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PERTH : FRIDAY, 7th SEPTEMBER.

[1951.]

PRICES CONTROL ACT, 1948-1950.

Notice—Declaration No. 54.

I, ARTHUR VALENTINE RUTHERFORD ABBOTT, Attorney General and the Minister of the Crown for the time being charged with the administration of the Prices Control Act, 1948-1950, in pursuance of the powers conferred by section 14 of the said Act and the Prices Control Regulations, 1949, do hereby revoke the declarations made under the said Act and Regulations specified in the Schedule to this Declaration No. 54 and published in the *Government Gazette* on the date set forth in the Schedule in the case of each Declaration.

Schedule.

Declaration No. 34, the 3rd day of February, 1950.
 Declaration No. 47, the 1st day of March, 1951.
 Declaration No. 48, the 19th day of April, 1951.
 Declaration No. 49, the 19th day of April, 1951.
 Declaration No. 50, the 19th day of April, 1951.
 Declaration No. 51, the 17th day of May, 1951.
 Declaration No. 52, the 22nd day of June, 1951.
 Declaration No. 53, the 22nd day of June, 1951.

Dated at Perth this 7th day of September, 1951.

VAL. R. ABBOTT,
 Attorney General.

PRICES CONTROL ACT, 1948-1950.

Notice—Declaration No. 55.

I, ARTHUR VALENTINE RUTHERFORD ABBOTT, Attorney General and the Minister of the Crown for the time being charged with the administration of the Prices Control Act, 1948-1950, in pursuance of the powers conferred by section 14 of the said Act and the Prices Control Regulations, 1949, do hereby declare the goods specified in the Schedule to this Declaration No. 55 to be declared goods for the purposes of the said Act and Regulations.

Dated at Perth this 7th day of September, 1951.

VAL. R. ABBOTT,
 Attorney General.

Schedule.

Groceries and Foodstuffs.

Biscuits, excepting dog biscuits.
 Bran, Pollard, sharps, branato and pollato, or any mixtures thereof.
 Bread, including white bread, brown bread, whole-meal bread, whole wheatmeal bread, Vienna bread and starch reduced bread.
 Bread rolls, including Vienna rolls.
 Butter.
 Canned food stuff intended for human consumption which consists wholly or partly of meat other than poultry or game meat.
 Candles.
 Cheese and cheese spreads.
 Cleansers, household.
 Coconut (dessicated).
 Coffee, with or without chicory.
 Coffee beans.
 Coffee essences.
 Cocoa.
 Cocoa beans.
 Caramel.
 Chocolate and chocolates.
 Cocoa butter.
 Diabetic foods and food preparations.
 Dentifrices.
 Egg contents in powder or liquid form.
 Eggs in shell.
 Fats, edible.
 Fish, other than canned fish.
 Flour, wheaten, wheatmeal and self-raising.
 Food drinks in powder form.
 Foods primarily for breakfast use prepared from wheat, maize, oats or rice, whether in granulated, flaked, biscuit or any other form, including oatmeals of all types but not including flour and cornflour.
 Fruits, canned or preserved, excepting crystallised fruits.

Glucose.
 Golden syrup, molasses and treacle.
 Grains, namely, wheat, barley and oats.
 Honey.
 Hops.
 Infants' and invalids' foods.
 Jams.
 Jellies, other than jelly crystals and jelly powders.
 Malt and malt extracts.
 Margarine.
 Matches, other than book matches when used as an advertising medium.
 Meals, served in any hotel, boarding-house, lodging-house, guest house, or hostel.
 Meat meals and bone meals, and prepared stock and poultry foods.
 Meat, fresh, chilled or frozen, namely—
 beef and mutton;
 offal meat, other than pig offal meat;
 sausage meat;
 Meats, cooked, and delicatessen smallgoods, namely—
 pork sausages;
 beef sausages;
 beef polony;
 saveloys;
 cooked corned beef;
 pressed beef;
 beef brawn;
 ox tongue;
 black and white puddings.
 Methylated spirits.
 Milk, dried or in powder form, condensed or malted.
 Pickles and chutneys.
 Rice, including ground rice.
 Salt.
 Sauces.
 Sausage casings.
 Shaving cream.
 Shaving preparations.
 Shaving soap.
 Soap, toilet or laundry, and soap extracts, flakes and powders.
 Soap substitutes and compounded detergents for washing and cleansing purposes.
 Soup, canned.
 Spaghetti, canned.
 Starch.
 Sugar, of all kinds.
 Tea.
 Toilet preparations.
 Tomato juice.
 Vegetables, namely, onions and potatoes.
 Vegetables, canned.
 Vegetables, fresh, in the control or possession of persons other than the grower, namely—
 beans;
 beetroot;
 cabbage;
 carrots;
 cauliflower;
 celery;
 cucumbers;
 lettuce;
 marrows;
 parsnips;
 peas;
 pumpkins;
 rhubarb;
 silver beet;
 swede turnips;
 sweet potatoes;
 turnips, white.
 Vinegar.
 Whale meat meal, namely, meal processed, manufactured or derived from the flesh, offal, bone or any part of the whale.
 Wheat ground.
 Yeast.

Liquors and Tobacco.

Ale, beer, lager, porter, stout.
 Any mixture comprising any two or more of the following:—

Ale.
 Beer;
 Lager;
 Porter;
 Stout;
 Aerated water;
 Cordials.

Tobacco, manufactured.

Cigarettes.

Fuel and Ice.

Coal.

Coke.

Firewood.

Ice.

Fibres, Yarns, Threads and Fabrics.

Blind Holland.

Brattice cloth.

Canvas and duck.

Carpet fabric.

Cheese cloth.

Cotton, artificial silk and silk threads used for domestic and manufacturing purposes, but not including cotton, artificial silk and silk threads used for the purpose of hand crocheting, knitting and embroidery.

Elastic, except when in possession or control of a retail trader.

Fabrics and piecegoods of all kinds, of a width of not less than 16 inches, whether knitted, lock-stitched or woven, including water-proofed or rubberised fabrics, and plastic and plastic-coated fabrics, but not including edgings, tapes, ribbons, braids, motifs, broderie anglais and allover lace.

Felts of wool or hair.

Fibres, natural or synthetic.

Hair cloth.

Hand knitting wool.

Jute and hessian piecegoods.

Linen, flax, hemp or ramie sewing threads and twists.

Oil baize.

Rope, cordage and twine, including binder-twine.

Rubber cloth for car hoods.

Rubber thread.

Tape, waterproof or textile strip.

Tyre cord and tyre fabric.

Wadding.

Wool tops.

Yarns of all kinds and descriptions.

Clothing.

Clothing, garments and apparel of all kinds and descriptions, including clothing, garments and apparel made from plastic piecegoods and plastic-coated piecegoods, and also including—

bathing costumes and trunks;

diapers;

footwear, other than footwear made for the personal use and to the individual measurements of a customer;

gloves and mittens;

handkerchiefs;

men's and boys' felt hats;

nursery squares;

pilchers;

sanitary napkins;

shawls;

but not including—

(a) foundation garments other than bras-sieres;

(b) furs and articles of apparel made from furred skins;

(c) garters, arm bands, suspenders, belts, and braces;

- (d) hair nets;
- (e) laces for boots, shoes and corsets;
- (f) millinery and head wear other than men's and boys' felt hats;
- (g) clothing, garments and apparel manufactured or principally manufactured from broderie anglais and/or allover lace;

and also not including neckwear, ties and scarves unless manufactured partly or wholly from wool or from materials containing wool.

Furniture, Furnishings and Household Drapery.

- Bedspreads, counterpanes and quilts.
- Bed tickings.
- Curtains and curtain materials.
- Blankets and blanketing.
- Flock and all other mattress fillings.
- Floor coverings of all kinds and descriptions, including mats, matting, carpet and carpeting.
- Furniture of all kinds and descriptions (excluding furniture made solely from wicker, bamboo or cane).
- Ice chests and ice boxes, domestic.
- Mats and matting of coir or juté.
- Mats, floor and bath, and druggets.
- Mattresses.
- Mattress covers.
- Moquettes and other upholstering covering material.
- Mosquito nets and netting.
- Pillows (other than air-filled), pillow cases, bolsters and bolster cases.
- Serviettes.
- Sheets, including plastic and plastic-coated sheets.
- Spring rollers for blinds.
- Table cloths, including plastic and plastic-coated table cloths.
- Tapestries and tapestry materials.
- Towels and tea towels.
- Travelling rugs.
- Underfelts and felt base.
- Upholstering materials—
 - flock;
 - fibre;
 - webbing;
 - springs;
 - hessian;
 - piping;
 - cord.

Household Equipment and Appliances.

- Cooking and kitchen utensils.
- Sewing machines—domestic.
- Smoothing irons—domestic.
- Stoves and stovettes—domestic.
- Wash troughs and coppers.
- Water tanks.

Glass.

Glass, namely, bent, bevelled, sand-blasted or engraved, bottles, flasks, jars, vials and tubes, louvres, mirrors used in the manufacture of furniture, plate, sheet, figured, rolled, cathedral, milled rolled, rough cast or wired cast, sheet, plain or fancy.

Timber, Bricks and other Building Materials.

- Asbestos.
- Bricks and building blocks, other than glass bricks and refractories.
- Builders' hardware of any material, including hinges, locks, fasteners and casement catches.
- Builders' small hardware.
- Building boards, including caneite and masonite.
- Cabinet makers' hardware.
- Cast iron porcelain enamelware, and substitutes therefor made from metal or plastic.
- Cement pipes.
- Concrete, ready-mixed.

Earthenware and stoneware, other than ornamental or decorative.

Electric cable, and electric wire, covered and uncovered, other than electrical resistance wire and electrical resistance tape.

Fibro-cement sheets and roofing sheets.

Fibrous plaster sheets.

Fibrous plaster and fibro-cement mouldings, cornices and cover battens.

Fittings and equipment of a type used in the installation of water, drainage or sewerage systems in buildings.

Gates.

Gravel.

Gypsum.

Joinery and joinery stock.

Lime.

Limestone.

Manufactures of concrete, for building and constructional purposes.

Metal ceilings and metal ceiling sheets.

Palings.

Plaster of paris.

Plywood, bondwood and corestock.

Portland cement.

Roofing slates and sheets.

Sand.

Sandstone.

Sleepers.

Tiles, including floor tiles, wall tiles and metal tiles.

Timber, whether in the form of logs, poles or piles, sawn or unsawn, seasoned or unseasoned, dressed or undressed.

Veneers.

Ventilators and air bricks.

Metals, Raw and Processed.

Ball and roller bearings of all types and parts thereof.

Basic iron and steel products (including such products of alloy steel), namely—

- pig iron, including basic foundry and maleable;
- cast iron;
- ingots;
- blooms, billets and slabs.

Bars, sheet piling, angles, tees, channels, joists, girders and the like.

Sheet, including tin mill, tinned and galvanised.

Plate.

Hoop and strip.

Rods, castings and forgings.

Wire, including barbed wire and other fencing wires.

All types of fence, including welded and woven wire.

Wire gauze.

Non-ferrous metals, in primary or fabricated mill forms, such as lumps, slabs, ingots, sheet, strip, rod, wire, tube, angles, or other drawn or extruded forms, castings or powder, namely—

- copper;
- lead;
- scrap copper and lead;
- tin, zinc and spelter.

Non-ferrous alloys, in primary or fabricated mill forms, such as lumps, slabs, ingots, sheet, strip, rod, wire, tube, angles, or other drawn or extruded forms, castings or powders and scrap.

Bolts, nuts, rivets, screws, hooks, eyes, rings, nails, and tacks.

Iron and steel materials for tram and railway lines, including rails, fishplates, tieplates and rods, switches, points, crossings and intersections and fishbolts.

Iron and steel tubes, pipes and fittings.

Shafting, metal.

Steel, rough-shaped for chaffcutter and similar kinds.
 Tinplate.
 Tubes and pipes, metal cased.
 Waterbore casings.

Vehicle and Vehicle Accessories and Parts.

Perambulators and baby carriages.

Hides, Leather and Rubber.

Floor coverings and mats of rubber.
 Footwear uppers.
 Footwear manufactured parts—
 soles;
 heels;
 boot and shoe uppers;
 all component parts, materials and aids to manufacture used in the manufacture of footwear of all descriptions.
 Hides and skins—cattle, yearling and calf.
 Hose, rubber or plastic.
 Latex.
 Leather.
 Leather, rubber, canvas and composition belting.
 Rubber gloves.
 Rubber tyres and tubes.
 Rubber soling and heeling materials in any form, including "Kromhyd," "Tufhide" and similar materials and substitutes therefor, including "Neolite."
 Slipper forms and piece goods for use in the manufacture of boots, shoes or slippers.
 Soles and heels and rubber pads.
 Tyre rubber.

Paper and Stationery.

Cigarette paper and papers.
 Newspapers, daily.
 Roofing and sheathing paper, electric insulating paper and boards.
 Sarking paper, including sisalkraft.
 School exercise books and the like.
 Text books, primary school.

Drugs and Chemicals.

Arsenate of lead.
 Arsenic.
 Bandages and surgical dressings.
 Carbide of calcium.
 Commercial alkalis, viz., soda ash, caustic soda.
 Commercial sulphuric acid.
 Cotton wool.

Drugs and Chemicals of British Pharmacopoeia, British Pharmacopoeia Codex, United States Pharmacopoeia and Australian Pharmaceutical Formulary Standard for pharmaceutical purposes, but excluding—

- (a) drugs and chemicals for veterinary use;
- (b) ethicals, others than insulin;
- (c) medical oxygen and other medical gases;
- (d) olive oil;
- (e) proprietaries.

Insulin.
 Lactose.

Manures and fertilisers, organic and inorganic, including:—Blood and bone fertilisers, muriate of potash, nitrate of soda, sulphate of potash, sulphate of ammonia, superphosphate.

Nicotine sulphate.

Petroleum jelly.

Pharmaceutical prescriptions.

Sulphate of copper.

Wood and coal tar.

Oils, Paints, Varnishes and Plasters.

Barytes.
 Casein.
 Gelatine.
 Glue.
 Greases of all kinds.
 Kerosene.
 Materials used in the manufacture of paints, varnishes, colours, enamels and lacquers.
 Moulding powders.
 Oils, mechanical, lubricating, linseed, rape seed, hemp seed, cotton seed and oils used in the manufacture of paint.
 Paint and varnish removers.
 Paints and colours, including—
 (a) colours in oils;
 (b) distempers;
 (c) enamels;
 (d) kalsomine;
 (e) lacquers;
 (f) water paints.
 Patent dryers.
 Petroleum and shale products, excluding aviation gasoline.
 Power alcohol.
 Putty.
 Resins, including synthetic resins.
 Shellac, sandrac, mastic and other dry gums.
 Tallow, stearine and glycerine.
 Thinners.
 Turpentine.
 Turpentine substitutes.
 Turpentine, mineral.
 Varnishes and oil stains.
 Waterproofing compounds.
 White lead.
 Whiting and paris white.

Packages and Containers.

Bags, sacks, packs and bales, including calico bags.
 Cans, canisters, and tins.
 Cartons and cardboard boxes.
 Cases (including shooks), but not including second-hand fruit cases.
 Casks (including staves).
 Drums.
 Meat wraps.
 Metal kegs, casks and vats.
 Paper bags.
 Vats, boxes and crates.

Miscellaneous.

Battery boxes.
 Clothes pegs.
 Handbags, purses and wallets, travelling bags, trunks, cases, school bags, brief cases, satchels, attache cases and the like.
 Lead acid storage batteries and components thereof.
 Oxygen and oxy-acetylene gas.
 Pyrites.
 Batteries, dry.
 Wireless receiving sets and combined wireless receiving and gramophone sets.

(The subheadings shown in the above Schedule are to facilitate reference to goods which are the subject of this Declaration. They shall not be read or construed as limiting or defining the scope of any of the items under the subheadings or of the goods included in such items.)

PRICES CONTROL ACT, 1948-1950.

Notice—Declaration No. 56.

I, ARTHUR VALENTINE RUTHERFORD ABBOTT, Attorney General and the Minister of the Crown for the time being charged with the administration of the Prices Control Act, 1948-1950, in pursuance of the powers conferred by section 14 of the said Act and the Prices Control Regulations, 1949, do hereby declare the services specified in the Schedule to this Declaration No. 56 to be declared services for the purposes of the said Act and Regulations.

Dated at Perth this 7th day of September, 1951.

VAL. R. ABBOTT,
Attorney General.

Schedule.

Industrial and Commercial.

- (a) Agency services in respect of declared goods or services.
- (b) The cold storage of goods.
- (c) The cutting, sewing or laying of floor coverings.
- (d) Film entertainments.
- (e) The making up or partially making up of clothing (including dressmaking), furnishings, household drapery or manchester.
- (f) All services supplied in the manufacture, partial manufacture or repair of footwear of all descriptions, including sole-sewing, stuff-cutting, upper sewing and shanking.
- (g) The making up or partially making up of furniture and bedding.
- (h) Any services of processing yarns, fabrics or textiles, including dyeing, weaving and knitting, when such service is supplied on a custom or commission basis.
- (i) Any service of processing timber, when such service is supplied on a custom or commission basis.
- (j) The packing or packaging of goods.
- (k) The repairing, renovating, polishing, or upholstering of furniture.
- (l) The retreading or recapping of motor tyres.
- (m) Any rights under an agreement for the hiring of films.
- (n) Any rights or privileges for which remuneration is payable in the form of royalty, stumpage, tribute or other levy, based on the volume or value of goods produced.
- (o) Storing or warehousing of goods.

Transport.

- (a) Carting, hauling, or delivery of goods.
- (b) The provision of stevedoring.
- (c) Services involving the removal of furniture.

Personal and Personal Upkeep.

- (a) Hotel, boarding-house, lodging-house, guest-house and hostel services.
- (b) Dry cleaning and dyeing.
- (c) Laundering.
- (d) Hospital and convalescent home services.
- (e) Repairing of boots and shoes.
- (f) All rights under agreement for the provision of lodging.

Building.

Any benefit under a contract of work and labour, or of work and labour and supply of materials, in relation to—

- (a) glazing;
- (b) laying or construction of foundations for dwelling-houses;
- (c) tiling of roofs.

(The subheadings shown in the above Schedule are to facilitate reference to services which are the subject of this Declaration. They shall not be read or construed as limiting or defining the scope of any of the items under the subheadings or of the services included in such items.)

PRICES CONTROL ACT, 1948-1950.

Prices Control Order No. 527.

Kitchenware.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon me by the Prices Control Regulations, 1949, I, Constantin Paul Mathea, Prices Control Commissioner, hereby make the following Order:—

Citation.

1. This Order may be cited as Prices Control Order No. 527.

Revocation.

2. Prices Control Order No. 434, as amended by Prices Control Order No. 480, is hereby revoked.

Definitions.

3. In this Order, unless the contrary intention appears—

“kitchenware” means any cooking or kitchen utensil which is or may be used in the kitchen, including the utensils specified hereunder, but not including utensils of china, glass or earthenware:—

Baking dishes
Basins
Billy cans
Boilers
Bowls
Bread bins and tins
Cake coolers
Cake tins
Cake trays
Canisters
Casseroles
Colanders
Cutlet pans
Dough pans
Egg slicers
Egg beaters
Egg poachers
Egg whisks
Flour dredgers
Flour sifters
Frying pans
Frying baskets
Funnels
Graters
Grillers
Jugs
Kettles
Kitchen tidies
Maslins
Measures
Meat roasters
Moulds
Mugs
Omelet pans
Pastry cutters
Patty tins
Pie dishes
Pie streamers
Pie tins
Potato chippers
Potato mashers
Plates
Preserving pans
Pressure cookers
Pots
Roasters
Sandwich tins
Saucepans
Scone cutters
Scone trays
Steamers
Stewpans
Strainers
Tea caddies
Tea pots
Toasters (non-electric);

“cost” means—

- (a) in relation to kitchenware imported by the seller from a source outside Australia the aggregate of—the purchase price paid or payable for those goods to the overseas supplier after deduction of trade discount,

but before deduction of cash discount together with inland carriage, outside packing, overseas office or forwarding agents' commission actually incurred (but not in excess of 3½ per centum of the invoice price of the goods after deduction of trade discount, but before the deduction of cash discount), bill of lading and shipping charges, insurance, freight (but not in excess of current standard sea freight rates), exchange and bank fees actually incurred (but not in excess of mail steamer sight draft rate and 3/8ths of one per centum, respectively), duty and primage, wharfage, stacking, harbour dues, and Stevedoring Industry Commission levy, customs entry and customs agents' charges (but not including any charges for costing or any percentage surcharge on cost), cartage actually incurred in transporting goods from wharf to store or from wharf to bond only (but not in excess of the maximum rates fixed to the Western Australian Road Transport Association (Inc.) for the cartage from wharf to store, or from wharf to bond, of such goods);

- (b) in relation to kitchenware not imported by the seller from a source outside Australia — the purchase price paid or payable for that kitchenware after deduction of any trade discount but before deduction of any cash discount, plus packing charges and cartage actually incurred, and the cost in transporting (if any) such kitchenware from the point of delivery to the seller's premises and attributable to such kitchenware and recorded on an invoice delivered in relation thereto. For the purpose of this subparagraph "cost in transporting" means, freight charges, provided that where more than one freight service operates the lowest freight rate only shall be allowed.

Maximum Wholesale Prices.

4. I fix and declare the maximum price at which kitchenware may be sold by wholesale to be the sum of—

- (i) the cost of that kitchenware;
- (ii) 20 per centum of such cost.

Maximum Retail Prices.

5. I fix and declare the maximum price at which kitchenware may be sold by retail to be—

- (a) in respect of kitchenware purchased by the retail seller from a source outside Australia, or direct from a manufacturer within Australia, the sum of—
 - (i) the cost of that kitchenware;
 - (ii) sales tax paid or payable;
 - (iii) 50 per centum of (i) and (ii);
- (b) in respect of kitchenware purchased by the retail seller from a wholesaler other than the manufacture of the goods, the sum of—
 - (i) the cost of that kitchenware;
 - (ii) sales tax paid or payable;
 - (iii) 25 per centum of (i) and (ii).

Exhibition of Price Tickets.

6. (1) Every person who has for sale by retail any goods, the maximum price of which is fixed by or under the provisions of this Order, shall attach to or display with those goods a ticket or label setting forth his selling price thereof,

(2) Any ticket or label required by subparagraph (1) of this paragraph to be attached to or displayed with any goods shall be in such form as to be easily legible to any person inspecting or viewing those goods and as to be properly associated with such goods.

Discounts.

7. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Order, where a seller of kitchenware by wholesale or by retail has customarily allowed any difference in price—

- (a) to any person or to persons included in any class of persons;
- (b) in respect of sales of certain quantities of kitchenware; or
- (c) in respect of sales of kitchenware under certain conditions of sale or upon certain terms of payment.

the maximum price fixed by or under this Order in respect of that kitchenware shall, in the case of sales to any such person or persons or of such quantities or under such conditions or upon such terms of payment, be reduced by the allowance of that difference.

Variation of Maximum Price by Notice.

8. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Order, I declare the maximum price at which any kitchenware specified in a notice in pursuance of this paragraph may be sold by any person to whom such notice is given to be such price as is fixed by the Commissioner by notice in writing to that person.

Dated this 5th day of September, 1951.

C. P. MATHEA,
Prices Control Commissioner.

PRICES CONTROL ACT, 1948-1950.

Prices Control Order No. 528.

Floor Coverings.

Manufactured by Felt & Textiles of Australia Ltd., Federal Felters Pty. Ltd., J. E. Austin & Sons Pty. Ltd. and Felt Products of Western Australia.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon me by the Prices Control Regulations, 1949, I, Constantin Paul Mathea, Prices Control Commissioner, hereby make the following Order:—

Citation.

1. This Order may be cited as Prices Control Order No. 528.

Revocation.

2. Prices Control Order No. 499 is hereby revoked.

Application.

3. This Order shall apply to plain and marbled jasper, feltex, teprac, feloura, bisonia, austex, underfelt and other similar felt products manufactured by Felt & Textiles of Australia Ltd., Federal Felters Pty. Ltd., J. E. Austin & Sons Pty. Ltd. and Felt products of Western Australia.

Definitions.

4. In this Order, unless the contrary intention appears—

"floor coverings" means floor coverings manufactured by Felt & Textiles of Australia Ltd., Federal Felters Pty. Ltd., J. E. Austin & Sons Pty. Ltd. and Felt Products of Western Australia;

"cost" means—

in relation to floor coverings, manufactured by Felt & Textiles of Australia Ltd., Federal Felters Pty. Ltd., J. E. Austin & Sons Pty. Ltd. and Felt Products of Western Australia,

the purchase price paid or payable for that floor covering after deduction of any trade discount, but before deduction of any cash discount, plus packing charges and cartage actually incurred, and the cost in transporting (if any), such floor coverings from the point of delivery to the seller's premises and attributable to such floor coverings and recorded on an invoice delivered in relation thereto.

For the purpose of this sub-paragraph, "cost in transporting" means freight charges, provided that where more than one freight service operates, the lowest freight rate only shall be allowed.

Maximum Wholesale Prices.

5. I fix and declare the maximum price at which any floor covering may be sold by any person by wholesale to be the sum of—

- (i) the cost of that floor covering;
- (ii) $7\frac{1}{2}$ per centum of such cost.

Maximum Retail Prices.

6. I fix and declare the maximum price at which any floor covering may be sold by any person by retail to be the sum of—

- (a) the cost of such goods;
- (b) sales tax paid or payable;
- (c) (i) in respect of any floor covering purchased by the retail seller from the manufacturer—25 per centum of (a) and (b); or
- (ii) in respect of any floor covering purchased by the retail seller from a wholesaler— $17\frac{1}{2}$ per centum of (a) and (b).

Exhibition of Price Tickets.

7. (1) Every person who has for sale by retail any goods, the maximum price of which is fixed by or under the provisions of this Order, shall attach to or display with those goods a ticket or label setting forth his selling price thereof.

(2) Any ticket or label required by subparagraph (1) of this paragraph to be attached to or displayed with any goods shall be in such form as to be easily legible to any person inspecting or viewing those goods and as to be properly associated with such goods.

Discounts.

8. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Order, where a seller of floor coverings by wholesale or by retail has customarily allowed any difference in price—

- (a) to any person or to persons included in any class of persons;
- (b) in respect of sales of certain quantities of floor coverings; or
- (c) in respect of sales of floor coverings under certain conditions of sale, or upon certain terms of payment,

the maximum price fixed by or under this Order in respect of those floor coverings shall, in the case of sales to any such person or persons or of such quantities or under such conditions or upon such terms of payment, be reduced by the allowance of that difference.

Variation of Maximum Price by Notice.

9. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Order, I declare the maximum price at which any floor covering specified in a notice in pursuance of this paragraph may be sold by any person to whom such notice is given, to be such price as is fixed by the Commissioner by notice in writing to that person.

Dated this 5th day of September, 1951.

C. P. MATHEA,
Prices Control Commissioner.

PRICES CONTROL ACT, 1948-1950.

Prices Control Order No. 529.

Floor Coverings.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon me by the Prices Control Regulations, 1949, I, Constantin Paul Mathea, Prices Control Commissioner, hereby make the following Order:—

Citation.

1. This Order may be cited as Prices Control Order No. 529.

Revocation.

2. Prices Control Order No. 492 is hereby revoked.

Application.

3. Nothing in this Order shall apply to plain and marbled jasper, feltex, teprac, feloura, bisonia, austex, underfelt and other similar felt products manufactured by Felt & Textiles of Australia Limited, Federal Felters Pty. Ltd., J. E. Austin & Sons Pty. Ltd. and Felt Products of Western Australia.

Definitions.

4. In this Order, unless the contrary intention appears—

"floor coverings" means floor coverings of all descriptions whatsoever (other than of rubber), including carpets, linoleums and substitutes, floor rugs, runners, floor mats and matting, felt and paper under-bases;

"cost" means—

(a) in relation to floor coverings imported by the seller from a source outside the Commonwealth of Australia—the aggregate of the purchase price paid or payable for those goods to the overseas supplier after deduction of trade discount, but before deduction of cash discount, together with inland carriage, outside packing, overseas office or forwarding agents' commission actually incurred (but not in excess of $3\frac{1}{4}$ per centum of the invoice price of the goods after deduction of trade discount, but before deduction of cash discount), bill of lading and shipping charges, insurance, freight (but not in excess of current standard sea freight rates), exchange and bank fees actually incurred (but not in excess of mail steamer sight draft rate and $\frac{3}{8}$ of one per centum, respectively), duty and primage, wharfage, stacking, harbour dues and Stevedoring Industry Commission levy, Customs entry and Customs Agents' charges (but not including any charges for costing or any percentage surcharge on cost), cartage actually incurred in transporting goods from wharf to store or from wharf to bond only (but not in excess of the maximum rate fixed to the Western Australian Road Transport Association (Inc.) for the cartage from wharf to store or from wharf to bond of such goods);

(b) in relation to floor coverings not imported by the seller from a source outside the Commonwealth of Australia—the purchase price paid or payable for that floor covering after deduction of any trade discount, but before deduction of any cash discount, plus packing charges and cartage actually incurred, and the cost of transporting of any), such floor

coverings from the point of delivery to the seller's premises and attributable to such floor coverings and recorded on an invoice delivered in relation thereto.

For the purpose of this subparagraph—

“cost in transporting” means freight charges, provided that where more than one freight service operates, the lowest freight rate only shall be allowed;

“point of delivery” means the place at which liability for payment of transport charges in conveying those goods to the seller's store passed to the seller from the person from whom such goods were purchased.

Maximum Wholesale Prices.

5. I fix and declare the maximum price at which any floor covering may be sold by any person by wholesale to be—

- (a) in the case of the floor coverings specified in the First and Second Schedules to this Order, the sum of—
 - (i) the cost of that floor covering;
 - (ii) 15 per centum of such cost;
- (b) in the case of the floor coverings specified in the Third Schedule to this Order, the sum of—
 - (i) the cost of that floor covering;
 - (ii) 12½ per centum of such cost.

Maximum Retail Prices.

6. I fix and declare the maximum price at which floor coverings specified in the First Schedule to this Order may be sold by any person by retail to be the sum of—

- (a) the cost of such goods;
- (b) sales tax paid or payable;
- (c) (i) in respect of floor coverings purchased by the retail seller from a source outside the Commonwealth of Australia, or floor coverings purchased by the retail seller at a manufacturer's price—35 per centum of (a) and (b); or
 - (ii) in respect of floor coverings purchased by the retail seller from a wholesaler—30 per centum of (a) and (b).

7. I fix and declare the maximum price at which floor coverings specified in the Second Schedule to this Order may be sold by any person by retail to be the sum of—

- (a) the cost of such goods;
- (b) sales tax paid or payable;
- (c) (i) in respect of floor coverings purchased by the retail seller from a source outside the Commonwealth of Australia, or floor coverings purchased by the retail seller at a manufacturer's price—40 per centum of (a) and (b); or
 - (ii) in respect of floor coverings purchased by the retail seller from a wholesaler—33 1/3rd per centum of (a) and (b).

8. I fix and declare the maximum price at which floor coverings specified in the Third Schedule to this Order may be sold by any person by retail to be the sum of—

- (a) the cost of such goods;
- (b) sales tax paid or payable;
- (c) (i) in respect of floor coverings purchased by the retail seller from a source outside the Commonwealth of Australia, or floor coverings purchased by the retail seller at a manufacturer's price—37½ per centum of (a) and (b); or

- (ii) in respect of floor coverings purchased by the retail seller from a wholesaler—30 per centum of (a) and (b).

Exhibition of Price Tickets.

9. (1) Every person who has for sale by retail any goods, the maximum price of which is fixed by or under the provisions of this Order, shall attach to or display with those goods a ticket or label setting forth his selling price thereof.

(2) Any ticket or label required by subparagraph (1) of this paragraph to be attached to or displayed with any goods shall be in such form as to be easily legible to any person inspecting or viewing those goods, and as to be properly associated with such goods.

Discounts.

10. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Order, where a seller of floor coverings by wholesale or by retail has customarily allowed any difference in price—

- (a) to any person or to persons included in any class of persons;
- (b) in respect of sales of certain quantities of floor coverings; or
- (c) in respect of sales of floor coverings under certain conditions of sale, or upon certain terms of payment,

the maximum price fixed by or under this Order in respect of those floor coverings shall, in the case of sales to any such person or persons, or of such quantities or under such conditions, or upon such terms of payment, be reduced by the allowance of that difference.

Variation of Maximum Price by Notice.

11. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Order, I declare the maximum price at which floor coverings specified in a notice in pursuance of this paragraph may be sold by any person to whom such notice is given, to be such price as is fixed by the Commissioner by notice in writing to that person.

The First Schedule.

Linoleum of a higher grade than “C” grade.

The Second Schedule.

Linoleum and linoleum substitutes of all grades other than those specified in the First Schedule to this Order, felt and paper under-bases.

The Third Schedule.

All floor coverings covered by this Order, other than those specified in the First and Second Schedules to this Order.

Dated this 5th day of September, 1951.

C. P. MATHEA,
Prices Control Commissioner.

PRICES CONTROL ACT, 1948-1950.

Prices Control Order No. 530.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon me by the Prices Control Regulations, 1949, I, Constantin Paul Mathea, Prices Control Commissioner, hereby make the following Order:—

Citation.

1. This Order may be cited as Prices Control Order No. 530.

Definitions and Interpretations.

2. In this Order, unless the contrary intention appears—

“prevailing price” means, in relation to the sale by any person of any of the goods specified in the Schedule to this Order, the price at which that person sold such goods on the 18th day of July, 1951, upon substantially the same terms and conditions, or if no such sale was made by that person on that date upon substantially the same terms and conditions, then the last preceding date upon which such sale was made by that person upon substantially the same terms and conditions;

“cost” means, in relation to the sale of any goods specified in this Order by any person, the sum of money or other valuable consideration paid or furnished or agreed to be paid or furnished for or in respect of those goods by that person.

Maximum Prices for Goods of a Kind Previously Sold.

3. Notwithstanding the provision of any Order issued prior to this Order, I fix and declare the maximum price at which any of the goods specified in the Schedule to this Order may be sold by any person to be the prevailing price of such goods.

Maximum Prices for Goods of a Kind Not Previously Sold.

4. Notwithstanding the provisions of any Order issued prior to this Order, I fix and declare the maximum price at which any person who did not on or before the 18th day of July, 1951, sell any of the goods specified in the Schedule hereto, to be the cost of the goods to that person: Provided that upon application by any person the maximum price at which those goods may be sold by that person shall be such price as is fixed by the Commissioner by notice in writing to that person.

Variation of Maximum Prices by Notice.

5. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Order, I declare the maximum price at which any of the goods specified in this Order and specified in a notice in pursuance of this paragraph may be sold by any person to whom such notice is given, to be such price as is fixed by the Commissioner by notice in writing to that person.

The Schedule.

Candles.
Cleansers, household.
Coconut (dessicated).
Coffee, with or without chicory.
Coffee beans.
Coffee essences.
Cocoa.
Cocoa beans.
Caramel.
Chocolate and chocolates.
Cocoa butter.
Egg contents in liquid or powder form.
Food drinks in powder form.
Glucose.
Molasses.
Pickles and chutneys.
Sauces.
Soap substitutes and compounded detergents for other than household washing and other than household cleansing purposes.
Soup, canned.
Spaghetti, canned.
Treacle.
Tomato juice.
Vegetables, canned.
Vinegar.
Rope, cordage and twine, including binder-twine.
Wadding.
Gloves and mittens.

Ice chests and ice boxes, domestic.

Spring rollers for blinds.

Upholstering materials—

Webbing.

Springs.

Piping.

Cord.

Sewing machines—domestic.

Smoothing irons—domestic.

Stoves and stovettes—domestic.

Wash troughs and coppers.

Builders' small hardware.

Wall tiles and floor tiles and metal tiles.

Gates.

Cabinet makers' hardware.

Ball and roller bearings of all types and parts thereof.

Perambulators and baby carriages.

Floor coverings and mats of rubber.

Footwear manufactured parts—

Soles, heels, boot and shoe uppers, and all component parts, materials and aids to manufacture used in the manufacture of footwear of all descriptions.

Leather, rubber, canvas and composition belting.

Rubber gloves.

Bandages and surgical dressings.

Cotton wool.

Petroleum jelly.

Dentifrices.

Shaving cream.

Shaving preparations.

Shaving soap.

Toilet preparations.

Greases of all kinds.

Mineral turpentine.

Clothes pegs.

Handbags, purses and wallets, travelling bags, trunks, cases, school bags, brief cases, satchels, attache cases and the like.

Batteries, dry.

Dated at Perth this 7th day of September, 1951.

C. P. MATHEA,
Prices Control Commissioner.

PRICES CONTROL ACT, 1948-1950.

Prices Control Order No. 531.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon me by the Prices Control Regulations, 1949, I, Constantin Paul Mathea, Prices Control Commissioner, hereby make the following Order:—

Citation.

1. This Order may be cited as Prices Control Order No. 531.

Definitions and Interpretations.

2. In this Order, unless the contrary intention appears—

“prevailing rate” means, in relation to the supply by any person of any service specified in the Schedule to this Order, the rate at which that person supplied that service on the 18th day of July, 1951, upon substantially the same terms and conditions, or if no such supply was made by that person on that date upon substantially the same terms and conditions, then the last preceding date upon which such service was supplied by that person upon substantially the same terms and conditions.

Maximum Rates for Services of a Kind
Previously Supplied.

3. Notwithstanding the provisions of any Order issued prior to this Order, I fix and declare the maximum rate at which any service specified in the Schedule to this Order may be supplied by any person to be the prevailing rate for such service.

Application for Maximum Rates for Services
of a Kind Not Previously Supplied.

4. Notwithstanding the provisions of the last preceding paragraph, a person shall not supply any service specified in the Schedule to this Order which is not substantially identical with any service which he supplied on or prior to the 18th day of July, 1951, unless and until he has made a written request to the Commissioner to fix a maximum rate at which that service may be supplied and the Commissioner has fixed a maximum rate accordingly.

Variation of Maximum Rates by Notice.

5. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Order, I declare the maximum rate at which any service specified in this Order and specified in a notice in pursuance of this paragraph may be supplied by any person to whom such notice is given, to be such rate as is fixed by the Commissioner by notice in writing to that person.

The Schedule.

All services supplied in the manufacture or partial manufacture of footwear of all descriptions, including sole-sewing, stuff-cutting, upper-sewing and shanking.

Dated at Perth this 7th day of September, 1951.

C. P. MATHEA,
Prices Control Commissioner.

PRICES CONTROL ACT, 1948-1950.

Prices Control Order No. 532.

Footwear.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon me by the Prices Control Regulations, 1949, I, Constantin Paul Mathea, Prices Control Commissioner, hereby make the following Order:—

Citation.

1. This Order may be cited as Prices Control Order No. 532.

Revocation.

2. Prices Control Order No. 226 is hereby revoked.

Definitions and Interpretations.

3. In this Order, unless the contrary intention appears—

“cost” means, in relation to any footwear which has been purchased within the Commonwealth of Australia by—

(a) a wholesale trader from a manufacturer or his agent;

(b) a retail trader from a manufacturer or his agent or a wholesale trader;

the purchase price paid or payable for such footwear after the deduction of any trade discount, but before the deduction of any cash discount;

“freight, packing and insurance” means, in relation to the purchase of any footwear by a retail trader, whose place of business is situated outside the Perth Metropolitan Area, freight charges actually incurred

(provided that where more than one freight service operates, the lowest freight rate only shall be allowed) and actual cost of packing and insurance;

“landed cost” means, in relation to any footwear which has been imported by a retail trader or a wholesale trader from a source outside the Commonwealth of Australia, the aggregate of the purchase price paid or payable for those goods to the overseas supplier after deduction of trade discount, but before deduction of cash discount, together with inland carriage, outside packing, oversea office or forwarding agents' commission actually incurred (but not in excess of 3½ per centum of the invoice price of the goods after deduction of trade discount, but before the deduction of cash discount), bill of lading and shipping charges, insurance, freight (but not in excess of current standard sea freight rates), exchange and bank fees actually incurred (but not in excess of mail steamer sight draft rate and ⅓ of one per centum, respectively), duty and primage, wharfage, stacking, harbour dues and Stevedoring Industry Commission levy, Customs entry and Customs agents' charges (but not including any charges for costing or any percentage surcharge on cost), cartage actually incurred in transporting goods from wharf to store or from wharf to bond only (but not in excess of the maximum rate fixed to the Western Australian Road Transport Association (Inc.) for the cartage from wharf to store or from wharf to bond of such goods);

“Perth Metropolitan Area” means, all that area comprised within a radius of twelve miles from the General Post Office, Perth;

“point of delivery” means, in relation to the sale of any footwear which has been purchased by a wholesale trader or a retail trader within the Commonwealth of Australia, the place at which liability for payment of transport charges in conveying that footwear to his store passed to that wholesale trader or retail trader from the person from whom the wholesale trader or retail trader purchased such footwear;

“retail trader” means, any person who purchases or imports any footwear in a manufactured state and re-sells or offers for sale such footwear by retail;

the expression “nearest G.P.O.,” where used in relation to any point of delivery shall be deemed to refer to the General Post Office, Sydney, Melbourne, Adelaide or Perth, whichever is the nearest in a straight line to such point of delivery;

“wholesale trader” means, any person who purchases or imports any footwear in a manufactured state and re-sells such footwear by wholesale;

“working boots” means, working boots, bluchers, cossacks, shearers' moccasins, or any unlined boots other than rubber knee or rubber ankle boots.

Sales by Wholesale Traders.

4. I fix and declare the maximum price at which any footwear specified in the first column of the First Schedule to this Order may be sold by a wholesale trader to be—

(1) in respect of footwear manufactured within the Commonwealth of Australia, and purchased by such wholesale trader from the manufacturer or his agent, the sum of—

(a) the cost, as defined in this Order, thereof;

- (b) 10 per centum of (a);
- (c) allowance for freight, packing and insurance specified in the Second Schedule to this Order;

(2) in respect of footwear imported from a source outside the Commonwealth of Australia, the sum of—

- (a) the landed cost, as defined in this Order, thereof; and
- (b) 10 per centum of (a).

Provided that where any wholesale trader has purchased within the Commonwealth of Australia any footwear from any person other than a manufacturer or his agent, that wholesale trader shall not sell that footwear unless and until he has made a written request to the Commissioner to fix a maximum price at which such footwear may be sold and the Commissioner has fixed the maximum price accordingly.

Sales by Retail Traders.

5. I fix and declare the maximum price at which any footwear specified in the first column of the First Schedule to this Order may be sold by a retail trader to be—

(1) in respect of footwear purchased by that retail trader from a manufacturer or his agent or a wholesale trader within the Commonwealth of Australia—

(a) where such footwear is sold within the Perth Metropolitan Area the sum of—

- (i) the cost, as defined in this Order, thereof;
- (ii) the percentage margin specified in the second column of the First Schedule; and
- (iii) allowance for freight, packing and insurance specified in the Second Schedule to this Order.

(b) where such footwear is sold outside the Perth Metropolitan Area the sum of—

- (i) the cost, as defined in this Order, thereof;
- (ii) the percentage margin specified in the second column of the First Schedule; and
- (iii) when properly recorded, freight, packing and insurance as defined in this Order.

(2) in respect of any footwear imported by that retail trader from a source outside the Commonwealth of Australia, the sum of—

- (i) the landed cost, as defined in this Order, thereof;
- (ii) the percentage margin specified in the second column of the First Schedule.

Provided that where any maximum price calculated in accordance with this paragraph—

- (i) does not exceed 10s., and is not an exact number of pence, such price shall be computed to the nearest upward penny;
- (ii) exceeds 10s., and is not an exact multiple of 3d., such price shall be computed to the nearest upward 3d.;

- (iii) exceeds 20s., and is not an exact multiple of 6d., such price shall be computed to the nearest upward 6d.

Discounts.

6. Notwithstanding anything contained in the foregoing provisions of this Order where any person who sells footwear has customarily allowed any difference in price—

- (a) to any person or to persons included in any class of persons;
- (b) in respect of sales of certain quantities of footwear; or
- (c) in respect of sales of footwear under certain conditions of sale, or upon certain terms of payment, the maximum price fixed by or under this Order in respect of those goods shall, in the case of sales to any such person or persons, or of such quantities, or under such conditions, or upon such terms of payment, be reduced by the allowance of that difference.

Attachment or Display of Price Tickets.

7. (1) Any person who sells by retail or has for sale by retail any footwear to which this Order applies, shall attach to such footwear, or display in relation to such footwear, a ticket or label setting forth his retail selling price for that footwear.

(2) Any ticket or label required by this Order to be attached to or displayed in relation to any footwear shall be in such form as to be easily legible to any person inspecting or viewing such footwear and as to be properly associated with such footwear.

Records to be Kept of Purchases.

8. Every person who sells or offers for sale footwear shall keep, in respect of such goods, and in addition to proper books and accounts required to be kept by him by law or for his own purposes, a book or books containing the following particulars:—

- (a) A full description of the footwear;
- (b) the date of the delivery of that footwear into his store;
- (c) the name and address of the person from whom he purchased that footwear;
- (d) (i) in respect of footwear purchased from a manufacturer or his agent or a wholesale merchant, as the case may be, within the Commonwealth of Australia—the point of delivery and the cost of that footwear; or
- (ii) in respect of footwear imported from a source outside the Commonwealth of Australia, the landed cost thereof.

Provided that it shall be deemed to be sufficient compliance with the foregoing provisions of this paragraph if, at the time of such sale or offer for sale, the trader has in his possession or control an invoice or docket delivered to him in relation to such footwear containing the particulars specified in subparagraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of this paragraph.

Sales Dockets or Invoices.

9. Every wholesale trader who sells any footwear shall deliver with those goods a docket or invoice containing the following particulars:—

- (a) His name and place of business;
- (b) name and address of purchaser of the footwear;
- (c) date of sale of the footwear;
- (d) the quantity, description and price of each item of footwear sold, and the total amount charged.

Variation of Maximum Prices by Notice.

10. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Order, I declare the maximum price at which any footwear specified in a notice in pursuance of

this paragraph may be sold by any person to whom such notice is given to be such price as is fixed by the Commissioner by notice in writing to that person.

The First Schedule.

First Column.	Second Column.
Type of Footwear.	Maximum Retail Margin.
Category—	Per centum.
(1) Working Boots	25
(2) Rubber Knee or Rubber Ankle Boots	25
(3) Sandshoes with rubber soles	25
(4) Slippers made principally from leather	35
(5) Slippers made principally from material other than leather	35
(6) Footwear (other than specified in categories Nos. (1), (2), (3), (4) or (5)):	
(a) Infants' and children's up to and including size 10½	37½
(b) Boys' or Girls'—sizes 11 to 1½ inclusive	37½
(c) Maids'—sizes 2 to 5½ inclusive	37½
(d) Women's—size 2 and upwards	42½
(e) Youths'—sizes 2 to 5½ inclusive	35
(f) Men's—size 5 and upwards	35

The Second Schedule.

Allowance for Freight, Packing and Insurance.

Type of Footwear.	Where the nearest G.P.O. to the point of delivery is—			
	G.P.O., Sydney.	G.P.O., Mel- bourne.	G.P.O., Ade- laide.	G.P.O., Perth.
(1) Infants', Children's, Boys' or Girls' footwear up to and including Size 1½—	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
(a) Slippers	0 3	0 2	0 2	Nil
(b) Other than slippers	0 9½	0 9	0 5	Nil
(2) Youths' and Men's Footwear—				
(a) Slippers	0 8	0 7	0 5	Nil
(b) Other than slippers	1 7	1 4	1 0	Nil
(3) Maids' and Women's Footwear—				
(a) Slippers	0 7	0 6½	0 5	Nil
(b) Other than slippers	1 0	0 11	0 9	Nil

Dated this 7th day of September, 1951.

C. P. MATHEA,
Prices Control Commissioner.