



Government Gazette

OF
WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

[Published by Authority.]

No. 53.] PERTH: TUESDAY, DECEMBER 5. [1882.

No. 1314.—C.S.O.

PROCLAMATION

Western Australia, }
to wit. }

By His Excellency SIR WILLIAM CLEAVER FRANCIS ROBINSON, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the territory of Western Australia and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.

(L. S.)

WILLIAM C. F. ROBINSON,
Governor.

WHEREAS by "The Volunteer Force Ordinance, 1861," it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor at any time to disband any Volunteer Corps raised under authority of that Ordinance; and whereas the Volunteer Corps called "The Pinjarrah Mounted Volunteers," and another Corps called "The Wellington Mounted Volunteers," have been raised under the authority of the said Ordinance, and whereas it is considered expedient to disband the said two Corps; Now THEREFORE I, the said Governor, in exercise of the powers in me vested by the said Ordinance, do, by this my Proclamation, disband the said two several Corps called respectively "The Pinjarrah Mounted Volunteers" and "The Wellington Mounted Volunteers."

Given under my hand, and issued under the Public Seal of the said Colony, this thirtieth day of November, One thousand eight hundred and eighty-two.

By His Excellency's Command,
GIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!!!

No. 1315.—C.S.O.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Perth, 1st December, 1882.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to direct the publication of the following letter, for general information.

By His Excellency's Command,
GIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

Resident Magistrate's Office,
Busselton, 23rd November, 1882.

SIR,—I have noticed in the *West Australian* several letters from settlers on the Murchison and Gascoyne, in which my name is rather too freely made use of; in fact, I find myself charged with suppressing statements made, with twisting and altering them to substantiate my preconceived opinions—or rather those of His Excellency the Governor—and even with deliberate misrepresentation and falsehood. I am, as may be well supposed, most reluctant to leave such grave charges against my character altogether unnoticed, and I would therefore solicit the sanction of His Excellency to the following remarks in reply, which I would wish to appear in such a way as His Excellency may approve.

I would select, for particular notice, the letters of Messrs. C. Brockman, A. Crawford, J. Birrell, C. Gale, R. Walcott, R. Bush, and M. Bunbury, which appear in the *West Australian* of the 31st October, 1882.

To begin with the letter of Mr. C. Brockman: As to his gratuitous assumption that I was probably instructed to make a report of particular tendency I may say, once for all, that I received no other instructions than those which have been published long since, which certainly did not prescribe the tendency of the report to be made by me; that I had not any instructions whatever to take down statements in writing, but did so for my own guidance in

framing my report afterwards, and that, though it would be impossible to embody all these statements in that report, they were all forwarded to the Colonial Secretary. I have, and can produce copies of those statements, and would willingly afford to Mr. Brockman, or any other, the opportunity of perusing his own, and pointing out anything at variance with, or material omission of, the statement which he or they made to me. I would mention further, that some days after I took Mr. Brockman's statement at his own house I met him again at Bird's boarding house, and having in the meanwhile heard some remarks about these statements not being upon oath, and not signed, and therefore those who made them need not be bound by them, I invited him to hear his statement read over again, and point out if he wished any alteration therein. He declined, saying he knew perfectly well what I had written, and that he would willingly sign it if I wished. I now regret that I did not accept his offer. On reference to his statement I find his words to me were "I count my sheep once a month, perhaps oftener. I have to get them in to count them." Again he says, "last March my store was broken into. I lost, &c., &c. No one was in charge. I left the station about the middle of January. I missed the goods in March. They (the natives) must have been a week over their work."

Speaking of the robbery of the same store Mr. R. Walcott states: "In March last the natives broke into our store at Boolathand, and stole, &c., &c. There was no one in charge. I cannot tell when the house was left without any one in charge."

Mr. Brockman's reason for leaving his store unprotected may be a very cogent one—it is quite immaterial to the question. By his own showing the store was left without any one in charge, and was robbed, and the robbers, whom he supposes to have taken a week in removing the plunder, were not discovered by any one visiting the store to see to its safety.

As regards women in charge of flocks, Mr. Brockman quotes from my Murchison Report. As regards his own flocks I make no such statement, and may therefore pass by his contradiction.

Mr. Brockman again charges me with deliberate misrepresentation with reference to the taking of native women from their natural protectors. I am not aware of any word in my report which would convey the idea that I meant taking or keeping by force, but as Mr. Brockman will ventilate this subject, I may very properly call upon him to explain the circumstances under which a young girl was tied up to a tree close to his house, and had her hair cropped short, only a few days before my visit. This perhaps looks something like keeping by force. As for taking and keeping native women, and often girls of very immature age, by sufficient inducements held out to them, from their natural protectors, from men to whom they have been promised by their parents, I have heard of instances, and complaints have been made to me, more than enough to justify any remarks I have made in my reports. During my visit to the Murchison and Gascoyne, stories were told me of a most revolting nature, by some of the principal settlers, touching the treatment of girls of tender age by men on the stations; whether such treatment is or is not a cause of ill-feeling

on the part of the natives is a mere matter of opinion, and I am at liberty to hold my own.

Mr. Brockman comments severely on my inaction on the Lower Gascoyne. He must, I think, be well aware of the cause. Every policeman and horse, unless disabled from overwork, was employed, and he will well remember in what way he amongst others met my application for the additional assistance which I so much needed while "taking my ease" at the Port.

Mr. Brockman becomes of a sudden the mouthpiece of others—of how many others I cannot say—when he writes "we all told him it was our greatest wish to have both a Magistrate and Police, and that we thought that was all that was necessary, &c." I can certainly quote several settlers who would not be included in this sweeping "all," some who doubted the possibility of a Magistrate and Police effectually coping with the evils complained of over so wide an extent of country as that extending from the Minilia to the Upper Murchison; some who appeared simply indifferent; one regarded the presence of a Stipendiary Magistrate as a serious impediment to the procuring of natives to be engaged in pearling at the N. W.,—a business which would appear to have been at some time or other carried on in contravention of the Act far inland, for, on the police arresting the natives on the Kennedy Range and chaining them up, they asked if they were wanted to go pearling.

I still think that I have fairly represented the average views of the settlers on the Gascoyne on this question, and will not retract what I have said.

To pass next to the letter of Mr. Crawford. He complains of my assertion that "the number of sheep killed and the hostile attitude assumed by the natives towards the settlers have been exaggerated." I simply compare the several reports forwarded to the Government by settlers previous to my visit, and others which appeared in the newspapers, with the statements made to me by the same settlers, and I still say that the former reports were exaggerated. Of this any one who will be at the trouble to compare the figures given, may easily satisfy himself. In all my inquiries I invariably asked for the total number of sheep deficient, and then went on to inquire the number dead by various known causes. Many, no doubt, could not be accounted for, but I still see no reason why all such deaths should be charged against the natives. As regards Mr. Crawford's station, I particularly asked him if he could give me any information about it before he took charge, and he very properly, I think, declined to make any statement touching the state of affairs thereon before his arrival in the Colony. I deny that Mr. Crawford stated to me that the loss of sheep in the nine months previous to his taking over the station had been over 1,700, as he now asserts. The only man who could have furnished me with reliable information as to the previous losses had left the district before my arrival. Mr. Crawford is at some pains to contradict, as regards his own management, my remarks on the prevailing custom of entrusting flocks to women, and again complains of a "gross misrepresentation" in this respect. I need only suggest to him that no possible report could in every respect apply accurately to every single station reported on. His own

may be in this respect an exception, yet, unless the settlers have very greatly misled me, the usage such as I have described is very prevalent. In the majority of cases, both on the Murchison and on the Gascoyne, the persons whom I examined informed me that the women make better shepherds than the men,—that the women, in short, do all the work, while the men follow their own devices. On the Murchison and at Irrida I saw women in charge of sheep camped away from the home or head station. Mr. Miller, the Inspector of Scab, states: "I have often found sheep entirely in charge of natives away from the home station. I have seen women in charge of sheep and I have seen boys in charge of sheep, and I think the natives could get sheep from either, and they dare not refuse to give them, even if they felt inclined." I would, in conclusion, remark that Mr. Crawford's statement was taken by me on two separate occasions, some weeks apart. I read over to him his earlier statement, taken at Berringarra; again, when on a later occasion he added considerably to it, I read the whole through to him in the presence and hearing of Messrs. Robert Campbell and James Birrell at Irrida. On both occasions he expressed himself satisfied with it (only correcting one unimportant item, an error of his own making about the rations allowed) and, on wishing me good-bye, said he was perfectly satisfied with all that had been done by me.

I come next to Mr. Gale's letter, where he complains of my giving an entirely different version of his statement. I think that his own memory is at fault, for these are his exact words taken down by me in the presence of L.C. Troy:—"I think the presence of police will do good, but at the same time I think if the Government would shut their eyes for six months, and let the settlers deal with the natives in their own way, it would stop the depredations effectually." I remarked to him that the Government would look upon him as a blood-thirsty man for giving such an opinion, or to that effect, and afterwards spoke to L.C. Troy of the very strong opinion he had heard from Mr. Gale. Nothing was said by him about the Government outlawing criminals, and leaving such outlaws to be dealt with by the settlers.

On comparing Mr. Walcott's letter with his statement as taken down by me, I find it generally correct enough; but as regards his complaint that my report conveys the idea that he is in favor of shooting natives, when he distinctly and plainly told me that he was not, I must beg to put before him his own words, and ask him what other meaning they have than that I put upon them:—"I think if the Government would allow the settlers to give the natives a good dressing, as was done at the DeGrey some years ago, and as was done at Champion Bay some years since, it would effectually put a stop to it. In the early days of Champion Bay the natives were shot right and left for sheep and cattle stealing. Unless the police sent up are good men they will do no good."

I have little need to refer at any length to the letter of Mr. Birrell. He says truly that when I took his statement he was not upon oath, it was not signed, and he did not see what was written; but he omits to add that his statement was read over to him by me on two occasions, on the second occasion on the

8th of July, in the presence of Messrs. Robert Campbell and A. Crawford, when he said it was correct, but remarked that he might get laughed at about the tale of entering a thicket with a native woman to get her booker, and encountering some eight natives who drew their dowacks (which he now describes as spears) but did not further offer to molest him. And he also expressed his entire satisfaction with all that had been done. I cannot refrain from expressing my regret that Mr. Birrell, for whose kind hospitality I am a debtor, and whom I had regarded with sincere respect, should have been induced afterwards to cast discredit upon his own word by the contemptible plea that his statement was not upon oath and not signed.

I must take the letters of Messrs. Bush and Bunbury together, as all that I find therein inviting comment is their remarks on the death of Jacob Francis. My impression, when my report was written, was that he had died from "natural causes," not surely an unreasonable impression, seeing that I had before me the statement of Mr. Bush that Jacob was so ill when he left his station that he hardly thought he would get down to the port alive; the statement of Mr. Bunbury, the only person who had seen the body of Jacob, and who had observed no marks of violence to indicate murder, and the statement made to the police in my hearing by Jerricah, one of the women who reported Jacob's death to Mr. Bunbury. I may state I was unable to examine the other woman, No-yea, simply because the police were unable to find her. At the time I was at the Gascoyne this woman was said to be at a place called Cardabia, over 100 miles from the scene of the murder. Jerricah not only stated to the police that she and No-yea and Jacob were sleeping together at the *Wool Shed* when a native named Joe attacked them and wounded No-yea in the forehead, she took them to the place and pointed out the exact spot where they were sleeping. Mr. Bunbury left the body unburied and unsecured, and with a cautious avoidance of any examination which might disclose marks of violence, being afraid (so he afterwards told me at the port) that any such discovery might involve an attendance at the Sessions in Perth. In his evidence Mr. Bunbury states, "about the end of last March I was out looking for horses on the south side of the Gascoyne, about the Kennedy Range; coming down a gully I saw the skeleton of a man lying in the gully; I at once recognised it as that of a Champion Bay native named Jacob, who had been in the service of Mr. Bush; I dismounted and walked round him; near the body I picked up a powder flask and a box of caps; he had no gun; he was lying on his back with his left arm doubled under his body, and his head inclining to the left side; he was naked; there was no flesh on the right arm nor on the legs; I could not see the left arm, as it was under him; I did not handle him; I merely looked at him; the body was dried up; I can of course give no opinion as to how the flesh was removed; I do not think it could have been done by dogs as they would have pulled the body about; it might have been done by natives, or by birds, or by ants; I did not examine the head; I did not look for spear wounds on the body; I think if the body had been carefully examined spear wounds could have been seen, had there been any, as the skin appeared to be whole."

Mr. Bunbury left the body lying in the dry bed of the river, and when the river ran again the body was swept away or covered over with sand and was not to be found—so, at least, the police reported to me on my arrival at the Gascoyne. I think this may well explain why I did not investigate or hold an inquest when on the spot. I attached no importance to the vague report brought to Mr. Bunbury by the two women, whose names even he could not give, about Jacob having been killed and eaten. Had Mr. Bunbury himself attached the slightest credit to the tale, I presume he would have made sure of the names of the women.

It does not appear that Mr. Bush, who only lives a few miles from the place where his old servant was murdered, ever took the pains to find his remains while they might be found, and bury them. I admit having stated to Mr. Butcher, one of Mr. Bush's foremen, at Geraldton, on my return from the Gascoyne, that the reports of Messrs. Bush and Bunbury about the murder of Jacob and the subsequent feeding on his body by natives had been exaggerated. At the time I certainly thought so. Both had contented themselves with stories brought in by natives instead of examining the body for themselves, which might have been done so easily at the time. But I deny emphatically that I brought Mr. Bush's name forward in a public room, before a crowd of people, as "that of an exaggerator, or in plain words as one who made false reports." The remark made by me was in reply to a question put to me by Mr. Butcher.

I can hardly dismiss these many letters from notice without a remark on the wonderful sameness of style which pervades them,—indicating, if not one writer under several names, at any rate a very strong inspiration travelling from writer to writer. What, after all, is their purport? Not to prove the truth of old stories about atrocities in the "disturbed districts,"—stories which melted away into mere nothing when once facts have been asked for (facts known to witnesses, not mere hearsay reports) these stories are abandoned as hopeless,—but the aim has been to attack the honesty and impartiality of my report, because I have not embodied therein every thing that every body has stated to me in their own words in full. That such a lame and disingenuous method of getting out of the difficulty should be resorted to is to be regretted; and still more do I regret that all their letters alike (as though by preconcerted arrangement) should find their way into a newspaper which professes to be an impartial exponent of the views of the public, honestly and respectably conducted.

I have, &c.,

R. FAIRBAIRN, R.M.

The Private Secretary,
Government House, Perth.

No. 1319.—C.S.O.

TENDER ACCEPTED.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Perth, 1st December, 1882.

J. W. COWAN,

To sink Wells on the Road from Bannin-garra to Roebuck Bay, for the sum of £850.

By His Excellency's Command,

GIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 1316.—C.S.O.

TENDERS ACCEPTED for 1883.

Colonial Secretary's Office,

Perth, 1st December, 1882.

W. A. McDANIELL,

To convey a Mail between Quindalup and Cape Hamlin, on horseback, once a week, for 3 years, at per annum £56.

E. C. B. LOCKE,

To convey a Mail, twice a week, on horseback, between Vasse and Lockeville, at per annum £25.

JOSEPH COOPER,

To convey a Mail, once a week, on horseback, from Pinjarrah to Mandurah, and *vice versa*, for 3 years, at per annum £20 16s.

W. A. McDANIELL,

To convey a Mail, twice a week, between Vasse and Quindalup, on horseback, for 3 years, at per annum £19 10s.

DUNCAN MCPHERSON,

To convey a Mail between Perth and Geraldton, once a week, as follows:—From Perth to Berkshire Valley, *via* Gingin, Bindoon, and Walebing, in a spring vehicle, and *vice versa*; and between Berkshire and Geraldton, *via* Long's Station, on horseback, for 3 years, at per annum £750.

GEORGE SIMPSON,

To convey a Mail from Geraldton to Newmarricarra, Tibradden, Sand Springs, Ellendale, Minnanooka, and Glengarry, and on to Geraldton, for 3 years, once a week, at per annum £70.

S. DOWSETT,

To convey a Mail between Bannister and Wandering, three times a month, on horseback, at per annum £18.

ANNE POLLARD,

To convey a Mail between Bannister and Marradong, once a fortnight, on horseback, at per annum £18.

GEORGE LAWRENCE,

To convey a Mail from Bunbury to Balbarup, *via* Bridgetown, in a spring vehicle, once a week, and *vice versa*, for 3 years, at per annum £144.

THOMAS R. DARCH,

To convey a Mail between Perth and Wanneroo, once a week, for one year, on horseback, for the sum of £20.

G. W. LOGUE,

To convey Mails, deliver letters, &c., between Guildford and Chittering, and *vice versa*, once every four weeks, and between Guildford and Swan, and *vice versa*, once a week, on horseback, for 3 years, at per annum £33.

By His Excellency's Command,

GIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 1320.—C.S.O.

*Colonial Secretary's Office,
Perth, 1st December, 1882.*

IT is hereby notified, for general information, that under the provisions of "The Municipalities Act, 1878," the Albany Municipality having failed to elect a Council in accordance with such Act, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to direct that an Election of Members of a Municipal Council shall be held at the Albany Court House, on Thursday, 7th December, 1882.

By His Excellency's Command,
GIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 1321.—C.S.O.

*Colonial Secretary's Office,
Perth, 1st December, 1882.*

HIS Excellency the Governor directs it to be notified, that he has received Returns of the Election of Officers to serve on the Municipal Councils of the Municipalities of Geraldton, Fremantle, and York, viz.:—

GERALDTON.

CHAIRMAN.—Mr. E. Shenton.
AUDITORS.—Messrs. I. Walker and C. P. Reilly.
COUNCILLORS.—Mr. J. T. Shaw.
Mr. G. Baston.

FREMANTLE.

COUNCILLOR.—Mr. Elias Solomon, *vice* Tapper, deceased.

YORK.

CHAIRMAN.—Mr. J. Sewell.
AUDITORS.—Messrs. J. M. Craig and K. Edwards.
COUNCILLOR.—Mr. J. Pyke.

By His Excellency's Command,
GIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 1318.—C.S.O.

*Colonial Secretary's Office,
Perth, 1st December, 1882.*

HIS Excellency the Governor directs the publication of the following Notices to Mariners for general information.

By His Excellency's Command,
GIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

[No. 28 of 1882.]

SPENCER GULF,
LOWLY POINT.

REFERRING to Notice to Mariners, No. 5 of 1882, it is hereby notified that, owing to unavoidable circumstances, the Lighthouse now being erected on Lowly Point will not be ready for exhibition of the light before February, 1883.

Further particulars will be furnished in due course.
Marine Board Office, R. H. FERGUSON,
Port Adelaide, Nov. 7th, 1882. President Marine Board.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

[No. 29 of 1882.]

LIGHTHOUSE AT CARPENTER ROCKS,
Adjacent to CAPE BANKS, S.E. Coast.

REFERRING to Notices Nos. 4 and 12, of 1882, Mariners are hereby informed that on and after the night of the 1st January, 1883, there will be exhibited from a Lighthouse erected on the Point known as Carpenter Rocks, a second order revolving light showing alternately, one red and two bright lights, at intervals of (20) twenty seconds each; the red light will be visible about (8) eight miles, and the bright lights about (10) ten miles all round the horizon.

Marine Board Offices, R. H. FERGUSON,
Port Adelaide, 6th Nov., 1882. President Marine Board.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

[No. 30 of 1882.]

SPENCER GULF, LOWLY POINT.

Lat. 33° 0' 5" S., Long. 137° 47' 15" E.

REFERRING to Notices to Mariners, Nos. 5 and 28 of 1882, intimation is now hereby given that, on and after the night of the 1st February, 1883, a third order holophotal revolving light, showing a bright flash every (10) ten seconds, will be exhibited from a light tower erected on Lowly Point, Spencer Gulf.

The focal flame is 57ft. above ordinary high-water mark, and the light should be visible from a vessel's deck, in ordinary weather, when 10 miles distant. If much refraction exists, it may be seen at a greater distance.

The Lighthouse, two cottages, and store are painted white.

R. H. FERGUSON,
President Marine Board.

Marine Board Offices,
Port Adelaide, 15th Nov., 1882.

No. 1317.—C.S.O.

*Colonial Secretary's Office,
Perth, 1st December, 1882.*

TENDERS (endorsed "Tender for Burial of Paupers at [as the case may be,]") will be received at this Office until noon of Wednesday, the 27th day of December, 1882, from persons willing to undertake the Burial of Paupers at Perth, York, Bunbury, Albany, Newcastle, and Vasse, during the year 1883. Tenders must state the price for the burial of an adult or child respectively.

Contractors to find pall and everything necessary for properly conducting the funeral.

The Government do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender, and will require the guarantee of two responsible persons for the due performance of the Contract.

Forms of Tender may be had on application to the various Resident Magistrates, and at the Public Offices, Perth; and no tender will be entertained unless rendered on the prescribed form.

By His Excellency's Command,
GIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 1300.—C.S.O.

*Colonial Secretary's Office,
Perth, 11th November, 1882.*

TENDERS (endorsed "Tender for Trucking [as the case may be,]") will be received at this Office until noon of Wednesday, the 20th December next, from persons willing to undertake the Trucking on the undermentioned Jetties during the year 1883, in accordance with the terms and conditions which can be ascertained from the Collector of Customs, Fremantle, the Government Residents, Albany and Geraldton, and the Resident Magistrates at Bunbury and Busselton:—

Bunbury, Busselton,
Albany, Dongarra,
Geraldton,

The Government do not bind themselves to accept the highest or any tender, and will require the guarantee of two responsible persons for the due performance of the Contract.

Forms of Tender may be had on application to the various Resident Magistrates, and at the Public Offices, Perth; and no tender will be entertained unless rendered on the prescribed form.

By His Excellency's Command,
GIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

Public Works and Railways' Department,
Perth, 1st November, 1882.

TENDERS (endorsed "Tender for various works at Roebourne and Cossack,") will be received at this Office until noon of Tuesday, the 2nd January, 1883, from persons willing to erect Residency and Police Quarters, Roebourne. Also Bonded Store or Warehouse, Post Office, and Tidewater's Quarters at Cossack.

Plans and Specification may be seen at the Office of the Resident Magistrate, Roebourne, and at the Public Works Department, Perth.

Tenders to state the shortest time in which the various works will be completed.

The Government do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender, and will require the guarantee of two responsible persons for the due performance of the Contract.

Forms of Tender may be had on application to the various Resident Magistrates, and at the Public Offices, Perth; and no tender will be entertained unless rendered on the prescribed form.

JAS. H. THOMAS,
Director of Public Works
and Commissioner of Railways.

Department of Public Works,
Perth, 22nd October, 1882.

TENDERS (endorsed "Tender for Telegraph Line, Northampton to Roebourne,") will be received at this Office until noon of Tuesday, the 23rd January, 1883, from persons willing to construct a Telegraph Line between Northampton and Roebourne.

Plans, Specification, and Conditions of Contract may be seen on application at the Public Works Department, and at the General Post Offices, Perth, Adelaide, Melbourne, and Sydney.

Each Tender must be accompanied by a Bank Deposit Receipt for £1,000 in favor of the Director of Public Works.

The Government do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

JAS. H. THOMAS,
Director of Public Works.

Public Works and Railways' Department,
Perth, 29th November, 1882.

TENDERS (endorsed "Tender for repairs Fremantle River Jetty,") will be received at this Office until noon of Tuesday, the 19th December, from persons willing to perform certain repairs to the River Jetty at Fremantle.

Specification may be seen, and full particulars obtained on application at the Offices of the Harbor Master, Fremantle, and the Public Works' Department, Perth.

Tenders must state the shortest time in which the repairs will be completed.

The Government do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender, and will require the guarantee of two responsible persons for the due performance of the Contract.

Forms of Tender may be had on application to the various Resident Magistrates, and at the Public Offices, Perth; and no tender will be entertained unless rendered on the prescribed form.

JAS. H. THOMAS,
Director of Public Works
and Commissioner of Railways.

WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS for the week ending 28th of November, 1882.

Station.	Week ending	Barometer corrected and reduced to sea level and 32 deg. Fahl.		Extreme Readings.		Dry Bulb.		Wet Bulb.		Thermometers in Shade.		Degree of Humidity = 100.	Radiation Thermometers exposed.		Wind.	Rainfall in inches.	Cloud, amount 0 to 100.	Ozone.	Evaporation.	
		Mean for Week.	Highest.	Lowest.	Date.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.		Max.	Max.						Min.	Solar.	Terrestrial.	Horizon- tal velocity in hour.	General direction.
Geraldton—Lat. 28° 46' 40" S.; Long. 114° 36' 14" E.	28th	29.85	30.02	29.74	23rd	71	59	67	56	73	24, 25	51	28th	78	..	15.8	0.00	55	..	..
York—Lat. 31° 53' 15" S.; Long. 116° 47' 15" E.	do.	29.88	30.15	29.64	25th	82	58	66	53	53	25, 26	54	27th	50	..	10.8	0.00	25	..	..
Perth—Lat. 31° 57' 10" S.; Long. 115° 52' 20" E.	do.	29.97	30.18	29.76	do.	79	56	71	53	90	24th	45	do.	73	52	..	0.00	20	..	..
* Rottnest—Lat. 31° 59' 45" S.; Long. 115° 33' 21" E.	do.	29.92	30.15	29.72	do.	73	56	65	52	78	24, 26	50	do.	67	..	..	0.00	29	..	..
Fremantle—Lat. 32° 03' 12" S.; Long. 115° 45' 12" E.	do.	29.84	30.22	29.79	do.	73	53	62	49	80	24th	43	do.	59	..	9.7	0.00	35	..	..
Bunbury—Lat. 33° 18' 38" S.; Long. 115° 38' 56" E.	do.	29.98	30.27	29.78	do.	63	53	53	49	66	23, 26	48	22nd	71	..	8.7	0.00	35	..	..
Albany—Lat. 35° 02' 0" S.; Long. 117° 54' 0" E.	do.	29.98	30.27	29.78	do.	63	53	53	49	66	23, 26	48	22nd	71	..	8.6	0.05	38	..	..
Average Rainfall for the week=0.1 inches.																				
METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS for the two days ending 30th November, 1882.																				
Geraldton—Lat. 28° 46' 40" South; Long. 114° 36' 14" East	30th	29.78	29.84	29.73	30th	84	63	73	57	86	29th	63	29.30	88	..	16.8	0.07	60	..	..
York—Lat. 31° 53' 15" South; Long. 116° 47' 15" East	do.	29.98	30.05	29.92	do.	77	68	66	53	78	30th	58	29th	45	..	10.5	0.00	62	..	..
Perth—Lat. 31° 57' 10" South; Long. 115° 52' 20" East	do.	29.98	30.09	29.89	do.	85	61	70	53	88	do.	58	do.	48	56	..	0.00	45	6	0.76
* Rottnest—Lat. 31° 59' 45" South; Long. 115° 33' 21" East	do.	29.95	30.04	29.86	do.	83	55	68	50	90	do.	51	do.	53	..	9.7	0.00	62	..	..
Fremantle—Lat. 32° 03' 12" South; Long. 115° 45' 12" East	do.	30.03	30.11	29.90	do.	80	56	67	54	82	do.	53	do.	60	..	13.6	0.00	50	..	..
Bunbury—Lat. 33° 18' 38" South; Long. 115° 38' 56" East	do.	30.16	30.24	30.08	do.	61	57	57	52	62	29th	56	do.	71	..	6.9	0.00	85	..	..
Albany—Lat. 35° 02' 0" South; Long. 117° 54' 0" East	do.	30.16	30.24	30.08	do.	61	57	57	52	62	29th	56	do.	71	..	6.9	0.00	85	..	..

The Observations are taken at 7 a.m., with the exception of the Barometer, which is registered at noon.
R. CECIL CLIFTON, Acting Meteorological Recorder.

Average Rainfall for the two days=0.1 inches.

* Reports not received.

DEPARTMENT OF LAND TITLES.

¹⁸⁸⁰/₁₈₈₂ The Transfer of Land Act, 1874.

TAKE NOTICE that William Bedford Mitchell of the town of Bunbury farmer and grazier has made application to be registered as the proprietor of an estate in fee simple in possession in the following parcels of land viz:—

Bunbury Building Lot 74 (1 rood)

bounded on the *West* by 1ch. 25lks. of Victoria Street.

On the *North* by 2ch. of Eliot Street.

On the *East* by Building Lot No. 58 measuring 1ch. 25lks. and

On the *South* by Building Lot No. 75 measuring 2 chains.

Bunbury Building Lots 222, 223, 224, and 225 together containing one acre or thereabouts and forming an entirety bounded as follows:—

On the *North* by 2ch. 50lks. of Stephens Street.

On the *East* by 4ch. of Victoria Street.

On the *South* by a line parallel and equal to the *North* boundary and

On the *West* by Building Lots 227 and 323 measuring respectively 2ch. 50lks. and 1ch. 50lks.

Bunbury Building Lot 244 (1 rood)

bounded on the *North* by 2ch. 50lks. of Stephens Street.

On the *West* by 1ch. of Victoria Street.

On the *East* by 1ch. of Building Lot 257 and

On the *South* by Building Lot 245 measuring 2ch. 50lks.

A portion of Wellington Location No. 1 including therein Rural Lots Nos. 47, 48, 50, 51 and 52 Melville Road

containing 2888 acres or thereabouts and bounded

On the *West* by a line extending *North* 26chs. 70lks. passing along part of the *West* boundary of Rural Lot No. 47 Melville Road from where the said boundary abuts on the right bank of the Brunswick River then *West* 17chs. 50lks. then *North* 70chs. then *East* 26chs. and *North* 90chs.

On the *North* by an *East* line 210chs. in length from the *North* end of the *West* boundary to the actual *East* boundary of one hundred thousand acres Wellington Location No. 1 according to Government survey.

On the *East* by a *South* line 90chs. in length along the actual *East* boundary of said Wellington Location No. 1.

On the *South* by a *West* line of 77chs. 50lks. in length then *South* 47chs. 50lks. and *West* 26chs. to the *East* boundary of Rural Lot 52 Melville Road then *South* 6chs. 50lks. along the *East* boundary of said lot 52 to the right bank of the Brunswick River and by the said right bank of said River downwards to the *West* boundary of Rural Lot 50 thence by a *North* line 54chs. 80lks. in length then *West* 19chs. and *South* 53chs. 50lks. to the right bank of the said Brunswick River and by the said right bank of said River downwards to the starting point aforesaid.

A plan showing the above portion of Wellington Location No. 1 may be inspected in this Office.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that all persons other than the applicant claiming to have any estate right title or interest in the above lands or in any of them ARE HEREBY REQUIRED to lodge in this office on or before the 28th day of December next a *caveat* forbidding the same from being brought under the operation of the Act.

JULIAN F. HARPER,
Deputy Registrar of Titles.

Land Titles' Office, Perth, }
27th November, 1882. }

George Leake, Perth, Solicitor for the above applicant.

¹²⁸/₁₈₈₂ The Transfer of Land Act, 1874.

TAKE NOTICE that Alexander Joseph McRae of the town of Roebourne grazier has made application to be registered as the proprietor of an estate in fee simple in possession in the following parcel of

land situate in Roebourne aforesaid containing two roods or thereabouts and being

Roebourne Town Lot No. 14

bounded

On the *West* by 1ch. 50lks. of Sholl Street

On the *South* by 3 chs. 33lks. of Padbury Street

On the *East* by Roebourne Town Lot 13 measuring 1ch. 50lks. and

On the *North* by Town Lot 16 measuring 3chs. 33lks.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that all persons other than the applicant claiming to have any estate right title or interest in the above land are HEREBY REQUIRED to lodge in this office on or before the 29th day of December next a *caveat* forbidding the same from being brought under the operation of the Act.

JULIAN F. HARPER,
Deputy Registrar of Titles.

Land Titles' Office, Perth, }
28th November, 1882. }

Parker and Parker, Perth, Solicitors for the above applicant.

¹³¹/₁₈₈₂ The Transfer of Land Act, 1874.

TAKE NOTICE that Joseph Saunders of Gingin shoemaker has made application to be registered as the proprietor of an estate in fee simple in possession in the following parcel of land situate in Gingin aforesaid containing 2a. 2r. 36p. or thereabouts and being

Gingin Town Lot No. 11

bounded

On the *North* by 3ch. 33lks. of Fraser-street

On the *West* by 8ch. of Vincent-street

On the *East* by Gingin Town Lot No. 12 measuring Sch. 40lks. and

On the *South* by the Gingin Brook.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that all persons other than the applicant claiming to have any estate right title or interest in the above land ARE HEREBY REQUIRED to lodge in this office on or before the 27th day of December next a *caveat* forbidding the same from being brought under the operation of the Act.

JULIAN F. HARPER,
Deputy Registrar of Titles.

Land Titles' Office, Perth, }
27th November, 1882. }

¹²²/₁₈₈₂ The Transfer of Land Act, 1874.

TAKE NOTICE that William Britnall of Perth bootmaker has made application to be registered as the proprietor of an estate in fee simple in possession in the following parcel of land situate in Perth aforesaid containing 30 perches or thereabouts and being the

South-Eastern quarter of Perth Town Lot Y 40

bounded

On the *South-West* by seventy-five links of James Street

On the *South-East* by 2ch. 50lks. of Perth Town Lot Y 39 the opposite boundaries being parallel and equal.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that all persons other than the applicant claiming to have any estate right title or interest in the above land ARE HEREBY REQUIRED to lodge in this office on or before the 29th day of December next a *caveat* forbidding the same from being brought under the operation of the Act.

JULIAN F. HARPER,
Deputy Registrar.

Land Titles' Office, Perth, }
30th November, 1882. }

George Leake, Perth, Solicitor for the above applicant.

¹⁰⁶/₁₈₈₂ Transfer of Land Act, 1874.

TAKE NOTICE that William Spencer of the town of Bunbury merchant and general dealer has made application to be registered as the proprietor of an estate in fee simple in possession in the following parcel of land situate in Bunbury aforesaid containing one rood or thereabouts and being

Bunbury Building Lot 28

bounded on the *South-east* by 2ch. 50lks. of a public highway called Koombana Place

On the *North-west* by Building Lot 27 measuring 2ch. 50lks.

On the *North-east* by 1ch. of Wollaston street and
On the *South-west* by 1ch. of Building Lot 29.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that all persons other than the applicant claiming to have any estate right title or interest in the above land ARE HEREBY REQUIRED to lodge in this office on or before the 13th day of December next a *caveat* forbidding the same from being brought under the operation of the Act.

JULIAN F. HARPER,

Deputy Registrar of Titles.

Land Titles' Office, Perth, }
13th November, 1882. }

George Leake, Perth, Solicitor for the above applicant.

¹²⁷/₁₈₈₂ The Transfer of Land Act, 1874.

TAKE NOTICE that Alexander Robert Richardson of the Serpentine farmer and grazier has made application to be registered as the proprietor of an estate in fee simple in possession in the following parcels of land situate in the town of Cossack viz. :—

Cossack Town Lot 115

containing an area of two roods more or less and bounded

On the *North-east* by Town Lot 114 measuring 4 chains

On the *South-east* by 1ch. 25lks. of Perseverance Street

On the *South-west* by 4ch. of Douglas Street and

On the *North-west* by a line parallel and equal to the *South-east* boundary.

Cossack Town Lot 132

containing an area of two roods more or less and bounded

On the *South-east* by 1ch. 25lks. of Perseverance Street

On the *North-east* by 4ch. of Douglas Street

On the *South-west* by Town Lot 133 measuring 4 chains and

On the *North-west* by a line parallel and equal to the *South-east* boundary.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that all persons other than the applicant claiming to have any estate right title or interest in the above parcels of land or in either of them ARE HEREBY REQUIRED to lodge in this office on or before the 16th day of December next a *caveat* forbidding the same from being brought under the operation of the Act.

JULIAN F. HARPER,

Deputy Registrar of Titles.

Land Titles' Office, Perth, }
15th November, 1882. }

Parker and Parker, Perth, Solicitors for the above applicant.

¹²⁶/₁₈₈₂ The Transfer of Land Act, 1874.

TAKE NOTICE that Stephen Henry Parker of Perth Esquire has made application to be registered as the proprietor of an estate in fee simple in possession in the following parcels of land situate in Perth and Fremantle respectively viz. :—

A portion of Perth Building Lot Y 61

bounded on the *North-East* by 1ch. 50lks. of Roe Street.

On the *South-East* by 1ch. 10lks. of Town Lot Y 45.

On the *North-West* by 1ch. 23lks. of Town Lot Y 62; and

On the *South-west* by 1ch. 51lks. of the Eastern Railway Line and comprising an area of twenty-seven perches.

Fremantle Building Lot 579

bounded on the *West* by 1ch. 34lks. of Fitzgerald Terrace.

On the *East* by 1ch. 34lks. of Fremantle Building Lot 621.

On the *North* by 2ch. 25lks. of Howard Street; and

On the *South* by Building Lot No. 580 measuring 2ch. 25lks. and containing an area of one rood and eight perches.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that all persons other than the applicant claiming to have any estate right title or interest in the above lands or in either of them ARE HEREBY REQUIRED to lodge in this office on or before the 13th day of December next a *caveat* forbidding the same from being brought under the operation of the Act.

JULIAN F. HARPER,

Deputy Registrar.

Land Titles' Office, Perth, }
13th November, 1882. }

¹¹⁸/₁₈₈₂ Transfer of Land Act, 1874.

TAKE NOTICE that John McCleery of Fremantle merchant auctioneer and commission agent and Abraham Moise (otherwise Abraham Moses) Josephson of the same place storekeeper have made application to be registered as the proprietors of an estate in fee simple in possession as tenants in common in the following parcels of land situate in Fremantle aforesaid together containing two roods sixteen perches and being

Fremantle Town Lots 188 and 197

forming an entirety bounded as follows :

On the *N.W.* by 1ch. 50lks. of Norfolk Street.

On the *N.E.* by Lots 165 and 166 each measuring 2chs.

On the *S.E.* by 1ch. 50lks. of Suffolk Street; and

On the *S.W.* by Lots 189 and 196 measuring respectively 2chs.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that all persons other than the applicants claiming to have any estate right title or interest in the above land ARE HEREBY REQUIRED to lodge in this office on or before the 12th day of December next a *caveat* forbidding the same from being brought under the operation of the Act.

JULIAN F. HARPER,

Deputy Registrar.

Land Titles' Office, Perth, 8th Nov., 1882. }

George Leake, Perth, Solicitor for the above applicants.

¹²³/₁₈₈₂ Transfer of Land Act, 1874.

TAKE NOTICE that Godfrey Charles Knight of the city of Perth Esquire has made application to be registered as the proprietor of an estate in fee simple in possession in the following parcels of land situate in the town of Fremantle containing together 0a. 0r. 37½p. and being

Fremantle Building Lot 55 and a portion of Fremantle Building Lot 56

bounded as follows :

On the *East* by 1ch. 31lks. of Henry Street.

On the *North* by 1ch. 82lks. of vacant land adjoining the Eastern Railway Line.

On the *West* by 75lks. of vacant ground and 56lks. of Lot 39; and

On the *South* by a line parallel and equal to the north boundary above described and at a distance of 19lks. from the north boundary of Lot 57.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that all persons other than the applicant claiming to have any estate right title or interest in the above land ARE HEREBY REQUIRED to lodge in this office on or before the 13th day of December next a *caveat* forbidding the same from being brought under the operation of the Act.

JULIAN F. HARPER,

Deputy Registrar.

Land Titles' Office, Perth, 11th Nov., 1882. }

Parker and Parker, Perth, Solicitors for the above applicant.

¹²⁰
¹⁸⁸² **Transfer of Land Act, 1874,
and The Real Property Limitation
Act, 1878.**

TAKE NOTICE that James Thompson Lawrence of Bunbury farmer has made application to be registered as the proprietor of an estate in fee simple in possession in the following parcels of land situate in the Wellington District viz. :—

Leschenault Location No. 10 (1050a.)

bounded on the North by a due east line from right bank of Preston River about 158 chains 10 links in length and passing through a stake placed near a Banksia tree about 3 chains 20 links east from the said right bank and marked with three notches vertically said stake being at south-east corner of the original reserve for Picton townsite.

On the East by a due south line 64 chains 60 links in length passing through the western extremity of Point Lantour at Junction of the Collie and Brunswick Rivers.

On the South by a due east line from right bank of the Preston River aforesaid about 165 chains in length and

On the West by right bank of the Preston River between the north and south boundaries.

Leschenault Location No. 30 (100a.)

bounded on the North by a due west line from the left bank of the Preston River measuring 47 chains 90 links in length and passing through a spot 19 chains 27 links due south from a stake placed in a trench —(.)—dug in the ground 2 chains west from the said left bank and 40 links north thirty-eight degrees west from a white gum tree marked on its stem with two perpendicular lines within a cutting in shape resembling a diamond with an axe.

On the South by a line parallel to the north boundary.

On the West by a due north and south line 17 chains 27 links in length and

On the East by the left bank of the Preston River between the north and south boundaries and as the same was originally granted to William Kernot Shenton.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that all persons other than the applicant claiming to have any estate right title or interest in the above lands or in either of them ARE HEREBY REQUIRED to lodge in this office on or before the 21st day of December next a caveat forbidding the same from being brought under the operation of the Act.

JULIAN F. HARPER,

Deputy Registrar of Titles.

Land Titles' Office, Perth, }
November 6, 1882. }

George Leake, Perth, Solicitor for the above applicant.

¹²¹
¹⁸⁸² **The Transfer of Land Act, 1874.**

TAKE NOTICE that Henry Brockman of Gingin grazier has made application to be registered as the proprietor of an estate in fee simple in possession in the following parcels of land situate in the Avon district viz.:—

Avon Location K (4000 acres)

Bounded on the North West by an East North East line (all the bearings here given being magnetic) two hundred and eighty-one chains sixty-nine links in length passing through a spot seven hundred and seventy-six chains North North West from the centre of the stem of the marked summit tree on Mount Bakewell and commencing at three hundred and eleven chains twenty-five links East North East from the right bank of the Avon River.

On the South East by a line parallel and equal in length to the North West boundary.

On the South West by a North North West and South South East line one hundred and forty-two chains in length and

On the North East by a line parallel and equal to the South West boundary.

Avon Location N (4000 acres)

Bounded on the South East by an East North East line (all bearings here given being magnetic) two hundred and twenty-five chains ninety-eight links in length passing through a spot seven hundred and

seventy-six chains North North West from the centre of a stem of a marked summit tree on Mount Bakewell and commencing at three hundred and sixty-five chains five links East North East from the right bank of the Avon River.

On the North West by a line parallel and equal to the South East boundary.

On the South West by a North North West and South South East line one hundred and seventy-seven chains in length.

On the North East by a line parallel and equal in length to the South West boundary.

Avon Location 448 (1000 acres)

Part 1—Comprising one hundred and seventy-three acres more or less.

Bounded on the West by a South South East line of forty-nine chains ninety-two links from the North corner of Avon Location K to location 365.

On the North by an East North East line of eighty chains from said corner through the South corner of location N1.

On the East by lines extending South South East ten chains West South West sixty chains South South East thirty-three chains thirty-three links East North East twenty chains and then South South East six chains fifty-eight links and

On the South by a West South West line of forty chains.

Part 2—Comprising four hundred and forty-one acres and twenty-nine perches more or less.

Bounded on the South by an East North East line of thirty-one chains sixty-four links along a public road from the East corner of Avon Location 430.

On the West by lines extending North North West thirty-one chains fifty-four links from said corner then West South West ten chains nineteen links to East corner of location 238 then North North West thirty-eight chains eighty-four links East North East two chains ninety-two links North North West thirty chains thirty-eight links then East North East seven chains eight links and then North North West thirteen chains thirty-three links.

On the North by a East North East line of thirty-three chains thirty-three links and

On the East by lines extending South South East forty-one chains thirty-eight links to South corner of location 540 then East North East two chains forty links to location 247 then South South East thirty chains West South West three chains ninety links and then South South East forty-three chains.

Part 3—Comprising three hundred and eighty-five acres three roods and eleven perches more or less.

Bounded on the South by an East North East line of sixty-three chains sixteen links along a public road from a spot twenty-five links East North East from the East corner of location K.

On the West by a North North West line of fifty-seven chains sixty-two links to location 365 from said spot.

On the North by lines extending East North East eleven chains seventy-five links North North West six chains East North East twenty-eight chains North North West six chains sixty links and then East North East seventeen chains and

On the East by lines extending South South East thirty-eight chains eighty-four links East North East six chains forty-one links and then South South East thirty-one chains thirty-eight links to a spot twenty-five links West South West from the South corner of location 430. All bearings being magnetic or thereabouts the measurements more or less and a squared post at each corner of the location.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that all persons other than the applicant claiming to have any estate right title or interest in the above lands or in any of them ARE HEREBY REQUIRED to lodge in this office on or before the 6th day of December next a caveat forbidding the same from being brought under the operation of the Act.

JULIAN F. HARPER,

Deputy Registrar of Titles.

Land Titles' Office, Perth, }
6th November, 1882. }

Stone and Burt, Perth, Solicitors for the above applicant.

¹⁸⁸²
1882 **Transfer of Land Act, 1874, and
The Real Property Limitation
Act, 1878.**

TAKE NOTICE that Robert John Sholl of the town of Roebourne Esquire has made application to be registered as the proprietor of an estate in fee simple in possession in the following parcels of land situate in the city of Perth containing together one acre three roods and eight perches or thereabouts and being

Perth Building Lot L 63 and a Moiety of Perth Building Lot L 64

bounded as follows:

On the *South-East* by 2ch. 25lks. of a public highway

On the *North-West* by 2ch. 25lks. of vacant land

On the *South-West* by Building Lot L 62 measuring 8 chains and

On the *North-East* by a line parallel and equal to the boundary last described and at a distance of 2ch. 25lks. therefrom.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that all persons other than the applicant claiming to have any estate right title or interest in the above parcels of land or in either of them ARE HEREBY REQUIRED to lodge in this Office on or before the 27th day of December next a *caveat* forbidding the same from being brought under the operation of the Act.

JULIAN F. HARPER,
Deputy Registrar of Titles.

Land Titles' Office,
Perth, 27th Nov., 1882.

Edward Sholl, Perth, Solicitor for the above applicant.

New Telegraph Station.

*Postal and Telegraph Department,
General Post Office,
Perth, November 23rd, 1882.*

NOTICE is hereby given, for the information of the public, that a Telegraph Station has this day been opened at **ARTHUR RIVER** (Albany Road) for purposes of traffic. Office hours, 11 to 12 noon; 2 to 3 p.m.; 7 to 8 p.m.

A. HELMICH,
Postmaster General,
and General Superintendent of Telegraphs.

NOTICE.

UPON the application of the Acting Attorney General, His Honor the Chief Justice has been pleased to appoint Thursday, the fourth day of January next, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the holding the Criminal Sessions.

JAMES COWAN,
Registrar.

Supreme Court Office,
Perth, 29th November, 1882.

NOTICE.

PERTH CAUSEWAY.

DURING continuance of the repairs to this bridge persons will not be allowed to ride or drive across at other than a walking pace.

By His Excellency's Command,
JAS. H. THOMAS,
Director of Public Works.

Approved in Executive Council, 25-10-82.

NOTICE.

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership hitherto existing between James Fallon and John William Halliday, as Farmers and Sandalwood Carters and Dealers, at Wandering, under the style or firm of "Fallon & Halliday," is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Dated at Perth, the 30th day of November, 1882.

The mark × of JAMES FALLON.
J. W. HALLIDAY.

Witness—S. H. PARKER,
Solicitor, Perth.

LAND SALES.

Crown Lands' Office, Perth, 4th December, 1882.

THE undermentioned Allotments of Land will be offered for Sale, at Public Auction, on the date and at the places specified in the Schedule below, at one o'clock p.m.

SCHEDULE.

Date of Sale.	Place of Sale.	Description of Lot.	Number of Lot.	Quantity.			Upset Price.
				a.	r.	p.	
1882.							
Dec. 6	Albany	Albany Town	235	0	2	20	£30 p lot.
Do.	Do.	Do. do.	236	0	1	20	
Do.	Do.	Do. do.	256	0	2	28	
Do.	Do.	Do. do.	258	0	2	28	
Do.	York	Beverley Sub.	24	5	2	20	£1 10s. p acre.
Do.	Do.	Do. do.	25	5	1	19	
Do.	Do.	Do. do.	31	5	0	0	
Do.	Do.	Do. do.	32	5	0	0	
Do.	Do.	Do. do.	33	5	0	0	
Do.	Do.	Do. do.	33	5	0	0	
Do.	Do.	Do. do.	34	5	0	0	

MALCOLM FRASER, Commissioner of Crown Lands.

WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

Mail Time Table during the Month of
DECEMBER, 1882.

FOR THE AUSTRALIAN COLONIES, &c.				FOR EUROPE, INDIA, CHINA, &c.									
Overland.				Overland.				Per Otway.			Per Otway.		
CLOSE AT	DAY.	DATE.	TIME.	DAY.	DATE.	TIME.	DAY.	DATE.	TIME.	DAY.	DATE.	TIME.	
Perth ...	Friday	Dec. 15*	11 a.m.	Friday	Dec. 29*	11 a.m.	Sat. ...	Dec. 9	8 p.m.	Sat. ...	Dec. 23	8 p.m.	
Fremantle ...	Friday	Dec. 15	9 30 a.m.	Friday	Dec. 29	9 30 a.m.	Sat. ...	Dec. 9	9 p.m.	Sat. ...	Dec. 23	9 p.m.	
Guildford ...	Friday	Dec. 15	8 30 a.m.	Friday	Dec. 29	8 30 a.m.	Sat. ...	Dec. 9	6 p.m.	Sat. ...	Dec. 23	6 p.m.	
York ...	Wed. ...	Dec. 13	8 30 a.m.	Wed. ...	Dec. 27	8 30 a.m.	Sat. ...	Dec. 9	8 30 a.m.	Sat. ...	Dec. 23	8 30 a.m.	
Northam ...	Wed. ...	Dec. 13	6 30 a.m.	Wed. ...	Dec. 27	6 30 a.m.	Sat. ...	Dec. 9	6 30 a.m.	Sat. ...	Dec. 23	6 30 a.m.	
Newcastle ...	Wed. ...	Dec. 13	9 a.m.	Wed. ...	Dec. 27	9 a.m.	Sat. ...	Dec. 9	9 a.m.	Sat. ...	Dec. 23	9 a.m.	
Canning ...	Tues. ...	Dec. 12	2 p.m.	Tues. ...	Dec. 26	2 p.m.	Friday	Dec. 8	2 p.m.	Friday	Dec. 22	2 p.m.	
Pinjarra ...	Friday	Dec. 15	6 a.m.	Friday	Dec. 29	6 a.m.	Friday	Dec. 8	6 a.m.	Friday	Dec. 22	6 a.m.	
Bunbury ...	Thur. ...	Dec. 14	noon	Thur. ...	Dec. 28	noon	Sat. ...	Dec. 9	10 p.m.	Sat. ...	Dec. 23	10 p.m.	
Vasse ...	Thur. ...	Dec. 14	6 a.m.	Thur. ...	Dec. 28	6 a.m.	Sat. ...	Dec. 9	10 p.m.	Sat. ...	Dec. 23	10 p.m.	
Victoria Plains ...	Sat. ...	Dec. 9	8 p.m.	Sat. ...	Dec. 23	8 p.m.	Sat. ...	Dec. 2	8 p.m.	Sat. ...	Dec. 16	8 p.m.	
Gingin ...	Sunday	Dec. 10	3 p.m.	Sunday	Dec. 24	3 p.m.	Sunday	Dec. 3	3 p.m.	Sunday	Dec. 17	3 p.m.	
Dongarra ...	Thur. ...	Dec. 7	9 a.m.	Thur. ...	Dec. 21	9 a.m.	Sunday	Dec. 3	10 a.m.	Sunday	Dec. 17	10 a.m.	
Greenough ...	Sunday	Dec. 3	6 p.m.	Sunday	Dec. 17	6 p.m.	Sunday	Dec. 3	6 p.m.	Sunday	Dec. 17	6 p.m.	
Champion Bay ...	Thur. ...	Dec. 7	10 a.m.	Thur. ...	Dec. 21	10 a.m.	Thur. ...	Dec. 7	7 p.m.	Thur. ...	Dec. 21	7 p.m.	
Northampton ...	Mon. ...	Dec. 4	2 p.m.	Mon. ...	Dec. 18	2 p.m.	Wed. ...	Dec. 6	noon	Wed. ...	Dec. 20	noon	
Bannister ...	Sat. ...	Dec. 16	...	Sat. ...	Dec. 30	...	...	...	...	Friday	Dec. 22	...
William River ...	Sat. ...	Dec. 16	...	Sat. ...	Dec. 30	...	...	...	...	Thur. ...	Dec. 21	...
Arthur River ...	Sat. ...	Dec. 16	...	Sat. ...	Dec. 30	...	...	...	...	Thur. ...	Dec. 21	...
Kojonup ...	Sunday	Dec. 17	...	Sunday	Dec. 31	...	...	...	...	Wed. ...	Dec. 20	...
Mt. Barker ...	Mon. ...	Dec. 18	...	Mon. ...	Jan. 1 1883	...	...	...	...	Wed. ...	Dec. 20	...

* These dates are liable to alteration should the P. and O. Steamers leave Colombo for K. G. Sound sooner or later than contract time, of which due notice will be given.

MAILS FROM EUROPE, &c.		MAILS FROM COLONIES, &c.			
Due at K.G. Sound.	Expected at G.P.O.	Leave Melbourne.	Leave Adelaide.	Due at K.G. Sound.	Expected at G.P.O.
Wednesday, Dec. 20th 1883.	Saturday, Dec. 23rd 1883.	"MACEDON:" Monday, Dec. 4th ...	Saturday, Dec. 9th ...	Thursday, Dec. 14th ...	Monday, Dec. 18th
Wednesday, Jan. 3rd	Saturday, Jan. 6th	"P. & O. STEAMER:" Thursday, Dec. 7th ... Thursday, Dec. 21st ...	Saturday, Dec. 9th ... Saturday, Dec. 23rd ...	Wednesday, Dec. 13th Wednesday, Dec. 27th	Saturday, Dec. 16th Saturday, Dec. 30th

MOVEMENTS of the S. S. "OTWAY" and "ROB ROY" between GERALDTON and ALBANY:

Leave Champion Bay.	Arrive Fremantle.	Leave Fremantle.	Arrive Bunbury.	Arrive Vasse.	Arrive Albany.	Leave Albany.	Arrive Vasse.	Arrive Bunbury.	Arrive Fremantle.	Leave Fremantle.	Arrive Champion Bay.
"OTWAY:" Dec. 7 ...	Dec. 8 ...	Dec. 10 ...	Dec. 11 ...	Dec. 11 ...	Dec. 12 ...	Dec. 14 ...	Dec. 15 ...	Dec. 15 ...	Dec. 16 ...	Dec. 19 ...	Dec. 20 1883.
Dec. 21 ...	Dec. 22 ...	Dec. 24 ...	Dec. 25 ...	Dec. 25 ...	*Dec. 26	Dec. 28 ...	Dec. 29 ...	Dec. 29 ...	Dec. 30 ...	Jan. 2 ...	Jan. 3

* "Otway" proceeds to Melbourne direct, for annual overhaul.

PROBABLE MOVEMENTS of the S.S. "ROB ROY" between FREMANTLE and COSSACK:

Leave Fremantle.	Arrive Geraldton.	Leave Geraldton.	Arrive A. Brown's.	Arrive C. Leseur.	Arrive Gascoyne.	Arrive Cossack.	Leave Cossack.	Arrive Gascoyne.	Arrive Geraldton.	Leave Geraldton.	Arrive Fremantle.
Dec. 2 ...	Dec. 3 ...	Dec. 4 ...	Dec. 5 ...	Dec. 5 ...	Dec. 6 ...	Dec. 9 ...	Dec. 14 ...	Dec. 17 ...	Dec. 19 ...	Dec. 20 ...	Dec. 21

The Correspondence by these Mails will be despatched to District P.Os. for distribution by first opportunity after receipt.

The English Mails to be despatched on the 9th and 23rd December will be due in London on the 16th and 30th January, 1883, respectively.

LETTERS for Registration will be received up to one hour before the time of closing the Mails.

LATE LETTERS, on payment of postage and a fee of 6d., may be posted half-an-hour after the time appointed for closing the Mails.

NEWSPAPERS and Book Packets must be posted one hour before the time of closing the Mails, otherwise they will not be forwarded until the next Mail.

MONEY ORDERS can be obtained at the G.P.O. as under:

On the Australian Colonies, &c., up to Thursday, December 14th, at noon.
Do. Thursday, December 28th, at noon.

On the United Kingdom, India, Hong Kong, Cape of Good Hope, and German Empire, up to Friday, December 8th, at noon.
Friday, December 22nd, at noon.

A. HELMICH,

Municipality of Albany.

£6,000 Loan.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Council of the Municipality of Albany has determined, in accordance with the provisions of the "Municipal Institutions Act" of 1876, Part VIII, Section 101, to borrow the sum of Six thousand pounds (£6,000).

"Four thousand pounds (£4,000) for the construction of New Roads, and Two thousand (£2,000) for the erection of a Town Hall" within the Municipality.

For this purpose it is proposed to raise the above sum of Six thousand pounds (£6,000) by the sale of Debentures, bearing interest at the rate of not more than Six pounds per centum per annum; such interest to be paid half-yearly at the Municipal Council Office, Albany, and the said Debentures to be repayable Twenty-eight years after the issue thereof.

A plan showing the proposed works, and all particulars, can be seen at the Municipal Council Office, Albany, for one month from this date.

Dated this first day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two.

ALEXANDER MOIR,

Chairman,

Albany Municipal Council.

Municipal Council Office, }
Albany, 1st Nov., 1882. }

NOTICE.

I HAVE this day applied to the Sussex Roads Board for permission to place two gates across the road leading from the Margaret River to the Hamelin, on the Augusta Road, at the North and South boundaries of my block A 5225.

HUGH TOMB,
Manager for M. C. Davies,
Augusta.

22nd November, 1882.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1871.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

In the matter of a bankruptcy petition against James Smith, of Geraldton, in the Colony of Western Australia, Innkeeper.

UPON the hearing of this petition this day and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the petitioner, and of the trading and of the act or acts of the bankrupt alleged to have been committed by the said James Smith having been given, it is ordered that the said James Smith be and he is hereby adjudged bankrupt.

Given under the seal of the Court this Twenty-eighth day of November, 1882.

By the Court,

(L.S.)

JAMES COWAN,
Registrar.

The first general meeting of the creditors of the said James Smith is hereby summoned to be held at this Court, on the 18th day of December, 1882, at 11 o'clock of the forenoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a trustee all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the Registrar.

Creditors must forward their proof of debts to the Registrar.

Census of 1881.

FOR SALE at the Government Printing Office. Price 5s.

For Sale at the Government Printing Office.

ACTS OF COUNCIL, Blue Books, Votes and Proceedings of the Legislative Council, &c.

Handbook of Western Australia,

BY THE REV. C. G. NICOLAY.

FOR sale at the Government Printing Office Forwarded by post for 3s.