place any room which is in direct communication with any dining room, kitchen or other place used for the preparation or storage of food stuffs.

66. The keeper shall cause any ice chest used upon his premises to be kept at all times in a sweet and wholesome condition, and if meat is stored in any such chest it shall be kept exclusively for that purpose.

67. The keeper shall cause all food stuffs to be stored in such a place and manner as to prevent contamination from flies, dust, and vermin.

68. The keeper shall not suffer to be used in the preparation of food any tinned milks, fruits, jam or fish, which upon opening show any signs of decomposition, fermentation or alteration in appearance of contents, and no bad eggs or rancid butter shall be used in the preparation of foods.

69. Employees shall be always cleanly in their person and shall not smoke nor expectorate within any dining room or kitchen appurtenant thereto.

70. The keeper shall adopt such means as will ensure the destruction of rats and vermin upon his premises, and as will prevent their harbourage therein, and shall keep, baited and set, rat-traps as directed by the inspector.

71. The keeper shall cause all means of drainage upon or in connection with his premises to be maintained at all times in good repair and efficient action.

72. The keeper shall cause all sink wastes to be trapped and to discharge over properly trapped gullies or a channel leading to a gully in the open air. No opening to a drain or drain inlet shall be within any kitchen or scullery.

Penalties for breaches of By-laws.

73. Where anything by this part of the By-laws is directed to be done or forbidden to be done, or where authority is given to any officer to direct anything to be done or to forbid anything to be done, and such act so directed to be done remains undone or such act forbidden to be done is done, in every such case the person making default as to such direction and prohibition respectively shall be deemed guilty of a breach of this part of the said By-laws. And every person guilty of a breach of this part of the said By-laws shall be liable, for every such offence, besides any costs or expenses which may be incurred in the taking of proceedings against such person guilty of such offence, to a penalty not exceeding Twenty pounds for every breach of any such By-law, or to a penalty not exceeding Two pounds for each day during which such breach shall be committed or continued, and in addition to such

penalty shall be liable to pay to the Local Authority any expense incurred by such authority in consequence of any breach or non-observance of any By-law, or in the execution of any work directed to be executed and not so executed.

SCHEDULE "A."

Maker or Vendor of Ice-cream, Ices, Aerated Waters, Temperance Drinks, Cordials, and Syrups.

Form of Application for Registration as.....
Name of applicant (in full).....
Trade in respect of which application is made.....
.....
Situation of premises on which trade is, or is to be, carried on.....
Signature of applicant.....
Dated.....

SCHEDULE "B."

.....Municipal Council.

.....is hereby registered as a
maker of.....in respect of premises
vendor
situate at.....

.....Town Clerk.
Dated.....

SCHEDULE "C."

Application for License as Itinerant Vendor of Food.

Name (in full) of applicant.....
Place of residence.....
District in which applicant desires to be licensed....
.....
Place where vehicle and trade utensils are stored.....
Place where stock of food for sale is stored.....
.....
Signature of applicant.
Date.....

SCHEDULE "D."

License as Itinerant Vendor of Food.

....., of....., is hereby
licensed as an itinerant vendor of food within the Health
District of.....

.....Town Clerk.
Dated.....

PART IX.—BARBER'S SHOPS AND HAIRDRESSING ESTABLISHMENTS.

1. Every person carrying on the business of a barber or hairdresser shall comply with the following By-laws:—

- (a) There shall be kept at all times on the premises in each room in which the business is carried on, a vessel containing at least one gallon of disinfecting solution, hereinafter called "disinfecting solution," equal in strength to a 5 per cent. solution of carbolic acid.
- (b) All razors, scissors, clippers, and combs in general use shall be sterilized by immersion in the disinfecting solution before and after using, or clippers may be so sterilized by being held in a flame.
- (c) Hair brushes in general use shall after each use be immersed in the disinfecting solution, and afterwards rinsed in clear water.
- (d) Shaving brushes in common use shall after each use be first cleansed in very hot water and afterwards immersed in the disinfecting solution.
- (e) Rotary or machine brushes shall not be used.
- (f) An antiseptic soap powder shall be used to produce lather for shaving; boiling water shall be allowed to run on the lather brush, and then

the soap powder sprinkled on it before application to the face.

- (g) Powder shall only be applied by a blower or absorbent cotton, which shall be used for one person only.
- (h) Before passing from one customer to another, the operator shall wash his hands, using disinfecting soap and a nail brush.
- (i) For the purpose of stopping the flow of blood, or for treatment of an abrasion, calcined alum shall be applied on a pad of cotton wool, which pad shall be destroyed immediately after use; an alum stick shall not be used.
- (j) Vaseline shall only be used from a squeeze tube.
- (k) No sponge shall be used.
- (l) Razor strops shall only be used for razors which have been disinfected since being used.
- (m) The hair-cutting wrapper shall be placed only around the shoulders of customers, and fastened with a safety pin or other device at the back, and clean towels or absorbent wool shall be used about the neck to prevent the hair from falling inside the clothing.
- (n) The outer garment of each operator shall be of a washable white material; the sleeves shall be comparatively short.
- (o) Where the steaming towel is used, a clean one shall be used for each customer.
- (p) At least once daily the floor shall be sprinkled and swept.
- (q) The premises, their fittings and equipment shall be maintained at all times in a thoroughly clean condition.
- (r) All shelves, fittings, and tables on which instruments are placed shall be of glass, marble, slate, or other impervious material.
- (s) A fresh piece of paper or clean linen shall be placed on the back of the chair or on the rest for each customer.
- (t) Hair clippings falling on the floor shall be immediately swept together, and placed in an impervious receptacle with a tightly fitting cover.
- (u) Each basin shall be provided with a properly trapped waste pipe and a supply of water.
- (v) In the case of any person obviously suffering from skin disease of the face or head, special instruments shall be employed, and these must be immediately immersed in the disinfecting solution for a period of not less than five minutes.
- (w) Two impervious receptacles provided with tight fitting covers shall be provided; into the one all towels immediately after use shall be placed, together with other soiled linen; into the other shall be placed all hair clippings and other trade refuse.

2. No person shall spit upon the floor of any barber's shop or hairdressing establishment.

3. The Medical Officer or inspector may at all reasonable times enter and inspect any premises used for the purpose of the trade of a barber or hairdresser, and may inspect or remove for the purpose of examination any brush, comb, razor, clippers, or other instrument or appliance or any towel or other thing therein which may be suspected, on reasonable grounds, of being contaminated with the infection of any contagious or infectious disease, provided that when any such article is so removed, a written receipt therefor shall be furnished to the occupier, by the Medical Officer or inspector, and the article shall be returned by such officer within a period of three days.

4. Every person who enters a barber's shop or hairdressing establishment for the purpose of being attended to shall, if he be suffering from any infectious disease, or any eruption of the skin of the face, neck, or head, notify the operator before taking his place in the chair.

5. A printed copy of the foregoing shall be conspicuously displayed in every barber's shop and hairdressing establishment in the district.

Penalties for breaches of By-laws.

6. Where anything by this part of the By-laws is directed to be done or forbidden to be done, or where authority is given to any officer to direct anything to be done or to forbid anything to be done, and such act so directed to be done remains undone or such act forbidden to be done is done, in every such case the person making default as to such direction and prohibition respectively shall be deemed guilty of a breach of this part of the said By-laws. And every person

guilty of a breach of this part of the said By-laws shall be liable, for every such offence, besides any costs or expenses which may be incurred in the taking of proceedings against such person guilty of such offence, to a penalty not exceeding Twenty pounds for every breach of any such By-law, or to a penalty not exceeding Two pounds for each day during which such breach shall be committed or continued, and in addition to such penalty shall be liable to pay to the Local Authority any expense incurred by such authority in consequence of any breach or non-observance of any By-law, or in the execution of any work directed to be executed and not so executed.

PART X.—OFFENSIVE TRADES.

- Section A.—General.
- Section B.—Slaughter-houses.
- Section C.—Piggeries.
- Section D.—Artificial Manure Depôts.
- Section E.—Bone Mills.
- Section F.—Places for Storing, Drying, or Preserving Bones, Hides, Hoofs, or Skins.
- Section G.—Fat melting, Fat extracting, or Tallow melting establishments.
- Section H.—Blood Drying.
- Section I.—Gut scraping, Gut spinning, and preparation of Sausage Skins.
- Section J.—Fellmongeries.
- Section K.—Manure Works.
- Section L.—Wool-scouring Establishments.
- Section M.—Fish-curing Establishments.
- Section N.—Fish Shops.
- Section O.—Laundries, Cleaning Establishments, and Dye Works.
- Section P.—Marine Stores.
- Section Q.—Rag and Bone Merchants' Premises.
- Section R.—Chemical Works.
- Section S.—Flock Factories.

Section A.—General.

1. (a.) Every person who shall apply to a Local Authority for its consent to establish an offensive trade shall furnish in the form of Schedule "A" hereto a true statement of the particulars therein required to be specified, and shall by advertisement in a newspaper give one month's notice of his application.

(b.) Any person who makes a false statement in connection with any such application shall be guilty of a breach of these By-laws.

2. Before the consent of the Local Authority is given to the establishment of any offensive trade, the medical officer shall furnish to the local authority a report in the form of Schedule "B" hereto, upon the premises whereon it is proposed to establish such offensive trade.

3. Every person applying for the registration of premises whereon an offensive trade is carried on, shall apply for such registration in the form of Schedule "C" hereto, and with such application he shall tender to the Local Authority a fee as prescribed in Schedule "D."

Provided that if the registration for any year shall commence on or after the first day of July in any year then the applicant shall be required to pay only one-half of the prescribed fee.

4. Upon the registration of any premises whereon an offensive trade is carried on, the Local Authority shall supply to the person who has applied for such registration a certificate in the form of Schedule "E" hereto.

5. No person shall establish any offensive trade within any portion of the district defined within the boundaries prescribed in Schedule "F" hereto.

6. Every occupier of any premises upon which an offensive trade is carried on shall cause such premises, together with all drains, fittings, apparatus, machinery, utensils, receptacles, vehicles, tools, and appliances, to be at all times maintained in a clean condition, good repair, and efficient action.

7. Every such occupier shall provide upon such premises an ample supply of clean water, together with such fittings as may be required by an inspector for the purpose of making the water supply readily available for use.

8. Every such occupier shall provide a sufficient supply of ablutionary appliances for use by his employees, and which may also be used by an inspector.

9. Every such occupier shall cause the internal surface of every wall, the underside of every ceiling or roof, together with such fittings as may be directed by the inspector, to be thoroughly washed with hot lime-wash at least four times in every year, that is to say, at least once between the periods 1st and 10th March, 1st and 10th June, 1st and 10th September, and 1st and 10th December respectively, and at such other times as may be directed by the inspector; but this By-law shall not apply to the occupier of any premises in respect of which other provision for lime-washing is made in this part of these By-laws.

10. The occupier of every such premises shall provide, use, and maintain in efficient action appliances capable of effectually destroying or of rendering harmless all offensive effluvia, vapours, or gases arising in any process of his business, or from any material, residue, or other substance which may be kept or stored upon his premises.

11. Every such occupier shall provide impervious receptacles, provided with air-tight coverings which shall be kept closed, of sufficient capacity to receive all offensive and decomposable material and trade refuse produced upon the premises, and all such offensive and decomposable material or trade refuse shall be immediately placed in such receptacles, and the contents thereof shall be removed from the premises at such times and with such frequency as an inspector may direct, but with no less frequency than once in each working day.

12. No such occupier shall, without the consent in writing of the Local Authority, at any time after the registration of his premises, make or permit any change or alterations whatever in the premises, and upon contemplating any such change or alterations shall give notice thereof to the local authority.

13. Every such occupier shall cause all materials received upon his premises for the purpose of his trade which are offensive, or capable of becoming offensive, to be so stored as to prevent the creation of a nuisance.

14. The occupier of every premises whereon any of the offensive trades specified hereunder are carried on shall cause the floor of his premises to be properly paved and drained with impervious materials; such floor shall have a smooth surface, and with a fall to a surface gutter in such way that all liquids falling upon such floor shall be conducted by such gutter to a drain inlet situated outside the building wherein the floor is situated:—

Slaughter-houses.

Piggeries.

Bone mills.

Places for storing, drying, or preserving bones, hides, hoofs, or skins.

Fat melting, fat extracting, or tallow melting establishments.

Blood drying.

Gut scraping, gut spinning, and preparation of sausage skins.

Wool scouring establishments.

Laundries.

Cleaning establishments and dye works.

Places for boiling tripe, ox feet, and trotters, and extracting oil.

Soap and candle works.

15. Every occupier of any premises whereon any of the offensive trades specified hereunder are carried on shall cause all liquid refuse, before being discharged into any drain inlet from any part of his premises, to be cooled to a temperature not exceeding 80deg. Fahrenheit, and to be further directed to such screening or purifying treatment as the local authority may from time to time direct:—

Slaughterhouses.

Bone mills.

Fat melting, fat extracting, or tallow melting establishments.

Gut scraping, gut spinning, and preparation of sausage skins.

Wool scouring establishments.

Fish shops.

Laundries.

Cleaning establishments and dye works.

Places for boiling tripe, ox feet, and trotters, and extracting oil.

Soap and candle works.

16. Every such occupier of any premises whereon an offensive trade is carried on shall comply with such other conditions as may be imposed upon and notified to him from time to time by the local authority, includ-

ing the paving and draining of his premises or any part thereof, whether included under the provisions of By-law 14 or otherwise.

17. Where in any By-law contained in this Part any duty is thrown upon the occupier of any offensive trade premises, the By-law shall be interpreted to include employees of any such occupier, and any such employee committing a breach of these By-laws shall be liable to the same penalties as if he were the occupier.

18. In addition to the foregoing By-laws, the occupier of any premises whereon any offensive trade is carried on shall comply with any other By-laws in this Part which apply to the particular trade carried on by him.

Penalties for breaches of By-laws.

19. Where anything by this Part of the By-laws is directed to be done or forbidden to be done, or where authority is given to any officer to direct anything to be done or to forbid anything to be done, and such act so directed to be done remains undone or such act forbidden to be done is done, in every such case the person making default as to such direction and prohibition respectively shall be deemed guilty of a breach of this part of the said By-laws. And every person guilty of a breach of this part of the said By-laws shall be liable, for every such offence, besides any cost or expenses which may be incurred in the taking of proceedings against such person guilty of such offence, to a penalty not exceeding Twenty pounds for every breach of any such By-law, or to a penalty not exceeding Two pounds for each day during which such breach shall be committed or continued, and in addition to such penalty shall be liable to pay to the Local Authority any expense incurred by such authority in consequence of any breach or non-observance of any By-law, or in the execution of any work directed to be executed and not so executed.

SCHEDULE "A."

Application for Consent to Establish an Offensive Trade.
To the Town Clerk,

I,....., hereby make application for consent to the establishment of an offensive trade of the nature, and upon the premises as set out hereunder. As required by the provisions of "The Health Act, 1911," plans and specifications of the buildings proposed to be used or erected in connection with such trade are submitted herewith:—

Nature of offensive trade.....
Premises proposed to be used.....

Application advertised (state name of newspaper and date of publication).....

Signature of applicant,.....

Address,.....

Dated.....

SCHEDULE "B."

Application for Establishment of an Offensive Trade.

Certificate of Medical Officer of Health.

I,....., Medical Officer of Health to the Local Health Authority, do hereby certify that I have inspected the premises situated..... and proposed to be utilised for....., an offensive trade, and I further certify that in my opinion such premises are in every way suitable for such trade, and that due and proper provision has been made for the observance of the provisions of the Act, and of the by-laws.

Dated this.....day of....., 19 ..

Medical Officer of Health.

SCHEDULE "C."

Application for Registration of Offensive Trade Premises.

I,....., hereby make application for the registration of the premises specified hereunder, for the purpose of the trade of.....for the year ended 31st December, 19 .., and deposit herewith the sum of.....as registration fee in accordance with the by-laws:—

Situation of premises in respect of which registration is sought.....

Signature of applicant,.....

Address,.....

Dated.....

SCHEDULE "D."

Fees to be paid on application for Registration of Offensive Trade Premises.

In respect of:—	£	s.	d.
Slaughter-houses	5	0	0
Fellmongeries	5	0	0
Chemical Works	5	0	0
Cleaning establishment and dye works ..	5	0	0
Soap and candle works	5	0	0
Bone Mills	3	0	0
Manure Works	3	0	0
Wool Scouring Establishments	3	0	0
Fish Curing Establishments	3	0	0
Flock Factories	3	0	0
Any other trade not specified above ..	1	0	0

SCHEDULE "E."

Certificate of Registration of an Offensive Trade.

This is to certify that.....is registered as the occupier of premises situate at.....in which the trade of.....is carried on.

This registration expires on the 31st December next

Town Clerk.

Dated.....

Section B.—Slaughter-houses.

1. Every occupier of a slaughter-house shall observe the following conditions:—

- (a.) He shall not permit animals awaiting slaughter to be within sight of the killing pen during the period slaughtering is in progress.
- (b.) He shall provide all animals awaiting slaughter with an ample supply of drinking water, at all times accessible to such animals.
- (c.) He shall conduct the slaughtering of animals in a humane manner.
- (d.) He shall cause all utensils and instruments used in the slaughtering or dressing of carcasses to be at all times kept clean, and shall when so ordered by an inspector cause any such utensils or instruments to be sterilised by boiling.
- (e.) He shall cause the killing pen to be hosed down after each killing.
- (f.) He shall cause every dressed carcass to be hung so that every portion thereof is at least 18 inches above the floor.
- (g.) He shall not permit any but clean water to be used in the dressing of carcasses.
- (h.) He shall cause all viscera to be left either attached to or in such proximity to the carcass, of which it formed a portion, as will sufficiently indicate the relationship of the one to the other, or unless other means of identification are provided to the satisfaction of an inspector.
- (i.) He shall cause none but clean white cloths to be used in wiping down any carcass.

2. Every such occupier shall cause sufficient means of ventilation to be provided in or in connection with the premises, and shall keep such at all times in proper order and efficient action, and so that the ventilation shall be by direct communication with the external air.

3. Every such occupier shall cause the hides or skins, fat and offal of every animal slaughtered on the premises to be removed from the slaughter-house within twenty-four hours after the completion of the slaughtering of such animal.

4. No person shall erect any privy or urinal within one hundred feet of any slaughter-house.

5. The occupier of any slaughter-house shall not permit any animal, the flesh of which is intended for human consumption, to be kept for a longer period than six hours on any portion of the premises which is within one hundred feet of the killing pen, or any other portion of the premises used for the dressing or storage of carcasses.

6. No such occupier shall permit any animal to be kept within one hundred feet of the premises.

7. No such occupier shall slaughter or allow to be slaughtered on his premises any animal, nor shall any such occupier remove or permit to be removed from his premises the carcass of any slaughtered animal or part thereof unless and until such animal or carcass, as the case may be, is previously inspected by an inspector.

8. Every such occupier shall comply with such special precautions in the slaughtering of any animal, as an

inspector, as the result of an *ante mortem* inspection, shall direct.

9. No such occupier shall slaughter any animals except between the hours ofa.m. andp.m.

Section C.—Piggeries.

1. For the purpose of this section of these By-laws, the term "piggery" shall include any portion of the premises to which pigs have access.

2. No premises shall be registered as a piggery unless every portion of such piggery is at least one hundred feet distant from any street or thoroughfare, and at least two hundred feet distant from any dwelling house or dairy, or other premises wherein food is prepared for sale.

3. The occupier of every piggery shall provide either sties and enclosures, or enclosures within which his pigs shall be kept, and such sties and enclosures, or such enclosures, shall comply with the conditions hereinafter specified.

(a.) Where sties and enclosures are provided, the floor of every sty shall be properly paved with impervious materials, and every such floor shall have sufficient fall to a surface gutter, which shall be constructed of similar materials, and shall be not less than twelve inches wide and three inches deep in the centre of its width, and shall extend the whole length of the sty, and have sufficient fall so that it shall discharge all liquids falling upon the floor or upon the gutter into an impervious sump of sufficient capacity to receive at least one day's drainage.

The floor area of every such sty shall be in the proportion of not less than fifteen square feet to every pig over two months old that may be kept therein, and no pig-keeper shall keep a greater number of such pigs in any sty upon his premises than in the aforesaid proportion.

The area of every enclosure appurtenant to a sty or group of sties shall be not less than three times the area of the sty or group of sties to which it is appurtenant.

(b.) Where enclosures only are provided, then the fences of such enclosures shall be movable, and the fences shall be moved and re-erected so as to enclose a new site at such times as may be directed by an inspector.

4. (a.) The occupier of any piggery shall not permit any slaughtering of animals on his premises, nor shall he receive on his premises any carcase or part of a carcase of a diseased animal, and he shall not feed his pigs upon the flesh or offal of diseased animals.

(b.) He shall not receive, or suffer, or permit to be received on such premises putrid matter for any purpose.

(c.) He shall cause all readily putrescible pig-feed that may be brought upon such premises to be immediately deposited in cooking vessels, which he shall cause to be maintained at such a temperature as to prevent their contents from putrifying, and shall not remove or permit or suffer such contents to be removed, except to the feeding troughs.

(d.) He shall not receive, or suffer, or permit to be received on such premises any kitchen, slaughter-house, or butcher's wastes or other putrescible pig-feed unless such materials are contained in galvanised iron receptacles, fitted with airtight covers.

5. Every such occupier shall securely fence all his enclosures, and shall provide in each such enclosure sufficient shelter sheds to afford proper shelter for all the pigs that may at any one time be kept in any such enclosure.

6. Every such occupier shall provide a sufficient and constant supply of clean water, which shall be properly protected against pollution, and be always available for cleansing purposes.

7. (a.) Every such occupier shall provide feeding troughs—

(a.) Where sties and enclosures are provided under the provisions of By-law 3 (a), then in every sty, situated near to the drainage gutter, or in such a position as to be accessible to the pigs in two or more sties or enclosures.

(b.) Where enclosures are provided under the provisions of By-law 3 (b), then in each such enclosure.

(b.) He shall cause all feeding troughs, other than those provided in connection with movable enclosures, to be fixed upon a cement floor extending four feet in all directions from such trough, the whole to be so situated as to permit of being readily drained.

(c.) He shall not permit his pigs to be fed otherwise than at the feeding troughs provided in accordance with this By-law.

(d.) He shall cause all feeding troughs provided to be of a pattern which can be readily cleansed.

Section D.—Artificial Manure Depôts.

1. "Artificial manure" shall mean any manure or fertiliser prepared by any artificial process.

2. The occupier of an artificial manure depôt shall not permit any artificial manure to be kept or stored in such premises, except in a building, the walls, floors, and ceilings, or undersides of the roof of which are constructed of durable and non-absorbent materials finished internally with a smooth surface.

3. Every such occupier shall cause every precaution to be taken to prevent at all times the emission of dust or offensive or noxious effluvia from every building on his premises.

4. Every such occupier shall cause all artificial manures received at or despatched from his premises to be previously packed in such a manner as to prevent any nuisance arising therefrom during transit.

Section E.—Bone Mills.

1. "Bone manure" shall mean manure wholly or partially prepared from bone.

2. No occupier of a bone mill shall permit any bones to be dealt with upon his premises unless such process is wholly conducted within a building, the walls, floors, and ceilings, or roof whereof are constructed of durable and non-absorbent materials, finished internally with a smooth surface.

3. (a.) Every such occupier shall cause all milling processes to be conducted in airtight casings, and the products of the milling to be conveyed to airtight receivers or sound bags through airtight shoots or conveyors.

(b.) He shall cause every precaution to be taken to prevent at all times the emission of dust or offensive or noxious effluvia from every building on his premises.

4. (a.) Every such occupier shall cause all bones and bone manure received or produced upon his premises to be stored in such a manner and in such a position as to prevent, as far as practicable, the emission of noxious or offensive effluvia therefrom.

(b.) He shall cause all bones or bone manure received or despatched from such premises to be previously packed in such a manner as to prevent any nuisance arising therefrom during transit.

Section F.—Places for Storing, Drying, or Preserving Bones, Hides, Hoofs, or Skins.

1. Every occupier shall cause all materials which have been received upon the premises where his trade is carried on to be stored in such a manner and in such a situation as to prevent, as far as practicable, the emission of noxious, offensive, or injurious effluvia therefrom.

Section G.—Fat Melting, Fat Extracting, or Tallow Melting Establishments.

1. The occupier of any premises on which the trade of fat melting, fat extracting, or tallow melting is carried on shall provide covers to the apparatus in which the melting or extracting is carried on; such covers shall be of iron, and be at all times kept in position on the apparatus, except when the cover is removed for the purpose of emptying, filling, or cleansing the apparatus.

2. Every such occupier shall cause every wall within a radius of ten feet of the melting or extracting apparatus to be covered with impervious material and all parts of the boiling or other apparatus shall be composed or covered with some approved impervious material.

Section H.—Blood Drying.

1. (a.) Every occupier of premises used for blood drying shall cause all the blood which has been received upon the premises where his trade is carried on, and which is not required for immediate use, to be stored in such a manner and in such a situation as to prevent the emission of offensive or injurious effluvia therefrom.

(b.) He shall cause all blood brought upon his premises to be brought in closed vessels or receptacles constructed of galvanised iron or other non-absorbent material.

(c.) He shall also cause every process of his business to be carried on in a building paved with impervious material, and having walls covered to a height of at least six feet with hard, smooth, and impervious material.

Section I.—Gut Scraping, Gut Spinning, and Preparation of Sausage Skins.

1. (a.) Every gut scraper shall cause all undried guts which have been received upon the premises where his trade is carried on, and which are not required for immediate use, to be placed in suitable vessels or receptacles, properly constructed of galvanised iron, or some other non-absorbent material, and furnished with closely fitting covers.

(b.) He shall cause the several vessels or receptacles in which the guts have been placed to be covered, and to be kept covered until it becomes necessary to remove the contents for actual use.

(c.) He shall also cause all undried guts to be treated immediately upon arrival at his premises with an approved deodorant solution.

2. Every gut scraper shall, at frequent intervals during every working day, cause every floor or pavement upon the premises where his trade is carried on to be thoroughly swept, and to be copiously sprinkled or washed with an approved deodorant solution.

3. Every gut scraper shall, at the close of every working day, cause every bench or table, every tub, vessel, or utensil, and every implement which has been in use during the day upon the premises where his trade is carried on, or which is in a foul or offensive condition, to be thoroughly cleansed with water containing an approved deodorant.

4. Every gut scraper shall, at the close of every working day, cause all filth or refuse which has been splashed upon any part of the internal wall surface of any building upon his premises where his trade is carried on, to be removed by scraping or by some other effectual means.

Section J.—Fellmongeries.

1. In the construction of this section of these By-laws, unless the context otherwise requires,—

(a.) “Fellmonger” shall mean a person who buys or receives skins and prepares them for any subsequent use.

2. A fellmonger shall not cause or suffer any skin which by reason of decomposition has become useless for the purpose of leather dressing to be kept for a longer time than may be necessary in any part of the premises where his trade is carried on.

3. Every fellmonger shall cause the supply of water in every tank or other receptacle upon the premises where his trade is carried on, for the washing or soaking of any skin, to be renewed as often as may be necessary to prevent the emission of offensive or injurious effluvia from the contents of the tank or other receptacle.

4. (a.) Every fellmonger shall cause every tank or other receptacle used upon his premises where his trade is carried on, for the washing or soaking of any skin, and not being a liming pit, to be emptied at least once every day.

(b.) He shall cause every part of the tank or other receptacle, when emptied, to be thoroughly cleansed, and shall cause all filth which has been removed therefrom to be forthwith conveyed from the premises in suitable vessels or receptacles furnished with closely fitting covers.

5. Every fellmonger shall cause all waste lime which has been taken out of any pit upon the premises where his trade is carried on, to be forthwith deposited in approved vessels or receptacles, or in a properly constructed cart or carriage, which, when filled or loaded, shall be covered in such a manner as to prevent the emission of offensive or injurious effluvia from the contents thereof, and shall, with all reasonable despatch, be removed from the premises.

Section K.—Manure Works.

1. Every occupier of a manure works shall store the manure which may be received or manufactured or prepared upon the premises where his trade is carried on in such a manner and in such a situation as to prevent the emission of noxious or offensive effluvia therefrom, or so as to be a nuisance or injurious to health.

2. Every occupier of a manure works shall, when so ordered by an inspector, limewash such portion of the premises as he is directed so to do.

Section L.—Wool Scouring Establishments.

1. In this section of these By-laws the expression “wool scouring establishment” shall include a place where wool is received for the purpose of being cleansed.

2. The premises shall not be situated upon the catchment area of any water supply, nor in the neighbourhood

of any fresh water river, stream, water course, lake, well, or reservoir, and must be at least one hundred feet distant from any dwelling-house or place where food intended for human consumption is prepared or stored.

Section M.—Fish Curing Establishments.

1. (a.) A fish curer shall not suffer or permit any decomposing fish to be kept on the premises where his trade is carried on for a longer period than is reasonably necessary.

(b.) He shall cause all such decomposing fish to be deposited in galvanised iron or other impervious receptacles furnished with airtight covers, and kept securely covered until removed from the premises.

2. Every occupier of a fish curing establishment shall, when so ordered by an inspector, limewash such portion of the premises as he is directed so to do.

Section N.—Fish Shops.

1. The occupier of every fish shop shall cause the fireplace in any room in which the cooking of fish is carried on, to be so constructed that all the vapours and effluvia of such cooking shall be carried direct into a chimney flue of sufficient sectional area; or shall carry out such cooking under a hood provided with ventilating pipe commencing at the uppermost extremity of such hood, and discharging direct into the open air, or into an existing chimney.

2. The occupier of every fish shop shall cause the chimney shaft or ventilating pipe from such room to be carried up at least ten feet above the level of the roofs of the adjoining houses.

3. The occupier of a fish shop shall not permit any decomposing fish to be kept on any part of the premises where his trade is carried on.

4. The occupier of every fish shop shall provide a room wherein all cleaning of fish shall be carried out, and such room shall comply with provisions of By-law 14 of Section “A” hereof.

Section O.—Laundries.

Cleaning Establishments and Dyeworks.

1. Every occupier of a laundry, cleaning establishment, or dyeworks shall cause all the liquid wastes produced upon the premises where his trade is carried on to be collected and conducted by impervious channels or drains to a trapped drain inlet, or some other approved receptacle, or such liquid wastes shall be disposed of as the inspector may direct.

2. (a.) Every such occupier shall cause every floor or pavement, and every wall of any building upon the premises where his trade is carried on to be kept at all times in good order and repair so as to prevent the absorption therein of any liquid which may be splashed, or spilled, or may fall or be deposited thereon.

3. No occupier of a laundry nor any of his employees shall, in the damping or sprinkling of articles preparatory to the ironing thereof, sprinkle or damp the articles by discharging water from the mouth.

4. Every occupier of a laundry or cleaning establishment or dyeworks shall provide a reception room in which all articles brought to the premises for laundering or cleaning or dyeing, shall be received, and the occupier shall not permit such reception room to be used for the storage, either temporarily or otherwise, of any food; nor shall he use or suffer or permit any person to use for sleeping purposes any of the workrooms of the premises.

5. Every such occupier shall provide on top of the impervious floor, and for a width of three feet in front of any washing troughs or washing machines, a wooden grating of such height as will prevent the employees from standing upon such floor.

6. Every occupier of a laundry or cleaning establishment or dyeworks shall cause such articles as may be directed by an inspector to be thoroughly disinfected to the satisfaction of that officer.

Section P.—Marine Stores.

1. The occupier of every marine store shall comply with the following conditions as regards those premises:—

(a.) The yards shall be enclosed with a close fence, at least eight feet in height; any gates required to give access to the yards shall also be eight feet in height.

- (b.) The walls of the building used for the purpose of the trade shall be constructed of stone or brick, and the internal surfaces of all walls above the floor or pavement shall be smoothly rendered with good Portland cement mortar, or, where approved by the local authority, of galvanised iron.

2. Sufficient provision for ventilation shall be made by suitable openings in the roof, or otherwise, and every room in the building shall be properly connected with one or more of the aforementioned openings.

Section Q.—Rag and Bone Merchants' Premises.

1. (a.) Every rag and bone merchant shall cause all materials which have been received upon the premises where his trade is carried on, to be stored in such a manner and in such a situation as to prevent the emission of noxious or offensive effluvia therefrom, or so as to be a nuisance or injurious to health.

(b.) He shall cause all rags, second-hand clothes, textile fabrics, old bedding, and other material of similar description or manufacture received upon his premises to be immediately disinfected with some effective disinfectant.

Section R.—Chemical Works.

1. The occupier of a chemical works shall—

- (a.) Store all material awaiting treatment, all material in the course of preparation, and all

prepared material awaiting distribution in such a way as not to be a nuisance.

- (b.) Collect and dispose of all gases produced in the works in such a way as to render such gases inoffensive, as far as practicable, and so as to prevent a nuisance occurring from such gases.

Section S.—Flock Factories.

1. The occupier of a flock factory shall—

- (a.) Adopt effective means to immediately remove all dust escaping from the machinery and material, and such dust shall not be allowed to escape into the air.

- (b.) Adopt effective means of collecting all dust so removed and disposing of it in such a way that it shall neither be a nuisance nor escape into the air.

- (c.) Effectively cleanse and also sterilise all second-hand clothing and all other materials received on the premises other than cuttings from new material.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council, this 4th day of November, 1914.

BERNARD PARKER,
Clerk of the Council.

STATE PUBLIC SERVICE.

VACANCIES IN THE PUBLIC SERVICE.

Department.	Position.	Salary.	Date returnable.
Colonial Secretary's (Arbitration Court)	Clerk of Court of Arbitration, etc.	£264 to £324	21st November, 1914
Lands	Sub-Accountant	£264 to £324	do. do.
Mines	Inspector of Mines	£312 to £408	28th November, 1914
Colonial Secretary's (State Children's Branch)	Senior Inspectress	£144 to £180	do. do.
Do. do.	Inspectress	£120 to £156	do. do.
Mines (Woods and Forests Branch)	District Ranger (Bridgetown)	£192 to £228 (£150 allowance)	5th December, 1914

Applications are called under Section 38 of "The Public Service Act, 1904," and are to be addressed to the Public Service Commissioner, and should be made on the prescribed form obtainable from the offices of the various Permanent Heads of Departments.

Officers in Class G are not eligible for promotion to Class F until they have attained to the Maximum of their Class or to 20 years of age, and should therefore not apply for vacancies to which they have no claim for promotion.

M. E. JULL,
Public Service Commissioner.

RESERVES.

Department of Lands and Surveys,
Perth, 20th November, 1914.

HIS Excellency the Governor in Executive Council has been pleased to set apart as Public Reserves the lands described in the Schedules below, for the purposes therein set forth:—

5949/14.

KATANNING A.A.—No. 13250 (Gravel).—Lot 417. (10 acres.) (Diagram A. 1166; Plan 416B/40, F1.)

5950/14.

KATANNING AGRICULTURAL AREA.—No. 13251 (Gravel).—Lot 418. (10 acres.) (Diagram A. 1171; Plan 416B/40, F1.)

2076/12.

VICTORIA (Coomberdale).—No. 14216 (Recreation).—Location 5802. (10 acres.) (Diagram L.T.O. 3504; Plan 63/80, D3.)

9102/12.

KOJONUP.—No. 15735 (Gravel).—Location 7298. (18 acres Or. 32p.) (Diagram A. 1433; Plan 408/80, D4.)

5851/14.

MURRAY.—No. 15758 (Railways).—Locations 1093 and 1094. (8 acres Or. 5p.) (Reserve 609 is hereby reduced.) (Plan 380/80.)

4209/14.

MURRAY.—No. 15759 (Railways, Station-master's Residence).—Location 1095. (1 rood.) (Reserve 609 is hereby reduced.) (Plan 380/80.)

3238/14.

MURRAY.—No. 15760 (Public Hall site).—Location 1081. (1 rood 32p.) (Diagram P. 1813; Plan 380/80, E4.)

4888/14.

MANJIMUP.—No. 15761 (Church site, Methodist).—Lot 112. (1 rood.) (Reserve 14604 is hereby reduced.) (Plan Manjimup Townsite.)

8615/12.

NELSON.—No. 15762 (Excepted from Leasing and Occupation).—Locations 5835 and 5836. (407 acres 3r.) (Plan 439S/80, E4.)

4570/14.

WELLINGTON (Mornington).—No. 15768 (Rifle Range).—Bounded by lines starting at a point in the East boundary of Wellington Location 1192, situated about 2 chains 50 links South from its North-East corner, and extending 359deg. 21min. about 10 chains; thence 78deg. 51min. about 36 chains 50 links; thence 348deg. 51min. 6 chains 50 links; thence 78deg. 51min. 90 chains; thence 168deg. 51min. 23 chains; thence 258deg. 51min. 90 chains; thence 348deg. 51min. 6 chains 50 links, and 168deg. 51min. about 38 chains 42 links to the starting point. (About 244½ acres. (Plan 383/80, C & D4.)

R. CECIL CLIFTON,
Under Secretary for Lands.

AMENDMENT OF AREAS AND BOUNDARIES OF RESERVES.

Department of Lands and Surveys,
Perth, 20th November, 1914.

HIS Excellency the Governor in Executive Council has been pleased to approve of the areas and boundaries of the following Reserves being amended as described in the Schedules below, for the purposes therein set forth; the areas and boundaries previously published in the *Government Gazette* being hereby cancelled:—

3148/09.

COOLGARDIE (Ora Banda).—No. 12176 (Rifle Range).—Bounded by lines starting from a point situate 138 chains 51 links West and 191 chains 16 links North from survey mark R12, and extending 184deg. 28min. 46 chains; thence 94deg. 28min. 6 chains 50 links; thence 184deg. 28min. 91 chains; thence 274deg. 28min. 23 chains; thence 4deg. 28min. 91 chains; thence 94deg. 28min. 6 chains 50 links; thence 4deg. 28min. 46 chains; thence 94deg. 28min. to the starting point. (Excluding Road 919.) (254 acres, ex. roads.)

8866/11.

WILLIAMS (near Dumbleyung).—No. 14537 (Rifle Range).—Bounded by lines starting from the North-East corner of Williams Location 9476, and extending South along part of the East boundary of said location for a distance of 10 chains 38 links; thence 140deg. 19min. 71 chains; thence 132deg. 45min. 46 chains; thence 42deg. 45min. 25 chains; thence 312deg. 45min. 46 chains; thence 305deg. 11min. 75 chains 63 links; thence North to a surveyed road on the Southern boundary of Location 8270 and along it 288deg. 31min. to the starting point. (226 acres 2r.) (Diagram Narrogin 2104; Plan 408A/40.)

R. CECIL CLIFTON,
Under Secretary for Lands.

BEVERLEY LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Department of Lands and Surveys,
Corres. 7632/09. Perth, 20th November, 1914.

IT is hereby notified, for general information, that notice appearing in the *Government Gazette* of the 16th October, 1914, page 4182, making Avon Location 14576 available on the 11th October, 1914, is cancelled, and the land referred to therein is withdrawn from selection.

R. CECIL CLIFTON,
Under Secretary for Lands.

NOTICE OF FORFEITURE.

Department of Lands and Surveys,
Perth, 16th November, 1914.

IT is hereby notified, for general information, that the undermentioned Leases have been forfeited under Sections 136 and 137 of "The Land Act, 1898," for non-payment of rent due to 30th June, 1914:—

Name, District, Lease No., Area, and Rent.
Green, Mary Abereromby, Corr. 6193/00, Boulder, 21/1410 (1 rood), 5s.
McConville, J., dec'd (McConville, Margt., as executrix), Corr. No. 9784/00, Boulder, 21/1689 (1 rood), 5s.
George Wright Telfer, Leslie Thomas Telfer, and William Francis Telfer, Corr. No. 2487/10, Avon, 8252/56 (947), £95 15s. 9d.
George Wright Telfer, Leslie Thomas Telfer, and William Francis Telfer, Corr. No. 2486/10, Avon, 25449/55 (955), £106 12s. 4d.
George Wright Telfer, Leslie Thomas Telfer, and William Francis Telfer, Corr. No. 2491/10, Avon, 8250/56 (929), £121 4s. 9d.
George Wright Telfer, Leslie Thomas Telfer, and William Francis Telfer, Corr. No. 2490/10, Avon, 25447/55 (829), £107 3s. 11d.
George Wright Telfer, Leslie Thomas Telfer, and William Francis Telfer, Corr. No. 2489/10, Avon, 8251/56 (827), £108 1s. 4d.
George Wright Telfer, Leslie Thomas Telfer, and William Francis Telfer, Corr. No. 2488/10, Avon, 25448/55 (930), £109 6s. 7d.
Olive Netta Telfer, Corr. No. 16581/10, Avon, 6315/68 (1,153), £80 3s. 2d.
Olive Telfer and Hubert Telfer, Corr. No. 2493/10, Avon, 8249/56 (919), £106 10s. 5d.
Olive Telfer and Hubert Telfer, Corr. No. 2492/10, Avon, 25444/55 (999), £104 12s. 7d.

R. CECIL CLIFTON,
Under Secretary for Lands.

TOWNSITE OF TOOLIBIN.

Regazettal of Boundaries.

Yillimining-Kondinin Railway.

Department of Lands and Surveys,
Perth, 20th November, 1914.

9395/12.

HIS Excellency the Governor in Executive Council has been pleased to set apart the land described hereunder as Town and Suburban to form a Townsite on the Yillimining-Kondinin Railway, hereafter to be known and distinguished as Toolibin:—

Bounded by lines starting from the South-East corner of Williams Location 7807, and extending North along part of its East boundary to the North-West corner of Location 8621; thence East to the South-East corner of Location 9574; thence North along the East boundary of Location 9574 aforesaid to the South boundary of Location 5281; thence East to its South-East corner; thence North along its East boundary and onwards in prolongation to the South boundary of Location 5360; thence East along part of the South boundary of Location 5360 aforesaid, and that of Location 5363 to the latter's South-East corner; thence 89deg. 56min. 41 chains; thence 179deg. 55min. 20 chains; thence 227 deg. 55min. about 41 chains 50 links; thence South to the Northern side of a surveyed two-chain road; thence North-Westerly along said road to the starting point. (Plan 386A/40.)

R. CECIL CLIFTON,
Under Secretary for Lands.

WAVERLEY TOWNSITE.

Change of Name.

Department of Lands and Surveys,
Perth, 20th November, 1914.

4990/98.

IT is hereby notified, for general information, that His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council has been pleased to approve, under the provisions of Section 7 of "The Land Act, 1898," of the name of the Townsite of "Waverley" being changed to "Siberia," and such Townsite shall hereafter be known and distinguished as "Siberia."

R. CECIL CLIFTON,
Under Secretary for Lands.

CEMETERIES ACT, 1897.

Regulations.

Department of Lands and Surveys,
Perth, 20th November, 1914.

3850/14.

HIS Excellency the Governor in Executive Council has been pleased to make the following Regulations under the provisions of Section 42 of "The Cemeteries Act, 1897":—

1. Any sum of money paid to the Trustees of any Cemetery out of moneys appropriated by Parliament shall be applied by the Trustees to such purpose as the Minister may direct.
2. Before making any advance, the Minister may require the Trustees to give a guarantee to his satisfaction that such moneys will be properly applied.
3. On the completion of the work for which any grant is made, properly acquitted vouchers for the expenditure shall be transmitted to the Minister by the Trustees.
4. Any moneys so advanced shall be repayable by the Trustees to the Minister, on demand, if such moneys have not been properly applied or vouchers for the expenditure have not been duly transmitted by the Trustees to the Minister.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council, this 18th day of November, 1914.

BERNARD PARKER,
Clerk of the Council.

THE WORKERS' HOMES ACT, 1911.

Cancellation of Dedication.

Department of Lands and Surveys,
Perth, 20th November, 1914.

2903/13.

HIS Excellency the Governor in Council has been pleased to cancel the dedication of Collie Lot 367 to the purposes of "The Workers' Homes Act, 1911."

R. CECIL CLIFTON,
Under Secretary for Lands.

OPEN FOR LEASING.

Portion of Reserve 1935, at Uambine Pool.

Department of Lands and Surveys,
Perth, 10th November, 1914.

1788/90. IT is hereby notified, for general information, that the portion of Reserve 1935, at Uambine Pool, on the Hotham River, situate Southward of an East and West line passing along the South boundary of Recreation Reserve 12032, will be available for leasing under Section 41A of "The Land Act, 1898," for grazing purposes, on and after the 2nd December, 1914, at a rental of £1 per annum, renewable at the will of the Minister for Lands, but subject to determination at three months' notice on either side, rent being apportioned accordingly. The lessee to be allowed to eradicate the poison, but he is prohibited from ring-barking or grubbing the timber on this Reserve; any breach of this condition will involve the termination of the lease. Applications to be lodged at the District Land Office at Beverley. (Plan 378A/40.)

R. CECIL CLIFTON,
Under Secretary for Lands.

PASTORAL LANDS AVAILABLE FOR LEASING.

Department of Lands and Surveys,
Perth, 6th November, 1914.

IT is hereby notified, for general information, that the lands comprised in the following forfeited Pastoral Leases will be again available for leasing under Part X. of "The Lands Act, 1898," on the 25th November, 1914; applications to be lodged at the Local Land Office for the District in which the land is situated:—

PERTH LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Corres. No.,	Lease No.,	Approx. Area in Acres,	Plan No., and District or Division.
1438/08	629/96	40,000	94/300 Lyndon
8946/11	1250/96	20,500	95/300 Lyndon
4820/11	1205/96	20,000	53/300 Kyarra
4920/07	761/98	34,000	133/300 Kimberley

BRIDGETOWN LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Corres. No.,	Lease No.,	Approx. Areas in Acres,	Plan No., and District or Division.
16970/12	2378/93	3,000	438/80, Nelson B & C3

R. CECIL CLIFTON,
Under Secretary for Lands.

LOTS OPEN FOR LEASING FOR CULTIVATION.

Department of Lands and Surveys,
Perth, 13th November, 1914.

IT is hereby notified, for general information, that the undermentioned Lots are available for leasing, subject to the Regulations for the Leasing of Town and Suburban Lands for Cultivation, on and after the dates specified in the Schedule below:—

Corr. No.	Town.	Lot Nos.	Capital Value.	Annual Rental.	Open	Applications to be lodged at	Remarks.
5635/14	Isseka ...	Lot 53 ...	£20	12s.	1914.	Geraldton	
7263/09	Collie Burn ...	Lot 284 ...	£36 13s. 4d.	£1 2s.	25th November	Bunbury	
		Lots 281, 285 and 286	£30 each	18s. each	2nd December	do.	
10500/12	Kellerberrin ...	Lots 263 and 264	£16 13s. 4d.	10s.	do.	Northam	Lots 263 and 264 are subject to the payment, within 30 days, of £2 7s. 6d., and £2 12s. 6d. respectively, for the value of the improvements existing thereon.
1372/14	Nelson District	Locs. 7299 and 7300	£40 each	£1 4s. each	do.	Bridgetown	

Selection is limited to ONE LOT to each person unless otherwise stated.

Plans showing the arrangements of the Lots referred to will shortly be obtainable at this office and the various District or Branch Land and Survey Offices.

Applications may be lodged at the offices mentioned at any time prior to the dates specified, and any applications so lodged will be deemed to have been lodged on that day.

In the event of two or more applications for the same lot, priority will be determined as prescribed by Section 17 of "The Land Act, 1898," and Section 2 of "The Land Act Amendment Act, 1900."

In the event of any applicant obtaining a lot on which there are improvements not erected or owned by such applicant, he shall pay the fair value of such improvements to Clerk in charge of the District or Branch Land and Survey office at the place mentioned before his application is approved.

Intending applicants are requested to lodge their applications before the date specified, and are reminded that it is unnecessary to employ an agent, as applications may be lodged personally or sent through the post.

Each of the above mentioned lots will be leased on the condition that the purchaser or his transferees shall not at any time obtain or hold a license for the sale of intoxicating liquor on the lot purchased.

R. CECIL CLIFTON,
Under Secretary for Lands.

CHANGES OF NAMES OF STREETS.

North Perth Municipality.

Department of Lands and Surveys,
Corres. 1532/14. Perth, 20th November, 1914.

IT is hereby notified, for general information, that His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council has been pleased to approve, under Section 7 of "The Land Act, 1898," of the names of the undermentioned Streets in the North Perth Municipality being altered as follows:—

Hicks and Randwick Streets to Flinders Street; Mosey Street to Fairfield Street; Wittenoom Street to Coogee Street; The Promenade to Derby Street, and Wellington Street to Dunedin Street; and such streets shall hereafter be known and distinguished as Flinders, Fairfield, Coogee, Derby, and Dunedin Streets as aforesaid.

R. CECIL CLIFTON,
Under Secretary for Lands.

North Perth Municipality.

Department of Lands and Surveys,
Corres. 4311/14. Perth, 20th November, 1914.

IT is hereby notified, for general information, that His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council has been pleased to approve, under Section 7 of "The Land Act, 1898," of the names of Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4 Avenues in the North Perth Municipality being changed to Blake, Mabel, Ruby, and Namur Streets respectively, and such streets shall hereafter be known and distinguished as Blake, Mabel, Ruby, and Namur Streets as aforesaid.

R. CECIL CLIFTON,
Under Secretary for Lands.

CHANGE OF PURPOSE OF RESERVE.

Department of Lands and Surveys,
4046/14. Perth, 20th November, 1914.

HIS Excellency the Governor in Executive Council has been pleased to approve of the purpose of Reserve 2798, at Moora, being changed from "Public Utility" to "Recreation."

R. CECIL CLIFTON,
Under Secretary for Lands.

TOWN LOTS OPEN FOR LEASING.

Department of Lands and Surveys,
Perth, 20th November, 1914.

IT is hereby notified, for general information, that the undermentioned Lots are available for leasing, subject to the Regulations for the Leasing of Town and Suburban Lands, on and after the dates specified below, at the annual rentals shown in brackets:—

OPEN WEDNESDAY, 25th NOVEMBER, 1914.

Applications to be lodged at Kalgoorlie:—

- 773/03—BROWN HILL, 23c, £15 (12s.)
3761/07—BROWN HILL, 248, £12 10s. (10s.)
6329/04—BOULDER, 1763, £12 10s. (10s.)
10701/11—KALGOORLIE, 865, £15 (12s.)
13286/11—KOOKYNIE, 162, £12 10s. (10s.)
2590/13—ORA BANDA, 70, £30 (£1 4s. Improvements, £30.
3478/11—BOULDER, 2575, £20 (16s.) Improvements, £4 10s.
10501/99—BOULDER, 537, £15 (12s.) Improvements, £35.
4688/00—BOULDER, 676, £12 10s. (10s.) Improvements, £60.
14128/03—SOUTH BOULDER, 1817, £15 (12s.) Improvements, £33.
8098/05—SOUTH BOULDER, F 280, £12 10s. (10s.) Improvements, £30.
2157/10—SOUTH BOULDER, 1805, £12 10s. (10s.) Improvements, £38.
9892/10—LEONORA, 832, £12 10s. (10s.) Improvements, £4.

Applications to be lodged at Northam:—
5410/14—*BRUCE ROCK, 37, £20 (16s.).

Applications to be lodged at Northam:—
16568/10—DOWERIN, Lot 75, £12 10s. (10s.).
10999/12—DOWERIN, Lot 85, £12 10s. (10s.).

Applications to be lodged at Bunbury:—
7025/13—COLLIE, Lot 499, £25 (£1).

Applications to be lodged at Bridgetown:—
11294/12—KULIKUPP, Lot 1, £30 (£1 4s.).

OPEN WEDNESDAY, 2nd DECEMBER, 1914.

Applications to be lodged at Kalgoorlie:—

- 5373/02—SOUTH BOULDER, Lot 407, £12 10s. (10s.). £35 improvements.
13477/05—SOUTH BOULDER, Lot 429, £12 10s. (10s.). £5 improvements.
12806/00—SOUTH BOULDER, Lot F340, £12 10s. (10s.). £120 improvements.
14127/03—SOUTH BOULDER, Lot 1816, £12 10s. (10s.). £12 improvements.
865/01—BOULDER, Lot 1226, £12 10s. (10s.). £84 improvements.
15571/99—LAKE VIEW, Lot 68, £15 (12s.).
11446/00—KALGOORLIE, Lot 1456, £22 10s. (18s.).

Applications to be lodged at Bridgetown:—

- 2188/14.—BOYUP BROOK, Lot 161, £30 (£1 4s.); Lot 163, £25 (£1); Lots 162 and 175, £20 each (16s. each); Lots 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, and 174, £15 each (12s. each); Lots 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, and 183, £12 10s. each (10s. each). Lots 164 and 176 are excepted from Leasing and occupation as Reserve 11725.

Applications to be lodged at Wagin:—

- 9812/06, Vol. II.—DUMBLEYUNG, Lot 211, £40 (£1 12s.); Lots 213, 214, 215, and 218, £35 each (£1 8s. each); Lot 223, £30 (£1 4s.); Lots 219, 220, and 221, £25 each (£1 each).

Applications to be lodged at Perth:—

- 1589/14.—FREMANTLE, Lots 1267, 1269, 1271, 1690, 1691, and 1692, £60 each (£2 8s. each); Lots 1266, 1268, 1270, 1687, 1688, and 1689, £50 each (£2 each).

Applications to be lodged at Katanning:—

- 3736/11.—TINGERUP, Lots 7 and 22, £20 each (16s. each); Lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 14, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 23, and 30, £15 each (12s. each); Lots 9, 11, 12, 13, 24, 25, 27, 28, 29, £12 10s. each (10s. each).

Applications to be lodged at Northam:—

- 6831/10.—TRAYNING, Lot 89, £30 (£1 4s.); Lot 96, £25 (£1); Lots 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 97, 104, 105, and 112, £22 10s. each (18s. each); Lots 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 113, and 120, £17 10s. each (14s. each); Lots 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, and 119, £12 10s. each (10s. each).

Applications to be lodged at Narrogin:—

- 6135/07.—NARROGIN, Lot 694, £25 (£1).

OPEN WEDNESDAY, 9th DECEMBER, 1914.

Applications to be lodged at Kalgoorlie:—

- 2675/09—SOUTH BOULDER, Lot 1803, £12 10s. (10s.).

Applications to be lodged at Narrogin:—

- 7195/13.—NARROGIN, Lot 1107, £52 10s. (£2 2s.); Lot 1104, £47 10s. (£1 18s.); Lots 1108, 1109, and 1066, £45 each (£1 16s. each); Lots 1056, 1057, 1060, 1061, 1062, 1063, 1064, 1065, 1071, 1072, 1099, 1100, 1101, 1102, 1103, 1105, and 1106, £40 each (£1 12s. each); Lots 1067, 1068, 1069, 1070, 1073, 1074, 1075, 1076, 1077, £35 each (£1 8s. each); Lot 1086, £25 (£1); Lots 1078, 1083, 1084, 1085, and 1088, £22 10s. each (18s. each); Lots 1079, 1080, 1081, 1089, and 1098, £20 each (16s. each).
7195/13.—NARROGIN, Lots 1094, 1095, 1096, and 1097, £15 each (12s. each). Lots 1058, 1059, 1082, 1087, 1090, 1091, 1092, and 1093 have been excepted from Leasing and Occupation as Reserve No. 15661.

OPEN WEDNESDAY, 16th DECEMBER, 1914.

Applications to be lodged at Kalgoorlie:—

- 12686/00.—SOUTH BOULDER, Lot 335F, £12 10s. (10s.).
12685/00.—SOUTH BOULDER, Lot 361F, £12 10s. (10s.).
12393/00.—SOUTH BOULDER, Lot 344F, £12 10s. (10s.).
2533/01.—SOUTH BOULDER, Lot 359F, £12 10s. (10s.).
2722/01.—SOUTH BOULDER, Lot 356F, £12 10s. (10s.).
1275/04.—SOUTH BOULDER, Lot 119F, £12 10s. (10s.).
3317/13.—ORA BANDA, Lot 65, £25 (£1).
2645/13.—ORA BANDA, Lot 75, £25 (£1).

Plans showing the arrangements of the lots referred to are now obtainable at this office and the various District or Branch District Land and Survey Offices.

Applications may be lodged at the offices mentioned at any time prior to the dates specified, and any applications so lodged will be deemed to have been lodged on the specified day.

In the event of two or more applications for the same lot, priority will be determined as prescribed by Section 17 of "The Land Act, 1898," and Section 2 of "The Land Act Amendment Act, 1900."

In the event of any applicant obtaining a lot on which there are improvements not erected or owned by such applicant, he shall pay the fair value of such improvements to the Minister for Lands in the manner provided by Clause 16 of the above Regulations.

Intending applicants are requested to lodge their applications before the date specified, and are reminded that it is unnecessary to employ an agent, as applications may be lodged personally or sent through the post.

*Each of the above-mentioned lots in townsites marked with an asterisk, exclusive of reserves, will be leased on the condition that the purchaser or his transferees shall not at any time obtain or hold a license for the sale of intoxicating liquor on the lot purchased.

†Subject to the condition that the lessee shall not carry on, or permit or suffer to be carried on, on this lot any trade or business whatsoever without the consent in writing of the Minister for Lands being first obtained.

R. CECIL CLIFTON,
Under Secretary for Lands.

LAND OPEN FOR SELECTION

Department of Lands and Surveys,
Perth, 20th November, 1914.

IT is hereby notified, for general information, that His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council has been pleased to approve of the areas scheduled hereunder being made available for selection under "The Land Act, 1898," and its amendments. The selector of a Homestead Farm from any location available under Part VIII. must take the balance thereof under Conditional Purchase, and a selector of a portion of any location available under Part VI. must take the balance of same under Grazing Lease Conditions.

The areas which are open under Part V. are open under Section 55 (Residential Conditions), and only under Section 56 (Non-residential Conditions) to those persons already holding their full complement under Section 55 in the immediate vicinity.

The lands marked with an asterisk are available under Part VI.

Applications must be lodged at the Local Land Office for the district in which the land is situated.

Any application may be lodged before the fixed date, but will be treated as having been received on that day; if there are more applicants than one for any lot, the application to be granted will be determined by the Land Board, and should any lands remain unselected such will continue available until applied for or otherwise dealt with.

If a Land Board sitting becomes necessary, after the closing of the date for receiving applications, notice will be given in the *Government Gazette* and at least one newspaper advising the applicants for the blocks of the date, time, and place of the meeting of the Board, to deal with the matter; but it shall not be obligatory on the Department to give any other notice.

If an applicant wishes to appear before the Land Board in person, he may apply to the Head Office or to the Clerk in Charge of any of the District or Branch Land Offices for a certificate to the Railway Department, which, on presentation at the nearest Railway Station, will entitle him to a Return Ticket, at Excursion Rates, to the place where the Board will sit, available for seven days from the date of issue.

Land specified as carrying an Agricultural Bank advance which is situated within 15 miles of a railway or authorised railway is available subject to the special conditions that an expenditure of not less than one-fourth of the amount set out shall be made on prescribed improvements in each of the first four years of the lease; but this shall not release the holder from any covenant in the Agricultural Bank Mortgage requiring the improvements to be made at an earlier date. Such advance is subject to the usual condition governing a loan from the Agricultural Bank, particulars of which may be had on application to the Managing Trustee. Applications for advance must be accompanied by a fee of one per cent.

SCHEDULES.

OPEN WEDNESDAY, 25th NOVEMBER, 1914.

ALBANY LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Plantagenet District (Denmark Estate).

Corr. No. 2823/14.

Open, under Part V., Sections 55 and 56. (Plan 452C/40.)

Location No.	Area.	Price per acre.
	acres.	£ s. d.
Lot 457 ...	106	0 18 0

Amount payable half-yearly for first three years, £1 6s. 6d.

Amount payable half-yearly for remaining 17 years, £2 11s. 6d.

The lot is made available subject to the Regulations published in the *Government Gazette* of 18th March, 1910 (page 752).

The area which may be selected by any one person is limited to 151 acres.

No License for the sale of intoxicants will be granted within the Denmark Estate.

BEVERLEY LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Avon District (near Corrigin).

Corr. No. Lands 10575/11.

Open, under Parts V. and VIII. (Plan 344/80, C3.)

Location No.	Area.	Price per acre
	acres.	£ s. d.
17622 ...	357	0 11 6
17623 ...	505	0 11 6

GERALDTON LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Victoria District (near Nanson Townsite).

Corr. No. 2447/14.

Open, under Part V. (Plan 157A/40.)

The area comprised within closed road extending through Victoria Location 2248 from Road 1534 Eastward to the East boundary of said location, also the surveyed road leaving the above in Location 2248, and extending North-Eastward and North to join a surveyed road at a North-East corner of said location, at £1 per acre, inclusive of cost of survey. This land is available only to the holders of land abutting thereon. Crown Grant of this land will not be issued before those of adjoining blocks in same name.

NORTHAM LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Avon District (near Balkulling Siding).

Corr. No. 9282/13.

Open, under Part V. (Plan 3D/40, B3.)

The area comprised within closed road along the South-Western boundary of Avon Location 2568, at £1 per acre in addition to cost of survey. This land is available only to the holders of land abutting thereon. Crown Grant of this land will not be issued before those of adjoining blocks in the same name.

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, 2nd DECEMBER, 1914.

ALBANY LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Hay, Nelson, and Kojonup Districts.

Corr. No. 1510/14.

Open, under Parts V., VI., and VIII. (Plans 444/80 and 437/80.)

The vacant unreserved Crown lands lately temporarily reserved for subdivisional purposes, Corres. 2099/13, on Plans 444/80, A1 & 2, B1 & 2, C1, 2, & 3, D1, 2, & 3, E1, 2, 3, & 4, and F3; and on Plan 437/80, A4, B3 & 4, C3 & 4, and E4; subject to survey, classification, and pricing.

PERTH LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Udialla A.A. District (near Derby).

Corr. No. 3767/07.

Open, under Parts V. and VIII. (Plan, Udialla A.A. and 135/300.)

Location No.	Area.	Price per acre.	
	a. r. p.	£ s. d.	
1 ...	53 2 0	0 14 0	Ex value of improvements
2 ...	322 2 0	0 10 0	
3 ...	320 0 0	0 11 6	
4 ...	251 2 0	0 7 6	
5 ...	32 0 0	0 10 0	Ex the value of improvements
6 ...	1438 0 0	0 9 6	
7 ...	379 2 0	0 10 0	
8 ...	285 2 0	0 8 0	
9 ...	364 0 0	0 7 6	Ex the value of improvements
10 ...	250 0 0	0 11 0	

1. Should any person other than the owner become the successful applicant for Lots 1, 3, or 10, the price per acre will be increased to cover the value of improvements.

2. Selection is limited to one lot to each selector.

BEVERLEY LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Avon District (near Brookton).

Corr. No. 3943/12.

Open, under Parts V., VI., and VIII. (Plans 342B/40, 342C/40, 342D/40.)

The vacant, unreserved, and unsubdivided Crown lands at present temporarily reserved for Railway, Corres. 3943/12, on Plans 342B/40, 342C/40, and 342D/40; subject to survey, classification, and pricing. The above areas are also available under Part X. of "The Land Act, 1898," and its amendments.

BRIDGETOWN LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Wellington District (in Preston A.A.).

Corr. No. 4229/13.

Open, under Part V. (Plan 414A/40, C2.)

The area comprised within closed road along part of the West boundary of Preston A.A. Lot 81 deviated from by Road 4853, at £1 per acre, in addition to cost of survey.

This land is available only to the holders of land abutting thereon.

Crown Grants of this land will not be issued before those of adjoining blocks in the same name.

KATANNING LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Katanning A.A.

Corr. No. Lands 2206/90.

Open, under Parts V. and VIII. (Plan 416B/40, F1 & 2.)

Lot No.	Area.	Price per acre.	
S	acres. 219	£ s. d. 1 0 0	Reserve 1955 is hereby cancelled.

WAGIN LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Williams District (near Wageegurrup).

Corr. No. 7659/13.

Open, under Part V. (Plan 409A/40, B2.)

The area comprised within closed road extending along the East and South boundaries of Williams Location 434 and the South boundary of Location 433, at £1 per acre, in addition to cost of survey.

This land is available only to the holders of land abutting thereon.

Crown Grant of this land will not be issued before those of adjoining blocks in the same name.

Williams District (near Carcumming Rock).

Corr. No. 1385/12.

Open, under Part V. (Plan 385C/40, E4.)

The area comprised within closed road along the North and part of West boundaries of Williams Location 2751, from its North-East corner to North-East corner of Location 5512, at £1 per acre, in addition to cost of survey.

This land is available only to the holders of land abutting thereon.

Crown Grant of this land will not be issued before those of adjoining blocks in the same name.

NORTHAM LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Avon District (near Yulgan Spring).

Corr. No. 16436/08.

Open, under Part V. (Plan 32/80, A & B3.)

The area comprised within the closed roads as hereunder:—

(1.) Passing along the East boundaries of Avon Locations 7619, 7618, 7617, and 6493.

Along the South boundaries of Avon Locations 7618 and 7317, part of the West, the South and the East boundaries of Avon Location 6850, and part of that of Avon Location 7129.

Also that along the North and East boundaries of Location 7133, the North and East boundaries of Location 7129, and the South boundary of Avon Location 7433, at £1 per acre, in addition to cost of survey.

This land is available only to the holders of land abutting thereon.

Crown Grant of this land will not be issued before those of adjoining blocks in the same name.

Avon District (near Kwollyinn).

Corr. No. 3156/13.

Open, under Part V. (Plan 4/80, B2.)

The area comprised within the closed road along the Northern boundaries of Kwollyinn A.A. Lot 164, from its North-East to North-West corners, at £1 per acre, in addition to cost of survey.

This land is available only to the holders of land abutting thereon.

Crown Grant of this land will not be issued before those of adjoining blocks in the same name.

PERTH LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Canning, Cockburn Sound, and Avon Districts.

Corr. No. 3943/12.

Open, under Parts V., VI., and VIII. (Plans 341B/40, 342/80.)

The vacant, unreserved, and unsubdivided Crown lands at present temporarily reserved for Railway, Corres. 3943/12, on Plans 341B/40 and 342/80; subject to survey, classification, and pricing.

The above areas are also available under Part X. of "The Land Act, 1898," and its amendments.

OPEN WEDNESDAY, 9th DECEMBER, 1914.

BRIDGETOWN LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Nelson District (near Wilgarrup).

Corr. No. 2876/14.

Open, under Part V., Section 60. (Plan 439C/40.)

Location No.	Area.	Price per acre.
7301 ...	acres. 5	£ s. d. 1 10 0

Nelson District (near Yeticup Lake).

Corr. No. 5465/13, Vol. II.

Open, under Part V., Section 60. (Plan 438/80, B4.)

Location No.	Area.	Price per acre.	
7306	acres. 10	£ s. d. 1 11 0	Reserve 13870 is hereby reduced.

NORTHAM LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Avon District (near Kwollyin).

Corr. No. 2389/14.

Open, under Part V. (Plan 4/80, B4.)

The area comprised within closed road passing South-Eastward along a North-East boundary of and through Avon Location 20340, through Locations 18412, 18414, and along a North-Eastern boundary of Location 17304, at £1 per acre, in addition to cost of survey.

This land is available only to the holders of land abutting thereon.

Crown Grant of this land will not be issued before those of adjoining blocks in the same name.

PERTH LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Canning District (near Karragullen).

Corr. No. 345/13.

Open, under Part V., Section 60. (Plan 341B/40, E1.)

Location No.	Area.	Price per acre.
641 ...	a. r. p. 14 0 17	£ s. d. 1 15 0

R. CECIL CLIFTON,
Under Secretary for Lands.

LAND OPEN FOR SELECTION.

Department of Lands and Surveys,
IT is hereby notified, for general information, that the lands described hereunder will be available for selection on the days as hereinafter shown, under Parts V. and VIII. of the Land Act and its Amendments, and the Regulations framed thereunder.

The lands marked with an asterisk are also available under Part VI.

Applications must be lodged at the Local Land Office for the District in which the land is situated.

Any application may be lodged before the fixed date, but will be treated as having been received on that date; if there are more applicants than one for any lot, the application to be granted will be determined by the Land Board, and should any lands remain unselected such will continue available until applied for or otherwise dealt with.

If a Land Board sitting becomes necessary, after the closing of the date for receiving applications, notice will be given in the *Government Gazette* and at least one newspaper advising the applicants for the blocks of the date, time, and place of the meeting of the Board, to deal with the matter; but it shall not be obligatory on the Department to give any other notice.

If an applicant wishes to appear before the Land Board in person, he may apply to the Head Office or the Clerk in Charge of any of the District or Branch Land Offices for a certificate to the Railway Department, which, on presentation at the nearest Railway Station, will entitle him to a Return Ticket at Excursion Rates, to the place where the Board will sit, available for seven days from the date of issue. *

Land specified as carrying an Agricultural Bank advance is available subject to the special condition that an expenditure of not less than one-fourth of the amount set out shall be made on prescribed improvements in each of the first four years of the lease; but this shall not release the holder from any covenant in the Agricultural Bank Mortgage requiring the improvements to be made at an earlier date. Such advance is subject to the usual conditions governing a loan from the Agricultural Bank, particulars of which may be had on application to the Managing Trustee. Applications for advance must be accompanied by a fee of one per cent.

The areas which are open under Part V. are open under Section 55 (Residential Conditions), and only under Section 56 (Non-residential Conditions) to those persons already holding their full complement under Section 55 in the immediate vicinity.

OPEN WEDNESDAY, 25th NOVEMBER, 1914.

ALBANY LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Hay District.

Corres. 660/12.

* Hay Location 991, containing 610 acres, at 9s. 6d. per acre; being W. J. Henderson's forfeited Grazing Lease 7520/68, Homestead Farm 18282/74, and Conditional Purchase 31498/55. (Plan 456/80, A1.)

Kent District.

Corres. 5947-8/12.

Kent Location 647, containing 1,500 acres; 1,000 acres at 11s. per acre,* 500 acres at 5s. per acre; being A. G. Foster's forfeited Grazing Lease 7833/68 and Homestead Farm 18574/74. (Plan 434/80, B2.)

Plantagenet District.

Corres. 3623/11.

Denmark Lot 415, containing 103½ acres, at 14s. 6d. per acre; being W. A. Smith's forfeited Conditional Purchase 29268/55. (Plan 452C/40.) (Part V. only.) (Subject to the conditions published in the *Government Gazette*, 18th March, 1910, page 751, and the payment of the Existing Agricultural Bank Mortgage £48 10s. 5d.)

Plantagenet District.

Corres. 2205/12.

Denmark Lot 465, containing 99 acres, at 21s. per acre; being B. Port's abandoned Conditional Purchase 31471/55 (Part V. only). (Plan 452C/40.)

(Subject to the conditions published in the *Government Gazette* 22nd March, 1910, page 751.)

BUNBURY LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Wellington District.

Corres. 5168/14.

Harvey A.A. Lot 331, containing 100 acres, at 20s. per acre; being J. V. Keane's abandoned Conditional Purchase 11869/56. (Plan Harvey A.A., Sheet 2.)

Corres. 4364/05.

Wellington Location 1891, containing 154 acres, at 9s. per acre; being H. Digwood's forfeited Homestead Farm 6596/74. (Plan 410/80.)

GERALDTON LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Victoria District.

Corres. 303/11.

* Victoria Location 6463, containing 500 acres, at 7s. 6d. per acre; being J. E. Ross's forfeited Grazing Lease 6450/68. (Plan 155/80, A1.)

KATANNING LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Kojonup District.

Corres. 4868/14.

Kojonup Locations 3950 and 3951, containing 148 and 400 acres respectively (subject to classification and pricing); being A. H. McKenney's abandoned Conditional Purchase 34933/55. (Plan 437/80, B2 & 3.)

Corres. 4204/05.

Kojonup Location 3437, containing 160 acres (subject to classification and pricing); being B. W. Fould's forfeited Homestead Farm 6573/74. (Plan 417A/40, B2.)

Corres. 644/06.

Kojonup Location 4127, containing 160 acres (subject to classification and pricing); being W. T. Lee's forfeited Homestead Farm 7819/74. (Plan 417A/40, A2.)

Corres. 9243/10; D.O. 351/11.

Kojonup Location 5692, containing 390½ acres (subject to classification and pricing); being E. M. Evan's forfeited Grazing Lease 5789/68. (Plan 416D/40, B4, 437/80, B1.)

NARROGIN LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Avon District.

Corres. 16195/10.

Avon Location 17854, containing 412 acres, at 11s. 6d. per acre; being G. W. C. Robert's forfeited Conditional Purchase 10579/56. (Plan 377A/40, A & B2.)

Corres. 13747/10; D.O. 187/14.

Avon Location 17404, containing 160 acres, at 16s. per acre; being C. G. Polkinghorne's forfeited Homestead Farm 15532/74. (Plan 377A/40, A1.)

NORTHAM LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Avon District.

Corres. 8258-9-60/12.

* Avon Location 20342, containing 700 acres, at 6s. per acre; being J. & J. Morrison's forfeited Grazing Lease 8694/68 and Homestead Farms 18739/74 and 18738/74. (Plan 25/80, A1.)

Corres. 201/14.

* Avon Location 20949, containing 1,717 acres, at 8s. per acre; being C. & H. Buchey's abandoned Grazing Lease 8942/68. (Plan 33/80, C4.)

Corres. 4506-7-8/14.

Avon Location 20277, containing 811 acres; 436 acres at 18s. per acre, *375 acres at 7s. 6d. per acre; being A. Bensen's abandoned Homestead Farm 20366/74 and Conditional Purchase 34877/55 and Grazing Lease 9283/68. (Plan Lake Wallambin, Sheet 2.)

Avon District.

Corres. 6801/09.

That portion of unsurveyed land starting from a point 306 chains West of the North-West corner of Location 14280; thence West 32 chains; thence South 50 chains; thence East 32 chains; thence North 50 chains back to starting point; containing 160 acres, being E. J. Pigott's forfeited Homestead Farm 12844/74 (Loc. 14636). (Plan 55/80, B3.)

Melbourne District.

Corres. 5944/13.

Melbourne Location 2829, containing 340 acres, at 9s. 6d. per acre; being A. E. Ward's abandoned applications. (Plan 64/80, C2. Dalwallinu, Sheet 7.)

Ninghan District.

Corres. 4723-5-6/14.

Ninghan Location 1581, containing 775 acres; 337 acres at 16s. per acre, *438 acres at 7s. per acre; being M. Walsh's abandoned Homestead Farm 20412/74, Conditional Purchase 34955/55, and Grazing Lease 9311/68. (Plan Mulji, Sheet 2.)

Victoria District.

Corres. 5248-9-50/14, 5267-8-9/14.

Victoria Location 5552, containing 1,999 acres; 930 acres at 17s. 6d., *1,069 acres at 5s.; being Howell, Prue, Taylor & Reynolds' abandoned applications. (Plan 89/80, C1.)

PERTH LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Murray District.

Corres. 3096/14.

Murray Locations 338 and 347, containing 260 acres, at 9s. per acre; being W. Kirkham's abandoned Conditional Purchase 11802/56. (Plan 380/80, C4.)

WAGIN LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Williams District.

Corres. 2219/09.

Williams Location 9082, containing 160 acres (subject to classification and pricing); being E. Elphick's forfeited Homestead Farm 12282/74. (Plan 385C/40, D4.)

OPEN WEDNESDAY, 2nd DECEMBER, 1914.

ALBANY LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Plantagenet District.

Corres. 3620/14.

Denmark Lot 460, containing 110½ acres, at 43s. per acre; being M. Wyllie's abandoned Conditional Purchase 34785/55 (Part V. only). (Plan 452C/40.)

(Subject to the conditions published in the *Government Gazette*, 18th March, 1910, page 751.)

Corres. 5688/12 and 2430/13.

Plantagenet Locations 3615 and 3605, containing 160 acres; subject to classification and pricing, and excluding the land required for drainage purposes. (Plan 451/80, B2.)

Corres. 11881/11 and 11882/11.

*Plantagenet Locations 745 and 3336, together containing 500 acres, at 7s. per acre; being T. G. Martin's forfeited Grazing Lease 8174/68 and Homestead Farm 17532/74. (Plan 451/80, B4.)

Corres. 12830/09, 12825/09.

Plantagenet Location 2911, containing 160 acres, subject to classification and pricing; being T. A. N. Kearsley's forfeited Homestead Farm 13578/74 and Conditional Purchase 24862/55. (Plan 451/80, A1.)

BEVERLEY LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Avon District.

Corres. 6316/12.

Avon Location 18765, containing 280 acres; subject to classification and pricing; being V. L. King's forfeited Conditional Purchase 32058/55. (Plan 378B/40, F2.)

Corres. 6315/12.

Avon Location 18764, containing 369 acres; subject to classification and pricing; being V. L. King's forfeited Conditional Purchase 32057/55. (Plan 378B/40, F2.)

BRIDGETOWN LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Nelson District.

Corres. 6456/13 and 13942/11.

Nelson Location 7140, containing 1,000 acres: 140 acres at 12s. 6d. per acre, *860 acres at 7s. 6d. per acre; being T. G. Draper's forfeited Grazing Lease 7392/48 and Conditional Purchase 11585/56. (Plan 415/80, B3.)

KATANNING LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Kojonup District.

Corres. 8431/4.

Kojonup Location 2975, containing 160 acres, subject to classification and pricing; being B. Hall's forfeited Homestead Farm 5499/74. (Plan 416B/40, D1.)

Corres. 5087/05.

Kojonup Location 3513, containing 160 acres; subject to classification and pricing; being J. L. Bradley's forfeited Homestead Farm 6712/74. (Plan 416/80, D2.)

Kent District.

Corres. 2334/12.

Kent Location 390, containing 1,000 acres, at 11s. per acre; being J. Bowden's forfeited Conditional Purchase 31486/55. (Plan 418/80, C1; Pingarnup.)

NARROGIN LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Avon District.

Corres. 9301/11, 9302/11, 9303/11, and 13033/11.

Avon Locations 18468 and 18469, containing 993 and 1,000 acres respectively, at 18s. and 20s. per acre respectively; being Stewart & Scanlon's forfeited Homestead Farms 17204/74 and 17205/74, and Conditional Purchases 36051/55 and 10797/56. (Plan 376/80, B2 & 3; Lake Jilikin.)

Williams District.

Corres. 849/11.

Williams Location 5227, containing 160 acres; subject to classification and pricing; being P. C. Hill's forfeited Conditional Purchase 29117/55. (Plan 385A/40, A1.)

NORTHAM LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Avon District.

Corres. 9191/11.

*Avon Location 18722, containing 777 acres, at 8s. per acre; being E. J. Forman's forfeited Grazing Lease 7008/68. (Plan 3D/40, C3.)

Corres. 2490/11.

*Avon Location 17436, containing 438 acres, at 6s. 6d. per acre; being G. T. Hornsby's forfeited Grazing Lease 6568/68. (Plan 4/80, C2.)

Corres. 5078/06; D.O. 173/14.

Avon Location 9114, containing 106½ acres; subject to pricing and the payment of existing improvements. (Plan 23/80, C & D 3 & 4.)

Corres. 5914/12.

Avon Location 20227, containing 200 acres, at 11s. 6d. per acre; being L. H. Morley's forfeited Conditional Purchase 11154/56. (Plan 4/80, A4.)

Corres. 3429/14.

*Avon Location 20051, containing 811 acres, at 7s. 6d. per acre; being A. Sherwood's abandoned Grazing Lease 9207/68. (Plan 26/80, D & E1.)

Corres. 11866, 11867, 11868/11.

Avon Location 17468, containing 4542 acres: 400 acres at 17s. per acre, *4,142 acres at 4s. per acre; being E. W. & J. Scott's forfeited Conditional Purchase 10652/56 and Grazing Leases 7217/68 and 7218/68. (Plan 26/80, E1 & 2.)

Corres. 5715/12.

Avon Location 11127, containing 1,000 acres, at 12s. 6d. per acre; being G. W. White's forfeited Conditional Purchase 31956/55. (Plan 34/80, E3.)

Corres. 8665/10.

Avon Location 13128, containing 200 acres, at 13s. per acre; being R. Alecock's forfeited Conditional Purchase 9089/56. (Plan 56/80, C4.)

Melbourne District.

Corres. 5185/11; D.O. 20/14.

Melbourne Location 2184, containing 723 acres, at 15s. per acre; being G. E. Purdy's forfeited Conditional Purchase 29465/55 and Homestead Farm 16791/74. (Plan 64/80; Dalwallinu, Sheet 4.)

GERALDTON LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Victoria District.

Corres. 3528/09.

Victoria Location 3963, containing 160 acres; subject to classification and pricing; being U. R. Leverman's forfeited Homestead Farm 12442/74. (Plan 128/80, A4; 122/80, A1.)

PERTH LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Avon District.

Corres. 11543/10.

Avon Location 17322, containing 160 acres, at 11s. per acre; being J. McDonald's forfeited Homestead Farm 15386/74. (Plan 342/80, B2.)

WAGIN LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Williams District.

Corres. 8332/13.

Williams Location 10902, containing 1,000 acres, at 12s. 6d. per acre; being E. T. C. Swan's forfeited Conditional Purchase 11656/56. (Plan 386/80, E4.)

OPEN WEDNESDAY, 9th DECEMBER, 1914.

BEVERLEY LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Avon District.

Corres. 7632/09.

Avon Location 14576, containing 160 acres, at 14s. per acre; being E. E. White's forfeited Homestead Farm 12947/74. (Plan 379/80, E4.)

Corres. 8929/10.

Avon Location 17831, containing 200 acres, at 9s. per acre; being A. Barnard's forfeited Conditional Purchase 27360/55. (Plan 344/80, A1.)

Corres. 12267/11.

Avon Location 18836, containing 100 acres, at 7s. 6d. per acre; being J. N. Bowron's forfeited Conditional Purchase 30500/55. (Plan 342C/40, F4.)

BUNBURY LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Corres. 4536/13.

Harvey A.A. Lot 322, containing 35 acres 3 roods 10 perches, at 18s. 6d. per acre; being B. Grace's forfeited Conditional Purchase 11524/56. (Plan Harvey A.A.)

BRIDGETOWN LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Nelson District.

Corres. 626/08.

Nelson Location 3679, containing 600 acres; subject to classification and pricing; being T. Scott's forfeited Grazing Lease 3649/68. (Plan 438/80, A1.)

GERALDTON LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Victoria District.

Corres. 8850/12.

*Victoria Location 6716, containing 1,575 acres, at 5s. 6d. per acre; being F. D. Glass' forfeited Grazing Lease 7968/68. (Plan 159/80, C1.)

Corres. 4371/09.

Victoria Location 4588, containing 600 acres; subject to classification and pricing; being V. M. Barndon's forfeited Grazing Lease 5352/68. (Plan 157/80, D2.)

KATANNING LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Kojonup District.

Corres. 12394/11.

Kojonup Locations 6238 and 6239, containing 144 and 126 acres, at 13s. and 11s. 6d. per acre respectively; being W. W. Hinkley's forfeited Conditional Purchase 10711/56. (Plan 417/80, E3; Kwobrup Subdivision.)

Corres. 6232/12.

Kojonup Location 6964, containing 100 acres, at 12s. per acre; being A. Carlson's forfeited Conditional Purchase 32035/55. (Plan 416B/40, D2.)

Corres. 13997/10.

Kojonup Location 6409, containing 327 acres, at 7s. 6d. per acre; being E. J. Reschke's forfeited Grazing Lease 5916/68. (Plans 409C/40, 409D/40, and 416A/40 and 416B/40.)

Corres. 8064/12.

Kojonup Location 5552, containing 300 acres, at 11s. per acre; being A. F. Box's forfeited Conditional Purchase 32332/55. (Plan 417A/40, B & C1.)

Plantagenet District.

Corres. 358/13.

Plantagenet Location 2771, containing 121½ acres; subject to classification and pricing; being J. H. Cox's forfeited Conditional Purchase 32970/55. (Plan 445/80, A1.)

NARROGIN LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Williams District.

Corres. 6589/12.

Williams Location 8741, containing 150 acres, at 14s. per acre; being W. Archibald's forfeited Conditional Purchase 32085/55. (Plan 386/80, D1.)

Corres. 8137/12, 1294/13.

Williams Location 11261, containing 502 acres: 150 acres at 13s. per acre, *352 acres at 6s. 6d. per acre; being A. Gunfield's forfeited Grazing Lease 8363/68 and Conditional Purchase 32346/55. (Plan 385D/40, A & B4.)

Corres. 12622/11.

Williams Location 4121, containing 48 acres, at 13s. 6d. per acre; being R. J. Burley's forfeited Conditional Purchase 31457/55. (Plan 385D/40, C3.)

Corres. 12623/11.

Williams Location 10848, containing 80 acres, at 9s. per acre; being R. J. Burley's forfeited Conditional Purchase 31694/55. (Plan 385D/40, C3.)

Corres. 4574/13.

*Williams Location 10621, containing 468 acres, at 8s. 6d. per acre; being Mr. Beynon's forfeited Grazing Lease 8550/68. (Plans 378C/40, E4, and 385B/40, E1.)

Corres. 14430/11.

Williams Location 10717, containing 350½ acres, at 12s. per acre; being R. P. Evan's forfeited Conditional Purchase 30841/55. (Plan 385B/40, F2.)

Corres. 2162/13.

Williams Location 6642, containing 160 acres, at 16s. per acre; being S. Alcock's forfeited Conditional Purchase 33243/55. (Plan 385B/40, E1.)

Corres. 14780/11.

*Williams Location 9268, containing 421 acres, at 8s. per acre; being W. Edward's forfeited Grazing Lease 8520/68. (Plan 377/80, D3.)

NORTHAM LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Avon District.

Corres. 3283/11.

Avon Location 18193, containing 100 acres, at 10s. per acre; being A. L. Alcock's forfeited Conditional Purchase 19901/56. (Plan 56/80, C2.)

Corres. 1193/12.

Avon Location 18940, containing 142 acres, at 14s. 6d. per acre; being Geo. Frederick Alcock's forfeited Conditional Purchase 10954/56. (Plan 56/80, C4.)

Melbourne District.

Corres. 9606/12.

*Melbourne Location 2738, containing 2,000 acres, at 7s. 6d. per acre; being R. K. Buscombe's forfeited Grazing Lease 8045/68. (Plan 57/80, A2 & 3.)

Avon District.

Corres. 10573/12.

*Avon Location 20100, containing 621 acres, at 8s. 6d. per acre; being E. Bennett's forfeited Grazing Lease 8179/68. (Plan 33/80, D2.)

Corres. 8666/11.

Avon Location 11519, containing 912 acres, at 7s. per acre; being D. McNabb's forfeited Conditional Purchase 10469/56. (Plan 26/80, E1.)

Corres. 11728/11.

Avon Location 19264, containing 185¼ acres, at 15s. per acre; being H. Egan's forfeited Conditional Purchase 30402/55. (Plan 4/80, C4.)

Corres. 468/13.

Avon Location 14762, containing 770 acres, at 11s. per acre; being J. R. E. Griffin's forfeited Conditional Purchase 32995/55. (Plan 4/80, B4.)

PERTH LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Melbourne District.

Corres. 11522/11.

Melbourne Location 1780, containing 100 acres, at 9s. 6d. per acre; being G. L. Burnett's forfeited Conditional Purchase 30350/55. (Plan 62/80, E3.)

WAGIN LOCAL LAND DISTRICT.

Williams District.

Corres. 9014/12.

*Williams Location 11274, containing 1,101 acres, at 6s. 6d. per acre; being J. J. Geoghegans forfeited Grazing Lease 7977/68. (Plan 409B/40, F1.)

Corres. 884/09; D.O. 111/14.

Williams Locations 8137 and 8825, containing 74 and 103 acres, at 20s. and 15s. per acre respectively; being D. W. Gray's forfeited Conditional Purchase 22648/55 (Plan 386D/40, C3.)

R. CECIL CLIFTON,
Under Secretary for Lands.

THE ROADS ACT, 1911.

Department of Lands and Surveys,
Perth, 20th November, 1914.

IT is hereby declared that the undermentioned lands have been set apart, taken, or resumed under Section 17 of "The Public Works Act, 1902," for the purpose of new Roads, that is to say:—

ESPERANCE.

10034/04.

Deviation of part of Road 3784.—A strip of land, two chains wide, leaving the present road at the South-West corner of Esperance Location 624, and extending as surveyed (Diagram P1824) South-Eastward and Southward, through Location 634, rejoining the present road in said location.

3 acres 0 roods 5 perches being resumed from Esperance Location 634. (Plan 423/80, D3.)

GOOMALLING.

1243/13.

Road No. 5078.—A strip of land, one chain wide, leaving the East boundary of Avon Location 6667 at its South-East corner and extending, as surveyed (Diagram N2567) through Location 13068 and along part of its East boundary to Road No. 4984.

2 acres 2 roods 28 perches being resumed from Avon Location 13068. (Plan 32/80, E1.)

NINGHAN.

Corres. 2819/14.

Road No. 5079.—A strip of land, one chain wide, leaving angle in a surveyed road at the North corner of Avon Location 12909, and extending South and East along parts of the West and South boundaries of Location 10378, and again South and East, as surveyed (Diagram N2830) along the West and part of the South boundaries of Location 10625 to one chain beyond the North-West corner of Location 11673.

2 acres 2 roods 38 perches being resumed from Avon Location 10625. (Plan 33/80 F3.)

Plans and more particular descriptions of the lands so set apart, taken, or resumed may be inspected at the Department of Lands and Surveys, Perth.

By order of His Excellency the Governor,

THOS. H. BATH,
Minister for Lands.

THE ROADS ACT, 1911.

WHEREAS the PINGELLY Road Board, by resolution passed at a Meeting of the Board, held at Pingelly on or about the 24th day of April, 1914, resolved to open the road hereinafter described, that is to say:—

2176/00.

Deviation of Road 1110.—A strip of land, one chain wide, leaving the present road on the North boundary of Mourambine A.A. Lot 250 and extending as surveyed (Diagram Narr. 2515) through said Lot to join Road 1532.

1 acre 1 rood 22 perches being resumed from Mourambine A.A. Lot 250. (Plan 378A/40, C1.)

WHEREAS the PINGELLY Road Board, by resolution passed at a Meeting of the Board, held at Pingelly on or about the 24th day of April, 1914, resolved to open the road hereinafter described, that is to say:—

5154/02.

Deviation of Road No. 1532.—A strip of land, one chain wide, leaving the present road at an angle in the North boundary of Avon Location 1811 and extending as surveyed (Diagram Narrogin 2515) inside and along said North boundary to the Eastern boundary of said Location.

1 acre 3 roods 13 perches being resumed from Avon Location 1811. (Plan 378A/40, C1.)

WHEREAS the YALGOO Road Board, by resolution passed at a Meeting of the Board, held at Yalgoo on the 11th day of June, 1914, resolved to open the Road hereinafter described, that is to say:—

Corres. 7034/03.

Extension of Road 1653.—A strip of land (Crown), one chain wide, from the end of the present road at 149 M.P. to Yalgoo Townsite. (Plan 40/300.)

WHEREAS the KUNJINN (now Corrigin) Road Board, by resolution passed at a Meeting of the Board, held at Kunjinn on the 26th day of May, 1914, resolved to open the Road hereinafter described, that is to say:—

9804/06.

Extension of Road 2746.—A strip of land (Crown), two chains wide, leaving the present road at the North-West corner of Avon Location 17622, and extending, as surveyed, Eastward, along its Northern boundary; thence North-Eastward, as surveyed (Diagram Narrogin 2465) along part of the South-East boundary and through Location 19653 to the West boundary of Location 18827; thence South-Eastward through Location 18827, to a surveyed road along its South boundary, and thence East along part of its South boundary, and through Location 11595 to the Western boundary of Corrigin Townsite Reserve. (Plan 344/80, C3.)

WHEREAS the MULLEWA Road Board, by resolution passed at a Meeting of the Board, held at Mullewa on or about the 11th day of September, 1914, resolved to open the road hereinafter described, that is to say:—

11084/10.

Extension of Road No. 3920.—A strip of land, one chain wide, being an extension of Road No. 3920, leaving the South side of Road 354 and extending as surveyed (Diagram G843) South, through Wollya Lot 1 to Northern Railway Reserve on latter's South-East boundary; thence South-Westward along the latter to Road 4016.

6 acres 2 roods 37 perches being resumed from Wollya Lot 1. (Plan 156/80, C1.)

WHEREAS the BEVERLEY Road Board, by resolution passed at a Meeting of the Board, held at Beverley on or about the 25th day of April, 1913, resolved to open the road hereinafter described, that is to say:—

13725/11.

Addition to Road 4328.—A triangular piece of land bounded by lines starting from an angle in the West side of the present road 6 chains 87 links from its junction with the South side of Road 594 and extending as surveyed (Diagram Narrogin 2504) Southward, 3 chains 24.6 links; thence South-Westward, 2 chains 90 links; thence North-Eastward, 5 chains 15.3 links to the starting point.

0 acres 1 rood 32.5 perches being resumed from Avondale Estate Lot 16. (Plan 342B/40, B1.)

WHEREAS the DOWERIN Road Board, by resolution passed at a Meeting of the Board, held at Dowerin on or about the 5th day of December, 1913, resolved to open the road hereinafter described, that is to say:—

4188/14.

Road No. 5065.—A strip of land, one chain wide, extending as surveyed (Diagram N2809) inside and along the North boundary of Avon Location 17403 from its East to its West boundary.

5 acres 0 roods 1 perch being resumed from Avon Location 17403. (Plan 33/80, C4.)

WHEREAS the ALBANY Road Board, by resolution passed at a Meeting of the Board, held at Albany on the 2nd day of October, 1914, resolved to open the Road hereinafter described, that is to say:—

4459/9.

Road No. 5075.—A strip of land (Crown), one chain wide, leaving Road 3951 at the South-East corner of Plantagenet Location 79 and extending West and South-Westward, along part of its South boundary and through Reserve 329 and Location 441 to a road on the West boundary of the latter. (Plan 451/80, C4.)

WHEREAS the SERPENTINE-JARRAHDAL Road Board, by resolution passed at a Meeting of the Board, held at Jarrahdale on the 15th day of May, 1914, resolved to open the Road hereinafter described, that is to say:—

9927/13.

Road No. 5077.—A strip of land (Crown), one chain wide, leaving the Perth-Bunbury Road opposite a closed road between Murray Locations 59 and 278, and extending, as surveyed (Diagrams Perth 1669 and 1729) in a Westerly direction, through Reserve 609, to a surveyed road along the East side of the new Keysbrook Station Reserve. (Plan 380/80, D1.)

WHEREAS the DARLING RANGE Road Board, by resolution passed at a Meeting of the Board, held at Kalamunnda on the 1st day of April, 1914, resolved to open the Road hereinafter described, that is to say:—

2157/14.

Road No. 5080.—A strip of land, one chain wide, leaving Road 1499 and extending North as surveyed (Diagram P1723) inside and along the East boundary of Kalamunnda Lot 179 to its North-East corner. (Plan Kalamunnda 1C/40.)

WHEREAS the YALGOO Road Board, by resolution passed at a Meeting of the Board, held at Yalgoo on the 11th day of June, 1914, resolved to open the Road hereinafter described, that is to say:—

3431/14.

The following roads, one chain wide:—

Road 5083.—From Yalgoo to Murgoo via Noongal, Nargan Well, Belgulbar Well, Meka, Mt. Wittenoom, and Comalga Well. (Plans 40 & 55/300.)

Road 5084.—Yalgoo to Yuin Reef via Gunaguda Hill and Thallango. (Plans 40 & 55/300.)

Road 5085.—Yalgoo to Payne's Find and Coodingnow via Gnow's Well (Reserve 11670), Field's Find, and Pingalling Well. (Plans 36, 40, and 41/300.)

Road 5086.—Yalgoo to Rothsay via Jindaloo Rock Hole and No. 2 Well. (Plans 121/80 & 40/300.)

Road 5087.—Yalgoo to Gullewa House via McCarthy's Well and Ederga. (Plans 40/300 and 155/80.)

Road 5088.—From Road 5087 near Mulegally Spring to Boonwarry Spring. (Plan 40/300.)

Road 5089.—From Road 1653 to Wadgingarra. (Plan 40/300.)

Road 5090.—Yalgoo to Walla Walla Siding via Johardo. (Plan 40/300.)

Road 5091.—Edah Siding to Edah Homestead. (Plan 41/300.)

Road 5092.—Wurarga to Mellembye Homestead via Yabalcayou Spring, Gullewa, and past Murdalyou Range. (Plan 40/300 and 155 & 128/80.)

Road 5093.—Wurarga to Yuin Reef via Gabiong, Udergalyou Spring, and near Charl Charl. (Plans 40/300, 55/300.)

Road 5095.—Leaving Road 5085 near East boundary of P.L. 637/96 and extending North to Messenger's Patch; thence North-Westward to rejoin Road 5085. (Plan 40/300.)

Road 5096.—From Field's Find to Ninghan Homestead via Deemering Well and Delaney's Well. (Plans 36/300 and 41/300.)

Road 5097.—From Road 5085 to Bunnabunbie Homestead via Thieran Well. (Plan 41/300.)

Road 5098.—From Road 5085 (near Payne's Find) to join Road 2259 at a North boundary of Road District via Bullingarra and Cockernaber. (Plan 36/300 and 41/300.)

Road 5094.—From Badga North-Westward to Road 5086.

Road 5099.—Field's Find to Gate near 90 M.P. Rabbit-proof Fence, via Reserve 9800, Rothsay, and past Widdin Widdin. (Plans 36 & 37/300, 41/300, and 121/80.)

WHEREAS the HARVEY Road Board, by resolution passed at a Meeting of the Board, held at Harvey on the 28th day of September, 1914, resolved to open the Road hereinafter described, that is to say:—

1244/90.

Road No. 5101.—A strip of land (Crown), of varying width (approximately from 50 to 20 links) passing Southward along the Western side of the Perth-Bunbury Railway Reserve from Road 664 at Southern side of crossing over the said Railway Reserve to the Eastern boundary of Wellington Location 693. (Plan 383/80, C2, and Harvey A.A.)

WHEREAS the KUNJINN (now Corrigin) Road Board, by resolution passed at a Meeting of the Board, held at Kunjinn on or about the 15th day of January, 1914, resolved to open the road hereinafter described, that is to say:—

1351/14.

Road No. 5074.—A strip of land, one chain wide, leaving a surveyed road at the South-East corner of Avon Location 17737 and extending North and West as surveyed (Diagram Narr. 2461) along its East and North boundaries; thence Northward and North-Westward along part of the East boundary and through Location 17578 to its North boundary.

6 acres 2 roods 32 perches being resumed from Avon Location 17737. (Plan 343C/40, F3.)

And whereas His Excellency the Governor, pursuant to Section 17 of "The Public Works Act, 1902," by notices published in the *Government Gazette*, declared that the said lands had been set apart, taken, or resumed for the purpose of the said Roads, and that plans of the said lands might be inspected at the Department of Lands and Surveys, Perth.

And whereas the said Boards have caused a copy of the said notices to be served upon the owners and occupiers of the said lands resident within the State, or such of them as can with reasonable diligence be ascertained, either personally or by registered letter posted to their last-named places of abode.

And whereas the Governor in Executive Council has confirmed the said resolutions, it is hereby notified that the lines of communication described above are Roads within the meaning of "The Roads Act, 1911," subject to the provisions of the said Act.

Dated this 20th day of November, 1914.

R. CECIL CLIFTON,
Under Secretary for Lands.

AGRICULTURAL BANK ACT, 1906, AND AMENDMENT ACTS.

Mortgagee's Sale.

514/13.

THE Agricultural Bank invites Tenders, returnable on 30th November, 1914, for the purchase of Avon Locations 14206 and 14204, being C.P. Leases 8229/56, 25399/55, and Homestead Farm 13923/74.

The property is situated nine miles North-West of Nungarin, and contains 1,970 acres of good agricultural wheat land, with improvements described as follows:—

Clearing, about 1,300 acres.

Ringbarked, 450 acres.

Fencing, 300 chains 3 wire and netting; 200 chains 5/6 wires; 100 chains 4 wires; 40 chains 8 wires.

Reservoir, 800 cubic yards.

Full particulars on application.

No tender necessarily accepted.

W. PATERSON,
Managing Trustee.

13th November, 1914.

AGRICULTURAL BANK ACT, 1906, AND
AMENDMENT ACTS.*Mortgagee's Sale.*

1690/07.

THE Agricultural Bank invites Tenders, returnable on 30th November, 1914, for the purchase of Williams Locations 2348, 7648, 7639, being C.P. Leases 18540/55, 18582/55, H.F. 9280/74.

The property is situated 11 miles from Wagin, and contains 360 acres of fair agricultural land, with improvements described as follows:—

Cleared, 30 acres.
Cultivated, 30 acres.
Ringbarked, 68 acres.

Full particulars on application.

No tender necessarily accepted.

W. PATERSON,
Managing Trustee.

12th November, 1914.

AGRICULTURAL BANK ACT, 1906, AND
AMENDMENT ACTS.*Mortgagee's Sale.*

1564/10.

THE Agricultural Bank invites Tenders, returnable on 2nd December, 1914, for the purchase of Williams Locations 4387, 3480, 3760, being C.P. Leases 7067/55, 7532/55, and H.F. 4567/74.

The property is situated four miles North-East of Highbury, and contains 430 acres, with improvements described as follows:—

Cleared, 190 acres.
Cultivated, 120 acres.
Burnt down, 75 acres.
Fencing, 347 chains 3 wires.

Full particulars on application.

No tender necessarily accepted.

W. PATERSON,
Managing Trustee.

16th November, 1914.

THE MINING ACT, 1904.

Department of Mines,
Perth, 18th November, 1914.

IT is hereby notified that, in accordance with the provisions of "The Mining Act, 1904," His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council has been pleased to deal with the Leases and Applications for Leases, as shown below.

H. S. KING,
Secretary for Mines.

Gold Mining Leases.

The undermentioned applications for Gold Mining Leases were approved, subject to survey:—

Goldfield.	District.	Nos. of Applications.
Broad Arrow ...	...	1747w
North Coolgardie ...	Menzies ...	5424z
Yilgarn ...	...	2787

The surrenders of the undermentioned Gold Mining Leases were accepted:—

Goldfield	District.	No. of Lease.	Name of Lease.	Lessees.
Murchison	Day Dawn ...	523D ...	Eclipse Deeps ...	Harrison, Frank ; Kelly, Richard
		524D ...	Eclipse Deeps No. 1 ...	Do. Do.
	Mt. Magnet	1094M ...	Don't Forget ...	Sedgman, Thomas ; Reed, William Thomas

APPOINTMENT.

Department of Mines,
Perth, 18th November, 1914.

HIS Excellency the Governor in Executive Council has been pleased to appoint A. J. G. Browne as Deputy Mining Registrar at Ora Banda, Broad Arrow Goldfield.

H. S. KING,
Secretary for Mines.

CHRISTMAS EXEMPTION ON GOLDFIELDS AND
MINERAL FIELDS.

Department of Mines,
Perth, 1st November, 1914.

IT is hereby notified, for public information, that general exemption from conditions of work, use, and occupation has been granted on Mining holdings in Goldfields and Mineral Fields of the State, and of Mining holdings and Crown lands outside proclaimed Goldfields or Mineral Fields, as specified hereunder:—

1. Ashburton, Gascoyne, Pilbara, West Pilbara, Kimberley, East Murchison, Peak Hill, and Phillips River

Goldfields, Yerrilla District of North Coolgardie Goldfield, Kurnalpi District of North-East Coolgardie Goldfield, that portion of the Yilgarn Goldfield North of an East and West line passing 10 miles South of Mount Jackson, also that portion of the Yalgoo Goldfield within a radius of 10 miles from the Goodingnow (Payne's New Find) Group of Leases—from the 14th December, 1914, to the 9th January, 1915; both dates inclusive.

2. On the groups of leases at "Kumarina" (Humphrey's Find), 82 miles North of Peak Hill, and at Ilgarri and Nounena, about 110 miles North of Peak Hill, and on any holdings on Crown lands outside proclaimed Goldfields and Mineral Fields—from 14th December, 1914, to 30th January, 1915; both dates inclusive.

3. All other Goldfields and Mineral Fields, from the 14th December, 1914, to 2nd January, 1915; both dates inclusive.

H. S. KING,
Secretary for Mines.

THE ROADS ACT, 1911.

Road Board Elections.

Department of Public Works, Perth, 11th November, 1914.

IT is hereby notified, for general information, in accordance with Section 71 of the Roads Act, that the following gentlemen have been elected Members of the undermentioned Road Boards to fill the vacancies shown in the particulars hereunder:—

Road Board.	Ward.	Date of Election.	Member Elected.		Occupation.	How vacancy occurred: (a.) Retirement (b.) Resignation (c.) Death.	Name of previous Member.	Remarks.
			Surname.	Christian Name.				
Upper Chapman	South ..	17-10-14	Sheehan ..	William Henry	Farmer ..	Resignation	Dixon, E. M. ..	Representing South-West.
Black Range	West ..	..	Wake ..	Edwin ..	.. ..	do. ..	McNerny, H. ..	Unopposed.
Moora ..	Central ..	31-10-14	Rutherford..	Douglas ..	Surveyor	do. ..	Clarke, W. G.	
Wickepin ..	Wogalin ..	17-10-14	Boscoorth ..	John Hy. Ward	Farmer ..	do. ..	Williamson, R. ..	Unopposed.

ERRATUM NOTICE.

Perth ..	Lawley ..	April 8th	Robinson, K. C.	Robt. Thomson	Barrister..	do. ..	Robinson, R. T.	
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C. A. MUNT,
Under Secretary for Public Works.

THE MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS ACT, 1906.

MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

Department of Public Works, Perth, 11th November, 1914.

IT is hereby notified, for general information, in accordance with Section 113 of the Municipal Corporations Act, that the following gentleman has been elected a member of the undermentioned Municipal Council to fill the vacancy shown in the particulars hereunder:—

Municipal Council.	Ward.	Date of Election.	Member Elected.		Occupation.	How vacancy occurred: (a.) Retirement. (b.) Resignation. (c.) Death.	Name of previous Member.	Remarks.
			Surname.	Christian Name.				
Broome	6-10-14	Man ..	Herman Emil	Cordial M'f'turer.	Resignation	Price, Wm. ..	Unopposed.

C. A. MUNT,
Under Secretary for Public Works.

TENDERS FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

Date of Notice.	Nature of Work.	Date and time for Closing.	Where and when Conditions of Contract, etc., to be seen.
1914.		1914.	
Nov. 19	Goldfields High School—Additions (5191)	(Noon on Tuesday) 8th December ...	Contractors' Room, Perth; P.W.D. Office, Kalgoorlie, and Court Houses, Boulder and Coolgardie, on and after the 24th November, 1914.
Nov. 19	Maylands Infants' School (5156)	8th December ...	Contractors' Room, Perth, on and after the 24th November, 1914.

Tenders are to be addressed to "The Hon. the Minister for Works," and will be received at the Public Works Office, Perth. The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

By order of the Hon. the Minister for Works,

C. A. MUNT,
Under Secretary for Public Works.

TENDERS ACCEPTED.

Public Works Department,
Perth, 19th November, 1914.

THE following list of Tenders, recently accepted, is published for general information:—

Date of Acceptance.	Name of Contractor.	Description of Contract, and Amount.
Nov. 14.—	F. Deacon—	East Fremantle School, Pavilion Class Room (5184), £157 11s.
" 18.—	E. Crossley—	Yulgering School, Additions (5185), £61 1s. 6d.

By order of the Hon. the Minister for Works,

(Sgd.) C. A. MUNT,
Under Secretary for Public Works.

BAYSWATER ROAD BOARD.

IN terms of Section 214 of "The Roads Act, 1911," I hereby order that the time for making up the Rate Book of the above Board be extended to 31st October, 1914.

W. D. JOHNSON,
Minister for Works.

AVON ROAD BOARD.

IN terms of Section 214 of "The Roads Act, 1911," I hereby order that the time for making up the Rate Book of the above Board be extended to 30th November, 1914.

(Sgd.) W. D. JOHNSON,
Minister for Works.

WESTERN AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT TENDER BOARD.

Accepted Tenders.

The following Tenders have been accepted:—

Tender Board No.	Date.	Contractor.	Schedule No.	Particulars	Department concerned.	Rate.
1235/14	13-11-14	Gibbs, Bright & Coy.	193A, 1914	Pig Iron and Old Railway Chairs— Item 1 " 2	State Implement Works	£4 8s. 9d. £4 15s. 5d.
1153/14	13-11-14	John Bowman	184A, 1914	Firewood for Bullfinch Main Pumping Station	Water Supply Department	17s. 6d. per cord
757/14	16-11-14	H. T. Wright	142A, 1914	Chains and Anchors— Items 1 to 4 inclusive Coal Tar	Public Works Department	£660 9d. per gallon
1095/14	15-11-14	De Meric, Ltd., Sydney	181A, 1914	Charcoal for Meekatharra Water Supply	Railway Department	£3 8s. per ton
1096/14	17-11-14	S. J. Spargo	179A, 1914	Cartage of Supplies to State Battery, Boogardie:— Items 1 and 2 " 3 and 4 " 5 " 6	Water Supply Department Mines Department	5s. 7s. 6d. per consignment 9s. per consignment 9s.

Transfer of Contracts.

THE following Contracts have been transferred:—

Tender Board No.	Date.	From	To	Particulars.
1326/14	16-11-14	W.A. Rope and Binder Twine Company	W.A. Rope and Binder Twine Coy., Pty.	Rope and String 1913-15, general contract
589/14	16-11-14	Arthur Rymer	John Penn	Cartage of Supplies to State Battery, Black Range

Cancellation of Contract.

THE following Contract has been cancelled:—

Tender Board No.	Date.	Contractor.	Particulars.
1289/14	18-11-14	A. J. Gardiner	Shoeing Police Horses at Busselton

Tenders for Government Supplies.

Date of advertising.	Schedule No.	Supplies required.	Date of closing.
1914			1914.
October 24th	...	Relief Rations for Aboriginal Natives for a period from 1st January, 1915, to 31st December, 1915, in various towns throughout the State	Nov. 26
October 24th	...	Outdoor Relief Rations for period from 1st January, 1915, to 31st December, 1915, in various towns throughout the State	Nov. 26
October 29th	188A, 1914	20 tons Charcoal for State Battery, Mt. Egerton	Nov. 26
Nov. 12th	194A, 1914	25 tons Charcoal for State Battery, Meekatharra	Nov. 26
Nov. 19th	195A, 1914	500 Drain Cleaning Rods	Nov. 26
Nov. 19th	196A, 1914	Stoneware Discs	Nov. 26
October 27th	186A, 1914	Firewood for State Battery, Mt. Keith	Dec. 10
Nov. 5th	191A, 1914	Cartage of Supplies to State Battery, Coolgardie	Dec. 10
Nov. 5th	190A, 1914	Cartage of Supplies to State Battery, Greenbushes (Bunbury End)	Dec. 10
Nov. 5th	192A, 1914	Cartage of Supplies to State Battery, Mt. Egerton	Dec. 10

Tenders, addressed to the Chairman, Tender Board, Perth, will be received for the above-mentioned supplies until 2.15 p.m. on the dates of closing.

Tenders must be properly endorsed on envelopes, otherwise they are liable to rejection.

Tender forms and full particulars may be obtained on application at the Tender Board Office, Murray Street, Perth.

No tender necessarily accepted.

JAS. THOMPSON,
Chairman W.A. Government Tender Board.

19th November, 1914.

W.S. 5535/13.

WATER SUPPLY, SEWERAGE, AND DRAINAGE DEPARTMENT.

PURSUANT to Section 96 of "The Metropolitan Water Supply, Sewerage, and Drainage Act, 1909," notice is hereby given that Water Mains have been laid in the undermentioned Streets, in the following Districts :—

Street.	From	To	Direction.
<i>Municipality of North Perth.</i>			
The Boulevard	Government Road	Lot 329	Northerly.
Hobart Street	Oxford Street	Charles Street	Easterly.
<i>District of Maylands.</i>			
Lawley Crescent	Lot 411	First Avenue	Northerly.
<i>District of Bayswater.</i>			
Lawrence Street	Lot 60	Lot 58	Westerly.
<i>Municipality of South Perth.</i>			
Glyde Street	Labouchere Road	Lot 24	Easterly.
<i>Municipality of Victoria Park.</i>			
Raleigh Street	Lot 473	Lot 468	Westerly.
Lake View Street	Leake Street	Kate Street	Southerly.
Kate Street	Lake View Street	Lot 390	Easterly.
Rutland Avenue	Salcham Street	Archer Street	Easterly.
Argyle Street	Fitzroy Street	Albany Road	Northerly.
<i>Municipality of Queen's Park.</i>			
Railway Parade	Crawford Street	Lot 120	Westerly.
<i>District of Claremont Road Board.</i>			
Princess Road	Leopold Street	Lot 297	Easterly.
Philip Road	Lot 272	Lot 274	Easterly.
<i>District of Cottesloe Beach.</i>			
Granville Street	Lot 33	Lot 19	Southerly.
<i>District of West Guildford.</i>			
Deakin Street	Lot 49	Lot 47	Easterly.
Parker Street	Railway Terrace	Lot 460	Northerly.
<i>District of Midland Junction.</i>			
Hammersley Road	Boundary Road	George Street	Northerly.
<i>District of Greenmount.</i>			
Beresford Gardens	Amherst Road	Lot 186	Easterly.
<i>District of Guildford.</i>			
Guildford Road	Gooseberry Hill Road	Belmont Boundary	Westerly.

And the Minister of Water Supply, Sewerage, and Drainage is, subject to the provisions of the said Act, prepared to supply water therefrom to the lands and premises in such streets.

H. C. TRETHOWAN,
Under Secretary for Water Supply.

Dated at Perth, this 20th day of November, 1914.

METROPOLITAN WATER SUPPLY, SEWERAGE,
AND DRAINAGE ACT, 1909.

Water Supply, Sewerage, and
Drainage Department,
56 James Street, Perth,

W.S. 5541/14.

12th November, 1914.

IT is hereby notified, for general information, that His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council has been pleased to approve of the By-laws made by the Minister of Water Supply, Sewerage, and Drainage under the provisions of "The Metropolitan Water Supply, Sewerage, and Drainage Act, 1909," and published in the *Government Gazette* on the 12th day of December, 1913, and amended by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council on the 25th day of February, 1914, the 27th day of May, 1914, and the 7th day of July, 1914, being further amended by the addition thereto of the following new By-law numbered 10A.

H. C. TRETHOWAN,

Under Secretary for Water Supply, Sewerage, and
Drainage.

BY-LAW No. 10A.

Use of artificial Manures.

The owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises in the Catchment Area shall not use any artificial manure for cultivation purposes, unless the approval of the Minister has been first obtained to the use of the fertiliser intended to be used.

Education Department,

Perth, 12th November, 1914.

HIS Excellency the Governor in Executive Council has approved of the appointment of Mr. John Shier as a member of the Yorkrakine Committee of School Management, *vice* Mr. Isaac J. Scott.

CECIL ANDREWS,
Director of Education.

Education Department,

Perth, 12th November, 1914.

HIS Excellency the Governor in Executive Council has approved of the appointment of Mr. J. Lewis as a member of the Mundijong Committee of School Management, *vice* Mr. J. Adamson, resigned.

CECIL ANDREWS,
Director of Education.

APPOINTMENT

under Section 5, Subsection 5, of "The Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages Amendment Act, 1907."

Registrar General's Office,

R.G. 1914/189.

Perth, 16th November, 1914.

IT is hereby notified, for general information, that Mr. Francis Kelly has been appointed to act as Assistant District Registrar of Births, Deaths, and Marriages for the Mount Margaret Registry District; to reside at Laverton, *vice* Mr. J. Thomas. Appointment to date from 16th November, 1914.

MALCOLM A. C. FRASER,
Registrar General.

Registrar General's Office,

Perth, 19th November, 1914.

IT is hereby notified, for general information, that the name of the undermentioned Minister has been duly removed from the register in this office of Ministers registered for the Celebration of Marriages throughout the State of Western Australia:—

R.G. No.	Date.	Denomination and Name.	Residence.	Registry District.
112	1914. 13th November ...	<i>Church of England.</i> (Diocese of Kalgoorlie.) The Right Reverend Cyril Henry Golding Bird, D.D., Bishop of Kalgoorlie	Kalgoorlie ...	E. Coolgardie

IT is hereby published, for general information, that the following change of address of the undermentioned Minister registered for the Celebration of Marriages throughout the State of Western Australia has been duly notified to, and recorded in, this Office:—

R.G. No.	Date.	Denomination and Name.	Transferred			
			From		To	
			Residence.	Registry District.	Residence.	Registry District.
2156	1914. 16th Nov. ...	<i>Congregational Church.</i> The Reverend Edward Wolstenholme	Nungarin ...	Northam ...	Boulder ...	Boulder

IT is hereby published, for general information, that the undermentioned Ministers have been duly registered in this office for the Celebration of Marriages throughout the State of Western Australia:—

R.G. No.	Date.	Denomination and Name.	Residence.	Registry District.
117	1914. 13th November ...	<i>Church of England.</i> (Diocese of Kalgoorlie.) The Reverend William Frederick Harry Newton Eldershaw, L.Th., M.A.	Menzies ...	N. Coolgardie
2431	18th November ...	<i>Baptist Union of W.A.</i> (Incorporated.) Pastor Archibald William Ingram ...	Woodanilling ...	Katanning

MALCOLM A. C. FRASER,
Registrar General.

TRANSFER OF LAND ACT, 1893.

Application No. 744/1913.

TAKE notice that Frances Glassford Cookworthy of Busselton widow has made application to be registered as the proprietor of an estate in fee simple in possession in the following parcel of land situate in the Sussex District being

Part of Sussex Location 1 containing 1085 acres 2 roods and 49 perches

Bounded on the West by 58 chains 49 links of the East boundary of Busselton Townsite

On the North by part of the shore of Geographe Bay

On the East by the West boundary of the part of Sussex Location 1 comprised in Diagram 2583 measuring 65 chains 49 links and

On the South by part of the shore of Vasse Estuary.

Bounded on the inner part by a public road.

The land is more particularly defined on plan 3557 deposited in the Land Titles Office.

And further take notice that all persons other than the applicant claiming to have any estate right title or interest in the above parcel of land are hereby required to lodge in this Office on or before the 30th day of November instant a *caveat* forbidding the same from being brought under the operation of the Act.

ALFRED E. BURT,
Registrar of Titles.

Land Titles' Office, Perth,
11th November, 1914.

TRANSFER OF LAND ACT, 1893.

Application No. 1899/1914.

TAKE notice that Leslie Bernard Bitmead of Midland Junction Driller has made application to be registered as the proprietor of an estate in fee simple in possession in the following parcel of land situate in the District of Swan being

Lot 57 of Swan Location 15

Bounded on the East by 1 chain of Sayer Street

On the North by the South boundary of Lot 58 measuring 2 chains 50 links

On the West by 1 chain of the East boundary of Lot 59 and

On the South by the North boundary of Lot 56 measuring 2 chains 50 links

The land is more particularly defined on Plan 1236 deposited in the Land Titles Office.

And further take notice that all persons other than the applicant claiming to have any estate right title or interest in the above parcel of land are hereby required to lodge in this Office on or before the 7th day of December next a *caveat* forbidding the same from being brought under the operation of the Act.

ALFRED E. BURT,
Registrar of Titles.

Land Titles' Office, Perth,
11th November, 1914.

TRANSFER OF LAND ACT, 1893.

Application No. 1538/1914.

TAKE notice that Ernest George McKenzie of Albany in the State of Western Australia Mining Engineer, Executor of the Will of John McKenzie deceased has made application to be registered as the proprietor of an estate in fee simple in possession in the following parcel of land situate in the Town of Albany being

Part of Albany Town Lot 175 containing one rood and four-tenths of a perch

Bounded on the East by 66 6/10 links of Parade Street
On the North by the South boundary of Lot 176 and part of the South boundary of Lot 205 measuring together 3 chains 80 links

On the West by 66 6/10 links of the East Boundary of Lot 206 and

On the South by a line parallel and equal to the North boundary.

The land is more particularly defined on Diagram 4196 deposited in the Land Titles Office.

And further take notice that all persons other than the applicant claiming to have any estate right title or interest in the above parcel of land are hereby required to lodge in this Office on or before the 15th day of December next a caveat forbidding the same from being brought under the operation of the Act.

ALFRED E. BURT,
Registrar of Titles.

Land Titles' Office, Perth,
11th November, 1914.

Haynes, Robinson, & Braham, Albany, Solicitors for the Applicant.

MISSING FRIENDS.

Vide Government Gazette, 1914, page 4192, B3/4532.

HARRY BOURKE has been found at Leederville.

CECIL FRANCIS TAYLOR, native of England, age 19 years, farm labourer, medium build, dark brown hair, brown eyes, good teeth, round face, dark complexion; may have a long thin scar under one jaw; last heard of at Albany two years ago. (Information to Officer-in-Charge, Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B3/4649.)

REUBEN CLAFFEY, native of Western Australia, age about 33 years, station hand, ex-police constable, height about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches, medium build, fair hair, high forehead, blue eyes, oval face, fair complexion, small fair moustache; very quiet in speech; last heard of at Port Hedland on board the s.s. "Paroo" in January, 1914. (Information to the Officer-in-Charge, Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B3/4651.)

THOMAS WHITTAKER, native of England, age 52 years, blacksmith, height 5 feet 5½ inches, nuggety build, round shouldered, dark brown hair turning grey, high forehead, grey eyes, open mouth, thin lips, good teeth, round chin, large ears, round smiling face, dark complexion, dark brown moustache; is believed to have a finger missing or injured; has a habit of raising his eyebrows when in conversation, and laughs in a peculiar manner after speaking; last seen at No. 1 State Mill, Manjimup, on the 14th ult., when he was wearing a dark blue sac suit and drab Woodrow hat. (Information to the Officer-in-Charge, Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B3/4650.)

GEORGE HENRY HUTCHINSON (no description given), formerly of Derby, England. (Information to the Officer-in-Charge, Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B3/4653.)

ANDREA SACHERI, native of Italy, young, last heard of at Marrinup. Inquiry by the Consular Agent for Italy, Perth. (Information to the Officer-in-Charge, Criminal Investigation Branch, Perth.—B3/4657.)

LAND AND INCOME TAX ASSESSMENT ACT, 1907.

Notice under Section 53.

Taxation Department,
Perth, 18th November, 1914.

NOTICE is hereby given that, by virtue of Section 53 of the above-named Act, and of every other power enabling me in that behalf, I, the Commissioner of Taxation under the said Act, appoint the days mentioned

below to be the days on which the following Taxes shall respectively be due and payable, that is to say:—

INCOME TAX.

First Assessment.—Original, 10480/1, 31st July, 1908. Amended or Additional, 1828, 8537, 5539, 18th November, 1914; 1848, 4767, 3rd December, 1914.

Second Assessment.—Original, 9889/92, 30th June, 1909. Amended or Additional, 9757, 7778, 9421, 3485, 18th November, 1914; 6754, 93, 3rd December, 1914.

Third Assessment.—Original, 10249/53, 30th March, 1910. Amended or Additional, 10049, 9372, 4673, 4632, 7103, 18th November, 1914; 1869, 3rd December, 1914.

Fourth Assessment.—Original, 10625/31, 30th March, 1911. Amended or Additional, 10295, 8265, 4570, 5407, 18th November, 1914; 5407, 10563, 7355, 3rd December, 1914.

Fifth Assessment.—Original, 12705/19, 18th November, 1914; 12720/1, 3rd December, 1914. Amended or Additional, 5843, 6015, 3163, 12676, 18th November, 1914; 5028, 8041, 3545, 12591, 2896, 5928, 4966, 3rd December, 1914.

Sixth Assessment.—Original, 13280/311, 31st March, 1913. Amended or Additional, 9851, 8671, 13034, 5627, 13209, 18th November, 1914; 6747, 765, 3826, 35, 10390, 3rd December, 1914.

Seventh Assessment.—Original, 10958/69, 10971, 10974/86, 11003/25, 11044/9, 11082/101, 11103/4, 11122/4, 11142/50, 11170, 11179/83, 11188/90, 11224, 11255/7, 3rd April, 1914; 10956/7, 10970, 10972/3, 10987/99, 11000/3, 11026/43, 11050/81, 11102, 11105/21, 18th November, 1914; 11125/41, 11151/69, 11171/8, 11184/7, 11191/223, 11225/54, 3rd December, 1914. Amended or Additional, 9946, 3rd April, 1914; 9542, 8199, 10499, 10140, 18th November, 1914; 7253, 2240, 9372, 9373, 9374, 10955, 10488, 3002, 1595, 5603, 9798, 3rd December, 1914.

LAND TAX.

First Assessment.—Original, 20177, 20179/81, 31st July, 1908; 20178, 3rd December, 1914. Amended, 11187, 18th November, 1914.

Second Assessment.—Original, 17285, 17287/90, 30th June, 1909; 17286, 3rd December, 1914. Amended, 8548, 8273, 18th November, 1914.

Third Assessment.—Original, 17491, 17493/7, 31st March, 1910; 17492, 3rd December, 1914. Amended, 2484, 1854, 18th November, 1914; 15590, 30th March, 1910.

Fourth Assessment.—Original, 18358/60, 18362/70, 30th March, 1911; 18361, 3rd December, 1914. Amended, 10255, 9263, 16328, 18th November, 1914; 15302, 30th March, 1911.

Fifth Assessment.—Original, 18460, 18462/3, 18468/77, 18480, 18th November, 1914; 18478, 18481/90, 18492/3, 3rd December, 1914. Amended, 12434, 5403, 5250, 14470, 14977, 18th November, 1914; 157, 3rd December, 1914.

Sixth Assessment.—Original, 18146, 3rd December, 1914; 17615, 18080/2, 18074/5, 18070, 18085/123, 18125/38, 18140/2, 18144/5, 18147/8, 18150/5, 18157/9, 18169/70, 31st March, 1913. Amended, 15249, 15117, 14854, 15704, 31st March, 1913; 13555, 12381, 8551, 4104, 903, 18th November, 1914; 13313, 13664, 11444, 3rd December, 1914.

Seventh Assessment.—Original, 11389, 13733, 8114, 16484/6, 14689, 16489/90, 16492, 16494/7, 16478, 16446, 16424, 16432, 16402, 16399, 16396, 16274, 15874, 16499/534, 16536/77, 16579/650, 16652/79, 16681/6, 16688/712, 16714/20, 16722, 16724/89, 16792/5, 16797/805, 16807/26, 16828/30, 16832/3, 16835/50, 16852/5, 16857/60, 16863/6, 16869/71, 16873/5, 16877/90, 16892, 16894/7, 16899, 16904, 16911, 16917, 16921, 16926, 16929, 16932, 16936/7, 16939/41, 16947/51, 16954/6, 3rd April, 1914; 11598, 11980, 11990, 12122, 12281/2, 12699, 13195, 11245, 14855, 2667, 6797, 10008, 16498, 16535, 16651, 16713, 18th November, 1914; 14388, 14552, 14746, 14838, 6709, 16723, 16790/1, 16796, 16851, 16861, 16868, 16872, 16891, 16898, 16900/3, 16907, 16909/10, 16913/6, 16918/20, 16923, 16930/1, 16933/5, 16943, 16945/6, 16952/3, 3rd December, 1914. Amended, 12693, 14751, 14840, 6490, 13257, 13543, 13832, 576, 14904, 8526, 15509, 12939, 14845, 13951, 15348, 10783, 18th November, 1914; 1152, 9821, 10355, 10335, 13209, 12579, 15459, 2125, 15487, 15748, 16628, 16238, 7092, 16041, 3rd December, 1914.

EDGAR T. OWEN,
Commissioner of Taxation.

THE ROADS ACT, 1911.

Closure of Road.

I, JOHN HUGH ACKLAND, being the owner of land over or along which the portion of road hereunder described passes, have applied to the Goomalling Road Board to close the said portion of road, viz.:—

GOOMALLING.

Corres. 5895/13.

G. 126.—The surveyed road passing along the North boundary of Reserve No. 12316, and through Melbourne Location 1970 from Road No. 4990 to Road No. 4116. (Plan 57/80, D4.)

JOHN H. ACKLAND.

I, James H. Bowen, on behalf of the Goomalling Road Board, hereby assent to the above application to close the road therein described.

JAMES H. BOWEN,
Chairman Goomalling Road Board.

THE ROADS ACT, 1911.

Closure of Road.

I, SAMUEL JAMES MORRIS, being the owner of land over or along which the portion of road hereunder described passes, have applied to the Goomalling Road Board to close the said portion of road, viz.:—

GOOMALLING.

6377/13.

G. 120.—The surveyed road passing along the South-East boundary of Avon Location 10535.

Also the surveyed road starting from the South corner of Avon Location 7730, and extending North-Eastward along the South boundaries of Locations 7730 and 7965; thence South-Eastward along the South-Western boundary of Location 7945, and onward through Location 10535 to its South-East boundary. (Plan 27/80.)

S. J. MORRIS.

I, James H. Bowen, on behalf of the Goomalling Road Board, hereby assent to the above application to close the road therein described.

JAMES H. BOWEN,
Chairman Goomalling Road Board.

THE ROADS ACT, 1911.

Closure of Road.

I, JOHN HUGH ACKLAND, being the owner of land over or along which the portion of road hereunder described passes, have applied to the Goomalling Road Board to close the said portion of road, viz.:—

GOOMALLING.

Corres. 5895/13.

G. 127.—The surveyed road along parts of a West and a North boundary of Melbourne Location 1970, from Road No. 4990 to Road No. 4116. (Plan 57/80, D4.)

JOHN H. ACKLAND.

I, James H. Bowen, on behalf of the Goomalling Road Board, hereby assent to the above application to close the road therein described.

JAMES H. BOWEN,
Chairman Goomalling Road Board.

THE ROADS ACT, 1911.

Closure of Road.

I, EDWARD VENNING PARNELL, being the owner of land over or along which the portion of road hereunder described passes, have applied to the Tambellup Road Board to close the said portion of road, viz.:—

TAMBELLUP.

Corres. 29/14.

T. 40.—The surveyed road commencing from the South-East corner of Plantagenet Location 61, and extending Westward along the latter's South boundary, and continuing North-Westward through 1476 to the latter's West boundary. (Plan 436/80, C3.)

E. V. PARNELL.

I, William John Rourke, on behalf of the Tambellup Road Board, hereby assent to the above application to close the road therein described.

W. J. ROURKE,
Chairman Tambellup Road Board.

THE ROADS ACT, 1911.

Closure of Road.

WE, J. T. Hawke and H. Walters, being the owners of land over or along which the portion of road hereunder described passes, have applied to the Tambellup Road Board to close the said portion of road, viz.:—

TAMBELLUP.

3510/14.

T. 42.—The surveyed road extending South along the East boundaries of Plantagenet Locations 2402 and 2560 and West along the South boundaries of Location 2560 aforesaid and Location 2561 to surveyed road at latter's South-West corner. (Plan 436/80, A2.)

J. T. HAWKE.

H. WALTERS.

I, Wm. J. Rourke, on behalf of the Tambellup Road Board, hereby assent to the above application to close the road therein described.

W. J. ROURKE,
Chairman Tambellup Road Board.

THE ROADS ACT, 1911.

Closure of Road.

I, HENRY KNIGHT MESSENGER, being the owner of land over or along which the portion of road hereunder described passes, have applied to the Beverley Road Board to close the said portion of road, viz.:—

BEVERLEY.

10666/03.

B. 188.—That portion of Road No. 2815 from the South corner of Avon Location 6851, along a South-West boundary of and through Location 9604, and onward to its junction with Road No. 1699. (Plan 343A/40.)

H. K. MESSENGER.

I, Thomas George Walker, on behalf of the Beverley Road Board, hereby assent to the above application to close the road therein described.

T. G. WALKER,
Chairman Beverley Road Board.

13th November, 1914.

BELMONT PARK ROAD BOARD.

NOTICE is hereby given that Richard George has been appointed Poundkeeper and Ranger for the District of Belmont Park, *vice* Charles Henry Fairbeard.

J. P. NORTHEY,
Secretary.

Dated 11th November, 1914.

THE ROADS ACT, 1911.

Closure of Road.

I, THE MINISTER FOR LANDS, being the owner of land over or along which the portion of road hereunder described passes, have applied to the Dumbleyung Road Board to close the said portion of road, viz.:—

14673/11.

D. 60.—The surveyed road along an East boundary of William's Location 3483, from its Southernmost boundary to a point one chain beyond the North-West corner of Location 3657. (Plan 386D/40, B4.)

R. CECIL CLIFTON,
for Minister for Lands.

I, Rory James Cridland, on behalf of the Dumbleyung Road Board, hereby assent to the above application to close the road therein described.

R. J. CRIDLAND,
Chairman Dumbleyung Road Board.

3rd November, 1914.

BROOMEHILL ROAD BOARD.

IN terms of Section 214 of "The Roads Act, 1911," I hereby order that the time for making up the Rate Book of the above Board be extended to 30th November, 1914.

(Sgd.) W. D. JOHNSON,
Minister for Works.

GOOMALLING ROAD BOARD.

IT is hereby notified that George Whitlock has been appointed Secretary, Engineer, and Building Surveyor to the above Board, and is authorised to issue Licenses.

(Sgd.) JAMES H. BOWEN,
Chairman.

THE ROADS ACT, 1911.

Closure of Road.

WE, Messrs. Connor, Doherty, & Durack, being the owners of land over or along which the portion of road hereunder described passes, have applied to the Dumbleyung Road Board to close the said portion of road, viz.:—

DUMBLEYUNG.

2615/14.

D. 63.—The surveyed roads as hereunder set out:—

1. Along the North boundary of Williams Location 3436, from a surveyed road at its North-West to a surveyed road at its North-East corner.

2. The surveyed road through Location 4096 and along the Western boundaries of Locations 2612, 3436, 1742, 11384, and along a South and part of the West boundary of Location 4097, from a surveyed road in Location 4096 to the South boundary of Location 1505.

3. The surveyed road along the North boundary of Location 11391, and through Location 4096, from the former's North-East corner to a closed road on the East boundary of Location 5220. (Plan 408A/40.)

PAT. B. DURACK, *pro*
CONNOR, DOHERTY, & DURACK, Ltd.

I, Rory James Cridland, on behalf of the Dumbleyung Road Board, hereby assent to the above application to close the roads therein described.

R. J. CRIDLAND,
Chairman Dumbleyung Road Board.

10th November, 1914.

GOSNELLS DISTRICT ROAD BOARD.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. Walter Standing, of Gosnells, has been appointed Poundkeeper and Ranger for the District.

18th November, 1914. R. G. JENNINGS,
Secretary.

THE COMPANIES ACT, 1893.

Norwich and London Accident Insurance Association.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Registered Office of the above Company is situate at Furnival Chambers, St. George's Terrace, Perth, and that Francis Mark Syme, of Perth, the Manager of the Association, is the Attorney for the Association in Western Australia.

Dated this 11th day of November, 1914.

JAMES & DARBYSHIRE,
Furnival Chambers, St. George's Terrace, Perth,
Solicitors for the Association in Western Australia.

POWERS OF ATTORNEY ACT, 1896.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Power of Attorney dated the 27th day of March, 1908, from Mary Ann Anastasia Davies to Thomas Frederick Davies has been revoked.

Dated the 14th day of November, 1914.

J. & R. MAXWELL,
Solicitors for the said Mary Ann Anastasia Davies,
79 Barrack Street, Perth.

POWERS OF ATTORNEY ACT, 1896.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Power of Attorney dated the 27th day of March, 1908, from Netterville Routledge Davies to Thomas Frederick Davies has been revoked.

Dated the 14th day of November, 1914.

J. & R. MAXWELL,
Solicitors for the said Netterville Routledge Davies,
79 Barrack Street, Perth.

THE ADMINISTRATION ACT, 1903.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of Henry Kemp, late of Bootenal, Greenough, in the State of Western Australia, farmer, deceased, are requested to send particulars in writing of the same to the executors, James Stokes and Charles O'Neil Stokes, of Geraldton, in the said State, saddlers, care of the undersigned, on or before the tenth day of December, 1914; and further that, at the expiration of such last-mentioned date, the said executors will distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to such claims of which they shall then have had notice.

Dated this second day of November, 1914.

A. H. duBOULAY,
Marine Terrace, Geraldton,
Solicitor for the Executors.

THE ADMINISTRATION ACT, 1903.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims upon or against the estate of James Monaghan, of Wellington Street, Northam, in the State of Western Australia, freeholder, deceased, are hereby required to send particulars in writing of the same to the executors, Richard Napoleon Rockett and Pearson Lyon, care of the undersigned, on or before the first day of December, 1914: And further take notice that, after the expiration of such last-mentioned date, the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to such claims of which they shall then have had notice.

Dated this 29th day of October, 1914.

PEARSON LYON,
Solicitor for the above-named Executors,
Fitzgerald Street, Northam.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Supreme Court of Western Australia—Probate Jurisdiction.

In the matter of the Estate of Daniel Donovan, deceased.

WHEREAS on the 1st day of October, 1913, an order to administer the estate and effects of Daniel Donovan, late of Mount Cuthbert, in the State of Queensland, engine-driver, deceased, who died on or about the 22nd day of January, 1912, was granted by the Supreme Court of the said State, under the provisions of "The Administration Act, 1903," to the undersigned, the Curator of Intestate Estates, Perth.

Now notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having claims or demands against the estate of the said deceased are hereby required to send particulars of such claims or demands to the undersigned, on or before the 14th day of December, 1914.

And further, that the undersigned will, immediately after such date, proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the creditors and persons entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims of which he shall then have had notice. And the said Curator will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof so distributed or dealt with, to any person whose claim or demand he shall not then have received notice.

Dated at Perth, this 13th day of November, 1914.

GERVASE CLIFTON,
Curator of Intestate Estates.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Will of George Grist Felmingham, late of Fremantle, in the State of Western Australia, Boot-maker, deceased.

ALL claims against the estate of the above-named deceased must be sent in to Henry James Shaw, the executor, care of the undersigned, on or before the 21st day of December, 1914.

W. E. B. SOLOMON,
High Street, Fremantle,
Solicitor for the Executor.

N. W. Cowan, Agent for W. E. B. Solomon, Solicitor,
Fremantle.

In the Supreme Court of Western Australia—Probate Jurisdiction.

In the Estate of Alice Jane Chidlow, formerly of Northam but late of 21 Ventnor Avenue, Perth, in the State of Western Australia, Spinster, deceased.

PURSUANT to Section 46 of "The Administration Act, 1903," notice is hereby given to creditors and others to send in their claims against the estate of Alice Jane Chidlow, formerly of Northam but late of 21 Ventnor Avenue, Perth, in the State of Western Australia, spinster, deceased, to William Paterson, of Perth, Managing Trustee of the Agricultural Bank of Western Australia, the executor of the will and codicil of the said deceased, on or before the 31st day of December next, after which day the said executor will distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which such executor has then notice.

Dated the 17th day of November, 1914.

DARBYSHIRE & CALDER,
Commercial Bank Chambers, 42 St. George's Terrace,
Perth,
Solicitors for the said Executor.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of the Estate of Frederick Parker, late of Carnarvon in the State of Western Australia, Plumber, deceased, intestate.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of the above-named deceased are required to send particulars of the same in writing to the administrator, Frank Carl Frederic Andrew, of St. George's Terrace, Perth, Medical Practitioner, on or before the 31st day of December, 1914.

Dated this 17th day of November, 1914.

LOHRMANN & McDONALD,
No. 105 St. George's Terrace, Perth,
Solicitors for the Administrator.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Supreme Court of Western Australia—Probate Jurisdiction.

In the matter of the Estate of John Cleary, deceased.

WHEREAS on the 13th day of November, 1914, an order to administer the estate and effects of John Cleary, late of Gorge Creek, in the State of Western Australia, miner, deceased, who died on or about the fifteenth day of May, 1914, was granted by the Supreme Court of the said State, under the provisions of "The Administration Act, 1903," to the undersigned, the Curator of Intestate Estates, Perth.

Now notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having claims or demands against the estate of the said deceased are hereby required to send particulars of such claims or demands to the undersigned, on or before the 31st day of December, 1914.

And further, that the undersigned will, immediately after such date, proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the creditors and persons entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims of which he shall then have had notice. And the said Curator will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof so distributed or dealt with, to any person whose claim or demand he shall not then have received notice.

Dated at Perth, this 17th day of November, 1914.

GERVASE CLIFTON,
Curator of Intestate Estates.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Supreme Court of Western Australia—Probate Jurisdiction.

In the matter of the Estate of Thomas Christopher Nunn King, deceased.

WHEREAS on the 13th day of November, 1914, an order to administer the estate and effects of Thomas Christopher Nunn King, late of Parker's Range, in the State of Western Australia, leaseholder, deceased, who died on or about the 7th day of May, 1914, was granted by the Supreme Court of the said State, under the provisions of "The Administration Act, 1903," to the undersigned, the Curator of Intestate Estates, Perth.

Now notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having claims or demands against the estate of the said deceased are hereby required to send particulars of such claims or demands to the undersigned, on or before the 17th day of December, 1914.

And further, that the undersigned will, immediately after such date, proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the creditors and persons entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims of which he shall then have had notice. And the said Curator will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof so distributed or dealt with, to any person whose claim or demand he shall not then have received notice.

Dated at Perth, this 17th day of November, 1914.

GERVASE CLIFTON,
Curator of Intestate Estates.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Supreme Court of Western Australia—Probate Jurisdiction.

In the matter of the Estate of Joseph Perry, deceased.

WHEREAS on the 13th day of November, 1914, an order to administer the estate and effects of Joseph Perry, late of Kalgoorlie, in the State of Western Australia, miner, deceased, who died on or about the 31st day of March, 1914, was granted by the Supreme Court of the said State, under the provisions of "The Administration Act, 1903," to the undersigned, the Curator of Intestate Estates, Perth.

Now notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having claims or demands against the estate of the said deceased are hereby required to send particulars of such claims or demands to the undersigned, on or before the 17th day of December, 1914.

And further, that the undersigned will, immediately after such date, proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the creditors and persons entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims of which he shall then have had notice. And the said Curator will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof so distributed or dealt with, to any person whose claim or demand he shall not then have received notice.

Dated at Perth, this 17th day of November, 1914.

GERVASE CLIFTON,
Curator of Intestate Estates.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Supreme Court of Western Australia—Probate Jurisdiction.

In the matter of the Estate of Dennis Donnellan, deceased.

WHEREAS on the 13th day of November, 1914, an order to administer the estate and effects of Dennis Donnellan, late of Southern Cross, in the State of Western Australia, miner, deceased, who died on or about the 28th day of May, 1914, was granted by the Supreme Court of the said State, under the provisions of "The Administration Act, 1903," to the undersigned, the Curator of Intestate Estates, Perth.

Now notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having claims or demands against the estate of the said deceased are hereby required to send particulars of such claims or demands to the undersigned, on or before the 17th day of December, 1914.

And further, that the undersigned will, immediately after such date, proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the creditors and persons entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims of which he shall then have had notice. And the said Curator will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof so distributed or dealt with, to any person whose claim or demand he shall not then have received notice.

Dated at Perth, this 17th day of November, 1914.

GERVASE CLIFTON,
Curator of Intestate Estates.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Supreme Court of Western Australia—Probate Jurisdiction.

In the matter of the Estate of Hugo Carocci, otherwise known as Ugo Carocci, deceased.

WHEREAS on the 13th day of November, 1914, an order to administer the estate and effects of Hugo Carocci, otherwise known as Ugo Carocci, late of Toodyay, in the State of Western Australia, labourer, deceased, who died on or about the 23rd day of January, 1908, was granted by the Supreme Court of the said State, under the provisions of "The Administration Act, 1903," to the undersigned, the Curator of Intestate Estates, Perth.

Now notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having claims or demands against the estate of the said deceased are hereby required to send particulars of such claims or demands to the undersigned, on or before the 17th day of December, 1914.

And further, that the undersigned will, immediately after such date, proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the creditors and persons entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims of which he shall then have had notice. And the said Curator will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof so distributed or dealt with, to any person whose claim or demand he shall not then have received notice.

Dated at Perth, this 17th day of November, 1914.

GERVASE CLIFTON,
Curator of Intestate Estates.

In the Supreme Court of Western Australia—Probate Jurisdiction.

In the Estate of William Stanley Angel, late of Boulder, in the State of Western Australia, Barman, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims or demands against the estate of the late William Stanley Angel (who died at Boulder, in the said State, on the 2nd day of August, 1914) are requested, on or before the 21st day of December, 1914, to send particulars of such claims and demands to William Angel, of Merredin, boiler-maker, the administrator of the said estate, care of Messrs. Stawell & Keall, of 23 Barrack Street, Perth, solicitors for the said administrator; and further that the said administrator will, immediately after such date, proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the creditors and persons entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims of which they shall then have had notice.

Dated the 9th day of November, 1914.

STAWELL & KEALL,
23 Barrack Street, Perth,
Agents for F. C. Cowle & Co., Kalgoorlie,
Solicitors for the Administrator.

In the Supreme Court of Western Australia.

In the matter of "The Bankruptcy Act Amendment Act, 1898," and in the matter of Elizabeth Maslen, Farmer, of Tambellup, a Debtor.

NOTICE is hereby given that it is intended to declare a Dividend in this estate payable on and after the 28th day of November, 1914, at the offices of Walter McKechie Collins, Commercial Union Chambers, St. George's Terrace, Perth, to those creditors only who have proved their claims and assented in writing to the deed of assignment.

Dated this 12th day of November, 1914.

[L.S.] WALTER M. COLLINS,
Trustee.

In the Supreme Court of Western Australia.

In the matter of "The Bankruptcy Act Amendment Act, 1898," and in the matter of Cowper Sutton Todd, of Coorow, lately carrying on business as a Storekeeper, now Farmer, a Debtor.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Meeting of the Creditors of the above-named Cowper Sutton Todd, of Coorow, will be held at our offices, Nos. 4 and 5 Brookman's Buildings, Barrack Street, Perth, on Monday, the 30th day of November, 1914, at the hour of half-past three o'clock in the afternoon, in pursuance of "The Bankruptcy Act Amendment Act, 1898."

Dated the 18th day of November, 1914.

[L.S.] Q. H. JAMES
Agent for the Debtor.

Q. H. James & Co., Public Accountants, Nos. 4 and 5 Brookman's Buildings, Barrack Street, Perth.

In the Supreme Court of Western Australia.

In the matter of "The Bankruptcy Act Amendment Act, 1898," and in the matter of Albert Obad Overington, of Kojonup, Storekeeper, Debtor.

Notice of intention to declare a first and final Dividend. NOTICE is hereby given that it is my intention to declare a first and final Dividend in the above matter on the 4th day of December, 1914.

Dividends will be payable only to those creditors who have signed or assented to the deed of assignment.

Dated this 20th day of November, 1914.

[L.S.] T. J. THOMAS,
Trustee,
Acl-y-Bryn, Katanning.

In the matter of "The Bankruptcy Act Amendment Act, 1898," and in the matter of George Walter Aldred, of Broomehill, in the State of Western Australia, Storekeeper, a Debtor.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Meeting of Creditors of George Walter Aldred, of Broomehill, in the State of Western Australia, Storekeeper, a debtor, will be held at the Imperial Hotel, Broomehill, on Monday, the 31st day of November, at the hour of 3.30 o'clock in the afternoon.

Dated this 18th day of November, 1914.

[L.S.] G. ALEC COOPER,
Solicitor for the Debtor.

In the Supreme Court of Western Australia.

In the matter of "The Bankruptcy Act Amendment Act, 1898," and in the matter of Morris Cohen, of Northam, Tailor, a Debtor.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Meeting of the Creditors of the above-named Morris Cohen, of Northam, tailor, will be held at my offices, Australasia Chambers, St. George's Terrace, Perth, on Monday, the 30th day of November, 1914, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon.

Dated the 18th day of November, 1914.

[L.S.] JOSHUA R. LUBER,
Solicitor for the Debtor,
St. George's Terrace, Perth.

In the matter of "The Bankruptcy Act Amendment Act, 1898," and in the matter of Ross Richard Vivian Chipper and Lindsay Lewis Sterling Chipper, trading under the firm name of "Chipper Brothers," of Pantapan, Kwollyin, in the State of Western Australia, Farmers, Debtors.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Meeting of the Creditors of Ross Richard Vivian Chipper and Lindsay Lewis Sterling Chipper, trading under the firm name of "Chipper Brothers," of Pantapan, Kwollyin, in the State of Western Australia, farmers, will be held at my office, Nos. 21 and 22 National Mutual Buildings, St. George's Terrace, Perth, on Friday, the 27th day of November, 1914, at the hour of 4 o'clock p.m.

Dated this 19th day of November, 1914.

[L.S.] MORRIS CRAWCOUR,
Solicitor and Agent for the Debtors.

In the Supreme Court of Western Australia.

In the matter of "The Bankruptcy Act Amendment Act, 1898," and in the matter of Lionel Chandon Lewis, of Trayning, Farmer, a Debtor.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Meeting of the Creditors of Lionel Chandon Lewis, of Trayning, farmer, will be held at the offices of Pye, Burkett, & Co., Weld

Chambers, St. George's Terrace, Perth, on Monday, the 30th day of November, 1914, at 3 p.m.

Dated this 19th day of November, 1914.

[L.S.] PYE, BURKETT, & CO.,
Public Accountants,
Weld Chambers, St. George's Terrace, Perth,
Agents for the Debtor.

THE BANKRUPTCY ACT, 1892.

Receiving Order Rescinded.

Debtor's Name.	Address.	Description.	Court.	No.	Date of Receiving Order.	Date of Rescission.
Charles Algernon Sweeting	Victoria Park, and lately carrying on business as a pastoralist at Lallah Rookh Station, Port Hedland, and as a farmer at Iron Pot Farm, Brunswick	Pastoralist and Farmer	Supreme Court, Perth	83 of 1914	23rd day of Oct., 1914	18th day of Nov., 1914

Receiving Order.

Debtor's Name.	Address.	Description.	Court.	No. of Matter.	Date of Order.	Date of Petition.	Act or acts of Bankruptcy.
Edmund Patrick Broderick	Residing at Queen's Hotel, Geraldton, and carrying on business at Queen's Hotel in co-partnership with Mary Mill O'Dea (married woman)	Hotelkeeper	Supreme Court, Perth	91 of 1914	12th day of November, 1914	5th day of November, 1914	Debtor's petition.

First Meeting and Public Examination.

Debtor's Name.	Address.	Description.	Court.	Number.	Date of first Meeting.	Hour.	Place.	Date of Public Examination.	Hour.	Place.	Date of order (if any) for Summary Administration
John Walsh ...	Mt. Erin, near Geraldton	Farmer ...	Supreme Court, Perth	87 of 1914	2nd day of December, 1914	3 p.m.	Supreme Court, Perth	2nd day of December, 1914	10 30 a.m.	Supreme Court, Perth	18th day of November, 1914

Adjudication.

Debtor's Name.	Address.	Description.	Court.	No. of Matter.	Date of Order.	Date of Petition.
William Cobby, a partner in the firm of "Cobby and Beckett"	Lannybrook ...	Sawmiller ...	Supreme Court, Perth	89 of 1914	9th day of November, 1914	9th day of November, 1914

Notices of Dividends.

Debtor's Name.	Address.	Description.	Court.	Number.	Amount per £.	First or final or otherwise.	When payable.	Where payable.
Joseph Marinik and Frank Strika	Kellerberrin ...	Farmers ...	Supreme Court, Perth	77 of 1912...	Two shillings in £	First ...	Monday, 23rd day of November, 1914	At the Office of the Official Receiver in Bankruptcy, Supreme Court, Perth
Alfred Barker ...	Rokeby Road, Subiaco	Draper and Mercer	Do.	38 of 1914 ...	Five shillings and a fraction in £	Second and final	Do.	Do.

Dated this 19th day of November, 1914.

M. M. MOSS, Official Receiver in Bankruptcy.
Supreme Court, Perth.

BANKRUPTCY ACT AMENDMENT ACT, 1898.
In the matter of Andrew George Curtis Back, Farmer,
of Boyanup.

Notice of intention to declare first and final Dividend.
NOTICE is hereby given that it is my intention to
declare a first and final Dividend in the above matter.

Dividends will be payable to those creditors only who
shall have signed or assented to deed of assignment.

[L.S.] E. STEPHEN HART,
Trustee,
Victoria Street, Bunbury.
18th November, 1914.

NOTICE.

WE hereby notify that Mr. Frederick Julius Augustus
Burt has ceased to have any connection with our firm
from the 8th day of September last.

Dated the 19th day of November, 1914.

STONE & BURT,
Solicitors and Notaries,
514 Hay Street, Perth.

THE GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

The *Government Gazette* is published on Friday in
each week, unless otherwise interfered with by Public
Holidays or other unforeseen circumstances.

SUBSCRIPTIONS: Commencing from the 1st
March, 1914, the Subscription to the "*Government
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CONTENTS.

	Page
Administration Act	4434-6
Agricultural Bank	4426-7
Appointments	4390-1-4427-30
Bankruptcy	4436-8
Colonial Secretary's Department	4387, 4390-1, 4393
Companies	4434
Deceased Persons' Estates	4434-6
Education Department	4430
Government Savings Bank	4390
Health	4388-90-1-3
Indian Civil Service Examinations	4390
Land and Income Tax	4432
Lands Department	4387-90, 4416-26
Mines Department	4427
Missing Friends	4432
Mortgagees' Sales	4426-7
Municipalities	4388, 4428
Orders in Council	4388-90
Parliament summoned to meet	4387
Powers of Attorney	4434
Proclamations	4387-8
Public Service Commissioner (Commonwealth)	4391
Public Service Commissioner (State) ..	4390, 4416
Public Works Department	4428, 4434
Railways	4392
Registrar General	4430-1
Resumptions	4387-8
Road Boards (see also under "Lands" and "Public Works" Departments)	4433-4
Swan River Regulations	4391
Tender Board	4429
Tenders Accepted	4428-9
Tenders Invited	4426-7-8-9
Transfer of Land	4388, 4431-2
Treasury	4390-2
Water Supply Department	4430
Workers' Homes	4417