



Government Gazette

OF

WESTERN AUSTRALIA

(Published by Authority at 3.30 p.m.)

(REGISTERED AT THE GENERAL POST OFFICE, PERTH, FOR TRANSMISSION BY POST AS A NEWSPAPER)

No. 25]

PERTH : MONDAY, 1st APRIL

[1963

Crown Law Department,
Perth, 22nd March, 1963.

THE undermentioned regulations made under the provisions of the Timber Industry Regulation Act, 1926-1950, and amended from time to time prior to the 20th December, 1962, are reprinted pursuant to the Reprinting of Regulations Act, 1954, by authority of the Minister for Justice.

R. C. GREEN,
Under Secretary For Law.

TIMBER INDUSTRY ACT, 1926-1950.

TIMBER INDUSTRY REGULATIONS

(Published in the *Government Gazette* on the 2nd September, 1927, and incorporating the amendments published in the *Government Gazette* on the 8th March, 1929, the 13th January, 1939, the 24th May, 1940, the 23rd December, 1949, the 13th October, 1950, the 10th September, 1954, the 25th March, 1955 and the 31st May, 1960, and reprinted pursuant to the provisions of the Reprinting of Regulations Act, 1954.)

Reprinted pursuant to the Reprinting of Regulations Act, 1954, by authority of the Minister dated 22nd March, 1963.

Timber Industry Regulation Act, 1926.

REGULATIONS.

Reg 1
amended by
G.G. 13/1/39,
p. 32.

1. These regulations may be cited as the Timber Industry Regulations, 1927-1938.

Reg. 2
amended by
G.G. 13/1/39,
p. 32.

2. These regulations are divided into Parts, as follows:—

- Part 1.—Districts.
- Part 2.—Duties of Inspectors and Methods of Inspection.
- Part 3.—Accidents and Requisitions.
- Part 4.—Sanitation of Timber Holdings.
- Part 5.—Mill Gearing, Machinery, and Plant.
- Part 6.—Tram and Train Lines.
- Part 7.—Election of Workmen's Inspectors.
- Part 7A.—Registration of Sawmills.
- Part 8.—Miscellaneous.

3. Section 2 of the Timber Industry Regulation Act, 1926, (in these regulations referred to as "the Act"), shall apply in the interpretation of the terms used in these regulations.

Part 1.—Districts.

4. The districts in which inspectors shall carry out their duties under this Act, and these regulations, shall be three in number, and the boundaries of such districts shall be as defined hereunder:—

District No. 1.

All that area which is bounded by lines commencing at Casuarina Point on the shores of the Indian Ocean, and proceeding in a general easterly direction to the northern point of Lake Ngartiminny; and thence in a general south-easterly direction to Point Walton on the shores of the Southern Ocean; thence following the shores of the Southern and Indian Oceans back to Casuarina Point.

District No. 2.

All that area which is bounded by lines commencing at a point on the shores of the Indian Ocean directly east of Trigg Island and proceeding in a general easterly direction to the north-eastern point of the railway station at York; thence in a southerly direction along the Great Southern railway to the south-eastern point of the railway station at Wagin; thence in a general westerly direction to the northern point of Lake Ngartiminny; and thence in a westerly direction to Point Casuarina and along the shores of the Indian Ocean back to the starting point.

District No. 3.

All the State of Western Australia except those areas contained in Districts Nos. 1 and 2 referred to above.

Part 2.—Duties of Inspectors and Methods of Inspection.

5. Every district inspector, in the performance of the duties of his office, shall exercise such powers as are by this Act and these regulations conferred upon him. Subject thereto he shall seek to avoid harassing the owner or management of any timber holding or to interfere unduly with the work or processes being carried on in any mill or on any holding.

6. Every inspector shall be under the direction and control of the controlling officer, and shall keep a diary in the form directed from time to time by the controlling officer, and shall report weekly in writing to that officer.

7. (a) Every district or special inspector shall, when making an inquiry or investigation under the powers conferred by section 9 of the Act, reduce to writing any questions which he may put to any person in connection with such inquiry or investigation and the answers made by such person or persons to such questions.

(b) Such questions and answers shall be read to the person or persons who have been questioned, who shall be requested to certify in writing to the correctness of such questions and answers.

8. Every written statement obtained by an inspector under the provisions of paragraph (f) of section 9 of the Act shall be written on one side of the paper only, and each sheet of such statement shall be initialed by the person making such statement, and by the inspector to whom such statement is made.

9. Every district inspector shall report in detail to the controlling officer on every offence against the Act and regulations which comes to his knowledge in the exercise of his duties, and shall make a recommendation as to what, if any, action should, in his opinion, be taken in respect of such offence.

10. It shall be the duty of every district inspector and workmen's inspector to inspect every mill, bush landing, and bush camp within their district as frequently as possible, and also on any special occasion to inspect any such mill, bush landing, or bush camp as and when specifically instructed to do so, and at all times to enforce the provisions of this Act and these regulations within their district.

11. Every workmen's inspector shall be under the direction of the district inspector for the district for which the said district inspector has been appointed, and shall make all his reports to the district inspector, who shall in turn forward such reports to the controlling officer, together with such remarks thereon as he may deem necessary. The workmen's inspector shall also forward a copy of all his reports to the industrial unions having members concerned.

12. The record book to be kept at the mill, in accordance with section 11, shall be in the form of Form No. 1 in the Appendix to these regulations. Every entry made therein by an inspector shall be recorded in duplicate by the carbon process, and the duplicate copy detached and forwarded by the inspector to the controlling officer.

Part 3.—Accidents and Requisitions.

13. Every notice submitted in accordance with section 14 of the Act by the manager with respect to an accident shall be in the form of Form No. 2 in the Appendix to these regulations.

14. The requisition by a district inspector to be served on the owner, agent, or manager in respect of any timber holding, sawmill, yard, bush landing, or workshop to which the Act applies, shall be in the form of Form No. 3 in the Appendix to these regulations.

15. Every notice of appeal against the requisition of a district inspector shall be in the form of Form No. 4 in the Appendix to these regulations.

Part 4.—Sanitation of Timber Holdings.

16. All the following regulations contained in this Part of these regulations shall apply to the matters mentioned therein, save and except where the same are inconsistent with the provisions of the Health Act, 1911-1919, and the regulations made thereunder, or the by-laws of any local authority duly constituted thereunder.

Reg. 10
amended by
G.G. 8/3/29,
p. 744.

Disposal of Nightsoil and Rubbish.

17. The owner, agent, or manager of any sawmill shall provide a method of disposal of nightsoil and rubbish from the mill, and from employers' houses occupied by employees, within such area as an inspector may direct.

18. The disposal of nightsoil shall be carried out as follows:—

- (a) On any mill site where there are ten houses or camps in addition to the mill, the sanitary service shall be the double pan system, and shall comply with the by-laws of the Department of Public Health. Where less than 10 houses or camps exist, the system may be the drop-pit system, and shall comply with the by-laws of the Department of Public Health. Where in the opinion of the district inspector it is impracticable to instal a double pan system at a mill site where more than 10 camps are located, he may approve of the drop-pit system, which shall comply with the by-laws of the Department of Public Health.
- (b) The owner, agent, or manager of every saw-mill shall allocate an area of suitable ground for the disposal of nightsoil and rubbish. Such area shall be situated in such a position that no water supply shall be contaminated and that no nuisance shall arise therefrom.
- (c) The owner, agent, or manager of every mill, or his servant, shall carry out the disposal of nightsoil and rubbish in such a manner as shall be devoid of danger or offence and in accordance with the by-laws of the Department of Public Health, and shall at all times obey the directions given by an inspector.

19. The owner, agent, or manager of every sawmill area shall, before commencing the construction of any mill or houses thereon, remove all timber, scrub, and undergrowth and take such precautions for the prevention of fouling thereof as may be directed by an inspector.

Sanitary Conveniences at Dwellings.

20. (a) The owner of every house on the mill site of any timber holding shall provide such house with a sanitary convenience, which shall in all respects comply with the by-laws of the Department of Public Health, and such owner shall obey the instructions of an inspector when requiring compliance with the said by-laws.

(b) The occupier of any house shall cause to be provided in each sanitary convenience a supply of approved deodorant, and shall cause the contents of every sanitary pan to be properly covered by such deodorant.

Sanitary Conveniences at Mill.

21. (a) The owner, agent, or manager of every mill shall provide such privy and urinal accommodation for the use of workers as may be deemed necessary by an inspector, such conveniences shall be in the proportion of not less than one privy to each twenty (20) men employed, and the urinal accommodation shall be not less than two feet length of trough for each 20 men or part thereof.

(b) The whole of the structures shall comply with the by-laws of the Department of Public Health, and every owner, agent, or manager shall obey the instructions of an inspector when requiring compliance with the said by-laws.

(c) The owner, agent, or manager of every sawmill shall cause to be provided in each sanitary convenience an adequate supply of an approved deodorant.

(d) The owner, agent, or manager of every sawmill shall cause the sanitary conveniences to be maintained in a cleanly condition and in accordance with the by-laws of the Department of Public Health.

Mill Site Area.

22. (a) The owner of any mill site shall cause the area whereon it is intended to build any mill or houses to be cleared of all timber and scrub, and such area shall be properly laid out with streets and right-of-ways.

(b) The owner, agent, or manager of any mill site shall cause proper stormwater drains to be constructed in such place and in such a manner as an inspector may direct.

(c) The owner, agent, or manager of any mill site shall, when required by an inspector, fill in or drain all pools, stagnant water-holes, and swamps in such a manner as may be directed.

Stables.

23. The owner, agent, or manager of any timber holding shall provide that—

- (1) (a) no stables shall be within 200 feet of any dwelling;
- (b) no manure shall be permitted to accumulate in or about any horse stables on any timber holding;
- (c) the stables shall be kept in a cleanly condition, properly fenced, drained, and provided with a proper water supply;
- (2) all stables or horse-yards shall be so situated that the natural drainage therefrom shall be away from any houses or camps and from the source of water supply for such houses or camps.

Bush Camps.

24. Bush camps shall be placed on areas free from swamp or other unhealthy conditions, to the satisfaction of an inspector.

25. The owner, agent, or manager of every timber holding shall at every bush camp cause—

- (a) an efficient method of disposal of nightsoil, urine, and rubbish to be provided to the satisfaction of an inspector and in accordance with the Department of Public Health by-laws;
- (b) every area whereon it is proposed to erect camps, to be cleared of scrub and undergrowth;
- (c) the houses provided for the accommodation of workers to be so constructed as to provide efficient protection from weather and afford a reasonable degree of comfort, to the satisfaction of a district inspector.

Sanitary Conveniences at Bush Camps.

Reg. 25A
added by
G.G. 8/3/29,
p. 744.

25A. The owner, agent, or manager of every timber holding shall provide at every bush camp on such holding, for the use of persons resident or camped thereat such privy accommodation as may be deemed necessary by an inspector. There shall be at least one convenience for the exclusive use of persons resident in each married man's dwelling or camp, and at least one privy for every twenty (20) or portion of twenty single men resident at such camp.

The whole of the structures shall comply with the by-laws of the Department of Public Health, and every owner, agent, or manager shall obey the instructions of an inspector when requiring compliance with the said by-laws.

Reg. 25B
added by
G.G. 8/3/29,
p. 745.

25B. The owner, agent, or manager of every bush camp shall cause to be provided in each sanitary convenience an adequate supply of an approved deodorant, and shall cause the sanitary conveniences to be maintained in a cleanly condition and in accordance with the by-laws of the Department of Public Health.

Water Supply.

26. (a) The owner, agent, or manager of any sawmill shall provide an adequate safe supply of potable water for consumption by persons employed on the timber holding, and such water supply

shall be obtained from a source which shall be properly protected from contamination, and such owner, agent, or manager shall take all such precautions against pollution as may be directed by a district inspector.

(b) The owner, agent, or manager shall, whenever directed by a district inspector, reticulate a water supply to such point or points on the mill area as may be deemed necessary.

For the purpose of this regulation "mill area" shall mean the area on which a sawmill and houses or camps provided by the owner for the accommodation of employees who are employed in or about the mill are erected.

(c) The owner, agent, or manager of any timber holding shall cause every camp to be provided with a good and sufficient supply of potable water.

(d) Whenever it is necessary to convey water to temporary camps upon any timber holding the owner, agent, or manager shall provide—

- (1) that proper tanks shall be placed in convenient positions;
- (2) that all water tanks shall have a proper cover, which shall be kept securely fastened;
- (3) that the only means of obtaining water from the tank shall be by means of a tap;
- (4) that all tanks used for the conveyance of or holding water shall at all times be kept in a thoroughly clean condition.

(e) Any person doing any act whereby any water supply is fouled, dirtied, contaminated, spoiled, rendered unpalatable, or so wasted as to cause a shortage or inconvenience, or damages any receptacles, shall be guilty of an offence against these regulations.

Boarding-houses.

27. (a) The owner, agent, or manager of every timber holding, and all keepers of boarding-houses thereon, shall be responsible for the maintenance of such places at all times in a clean and sanitary condition and in structurally good condition, and, as far as practicable, fly-proof.

(b) The occupier of any boarding-house shall provide for the disposal of waste water in such a manner as to be effective and free from nuisance.

(c) The occupier of any boarding-house shall make proper and adequate provision for the storage of food and utensils in safes which are rendered fly-proof by a metallic gauze covering.

(d) No swine shall be kept within 200 feet of any boarding-house.

Dust.

28. The owner, agent, or manager of any mill where timber is handled or prepared in such a manner as to cause dust shall take such measures to prevent or reduce such dust as shall be directed by a district inspector.

Processing.

29. The owner, agent, or manager of any mill where timber is processed shall at all times enforce all precautions against injury or danger to the health of the workers as may be directed by a medical officer of the Department of Public Health.

For the purpose of this regulation the term "processed" shall mean powellised, and shall include any process of treating timber by means of poisonous substances in order to preserve it.

General.

30. Every person who—

- (a) commits any nuisance within the meaning of the Health Act, 1911-1919;

- (b) damages any sanitary convenience or so misuses such as to cause insanitary conditions to arise;
- (c) neglects to keep the house or camp or premises occupied by him in a cleanly condition;
- (d) neglects to carry out the instructions of an inspector, or fails to comply with any requisition in writing;
- (e) does any act or thing whereby the health of any person on any timber holding is endangered;

shall be guilty of an offence against these regulations; provided that no proceedings shall be taken against any person in respect of an offence under this regulation, if the same is also an offence under the Health Act, 1911-1919, or regulations thereunder, or the by-laws of a local authority constituted thereunder, and such person has already been convicted of such offence under the said Act, regulations, or by-laws.

Appeal.

31. (a) Any person aggrieved by an order or decision of an inspector relative to this Part of the regulations may, within fourteen (14) days after receiving notice of such order or decision, appeal against such order or decision to the Commissioner of Public Health.

(b) Every such appellant shall state in writing to the Commissioner of Public Health his reasons why such order or decision should be varied or revoked, and a copy of such appeal shall be forwarded by the appellant to the controlling officer.

(c) The Commissioner of Public Health may, after inquiry, uphold, revoke, vary, or alter the order or decision of the inspector, and the decision of the Commissioner of Public Health shall be conclusive and binding on all parties.

Part 5.—Mill Gearing, Machinery, and Plant.

Shafting, Belts, Ropes, and Driving Gear.

32. Every portion of a revolving shaft used in transmitting power machinery in a sawmill or workshop which in the opinion of the district inspector is dangerous shall be efficiently guarded to his satisfaction.

33. Every belt or rope used for transmitting power, and which in the opinion of the inspector is in such a position as to be a danger to workmen, shall be so guarded as to prevent any person from coming in contact with it whilst it is in motion.

34. No such belt or rope when not transmitting power shall be allowed to rest on any revolving shaft.

35. No such belt or rope shall be joined or mended while the machinery is in motion, unless such belt or rope is suspended on a suitable and efficient support during the whole of the time occupied in such joining or mending.

36. No such belt or rope shall be placed by hand on any revolving pulley in the power transmission line unless the engine is slowed down to its minimum speed. Nothing in this regulation shall prevent belts running on stepped or cone pulleys from being shifted by hand at any time.

37. Efficient guards shall be provided to cover all cogs, gear wheels, pinions and friction clutches so as to prevent bodily injury to any person employed in the vicinity thereof. Such guards shall at all times be kept in position and shall not be removed except by a person appointed to do so by the owner, agent, or manager.

38. At every saw-bench and machine which is not fitted with an independent control there shall be provided an efficient signal to enable direct communication with the engine-driver to be made.

Floors and Bench Tracks.

39. All floors in the mill shall be kept in good order and repair and shall be free from protruding nails, splinters, dangerous holes, unevenness and loose boards.

Plant Lay-out.

40. Machines shall be so located that there shall be sufficient space for each operator to handle material with safety and with the least possible interference from other workmen or machines.

41. Machines shall be so placed as to render it unnecessary for the operator and assistants to stand in or near a passage-way used by other workmen.

42. Every machine in a mill or workshop shall be firmly secured to a substantial floor or foundation to the satisfaction of the district inspector.

43. Every machine in a mill or workshop shall be efficiently lighted and provided with the maximum natural light available. No machine shall be placed in such a position as to render the continuous use of artificial light necessary.

44. Every planing, shaping, thicknessing, or other machine working on dry timbers shall, if required by a district inspector, be fitted with fans or other efficient appliances to carry off and render harmless dust or other impurities generated.

Circular Saws.

Reg. 45
amended by
G.G. 8/3/29,
p. 744 and
G.G. 31/5/60,
pp. 1497-8.

45. All circular saws (except those known as No. 1 bench saws and saws which move towards the timber and twin circular saws) shall be guarded at the back and lower portion to the satisfaction of the district inspector, and so as to, as far as possible, prevent accidental contact with the saw when in motion. The guards must conform to the following conditions:—

- (a) All guards shall be readily adjustable to the different sized saws used in the bench and shall conform to the fish tail type, with the exception of guards behind large No. 2 benches, which may be of the vertical type, subject to the satisfaction of the district inspector.
- (b) The back guard shall at all times cover the back of the saw to a height of not less than two-thirds of the height of the saw above the bench, and be not more than five-eighths of an inch distant from the saw teeth to the full extent of the height of the guard above the bench.
- (c) The portion of the saw beneath the bench shall (if not completely enclosed in a dust-collecting box) be enclosed by means of boards or sheet iron, the enclosure must extend at least two inches below the saw teeth, and the opening therein through which the saw-dust passes shall not exceed six inches in width.
- (d) Guards shall be kept in an efficient state, securely fixed, and may only be removed when the nature of the work renders their use impracticable.

Pendulum or Swinging Crosscut Saws.

Reg. 46
amended by
G.G. 8/3/29,
p. 744.

46. All pendulum or swinging crosscut saws (dockers) shall be guarded as follows:—

- (a) The teeth above the centre line shall be covered with a guard to the satisfaction of the district inspector;
- (b) The back of the saw shall be completely enclosed;
- (c) A limit chain or other effective device shall be provided to prevent the saw from swinging too far in either direction.

47. Every pendulum or swinging saw shall be provided with an effective device to return the saw automatically to the back of the table or rollers when released at any point of travel; such device shall not depend for its proper functioning upon any rope, cord, or spring. Where a chain is used it shall be firmly fixed to a shackle, eye-bolt, or solid link to the satisfaction of the district inspector, and shall be maintained in good order and condition. If a counterweight is used it shall be firmly fixed to the frame of the saw and one of the following or equivalent means shall be used to prevent its dropping:—

- (a) It shall be bolted to the bar by means of a bolt passing through both bar and counterweight;
- (b) A bolt shall be put through the extreme end of the bar.

Inspection and Maintenance.

48. All woodworking machinery in any sawmill shall, as far as is practicable, be inspected at least once in every month.

49. Cracked circular saws which in the opinion of the inspector are dangerous shall not be used under any circumstances.

50. The practice of drilling a hole at the end of a crack is prohibited.

51. Efficient guards shall be installed and their use enforced wherever possible. If special operations require the removal of a guard it shall be replaced immediately upon the completion of the special operation which required its removal.

52. No employee shall be permitted to remove a guard from any machine in a sawmill, or to operate a machine which is unguarded, except with the consent of the manager.

53. The manager shall not permit a machine which is required to be guarded to be worked without the guard, or require the guard to be removed, or work, which renders the guard inoperative, to be performed on the machine unless the work is of such a character as to render the removal of the guard necessary.

54. All machinery not otherwise provided for in these regulations shall be guarded in accordance with the requirements of the Inspection of Machinery Act, 1921.

Part 6.—Tram and Train Lines.

55. Every tram or train line shall be properly and faithfully constructed, having regard to the requirements of the industry.

56. The owner, agent, or manager shall be responsible for the proper construction and maintenance in good and safe order and condition of the tram and train way and every part thereof, including its looppines, bridges, culverts, makeups, points, and crossings, and also of its rolling stock, including locomotives and trucks.

57. The use of "Irish Points" on all lines, except spur logging lines and mill yard lines, is prohibited.

58. The owner, agent, or manager shall be responsible for seeing that every truck, trolley, or locomotive used for the transport of forest produce on any tram or train line is—

- (a) strongly and properly made and is provided with proper and efficient brake gear for regulating and controlling its speed and running power;
- (b) kept and maintained in good order and condition.

59. Except with the written authority of the district inspector, loaded trucks shall not be propelled by a locomotive on any bush line.

60. When loaded or unloaded trucks, which may impede or endanger traffic, are left stationary on any part of the main line at night there shall be attached to such truck or trucks a suitable lighted lamp. Such lamp shall be of a type to be approved by the district inspector.

61. All horses used for traction on the line shall be strictly limited to a walking pace.

62. The use or possession of intoxicating liquors by any locomotive driver, guard, horse-tender or other employee whilst engaged on duty on or in connection with the line, or whilst being transported over the line, is hereby prohibited.

63. No person who is under the influence of intoxicating liquor shall have charge or be allowed to remain in charge of horses or trucks or of any other means of transport on any line.

64. Where "coasting" or "rolling" is necessary on any line and hand brakes only are provided, sufficient brakes to take control of the load shall be applied before taking the grade.

65. Where the gradient of any line has a fall of more than 1 in 35 over a distance of half a mile or more and hand brakes only are provided, sufficient brakes to take control of the load shall be applied before taking the grade.

66. The owner, agent, or manager shall, when necessary, provide sufficient drains and culverts to carry off storm waters in order to prevent damage to the line by flooding.

Dangerous Trees on Bush Lines.

67. All trees in close proximity to train or tram lines, and which in the opinion of the district inspector are in danger of falling, and which in the event of falling would obstruct the line, shall be removed.

Part 7.—Election of Workmen's Inspectors.

68. The State Chief Electoral Officer, or when he is prevented from acting, his substitute appointed under the Electoral Act, 1907, shall be the returning officer at the election of any workmen's inspector under the Act, and shall be paid such fees as are provided for Parliamentary elections in the regulations under the Electoral Act.

69. Within twenty-one days of these regulations coming into force, and subject to a notification to that effect received from the controlling officer, and at least forty-two days prior to the lapse by effluxion of time of any appointments already made under these regulations, or within twenty-one days of any vacancies which may occur between the date of any appointment and the date of the lapse of such appointment by effluxion of time or otherwise, the returning officer shall, by notice in the *Government Gazette*, and by advertisement in not less than two newspapers circulating in the several districts, invite nominations for the position or positions of workmen's inspector.

70. Each such notice and advertisement shall set out the day, date, and time—not later than the twenty-eighth day from the issue of the notice in the *Government Gazette*—appointed by the returning officer to be the day, date, and time fixed for the receipt of nominations of candidates.

71. The returning officer shall, subject to the publication in the *Government Gazette* and in two newspapers circulating in the several districts of any notification of any vacancy or vacancies, apply forthwith to the persons hereinafter specified for lists of the full names and addresses of all persons, irrespective of age, *bona fide* employed in the timber industry as defined in the Act:—

- (a) The secretary of the West Australian Timber Industry Industrial Union of Workers, South-West Land Division;
- (b) the secretary of the United Metropolitan Timber Yards, Sawmills and Woodworkers' Employees Union of Workers;
- (c) the secretary of the South-West District Council of the Australian Labour Party;

Reg. 71
substituted
by G.G.
13/10/50,
pp. 2337-8.

- (d) the Conservator of Forests of Western Australia; and
- (e) the secretary of any company or corporation and any firm or person engaged as an employer in the timber industry in the district,

and such lists shall be alphabetically arranged in order of surnames and other names, and shall together form the Voters' Roll for the purposes of section 5 (c) of the Act; provided that a person who is not a natural born or naturalised subject of the King shall be disqualified from voting at any such election.

72. Every nomination shall be made in writing, in the form of Form No. 5 in the Appendix to the regulations, addressed to the returning officer and signed by at least six persons employed in the timber industry in the district, and shall contain the written consent of the candidate to act if elected and appointed, and shall be delivered to the returning officer so as to reach him before noon on nomination day. The nomination paper shall be accompanied by testimonials or other evidence which the candidate may desire to submit in support of his eligibility and in compliance with the provisions of section 5 (c) of the Act, and by a statutory declaration signed by himself under the Evidence Act, 1906, declaring his name in full, occupation, place of residence, age, place and date of birth, nationality, the nature and extent of his experience in the timber industry, and that he is in good health and physically fit for the work of the position for which he is a candidate. No person who is not a natural born or naturalised British subject shall be eligible for nomination.

73. All nominations received shall be transmitted forthwith through the controlling officer to the Minister, who may require further information about any candidate and proof of any of the facts contained in the declaration accompanying his application, including a medical certificate of health and physical fitness, and a statutory declaration from not less than two respectable persons that they are well acquainted with the candidate and know him to be of sober habits and good character. The Minister may disapprove of any candidate at his discretion, and the nomination of such candidate shall thereupon become void.

74. If the nominations received do not exceed in number the positions vacant, and such nominations are approved by the Minister, the candidates so nominated and approved may be appointed by the Minister without further election, or the Minister may direct the returning officer to call for fresh nominations.

Reg. 75
amended by
G.G. 8/3/29,
p. 744 and
G.G.
13/10/50,
p. 2338.

75. If more than one nomination is received for any vacancy the returning officer shall forthwith—

- (a) cause the full names and addresses of the approved candidates to be published in the next issue of the *Government Gazette* and in two newspapers circulating in the districts, and also notices thereof to be posted up in at least twenty conspicuous places throughout the districts;
- (b) appoint and publish in all such notices and advertisements the day, date, and time fixed by the returning officer for the close of the poll, which date shall not be later than twenty-eight clear days from the date of the issue of the notice in the *Government Gazette* referred to in paragraph (a) of this clause; and
- (c) advise the controlling officer, the secretary of the West Australian Timber Industry Industrial Union of Workers South-West Land Division, the secretary of the United Metropolitan Timber Yard Sawmills and Woodworkers' Employees Union of Workers, the secretary of the South-West District Council of the Australian Labour Party, the Conservator of Forests, and

the secretary of any company or corporation or firm or other person engaged in the timber industry of the day, date, and time so fixed.

Reg. 76
amended by
G.G. 8/3/29,
p. 744.

76. In the event of an election being necessary the Voters' Roll shall be prepared, printed, and issued not later than fourteen clear days subsequent to the date fixed for the receipt of nominations, and shall be available for inspection during office hours, at the office of the returning officer, by any person claiming the right to vote, and if any voter wishes to make any objection to any name or names appearing on such roll, or omitted therefrom, particulars of such objection must be communicated in writing to the returning officer, whose decision shall be final.

77. As soon as practicable after the nominations have been approved by the Minister and declared, the returning officer shall cause to be printed ballot papers and counterfoils, in the form of Forms Nos. 6 and 7 respectively, in the Appendix to these regulations, showing the full names and addresses of all duly-nominated candidates, and a copy of such ballot paper and counterfoil and an addressed envelope for return shall be forwarded to every person whose name appears on the voters' list.

78. Any person voting who is not entitled to vote, or voting more than once at the same election, shall be guilty of a breach of these regulations, and shall be liable to a penalty of not exceeding ten pounds for each such offence.

79. Only those ballot papers received by the returning officer prior to the close of the poll shall be admitted to the count.

80. The method of marking the ballot papers shall be on the optional preferential system, as follows:—

- (a) In the case of the election of one workmen's inspector, the voter shall mark his vote on the ballot paper by placing the numeral "1" opposite the name of the candidate for whom he votes as his first preference, and he may, if he so desires, give contingent votes for the remaining candidates, or any of them, by placing numerals 2, 3, 4, and so on, opposite their names.
- (b) In the case of the election of two workmen's inspectors, the voter shall mark his vote on the ballot paper by placing the numerals "1" and "2" opposite the names of the candidates for whom he votes as his first and second preferences, and he may, if he so desires, give contingent votes for the remaining candidates, or any of them, by placing numerals 3, 4, 5, and so on, opposite their names.

81. When the voter has marked the ballot paper he shall enclose and seal the same in the envelope sent to him for the purpose, and sign the counterfoil with his name in full, and shall then forward such counterfoil and the sealed ballot paper in another envelope to the returning officer.

82. Each candidate may be present at the count of votes, and may have the assistance of one scrutineer appointed by himself to be present thereat.

83. The counting of votes shall be on the preferential system as employed in election for the State Parliament so far as it is applicable; provided that a ballot paper shall not be informal if it be marked in accordance with paragraphs (a) and (b) of regulation 80 of these regulations.

84. When the votes have been counted the returning officer shall publicly announce the result and post it in writing in a conspicuous place, and shall report it forthwith to the Minister, through the controlling officer.

85. In all matters not herein provided for, the provisions of the Electoral Act, 1907 (as amended), and the regulations thereunder, shall, so far as they are applicable, apply to the election of persons for appointment as workmen's inspectors under the Act.

Part 7A
added by
G.G. 13/1/39,
pp. 32-33.
Reg. 85A
added by
G.G. 13/1/39,
p. 32.

Part 7A—Registration of Sawmills.

85A. Application for registration of a sawmill pursuant to section 12A of the Act shall be made to the controlling officer and shall be in writing, in accordance with Form No. 8 in the Appendix to these regulations.

Reg. 85B
added by
G.G. 13/1/39,
p. 33.

85B. An applicant for registration of a sawmill shall, if so required by the controlling officer, submit with his application a plan or plans showing in detail the layout of benches, skids, machinery, and other plant under the roof of the saw mill and within forty feet of the sawmill.

Reg. 85C
added by
G.G. 13/1/39,
p. 33.

85C. (1) Upon receipt of the application an inspector shall, if required so to do by the controlling officer, inspect and examine the sawmill, to which the application relates, and report to the controlling officer whether or not the requirements of the Act and its amendments and these regulations have, except for registration of the sawmill, been complied with.

(2) If the controlling officer is of the opinion that any machine, plant, matter, thing or practice on or connected with the sawmill is dangerous or defective so as in his opinion to threaten or tend to bodily injury of any person, he shall withhold registration of the sawmill and cause measures, in accordance with the provisions of section 21 of the Act, to be taken in relation to the sawmill, and at the same time cause the applicant to be informed that registration of the sawmill will be withheld until the requisition made under the said section 21 of the Act has been complied with to the satisfaction of an inspector.

Reg. 85D
added by
G.G. 13/1/39,
p. 33.

85D. When the sawmill the subject of the application is found to be free from danger or defect as aforesaid, whether upon inspection by an inspector, or by the decision of the magistrate after the hearing of an objection to a requisition under section 21 of the Act, the controlling officer shall register the sawmill by making an entry in a register book, to be kept by him for the purpose of recording the particulars relating to the sawmill, and shall issue to the applicant a certificate of registration in accordance with Form No. 9 in the Appendix to these regulations.

Reg. 85E
added by
G.G. 13/1/39,
p. 33.

85E. (1) Registration of a sawmill shall have effect for the year ending the 31st day of December in which such registration is effected, but may be renewed from year to year.

(2) Every owner or occupier of a registered sawmill who desires to obtain a renewal of the registration of such sawmill shall, before the expiration of the then current registration, make application for such renewal to the controlling officer, in accordance with Form No. 10 in the Appendix to these regulations, and produce his current certificate of registration.

(3) Where a renewal of registration is granted, a record thereof shall be entered in the register book aforesaid, and a certificate of such renewal shall be issued to the applicant in the Form No. 9 in the Appendix to these regulations.

Reg. 85F
added by
G.G. 13/1/39,
p. 33.

85F. The fees payable on the registration or on the renewal of registration of a sawmill shall be those set out in the table hereunder, and shall accompany the application for registration or for renewal of registration. Provided that, when application for the first registration of a sawmill is made after the 30th day of June in any year, the fee to be paid in respect of the unexpired portion of such year ending on the next ensuing 31st day of December shall be one-half of the appropriate fee set out in the table hereunder.

Table substituted by G.G. 25/3/55, p. 553.

Table of Fees.

The annual fees shall be:—		£	s.	d.
(a)	Where the maximum number of persons employed or to be employed in connection with the sawmill does not exceed three	10	0	0
(b)	Where such number exceeds three but does not exceed seven	1	0	0
(c)	Where such number exceeds seven but does not exceed fifteen	2	0	0
(d)	Where such number exceeds fifteen but does not exceed thirty	3	10	0
(e)	Where such number exceeds thirty—			
	(i) For the first thirty persons	3	10	0
	(ii) For every additional ten persons	1	0	0
		Up to a maximum of £15.		

Reg. 85G added by G.G. 13/1/39, p. 33.

85G. (1) If at any time during the currency of the registration of a sawmill more persons are employed in connection with such sawmill than the maximum number in regard to which payment of the registration fee has been made for the registration or renewal of registration of such sawmill, the owner or occupier shall forthwith notify the controlling officer of such increase in the number of persons employed as aforesaid, and shall pay the difference between the amount of fee actually paid and the amount of fee which would have been payable if the registration fee had been fixed with regard to the number actually employed at the time aforesaid.

(2) This regulation shall apply and be applied when and as often as an increase in the number of persons employed in connection with a sawmill occurs.

Reg. 85H added by G.G. 13/1/39, p. 33.

85H. (1) A certificate of registration of a sawmill shall not be transferable.

(2) In the event of any change in ownership or location of a registered sawmill taking place, the then current registration of such sawmill shall automatically lapse and become void, but, subject as hereinafter provided, a fresh registration may, upon application being made in accordance with Form No. 11 in the Appendix to these regulations, be obtained for the remainder of the term of the void registration without payment of any fee, provided the controlling officer—

- (a) is notified in writing within fourteen days following any such change of ownership of the full name of the new owner of the sawmill; or
- (b) is supplied with particulars in writing of the new location of the sawmill before such sawmill is used at its new site.

Reg. 85I added by G.G. 13/1/39, p. 33.

85I. The grant of registration by the controlling officer in respect of a sawmill shall not bind the controlling officer or any inspector or operate as an admission that the sawmill registered is free from danger or defect within the meaning of section 21 of the Act; and, notwithstanding that a sawmill is registered, the provisions of the said section 21 shall apply to such sawmill.

Part 8.—Miscellaneous.

First Aid Appliances.

86. At every timber mill where power-driven machinery is used, and at every bush camp, the owner, agent, or manager shall provide and keep a suitable case or locker placed in a position approved by the inspector, such case or locker to be equipped and supplied with the following articles, namely:—1 bottle lysol or other approved disinfectant; 3 dozen bandages (assorted sizes); 2 ounces

castor oil; 8 ounces tincture iodine; 1 pint picric acid solution:— (formula: 1½ teaspoons powdered picric acid, 3 ounces absolute alcohol, 2 pints distilled water); 8 ounces sal volatile; 1 lb. absorbent cotton wool; 1 lb. absorbent lint; 2 packets sterilised plain gauze, 3 in.; 1 reel adhesive plaster, 2 in.; 1 packet safety pins; 1 pair scissors; 1 tourniquet; 1 pair tweezers; 1 glass measure; 2 small enamel bowls; 1 eye dropper; 1 First Aid Manual; splints and stretcher.

Races and Conveyors.

87. Every overhead dust belt race and every overhead conveyor shall have such clearance from the ground to the overhead construction which, in the opinion of the inspector, will enable men who are working on the benches and who are required to pass backwards and forwards in the course of their work to conveniently perform their duties.

88. Every dust belt race and firewood conveyor shall be boxed in on three sides.

Jockeyed Logs.

Reg. 89
amended by
G.G. 8/3/29,
p. 744 and
G.G. 31/5/60,
p. 1498.

89. (a) On every timber holding where logs are jockeyed for the purpose of transport, every jockeyed log shall have a firm bed seat between two other logs.

(b) Where logs are jockeyed more than one high on a set, the jockeyed logs shall be firmly secured by safety chains at each bolster.

(c) Jockeyed logs shall upon all occasions be unloaded first from log hauling motor trucks. A suitable anchor rope or chain shall be provided for the hookman to use on the landing hook, which shall be used by the hookman at all times.

(d) Ends of jockeyed logs shall not project beyond the ends of the logs on the bottom tier.

90. In the unloading of logs from trucks on to the mill skids, all jockeyed logs shall be unloaded before truck chocks are removed.

Mill Landings.

91. Where logs are stacked one above the other at mill landings, the front bottom log shall be securely chocked or fixed to the satisfaction of the inspector. Logs shall not be stacked to a height more than two logs one above the other at any mill landing at a distance of less than 20 feet from the log truck road, or the front of the landing, and where logs are stacked to a greater height they shall be at a distance of not less than 30 feet from the log truck road, or the front of the landing.

92. All log landings shall be provided with suitable chocks, to the satisfaction of the inspector.

Skids at Mill Landings.

93. At every mill log landing to be constructed in future all skids shall be graded to the satisfaction of the district inspector.

94. Where logs are hauled direct to mill log landings by whims or jinkers, skids shall be provided to the satisfaction of the district inspector.

Skids, etc.

95. All skids leading from the breaking-down bench to the rip bench shall be protected with tumblers or constables, to the satisfaction of the inspector. Other benches at which heavy timber is dealt with shall be similarly protected, if so directed by the inspector. Skids leading from one bench to another bench shall be kept clear of all cross-beams, pieces, and stays, and shall be at least two feet apart.

96. All skids and decking shall be kept in a thorough state of repair, to the satisfaction of the inspector.

97. All timber used for the purpose of skids shall be of first class quality, and timber used for decking shall not be of less than second-class quality.

98. At every log landing the space between the first tier of skids shall be kept clear of bark and other refuse to a depth of two feet six inches at the bed log. The unloading hook shall be adjusted before chocks are removed and the hookman shall be clear of the log before signalling the winchman to pull.

Bush Landings.

99. All trees which in the opinion of the district inspector are dangerous to workmen employed in bush landings shall be cleared to his satisfaction.

100. Every bush landing shall be cleared of all trees and stumps to its full loading distance, and all overhanging trees which are likely to fall over any portion of the landing shall be removed.

101. If required by the inspector there shall be provided at every bush landing chocks to prevent logs rolling on to the log line or rolling back towards the workmen.

102. To ensure safe-working all bush landings shall be constructed to the satisfaction of the district inspector.

103. The bush line at landings shall be kept reasonably clear of bark and mud.

104. Every skid at bush log landings from which logs are loaded on to the log truck shall be not less than nine inches diameter at the small end, and shall be firmly secured to bed logs and at the front end of the landing, such skids shall be at the same height as the top of the truck bolsters and shall be constructed for safe working to the satisfaction of the district inspector.

Bush and Mill Landing Hookmen.

Reg. 105
amended by
G.G. 8/3/29,
p. 744 and
G.G. 10/9/54,
p. 1574.

105. At every bush and mill log landing there shall be provided for the hookman a suitable safety rope or chain which shall be used by the hookman. The hook shall be drilled and a shackle and rope attached.

Reg. 105A
added by
G.G. 8/3/29,
p. 745.

105A. (a) There shall be attached to every log-hauling machine a signal or whistle cord to the satisfaction of the district inspector.

(b) Every signal or whistle cord which is attached to a log-hauling machine shall be so placed that, in the event of any rope or cable used for hauling logs breaking, or of any block or appliance used for the purpose of carrying such rope or cable becoming detached from any tree, stump or log to which it has been attached it will be impossible for any part of such rope, cable, block or appliance to strike the person operating the signal or whistle cord.

Space behind Saws.

106. There shall be a space of at least three feet clear at each end of the bench tram track when the longest length of timber is being cut.

General.

107. Where two bench tram tracks are in alignment, or are so constructed that the timber or the men working one bench are likely to interfere with the timber or men working the other bench, the district inspector may require suitable partitions to be erected to his satisfaction. The timber in such partitions shall not be less than 9 in. x 3 in. section.

Reg. 107A,
added by
G.G. 13/1/39,
p. 33.

107A. Every spot bench used for breaking down logs less than ten feet in length shall be equipped with two suitable cant hooks, which shall be retained for exclusive use in connection with the sawing of timber on such bench.

Reg. 107B
added by
G.G. 13/1/39,
p. 33.

107B. Every bench used for breaking down logs shall be equipped with suitable chain dogs and the use of such chain dogs shall be obligatory when breaking down logs over ten feet in length.

108. Where cant hooks are used the manager shall cause the same to be maintained in good order and condition, to the satisfaction of the inspector.

109. Where, at any mill waste timbers or sawdust are destroyed by fire, and the smoke emitted therefrom will in the opinion of the district inspector affect the safe working conditions of the men employed in the mill, the fire dump shall, unless suitable screens or other devices are provided, be located in a position to be approved by the district inspector, and shall be so situated that the smoke from such fire dump will be carried away from the mill by the prevailing wind.

110. Where timber is stacked in loading yards in "block stacks" parallel to the loading line, a space of at least two feet six inches shall be provided between the various stacks in order to allow a free passage for workers when loading or unloading timber.

111. The owner, agent, or manager shall not knowingly employ or permit to be employed in or about any mill, or on or about any bush landing, any person who is under the influence of intoxicating liquor.

112. Any person who whilst under the influence of intoxicating liquor does or attempts to do any work in or about any mill or on or about any bush landing shall be guilty of an offence against this regulation and shall be punishable accordingly.

113. No person who is in the opinion of the district inspector unable to speak the English language intelligibly shall be employed at any work connected with machinery in the mill, or at loading or unloading any timber in the yard, or on the mill premises without the permission in writing of the district inspector.

In the event of the district inspector refusing a permit to any person under this regulation such person or the owner, agent, or manager shall have the right to object to the inspector's decision in the same manner as the owner, agent, or manager may object to comply with a requisition under the provisions of subsection 3 of section 21 of the Act, and such objection shall be heard and determined by a police, resident, or industrial magistrate, as provided for by the said subsection.

Examination of Candidates for Appointment as District Inspector.

114. Every candidate for the position of district inspector shall produce satisfactory references as to his character and reliability, and shall prove to the satisfaction of the Minister that he has had not less than five years' practical experience in the timber industry generally, and shall pass such an examination, to the satisfaction of the Minister, to show that he possesses the following qualifications:—

- (a) A fair standard of general education.
- (b) A sound knowledge of the Act and these regulations.
- (c) A knowledge of the Model By-laws made under the provisions of the Health Act, 1911-19.
- (d) A sound general knowledge of the various operations carried on in the timber industry.
- (e) A sound knowledge of materials used and method of construction of sawmills, bush and mill landing and tram and train lines.
- (f) A knowledge of the dangers to which operatives are exposed by sawmilling machinery.

Appendix.

Form 1
substituted
by G. G.
24/5/40,
p. 1109.

Form No. 1.

Timber Industry Regulation Act, 1926.
(Regulation 12.)

RECORD BOOK.

Manager's Weekly Reports and Inspector's Entries (as required
by sections 11 and 19).

Date.	Particulars of Action Required or Taken.	Signature.

Form No. 2.

Timber Industry Regulation Act, 1926.
(Regulation 13.)

NOTICE OF ACCIDENT.

To the Controlling Officer
District Inspector,

.....
.....

I have to notify you that an accident occurred at.....
.....
on....., 19

The following are the particulars:—

Name of person killed or injured.....
Occupation.....
Residence.....
Where removed to.....
Nature and extent of injury.....
.....
.....
.....

Signature of Manager.

Date.....

Form No. 3.

Timber Industry Regulation Act, 1926
(Regulation 14.)

REQUISITION.

.....19.....

To.....

Owner }
Agent } Delete that which is not applicable.
Manager }

Insert here description and address of the Timber Holding.....
.....

Sir,

Pursuant to the Timber Industry Regulation Act, 1926, I have to inform you that an inspection of.....

was made on the.....day of....., 19....., and I found the following danger or defect exists.....

.....
.....
.....

My reasons for arriving at that conclusion are.....

.....
.....

You are hereby required to remedy such danger or defect forthwith, and to cease to use the following machines or appliances until the danger or defect specified has been remedied.....

.....
.....

.....
District Inspector.

Served on by.....
this day of.....

Form No. 4.

Timber Industry Regulation Act, 1926.
(Regulation 15.)

NOTICE OF APPEAL.

I,of.....being the owner, agent, or manager of....., hereby notify you that I object to comply with the requisition served on me by you under the provisions of section 21 of the Timber Industry Regulation Act, 1926, on....., 19....., and that my grounds of objection are as follows:—

.....
Signature of Appellant.

.....

(Front)

Form 5 substituted by G.G. 8/3/29, p. 745.

Form No. 5.

Timber Industry Regulation Act, 1926. (Regulation 72.)

NOMINATION PAPER FOR ELECTION OF WORKMEN'S INSPECTOR.

To the State Chief Electoral Officer, Returning Officer under the above Act. Perth.

1. We, the undersigned, being persons bona fide employed in the Timber Industry of Western Australia, and duly qualified to vote at the election for which this nomination is made, hereby nominate—

(Here insert names in full of candidate)

(Here insert full address)

as candidate for the position of Workmen's Inspector for the..... District, now vacant.

Dated the..... day of..... 19.....

Table with 2 columns: Signatures (Names in full), Address in Full. Multiple rows for entries.

2. I, the undersigned, hereby agree, if elected, to act in the capacity abovementioned.

3. I submit on back hereof the Statutory Declaration required by the regulations.

Dated at....., this..... day of....., 19.....

Signature.....

Address.....

Received by me this..... day of....., 19....., at..... o'clock in the..... noon.

State Chief Electoral Officer, Returning Officer.

Note.—Nomination Forms may be written or typed in the form as above.

(Reverse)

DECLARATION.
(No. 28 of 1906.)

I, (1).....,
of (2).....,
in the State of Western Australia, (3).....,
do solemnly and sincerely declare that:—

1. My full names are.....
2. My occupation is that of.....
3. My place of residence is.....
4. I was born at.....on the.....day of.....,
and my age is.....years and.....months.
5. I am a British subject.
6. I have been engaged in general practical bush and mill
work in the industry for at least five years, and submit
particulars of such experience marked "A," together
with testimonials marked "B."
7. I am in good health and am physically fit to perform
the duties of a Workmen's Inspector under the Timber
Industry Regulation Act, 1926.
8. All the particulars contained in my Nomination Paper
are correct.

And I make this solemn declaration by virtue of section 106 of
the Evidence Act, 1906.

Declared at..... }
this.....day of.....19..... } (4).....
..... }

Justice of the Peace or Classified
Officer State Public Service.

- (1) Christian name or names and surname of declarant in full.
- (2) Address.
- (3) Calling.
- (4) Ordinary signature of declarant.

Form No. 6.

Timber Industry Regulation Act, 1926.
(Regulation 77.)

Election of Workmen's Inspector.

BALLOT PAPER.

Date of the Close of the Poll.

.....at 5 o'clock p.m.

Full Names and Addresses of Duly Nominated Candidates.

Instructions to Voters.

The method of marking the ballot papers shall be on the optional preferential system as follows:—

- (a) In the case of the election of one workmen's inspector the voter shall mark his vote on the ballot paper by placing the numeral 1 opposite the name of the candidate for whom he votes as his first preference, and he may, if he so desires, give contingent votes for the remaining candidates, or any of them, by placing numerals 2, 3, 4, and so on opposite their names.
- (b) In the case of the election of two workmen's inspectors the voter shall mark his vote on the ballot paper by placing the numerals 1 and 2 opposite the names of the candidates for whom he votes as his first and second preferences, and he may, if he so desires, give contingent votes for the remaining candidates, or any of them, by placing numerals 3, 4, 5, and so on opposite their names.
- (c) When the voter has marked the ballot paper he shall enclose and seal the same in the envelope sent to him for the purpose, and sign the counterfoil with his name in full, and shall then forward such counterfoil and the sealed ballot paper in another envelope to the returning officer.

Initials of Returning Officer.....

Form No. 7.

Timber Industry Regulation Act, 1926.
(Regulation 77.)

Election of Workmen's Inspector.

COUNTERFOIL.

Date of close of Poll....., 19....., at 5 o'clock p.m.
 Name and full Christian names of Voter.....

 Usual signature of Voter.....
 Address of Voter.....

Note.—When the voter has marked the ballot paper he shall enclose and seal the same in the envelope sent to him for the purpose, and sign the counterfoil with his name in full, and shall then forward such counterfoil and the sealed ballot paper in another envelope to the returning officer.

Form 8
inserted by
G.G. 13/1/39,
p. 34.

Form No. 8.

Timber Industry Regulation Act, 1926.

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF A SAWMILL.

To the Controlling Officer,
Timber Industry Regulation Act,
Forests Department, Perth.

I/We, the undersigned, hereby make application to register under
the provisions of the abovementioned Act, a sawmill, the particulars
of which are as follows:—

- Full name of owner.....
- Full name of contractor operating mill.....
- Name of sawmill.....
- Where situated
- Sawmill site permit No..... or private property location
No. and district.....
- Species of timber to be cut.....
- Transport used from bush to mill
- from mill to main line.....
- Length of line connecting mill to siding.....
- No. of locomotives.....
- Is cutting restricted to one class of produce, if so, what?.....
- Source of log supply—Permit No.....; or private property
Loc. Nos.....
- No. of persons employed or to be employed:

	Age of Employee.									Total
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	Over 21	
Falling										
Hauling and delivering at mill landing										
Under mill roof										
Loading and stacking ..										
Tramline construction and maintenance ..										
Other (including man- agement and mill office)										
Total										

Power (electricity, steam, oil, gas, etc.; state also type of engine)
.....

Horse power.....

Estimated capacity (loads of sawn timber per eight-hour day).....

Breaking-down equipment—

Type of carriage.....

Size of saws.....

Other benches, dockers, power-driven crosscuts—

Description.

Size of saw.

Benches:

.....
.....
.....
.....

Dockers:

.....
.....
.....

Power-driven crosscuts:

.....
.....
.....

The registration fee of £..... is forwarded herewith.

(See Reg. 85F amended by G.G. 25/3/55, p. 553.)

The annual fees shall be—	£	s.	d.
(a) Where the maximum number of persons employed or to be employed in connection with the sawmill does not exceed three	10	0	0
(b) Where such number exceeds three but does not exceed seven	1	0	0
(c) Where such number exceeds seven but does not exceed fifteen	2	0	0
(d) Where such number exceeds fifteen but does not exceed thirty	3	10	0
(e) Where such number exceeds thirty—			
(i) For the first thirty persons	3	10	0
(ii) For every additional ten persons	1	0	0
	Up to a maximum of £15.		

I/We declare that the foregoing particulars are true and correct.

Date
Place

.....
Signature of Applicant
for Registration.

For Official Use Only:

Received19....., with fee of £.....
Receipt No.

.....
Receiving Officer.

Registered19....., Certificate No. issued.

.....
Officer's Initials.

Form 9 inserted by G.G. 13/1/39, p. 35.

Form No. 9.

No.

Timber Industry Regulation Act, 1926.

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OF A SAWMILL.

This is to certify that the sawmill specified hereunder is registered under the Timber Industry Regulation Act, 1926, until the day of, 19....., in accordance with the requirements of the said Act and the regulations made thereunder.

Name of sawmill.....
Name of owner or occupier.....
Situated at
Number of persons to be employed
Fees paid £.....
Dated19.....

.....
Controlling Officer,
per

Note.—This certificate is not transferable. If any change occurs in the ownership or location of the plant, this registration becomes void and application for re-registration should at once be made.

This form must be produced when renewal of registration is applied for.

Form 10
inserted by
G.G. 13/1/39,
p. 35.

Form No. 10.

Timber Industry Regulation Act, 1926.

APPLICATION FOR RENEWAL OF REGISTRATION
OF A SAWMILL.

The Controlling Officer,
Timber Industry Regulation Act,
Forests Department, Perth.

I/We hereby apply for renewal of registration of my/our sawmill at now the subject of certificate of registration, dated the day of, 19....., numbered and produced herewith, and enclose the fee of £.....

Number proposed to be employed during year.

	Age of Employee.									
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	Over 21	Total
Falling										
Hauling and delivering at mill landing										
Under mill roof										
Loading and stacking ..										
Tramline construction and maintenance ..										
Other (including man- agement and mill office)										
Total										

The following alterations (if any) to plant have been made or are proposed:—

.....
.....
.....

Signature of Applicant.

Date

Form 11
inserted by
G.G. 13/1/39,
pp. 35-36.

Form No. 11.

Timber Industry Regulation Act, 1926.

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION IN SUBSTITUTION OF
REGISTRATION VOIDED BY CHANGE IN OWNERSHIP OR
CHANGE OF LOCATION OF A REGISTERED SAWMILL.

The Controlling Officer,
Timber Industry Regulation Act,
Forests Department, Perth.

I/We hereby apply, pursuant to regulation 85H of the Timber Industry Regulations, 1927-1938, for registration without payment of fee of the sawmill, the subject of certificate of registration dated the day of, 19....., and numbered and produced herewith, which on the day of, 19....., lapsed and became void by reason of a change in the ownership (or in the location) of the said sawmill.

On the day of, 19....., of
 the owner of the said sawmill named in the certificate of registra-
 tion aforesaid, ceased to be the owner of the said sawmill, and
 I/we the undersigned became and now am/are the owner of such
 sawmill.

My/Our full name (or names) is (or are) as follows:—

My/Our address is as follows:—

or

On the day of, 19....., the said
 sawmill was removed from the site upon which it was previously
 located, namely, to its present site,
 namely

Particulars.

Number of persons proposed to be employed during remainder
 of current registration year.

	Age of Employee.										Total
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	Over 21		
Falling											
Hauling and delivering at mill landing											
Under mill roof											
Loading and stacking ..											
Tramline construction and maintenance ..											
Other (including man- agement and mill office)											
Total											

The following alterations (if any) to plant have been made or
 are proposed:—

.....
 Signature of Applicant.

Date

For Official Use Only:

Received19.....
 Registered19.....
 Certificate No. issued.

.....
 Officer's Initials.