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SHIRE OF SHARK BAY

DOG ACT 1976

DOG LOCAL LAW 2013

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1995

**REPEAL AND AMENDMENT
LOCAL LAW 2013**

**DOG ACT 1976
LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1995**

SHIRE OF SHARK BAY

DOG LOCAL LAW 2013

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DOG ACT 1976
LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1995

SHIRE OF SHARK BAY

DOG LOCAL LAW 2013

Under the powers conferred by the *Dog Act 1976*, the *Local Government Act 1995* and under all other powers enabling it, the Council of the Shire of Shark Bay resolved on 27 November 2013 to make the following local law.

PART 1—PRELIMINARY

1.1 Citation

This local law may be cited as the *Shire of Shark Bay Dog Local Law 2013*.

1.2 Commencement

This local law comes into operation 14 days after its publication in the *Government Gazette*.

1.3 Definitions

In this local law unless the context otherwise requires—

Act means the *Dog Act 1976*;

authorised person means a person appointed by the local government under section 29(1) of the Act to perform all or any of the functions conferred on an authorised person under this local law;

CEO means the Chief Executive Officer of the local government;

children's playground means an area set aside for use by children and noted by the presence of dedicated children's playground equipment and the presence of either white sand or other form of soft fall surface;

dangerous dog means a dog which is the subject of a declaration under section 33E of the Act declaring it to be a dangerous dog;

district means the area of the State that has been declared to be the district of the local government under the *Local Government Act 1995* and includes, for certain purposes provided for in this Act, other areas which although not being within the boundaries of the district are regarded for those purposes as being part of the district;

food premises means any premises or vehicle used by a "food business" as defined by section 10 of the *Food Act 2008*, but does not include an alfresco area;

food transport vehicle has the meaning given to it in the *Food Act 2008*;

local government means the Shire of Shark Bay;

local planning scheme means a local planning scheme made by the local government under the *Planning and Development Act 2005* which applies throughout the whole or a part of the district;

owner in relation to a dog, has the same meaning as in section 3(1) and (2) of the Act;

person liable for the control of the dog has the same meaning as in section 3(1) of the Act;

pound means any other facility, of any replacement facility, established as a pound by the Council under section 11(1) of the Act;

pound keeper means a person authorised by the local government to perform all or any of the functions conferred on a "pound keeper" under this local law;

premises has the same meaning as in section 3(1) of the Act;

public building means a building open to or used by the public for any purpose;

Regulations means the *Dog Regulations 1976*;

Schedule means a schedule in this local law; and

thoroughfare has the meaning given to it in section 1.4 of the *Local Government Act 1995*.

1.4 Application

This local law applies throughout the district.

PART 2—IMPOUNDING OF DOGS

2.1 Fees and charges

The following fees and charges are to be imposed and determined by the local government under sections 6.16 to 6.19 of the *Local Government Act 1995*—

- (a) the charges to be levied under section 29(4) of the Act relating to the seizure and impounding of a dog;
- (b) the additional fee payable under section 29(4) of the Act where a dog is released at a time or on a day other than those determined under clause 2.2; and the fees for the destruction and the disposal of a dog referred to in section 29(15) of the Act.

2.2 Attendance of pound keeper at pound

The pound keeper is to be in attendance at the pound for the release of dogs at the times and on the days of the week as are determined by the CEO.

2.3 Release of impounded dog

(1) A claim for the release of a dog seized and impounded is to be made to the pound keeper, or in the absence of the pound keeper, to the CEO.

(2) The pound keeper is not to release a dog seized and impounded to any person unless that person has produced, to the satisfaction of the pound keeper, satisfactory evidence—

- (a) of her or his ownership of the dog or of her or his authority to take delivery of it; or
- (b) that he or she is the person identified as the owner on a microchip implanted in the dog.

2.4 Offences relating to pounds

A person who—

- (a) unless he or she is the pound keeper or a person authorised to do so, releases or attempts to release a dog from a pound; or
- (b) destroys, breaks into, damages or in any way interferes with or renders not dog-proof—
 - (i) any pound; or
 - (ii) any vehicle or container used for the purpose of catching, holding or conveying a seized dog,

commits an offence.

PART 3—REQUIREMENTS AND LIMITATIONS ON THE KEEPING OF DOGS

3.1 Dogs to be confined

(1) An occupier of premises on which a dog is kept must—

- (a) cause that portion of the premises on which the dog is kept to be fenced in a manner capable of confining the dog;
- (b) ensure that every gate or door in the fence is kept closed at all times when the dog is on the premises and is fitted with a proper latch or other means of fastening it;
- (c) maintain the fence and all gates and doors in the fence in good order and condition; and
- (d) where no part of the premises consists of open space, yard or garden or there is no open space, garden or yard of which the occupier has exclusive use or occupation, ensure that other means exist on the premises (other than the tethering of the dog) for effectively confining the dog within the premises.

(2) An occupier who fails to comply with subclause (1) commits an offence.

3.2 Limitation on the number of dogs

(1) This clause does not apply to premises in respect of which an exemption under 26(3) of the Act applies.

(2) The limit on the number of dogs which may be kept on any premises is, for the purpose of section 26(4) of the Act, 3 dogs over the age of 3 months and the young of those dogs under that age.

PART 4—APPROVED KENNEL ESTABLISHMENTS

4.1 Interpretation

In this Part and in Schedule 2—

licence means a licence to keep an approved kennel establishment on premises;

licensee means the holder of a licence;

premises in addition to the meaning given to it in section 3 of the Act, means the premises described in the application for a licence; and

transferee means a person who applies for the transfer of a licence to her or him under clause 4.14.

4.2 Application for licence for approved kennel establishment

An application for a licence must be made in the form of that in Schedule 1, and must be lodged with the local government together with—

- (a) plans and specifications of the kennel establishment, including a site plan;

- (b) copies of the notices to be given under clause 4.3;
- (c) written evidence that either the applicant or another person who will have the charge of the dogs, will reside on the premises or, in the opinion of the local government, sufficiently close to the premises so as to control the dogs and so as to ensure their health and welfare;
- (d) a written acknowledgement that the applicant has read and agrees to comply with any code of practice relating to the keeping of dogs nominated by the local government; and
- (e) the fee for the application for a licence referred to in clause 4.10(1).

4.3 Notice of proposed use

(1) An applicant for a licence must give notice of the proposed use of the premises as an approved kennel establishment after the application for a licence has been lodged—

- (a) once in a newspaper circulating in the district; and
- (b) to the owners and occupiers of any premises adjoining the premises.

(2) The notices in subclause (1) must specify that—

- (a) any written submissions as to the proposed use are to be lodged with the CEO within 14 days of the date the notice is given; and
- (b) the application and plans and specifications may be inspected at the offices of the local government.

(3) Where—

- (a) the notices given under subclause (1) do not clearly identify the premises; or
- (b) a notice given under subclause (1)(a) is of a size or in a location in the newspaper which, in the opinion of the local government, would fail to serve the purpose of notifying persons of the proposed use of the premises,

then the local government may refuse to determine the application for a licence until the notices or notice, as the case may be, is given in accordance with its directions.

4.4 Exemption from notice requirements

Where an application for a licence is made in respect of premises on which an approved kennel establishment is either a—

- (a) permitted use; or
- (b) use which the local government may approve subject to compliance with specified notice requirements,

under a local planning scheme, then the requirements of clauses 4.2(b), 4.3 and 4.5(a) do not apply in respect of the application for a licence.

4.5 When application can be determined

An application for a licence is not to be determined by the local government until—

- (a) the applicant has complied with clause 4.2;
- (b) the applicant submits proof that the notices referred to in clause 4.3(1) have been given in accordance with that clause; and
- (c) the local government has considered any written submissions received within the time specified in clause 4.3(2)(a) on the proposed use of the premises.

4.6 Determination of application

In determining an application for a licence, the local government is to have regard to—

- (a) the matters referred to in clause 4.7;
- (b) any written submissions received within the time specified in clause 4.3(2)(a) on the proposed use of the premises;
- (c) any economic or social benefits which may be derived by any person in the district if the application for a licence is approved;
- (d) the effect which the kennel establishment may have on the environment or amenity of the neighbourhood;
- (e) whether the approved kennel establishment will create a nuisance for the owners and occupiers of adjoining premises; and
- (f) whether or not the imposition of and compliance with appropriate conditions of a licence will mitigate any adverse effects of the approved kennel establishment identified in the preceding paragraphs.

4.7 Where application cannot be approved

The local government cannot approve an application for a licence where—

- (a) an approved kennel establishment cannot be permitted by the local government on the premises under a local planning scheme; or
- (b) an applicant for a licence or another person who will have the charge of the dogs will not reside on the premises, or, in the opinion of the local government, sufficiently close to the premises so as to control the dogs and so as to ensure their health and welfare.

4.8 Conditions of approval

(1) The local government may approve an application for a licence subject to the conditions contained in Schedule 2 and to such other conditions as the local government considers appropriate.

(2) In respect of a particular application for a licence, the local government may vary any of the conditions contained in Schedule 2.

4.9 Fees

- (1) On lodging an application for a licence, the applicant is to pay a fee to the local government.
- (2) On the issue or renewal of a licence, the licensee is to pay a fee to the local government.
- (3) On lodging an application for the transfer of a valid licence, the transferee is to pay a fee to the local government.
- (4) The fees referred to in subclauses (1) to (3) are to be imposed and determined by the local government under sections 6.16—6.19 of the *Local Government Act 1995*.

4.10 Form of licence

The licence is to be in the form determined by the local government and is to be issued to the licensee.

4.11 Period of licence

- (1) The period of effect of a licence is set out in section 27(5) of the Act.
- (2) A licence is to be renewed if the fee referred to in clause 4.10(2) is paid to the local government prior to the expiry of the licence.
- (3) On the renewal of a licence the conditions of the licence at the time of its renewal continue to have effect.

4.12 Variation or cancellation of licence

- (1) The local government may vary the conditions of a licence.
- (2) The local government may cancel a licence—
 - (a) on the request of the licensee;
 - (b) following a breach of the Act, the Regulations or this local law; or
 - (c) if the licensee is not a fit and proper person.
- (3) The date a licence is cancelled is to be, in the case of—
 - (a) paragraph (a) of subclause (2), the date requested by the licensee; or
 - (b) paragraphs (b) and (c) of subclause (2), the date determined under section 27(6) of the Act.
- (4) If a licence is cancelled the fee paid for that licence is not refundable for the term of the licence that has not yet expired.

4.13 Transfer

- (1) An application for the transfer of a valid licence from the licensee to another person must be—
 - (a) made in the form determined by the local government;
 - (b) made by the transferee;
 - (c) made with the written consent of the licensee; and
 - (d) lodged with the local government together with—
 - (i) written evidence that a person will reside at or within reasonably close proximity to the premises the subject of the licence; and
 - (ii) the fee for the application for the transfer of a licence referred to in clause 4.10(3).
- (2) The local government is not to determine an application for the transfer of a valid licence until the transferee has complied with subclause (1).
- (3) The local government may approve, whether or not subject to such conditions as it considers appropriate, or refuse to approve an application for the transfer of a valid licence.
- (4) Where the local government approves an application for the transfer of a valid licence, then on the date of approval, unless otherwise specified in the notice issued under clause 4.15(b), the transferee becomes the licensee of the licence for the purposes of this local law.

4.14 Notification

The local government is to give written notice to—

- (a) an applicant for a licence of the local government's decision on her or his application;
- (b) a transferee of the local government's decision on her or his application for the transfer of a valid licence;
- (c) a licensee of any variation made under clause 4.13(1);
- (d) a licensee when her or his licence is due for renewal and the manner in which it may be renewed;
- (e) a licensee when her or his licence is renewed;
- (f) a licensee of the cancellation of a licence under clause 4.13(2)(a); and
- (g) a licensee of the cancellation of a licence under paragraphs (b) or (c) of clause 4.13(2), which notice is to be given in accordance with section 27(6) of the Act.

4.15 Inspection of kennel

With the consent of the occupier, an authorised person may inspect an approved kennel establishment at any time.

PART 5—DOGS IN PUBLIC PLACES**5.1 Places where dogs are prohibited absolutely**

(1) Designation of places where dogs are prohibited absolutely is dealt with in the Act.

(2) If a dog enters or is in a place specified in subclause (1), every person liable for the control of the dog at that time commits an offence.

(3) Subclause (2) does not apply to a dog who is being used as an assistance animal as defined in the *Disability Discrimination Act 1992* (Cth).

5.2 Places which are dog exercise areas

Designation of places which are dog exercise areas is dealt with in the Act.

PART 6—MISCELLANEOUS**6.1 Offence to excrete**

(1) A dog must not excrete on—

(a) any thoroughfare or other public place; or

(b) any land which is not a public place without the consent of the occupier.

(2) Subject to subclause (3), if a dog excretes contrary to subclause (1), every person liable for the control of the dog at that time commits an offence.

(3) A person liable for the control of a dog does not commit an offence against subclause (2) if any excreta is removed immediately by that person.

PART 7—ENFORCEMENT**7.1 Interpretation**

In this Part—

infringement notice means the notice referred to in clause 7.5; and

notice of withdrawal means the notice referred to in clause 7.8(1).

7.2 Offences

A person who fails to do anything required or directed to be done under this local law, or who does anything which under this local law that person is prohibited from doing, commits an offence.

7.3 General penalty

A person who commits an offence under this local law is liable, on conviction, to a penalty not exceeding \$5,000 and if the offence is of a continuing nature, to an additional penalty not exceeding \$100 for each day or part of the day during which the offence has continued.

7.4 Modified penalties

(1) The offences contained in Schedule 3 are offences in relation to which a modified penalty may be imposed.

(2) The amount appearing in the third column of Schedule 3 directly opposite an offence is the modified penalty payable in respect of that offence if—

(a) the offence does not involve a dangerous dog; or

(b) the offence involves a dangerous dog, but an amount does not appear in the fourth column directly opposite that offence.

(3) The amount appearing in the fourth column of Schedule 3 directly opposite an offence is the modified penalty payable in respect of that offence if the offence involves a dangerous dog.

7.5 Issue of infringement notice

Where an authorised person has reason to believe that a person has committed an offence in respect of which a modified penalty may be imposed, he or she may issue to that person a notice in the form of Form 7 of the First Schedule of the Regulations.

7.6 Failure to pay modified penalty

Where a person who has received an infringement notice fails to pay the modified penalty within the time specified in the notice, or within such further time as may in any particular case be allowed by the CEO, he or she is deemed to have declined to have the offence dealt with by way of a modified penalty.

7.7 Payment of modified penalty

A person who has received an infringement notice may, within the time specified in that notice or within such further time as may in any particular case be allowed by the CEO, send or deliver to the local government the amount of the penalty, with or without a reply as to the circumstances giving rise to the offence, and the local government may appropriate that amount in satisfaction of the penalty and issue an acknowledgement.

7.8 Withdrawal of infringement notice

(1) Whether or not the modified penalty has been paid, an authorised person may withdraw an infringement notice by sending a notice in the form of Form 8 of the First Schedule of the Regulations.

(2) A person authorised to issue an infringement notice under clause 7.5 cannot sign or send a notice of withdrawal.

7.9 Service

An infringement notice or a notice of withdrawal may be served on a person personally, or by leaving it at or posting it to her or his address as ascertained from him or her, or as recorded by the local government under the Act, or as ascertained from inquiries made by the local government.

Schedule 1**APPLICATION FOR A LICENCE FOR AN APPROVED KENNEL ESTABLISHMENT**

(clause 4.2)

I/we (full name)
 of (postal address)
 (telephone number)
 (facsimile number)
 (E-mail address)

Apply for a licence for an approved kennel establishment at (address of premises)

For (number and breed of dogs)

* (insert name of person) will be residing at the premises on and from (insert date)

* (insert name of person) will be residing (sufficiently close to the premises so as to control the dogs and so as to ensure their health and welfare) at (insert address of residence)

on and from (insert date).

Attached are—

- (a) a site plan of the premises showing the location of the kennels and yards and all other buildings and structures and fences;
- (b) plans and specifications of the kennel establishment;
- (c) copy of notice of proposed use to appear in newspaper;
- (d) copy of notice of proposed use to be given to adjoining premises;
- (e) written evidence that a person will reside—
 - (i) at the premises; or
 - (ii) sufficiently close to the premises so as to control the dogs and so as to ensure their health and welfare; and
- (f) if the person in item (e) is not the applicant, written evidence that the person is a person in charge of the dogs.

Signature of applicant

Date

* delete where inapplicable.

Note: a licence if issued will have effect for a period of 12 months—section 27.5 of the *Dog Act 1976*.

OFFICE USE ONLY

Application fee paid on [insert date].

Schedule 2**CONDITIONS OF A LICENCE FOR AN APPROVED KENNEL ESTABLISHMENT**

(clause 4.8(1))

An application for a licence for an approved kennel establishment may be approved subject to the following conditions—

- (a) each kennel, unless it is fully enclosed, must have a yard attached to it;
- (b) each kennel and each yard must be at a distance of not less than—
 - (i) 25m from the front boundary of the premises and 5m from any other boundary of the premises;
 - (ii) 10m from any dwelling; and
 - (iii) 25m from any church, school room, hall, factory, dairy or premises where food is manufactured, prepared, packed or stored for human consumption;
- (c) each yard for a kennel must be kept securely fenced with a fence constructed of link mesh or netting or other materials approved by the local government;
- (d) the minimum floor area for each kennel must be calculated at 2.5 times the length of the breed of dog (when it is fully grown), squared, times the number of dogs to be housed in the kennel and the length of the dog is to be determined by measuring from the base of the tail to the front of its shoulder;

- (e) the floor area of the yard attached to any kennel or group of kennels must be at least twice the floor area of the kennel or group of kennels to which it is attached;
- (f) the upper surface of the kennel floor must be—
- (i) at least 100mm above the surface of the surrounding ground;
 - (ii) smooth so as to facilitate cleaning;
 - (iii) rigid;
 - (iv) durable;
 - (v) slip resistant;
 - (vi) resistant to corrosion;
 - (vii) non-toxic;
 - (viii) impervious;
 - (ix) free from cracks, crevices and other defects; and
 - (x) finished to a surface having a fall of not less than 1 in 100 to a spoon drain which in turn must lead to a suitably sized diameter sewerage pipe which must be properly laid, ventilated and trapped in accordance with the health requirements of the local government;
- (g) all kennel floor washings must pass through the drain in item (f)(x) and must be piped to approved apparatus for the treatment of sewage in accordance with the health requirements of the local government;
- (h) the kennel floor must have a durable upstand rising 75mm above the floor level from the junction of the floor and external and internal walls, or internal walls must be so constructed as to have a minimum clearance of 50mm from the underside of the bottom plate to the floor;
- (i) where a yard is to be floored, the floor must be constructed in the same manner as the floor of any kennel;
- (j) from the floor, the lowest internal height of a kennel must be, whichever is the lesser of—
- (i) 2m; or
 - (ii) 4 times the height of the breed of dog in the kennel, when it is fully grown, measured from the floor to the uppermost tip of its shoulders while in a stationary upright position;
- (k) the walls of each kennel must be constructed of concrete, brick, stone or framing sheeted internally and externally with good quality new zincalume or new pre-finished colour coated steel sheeting or new fibrous cement sheeting or other durable material approved by the local government;
- (l) all external surfaces of each kennel must be kept in good condition;
- (m) the roof of each kennel must be constructed of impervious material;
- (n) all kennels and yards and drinking vessels must be maintained in a clean condition and must be cleaned and disinfected when so ordered by an authorised person;
- (o) all refuse, faeces and food waste must be disposed of daily into the approved apparatus for the treatment of sewage;
- (p) noise, odours, fleas, flies and other vectors of disease must be effectively controlled;
- (q) suitable water must be available at the kennel via a properly supported standpipe and tap; and
- (r) the licensee or the person nominated in the application for a licence, must, in accordance with the application for the licence, continue to reside—
- (i) at the premises; or
 - (ii) in the opinion of the local government, sufficiently close to the premises so as to control the dogs, and to ensure their health and welfare.

Schedule 3

OFFENCES IN RESPECT OF WHICH MODIFIED PENALTY APPLIES

(Clause 7.4)

Offence	Nature of Offence	Modified Penalty	Dangerous Dog Modified Penalty
2.4(a)	Attempting to or causing the unauthorised release of a dog from a pound	\$200	\$400
2.4(b)	Interfering with any pound or vehicle used for the purpose of catching, holding or conveying dogs	\$200	\$400
3.1	Failing to provide means for effectively confining a dog	\$100	\$100

Offence	Nature of Offence	Modified Penalty	Dangerous Dog Modified Penalty
4.9	Failing to comply with the conditions of a kennel licence	\$100	\$200
5.1(2)	Dog in place from which prohibited absolutely	\$100	\$200
6.1(2)	Dog excreting in prohibited place	\$50	\$50

This local law was made at the meeting of the Council of the Shire of Shark Bay held on 27 November 2013.

The Common Seal of the Shire of Shark Bay was affixed by authority of a resolution of the Council in the presence of—

CHERYL COWELL, President.
PAUL ANDERSON, Chief Executive Officer.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1995

**SHIRE OF SHARK BAY REPEAL AND AMENDMENT
LOCAL LAW 2013**

Under the powers conferred by the *Local Government Act 1995*, and all other powers enabling it, the Council of the Shire of Shark Bay resolved on 27 November 2013 to make the following local law—

1. Citation

This local law is cited as the Shire of Shark Bay *Repeal and Amendment Local Law 2013*.

2. Commencement

This local law comes into operation 14 days after its publication in the *Government Gazette*.

3. Bush Fire Brigades Local Law repealed

The *Shire of Shark Bay Bush Fire Brigades Local Law* published in the *Government Gazette* on 24 July 2002 is repealed.

4. Cemeteries Local Law 1998 amended

The *Shire of Shark Bay Local Law—Shark Bay Cemeteries* published in the *Government Gazette* on 12 February 1999 is amended as follows—

a. Clause 1.2 amended

Clause 1.2 is amended as follows—

- (a) Add “‘assistance animal’ means a dog or other animal as defined in the *Disability Discrimination Act 1992* (Commonwealth)”;
- (b) Delete the definition of mausoleum.

b. Clause 4.1 amended

Clause 4.1 is deleted and replaced as follows—

4.1 Funeral Director’s Licence

- (a) A person shall hold a funeral directors licence before conducting a funeral at the cemetery.
- (b) A person who holds a funeral directors licence issued by any other Board under the *Cemeteries Act 1986* is deemed to hold a funeral directors licence under this local law.
- (c) A funeral director’s licence issued by the Board shall expire on the 30th day of June in each year.

c. Clause 7.16 amended

Clause 7.16 is deleted and replaced as follows—

- (1) A person who holds a monumental masons licence issued by any other Board under the *Cemeteries Act 1986* is deemed to hold a monumental masons licence under this local law, subject to the provisions of this local law.
- (2) The Board may upon receipt of an application in writing by any person and upon payment of the set fee issue to the applicant a monumental mason’s licence.
- (3) A licence issued under subclause (1) or (2) authorises the holder to carry out monumental works within the cemetery subject to the provisions of this Local Law.

d. Clause 7.20(3) deleted

Clause 7.20(3) is deleted.

e. Clause 8.2 amended

Clause 8.2 is deleted and replaced as follows—

8.2 Assistance Animals

Clause 8.1 shall not apply to a person who is disabled and is accompanied by an assistance animal.

5. Extractive Industries Local Law repealed

The *Shire of Shark Bay Extractive Industries Local Law* published in the *Government Gazette* on 24 July 2002 is repealed.

6. Local Government Property Local Law amended

The *Shire of Shark Bay Local Government Property Local Law* published in the *Government Gazette* on 24 July 2002 is amended as follows—

- (1) Clause 3.14 deleted and replaced.

Clause 3.14 is deleted and a new clause 3.14 inserted as follows—

3.14 Permit Required To Camp Outside a Facility

- (1) In this clause—

facility has the same meaning as is given to it in section 5(1) of the *Caravan Parks and Camping Grounds Act 1995*.

goods has the same meaning as is given to it in section 3.38 of the Act.

- (2) This clause does not apply to a facility operated by the local government.
- (3) A person shall not without a permit—
- (a) camp on, lodge at or occupy any structure at night for the purpose of sleeping on local government property;
 - (b) erect any tent, camp, hut or similar structure on local government property other than a beach shade or windbreak erected for use during the hours of daylight and which is dismantled during those hours on the same day; or
 - (c) park a vehicle on local government property, thoroughfare or public place for the purpose of sleeping in the vehicle.
- (4) The maximum period for which the local government may approve an application for a permit in respect of paragraph (a) or (b) of subclause (3) is that provided in regulation 11(2)(a) of the *Caravan Parks and Camping Grounds Regulations 1997*.
- (5) Any tent, camp, hut or similar structure erected in contravention of paragraph (b) of subclause (3) and associated goods may, subject to Regulation 29 of the Regulations, be impounded.
- (6) A vehicle parked in contravention of paragraph (c) of subclause (3) may, subject to the provisions of Regulation 29 of the Regulations, be impounded by immobilising the vehicle by the use of wheel clamps.
- (7) An authorised person who impounds a vehicle under subclause (5) shall attach a notice to a vehicle advising the owner of the vehicle that the vehicle will be released upon payment of the costs of impounding and the place where and hours during which the costs can be paid.
- (8) The notice attached to the impounded vehicle under subclause (6) shall also advise the owner that if the impounding costs are not paid within 24 hours the vehicle may be removed to the local government pound.
- (9) Notices issued under this clause shall be in the form determined by the CEO.

- (2) Part 5 amended

In Part 5, the heading “Division 5—Reserve No. 1686” is deleted, and clause 5.7 is deleted.

- (3) Clause 7.6 deleted and replaced

Clause 7.6 is deleted and a new clause 7.6 inserted as follows—

7.6 Loading and Discharging

A person in control of a boat shall not allow the boat to come alongside or be moored or made fast to the Jetty for the purpose of loading or discharging cargo or other goods—

- (a) until the cargo or other goods are ready to be loaded or discharged, or
- (b) without the consent of the Local Government—
 - (i) between the hours of 6.00 pm to 6.00 am on the next day, or
 - (ii) for longer than one hour.

7. Parking and Parking Facilities Local Law amended

The *Shire of Shark Bay Parking and Parking Facilities Local Law* published in the *Government Gazette* on 24 July 2002 is amended in clause 5.2 (2) by replacing “50” with “100”.

8. Standing Orders Local Law amended

The *Shire of Shark Bay Standing Orders Local Law* published in the *Government Gazette* on 24 July 2002 is amended as follows—

- (1) Clauses 3.2(1)(l) and 3.11 deleted—

- (a) Delete clause 3.2(1)(l);
- (b) Renumber clause 3.2(1)(m) to 3.2(1)(l);
- (c) Delete clause 3.11.
- (d) Renumber clause 3.12 to 3.11.
- (e) Renumber clause 3.13 to 3.12.

- (2) Clauses 3.4(g)(ii) and (iii) are deleted
 Clauses 3.4(g)(ii) and (iii) are deleted.

- (3) Clause 8.5 amended

In clause 8.5, replace “vocal” with “audio”.

9. Activities on Thoroughfares and Trading in Thoroughfares and Public Places Local Law amended

The *Shire of Shark Bay Activities on Thoroughfares and Trading in Thoroughfares and Public Places Local Law* published in the *Government Gazette* on 24 July 2002 is amended as follows—

- (1) Title of local law amended
Delete “Activities on Thoroughfares and Trading in Thoroughfares and Public Places” wherever it occurs in the local law and replace with “Activities in Thoroughfares and Public Places and Trading Local Law”.
- (2) Clause 1.2 amended
In clause 1.2—
 - (i) Delete the definition of “carriageway” and insert—
“**carriageway**” has the meaning given to it in the *Road Traffic Code 2000*;
 - (ii) Delete the definition of “footpath” and insert—
“**footpath**” has the meaning given to it in the *Road Traffic Code 2000*;
 - (iii) In the definition of “vehicle”, insert “shopping trolley;” after “similar device”;
 - (iv) In the appropriate alphabetical position insert—
“**thoroughfare**” has the meaning given to it in the Act, but does not include a private thoroughfare which is not under the management control of the local government.
- (3) Part 2 heading amended
In the heading to PART 2, delete “ON” and substitute “IN”.
- (4) Clause 2.1 amended
In clause 2.1—
 - (i) delete subclause (a) and insert—
 - (a) plant any plant (except grasses or a similar plant) within 6 metres of an intersection.
 - (ii) delete subclause (g) and insert—
 - (g) within a mall, arcade or verandah of a shopping centre, ride any bicycle, skateboard, rollerblades or similar device.
- (5) Clause 2.2 amended
In clause 2.2—
 - i. Delete subclause (1)(b) and replace with—
 - (b) subject to Division 3 of this Part, throw, place or deposit any thing on a verge except for removal by the Local Government under a bulk rubbish collection, and then only in accordance with the terms and conditions and during the period of time advertised in connection with that collection by the Local Government,
 - ii. Delete subclause (1)(i) and replace with—
 - (i) unless installing , or in order to maintain, a permissible verge treatment—
 - (i) lay pipes under or provide taps on any verge, or
 - (ii) place or install any thing on any part of a thoroughfare, and without limiting the generality of the foregoing, any gravel, stone, flagstone, cement, concrete slabs, blocks, bricks, pebbles, plastic sheeting, kerbing, wood chips, bard or sawdust,
- (6) Clause 2.8 amended
In clause 2.8, delete subclause 2(b)(i) and replace with—
 - (b) the planting and maintenance of a garden provided that—
 - (i) clear sight visibility is maintained at all times for a person using the abutting thoroughfare in the vicinity of an intersection or bend in the thoroughfare or using a driveway on land adjacent to the thoroughfare for access to or from the thoroughfare, and
- (7) Part 5 deleted
The whole of Part 5 is deleted and the rest of the local law renumbered accordingly.
- (8) Clause 6.1 amended
 - i. The definition of “trading” contained in clause 6.1 is amended by—
 1. Deleting subclause (c)(iii); and
 2. Deleting subclauses (c)(i) and (ii) and replacing them with—
 - (i) offering goods or services for sale or hire, or
 - (ii) inviting offers or soliciting orders for the sale or the hire of goods or services.
 - ii. Subclauses 6.1(d) to 6.1(g) are re-numbered 6.1(e) to 6.1(h) respectively, and subclause 6.1(d) is inserted as follows—
 - (d) the delivery of pre-ordered goods or services to the purchaser of those goods or services or to the person nominated by the purchaser of those goods or services whether or not payment for those goods or services is accepted on delivery;

or the taking of further orders for goods or services from the purchaser of those pre-ordered goods or services from the person nominated by the purchaser of those pre-ordered goods or services when those orders are taken at the same time as a previous order is being delivered, whether or not payment is made for those goods or services at the time of taking the order;

- iii. In the last line, insert “only” before “sold”.
- (9) Clause 6.3(3) deleted
Clause 6.3(3) is deleted.
- (10) Clause 6.4 amended
Insert “only” after “newspaper”.
- (11) Clause 6.21 amended
In subclause 6.21(1) delete “in the event of an emergency”.
- (12) Clause 7.10 amended
Delete sub-clause 7.10(1) and replace with—
Subject to clause 8.1, a permit may be cancelled by the local government if the permit holder has not complied with a—
(i) condition of the permit; or
(ii) provision of any written law which may relate to the activity regulated by the permit.
- (13) Schedule 1 amended
The description of the prescribed offence adjacent to item 2.1(a) is deleted and replaced with “Plant any plant (except grasses or a similar plant) within 6 of 0.75 metres in height on thoroughfare within 10 metres of intersection”

Dated: 27 November 2013.

The Common Seal of the Shire of Shark Bay was affixed by authority of a resolution of the Council in the presence of—

CHERYL COWELL, President.
PAUL ANDERSON, Chief Executive Officer.
