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UNIVERSITY OF WESTERN AUSTRALIA ACT, 1911-1969.

Premier's Department,
Perth, 29th May, 1970.

HIS Excellency the Governor in Executive Council, acting pursuant to the provisions of section 33 of the University of Western Australia Act, 1911-1969, has been pleased to approve of the Statutes made by the Senate of the University of Western Australia and set out in the schedule hereunder.

W. S. LONNIE,
Under Secretary.

Schedule.

Amending Statute No. 1 of 1970.

I. Amendment of Statute No. 7—Matriculation or Admission to the University.

1. Clause 2 is amended—
 - (a) by substituting for subclause (1) the following new subclause:—
 - (1) The Professional Board may admit to matriculant status in the University of Western Australia persons who have gained educational qualifications outside Western Australia. ;
 - (b) by adding a new subclause (3) as follows:—
 - (3) The fee payable upon application for admission to matriculant status under this clause shall be as determined and published by the Senate from time to time.
2. Clause 3 is revoked and clause 4 renumbered as clause 3.
3. A new clause is added after clause 3 to stand as clause 4 as follows—
 4. (1) The conditions for matriculation or for admission to the University under this Statute shall be prescribed in Matriculation Regulations approved by the Senate on the recommendation of the Professorial Board.
 - (2) The Matriculation Regulations shall be administered by the Professorial Board which may delegate any or all of its powers under this Statute to a Matriculation Committee or to such other Committee or Committees as may be required for the proper implementation of this Statute and of the Regulations made under it.
 - (3) The Constitution of the Matriculation Committee, which shall be a permanent Committee of the Professorial Board, shall be as prescribed from time to time by resolution of the Senate on the recommendation of the Board.

II. Amendment of Statute No 8—The Faculties.

Clause 8 is revoked and the following clause substituted—

8. The Faculty of Arts shall consist of the professors and lecturers in the departments of Anthropology, Classics and Ancient History, English, French Studies, Geography, German, History, Italian, Mathematics, Music, Philosophy, Politics, Psychology and such other departments as may from time to time be established within the Faculty, of all the full-time senior tutors, senior demonstrators, tutors and demonstrators in those departments, other than those temporarily holding such appointments, the Professor of Education or his nominee who shall be a full-time member of the teaching staff of the Faculty of Education, the Dean of the Faculty of Economics and Commerce and two other members of that Faculty nominated annually by it, the University Librarian, and such other persons as may from time to time be appointed by the Senate on the nomination of the foregoing, and on the recommendation of the Professorial Board.

III. Amendment of Statute No. 18—Conditions of Awarding Hackett Bursaries and Hackett Studentship and Scholarships.

1. Clause 2 is amended by substituting for the word "Chancellor" in paragraph (a) the words "Vice-Chancellor".

2. Clause 3 is amended by substituting for the word "Chancellor" in sub-clause (10) the words "Vice-Chancellor".

IV. Amendment of Statute No. 19—Professorial Board.

Clause 1 is amended by substituting for paragraph (d) the following new paragraph—

- (d) (i) six Lecturers elected by the Lecturers in the University, such members to hold office for three years except that of the six persons first elected two shall hold office for one year, two for two years and two for three years; and
- (ii) such additional Lecturers as the Board may co-opt, provided that the number of such co-opted members shall not exceed three or such number as the Senate may prescribe from time to time on the recommendation of the Board;

V. Amendment of Statute No. 22—Gledden Trust.

The whole of statute No. 22 is repealed and the following new Statute No. 22 substituted:—

Statute No. 22—Gledden Trust.

Whereas by his Will the late Robert John Gledden left the residue of his estate to the University in trust to use the income "to provide for scholarships in applied science more particularly relating to surveying engineering or mining or cognate subjects" and expressed the hope that "one at least of such scholarships will be a travelling scholarship", it is now provided as follows:

1. (1) The income from the Gledden Trust shall be used to provide for—
 - (a) Overseas Fellowships;
 - (b) Visiting Senior Fellowships;
 - (c) Gledden Tours;
 - (d) Travel Awards;
 - (e) Postgraduate Studentships.
- (2) The Senate, on the recommendation of the Professorial Board, will determine the amount of available income to be allocated to each category of award, provided that sufficient funds are made available each year for two Overseas Fellowships unless the Senate expressly determines otherwise.
- (3) If in any year and in respect of any particular category or categories of award no application for an award is received, or no award made, or a smaller award made than the amount allocated under sub-clause 2), the Professorial Board may during the year transfer to another category or categories of award any unspent or uncommitted allocation.
- (4) Unless the Senate otherwise directs, the unexpended income of any year will be carried forward and become part of the income available for expenditure in the following year.

Part I.—Gledden Overseas Fellowships.

2. The first Gledden Overseas Fellowship awarded each year shall be called the Robert Gledden Overseas Fellowship. The second shall be called the Maude Gledden Overseas Fellowship.

3. If in any year there is, in the opinion of the Professorial Board, no candidate of sufficient merit, no Overseas Fellowship shall be awarded in that year.

4. The annual value of the Overseas Fellowships shall be prescribed from time to time by the Senate on the recommendation of the Professorial Board.

5. The Overseas Fellowships shall be tenable for such periods not exceeding two years as is determined in each case by the Professorial Board.

6. The Professorial Board shall decide what portion of the annual value of the award shall be paid to an Overseas Fellow to whom an award is made for part of a year or who is engaged on work under his Fellowship for part of a year, but the payment shall be at least proportionate to the annual value of the award.

7. The object of the Overseas Fellowships is to enable the Fellows to do post-graduate work, to obtain additional experience, or both, in applied science more particularly relating to surveying, engineering, mining or cognate subjects outside Australia.

8. (1) The Overseas Fellowships will be open to any person whose permanent place of residence is in Western Australia and who is—

(a) a graduate of any recognised university who has either a doctoral degree or three or more years professional experience;

(b) a licensed surveyor who has served articles in Western Australia, has passed the examinations conducted by the Land Surveyors Licensing Board of Western Australia and has had three or more years professional experience since being so licensed.

(2) For the purpose of this clause teaching experience may be accepted as professional experience.

9. A candidate must be not less than twenty-seven nor more than fifty years of age on the 1st July in the year in which he applies and must satisfy the Vice-Chancellor that unless awarded an Overseas Fellowship he would be unable to go overseas to do the work proposed.

10. (1) Any member of the academic staff of the University if qualified may apply for an Overseas Fellowship but if granted one he will not receive any salary from the University while he holds it.

(2) A member of the academic staff of the University may not hold an Overseas Fellowship while on study leave.

11. (1) Each Overseas Fellow will be required to take up his Fellowship by 31st December in the year following that in which it was awarded and to spend at least two-thirds of the term of the Fellowship outside Australia.

(2) He may not during the tenure of his Fellowship engage in any work other than that for which the Fellowship was awarded except with the permission of the Professorial Board.

(3) If he accepts or agrees to accept any continuous and paid employment in connection with the work within the scope of his Fellowship he shall immediately inform the Vice-Chancellor. The Professorial Board shall then decide on what terms and conditions he may continue to hold his Fellowship.

12. (1) Applications for Overseas Fellowships must be submitted to reach the Registrar by a date fixed by him and advertised.

(2) Each application must contain particulars of the applicant's academic and professional qualifications, attainments and experience, of the programme of work he proposes to undertake under the Fellowship, and the time over which he proposes to do it, and of the institutions at which he proposes to do the work.

13. The awards will be made by the Professorial Board after it has considered reports on the candidates from the Faculties concerned and from such other persons or institutions as the Board or its Chairman may request.

14. The Senate may in special circumstances grant an Overseas Fellow a Gledden Travel Award to enable him to visit institutions, establishments or places that he would not otherwise have been able to visit.

15. The amount of the Overseas Fellowship will be paid by such instalments and in such manner as the Vice-Chancellor determines.

16. (1) As soon as practicable after the term of his Fellowship, an Overseas Fellow shall submit to the University a written report of the work he has done and the experience he has gained under the Fellowship, and shall supply to the University free of charge two copies of any thesis or matter written by him on the work done under the Fellowship.

(2) If any such thesis or other matter or part thereof is published the author shall acknowledge in the publication that the work was done by him as a Robert or Maude Gledden Overseas Fellow as the case may be.

(3) If in the opinion of the Professorial Board such thesis or other matter written by the Fellow is of sufficient merit it may recommend to the Senate that a grant be made towards the cost of publishing the thesis or other matter and the Senate may make a grant out of the income of the Gledden Trust subject to such conditions (including the provisions of copies of the published work to the University) as the Senate may think fit.

Part II.—Gledden Visiting Senior Fellowships.

17. The purpose of the Gledden Visiting Senior Fellowships is to provide travel costs or travel costs and living expenses for scholars from outside Western Australia to visit the University and contribute to its work and activities in applied science more particularly relating to surveying, engineering, mining or cognate subjects.

18. The Visiting Senior Fellowships will be open to graduates who have doctoral degrees or qualifications or experience equivalent to doctorates.

19. The awards will be made by the Professorial Board.

20. The period of tenure of a Visiting Senior Fellowship which may vary from one academic term to two years, and the amount of the emoluments and expenses, and any other terms and conditions of a award will be determined after negotiation in each case and shall be the subject of a written agreement between the Fellow and the University.

21. Applications for Visiting Senior Fellowships will be invited by advertisement as and when directed by the Vice-Chancellor.

Part III.—Gledden Tours.

22. The object of the Gledden Tours is to assist students of the University of Western Australia to visit, as part of an organised tour, engineering and other technical works and institutions in Australia.

23. Only those students who have completed not less than three years of a course for a degree in applied science more particularly relating to surveying, engineering, mining or cognate subjects are eligible to take part in a Tour.

24. (1) The Senate shall determine the amount of the grant to be made towards the cost of a Tour on the recommendation of the Professorial Board after it has considered a report from the Faculty organising the Tour.

(2) The grant may include an amount sufficient to cover the cost of travel, board and accommodation of a member of the academic staff appointed by the Faculty as conductor of a Tour.

25. (1) The Dean of the Faculty organising a Tour shall call for applications by notice published on the appropriate notice boards of the University.

(2) Students will be selected for a Tour by the Faculty on the basis of academic merit.

Part IV.—Gledden Travel Awards.

26. The object of the Gledden Travel Awards is to assist members of the staff of the University to gain additional experience relevant to their work at the University by travel overseas to visit engineering works, other technical works and institutions, or to attend Conferences.

27. Only members of the staff who are engaged in research in or in the teaching of applied science more particularly relating to surveying, engineering, mining or cognate subjects are eligible for Travel Awards.

28. (1) Applications for Travel Awards must be submitted to reach the Registrar by a date or dates fixed by him and advertised.

(2) Each application must contain details of the proposed itinerary and programme of visits and full information of other financial assistance sought or granted in connection with the proposed period of travel.

29. The awards will be made by the Senate which shall determine the value of each Travel Award and the terms and conditions under which it shall be granted.

30. The amount of the Travel Award will be paid by such instalments and in such manner as the Vice-Chancellor determines.

Part V.—Gledden Post-graduate Studentships.

31. The annual value of a Gledden Studentship will be prescribed from time to time by the Senate on the recommendation of the Professorial Board.

32. A Studentship shall be awarded for a maximum period of one, two or three years depending upon the nature of the research or study for which the award is made.

33. The object of the Studentship is—

(a) to enable graduates of the University of Western Australia to undertake at overseas universities research or post-graduate study in applied sciences more particularly relating to surveying, engineering, mining or cognate subjects; or

(b) to enable graduates of any recognised university to undertake at the University of Western Australia research or post-graduate study in applied science more particularly relating to surveying, engineering, mining or cognate subjects. In exceptional circumstances the holder of a Studentship may be permitted to undertake part of the research or study at another university or recognised institution in Australia.

34. Only graduates with at least second class Honours or the equivalent of second class Honours are eligible for Studentships.

35. Except with the written permission of the Head of the Department in which he is working, a student may not during the tenure of his Studentship engage in any work other than that for which the Studentship was granted unless such additional work is undertaken at the request of the Head of the Department.

36. (1) Applications for Studentships must be submitted to reach the Registrar by a date fixed by him and advertised.

(2) Each application must contain particulars of the applicant's academic qualifications and the programme of work he proposes to undertake under the Studentship.

37. The awards will be made by the Professorial Board after it has considered reports on the candidates and on the post-graduate work they propose to do obtained from such persons as the Board or its Chairman may request.

38. The amount of the Studentship will be paid by such instalments as the Vice-Chancellor determines, the first of such instalments being payable at the beginning of the Studentship and the remaining instalments at such times as may be decided by the Vice-Chancellor, but only after he has received sufficient evidence that the student is satisfactorily doing the work or course of study for which his Studentship was awarded.

39. (1) At the end of the Studentship the student shall submit to the University a written report on the work or course of study undertaken by him and two copies of any thesis or other matter written by him in connection with his work or course of study.

(2) If any such thesis or other matter or part thereof is published the author shall acknowledge in the publication that the work was done by him during tenure of a Gledden Studentship.

40. (1) A student holding a Studentship is ineligible for any other studentship, fellowship, scholarship or similar award within the gift of the University.

(2) If a student receives an award from any other source during the tenure of his Studentship, the amount of his Studentship may be reduced by such amount as the Professorial Board shall determine.

Delegation.

41. The Professorial Board may from time to time delegate its powers under Clauses 1 (2), 1 (3), 3, 5, 6, 11 (2), 11 (3), 13, 16 (3), 19, 24 (1), 37, and 40 (2), to a committee consisting of such members of the Board as the Board may appoint.

VI. Repeal of Statute No. 26—Overseas Students' Fees.

Statute No. 26 relating to Overseas Students' Fees is hereby repealed.

The Common Seal of the University of Western Australia was hereto affixed by authority of the Senate.

Attested by—
[L.S.]

STANLEY PRESCOTT,
Vice-Chancellor.

STRATA TITLES ACT, 1966-1970.

Crown Law Department,
Perth, 29th May, 1970.

HIS Excellency the Governor in Executive Council, acting in pursuance of the provisions of section 28 of the Strata Titles Act, 1966-1970, has been pleased to make the regulations set out in the schedule hereunder.

W. J. ROBINSON,
Under Secretary for Law.

Schedule.

Regulations.

Principal regulations. 1. In these regulations the Strata Titles Act Regulations, 1967, published in the *Government Gazette* on the 29th September, 1967 and amended by a notice published in the *Government Gazette* on the 2nd April, 1968, the 11th June, 1969 and the 24th February, 1970 respectively, are referred to as the principal regulations.

2. Regulation 5 of the principal regulations is amended by adding after the word "authority" in line five of subparagraph (i) of paragraph (c) the passage "and the Chairman of the Town Planning Board constituted under the Town Planning and Development Act, 1928". Reg. 5 amended.

3. Form 1 of the principal regulations is amended— Form 1 amended.

(a) by adding at the end of column four in the body of the form under the words "Licensed Surveyor" the passage—

"Approved by the Town Planning Board for the purposes of the Strata Titles Act, 1966.

Date.....

Chairman." ; and

(b) by adding at the end of column two at the foot of the form under the passage "Shire/Town Clerk" the passage—

"Town Planning Board.....
Chairman." .

LICENSED SURVEYORS ACT, 1909-1958; TRANSFER OF LAND ACT, 1893-1969.

Office of Titles,
Perth, 29th May, 1970.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to approve of the regulations made by The Land Surveyors' Licensing Board for guidance of surveyors practising under the Transfer of Land Act, 1893-1969, set forth in the schedule hereunder.

O. S. BRINDAL,
Registrar of Titles.

Schedule.
Regulations.

1. In these regulations the Regulations for the Guidance of Surveyors Practising under the Transfer of Land Act, 1893, published in the *Government Gazette* on the 28th November, 1961, and amended from time to time thereafter by regulations published in the *Government Gazette*, are referred to as the principal regulations. Principal regulations.

2. Regulation 6 of the principal regulations is amended— Reg. 6 amended.

(a) by substituting for the word "cost" in line one the words "a reasonable" ; and

(b) by substituting for the words "Registrar of Titles" in line one the words "Government Printer".

3. Regulation 38 of the principal regulations is amended by substituting for the words "Registrar of Titles" in line three the words "Government Printer". Reg. 38 amended.

HEALTH ACT, 1911-1968.

Public Health Department,
Perth, 29th May, 1970.

P.H.D. 297/66; Ex. Co. 1314.

HIS Excellency the Governor in Executive Council, acting pursuant to the provisions of the Health Act, 1911-1968, has been pleased to make the regulations set forth in the schedule hereunder.

W. S. DAVIDSON,
Commissioner of Public Health.

Schedule.

CONSTRUCTION CAMP REGULATIONS.**PART I.—PRELIMINARY.**

Regulations.

- Citation. 1. These regulations may be cited as the Construction Camp Regulations.
- Parts. 2. These regulations are divided into parts as follows—
PART I.—PRELIMINARY—Regulations 1—4.
PART II.—GENERAL REGULATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION CAMPS—Regulations 5-27.
PART III.—CARAVANS IN CONSTRUCTION CAMPS—Regulations 28-46.
PART IV.—PENALTY—Regulation 47.
- Commencement. 3. These regulations shall not apply to construction camps already in existence at the date of commencement of these regulations, until the expiration of a period of six months from that date.
- Onus. 4. The onus of complying with these regulations shall unless otherwise provided rest with the occupier of the construction camp.

PART II.—GENERAL REGULATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION CAMPS.

- Definitions. 5. In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires—
“artificial light” means light sufficient to illuminate the entire room at five lumens per square foot of general illumination, measured on a horizontal plane three feet above the floor;
“construction camp” means any camp used for a duration of more than three months though not necessarily in the one location, for the accommodation of a work force of more than twenty-five persons in conjunction with—
(a) the construction of a railway line or siding;
(b) the construction, structural alteration or demolition of—
(i) a building;
(ii) a dock, wharf, jetty, pier, breakwater, tunnel, dam, viaduct, reservoir, pipeline, gasholder; and
(iii) waterworks or sewerage works;
(c) the preparation of an area for mining operations; and
(d) any other work that requires a temporary resident work force,
but does not include—
(e) camps used for defence purposes; and
(f) wayside camps or drovers or teamsters;

“dining room” means a dining room in any construction camp to which this Part of these regulations applies;

“kitchen” means a kitchen in any construction camp to which this Part of these regulations applies;

“occupier” means a person having the charge, management or control of premises, and where two or more persons share or jointly have the charge, management or control of premises, each of those persons;

“sleeping quarters” means sleeping quarters in any construction camp to which this Part of these regulations applies.

6. This Part of these regulations does not apply to caravans in construction camps. Application.

7. Every sleeping quarters shall—

- (a) have at least one door of at least 2 feet 6 inches in width and 6 feet 6 inches in height; and
- (b) be provided with artificial light.

Doors and
light in
sleeping
quarters.

8. Every sleeping quarters shall contain not less than four hundred cubic feet of air space calculated for each person who sleeps in the quarters, and for the purpose of this regulation any air space more than ten feet above floor level shall be disregarded.

Air space
in sleeping
quarters.

9. Every sleeping quarters shall be ventilated—

- (a) by the provision of a window or windows, which when opened, either singly or in the aggregate, provide an open space—
- (i) that has a minimum area of 5 square feet for each 100 square feet of floor area;
- (ii) the highest part of which is within 18 inches of the ceiling line; and
- (iii) that provides direct uncontrolled ventilation to the external air; or
- (b) by permanent ventilation consisting of 24 square inches of uncontrolled ventilation for each 100 square feet of floor area; or
- (c) by a system of mechanical ventilation giving not less than six changes of air per hour.

Ventilation
of sleeping
quarters.

10. Every sleeping quarters shall have a space of not less than 3 feet between each bed.

Space
between
beds.

11. No person shall be permitted to prepare or partake of a meal in any sleeping quarters, except when a person is confined to those quarters by ill-health.

Cooking
prohibited
in sleeping
quarters.

12. (1) Every kitchen shall be ventilated by one of the following methods—

Ventilation
of kitchen.

(a) by natural ventilation consisting of—

- (i) one or more windows placed in an external wall, so constructed that portion of the windows equal to at least one-twentieth of the floor area of the room can be opened and portion of each such window extends to at least 6 feet 6 inches above the floor level; and
- (ii) by registers, vents, cowls or ducts, fixed in or near the ceiling boxed in and having a baffle of 2 inches clear above the boxing and extending three inches beyond it on all sides, so as to provide an effective airway of not less than one square inch for each 2 square feet of floor area; or

(b) by a system of mechanical ventilation giving not less than fifteen complete changes of air per hour.

- (2) For the purposes of subparagraph (i) of paragraph (a.) of subregulation (1) of this regulation, where a kitchen is fitted with a door—
- (a) the upper half of which moves independently of the lower half;
 - (b) which is fitted in an external wall; and
 - (c) which extends to at least 6 feet 6 inches above floor level, the area of the upper half of that door may be regarded as the opening portion of a window.
- Kitchen stoves.** 13. Every stove in a kitchen shall have a hood connected to a ventilation shaft sufficient to carry away all steam and cooking odours.
- Kitchen protection against insects.** 14. (1) The windows, doorways and other openings in every kitchen shall be screened with a fine mesh to exclude the ingress of flies and other insects.
(2) Food in any kitchen not being prepared and not in the refrigerator shall be kept in fly proof cupboards.
- Kitchen floor.** 15. Every kitchen floor shall be of an impervious material.
- Kitchen facilities.** 16. Every kitchen shall be equipped with—
- (a) a stainless steel sink for dishwashing;
 - (b) a stainless steel wash trough for washing pots and larger kitchen utensils;
 - (c) a handbasin supplied with hot and cold water, soap, nail-brush and disposable paper towels;
 - (d) an adequate supply of hot water available at all times;
 - (e) food preparation tables with a smooth impervious washable surface of a material other than lino;
 - (f) adequate refrigerated storage for keeping perishable foods;
 - (g) a sufficient number of rubbish receptacles with a smooth impervious surface and tight fitting lid, for the reception of food scraps; and
 - (h) artificial light.
- Kitchen cleansing.** 17. (1) Every kitchen and all its facilities shall be maintained in a clean and efficient condition.
(2) To enable cleansing to be carried out in the kitchen—
- (a) stoves, not sealed against a wall, shall be positioned at least 3 inches clear of the wall;
 - (b) benches and fixtures not built into the floor, shall be at least 15 inches clear of the floor; and
 - (c) all cupboards and other fixtures and all walls and ceilings shall have smooth impervious washable surfaces.
- Dining room space.** 18. Every dining room shall contain at least 11 square feet of space for each person it accommodates.
- Ventilation of dining room.** 19. Every dining room shall be ventilated—
- (a) by controllable ventilation and by permanent ventilation consisting of 24 square inches of uncontrolled ventilation for every 100 square feet of area; or
 - (b) by a system of mechanical ventilation giving not less than eight complete changes of air per hour.
- Construction and lighting of dining room.** 20. Every dining room—
- (a) shall be lined and ceiled;
 - (b) shall have walls with a smooth impervious washable surface to a height of at least six feet;
 - (c) shall have floors of an impervious material;
 - (d) shall have window areas of ten square feet for every hundred square feet of floor space; and
 - (e) shall be provided with artificial light.

21. The windows, doorways and other openings in the dining room shall be screened with a fine mesh to exclude the ingress of flies and other insects. Dining room insect protection.
22. Every dining room— Tables.
- (a) shall have tables with a smooth impervious washable surface of a material other than lino; and
- (b) shall have at least 2 feet of space at a dining table for every person it accommodates.
23. Every construction camp shall provide— Sanitary and ablutionary facilities.
- (a) for males—
- (i) one closet to every 15 employees;
- (ii) one urinal stall or 1 foot 9 inches of urinal space at a urinal stall for every 20 employees;
- (iii) one shower to every 15 employees; and
- (iv) either one wash basin to every 15 employees or an equivalent trough with taps spaced two feet apart;
- (b) for females—
- (i) one closet to every 10 employees;
- (ii) one shower to every 15 employees; and
- (iii) either one wash basin to every 15 employees or an equivalent trough with taps spaced two feet apart.
24. In every construction camp— Closets.
- (a) closet shall be connected to the water carriage system of disposal wherever possible;
- (b) where a closet is not connected to the water carriage system of disposal it shall be so constructed as to be completely fly proof.
25. All plumbing fixtures and fittings at a construction camp shall be in accordance with the standards laid down in the by-laws made under the Country Towns Sewerage Act, 1948. Plumbing standards.
26. (1) In every construction camp there shall be provided one set of 2 troughs and a copper, or 2 troughs and a washing machine for every 10 employees. Laundry facilities.
- (2) Where a washing machine is provided it must be connected to a hot water supply or have its own element capable of heating the water.
- (3) Clothes hoist or lines shall be provided in sufficient quantity to cater for the needs of the employers.
27. (1) A sufficient supply of potable water for drinking purposes shall be provided at every construction camp. Water supply.
- (2) All tanks and vessels used for the storage of drinking water shall be so constructed and covered as to prevent water stored therein from becoming polluted or contaminated.

PART III.—CARAVANS USED IN CONSTRUCTION CAMPS.

28. In this Part of these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires— Definitions.
- “ablutionary or sanitary caravan” means a structure with either fixed or retractable wheels and axles, designed for use as an ablutionary or sanitary block, so constructed as to be movable by towing and used in a construction camp;
- “artificial light” means light sufficient to illuminate the entire room at five lumens per square foot of general illumination, measured on a horizontal plane three feet above the floor;
- “construction camp” means any camp used for a duration of more than three months though not necessarily in the one location, for the accommodation of a work force of more than twenty-five persons in conjunction with—
- (a) the construction of a railway line or siding;

(b) the construction, structural alteration or demolition of—

- (i) a building;
 - (ii) a dock, wharf, jetty, pier, breakwater, tunnel, dam, viaduct, reservoir, pipeline, gasholder; and
 - (iii) waterworks or sewerage works;
- (c) the preparation of an area for mining operations; and
- (d) any other work that requires a temporary resident work force,

but does not include—

- (e) camps used for defence purposes; and
- (f) wayside camps of drovers or teamsters;

“dining caravan” means a structure with either fixed or retractable wheels and axles, designed for use as a dining room, so constructed as to be movable by towing, and used in a construction camp;

“kitchen caravan” means a structure with either fixed or retractable wheels and axles, designed for use as a kitchen, so constructed as to be movable by towing and used in a construction camp;

“office caravan” means a structure with either fixed or retractable wheels and axles, designed for use as an office, so constructed as to be movable by towing, and used in a construction camp;

“residential caravan” means a structure with either fixed or retractable wheels and axles, designed for use as a dwelling for human occupation, so constructed as to be movable by towing, and used in a construction camp;

“sleeping caravan” means a structure with either fixed or retractable wheels and axles, designed for use as sleeping compartments for human occupation, so constructed as to be movable by towing, and used in a construction camp;

“toilet compartment” means a compartment designed to accommodate a chemical closet or a water closet used in a construction camp.

Floor areas in residential caravans.

29. (1) Residential caravans shall have a floor area of not less than 80 square feet and the total floor area shall be ascertained from external measurements taken at floor level.

(2) A floor area of 40 square feet per person shall be provided for each adult or child over 10 years of age.

(3) A floor area of 20 square feet shall be provided for each of the first two children under 10 years of age and 40 square feet each for any children under 10 years of age in excess of two.

Ceiling heights in residential caravans.

30. The ceiling height of a residential caravan shall not be less than 6 feet 6 inches.

Toilet compartments in relation to food preparation.

31. A toilet compartment shall not open directly into that part of a caravan used for food preparation.

Separate sleeping compartments.

32. (1) Except for married couples and for children under 10 years of age, there shall be separate sleeping compartments for males and females.

(2) Every sleeping compartment for an adult shall be at least 6 feet 3 inches in one plan dimension.

Sleeping compartment dimensions.

33. (1) The dimensions of each sleeping compartment shall be such that there is 180 cubic feet for each person intended to be accommodated therein.

(2) Each sleeping compartment shall have a locker or wardrobe for storage of clothes.

34. The windows, doorways and other openings in dining and kitchen caravans shall be screened with fine mesh to exclude the ingress of flies and other insects. Fly wire.
35. Every dining caravan shall have— Dining caravans.
- (a) tables with a smooth impervious washable surface; and
 - (b) at least 1 foot 10 inches of space at a dining table for every person it accommodates.
36. (1) Every kitchen caravan shall be equipped with— Kitchen caravans.
- (a) cooking facilities complying with paragraph (d) of regulation 44 of these regulations;
 - (b) a double bowl stainless steel sink for dish-washing;
 - (c) a handbasin supplied with hot and cold water, soap, nail-brush and disposable paper towels;
 - (d) food preparation tables or benches with a smooth impervious washable surface;
 - (e) adequate refrigeration storage for keeping perishable foods;
 - (f) a sufficient number of rubbish receptacles with a smooth impervious surface and tight fitting lid, for the reception of food scraps; and
 - (g) artificial light.
- (2) Food in a kitchen caravan not being prepared and not in a refrigerator shall be kept in fly proof cupboards or containers.
37. In addition to office fittings, an office caravan may be fitted with a separate sleeping compartment complying with the requirements set out in regulation 33 of these regulations. Office caravan.
38. (1) Where no fixed ablutionary and sanitary facilities are provided in a construction camp, ablutionary and sanitary caravans shall be used. Ablutionary and sanitary caravans.
- (2) Ablutionary and sanitary caravans shall be fitted with water closets, showers, and wash basins in accordance with the requirements of regulation 23 of these regulations.
- (3) All plumbing fixtures and fittings shall be in accordance with the standards laid down in the by-laws made under the Country Towns Sewerage Act, 1948.
- (4) Provision shall be made on the outlets of wash basins and showers for connection to an external method of liquid waste disposal.
39. (1) All materials used in the construction of a caravan to which these regulations apply shall be of a suitable nature and quality for the purposes for which they are used and the methods of using the materials shall be according to accepted practice in the trade. Materials used in caravan construction.
- (2) The materials used for the construction of the outer skin of a caravan used in a construction camp, shall not be inferior to those faces on which the effective spread of flame neither exceeds 12 inches (30.5 cm.) during the first 1½ minutes, nor exceed 33 inches (83.9 cm.) after 10 minutes.
40. (1) In a caravan used in a construction camp, the requirements for internal linings adjacent to any appliance which gives off heat shall be in accordance with the following standards— Internal linings.
- (a) for solid fuel appliances B.S. Code of Practice CP. 340;
 - (b) for butane or propane gas B.S. Code of Practice CP. 339 Part 2; and
 - (c) for electricity S.A.A. Code C.C.7.
- (2) Linings not referred to in subregulation (1) of this regulation shall be in accordance with the Code of Practice and linings outside the areas of the Code of Practice shall, when finished, have surfaces not inferior to that required for the outer skin by regulation 39 of these regulations and finishes based on nitro-cellulose shall not be used.

- Design and construction. 41. A caravan used in a construction camp shall be so designed and constructed that—
- (a) the structure shall be capable of sustaining and transmitting the dead load, imposed loads and horizontal and inclined forces to which it may be subjected in the service in which it is used;
 - (b) the external construction of the caravan shall adequately resist the penetration of weather and dampness;
 - (c) the external walls, roof and floor shall be of such materials and be so constructed, excluding glazed areas, that the thermal transmittance co-efficient to external surfaces is not more than 0.30;
 - (d) condensation on the surface of the inner walls and partitions is avoided without the necessity for lowering the inside temperature or increasing the ventilation beyond the levels required for health and comfort;
 - (e) every living compartment shall be provided with windows or skylights, the total area of which shall be not less than one-tenth the floor area of that compartment;
 - (f) the roof shall discharge rainwater clear of windows and doors.
 - (g) any fixed partitions separating sleeping compartments from other parts of the caravan together with hinged or sliding doors, shall for the purpose of obtaining some degree of fire protection, completely separate the two compartments between which they are used;
 - (h) each separate compartment other than a toilet compartment shall be provided with a satisfactory means of escape by—
 - (i) a door of not less than 22 inches clear opening;
 - (ii) an escape panel of not less than 4 square feet clear opening with sides of not less than 18 inches and with its lower edge preferably not more than 2 feet 6 inches above floor level, but never more than 3 feet above floor level; or
 - (iii) a window which gives direct access to the open air in the event of fire and top hinged windows shall open through at least 70° and shall automatically stay full open until closed manually;
 - (i) where it is a residential caravan there shall be at least two access doors spaced well apart or one door and adequate escape hatches, the door or doors shall open outwards and be of not less than 22 inches clear opening and shall be on the near side of the caravan and be hinged to the front.
- Artificial light. 42. Every caravan used in a construction camp shall have means of providing artificial light either by gas or electricity.
- Residential caravans. 43. Every residential caravan shall be equipped with—
- (a) adequate cooking facilities;
 - (b) a fixed sink, the waste pipe of which shall discharge outside the caravan;
 - (c) an adequate food storage cupboard; and
 - (d) a refrigerator.
- Internal equipment. 44. The installation of internal equipment in a caravan used in a construction camp shall where applicable comply with the following standards—
- (a) Any electrical installations shall comply with S.A.A. Code No. C.C.7.—Wiring of Caravans and Caravan Parks.
 - (b) Any installation for the use of propane or butane gas shall comply with B.S. Code of Practice CP. 339. Part 2 (1956).
 - (c) Light fittings shall comply with S.A.A. Code C.C.7. for electricity and B.S. Code of Practice CP. 339. Part 2 for gas.

- (d) Electrical cooking appliances shall comply with the S.A.A. Code No. C.C. 7.—Wiring of Caravans and Caravan Parks and gas burning cooking appliances shall comply with B.S. Code of Practice CP. 339. Part 2.
- (e) All appliances shall be heat insulated from any combustible part of the caravan in the manner required in the B.S. Code of Practice CP. 339. Part 2 and a shield of non-combustible material shall be provided over the exposed vertical surface adjacent to and immediately above any hot-plate to a height of not less than 12 inches and extending beyond the sides of the appliance to a distance of not less than 16 inches and where a protective shield complying with the requirements of Clause 308 of B.S. Code of Practice CP. 339. Part 2 is provided, this may be extended to conform to the above requirements.
- (f) Water heating appliances shall comply with B.S. Code of Practice CP. 339. Part 2 for Butane or Propane Gas, S.A.A. Code C.C.7. for electricity and B.S. Code of Practice CP.340 for solid fuel.
- (g) Chemical closets shall comply with the requirements of British Standard 2081—Portable closets for use with chemicals.
- (h) Flushing water closets shall have provision on the pan outlet for connection to an external drainage system and shall be fed from a cold water storage cistern on the site distribution system via a flushing cistern complying with Metropolitan Water Board or Country Water Supply (Sewerage) Regulations.
- (i) Boxed in compartments and cupboards shall be easily accessible for cleaning purposes.
45. Fixed ventilation shall be provided in caravans used in construction camps— Fixed ventilation.
- (a) at the base of cookers and hotplates to ensure complete combustion of the fuel;
- (b) overhead, to remove products of combustion and cooking smells;
- (c) in gas container lockers in accordance with the requirements of B.S. Code of Practice CP. 339. Part 2;
- (d) in solid fuel fire installations in accordance with the requirements of B.S. Code of Practice CP. 340;
- (e) in food storage cupboards and lockers equally at the bottom and the top, each vent having a nett minimum area of 0.2 square inches per cubic foot of interior volume, calculated on the open space when the vents are covered with a vermin proof shield and shelves shall be so designed as to permit the passage of a current of air from the bottom vent to the top one;
- (f) in totally enclosed fold-away beds, to permit a flow of air, but vents should not communicate directly with the air outside the caravan;
- (g) in wardrobes and bedlockers, to permit a flow of air from the bottom to the top, between ventilators, but vents should not communicate directly with the air outside the caravan;
- (h) in toilet compartments, at floor level near the chemical closet or water closet pan, and shall have not less than 4½ square inches effective opening.
46. In addition to permanent ventilation, adjustable ventilation shall be installed, in caravans used in construction camps, either in the roof or at a high level, in small bedrooms, over cookers and hot plates and in the toilet compartment to cater for adverse conditions requiring windows to be shut. Adjustable ventilation.

PART IV.—PENALTY.

47. Any person who by act of omission contravenes or fails to comply with any of these regulations commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a penalty not exceeding two hundred dollars. Penalty.

HEALTH ACT, 1911-1968.

The Municipality of the City of Fremantle.

By-law Relating to Removal of House and Trade Refuse.

P.H.D. 589/65.; Ex. Co. 1415.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon it by the abovementioned Act and of all other powers enabling it the Council of the abovementioned Municipality hereby records having resolved on the 15th day of December 1969 to make and submit for confirmation by the Governor the following By-laws:—

1. The existing Fremantle Health By-law No. 231 is hereby repealed.
2. The following Health By-laws are hereby substituted for the existing Health By-law No. 231:—

Health By-law—Removal of House and Trade Refuse.

1. In the construction of this By-law, unless the context otherwise requires:—

“Refuse” is defined to be of six classes:

- (a) Household refuse.
- (b) General Refuse.
- (c) Light Bulk Refuse.
- (d) Heavy Bulk Refuse.
- (e) Swill.
- (f) Liquid Refuse.

“Household Refuse” includes all types of dry domestic refuse.

“General Refuse” includes all types of dry refuse capable of being contained in an approved container not exceeding four and one half cubic feet capacity.

“Light Bulk Refuse” shall include paper, cardboard, cartons and general refuse in quantities not capable of being contained in an approved container and exceeding four and one half cubic feet.

“Heavy Bulk Refuse” shall include metal wastes and trade wastes not being general refuse or light bulk refuse.

“Swill” shall include pig swill as defined by the Health Act.

“Liquid Refuse” shall mean liquid removed from grease traps or impervious receptacles and shall include the contents removed from septic tanks and all types of soak wells and sullage wastes.

2. “The Health Act” means the Health Act, 1911-1968 and Amendments.

3. “Approved Container” shall mean:

(A) A metal or plastic container for household and general refuse having the following characteristics:—

- (1) It shall be leak proof.
- (2) It shall be provided with two handles and fitted with a close fitting lid, the lip of which overhangs the top edge of the container by not less than one and a half inches.
- (3) If metal, it shall not be less than 26 gauge in thickness nor more than 22 gauge in thickness.
- (4) If plastic, it shall be of sufficient rigidity and quality as not to distort or damage easily.
- (5) It shall have a capacity of not less than two cubic feet and not more than four and one half cubic feet, and/or

(B) A rust proofed metal holder incorporating a tight fitting lid and having fastened to such holder a two ply moisture resistant or other approved type of disposable refuse container, and/or

(C) A metal container for the reception of household refuse supplied at designated premises by the City of Fremantle

4. The City of Fremantle shall execute and continue the removal of household and general refuse from premises within the district at least once weekly, provided the approved container and contents other than that mentioned in (C) of the definition of approved container does not exceed 30 lbs. avoirdupois in weight.

5. The City of Fremantle may execute and continue the removal of light bulk refuse, heavy bulk refuse and swill as arranged with occupiers.

6. No person (not exempted by the Council under Section 112A or by Section 114 of the Health Act) shall within the district execute or undertake the removal of refuse from premises, so long as the City of Fremantle executes or continues or is prepared and willing to execute or continue the removal from premises within the district.

7. At all times the occupier of premises shall:—

- (A) Provide an approved container or containers for the deposit and collection of household and general refuse.
- (B) Keep and maintain the container or containers used for the deposit and collection of household and general refuse in a clean and hygienic condition and free from liquid.
- (C) Swill shall be kept in leak proof metal or plastic containers maintained expressly for that purpose and shall be kept in the same condition as the conditions applicable to household and general refuse containers.
- (D) All containers used for household or general refuse shall at all times have the lid securely closed, except when refuse is being deposited or the container or containers are being emptied.

8. At all times the occupier of premises requiring light bulk refuse and/or heavy bulk refuse removed from premises by the City of Fremantle shall deposit same:—

- (a) In heaps and in position so that the same may be easily collected and removed.
- (b) In such condition as to create no nuisance.

9. The prescribed fees and charges for the collection and disposal by the City of Fremantle of household and general refuse of a quantity not exceeding four and one half cubic feet per service, per occupier shall be provided for in the general rate imposed on all properties.

- (a) A charge of Ten Dollars (\$10.00) per annum shall be levied against all non-ratable properties for the collection and disposal of household and general refuse of a quantity not exceeding four and one half cubic feet per service.
- (b) The charge levied for the collection and disposal of light bulk refuse shall be five cents (5c) per cubic foot of material removed, provided that a minimum charge of One Dollar (\$1.00) shall be levied for each special service.
- (c) The charge levied for the collection and disposal of heavy bulk refuse shall be the cost to the City of Fremantle in carrying out such service, provided that a minimum charge of One Dollar (\$1.00) shall be levied for each special service.
- (d) The charge levied for the collection and disposal of swill shall be seven cents (7c) per cubic foot of swill removed, provided that a minimum charge of One Dollar (\$1.00) per service shall be levied in respect to all licensed hotels and a minimum charge of fifty cents (50c) per service levied in respect of all other premises.

10. Owners of premises designated by the Local Authority and in particular home units and flat developments containing more than fifteen units shall construct in conformity with the standardised plan of the Local Authority, a shelter to house the approved container designated in paragraph (c) under the definition of "approved container" and it shall be obligatory for each occupier to deposit all household and general refuse therein. The City of Fremantle shall remove this receptacle at such frequency as directed by the Chief Health Inspector. All household refuse shall be wrapped or contained in disposable containers before being deposited in this container. Where chutes are incorporated for refuse disposal it shall be obligatory upon the owner/s of multiple unit dwellings to supply to each tenant disposable containers. Any person who deposits refuse other than wrapped or contained in disposable containers in the container supplied by the City of Fremantle for the collection of refuse commits an offence and renders themselves liable to the penalty incorporated in this By-law.

Penalties for Breaches of By-laws.

Where anything directed to be done or forbidden to be done by this By-law or where authority is given to any officer to direct or forbid anything to be done and such act so directed to be done remains undone or such act forbidden to be done, is done, in every such case the person making default as to such direction and prohibition respectively shall be deemed guilty of a breach of this By-law and shall be liable for every such offence besides the costs or expenses which may be incurred in the taking of proceedings against such person guilty of such offence to a penalty not exceeding Forty Dollars (\$40.00) for every breach of this By-law or to a penalty not exceeding Four Dollars (\$4.00) for each day during which such breach shall be committed or continued, and in addition to such penalty shall be liable to pay to the Local Authority any expense incurred by such authority in consequence of any breach or non-observance of this by-law, or in the execution of any work directed to be executed and not so executed.

Passed by the City of Fremantle the 15th day of December, 1969.

The Common Seal of the City of Fremantle was hereto affixed this 19th day of December, 1969, pursuant to a resolution passed the 15th day of December, 1969 in the presence of—

[L.S.]

W. FRED. SAMSON,
Mayor.

S. W. PARKS,
Town Clerk.

Recommended—

W. S. DAVIDSON,
Commissioner of Public Health.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 28th day of May, 1970.

W. S. LONNIE,
Clerk of the Council.

HEALTH ACT, 1911-1968.

Shire of Koorda.

P.H.D. 1472/58; Ex. Co. 1496.

WHEREAS under the provisions of the Health Act, 1911-1968, a local authority may make or adopt by-laws and may alter, amend or repeal any by-laws so made or adopted: Now, therefore, the Shire of Koorda, being a local authority within the meaning of the Act and having adopted the Model By-laws, described as Series "A", as reprinted in the *Government Gazette* on the 17th July, 1963, and amended from time to time, doth hereby resolve and determine that the amendments published in *Government Gazettes* on 20th March, 1964, 8th January, 1965, 14th April, 1966, 12th October, 1967, 30th July, 1968, 23rd November, 1968, 17th December, 1968, 7th March, 1969, and 13th August, 1969, shall be adopted without modification.

Passed at a meeting of the Koorda Shire Council this 13th day of May, 1970.

R. DOWNIE,
President.

W. FELGATE,
Shire Clerk.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council, this 4th day of June, 1970.

W. S. LONNIE,
Clerk of the Council.

WESTERN AUSTRALIAN MARINE ACT, 1948-1968.

Harbour and Light Department,
Fremantle, 4th June, 1970.

H. & L. 149/64.

HIS Excellency the Governor in Executive Council acting pursuant to the provisions of the Western Australian Marine Act, 1948-1968, has been pleased to make the regulations set forth in the schedule hereunder so that the regulations have effect on and after the 1st September, 1970.

A. M. FULLER,
Manager.

Schedule.

Regulations.

- Principal regulations. 1. In these regulations the Regulations for the Examination of Applicants for Masters, Mates, Coxswain, Engineers, Marine Motor Engine Drivers and Marine Surveyors made under the provisions of the Western Australian Marine Act, 1948, as published in the *Government Gazette* on the 15th March, 1950 and reprinted pursuant to the Reprinting of Regulations Act, 1954 in the *Government Gazette* on the 1st October, 1968 as amended pursuant to the provisions of the Decimal Currency Act, 1965 and further amended by notice published in the *Government Gazette* on the 25th March, 1970 are referred to as the principal regulations.
- Reg. 20A added. 2. The principal regulations are amended by adding after regulation 20 a heading and regulation as follows—
- Coxswain—Instructor of a Commercial Ski Boat.
- 20A. Candidates—
- (a) shall be not less than 19 years of age;
 - (b) shall have had at least one year's experience in a speedboat;
 - (c) shall hold the Commercial Ski Operators rating as Ski Instructor issued by the Western Australian Water Ski Association;
 - (d) shall hold a First Aid Certificate issued by the St. John Ambulance Association; and
 - (e) shall be required to pass an examination in—
 - (i) the rule of the road;
 - (ii) practical boat handling;
 - (iii) ski-ing regulations as applicable to private pleasure craft; and
 - (iv) colour and sight tests.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960-1970.

The Municipality of the City of South Perth.

Draft Model By-law Relating to Street Lawns and Gardens—No. 11.

L.G. 244/63.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon it by the abovementioned Act and of all other powers enabling it the Council of the abovementioned Municipality hereby records having resolved on the 26th day of November 1969 to make and submit for confirmation by the Governor the following amendments to the Local Government Model By-laws (Street Lawns and Gardens) No. 11, published in the *Government Gazette* on the 7th day of February, 1963 and adopted by the said Council pursuant to the said Act on the 3rd day of July, 1963:—

1. By-law 2 be amended by adding thereto the following new definitions:—

“owner of a vehicle” means the person who is the holder of the requisite vehicle licence issued under the Traffic Act, 1919 in respect of that vehicle or if the vehicle is not licensed under that Act the person who owns the vehicle or is entitled to possession of it.

“the Council” means the Council of the City of South Perth.
2. By-law 12 be amended by adding the following new sub-bylaws after sub-bylaw (2):—
 - (3) The owner of a vehicle, if so required by a member of the Police Force or an officer of the Council, shall inform the member or officer as to the identity and address of the driver or person in charge of the vehicle at the time when an offence is alleged to have been committed against sub-bylaw (1) of this by-law by the driver or person in charge of the vehicle.
 - (4) Where an offence is alleged to have been committed against sub-by-law (1) of this by-law by the driver or person in charge of a vehicle and the owner of the vehicle at the time the offence was alleged to have been committed, fails when required so to do, within seven (7) days of the commission of the alleged offence, to inform a member of the Police Force or an officer of the Council as to the identity and address of the person who was the driver or person in charge of the vehicle at that time, the owner shall be deemed to be the person who committed that offence and shall be liable to the penalty prescribed in respect thereof provided that it shall be a defence to a charge laid pursuant to the provisions of this sub-bylaw that the owner could not reasonably have been aware of the identity of the driver or person in charge or that the vehicle was stolen or being unlawfully used at the time the offence was alleged to have been committed.
 - (5) Where the member of the Police Force requiring information to be given pursuant to sub-bylaw (4) or the Town Clerk for the time being of the Council is satisfied that the owner could not reasonably have been aware of the identity of the driver or person in charge or that the vehicle was stolen or being unlawfully used at the time an offence was alleged to have been committed under sub-bylaw (1) of this by-law no proceedings shall be taken against the owner.
 - (6) The driver or person in charge of a vehicle upon being so required by a member of the Police Force or an officer of the Council who alleges that such driver or person has committed an offence against this By-law shall furnish the member or officer of the Council with his full name and address.
3. A new By-law be added after By-law 12 as follows:—
 - 12A. The Council may in writing under the hand of the Town Clerk appoint an officer or officers to carry out the powers and duties conferred by this by-law.

Dated this 8th day of May, 1970.

The Common Seal of the City of South Perth was hereunto affixed in the presence of—

[L.S.]

J. G. BURNETT,
Mayor.
P. J. BENNETT,
Town Clerk.

Recommended—

G. C. MACKINNON,
Acting Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 28th day of May, 1970.

W. S. LONNIE,
Clerk of the Council.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960-1970.

The Municipality of the Town of Geraldton.

By-laws Relating to Safety, Decency, Convenience and Comfort of Persons in respect of Bathing.

L.G. 177/64.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon it by the abovementioned Act and all other powers enabling it, the Council of the abovementioned Municipality hereby records having resolved on the 28th day of January, 1970, to make and submit for confirmation by the Governor the following By-law:—

The Draft Model By-laws relating to Safety, Decency, Convenience and Comfort of Persons in respect of Bathing adopted by the Town of Geraldton at a meeting held on the 13th day of May, 1964, and published in the *Government Gazette* of the 8th day of July, 1964, are hereby amended as follows:—

Paragraph 6 of By-law 12 is amended by adding after the words "or danger to bathers" appearing at the end of sub-paragraph (c) the following words "and in the event that the person to whom such order is addressed shall fail to forthwith discontinue to use the said bathing appliance or bathing appliances then such authorised person may impound the said bathing appliance and hold such bathing appliance impounded for a period of no greater than four hours from the time of impounding".

Dated this 19th day of February, 1970.

The Common Seal of the Municipality of the Town of Geraldton was hereto affixed in the presence of—

[L.S.]

V. S. ASKEW,
Mayor.
J. F. CAMERON,
Town Clerk.

Recommended—

G. C. MacKINNON,
Acting Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 28th day of May, 1970.

W. S. LONNIE,
Clerk of the Council.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960-1970.

The Municipality of the Shire of Gingin.

Adoption of Draft Model By-laws Relating to Removal and Disposal of Obstructing Animals or Vehicles, No. 7.

L.G. 280/70.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon it by the abovementioned Act, the Council of the abovementioned Municipality hereby records having resolved on the 12th day of March, 1970, to adopt the Draft Model By-laws published in the *Government Gazette* of the 1st day of August, 1962, being the whole of the by-laws without amendment: Local Government By-law (Removal and Disposal of Obstructing Animals or Vehicles) No. 7.

The Common Seal of the Shire of Gingin was hereto affixed in the presence of—

N. T. FEWSTER,
President.
N. WALLACE,
Shire Clerk.

G. C. MacKINNON,
Acting Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 28th day of May, 1970.

W. S. LONNIE,
Clerk of the Council.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960-1970.

The Municipality of the Shire of Kwinana.

By-law Amending By-laws—Use of Land.

L.G. 590/67.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon it by the abovementioned Act and of all other powers enabling it, the Council of the abovementioned Municipality hereby records having resolved on the 17th day of December, 1969, to amend the By-laws of the Municipality of Kwinana passed at an ordinary meeting of the Council held on the 29th day of December, 1955, and published in the *Government Gazette* of the 3rd February, 1956, with subsequent amendments in the following manner:—

Tenth Schedule—Kwinana New Town Zone Uses.

(1) For Public Purposes—to be deleted therefrom:—

Lots C.333 & C.334

(a) For Dwelling Houses—to be added thereto:—

Lots C.333 & C.334

The Common Seal of the Shire of Kwinana
was affixed hereto in the presence of—

[L.S.]

F. G. J. BAKER,
President.

F. W. MORGAN,
Shire Clerk.

Recommended—

G. C. MacKINNON,
Acting Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 28th
day of May, 1970.

W. S. LONNIE,
Clerk of the Council.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960-1970.

The Municipality of the Shire of Moora.

Adoption of Draft Model By-law Relating to Storage of Inflammable
Liquid No. 12.

L.G. 633/67.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon it by the abovementioned Act, the Council of the abovementioned municipality hereby records having resolved on the 18th day of March, 1970, to revoke the resolution of the Council made the 20th day of October, 1965, adopting the Draft Model By-law Storage of Inflammable Liquid No. 12.

Dated the 15th day of April, 1970.

The Common Seal of the Shire of Moora was
hereunto affixed in the presence of—

[L.S.]

A. S. CRANE,
President.

M. E. BADDELEY,
Shire Clerk.

Recommended—

G. C. MacKINNON,
Acting Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 28th
day of May, 1970.

W. S. LONNIE,
Clerk of the Council.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960-1970.

The Municipality of the Shire of Rockingham.

By-laws Relating to Sick Leave.

L.G. 252/70.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred on it by the abovementioned Act and of all the powers enabling it, the Council of the above Municipality hereby records having resolved on the 24th day of March, 1970, to make and submit for confirmation by the Governor the following By-laws:—

That the employees of the Rockingham Shire Council shall be permitted to accumulate sick leave to a maximum accumulation of 6 months sick leave, further, that any sick leave not taken for the past three years from date of this gazettal shall be credited to the employee and form part of the 6 months maximum accumulation.

The Common Seal of the Municipality was hereby affixed this 25th day of March, 1970 in the presence of—

[L.S.]

A. POWELL,
President.
D. J. CUTHBERTSON,
Shire Clerk.

Recommended—

G. C. MacKINNON,
Acting Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 28th day of May, 1970.

W. S. LONNIE,
Clerk of the Council.

STOCK DISEASES ACT, 1895-1967.

Department of Agriculture,
South Perth, 28th May, 1970.

HIS Excellency the Governor in Executive Council, acting pursuant to the power conferred by the Stock Diseases Act, 1895-1967, has been pleased to make the regulations set out in the schedule hereunder.

T. C. DUNNE,
Director of Agriculture.

Schedule.

Regulations.

Principal Regulations. 1. In these regulations the Stock Diseases Act Regulations, 1962 published in the *Government Gazette* on the 31st May, 1962 and amended from time to time thereafter by notices so published are referred to as the principal regulations.

Reg 30 amended. 2. Regulation 30 of the principal regulations is amended by substituting for subregulation (1) the following subregulation:—

(1) All stock intended for exportation to a State or Territory which requires imported stock to be accompanied by a health certificate, shall be examined within 7 days of the date of export by an inspector who may issue a certificate of health to the exporter, for which a fee shall be paid as prescribed in the Fourth Schedule to these regulations.

MILK ACT, 1946-1965.

The Milk Board of Western Australia,
Claremont, 3rd June, 1970.

HIS Excellency the Governor in Executive Council, acting pursuant to the powers conferred by section 76 of the Milk Act, 1946-1965, has been pleased to approve the regulations made by the Minister for Agriculture as set out in the schedule hereunder.

L. FRANKLIN,
Chairman.

Schedule.

Regulations.

Principal regulations. 1. In these regulations the regulations made under the Milk Act, 1946 (as amended) and reprinted pursuant to the Reprinting of Regulations Act, 1954, as published in the *Government Gazette* on the 27th April, 1965 and thereafter amended from time to time by notices so published, are referred to as the principal regulations.

Amendment to reg. 325. 2. Regulation 325 of the principal regulations is amended by adding after the word "milk", in line three of paragraph (a), the passage "except skim milk in sealed containers packaged and labelled in accordance with the provisions of the Health Act, 1911 and the regulations made under that Act".

BETTING CONTROL ACT, 1954-1963.

Totalisator Agency Board,
Perth, 4th June, 1970.

HIS Excellency the Governor in Executive Council, acting in pursuance of the provisions of section 33 of the Betting Control Act, 1954-1963, has been pleased to make the regulations set forth in the schedule hereunder.

J. F. CRAIG,
Minister for Police.

Schedule.

Regulations.

Principal regulations. 1. In these regulations the Betting Control Regulations, 1955, published in the *Government Gazette* on the 6th May, 1955 as amended thereafter, from time to time, by notices so published, are referred to as the principal regulations.

Reg. 34 amended. 2. Regulation 34 of the principal regulations is amended—
(a) by adding after the word "be" in line one of subregulation (3) the passage "as the Board requires,"; and
(b) by substituting for the words "or Government securities" in line two of paragraph (a) of subregulation (3) the words "to be held by the Treasurer of the State".