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[1961

SUPREME COURT ACT, 1935-1957.

ERRATUM.

IN the amendments to the Rules of the Supreme Court published on pages 1219-1221 of *Government Gazette* (No. 42) of 15th May, 1961, for "property" (appearing in line 22 of page 1220) read "properly".

HOSPITALS ACT, 1927-1955.

Regulations.

ERRATUM.

Government Gazette (No. 7) of the 2nd February, 1960, page 224:—

For the first paragraph of regulation 11 reading:—

The Principal Medical Officer may transfer any inmate of a home for the aged and infirm to any hospital, if he considers such transfer necessary, and provided such hospital has special facilities or equipment for treating such inmate.

read:

The Principal Medical Officer may transfer any hospital patient to a home for the aged or infirm if he considers such transfer necessary, and provided the home receiving such patient is better equipped for dealing with such patient.

HEALTH ACT, 1911-1960.

Public Health Department,
Perth, 12th September, 1961.

P.H.D. 560/58.

HIS Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor and Administrator in Executive Council, acting pursuant to the provisions of the Health Act, 1911-1960, has been pleased to make the regulations set out in the Schedule hereunder.

LINLEY HENZELL,
Commissioner of Public Health.

Schedule.

CARAVANS AND CAMPS REGULATIONS.

1. These regulations may be cited as the Caravans and Camps Regulations, 1961.

2. The Caravan and Camps Regulations, 1949, published in the *Government Gazette* on the 16th December, 1949, as amended by regulations duly made under the provisions of the Health Act, 1911, as amended, and published in the *Government Gazette* on the 30th May, 1952, are revoked.

3. In these regulations—

“caravan” means a vehicle designed or fitted, or being capable of use, as a habitation or for dwelling or sleeping purposes;

“camp” includes any tent, tent fly, shed, hut, awning, blind or other structure whatsoever which is erected and designed or fitted or capable of use as a habitation or for dwelling or sleeping purposes.

4. The owner or occupier of any land shall not permit or suffer any caravan to be used as a habitation or dwelling, or for sleeping purposes on that land, or permit or suffer any camp to be erected, used or occupied on the land unless the following facilities to the number and nature prescribed are provided on the land, for the separate use of the occupants and users of the caravans or camps, namely:—

(a) Closets, privies and urinals:

No. of Caravans or Camps.	Males.		Females
	Closets.	Urinals.	Closets.
1 to 5	1	1	1
6 to 10	1	1	2
For each succeeding 10 of part of that number	1	1	1

(b) Bathrooms or shower cubicles:

No. of Caravans or Camps.	For Males.	For Females.
	1 to 8	1
For each succeeding 12 or part of that number	1	1

(c) Lavatory basins:—

(i) Where bathroom accommodation is provided in a building which has a common entrance giving access to closet and urinal facilities—not less than two lavatory basins in each bathroom with separate provision for males and females.

(ii) Where bathroom accommodation is separate from closet and urinal facilities—not less than one lavatory basin in each bathroom and closet.

(d) Laundry facilities:

(i) A laundry shall comprise a set of two troughs and a copper, or a set of two troughs and a washing machine connected with a hot water system or provided with its own heating element and shall be housed in a building erected in accordance with the requirements of the local authority.

- (ii) Laundries shall be provided in the proportion of one for each twelve caravans or camps, or part of twelve caravans or camps.
- (iii) Drying facilities in the form of clothes hoists or lines shall be provided in association with the laundry facilities, and in sufficient quantity to provide for the reasonable needs of the persons resident on the site.

(e) Rubbish receptacles:

- (i) Receptacles shall be provided in the proportion of one for each two caravans or camps.
- (ii) A receptacle shall be available for use within thirty-five feet of every caravan or camp.
- (iii) Refuse shall be removed from the receptacles at least once in each week and as frequently as may be necessary to prevent the creation of a nuisance.

(f) Water Supply:

- (i) A supply of potable water sufficient to provide not less than sixty gallons for each caravan or camp each day, shall be provided.
- (ii) The water supply shall be reticulated and a tap shall be placed within thirty-five feet of each caravan or camp.

(g) Liquid Waste:

- (i) A yard gulley connected to a prescribed disposal system shall be provided not more than thirty-five feet from each caravan or camp.
- (ii) For the purpose of these regulations "prescribed disposal system" means either—
 - (I) a deep sewer; or
 - (II) a liquid waste disposal system constructed in accordance with the requirements of the local authority and, in any case, so that the soakage area provided shall be at least the equivalent of one 5 ft. x 4 ft. soakwell for each two caravans or camps.

5. A person shall not use a closet installed in a caravan whenever the caravan is within a caravan park, except where provision is made to connect the closet to a prescribed water carriage system for sewage disposal, and the closet is so connected.

6. A person being the owner or occupier of a caravan or camp shall not occupy or use, or permit the occupation or use of the caravan or camp as a habitation or as a dwelling or for sleeping purposes on any land unless and until the facilities mentioned in regulation 4 of these regulations are provided on the land, for the separate use of the occupants and users of the caravan or camp.

7. The owner or occupier of any land shall not permit or suffer any caravan or camp to remain on any site thereon at a greater distance than one hundred and fifty feet from a closet, bathroom and laundry provided in accordance with these regulations.

8. A person shall not occupy or use a caravan, or erect or construct any camp within twenty feet of any dwelling or within fifteen feet of any other caravan or camp.

9. The owner and occupier of any caravan or camp shall promptly dispose of, or cause the proper disposal of, all liquid waste, refuse and rubbish in or about the caravan or camp, and prevent the creation therefrom of any nuisance or anything offensive or injurious to health, and shall keep and maintain the caravan or camp and its precincts in a clean and hygienic condition.

10. Any person who by act or omission commits a breach of any of these regulations shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding twenty pounds.

11. A local authority may—

- (a) reserve and define land for caravan parking areas within its own district; and shall therein set apart, define and number sites for the parking thereon of caravans or for the erection of camps, so that each site comprises an area of land having a frontage of not less than thirty-two feet to any road or trafficable track and a depth of not less than thirty feet;
- (b) enclose any area reserved under the provisions of paragraph (a) of this regulation.

12. Where a local authority has reserved and defined land for caravan parking areas within its own district it shall provide and maintain in the areas sanitary conveniences, bathroom and laundry facilities and facilities for rubbish disposal on a scale corresponding to that prescribed by these regulations.

HEALTH ACT, 1911-1960.

Shire of Gosnells.

Amendment to Model By-laws.

P.H.D. 674/61.

WHEREAS under the provisions of the Health Act, 1911-1960, the local authority may make by-laws and may amend, repeal or alter any by-laws so made or adopted; and whereas Model By-laws described as Series "A" have been made and published in the *Government Gazette* on the 9th day of August, 1956: Now, therefore, the Gosnells Shire Council, being the local authority of the Shire of Gosnells within the meaning of the Act, and having adopted the Model By-laws described as Series "A" and published in the *Government Gazette* on the 9th day of August, 1956, doth hereby amend the said adopted by-laws as follows:—

1. After by-law 14 of Part 1 the following new by-law is inserted:—

Removal of Rubbish.

14A. (1) In pursuance of section 112A of the Act the areas described in the First Schedule hereto being part of the Health District of the Shire of Gosnells are hereby prescribed as areas within which every occupier of premises shall—

- (a) not, unless authorised by the Gosnells Shire Council so to do, remove any house and trade refuse and other rubbish from the premises;
- (b) pay to the Gosnells Shire Council for the removal of house and trade refuse and other rubbish from the premises the charges set out in the Second Schedule hereto.

(2) Where any refuse or rubbish is removed from the premises under the written authority of the Gosnells Shire Council the person removing it shall dispose of it at the place set apart by the Gosnells Shire Council for the disposal of refuse and rubbish.

First Schedule.

- (a) The following portion of the Canning Vale Ward of the Shire of Gosnells as is set out below:—

That portion of land bounded by lines commencing at the junction of the north-eastern corner of Canning Location 17 with the Canning River; thence in a general southerly direction on the right bank of the river to the junction with the Southern River continuing along the right bank of the Southern River to the intersection with a point on the south-east boundary of Canning Location 17; thence along the south-east boundary of the said location and Warton Road to the intersection with Moss Street; thence in a north-westerly direction through Canning Location 17, on a line the prolongation of Moss Street, to the intersection of the north-western boundary of Canning Location 17; thence along the said boundary in a north-easterly direction to the starting point.

(b) The following portion of the Kenwick Ward of the Shire of Gosnells as is set out below:—

That portion of land bounded by lines commencing at the Nicholson Road Bridge on the Canning River; thence in a south-easterly direction along the left bank of the Canning River to the boundary of Canning Location 6; thence in an easterly direction along the southern boundary of lot 6 to the intersection of Albany Highway; thence in a south-easterly direction along Wimbledon Street and Rupert Street to the intersection of Royal Street; thence in an easterly direction on a line the prolongation of Rupert Street to a point on the eastern corner of lot 21, Canning Location 12; thence north-easterly along the south-eastern boundary of location 12 to the intersection of Bickley Road; thence in a north-westerly direction along the said road to the north corner of lot 106, Canning Location 11; thence in a south-westerly direction along the south-east boundary of Canning Location 10 to the South-West Railway; thence in a north-westerly direction along Railway Parade to the intersection of the north-west boundary of Canning Location 9; thence in a north-easterly direction along the north-western boundary of location 9, to the south-east corner of Canning Location 8; thence in a north-westerly direction along the north-eastern boundary of location 8, continuing north-westerly along Brixton Street to the intersection of William Street, north-easterly along William Street to the intersection with Elizabeth Street; thence north-westerly along Elizabeth Street to the intersection of Lacey Street; thence south-westerly along Lacey Street and Nicholson Road to the starting point.

(c) The following portion of the Maddington Ward of the Shire of Gosnells as is set out below:—

That portion of land bounded by lines commencing at the intersection of Mills Road, Gosnells Road and Albany Highway; thence in a north-westerly direction along Albany Highway to the intersection of River Avenue; thence south-south-westerly along River Avenue to the intersection of Phillip Street; thence in a north-westerly direction along Phillip Street to the boundary of Canning Location 14A; thence in a north-easterly direction along the said location 14A to the intersection of Attfield Street; thence in a north-westerly direction along Attfield Street to the boundary of Canning Location 13; thence in a north-easterly direction along the said boundary to western corner of lot 274; thence in a south-easterly direction along the Eastern boundary of lot 3, 127 to the intersection of Maddington Road; thence in a westerly direction along Maddington Road to the intersection of Yule Street; thence in a south-easterly direction along Yule Street to the intersection of lot 116; thence south-westerly along the south-eastern boundary of lots 116, 115 to the intersection of Westfield Street; thence in a south-easterly direction along Westfield Street to the intersection of lot 72; thence south-westerly along the north-western boundary of lot 72, to the intersection of Weston Street; thence in a south-easterly direction along Weston Street to the intersection of Helm Street; thence south-westerly along Helm Street to the intersection of the boundary of Canning Location 14; thence in a south-easterly direction along the said boundary to the intersection of Gosnells Road; thence in a westerly direction along Gosnells Road to the starting point.

(d) The following portion of the Gosnells Ward of the Shire of Gosnells as is set out below:—

That portion of land bounded by lines commencing at a point on the right hand bank of the Canning River at the river bridge Albany Highway, Gosnells; thence in a general southerly direction along the right bank of the said river to its intersection with Manning Avenue. Along the south

boundary of the said road to Albany Highway; thence northerly to Eileen Street; thence in a south-westerly direction along the said Eileen Street to its intersection with James Street, continuing in a north-westerly direction along James Street to its intersection with Evelyn Street, continuing in a north-westerly direction on the south-western boundaries of lots 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807 to the intersection by King Street; thence in a north-easterly direction along the said King Street to the southern point of lot 2, Diagram 14997, Canning Location 16; thence in a northerly direction along the western boundary of the said lot 2 to Blanche Street, continuing along Blanche Street along the south boundary of lot 1179; thence northerly along the eastern boundaries of lots 1179 and 1176 to the north-westerly corner of lot 1175; thence easterly along the northern boundary of lots 1175, 1174, lot 2 (Diagram 12856) to the intersection with Hicks Street; thence in a general southerly direction along the said street to a point on the southern corner of lot 1116; thence in a north-easterly direction along the south-eastern boundary of lot 1116 to the South Western Railway; thence southerly to a point on the prolongation of the northern boundary of lot 1097, continuing easterly along this boundary to the starting point.

Second Schedule.

House refuse ....	....	....	....	....	....	£2 per annum
Trade refuse ....	....	....	....	....	....	£1 per cubic yard
Other refuse ....	....	....	....	....	....	£1 per cubic yard

Poultry.

2. By-law 29 Part 1 is amended in the following manner:—
- (a) Delete the figures "20" appearing in the second line of paragraph (b) of the by-law and insert in their place the figures "30".
- (b) After paragraph (d) of the by-law the following new paragraphs e, f and g are added:—
- (e) No person shall keep upon any residential lot of land having an area of quarter of an acre or less, poultry exceeding in number—
- (a) Twenty-five head of either or both fowls and turkeys; and
- (b) Six head of either or both ducks and geese.
- In respect of a residential lot of land exceeding quarter of an acre in area, no person shall keep any poultry in excess of the numbers enumerate above without having first received the written approval of the local authority specifying the number of head of poultry which may be kept thereon.
- (f) Any person keeping poultry on any lot within the Shire of Gosnells shall provide an adequate shed, constructed in accordance with the requirements of the Building By-laws of the local authority, and having a minimum floor area of 80 square feet.
- (g) The floors of the poultry sheds shall be constructed of cement, trowelled to a smooth finish, and laid with a fall of 1 in 50 towards the front. The fences of poultry runs shall be constructed of 6 ft. galvanised wire netting, supported by uprights of 3 in. x 2 in. jarrah, or equivalent thereof, set at 8 ft. centres with 2 ft. in the ground.

3. Substitute for Schedule "F" of Part IX the following new Schedule:—

Schedule "F."

That portion of land bounded by lines commencing at a point at the north-western corner of lot 64 location 315 at the junction of Luyer Avenue and the north-westerly boundary of the district; thence in a south-westerly direction along the said boundary to its junction with Spencer Road; thence in a south-easterly direction along Spencer Road to the junction of Wilfred Road; thence south-westerly

along Wilfred Road to a point at the north-western corner of lot 24 location 18; thence in a south-easterly direction along the north-eastern boundaries of lots 24, 70 and 79 location 18; continuing in a direct line to a point at the most northern corner of lot 1303; at the junction of Moss Street and Warton Road; thence south-easterly along Moss Street to the junction of Prince Street; continuing south-easterly on a line the prolongation of Moss Street to a point where it intersects with Balfour Street; thence north-easterly along Balfour Street to its junction with Corfield Street; thence south-easterly along Corfield Street to the junction of Corfield Street and King Street; thence north-easterly along King Street to a point at the junction of the common boundary between lots 807 and 808 with King Street; thence south-easterly in a direct line from this point to the junction of James Street and Evelyn Street; continuing in a south-easterly direction along James Street to its junction with Eileen Street; thence north-easterly along Eileen Street continuing in the same direction along the north-western boundary of location 16A to its intersection with Albany Highway; thence in a general southerly direction to the intersection of Albany Highway with the south-eastern boundary of location 16A; thence north-easterly along the south-eastern boundary of location 16A to its junction with the Canning River; thence along the western bank of the Canning River in a general northerly direction to its intersection with the Gosnells-Beechboro C.A. Road; thence in a general northerly direction along the western boundary of the Gosnells-Beechboro C.A. Road to a point where it intersects with Bickley Road at lot 306 location 13; continuing along Bickley Road in a general north-westerly direction to a point where it intersects with the Kwinana-Midland Junction C.A. Road; continuing in a direct line from the southernmost point of this intersection in a north-westerly direction to the eastern corner of lot 321 at the corner of Tooting Street and Dulwich Street; thence north-westerly along Tooting Street to its junction with William Street; thence north-easterly along William Street to its junction with Luyer Avenue on the boundary of the district; thence north-westerly along Luyer Avenue and the said boundary to the commencing point at the north-western corner of lot 64 location 315.

Passed at a meeting of the Gosnells Shire Council this 14th August, 1961.

ARTHUR A. MILLS,
President.
H. W. WALKER,
Shire Clerk.

Approved by His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor and Administrator in Executive Council this 12th day of September, 1961.

(Sgd.) R. H. DOIG,
Clerk of the Council.

HEALTH ACT, 1911-1960.

Shire of Gosnells.

Health By-law—Eating Houses.

WHEREAS under the provisions of the Health Act, 1911-1960, the local authority may make by-laws and may amend repeal or alter any by-laws so made: Now, therefore, the Gosnells Shire Council, being the local authority of the Shire of Gosnells within the meaning of the Act, in exercise of the powers conferred upon it in that behalf by the said Act and all other powers enabling it doth hereby make the following by-law:—

Part 1.

Commencement.

1. This by-law shall come into operation on the 1st January, 1962.

Interpretation.

2. In the construction of this by-law, unless the context otherwise requires—

“Act” means the Health Act, 1911-1960, and any amendment thereof;

“dining room” means any eating house other than a tearoom;

“eating house” as defined in Division 3, section 160, of the Health Act, 1911-1960;

“inspector” means any person appointed by the local authority to be a health inspector pursuant to the provisions of the Act;

“license” means a license to conduct an eating-house granted pursuant to the provisions of this by-law;

“local authority” means the Gosnells Shire Council;

“medical officer” means the medical officer of the local authority and includes any person acting in that capacity;

“proprietor” means the person having the management or control of premises;

“registered premises” means any premises which are registered as an eating-house under this by-law;

“tearoom” means any eating-house where the only foods served for consumption on the premises are tea, coffee and similar beverages, sandwiches, pies, pasties and such prepared foods as are usually supplied by wholesale pastrycooks, toast, cakes, biscuits, pastries, cold salads, cold meats, and prepared beef tea and other extracts or soups which are supplied by the manufacturer in tins or bottles ready for consumption, but where no food is cooked on the premises;

“shire clerk” means the shire clerk or the acting shire clerk for the time being of the Gosnells Shire Council.

3. Eating-houses are classified as—

- (a) dining rooms;
- (b) tearooms.

Part 2.

License and Registration.

4. No person shall occupy or use any premises as a dining room or tearoom unless—

- (a) the premises are registered under this by-law as a dining room or tearoom as the case may be; and
- (b) the proprietor of the said premises is the holder of a license issued by the local authority authorising him to conduct on the premises the business of a dining room or tearoom as the case may be.

5. Before any premises are registered under this by-law as a dining room or tearoom the proprietor thereof shall make application in the appropriate form prescribed in the First Schedule hereto and shall forward his application together with a plan of the premises in respect of which such application is made and the prescribed fee to the shire clerk and if the application is approved the local authority shall issue to the proprietor a certificate of registration in the appropriate form prescribed in the Second Schedule hereto.

6. Before any license to any proprietor to conduct a dining room or tearoom is granted by the local authority under this by-law the proprietor shall sign an application for the same in the appropriate form prescribed in the Third Schedule hereto and shall forward same together with the prescribed fee to the shire clerk and if the application is approved the local authority shall issue to the proprietor a license in the appropriate form prescribed in the Fourth Schedule hereto.

7. Any person who makes a false statement in connection with any application under clauses 5, 6 or 10 hereof shall be guilty of an offence.

8. Every certificate of registration of premises registered as a dining room or tearoom, and every license issued to a proprietor shall be signed by the shire clerk and shall be duly entered in a book to be provided by the local authority for that purpose. Every proprietor of registered premises shall keep the certificate of registration and the license on the registered premises in a position visible to the general public and shall, when requested so to do by an inspector, produce to him the certificate of registration and also the license issued to the proprietor in respect of such premises.

9. Every certificate of registration and every license shall be in force from the day of the date of the issue thereof until and inclusive of the 31st day of December then next ensuing, unless the same be cancelled in the meantime in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

10. Applications for the renewal of certificates of registration and licenses shall be made annually during the month of December. Such application shall be in the appropriate form prescribed in the Fifth and Sixth Schedules hereto respectively and shall be accompanied by the prescribed fee.

11. The fees to be paid to the local authority on the registration of premises on the issuing of a license and on the renewal of any registration or license shall be as set out in the Seventh Schedule hereto.

12. So often as any person holding a license issued pursuant to this by-law changes his place of abode he shall, within seven days next after such a change, give notice thereof in writing to the shire clerk specifying in such notice his new place of abode and he shall at the same time produce such license to the shire clerk, who shall endorse thereon and sign a memorandum specifying the particulars of such change.

13. If the owner of any registered premises sells or transfers or agrees to sell or transfer the said premises to another person, he shall within 14 days from the date of such sale, or transfer, or agreement notify the shire clerk thereof in writing, stating the full name, address and occupation of such other person.

Structure.

14. In all premises occupied or used or intended to be occupied or used as a dining room or tearoom the following provisions shall apply:—

- (a) The walls of all rooms shall be constructed of brick, stone or concrete suitably rendered and plastered and shall be tiled or oil-painted to a height of at least seven feet from the floor level so as to maintain a smooth, hard, durable and washable surface devoid of holes, cracks and crevices.

Partitions shall not exceed seven feet in height and they shall be flush-panelled on both sides and shall be oil-painted so as to maintain a smooth, hard, durable and washable surface devoid of holes, cracks and crevices.

- (b) Every room therein shall be properly ceiled with stamped metal, lath and plaster, fibrous plaster or asbestos sheets or other similar material and shall be constructed and maintained throughout its area and at the wall junctions free from holes, cracks and crevices. The height of such ceilings shall comply with the Building By-laws of the local authority.
- (c) There shall be provided adequate food storage facilities and cupboards to prevent the contamination of food, crockery and utensils by dirt, dust, flies or vermin of any kind.
- (d) There shall be provided for the use of employees and when required by the local authority there shall also be provided for customers sufficient and suitable lavatories with wash hand basins and all necessary appurtenances or such other lavatory system as may be approved by the local authority, and there shall also be provided for use there with an adequate supply of water, soap, nailbrushes and clean towels, but no towel or towels shall be provided for use in common.
- (e) There shall be provided sanitary conveniences for the use of employees, and where required by the local authority there shall also be provided sanitary conveniences for the use of customers and in either case when considered necessary by the local authority separate sanitary conveniences shall be provided for each sex.
- (f) All water closets or urinals situate on any registered premises shall be separated from the yard or building of such premises by a properly constructed antechamber or airlock as directed by the local health authority.
- (g) Every room shall be properly lighted with a surface of clear glass exposed to the open air equivalent to not less than one-tenth of the floor area of the room. Where such natural lighting cannot be reasonably secured artificial lighting to the approval of the local authority shall be installed.

- (h) Every room shall be provided with outlet ventilators corresponding with an allowance of not less than one square inch of airway for every 40 cubic feet of gross air space of every such compartment or alternatively some mechanical system of ventilation shall be installed to the satisfaction of the local authority.
 - (i) The air space between the ground surface and the floor (except in the case of concrete or other solid floors) shall be efficiently ventilated to the satisfaction of the local authority.
 - (j) In premises where wood, coal or coke is used as fuel, such wood, coal or coke shall be stored or kept in a properly constructed store with brick walls and concrete floors separating such store from the remainder of the premises.
15. In all premises occupied or used or intended to be occupied or used as a dining room the following further provisions shall apply:—
- (a) The floors of all kitchens, sculleries and food stores shall be constructed or adapted with concrete rendered with cement or provided with a surface applied directly to the concrete of a kind and in a manner approved in writing by the health inspector.
 Provided that the local authority may in its discretion register premises as a dining room although the provisions of this paragraph are not complied with if such premises were being used as a dining room on the 31st day of December, 1958.
 - (b) There shall be provided a kitchen, scullery and food stores to the satisfaction of the health inspector.
 The kitchen shall have a floor area to be approved by the inspector and shall under no circumstances be less than 12 ft. by 12 ft. in measurement.
 When any scullery, food store, or cupboard is incorporated in the kitchen then the floor space occupied by such scullery, food store or cupboard shall not be included in the floor area of the kitchen for the purpose of this clause.

Management.

16. The proprietor of every dining room and tearoom shall—
- (a) keep or cause to be kept clean and in good condition and repair the floors, walls, ceilings and all portions of the premises and all fittings, stoves, ranges, utensils, implements, shelves, counters, bins, cabinets, fixtures, sinks, drainboards, drains, grease traps, tubs, vessels, and things of the like description used on the premises, or in connection with the preparation or storage of food thereon;
 - (b) provide all such furniture, fixtures, counters, bins, sinks, drainboards, grease traps, tubs, vessels, fittings, utensils, implements and things for use on the premises as the health inspector may from time to time direct for the proper conduct of the business;
 - (c) construct and arrange or cause to be constructed or arranged all furniture, fixtures, counters, bins, sinks, drainboards, tubs, vessels, fittings, utensils and things in every kitchen, serving room, scullery and fish-cleaning room on the premises so that the floor in every such room or place may at all times be kept in a thoroughly clean and sanitary condition;
 - (d) not keep or use any floor covering that is absorbent or in such condition as to allow of the lodgment of dirt thereunder;
 - (e) keep all tables and benches used for the preparation of food at least three inches from the wall and moveable to facilitate cleansing;
 - (f) provide and properly maintain at all times suitable and effective means for keeping and keep every room or compartment on the premises free from dust, rats, mice, cockroaches, flies, spiders, bugs, ants, moths and all other vermin, and if in the opinion of an inspector effective means and methods of cleansing and eradication of vermin from the premises cannot be done effectively while the ordinary business of the establishment is carried on then the local authority may order the temporary closure of the premises to the public until such time as such cleansing and eradication of vermin has been carried out to the satisfaction of the inspector, and the proprietor shall comply with such order. The form of order to be served is set out in the Eighth Schedule hereto;

- (g) for the purpose of keeping the registered premises free from rats, provide and maintain at least six spring break-back rat traps, in good working order, properly set and baited at all times; the type and number of traps and kind of baits used and the position and locality of the traps set shall be as directed by a health inspector;
- (h) keep all portions of the premises free from any unwholesome or offensive odour arising from the premises or the operations carried on thereon;
- (i) provide and maintain a hood over every wood, gas, or electric cooking fire, stove or boiler; the hood shall be of such size and so placed as to arrest all steam, effluvia, odours and smoke from the process of cooking or boiling; the underside of the hood shall be not more than 6 ft. 6 in. above the floor level and shall be of a size at least equal to the upper surface of the cooking stove or boiler; it shall have a flue of not less than seven inches in diameter and such flue shall discharge to the open air above the eaves of the building and at a height of not less than two feet above the eaves of any adjoining building;
- (j) provide an efficient chimney or flue to every wood, coal or coke cooking stove so that no smoke nuisance shall arise in or outside the premises;
- (k) provide and keep a sufficient number of suitable vessels or receptacles, with lids, constructed of galvanised iron or other non-absorbent and non-corrosive material to a design approved by a health inspector on the registered premises for the purpose of receiving all garbage, waste matter and other refuse arising from the business, and place and keep such vessels or receptacles in a properly constructed room with concrete floor to be fly and rat proof and efficiently ventilated or in such positions as directed by a health inspector;
- (l) forthwith after such garbage, waste matter and other refuse is produced, place the same in such receptacles provided and kept in accordance with paragraph (k) hereof and remove or cause the contents of all receptacles containing pig swill to be removed from the premises at least once in every 24 hours;
- (m) thoroughly cleanse all such receptacles provided and kept in accordance with paragraph (k) hereof once at least in every 24 hours and renew or repair any or all of the aforesaid receptacles as often as is necessary and when required by an inspector so to do;
- (n) provide and maintain a hot water installation of capacity to supply sufficient hot water and adequate sink facilities for the thorough cleansing of all drinking vessels, dishes, plates and other vessels, tableware, spoons, forks, knives and all other utensils used on the premises to the satisfaction of the inspector;
- (o) immediately after each occasion of use cause all such vessels and utensils referred to in clause (n) to be thoroughly cleansed by means of washing in water at a temperature of not less than 110 deg. F. and immediately thereafter rinsed in clear hot water at a temperature of not less than 150 deg. F. and for this purpose there shall be provided two sinks;
- (p) not permit or suffer any table napkin which has been used as such or for any other purpose by any person to be placed for use by or to be used by any other person unless such table napkin shall have been thoroughly washed and cleansed since it was previously used by such firstmentioned person;
- (q) remove or cause to be removed the whole of the canned or preserved food or any food contained in a hermetically sealed container (such container not being composed wholly of glass or stoneware) intended for use on the premises from such original can or container immediately after the same shall have been opened;
- (r) not permit or suffer any food which is unsound, unwholesome, putrescent or weevilled to be used for food, or for the preparation of food or meals;
- (s) cause any food which is or has become unsound, unwholesome, putrescent or weevilled to be immediately withdrawn from sale, stock or use and placed in the waste food garbage bin;

- (t) provide adequate and efficient means of refrigeration for the preservation of food to the satisfaction of the inspector;
 - (u) remove or cause to be removed any food which may have been served to any person or placed on any table occupied by any customer on the premises (and not then consumed or removed by him) immediately after such person shall have finished his refreshment, nor permit, suffer or allow any such food so removed to be again served to any person on the premises, and such food shall be immediately deposited in the waste food garbage bin; provided that in this paragraph food shall not mean or include the following substances to wit, sugar, pepper, salt, mustard, vinegar, sauces, spices or condiments if such substances are contained in receptacles or containers so constructed that the contents of such containers cannot be handled by any person; provided further that in this paragraph food shall not include bread which is placed in a glass receptacle or container of a design and so constructed that the contents are only handled as required;
 - (v) not allow, permit or suffer any live animal or bird to be kept in or upon any portion of the premises (provided that a cat or cats may be allowed in the premises after all food has been covered and the premises are not open to the public) or allow or permit or suffer any animal or bird to be killed or any poultry, pigeons or game to be plucked in any part of the premises;
 - (w) provide and maintain a suitable cupboard for hat, shoes and clothing of employees to the satisfaction of the health inspector;
 - (x) not permit or suffer any hat, shoes or clothing to be placed or kept on the premises otherwise than in the cupboard provided under the last preceding paragraph; provided that customers may be permitted to hang their hats and coats in any room open to the public;
 - (y) not keep or permit or suffer to be kept any hamper, basket, box, trunk, case, crate or barrel which has contained wet fish or other perishable food and which has not after the last occasion of such use been cleansed and rendered inoffensive upon any portion of the premises for a period longer than 24 hours or in such a manner as to become or be likely to be or become offensive or a nuisance;
 - (z) cleanse daily and at all time keep and maintain all water closets, urinals, lavatories, catchpits, grease traps, and all other sanitary appliances on the premises in a clean and sanitary condition;
 - (aa) at all times provide and maintain a notice board on which is legibly inscribed, in letters one inch high, the name of the person licensed to carry on business on the premises, and such notice board shall be fixed and maintained free from obstruction in a prominent position at the entrance of the premises.
17. In addition the proprietor of every dining room shall—
- (a) not permit, suffer or cause any fish to be gutted, cleaned or scaled on any portion of the premises unless such portion of the said premises shall have been constructed for such purposes and approved in writing by the health inspector and shall not store any fish in any kitchen or food store on the premises unless such fish has already been gutted, cleaned, scaled and washed;
 - (b) provide and maintain a suitable changeroom for employees if all of one sex or suitable separate changerooms for each sex;
 - (c) not store or permit to be stored in any kitchen on the premises any petrol, kerosene, benzine, naphtha, alcohol, mineralised or methylated spirit or any volatile liquid (not being an article of food).
18. No proprietor of any dining room or tearoom shall—
- (a) permit, suffer or cause to be made or done to or on the registered premises any alteration, addition or other work for any purpose affecting or likely to affect the suitability of the premises for the use specified in respect of such premises without the previous consent in writing of the health inspector;
 - (b) permit or suffer any drainpipe for carrying off faecal or sewage matter to have an opening or any gully trap to be within any roofed enclosures (not being a water closet or urinal) on the premises;

- (c) permit, suffer or cause any spittoon or article or thing for like use to be placed on the premises;
- (d) permit, suffer or cause any structural alterations to be made to the premises or any portion thereof without first having obtained permission in writing from the local authority.

19. No person employed on the premises shall spit or smoke tobacco in any room wherein food is being prepared for use in any dining room or tearoom and every proprietor of such premises shall exhibit conspicuously and constantly maintain in a clean, visible and legible condition in every such room a notice printed in letters of not less than 48 points face measurement to the following effect: "Spitting or smoking tobacco in this room is an offence against the by-law. Penalty not exceeding £20 (twenty pounds)."

20. Every person engaged in any dining room or tearoom in the preparation of food shall wear a clean outer garment or overall of washable material the sleeves of which shall be comparatively short, and every such person shall immediately before beginning or recommencing the preparation of food and immediately after visiting a sanitary convenience wash his hands and every such person shall maintain his clothing and body clean. The proprietor of such premises shall provide and maintain at all times on such premises adequate and efficient means for maintaining personal cleanliness to the satisfaction of the inspector.

21. No person who is suffering from any communicable disease, suppurating wound or sore, or any other disease likely to contaminate food, shall enter the kitchen or take part in the preparation, handling or carrying of food on any premises registered as an eating-house.

22. (1) Every proprietor of any dining room or tearoom shall as soon as he becomes aware that any person engaged on the premises is suffering from any of the above-mentioned diseases cause him to cease to be engaged on and to leave such premises without unnecessary delay and shall not allow him to be again engaged on such premises until such person shall have obtained a certificate from a qualified medical practitioner that he has recovered from or is not suffering from any such condition as aforesaid and is no longer a source of danger to others.

(2) The proprietor of any dining room or tearoom shall forthwith report in writing to the local health authority the suspension of any person engaged on the premises suffering from any disease mentioned in clause 21 of this by-law and shall send a copy of any medical certificate obtained for the purpose of this clause to the local health authority before such person shall again be engaged on the premises.

23. Any person who shall commit a breach of any of the provisions of this by-law shall be guilty of an offence and upon conviction shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds and where such breach is of a continuing nature to a daily penalty not exceeding two pounds.

First Schedule.

Part 1.

Shire of Gosnells.

Health Act, 1911-1960.

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF DINING ROOM.

To the Shire Clerk,
Shire of Gosnells,
Albany Highway,
Maddington.

I of
being the owner/occupier of premises situate at
in the Shire of Gosnells, and known as
hereby make application for the registration of the said premises as a dining
room, subject to the Health Act and the by-laws from time to time in force
thereunder.

I attach hereto a plan of the said premises.

The maximum number of persons, including the proprietor, to be employed
on the said premises will be—

Males Females

Dated this day of, 19.....

(Signature of Applicant.)

Part 2.

Shire of Gosnells.

Health Act, 1911-1960.

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF TEAROOM.

To the Shire Clerk,
Shire of Gosnells,
Albany Highway,
Maddington.

I of
being the owner/occupier of premises situate at
in the Shire of Gosnells, and known as
hereby make application for the registration of the said premises as a
tearoom, subject to the Health Act and the by-laws from time to time in
force thereunder.

I attach hereto a plan of the said premises.

The maximum number of persons, including the proprietor, to be employed
on the said premises will be—

Males Females

Dated this day of, 19.....

.....
(Signature of Applicant.)

Second Schedule.

Part 1.

Shire of Gosnells.

Health Act, 1911-1960.

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OF A DINING ROOM.

THIS is to certify that the premises situated at
in the Shire of Gosnells, which are known as
and are owned/occupied by of
are registered as a dining room from the day of
....., 19....., until the 31st day of December, 19....., unless
this certificate is previously cancelled.

This certificate is issued subject to the Health Act and the by-laws from
time to time in force thereunder.

Dated this day of 19.....

.....
Shire Clerk, Shire of Gosnells.

Note.—If any statement made in the application for this certificate ceases
to be true this certificate will forthwith become void and must be delivered
up to the Shire Clerk for cancellation.

Part 2.

Shire of Gosnells.

Health Act, 1911-1960.

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OF A TEAROOM.

THIS is to certify that the premises situate at
in the Shire of Gosnells, and known as
owned/occupied by of
are registered as a tearoom from day of
19....., until the 31st day of December, 19....., unless this certificate is
previously cancelled.

This certificate is issued subject to the Health Act and the by-laws from
time to time in force thereunder.

Dated this day of 19.....

.....
Shire Clerk, Shire of Gosnells.

Note.—If any statement made in the application for this certificate ceases
to be true, this certificate will forthwith become void and must be delivered up to
the Shire Clerk for cancellation.

Third Schedule.

Part 1.

Shire of Gosnells.

Health Act, 1911-1960.

APPLICATION FOR A LICENSE TO CONDUCT A DINING ROOM.

I of hereby apply for a license to conduct a dining room on premises situate at Shire of Gosnells, and known as subject to the Health Act and the by-laws from time to time in force thereunder.

My nationality is (if a British Subject by naturalisation: I was naturalised on the day of 19.....). I was born on the day of 19..... at in the country of

I have had the following previous experience as the keeper of an eating-house:—

Dated this day of 19.....

(Signature of Applicant.)

Part 2.

Shire of Gosnells.

Health Act, 1911-1960.

APPLICATION FOR A LICENSE TO CONDUCT A TEAROOM.

I of hereby apply for a license to conduct a tearoom on premises situate at in the Shire of Gosnells and known as subject to the Health Act and the by-laws from time to time in force thereunder.

My nationality is (if a British Subject by naturalisation: I was naturalised on the day of 19.....). I was born on the day of 19..... at in the country of

I have had the following previous experience as the keeper of an eating-house:—

Dated this day of 19.....

(Signature of Applicant.)

Fourth Schedule.

Part 1.

Shire of Gosnells.

Health Act, 1911-1960.

LICENSE TO CONDUCT A DINING ROOM.

THIS is to certify that of is licensed to conduct a dining room on premises situate at in the Shire of Gosnells, known as from the day of 19....., until the 31st day of December, 19....., unless this license is previously cancelled.

This license is issued subject to the Health Act and the by-laws from time to time in force thereunder.

Dated this day of 19.....

Shire Clerk, Shire of Gosnells.

Note.—This license is not transferable. If the holder of this license changes his place of abode he must, within seven days, notify the Shire Clerk and have this license endorsed accordingly.

Part 2.

Shire of Gosnells.

Health Act, 1911-1960.

LICENSE TO CONDUCT A TEAROOM.

THIS is to certify that of is licensed to conduct a tearoom on premises situate at in the Shire of Gosnells, known as from the day of, 19....., until the 31st day of December, 19....., unless this license is previously cancelled.

This license is issued subject to the Health Act and the by-laws from time to time in force thereunder.

Dated this day of, 19.....

..... Shire Clerk, Shire of Gosnells.

Note.—This license is not transferable. If the holder of this license changes his place of abode he must, within seven days, notify the Shire Clerk and have his license endorsed accordingly.

Fifth Schedule.

Part 1.

Shire of Gosnells.

Health Act, 1911-1960.

APPLICATION FOR RENEWAL OF REGISTRATION OF A DINING ROOM.

I of being the owner/occupier of premises situate at in the Shire of Gosnells, and known as for which premises I hold a current Certificate of Registration as a Dining Room, hereby apply for a similar Certificate of Registration as from the 1st day of January next, subject to the Health Act and the by-laws from time to time in force thereunder.

The statements made in my application for the current Certificate of Registration are still true, except in the following particulars, namely:—

..... Dated this day of, 19.....

..... (Signature of Applicant.)

Part 2.

Shire of Gosnells.

Health Act, 1911-1960.

APPLICATION FOR RENEWAL OF REGISTRATION OF A TEAROOM.

I of being the owner/occupier of premises situate at in the Shire of Gosnells, and known as for which premises I hold a current Certificate of Registration as a Tearoom, hereby apply for a similar Certificate of Registration as from the 1st day of January next, subject to the Health Act and the by-laws from time to time in force thereunder.

The statements made in my application for the current Certificate of Registration are still true, except in the following particulars, namely:—

..... Dated this day of, 19.....

..... (Signature of Applicant.)

Sixth Schedule.

Part 1.

Shire of Gosnells.

Health Act, 1911-1960.

APPLICATION FOR RENEWAL OF A LICENSE TO CONDUCT A DINING ROOM.

I of being the holder of a current license to conduct a dining room on premises situate at in the Shire of Gosnells and known as, hereby apply for a similar license as from the 1st day of January next, subject to the Health Act and the by-laws from time to time in force thereunder.

The statements made in my application for the current license are still true, except in the following particulars, namely:—

.....

Dated this day of, 19.....

(Signature of Applicant.)

Part 2.

Shire of Gosnells.

Health Act, 1911-1960.

APPLICATION FOR RENEWAL OF A LICENSE TO CONDUCT A TEAROOM.

I of being the holder of a current license to conduct a tearoom on premises situate at in the Shire of Gosnells and known as, hereby apply for a similar license as from the 1st day of January next, subject to the Health Act and the by-laws from time to time in force thereunder.

The statements made in my application for the current license are still true, except in the following particulars, namely:—

.....

Dated this day of, 19.....

(Signature of Applicant.)

Seventh Schedule.

SCALE OF FEE.

The fee payable on registration of premises as an eating-house and on every renewal therefor shall be ten shillings.

The fee payable on a license issued to the proprietor of an eating-house and on every renewal thereof shall be ten shillings.

Eighth Schedule.

ORDER.

To

In the opinion of a Health Inspector of the Shire of Gosnells effective means and methods of cleansing and eradicating vermin from the premises situate at and used by you as a dining room/tearoom cannot be done effectively while your ordinary business is carried on.

Now, therefore, you are ordered to close the said premises temporarily until such time as such cleansing and eradication of vermin has been carried out to the satisfaction of the Health Inspector.

Failure to comply with this Order will render you liable to prosecution.

Passed by resolution of the Gosnells Shire Council at an Ordinary Meeting of the Council held on the 10th July, 1961.

ARTHUR A. MILLS,
President.
H. W. WALKER,
Shire Clerk.

Approved by His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor and Administrator in Executive Council this 12th day of September, 1961.

(Sgd.) R. H. DOIG,
Clerk of the Council.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES ACT, 1915-1958.

Office of Commissioner of Police,
Perth, 18th September, 1961.

Ex. Co. 1745.

HIS Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor and Administrator in Executive Council, acting pursuant to the provisions of the Weights and Measures Act, 1915-1958, has been pleased to make the regulations set forth in the Schedule hereunder.

J. M. O'BRIEN,
Commissioner of Police.

Schedule.
Regulations.

- | | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Principal Regulations. | 1. In these regulations the Weights and Measures Regulations, 1927, published in the <i>Government Gazette</i> on the 3rd June, 1927, and amended from time to time thereafter by notices published in the <i>Government Gazette</i> , are referred to as the principal regulations. |
| Reg. 2 of Part VI amended. | 2. Regulation 2 of Part VI of the principal regulations is amended— |
| | (a) by inserting after the passage "4 oz.," in line two of subregulation (1) the passage "6 oz.,"; and |
| | (b) by inserting after the passage "8 oz.," in line two of subregulation (1) the passage "10 oz.,". |

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960.

Local Government Department,
Perth, 18th September, 1961.

L.G. 721/53.

HIS Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor and Administrator in Executive Council, acting pursuant to the powers conferred by the Local Government Act, 1960, has been pleased to make the draft model by-law set out in the schedule hereto.

GEO. S. LINDSAY,
Secretary for Local Government.

Schedule.
DRAFT MODEL BY-LAW.

1. This by-law may be cited as the Local Government Model By-law (Caravan Parks) No. 2.
2. In this by-law, unless the context otherwise requires—
 - "caravan" means a vehicle designed, or fitted, or being capable of use, as a habitation or for dwelling or sleeping purposes;
 - "owner," when used in reference to a caravan, includes the licensee or person in charge of the caravan.

3. A person shall not park a caravan or allow it to be stationary on any road or reserve, unless that reserve is designated as a caravan parking area, except during the hours of daylight.

4. (1) An owner of a caravan shall not park it or allow it to be stationary on any land within a district other than a road, unless—

- (a) the caravan is not used as a dwelling or for sleeping purposes; or
- (b) the caravan is on land, either
 - (i) set aside by the council as a caravan park; or
 - (ii) set aside by the owner thereof as a caravan park and registered as such with the council, and conforming with the provisions of this by-law;
- (c) it is parked on the same land as a dwelling occupied by the owner of the caravan and is used with the consent of the council in conjunction with the dwelling itself for residence by one or more members of the family of the occupier of that dwelling; or
- (d) it is used as a temporary dwelling, with the consent of the council, during the period of construction of a dwelling on the same land.

(2) The council shall not consent to the use of a caravan under paragraphs (c) or (d) of subclause (1) of this clause for a period of more than six months at any one time but the council may give its consent more than once, and may permit more than one caravan to be so used by an owner if that permission is authorised by an absolute majority of the council.

5. A person wishing to register a caravan park shall—

- (a) where the caravan park was not established prior to the commencement of this by-law, before commencing the construction of the park; or
- (b) where the caravan park was established prior to the commencement of this by-law, within one month after the commencement;

make written application to the council, setting out the full particulars of the proposal, specifying the land to be registered and submitting a plan for the retention of the council showing the full details of the caravan park, the sites for parking of the caravan and all roads and buildings.

6. (1) The council shall not register any land as a caravan park unless that land is at least one acre in area and has, or provision is made for it to have—

- (a) grasses planted wherever practicable, except on those portions of the land set aside for roads or the standing of vehicles;
- (b) any portion set aside for the standing of vehicles treated to the satisfaction of the council;
- (c) an entrance road and interior roads of a width of not less than twenty feet and so sealed as to prevent dust arising therefrom;
- (d) set aside for the parking of each caravan, together with its towing vehicle, an area of at least one thousand square feet being not less than thirty-two feet in width or thirty feet in depth;
- (e) a clear space of not less than seven feet six inches, separating any portion of a caravan, or annexe or other structure used in conjunction therewith, on any site, from the boundary of any adjoining site;
- (f) no portion of a caravan site nearer to a street than forty feet, where the land abuts a residential area, or nearer than twenty-five feet, where the land does not so abut;
- (g) no portion of a caravan site nearer to a side or the rear boundary of the land than twenty feet, where the land abuts a residential area, or nearer than ten feet, where the land does not so abut;
- (h) every parking site clearly delineated and bearing a distinguishing mark or number;
- (i) where the land abuts a residential area or whenever the council so requires, accommodation for a caretaker, either on the land or, with the consent of the council, in close proximity thereto;

- (j) no building erected thereon, other than—
- (i) a residence and ancillary buildings, in conformity with paragraph (i) of this subclause;
 - (ii) buildings for sanitary, ablutionary and laundry facilities, in conformity with the Caravans and Camps Regulations made under the Health Act, 1911-1960;
 - (iii) any annexe of light construction erected by, or for, a person parking a caravan on the land, for use during his occupancy and removable on his departure; and
 - (iv) any building, such as a restaurant, cafe, canteen or recreation room, approved by the council, for the use of occupiers of the caravan sites;
- (k) adequate storm water drains, to the satisfaction of the council;
- (l) the name and address of the owner exhibited at the entrance; and
- (m) not less than one soda acid fire extinguisher, maintained in good working order and kept in a central position.
- (2) Where a supply of electricity is available to the land in this clause mentioned, the land shall be provided with electric power and lighting points, installed in accordance with the Electricity Act Regulations, 1947, to which every parked caravan may be connected.
- (3) Where the supply of electricity referred to in subclause (2) of this clause has a current of a pressure exceeding 40 volts, a person shall not connect any point installed on a caravan to that supply, unless that caravan is branded by the State Electricity Commission or a competent authority of another State, as complying with the Standards Association of Australia Code No. CC7—"Electrical Installations in Caravans and Caravan Parks."
7. (1) A person shall not establish, carry on or conduct a caravan park on any land under his control unless that land is registered for that purpose by the council.
- (2) Where the council refuses to register a caravan park, an appeal shall lie to the Minister for Local Government whose decision shall be final.
8. A certificate of registration issued by the council shall set out the number of caravans which may be parked on the land at any one time.
9. Every registration of a caravan park shall be for the period ending on the 30th day of June next following the date of registration, except where the registration is effected in the months of May or June, when it shall extend to the 30th day of June in the year next following.
10. A person shall not establish, carry on or conduct a caravan park on any land under his control, except in conformity with the provisions of this by-law and unless there are provided on that land the amenities specified in clause 6 thereof, and in the Caravans and Camps Regulations made under the Health Act, 1911-1960.
11. A person shall not use a caravan park for any purpose other than for the parking and using of caravans and towing or towed vehicles used therewith, or for the erection and occupation of buildings authorised by this by-law.
12. A person shall not park a caravan or vehicle used for towing a caravan, or cause or permit any caravan or such vehicle to be parked or remain, on a caravan park, for more than three months in any one year, except with the express approval in writing of the Minister for Local Government.
13. A person shall not park a caravan or vehicle used for towing that caravan on any part of a caravan park, other than a caravan parking site, for a period of more than a half hour, at any one time.
14. A person shall not park or permit the parking of a caravan or vehicle used for towing that caravan on a caravan park if the number of caravans for which it is registered are already parked on that caravan park.
15. A person who parks a caravan or vehicle used for towing that caravan on a caravan park under the authority of this by-law shall forthwith remove that caravan and any annexe erected by or for him and any vehicle used for towing that caravan from the park upon the termination of his occupancy of any site on that park.

16. Where the council establishes a caravan park it shall conform with the provisions of this by-law and in particular with the requirements of clause 6 thereof and of the Caravans and Camps Regulations, made under the Health Act, 1911-1960.

17 (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of this by-law, the council may register a caravan park which does not conform with the provisions of this by-law if that caravan park was established at the commencement of this by-law; but that registration shall be for not more than one year and shall not be extended beyond a period of three years from the date of the commencement of this by-law, unless the caravan park shall have been brought into conformity with this by-law.

(2) In granting registration of a caravan park not conforming with this by-law, the council may impose conditions which shall be complied with by the person conducting the park.

18. A person who commits a breach of any provision of this by-law shall be liable to a penalty of not more than £50 and also to a daily penalty of not more than £5 per day while any such breach continues.

19. Where, after conviction for an offence against this by-law, premises are not conducted in accordance with the by-law, the council may cancel the registration of the premises, and the owner shall thereupon cease to use or permit the use of the land as a caravan park.

VERMIN ACT, 1918-1960.

Department of Agriculture,
South Perth, 12 September, 1961.

Ex. Co. No. 1746.

HIS Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor and Administrator in Executive Council, acting pursuant to the powers conferred by section 135 of the Vermin Act, 1918-1960, has been pleased to make the regulations set forth in the schedule hereunder, to have and take effect on and from the 1st day of October, 1961.

T. C. DUNNE,
Director of Agriculture.

Schedule Regulations.

Principal
regulations.

1. In these regulations the Vermin Act Regulations, 1919, published in the *Government Gazette* on the 21st March, 1919, and amended from time to time thereafter by notices published in the *Government Gazette*, are referred to as the principal regulations.

Regs. 94A-
94J (both
inclusive)
added.

2. The principal regulations are amended by adding after regulation 94 the following regulations:—

Keeping of Domestic Rabbits.

Interpretation.

94A. In this regulation and in regulations 94B to 94J (both inclusive) of these regulations, unless the context requires otherwise—

“commercial purposes” means the breeding of domestic rabbits and the sale or disposal of the carcasses, skins or other by-products of domestic rabbits, but does not include the sale, gift or other disposal, purchase or receipt of, or dealing in, live rabbits;

“domestic rabbit” means a rabbit of any breed or variety, or any part breed or part variety, of the species *oryctolagus cuniculus*, but does not include a rabbit of the common wild or bush variety;

“the Act” means the Vermin Act, 1918 (as amended);

“to keep” includes to own, possess, have in possession, or to have on a holding, and inflexions and derivations have corresponding meanings.

Persons required to have Permits.

94B. (1) All permits issued by the Protection Board pursuant to section 115 of the Act permitting the keeping of rabbits and in force at the date on which this regulation has and takes effect are by force of this regulation cancelled and shall be of no further effect, but any person who at that date was the holder of such a permit may apply within one month after the commencement of this regulation for the issue to him of a permit in accordance with these regulations.

(2) Any person who desires to keep or to sell or otherwise dispose of domestic rabbits for laboratory, scientific or biological purposes may make application for the issue to him of a permit in accordance with these regulations.

(3) Any person who holds a permit issued to him in accordance with these regulations may apply within fourteen days after the permit expires for the issue to him of a further permit, but no further permit shall be issued where application for the same is not made within that time.

(4) No permit or further permit to keep domestic rabbits pursuant to these regulations shall be issued after the 30th day of June, 1966, except in the case of permits or further permits to keep domestic rabbits for laboratory, scientific or biological purposes.

Application for and Duration of Permits.

94C. (1) Permits may be issued by the Protection Board in accordance with these regulations for—

- (a) commercial purposes;
- (b) laboratory, scientific or biological purposes; or
- (c) purposes other than those specified in the preceding paragraphs (a) and (b),

and every permit shall specify therein the purposes for which it is issued.

(2) Every application for a permit or for a further permit shall be made to the Chief Vermin Control Officer, and shall—

- (a) be in writing signed by the applicant;
- (b) set out the full name of the applicant and his place of residence, the address or description of the holding or holdings where the domestic rabbits are being or are to be kept, and the purposes for which the applicant is keeping or proposes to keep the rabbits; and
- (c) in the case of a permit or a further permit to keep domestic rabbits for commercial purposes, be accompanied by the prescribed fee.

(3) The Protection Board may grant any application for a permit, or may grant any application subject to such conditions as the Board thinks fit, or may refuse any application and in the case of a refusal without assigning any reason therefor, and the decision of the Board pursuant to this subregulation is final.

(4) Every permit issued in accordance with these regulations expires on the 30th day of June next following the date of issue, and no such permit may be transferred to any other person.

(5) The fee payable for a permit or for a further permit to keep domestic rabbits for commercial purposes issued pursuant to these regulations is Ten Pounds (£10).

Forms of Permits.

94D. (1) A permit to keep domestic rabbits for commercial purposes shall be in the Form No. 33 in the schedule to these regulations, and shall authorise the holder to keep domestic rabbits for commercial purposes on the holding or holdings to be specified in the permit.

(2) A permit to keep domestic rabbits for laboratory, scientific or biological purposes shall be in the Form No. 34 in the Schedule to these regulations, and shall authorise the holder to do either or both of the following—

(a) to keep domestic rabbits on the holding to be specified in the permit; and

(b) to sell or otherwise dispose of domestic rabbits, for particular purposes approved by the Chief Vermin Control Officer and stated in the permit.

(3) (a) A permit to keep domestic rabbits for purposes other than those mentioned in subregulations (1) and (2) of this regulation shall be in the Form No. 35 in the Schedule to these regulations, and shall authorise the holder to keep not more than two domestic rabbits on the holding to be specified in the permit.

(b) Where at any time the holder of a permit under this subregulation has in his possession or on the holding specified in the permit more than two domestic rabbits, he shall forthwith destroy all rabbits in excess of that number.

Dealing in Rabbits.

94E. A person shall not sell, give or otherwise dispose of, purchase, receive, or deal in live domestic rabbits except where he is the holder of a permit for laboratory, scientific or biological purposes issued in accordance with these regulations and the acts in compliance with the conditions of that permit.

Removal of Rabbits.

94F. (1) A person shall not remove domestic rabbits kept pursuant to a permit issued under these regulations from the holding specified in the permit, except—

(a) when, on application of the holder of the permit, the Chief Vermin Control Officer has approved of the rabbits being kept on a holding other than that specified in the permit and they are removed to that other holding; or

(b) in the case of the holder of a permit to keep domestic rabbits for commercial purposes, when he is removing rabbits to approved premises for slaughter pursuant to subregulation (3) of this regulation, or being authorised to keep rabbits on more than one specified holding, he is removing rabbits from one of those holdings to another.

(2) A person removing rabbits pursuant to this regulation shall place them, or cause them to be placed in escape proof containers which shall be held pending removal within an escape proof enclosure, and no rabbit shall be released from such a container unless and until that container is within an escape proof enclosure.

(3) A person who is the holder of a permit to keep domestic rabbits for commercial purposes under these regulations may apply in writing to the Chief Vermin Control Officer for permission to remove rabbits for slaughter, and the Chief Vermin Control Officer may grant such permission upon conditions that—

(a) the rabbits are removed in accordance with the requirements of subregulation (2) of this regulation;

(b) the slaughtering is carried out within an escape proof enclosure on a holding approved by the Chief Vermin Control Officer; and

(c) until slaughtered the rabbits remain the property of the person so granted permission.

(4) Any permission granted pursuant to this regulation by the Chief Vermin Control Officer to remove domestic rabbits may be in the Form No. 36 in the Schedule to these regulations.

Rabbits to be kept in Escape Proof Enclosures.

94G. Except when being removed in accordance with the provisions of regulation 94F of these regulations, domestic rabbits shall be kept at all times inside escape proof enclosures which shall be constructed in accordance with the specifications endorsed on the permit and include precautions necessary to be taken to prevent the escape or release of rabbits therefrom.

Permits to be Produced.

94H. Any inspector and any authorised person may at any time require the holder of a permit issued under these regulations to produce his permit for inspection and the holder of the permit upon being required so to do shall produce that permit to the inspector or authorised person.

Cancellation or Suspension of Permits.

94I. (1) The Protection Board may cancel the permit issued under these regulations to any person if that person by act or omission fails to comply with any provision of the Act or of these regulations, and if that person is convicted before a court for his offence in so failing to comply, the cancellation of his permit shall be in addition to and not in substitution for any penalty imposed on him by that Court.

(2) Where an inspector or an authorised person is of opinion that any enclosure or container used or intended to be used by the holder of a permit issued under these regulations is not so constructed as to prevent the escape or release therefrom of rabbits, the inspector or the authorised person shall require the permit holder to so construct that enclosure or container as to prevent the escape and release therefrom of rabbits, and the operation of the permit shall thereupon be suspended until such time as the requirements of the inspector or the authorised person are complied with.

Offences.

94J. A person who omits to do anything directed to be done or does or attempts to do anything forbidden to be done by or under regulations 94B to 94I (both inclusive) or otherwise contravenes or fails to comply with any of the provisions of those regulations, commits an offence and is liable upon conviction to a penalty of a sum not exceeding twenty-five pounds.

Schedule amended.

3. The schedule to the principal regulations is amended by adding after Form 32 the following forms:—

Form 33.

Vermin Act, 1918 (as amended).

(Section 115.—Regulation No. 94D.(1).)

PERMIT TO KEEP DOMESTIC RABBITS FOR COMMERCIAL PURPOSES

Mr. of is hereby authorised in pursuance of the Vermin Act and the regulations made thereunder to keep domestic rabbits for breeding and the sale or disposal of carcasses, skins and other by-products (but not including the sale, gift or other disposal, purchase or receipt of, or dealing in, live

rabbits) within a building, shed or other enclosure constructed to comply with the specifications given below, together with all other precautions necessary to prevent escape or release.

The domestic rabbits shall be kept at and not otherwise.

This permit expires on the 30th June next and is not transferable.

.....
Chief Vermin Control Officer.

Date.....

Fee £10

ESCAPE PROOF ENCLOSURE.

The enclosure in which the rabbits are kept shall be constructed to include the following specifications:—

- (i) The enclosure must be completely closed in with solid walls or rabbit proof netting with a mesh not larger than 1½ inches.
- (ii) The floor must be sufficiently solid to prevent rabbits digging into it (i.e. wood, cement, etc.) or the walls of the enclosure must be at least 12 inches below the floor level.
- (iii) The walls or netting must be at least six feet high or the enclosure roofed in such a way that rabbits cannot climb or jump over.
- (iv) Doors must be securely fastened and sufficiently close fitting to prevent any possibility of the rabbits escaping or being released.
- (v) The enclosure must be sufficiently large for the rabbits to take all necessary exercise within them.

Note:

Permits may be renewed annually on application on or before 14th July but the keeping of domestic rabbits will not be permitted after 30th June, 1966.

Rabbits are not permitted to be removed from the holding specified in this permit except with the written permission of the Chief Vermin Control Officer.

A person who commits an offence against the regulations may be liable to a fine not exceeding £25.

Form 34.

Vermin Act, 1918 (as amended).
(Section 115.—Regulation No. 94D(2).)

PERMIT TO KEEP DOMESTIC RABBITS FOR LABORATORY, SCIENTIFIC OR BIOLOGICAL PURPOSES.

Mr. of is hereby authorised in pursuance of the Vermin Act and the regulations made thereunder, to keep domestic rabbits for the laboratory, scientific or biological purposes stated below, within a building, shed or other enclosure constructed to comply with the specifications given below, together with all other precautions necessary to prevent escape or release (and to sell or otherwise dispose of domestic rabbits for such purposes).

The domestic rabbits shall be kept at and not otherwise for the purpose of

This permit expires on the 30th June next, and is not transferable.

.....
Chief Vermin Control Officer.

Date.....

ESCAPE PROOF ENCLOSURE

The enclosure in which the rabbits are kept shall be constructed to include the following specifications:—

- (i) The enclosure must be completely closed in with solid walls or rabbit proof netting with a mesh not larger than 1½ inches.
- (ii) The floor must be sufficiently solid to prevent rabbits digging into it (i.e. wood, cement, etc.) or the walls of the enclosure must be at least 12 inches below the floor level.
- (iii) The walls or netting must be at least six feet high or the enclosure roofed in such a way that rabbits cannot climb or jump over.
- (iv) Doors must be securely fastened and sufficiently close fitting to prevent any possibility of the rabbits escaping or being released.
- (v) The enclosure must be sufficiently large for the rabbits to take all necessary exercise within them.

Note:

Permits may be renewed annually on application on or before 14th July,

Rabbits are not permitted to be removed from the holding specified in this permit except with the written permission of the Chief Vermin Control Officer.

This permit does not authorise the sale, gift or other disposal, purchase or receipt of, or dealing in, live domestic rabbits, except in accordance with the conditions of this Permit.

A person who commits an offence against the regulations may be liable to a fine not exceeding £25.

Form 35.

Vermin Act, 1918 (as amended).

(Section 115.—Regulation No. 94D(3).)

PERMIT TO KEEP ONE OR TWO DOMESTIC
RABBITS.

Mr. of
is hereby authorised in pursuance of the Vermin Act and the regulations made thereunder to keep one or two domestic rabbits within a building, shed or other enclosure constructed to comply with the specifications given below, together with all other necessary precautions necessary to prevent escape or release. The rabbit or rabbits shall be kept at and not otherwise.

This permit expires on the 30th June next, and is not transferable.

.....
Chief Vermin Control Officer.

Date.....

ESCAPE PROOF ENCLOSURE.

- (a) Any rabbits in excess of two must be destroyed forthwith.
- (b) The enclosure in which the rabbits are kept shall be constructed to include the following specifications:—
 - (i) The enclosure must be completely closed in with solid walls or rabbit proof netting with a mesh not larger than 1½ inches.
 - (ii) The floor must be sufficiently solid to prevent rabbits digging into it (i.e. wood, cement, etc.) or the walls of the enclosure must be at least 12 inches below the floor level.

- (iii) The walls or netting must be at least six feet high or the enclosure roofed in such a way that rabbits cannot climb or jump over.
- (iv) Doors must be securely fastened and sufficiently close fitting to prevent any possibility of the rabbits escaping or being released.
- (v) The enclosure must be sufficiently large for the rabbits to take all necessary exercise within them.

Note:

Permits may be renewed annually on application on or before 14 July, but the keeping of domestic rabbits will not be permitted after 30 June, 1966.

Rabbits are not permitted to be removed from the holding specified in this permit except with the written permission of the Chief Vermin Control Officer.

This permit does not authorise the sale, gift or other disposal, purchase or receipt of, or dealing in, live domestic rabbits.

A person who commits an offence against the regulations may be liable to a fine not exceeding £25.

Form 36.

Vermin Act, 1918 (as amended).
(Section 115.—Regulation No. 94F(3).)

PERMISSION TO REMOVE DOMESTIC RABBITS.

Mr. of
is hereby authorised in pursuance of the Vermin Act and the regulations made thereunder to remove domestic rabbits from to
or return* for the purpose of
provided that before leaving and until arrival within a rabbit proof enclosure on one such holding, the rabbits are securely held in a container constructed to prevent escape or release. Rabbits may be removed under this permit before and no later.

.....
Chief Vermin Control Officer.

Date

A person who commits an offence against the regulations may be liable to a fine not exceeding £25.

* Strike out where permission is granted for change of address only.

BETTING CONTROL ACT, 1954-1960.

Totalisator Agency Board,
Perth, 27th September, 1961.

HIS Excellency the Governor in Executive Council, acting pursuant to the powers conferred by section 33 of the Betting Control Act, 1954-1960, has been pleased to make the regulations set forth in the schedule hereunder.

J. P. MAHER,
Chairman, Totalisator Agency Board.

Schedule.

Regulations.

Principal
regulations.

1. In these regulations the Betting Control Regulations, 1955, published in the *Government Gazette* on the 6th May, 1955, and amended from time to time thereafter by notices published in the *Government Gazette*, are referred to as the principal regulations.

Regs. 33A
and 33B
added.

2. The principal regulations are amended by adding after regulation 33 the following regulations:—

33A. Every license granted to a person authorising him to carry on the business of a bookmaker in or on registered premises shall be subject to the following conditions:—

- (a) That the bookmaker shall receive the information referred to in subregulation (1) of regulation 141 of these regulations directly

from the authorised price agent appointed by the Board under these regulations, except that a bookmaker may be permitted to receive that information otherwise than directly from the authorised price agent subject to the approval of the Board and upon his compliance with such conditions as the Board may impose on giving that approval.

- (b) That the bookmaker shall pay to the authorised price agent the fees and costs permitted by the Board to be charged by that agent for giving directly or making available indirectly that information to the bookmaker.

33B. (1) Any license granted, whether before or after the commencement of this regulation, to a person authorising him to carry on the business of a bookmaker in or on registered premises may be varied at any time in the manner provided by this regulation so as to provide that any terms or conditions imposed by these regulations on a bookmaker, but not specified in the license, are terms and conditions of the license and deemed to be specified therein.

(2) The Board shall notify a bookmaker of every variation of his license pursuant to subregulation (1) of this regulation by posting to him at the registered premises in which he carries on the business of a bookmaker a notice specifying the terms and conditions which by reason of the variation are terms and conditions of the license and deemed to be specified therein, and also the date on and from which that variation shall have and take effect.

(3) Service on a bookmaker of a notice under this regulation shall be presumed, unless the contrary is shown, to have been effected at the time when by the ordinary course of post the letter would be delivered.

(4) Every variation shall have and take effect on and from the date specified in the notice given under subregulation (2) of this regulation and thereupon the terms and conditions specified in the notice shall be terms and conditions of the license and deemed to be specified therein, and the holder of that license shall on and from that date comply with those terms and conditions as terms and conditions of his license.

Reg. 140 substituted. 3. The principal regulations are amended by substituting for regulation 140 the following regulation:—

140. (1) The Board may grant to any person (called an authorised price agent) authority to disseminate information concerning the official starting price of horses in races conducted in this State or elsewhere and such other information as the Board may permit that person to disseminate.

(2) The authorised price agent shall not, unless expressly given permission by the Board so to do, disseminate any starting price or other information obtained by him in his capacity as the authorised price agent of the Board, except such information as relates to horses running in races on which bookmakers betting in registered premises are permitted to bet under these regulations.

(3) Any authority granted under this regulation may be withdrawn at any time at the discretion of the Board.

Reg. 141 amended. 4. Regulation 141 of the principal regulations is amended—
 (a) by substituting for the word, "obliged" in the last line of subregulation (1), the word, "permitted"; and
 (b) by substituting for the words, "other than" in the first line of subregulation (3), the words, "or in any manner other than directly."