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Note.—Throughout this Gazette the names in Italics within parentheses are those of Communicators of Inventions.

Complete Specifications.

Patent Office, Perth,
25th May, 1900.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned Applications for the Grant of Letters Patent, and the Complete Specifications annexed thereto, have been accepted, and are now open to public inspection at this Office.

Any person or persons intending to oppose any of such applications must leave particulars, in writing, in duplicate (on Form D), of his or their objections thereto, within two calendar months from the first appearance of this advertisement in the Western Australian Government Gazette. A fee of Ten shillings (10s.) is payable with such notice.

Application No. 2955.—ARTHUR HENRY FISHER, of 48 Queen Street, Melbourne, Victoria, Architect, "*Improvements in and relating to Windows.*"—Dated 9th May, 1900.

Claim:—

The clutches C, C; lever hooks C1; the horizontal operating shaft D; the yokes E; the collars G, G1; the metal plates G2, G3; slotted disc L; paul, K; and handle J; fitted and working together, forming a window cord clutching, and releasing mechanism for attachment to rope and balance weight windows as before described and illustrated.

Specification, 6s. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2962.—WILLIAM MATTHEWS, of Peak Hill, New South Wales, Farmer, "*An improved Earth Scoop.*"—Dated 11th May, 1900.

Claims:—

1. An earth scoop in which the various positions for filling carrying and emptying are obtained by means of a centrally placed lever with a pair of pivoted controlling arms, the forward of which is provided with a spring attachment and the rearward adjusted by a pivoted rod, the lever being operated by the driver by means of a screw and gear wheels, substantially as herein described and illustrated.

2. The combination and arrangement of an earth scoop with a door operated by a foot lever, a centrally placed lever, a pair of controlling arms pivoted thereto and a handscrew mechanism for the purpose of operating the lever substantially as described and as illustrated.

Specifications, 5s. 6d. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2963.—WILLIAM PARKER, of 80 Swanston Street, Melbourne, Victoria, Civil and Hydraulic Engineer (*Donald Cameron, Frederick James Commin, and Arthur John Martin*), "*Improvements in apparatus for the Treatment of Sewage or other Liquids.*"—Dated 11th May, 1900.

Claims:—

1. The combination with two or more receptacles of a pair of valves for controlling the supply and discharge to each receptacle, each pair of valves being actuated by an independent pair of buckets, the bucket whose descent controls the supply receiving the overflow from another receptacle, and the other bucket which controls the discharge being filled by the overflow from the same receptacle which it discharges, substantially as specified.

2. The combination with a receptacle which is alternately filled and discharged of a bucket or buckets receiving liquid for the purpose of effecting such discharge, and an aperture for regulating the flow into such bucket so that the filling of the same may occupy a certain desired time, substantially as specified.

3. The combination with a receptacle which is alternately filled and discharged of a bucket or buckets receiving liquid for the purpose of effecting such discharge, an aperture for regulating the flow into such bucket or buckets, so that the filling of the same may occupy a certain desired time, and means for varying such aperture either by means of a cock or a detachable nozzle, substantially as specified.

4. A regulating cock or nozzle on the pipe supplying the bucket which controls the discharge of a receptacle, so as to enable the period between the filling and the discharge of the latter to be varied, substantially as specified.

5. The combination with a number of receptacles, each having separate apparatus for effecting the supply thereto and the discharge therefrom, of a series of overflow pipes each fed from one receptacle and conveying liquid for operating the apparatus whereby the supply to another receptacle is effected so that several such receptacles are filled and discharged in rotation, substantially as specified.

6. Overflow pipes proceeding from the whole of a set of receptacles to be filled and discharged, and connected in a continuous ring, such pipes having branches through each of which a passage to a bucket for regulating the filling of a receptacle is opened or closed by a three-way cock, which may be turned to divert the overflow from the bucket which it would otherwise supply, and thereby cutting out the receptacle whose filling or discharge is controlled by such bucket from the set, substantially as specified.

7. The combination with a number of receptacles each having separate apparatus for effecting the supply thereto and the discharge therefrom, of a series of overflow pipes for conveying liquid for operating such apparatus, valves or cocks whereby the overflow to one or more sets of apparatus may be prevented, thereby cutting the receptacles to which such apparatus belongs out of the working set, and valves or cocks whereby such overflow may be sent past the receptacle or receptacles so cut out, and to operate the apparatus of another receptacle or other receptacles, substantially as specified.

8. The combination with the branches leading from a set of receptacles to be filled and discharged to the continuous ring of overflow pipes, of a check valve to prevent liquid passing back from the ring into the receptacle which has been cut out, substantially as specified.

9. The combination with a number of receptacles each having separate apparatus for effecting the supply thereto and the discharge therefrom, of a series of overflow pipes for conveying liquid for operating such apparatus, and valves or cocks for cutting out a receptacle or receptacles, a check valve or check valves on the overflow pipe or pipes of the receptacle or receptacles so cut out, whereby the passage of overflowing liquid back into such receptacle or receptacles is prevented without interfering with the overflow therefrom, substantially as specified.

10. The combination with a discharge orifice of a receptacle to be filled and discharged, of a valve which is opened by the pressure of the liquid in such receptacle when same has risen to a given height, substantially as specified.

11. The combination with a receptacle which it is desired to empty when it has filled to a certain height, of a valve or valves arranged to be opened by the pressure of the liquid in the receptacle, and weighted so as to resist such pressure until the liquid has risen to the desired height, substantially as specified.

12. The combination with a receptacle which it is desired to empty when it has filled to a certain height, of a valve or valves arranged to be opened by the pressure of the liquid in the receptacle, and weighted so as to resist such pressure until the liquid has risen to the desired height, and a valve or valves or other suitable means for filling such receptacle operated by the motion of such discharge valves, substantially as specified.

13. The combination of a valve and means for opening and closing the same and a dashpot or equivalent device to render such opening or closing gradual, substantially as specified.

14. The combination with a receptacle which it is desired to empty when it has filled to a certain height, of a valve or valves arranged to be opened by the pressure of the liquid in the receptacle, and weighted so as to resist such pressure until the liquid has risen to the desired height, and a dashpot or equivalent device to regulate the opening of such valve or valves, substantially as specified.

15. The combination with a lever connected with the discharge valve of a receptacle which is opened by the pressure of the liquid in the latter, of a weight for adjusting the height to which the liquid will rise before such valve is opened, substantially as specified.

16. The combination with a discharge orifice of a receptacle, of a piston valve connected to a lever and working within a cylinder, and which valve is opened by the pressure of the liquid in the receptacle the lever being fitted with a weight to regulate the opening of the valve, whereby the latter will remain in the cylinder until the weight will aid instead of opposing its opening movement substantially as specified.

17. The combination with two receptacles which it is desired alternately to fill to a certain height and empty, of one or more valves for each receptacle arranged to open outward by the pressure of the liquid in such receptacle, and a lever or levers whereby the valve or valves of one receptacle in opening are made to close that or those of the other, substantially as specified.

18. The combination with a set of receptacles to be filled and discharged, of two supply valves for each receptacle, both of which must be opened before the supply can take place, and each controlled by the overflow from a separate receptacle, substantially as specified.

19. The combination with three or more receptacles which are successively filled and discharged, of an additional valve or valves on the supply pipe to each receptacle, the opening and closing of such valve or valves being controlled by the filling of other receptacles, substantially as specified.

20. The combination with a receptacle to be filled and discharged, or an automatic cut off valve carried by a lever connected with a float or floats which rise when a receptacle is filled to a given height so as to close the cut off valve, substantially as specified.

21. In combination with a receptacle or receptacles successively filled and discharged, means for cutting off the supply of liquid to such receptacle or receptacles when filled to a certain desired height, such means consisting preferably of a valve on the supply passage such valve being closed by the rising of a float when the receptacle is filled to the desired height, substantially as specified.

22. The combination with a receptacle which is alternately filled and discharged of a valve for shutting the supply passage thereto when it is filled to a certain desired height, and an overflow whereby the liquid so impounded may pass by the valve after having accumulated to a certain extent, substantially as specified.

23. The combination with two receptacles which are alternately filled with liquid and discharged, of buckets for receiving liquid for effecting such filling and discharge and a common overflow pipe through which liquid may pass from each receptacle in turn into the opposite bucket, substantially as specified.

24. The combination with a lever carrying the valves for regulating the supply and discharge of receptacles, of a bucket or buckets suspended from such lever and receiving the overflow from such receptacles so as to control the valves, substantially as specified.

25. The combination with a bucket to receive liquid for effecting the supply of liquid to a receptacle, or its discharge therefrom or both, of a siphon for emptying such bucket which siphon is brought into action by the successive rise and fall of liquid in the space surrounding such bucket, substantially as specified.

26. The combination with a bucket to receive liquid for effecting the supply of liquid to a receptacle or its discharge therefrom or both, of a siphon for emptying such bucket, which siphon is brought into action by the successive rise and fall of liquid in the space surrounding such bucket, and an opening in such siphon whereby air may escape so as to admit liquid for charging the same, and means for preventing the ingress of air through such opening, substantially as specified.

27. The combination of a single bucket for controlling the supply and discharge to and from one receptacle of a set, such bucket being filled by the overflow from another receptacle of such set, substantially as specified.

28. The combination of valves for effecting the supply of liquid to a receptacle and its discharge therefrom, a bucket or buckets for operating such valves, and pipes or passages for conveying liquid to fill such bucket or buckets and the space surrounding same respectively, substantially as specified.

29. The combination of valves for effecting the supply of liquid to a receptacle and its discharge therefrom, a bucket or buckets for operating such valves, pipes or passages for conveying liquid to fill such bucket or buckets and the space surrounding the same respectively, a siphon for emptying such bucket, and a siphon or valves for emptying the space surrounding such bucket, substantially as specified.

30. The combination with a receptacle whose contents it is desired to discharge at two or more levels, of two or more valves for discharging such contents at the desired levels, which valves are successively opened by the action of the discharging apparatus, substantially as specified.

31. The combination with a lever for controlling the supply and discharge of a receptacle, of a second lever connected to the former and also to valves so as to effect the discharge at different levels substantially as specified.

32. The combination with a receptacle whose contents it is desired to discharge at two or more levels, of two or more valves suspended from a lever or levers, and so adjusted as to weight that in the absence of pressure on them the lower valve will remain open while the upper valve or valves remain closed, but that with a certain pressure of water upon the lower valve an upper valve will open while the lower valve remains closed, substantially as specified.

33. The combination with a lever for controlling the supply and discharge of a receptacle, of a second lever connected with the former and also to valves so as to effect the discharge at different levels, the weights of the discharge valves being so proportioned that when the discharge first begins the higher valve will be opened and remain open until the level of the liquid falls to such an extent that the weight of the higher valve overcomes that of the lower one, and thus closes the former and opens the latter substantially as specified.

34. The combination with the discharge wells of a pair of filters or other receptacles and a pair of actuating buckets suspended therein, of a siphon serving to convey a portion of liquid from either of the discharge wells to the opposite actuating bucket, and by its continued action to empty the bucket in the discharge well from which such liquid passes, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

35. In combination with a receptacle which is alternately filled and emptied, and automatic means for opening and closing the supply valve and the discharge valve thereto, a lever or member to which such valves are loosely connected communicating motion to such valves in turn, substantially as described.

36. The combination with two receptacles having each a supply valve and a discharge valve which are operated automatically of weights bearing upon the moving parts during successive stages of their motion, thereby rendering such motion intermittent instead of continuous.

37. The combination of a receptacle or filter and a discharge valve so formed as to regulate the rate of discharge in each position of the valve, substantially as described and as shown in Fig. 3 of the drawings.

38. The combination of a receptacle or filter and a discharge valve so formed as to regulate the rate of discharge, together with means for imparting to such valve an intermittent motion and causing it to rise successively giving a gradual increased opening substantially as described and as shown in Figs. 2 and 3 of the drawings.

39. The combination with a receptacle in which sewage or other liquid accumulates and from which it is to be delivered to filters or other receptacles, of means for effecting the discharge thereof and for permitting such a quantity of liquid to accumulate in same as will be sufficient to fill one of the filters or other receptacles before such discharge can take place, substantially as specified.

40. The combination with a receptacle in which sewage and other liquid accumulates and from which it is to be delivered to filters or other receptacles, of a siphon or siphons for effecting the discharge thereof, the flow through which is stopped when desired by the admission of air thereto, substantially as specified.

41. The combination with a receptacle in which sewage or other liquid accumulates and from which it is to be delivered to filters or other receptacles, of a siphon or siphons for effecting the discharge thereof, the outer ends of such siphon or siphons dipping into the liquid contained in a tipping diverter which delivers the liquid into channels by which it passes to the filters, the motion of said diverter being utilised to admit air to the siphon or siphons to stop the action of the latter when desired, substantially as specified.

42. The combination with a receptacle in which sewage or other liquid accumulates and from which it is to be delivered to filters or other receptacles, of a siphon or siphons for effecting the discharge thereof, and means operating on the filling of the filter being supplied to admit air to such siphon or siphons, substantially as specified.

43. The combination with a receptacle in which sewage or other liquid accumulates and from which it is to be delivered to filters or other receptacles, of a bucket adapted to be tipped or otherwise operated on the level of the liquid in the storage receptacle reaching the desired height and thereby open the supply to the filter to be filled, the bucket being retained in its tipped position by a catch during the filling of such filter, and means being provided for releasing the bucket from the catch when this has taken place, substantially as specified.

44. The combination of a lever operating a valve, an actuating bucket connected therewith, and a chamber containing liquid into which the bucket descends, such chamber retaining liquid which will retard the descent of the bucket, so as to cause the valve controlled by the latter to be opened and closed gradually, substantially as specified.

45. The combination with two or more filters or other receptacles through which liquid is successively passed, the discharge valve of the first filter constituting the supply valve of the next, of means by which the supply and discharge valves are caused to open and close in the proper order and at the proper times, substantially as specified.

46. The combination with the arrangement specified in the preceding claim of a catch to hold the discharge valve of each succeeding filter open until the preceding filter is filled and about to be discharged, substantially as specified.

47. The combination with two or more filters or other receptacles through which liquid is successively passed, of means for actuating the whole of the valves governing the supply of liquid thereto and its discharge therefrom by a single set of actuating gear, a certain amount of slack motion being given to the connection of some of the valves substantially as and for the purpose specified.

48. The combination with a filter or other receptacle for use in the treatment of sewage or other liquids, of a discharge pipe or passage therefrom, and means for straining the liquid from such filter or receptacle as it passes from or through such discharge pipe or passage, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

49. The combination with the discharge pipe or passage from a filter or other receptacle, of an end piece provided with holes or perforations, through which the liquid will be forced to pass in the form of spray, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

50. The combination with the discharge pipe or passage from a filter or other receptacle, of air inlet pipes or tubes opening from the outer air into such discharge pipe or passage, so that the liquid passing through the latter will draw air into and mix it with such liquid, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

Specification, £3 8s. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2964.—WILLIAM PARKER, of 80 Swanston Street, Melbourne, Victoria, Civil and Hydraulic Engineer (*Donald Cameron, Frederick James Commins, and Arthur John Martin*), "*Self-acting Valves for regulating the discharge of Sewage into Tidal Waters.*"—Dated 11th May, 1900.

Claims:—

1. The improved self-acting valve consisting in a bucket with a small opening in or near the bottom for the admission and escape of liquid, such bucket being suspended from one end of a lever within a chamber in which such liquid rises and falls around the bucket while the discharge valve itself is suspended from the opposite end of the lever, all substantially as specified.

2. A bucket or vessel suspended within a space within which liquid rises and falls, and having a contracted orifice through which liquid may enter or leave the bucket, for the purpose of causing the bucket to rise or fall after the rise or fall of the liquid outside it.

3. The improved self-acting valve consisting in a bucket with a small opening in or near the bottom for the admission and escape of liquid, such bucket being suspended from one end of a lever within a chamber in which such liquid rises and falls around the bucket, while the discharge valve itself is suspended from the opposite end of the lever, in combination with a catch for holding the lever in the position it occupies when the discharge valve is open, until such catch is released by the descent of a vessel to which a measured flow of liquid is gradually supplied as soon as such discharge valve opens, all substantially as specified.

4. The improved self-acting valve consisting in a bucket with a small opening in or near the bottom for the admission of liquid, such bucket being suspended from one end of a lever within a chamber in which such liquid rises and falls around the bucket while the discharge valve itself is suspended from the opposite end of the lever, in combination with a catch for holding the lever in the position it occupies when the discharge valve is open, until such catch is released by the descent of a vessel to which a measured flow of liquid is gradually supplied as soon as such discharge valve opens, the bucket having a valve which is opened as soon as the catch moves to the position to hold the discharge valve open, and the vessel having a valve which is opened as soon as the discharge valve closes, all substantially as specified.

5. The improved self-acting valve consisting in a stationary vessel having an opening at or near the bottom and placed in a chamber in which a liquid rises and falls, and in a tube leading from the top of the vessel and passing under a bell the lower edge of which dips into a liquid, such bell being suspended from a lever to the opposite end of which is suspended a valve substantially as specified.

6. A regulator consisting in an inverted bell having its lower edge immersed in liquid, and having a pipe terminating under it, substantially as specified.

7. The improved self-acting valve consisting in a bucket suspended from one end of a lever to the other end of which a discharge valve is suspended, in combination with a stationary vessel having an opening at or near the bottom and placed in a chamber in which a liquid rises and falls, and with a tube leading from the top of the vessel and passing under a bell the lower edge of which dips into a liquid, such bell being suspended from a lever to the opposite end of which is suspended a valve mounted in a chamber also containing liquid and from which a pipe leads to the bucket controlling the discharge valve, substantially as specified.

8. The combination with a stationary vessel having an opening at or near the bottom and placed in a chamber within which liquid rises and falls of a pipe leading from the top of the vessel to the top of a second vessel containing liquid in its lower part and a pipe leading from the lower part of such second vessel to a chamber containing a float, substantially as specified.

9. The combination with a stationary vessel having an opening at or near the bottom and placed in a chamber in which a liquid rises and falls, and a tube leading from the top of the vessel and passing under a bell the lower edge of which dips into a liquid, such bell being suspended from a lever to the opposite end of which is suspended a discharge valve, of a vessel containing liquid, the pipe from the stationary vessel mounted in the chamber being connected to the top of such vessel containing liquid and proceeding from the bottom of same to beneath the bell controlling the discharge valve, substantially as specified.

10. The combination with a stationary vessel having an opening at or near the bottom and placed in a chamber in which a liquid rises and falls, and a tube leading from the top of the vessel and passing under a bell the lower edge of which dips into a liquid, such bell being suspended from a lever to the opposite end of which is suspended a valve mounted in a chamber also containing liquid and from which a pipe leads to the bucket controlling the discharge valve, of a vessel containing liquid, the pipe from the stationary vessel mounted in the chamber being connected to the top of such vessel containing water and proceeding from the bottom of same to beneath the bell controlling the valve which allows liquid to pass to the bucket controlling the discharge valve, substantially as specified.

11. The combination with a stationary vessel having an opening at or near the bottom and placed in a chamber in which a liquid rises and falls, and a tube leading from the top of the vessel and passing under a bell the lower edge of which dips into a liquid, such bell being suspended from a lever to the opposite end of which is suspended a discharge valve, of two vessels containing liquid, and which are connected together at or near the bottom, the pipe from the stationary vessel mounted in the chamber being connected to the top of the first vessel containing water and proceeding from the top of the second vessel beneath the bell controlling the valve which allows liquid to pass to the bucket controlling the discharge valve, substantially as specified.

12. The combination with a stationary vessel having an opening at or near the bottom and placed in a chamber in which a liquid rises and falls, and a tube leading from the top of the vessel and passing under a bell the lower edge of which dips into a liquid, such bell being suspended from a lever to the opposite end of which is suspended a valve mounted in a chamber also containing liquid and from which a pipe leads to the bucket controlling the discharge valve, of two vessels containing liquid, and which are connected together at or near the bottom, the pipe from the stationary vessel mounted in the chamber being connected to the top of the first vessel containing water and proceeding from the top of the second vessel beneath the bell controlling the valve which allows liquid to pass to the bucket controlling the discharge valve, substantially as specified.

Specification, 16s. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2966.—FREDERICK METTERS, of Rundle Street, Adelaide, in the province of South Australia, Manufacturer, "*Improvements in Ovens or Ranges for Cooking Purposes*."—Dated 15th May, 1900.

Claims:—

1. In ovens or ranges for cooking purposes, an adjustable ventilator communicating with the flue passing around the cooking chamber and arranged in such manner that a regulated quantity of air is allowed to enter such flue between the fire and its entrance to the chimney.

2. In ovens or ranges for cooking purposes, an adjustable ventilator arranged at the bottom and communicating with the flue passing around the cooking chamber in such manner that a regulated quantity of air is allowed to enter such flue between the fire and its entrance to the chimney substantially as described and for the purposes indicated.

3. In ovens or ranges for cooking purposes, an adjustable ventilator attached to the opening for the removal of soot, communicating with the flue passing around the cooking chamber and arranged in such manner that a regulated quantity of air is allowed to enter such flue between the fire and its entrance to the chimney, substantially as described, and for the purposes indicated.

Specification, 5s. Drawings on application.

MALCOLM A. C. FRASER,
Registrar of Patents.

Patent Office, Perth,
18th May, 1900.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned Applications for the Grant of Letters Patent, and the complete specifications annexed thereto, have been *accepted*, and are now open to public inspection at this Office.

Any person or persons intending to oppose any of such applications must leave particulars, in writing, in duplicate (on Form D), of his or their objections

thereto, within two calendar months from the first appearance of this advertisement in the *Western Australian Government Gazette*. A fee of Ten shillings (10s.) is payable with such notice.

For particulars of claims, vide *Gazette No. 20, 18th May, 1900*.

Application No. 2928.—SOLOMON ROBERT DRESSER, of 27 South Avenue, Bradford, Pennsylvania, United States of America, Inventor, "*Improvements in Pipe Couplings*."—Dated 18th April, 1900.

Specifications, 7s. 6d. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2931.—SIDNEY GEORGE BROWN, of Van Buren, Poole Road, Bournemouth, England, Electrician, "*Improvements in and relating to Telegraphic Apparatus*."—Dated 18th April, 1900.

Specification, £2. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2937.—HERBERT THOMSON, of No. 869 High Street, Armadale, Victoria, Engineer, "*Improvements in the Motor, Generator, Condenser, and Controlling Appliances of Motor Cars*."—Dated 24th April, 1900.

Specification, 8s. 6d. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2942.—HENRY MARLES, of 87 Kensington Avenue, East Ham, Mechanic, and GEORGE WELLER BUTT, of Wilbury, Littlehampton, Manufacturer, both in England, "*Improvements in Carving Machines*."—Dated 30th April, 1900.

Specification, 17s. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2944.—AUGUSTA MERIEL HAMILTON, of Robe Terrace, Medindie, South Australia, Gentlewoman, "*An improved Pocket Filter*."—Dated 30th April, 1900.

Specification, 6s. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2951.—FREDERICK WILLIAM BRAUN, of Los Angeles, California, U.S.A., Merchant Chemist (Assignee of HENRY BOUNDS CARY), "*An improved open Bunsen Burner and means for igniting same*."—Dated 8th May, 1900.

Specification, £1 2s. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2952.—RICHARD SPARROW, of Perth, Western Australia, Licensed Patent Agent (*Giovanni Enrico*), "*An improved Bicycle, driven by the weight of the rider's body*."—Dated 8th May, 1900.

Specification, 5s. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2956.—JULES EDMOND DE SROUTZ, of Coolgardie, Western Australia, Mining Engineer, "*Improvements in and connected with Rope or Chain Elevators*."—Dated 9th May, 1900.

Specification, 7s. 6d. Drawings on application.

MALCOLM A. C. FRASER,
Registrar of Patents.

Patent Office, Perth,
11th May, 1900.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned Applications for the Grant of Letters Patent, and the complete Specifications annexed thereto, have been *accepted*, and are now open to public inspection at this Office.

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For particulars of claims, vide Gazette No. 19, 11th May, 1900.

Application No. 2628.—THOMAS EAGLE MARTIN, of Barmer, near King's Lynn, in the County of Norfolk, England, Farmer and Machinist, "*Improvements in Seed Drills, Horse Hoes, and like Agricultural Implements.*"—Dated 5th August, 1899.

Specification, 4s. 6d. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2929.—ISAAC WHEELDON, of 335 Collins Street, Melbourne, Victoria, Mining Engineer (Assignee of WILLIAM PELL and ISAAC WHEELDON), "*Improvements in or for use in connection with Rifles, Revolvers, and the like.*"—Dated 18th April, 1900.

Specification, 7s. 6d. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2932.—WILLIAM THOMAS PEARCE and WILLIAM HENRY SPILLER, both of 203 Moray Street, South Melbourne, Victoria, Stove Manufacturers, "*An improved Burner for connection to and use with a Primus Heating Lamp.*"—Dated 18th April, 1900.

Specification, 5s. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2938.—JOSEPH GAUT, of No. 63 Renwick Street, Leichhardt, near Sydney, New South Wales, Artist, and JOHN JOSEPH ROUSE, of No. 375 George Street, Sydney, aforesaid, Company Director, "*Improvements in Photographic Cameras.*"—Dated 24th April, 1900.

Specification, 11s. Drawings on application.

MALCOLM A. C. FRASER,
Registrar of Patents.

*Patent Office, Perth,
4th May, 1900.*

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned Applications for the Grant of Letters Patent, and the complete Specifications annexed thereto, have been accepted, and are now open to public inspection at this Office.

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For particulars of claims, vide Gazette No. 18, 4th May, 1900.

Application No. 2591.—RAND DRILL COMPANY, of 100 Broadway, New York, United States of America (Assignee of ROBERT L. AMBROSE), "*Improvements in Rock Drills.*"—Dated 7th July, 1899.

Specification, 17s. 6d. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2592.—RAND DRILL COMPANY, of 100 Broadway, New York, United States of America (Assignee of HUGH V. CONRAD and ROBERT L. AMBROSE), "*Improvements in Rock Drills.*"—Dated 7th July, 1899.

Specification, £1 5s. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2634.—WALTER WEECH FORWOOD, of Adelaide, in the Province of South Australia, "*Improvements in Grinding and Amalgamating Pans.*"—Dated 10th August, 1899.

Specification, 2s. 6d. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2904.—GEORGE GARIBALDI TURRI, of Salisbury Building, Queen Street, Melbourne, in the Colony of Victoria, Patent Agent (*Wilhelm Bruhn*), "*Improvements in Fare-indicating Mechanism.*"—Dated 20th March, 1899.

Specification, 15s. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2911.—CHARLES AGERNON PARSONS, GEORGE GERALD STONEY, and HUGH FRANCIS FULLAGAR, all of Heaton Works, Newcastle-on-Tyne, England, Engineers, "*Improvements in and in connection with Steam Turbine Rings of Blades.*"—Dated 27th March, 1900.

Specification, 18s. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2913.—ROBERT SEDDON, of Southern Cross, in the Colony of Western Australia, Engineer, "*A Hydraulic Slime Disintegrator and Amalgamator.*"—Dated 30th March, 1900.

Specification, 5s. 6d. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2918.—JAMES ALBERT COE, of 78 Queen Street, Brisbane, in the Colony of Queensland, Metallurgist, "*An improved process for the Extraction of Gold and Silver from their Ores, and from Compounds containing same.*"—Dated 2nd April, 1900.

Specification, 2s. 6d.

Application No. 2923.—CASIMIR JAMES HEAD and ROLAND CECIL WILD, both of 117 Bedford Road, Clapham, London, S.W., England, Analytical Chemists, "*An improved method for the Treatment of Telluride Ores.*"—Dated 10th April, 1900.

Specification, 3s.

Application No. 2925.—THE PARKE AND LACY COMPANY, of San Francisco, California, United States of America, Dealers in Machinery and Supplies (Assignee of FRANK ATWOOD HUNTINGTON, of San Francisco, aforesaid, Engineer), "*Improvements in Centrifugal Roller Crushing Mills.*"—Dated 12th April, 1900.

Specification, 8s. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2926.—THE PARKE AND LACY COMPANY, of San Francisco, California, United States of America, Dealers in Machinery and Supplies (Assignee of ROBERT SCHORR, of San Francisco aforesaid), "*Improvements in Roasting Furnaces and Dryers.*"—Dated 12th April, 1900.

Specification, 16s. Drawings on application.

MALCOLM A. C. FRASER,
Registrar of Patents.

*Patent Office, Perth,
27th April, 1900.*

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned applications for the Grant of Letters Patent, and the complete Specifications annexed thereto, have been accepted, and are now open to public inspection at this Office.

Any person or persons intending to oppose any of such applications must leave particulars, in writing, in duplicate (on Form D), of his or their objections thereto, within two calendar months from the first appearance of this advertisement in the *Western Australian Government Gazette*. A fee of Ten shillings (10s.) is payable with such notice.

For particulars of claims, vide Gazette No. 17, 27th April, 1900.

Application No. 2914.—ALAN BREBNER, of 4 Nemours Road, Acton, London, W., England, Bachelor of Science and Member of the Institution of Civil Engineers, "*Improvements in Eclipsing Screens for Revolving Group-flashing Lighthouse Lights, for signalling lights, or the like.*"—Dated 8th September, 1899. (Filed under Section 3 of Amendment Act, 1894.)

Specification, £1. Drawings on application.

MALCOLM A. C. FRASER,
Registrar of Patents.

Patent Office, Perth,
20th April, 1900.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned Applications for the Grant of Letters Patent, and the complete Specifications annexed thereto, have been *accepted*, and are now open to public inspection at this Office.

Any person or persons intending to oppose any of such applications must leave particulars, in writing, in duplicate (on Form D), of his or their objections thereto, within two calendar months from the first appearance of this advertisement in the Western Australian Government Gazette. A fee of Ten shillings (10s.) is payable with such notice.

For particulars of claims, vide Gazette No. 16, 20th April, 1900.

Application No. 2593.—RICHARD DAVID SANDERS, of Hartfield House, Eastbourne, England, Engineer, "*Improvements in the Manufacture of Wire.*"—Dated 7th July, 1899.

Specification, 5s. 6d. Drawings on application.

R. G. FERGUSON,
Acting Registrar of Patents.

Patent Office, Perth,
13th April, 1900.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned Applications for the Grant of Letters Patent, and the Complete Specifications annexed thereto, have been *accepted*, and are now open to public inspection at this Office.

Any person or persons intending to oppose any of such applications must leave particulars, in writing, in duplicate (on Form D), of his or their objections thereto, within two calendar months from the first appearance of this advertisement in the Western Australian Government Gazette. A fee of Ten shillings (10s.) is payable with such notice.

For particulars of claims, vide Gazette No. 15, 13th April, 1900.

Application No. 2891.—DAVID NABLE, of 80 Castlereagh Street, Redfern, in the Colony of New South Wales, Tailor, "*An improved Detachable Coat Adjustment.*"—Dated 9th March, 1900.

Specification, 4s. 6d. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2892.—EDWARD SMETHURST, of 183 Hereford Street, Christchurch, New Zealand, Commission Agent, "*Improved Hanging Dropper for Wire Fencing.*"—Dated 9th March, 1900.

Specification, 3s. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2894.—ARNOLD GEORGE BLACKWELL, of Wynyard (a post town), in the Colony of Tasmania, Miller, "*Improvements in Railway Car Couplings.*"—Dated 12th March, 1900.

Specification, 6s. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2895.—EDWIN ORLANDO BLACKWELL, of Wynyard, in the Colony of Tasmania, Miller, "*Improvements in Door Stops.*"—Dated 12th March, 1900.

Specification, 5s. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2896.—AUSTIN DOUGLAS GRAHAM, of Queen Street, Brisbane, in the Colony of Queensland, Solicitor (assignee of JAMES CHARLES BARNES), "*An improved Appliance for sharpening the Combs and Cutters of Machine Sheep-shears, Horse-clippers, and the like.*"—Dated 14th March, 1900.

Specification, 4s. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2899.—EDWARD WATERS, of 131 William Street, Melbourne, Victoria, Patent Agent (*Charles Alfred Carles de Caudenberg*), "*A New Composition of Matter more especially adapted for use in Paving Roads, Footways, and the like.*"—Dated 20th March, 1900.

Specification, 5s.

Application No. 2900.—JOHN RICHARD WALLBANK, of Regent Street, Parkside, South Australia, Sailmaker, "*An improved Combination Cooler.*"—Dated 20th March, 1900.

Specification, 7s. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2902.—DAVID NABLE, of 80 Castlereagh Street, Redfern, in the Colony of New South Wales, Tailor, "*An improved Apparatus for cleaning the Rails of Tramways.*"—Dated 20th March, 1900.

Specification, 4s. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2903.—ALBERT EARNEST MILLS, of Branhholme, in the Colony of Victoria, Mechanical Engineer, "*Improvements in Car Couplings.*"—Dated 20th March, 1900.

Specification, 8s. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2906.—CARL KUNZELMANN, of 4 Schulhausstrasse, Säckingen, in the Grand Duchy of Baden, Germany, Mechanic, "*An improved Safety Lock.*"—Dated 23rd March, 1900.

Specification, £1. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2908.—THOMAS EDWARD LANE, of 108 Drayton Gardens, South Kensington, Distiller; GEORGE THEODORE TEMPLE, of 109 Leadenhall Street, London, Gentleman; and JAMES MCRAE, of 7 Fenchurch Avenue, London, Engineer, "*Improvements relating to Bottles for Beer, Wine, Sedimentary and other Liquids, and apparatus for use therewith.*"—Dated 27th March, 1900.

Specification, 9s. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2909.—HENRY HERBERT HENNING, of 14 Q. D. Bank Chambers, Adelaide Street, Brisbane, in the Colony of Queensland, Electrical Engineer, "*A new or improved Automatic Pump for Pneumatic-tired Wheels.*"—Dated 27th March, 1900.

Specification, 6s. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2910.—MARTIN KOECK, Inventor, of 260 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Illinois, United States of America, "*Woven Fabric.*"—Dated 27th March, 1900.

Specification, 5s. 6d. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2912.—HUBERT BARTLETT DAY, of Northam, in the Colony of Western Australia, Pharmaceutical Chemist, "*An Anti-door Slammer.*"—Dated 28th March, 1900.

Specification, 3s. 6d. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2915.—HORACE FINLAY MALCOLM, of Sydney, in the Colony of New South Wales, Watchmaker, "*An Improved Mailbag Fastener.*"—Dated 31st March, 1900.

Specification, 2s. 6d. Drawings on application.

R. G. FERGUSON,
Acting Registrar of Patents.

Patent Office, Perth,
6th April, 1900.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned Applications for the Grant of Letters Patent, and the complete Specifications annexed thereto, have been *accepted*, and are now open to public inspection at this Office.

Any person or persons intending to oppose any of such applications must leave particulars, in writing, in duplicate (on Form D), of his or their objections thereto, within two calendar months from the first appearance of this advertisement in the Western Australian Government Gazette. A fee of Ten shillings (10s.) is payable with such notice.

For particulars of claims, vide Gazette No. 14, 6th April, 1900.

Application No. 2463.—HUGH DUNLOP, of 43 Sloane Street, Summer Hill, in the Colony of New South Wales, Gentleman, "*Improvements in the method of Top-dressing for Wood Blocks for Streets, Footpaths, and the like.*"—Dated 11th April, 1899.

Specification, 3s.

Application No. 2571.—THOMAS BALLANTINE, of Grant Street, South Melbourne, in the Colony of Victoria, Engineer, "*Improvements in Carriages or Perambulators for Children.*"—Dated 20th June, 1898.

Specification, 9s. Drawings on application.

R. G. FERGUSON,
Acting Registrar of Patents.

*Patent Office, Perth,
30th March, 1900.*

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned Applications for the Grant of Letters Patent, and the Complete Specifications annexed thereto, have been accepted, and are now open to public inspection at this Office.

Any person or persons intending to oppose any of such applications must leave particulars, in writing, in duplicate (on Form D), of his or their objections thereto, within two calendar months from the first appearance of this advertisement in the Western Australian Government Gazette. A fee of Ten shillings (10s.) is payable with such notice.

For particulars of claims, vide Gazette No. 13, 30th March, 1900.

Application No. 2372.—CHARLES SCHENCK BRADLEY, Electrical Engineer, and CHARLES BORROWS JACOBS, Chemist, residing respectively at Avon, in the County of Livingston, State of New York, and at East Orange, in the County of Essex, State of New Jersey, U.S.A., "*Improvements in the process of manufacturing Soluble Salts of Barium and other Metals, and of utilizing the same in the production of Oxide of such metals, together with Hydrocarbons.*"—Dated 17th January, 1899.

Specification, 12s. 6d. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2572.—JACOB BROWN and ARTHUR BROWN, both of 2 Downing Street, Manchester, Lancashire, England, Special Apparatus Manufacturers, "*Improvements in and relating to Saucepans and other Receptacles for Heating and Boiling Milk and other Liquids.*"—Dated 20th June, 1899.

Specification, 3s. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2573.—WILLIAM DABB, of Croydon, Victoria, Mechanical Engineer, "*An improved Mop for Household and other purposes, having a rotatable head.*"—Dated 20th June, 1899.

Specification, 6s. 6d. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2770.—CHARLES CAMPBELL, of Kelly's Basin, Macquarie, Tasmania, Carpenter, "*An improved Ballast Truck.*"—Dated 16th November, 1899.

Specification, 7s. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2878.—HENRY ALONZO BUCK, of Russell Square, London, England, Engineer, "*An Improved Rotary Engine.*"—Dated 24th February, 1900.

Specification, 11s. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2879.—HENRY ALONZO BUCK, of Russell Square, London, England, Engineer, "*A new method of and means for Generating Steam in Steam Engines.*"—Dated 24th February, 1900.

Specification, 9s. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2884.—KARL MILLER, of 291 Burdett Road, Bow, London, England, Metallurgical Chemist, "*An improved Process for Rendering Ore Friable.*"—Dated 27th February, 1900.

Specification, 5s. 6d.

Application No. 2887.—ALBERT TAYLOR, of Daisy Croft, Hipperholme, near Halifax, in the County of York, England, Engineer; WILLIE BROOKE and NEWTON BROOKE, both of Lightcliffe, near Halifax aforesaid, and ASPINALL BROOKE, of Hipperholme, aforesaid, Quarry Owners, "*Improvements in and connected with Hydraulic Presses, and in the Manufacture of Artificial Stone Slabs or the like.*"—Dated 1st March, 1900.

Specification, 18s. Drawings on application.

Application No. 2889.—HENRY JAMES KIMMAN, of 1235 Lawndale Avenue, Chicago, Cook County, Illinois, United States of America, Machinist, "*Improvements relating to Pneumatic Rvcting Apparatus.*"—Dated 6th March, 1900.

Specification, 6s. 6d. Drawings on application.

R. G. FERGUSON,
Acting Registrar of Patents.

Trade Marks.

*Patent Office, Trade Marks Branch,
Perth, 25th May, 1900.*

IT is hereby notified that I have received the undermentioned Applications for the Registration of Trade Marks.

Any person or persons intending to oppose any of such applications must leave particulars in writing, in duplicate (on Form F), of his or their objections thereto, within two months of the first advertisement of the applications in the Western Australian Government Gazette.

A fee of £1 is payable with such notice.

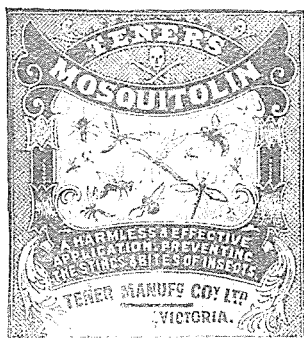
MALCOLM A. C. FRASER,
Registrar of Designs and Trade Marks.

Application No. 1854, dated 23rd March, 1900.—GEORGE BISHOP (trading as the "Auralia Tea Co."), Burt Street, Boulder City, in the Colony of Western Australia, merchant, to register in Class 42, in respect of Tea, a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation:—

AURALIA.

This Mark was first advertised in the Western Australian Government Gazette of the 30th March, 1900—*vide* notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.

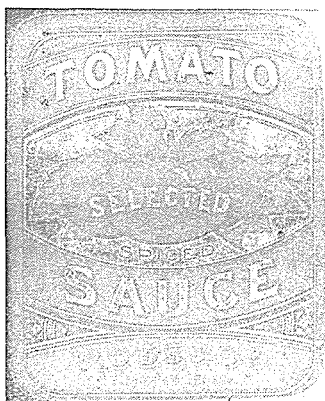
Application No. 1855, dated 27th February, 1900.—TENER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED, of High Street, Maldon, in the Colony of Victoria, to register in Class 3, in respect of Chemical Substances or Applications for preventing the stings and bites of insects, a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation :—



The essential particulars of the Trade Mark are the following :—The combination of devices and the word "Mosquitolin," and we disclaim any right to the exclusive use of the word "Mosquito," and of the added matter, save and except our name.

This Mark was first advertised in the Western Australian Government Gazette of the 30th March, 1900—vide notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.

Application No. 1869, dated 15th March, 1900.—FRANCIS WILLIAM ROSS, CHARLES SAMUEL NATHAN, and EMILE MARIE (trading as "Ross & Co."), of Fremantle, Manufacturers, to register in Class 42, in respect of Substances used as Food or as Ingredients in Food, a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation :—

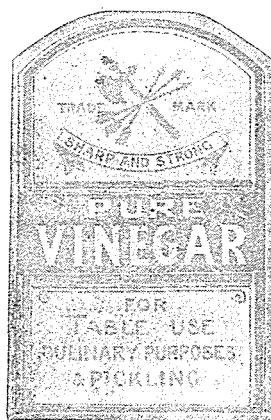


The essential particulars of the above Mark consists of the combination of devices, and the applicants disclaim any right to the exclusive use of the added matter, except their name and address.

This Mark was first advertised in the Western Australian Government Gazette of the 30th March, 1900—vide notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.

Application No. 1870, dated 15th March, 1900.—FRANCIS WILLIAM ROSS, CHARLES SAMUEL NATHAN, and EMILE MARIE (trading as "Ross & Co."), of Fremantle, Manufacturers, to register in Class 42, in respect of Substances used

as Food, or as Ingredients in Food, a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation :—



The essential particulars of the above Mark consist of the combination of devices, and the applicants disclaim any right to the exclusive use of the added matter.

This Mark was first advertised in the Western Australian Government Gazette of the 30th March, 1900—vide notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.

Application No. 1873, dated 20th March, 1900.—J. STOH-WASSER & Co., of 39 Conduit Street, Regent Street, London, in the County of Middlesex, England, Military Out-fitters and Manufacturers, to register in Class 38, in respect of Articles of Clothing, such as Coats, Leggings, Breeches, Spats, Cloaks, Helmets, Caps, Stockings, Boots, etc., a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation :—

STOHWINTER.

This Mark was first advertised in the Western Australian Government Gazette of the 30th March, 1900—vide notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.

Application No. 1874, dated 20th March, 1900.—THE CELLULAR CLOTHING COMPANY LIMITED, of No. 72 Fore Street, in the City of London, England, Manufacturers, to register in Class 38, in respect of Articles of Clothing, a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation :—

AERTEX.

This Mark was first advertised in the Western Australian Government Gazette of the 30th March, 1900—vide notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.

Application No. 1875, dated 27th March, 1900.—THE SYDNEY SOAP AND CANDLE COMPANY, LIMITED, of Sydney, New South Wales, to register in Class 48, in respect of Perfumery (including toilet articles, preparations for the teeth and hair, and perfumed soap), a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation :—

SIREN

This Mark was first advertised in the Western Australian Government Gazette of the 6th April, 1900—vide notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.

Application No. 1876, dated 27th March, 1900.—JOSHUA BROTHERS PROPRIETARY, LIMITED, of No. 4 St. James Buildings, William Street, Melbourne, in the Colony of Victoria, Distillers, to register in Class 43, in respect of Brandy, a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation :—



The essential particulars of the said Trade Mark are the device and the word "Boomerang," and applicant Company disclaims any right to the exclusive use of the added matter, save and except their name and address.

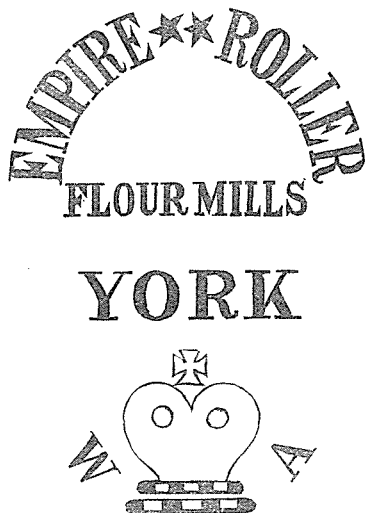
This Mark was first advertised in the Western Australian Government Gazette of the 6th April, 1900—vide notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.

Application No. 1860, dated 5th March, 1900.—WILLIAM SANDOVER & Co., Merchants, Perth, Western Australia, to register in Class 50, in respect of Incubators, a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation :—

20th CENTURY

This Mark was first advertised in the Western Australian Government Gazette of the 6th April, 1900—vide notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.

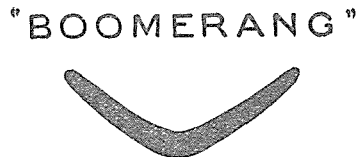
Application No. 1872, dated 17th March, 1900.—WILLIAM DINSDALE JOSEPH BOWER, trading under the name and style of "Empire Milling Co.," of York, in the Colony of Western Australia, Millers, to register in Class 42, in respect of Flour, Pollard, Bran, a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation :—



The essential particulars of the above Mark consist of the word "Empire" and the combination of devices, and applicant Company disclaim any right to the exclusive use of the added matter, save and except their address.

This Mark was first advertised in the Western Australian Government Gazette of the 6th April, 1900—vide notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.

Application No. 1877, dated 27th March, 1900.—JOSHUA BROTHERS PROPRIETARY, LIMITED, of No. 4 St. James Buildings, William Street, Melbourne, in the Colony of Victoria, Distillers, to register in Class 43, in respect of Brandy, Whisky, Wines, and Liqueurs, a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation :—



This Mark was first advertised in the Western Australian Government Gazette of 6th April, 1900—vide notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.

Application No. 1878, dated 27th March, 1900.—PETERSON & COMPANY, of 348 Flinders Street, Melbourne, General Merchants, to register in Class 42, in respect of Substances used as Food, or as ingredients in Food, a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation :—

RAWATTE.

This Mark was first advertised in the Western Australian Government Gazette of 6th April, 1900—vide notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.

Applications Nos. 1879-1880, dated 3rd April, 1900.—J. KITCHEN & SONS and APOLLO COMPANY, LIMITED, of Peterson's Buildings, No. 346 Flinders Street, Melbourne, in the Colony of Victoria, Manufacturers, to register in Class 47, in respect of Household Soaps; Application No. 1880, to register in Class 48, in respect of Toilet Soaps, a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation :—

VELVET.

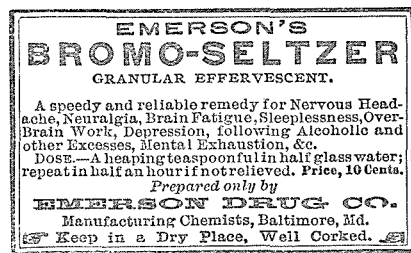
This Mark was first advertised in the Western Australian Government Gazette of 13th April, 1900—vide notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.

Application No. 1881, dated 4th April, 1900.—CHARLES EUSTON WILLIAMS, of Fremantle, in the Colony of Western Australia, Tobacconist, to register in Class 45, in respect of Tobacco, whether manufactured or unmanufactured, a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation :—

KHAKI.

This Mark was first advertised in the Western Australian Government Gazette of 13th April, 1900—vide notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.

Application No. 1882, dated 7th April, 1900.—EMERSON DRUG COMPANY, of Baltimore City, U.S.A., to register in Class 3, in respect of a Medicinal Preparation, a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation :—



The essential particular of the Trade Mark is the arbitrary word "Bromo-Seltzer," and the applicant disclaims any right to the added matter.

This Mark was first advertised in the Western Australian *Government Gazette* of 13th April, 1900—*vide* notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.

Application No. 1734, dated 18th August, 1899.—ANTI-KAMINIA CHEMICAL COMPANY, of 1723 Olive Street, St. Louis, United States of America, Manufacturing Chemists, to register in Class 3, in respect of Chemical Substances prepared for use in Medicine and Pharmacy, a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation :—



The essential particular of the Mark consists of the device.

This Mark was first advertised in the Western Australian *Government Gazette* of the 20th April, 1900—*vide* notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.

Application No. 1883, dated 10th April, 1900.—ROBERT DIXON & COMPANY, of Fremantle, in the Colony of Western Australia, Tobacco Merchants, to register in Class 45, in respect of Cigars, Cigarettes, and Tobacco, a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation :—

LA IMPERIALE.

This Mark was first advertised in the Western Australian *Government Gazette* of the 20th April, 1900—*vide* notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.

Application No. 1884, dated 11th April, 1900.—THE DIAMOND CYCLE AND TYRE WORKS, of 361 Hay Street, Perth, Western Australia, to register in Class 22, in respect of Cycles, a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation :—

ARROW.

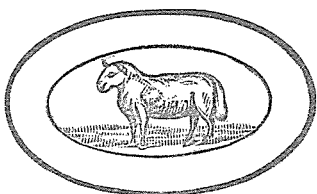
This Mark was first advertised in the Western Australian *Government Gazette* of the 20th April, 1900—*vide* notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.

Application No. 1885, dated 11th April, 1900.—THE DIAMOND CYCLE AND TYRE WORKS, of 361 Hay Street, Perth, Western Australia, to register in Class 22, in respect of Cycles, a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation :—

DIAMOND.

This Mark was first advertised in the Western Australian *Government Gazette* of the 20th April, 1900—*vide* notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.

Application No. 1888, dated 18th April, 1900.—PAUL ADLER, of Luisenhof, Hamburg, in the Empire of Germany, Merchant, to register in Class 2, in respect of Artificial Manure, a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation :—



This Mark was first advertised in the Western Australian *Government Gazette* of the 27th April, 1900—*vide* notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.

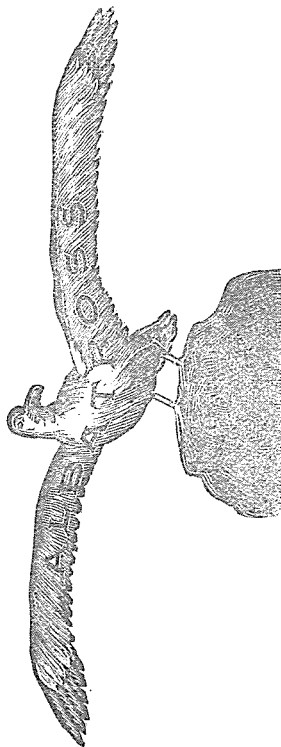
Application No. 1857, dated 27th February, 1900.—SOCIETE ANONYME DE LA DISSILLERIE DE LA LIQUEUR BENEDICTINE DE L'ABBAYE DE FECAMP, of Fécamp, in France, Distillers, to register in Class 43, in respect of a Liqueur, a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation :—



The essential particulars of the Trade Mark are the words "Benedictine" and "Munk," a cross and the combination of devices, and we disclaim any right to the exclusive use of the added matter, save and except the words "l'Abbaye de Fécamp," which form a portion of our name.

This Mark was first advertised in the Western Australian *Government Gazette* of the 4th May, 1900—*vide* notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.

Application No. 1889, dated 18th April, 1900.—GRIFFITHS BROTHERS PROPRIETARY, LIMITED, of Queen's Place, William Street, Perth, Tea, Coffee, and Cocoa Merchants, to register in Class 42, in respect of Substances used as Food, or as ingredients in Food, a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation :—



This Mark was first advertised in the Western Australian *Government Gazette* of the 4th May, 1900—*vide* notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.

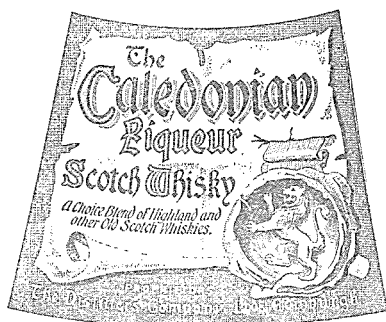
Applications Nos. 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, and 1897, dated 24th April, 1900.—THE PATENT BORAX COMPANY, LIMITED, of Ledsam Street, Ladywood, Birmingham, Warwickshire, England, Manufacturers, to register in Class 1, in respect of Chemical Substances used in manufactures, photography, or philosophical research and anticorrosives; Application No. 1894, to register in Class 2, in respect of Chemical Sub-

stances used for agricultural, horticultural, veterinary, and sanitary purposes; Application No. 1895, to register in Class 3, in respect of Chemical Substances prepared for use in medicine and pharmacy; Application No. 1896, to register in Class 47, in respect of Common Soap, Detergents, Starch, Blue, and other preparations for laundry purposes; and Application No. 1897, to register in Class 48, in respect of Perfumery, including toilet articles, preparations for the teeth and hair, and perfumed soap, a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation :—

CALASKO

This Mark was first advertised in the Western Australian Government Gazette of the 4th May, 1900—*vide* notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.

Application No. 1898, dated 24th April, 1900.—THE DISTILLERS COMPANY, LIMITED, of 8, 10, and 12 Torphichen Street, Edinburgh, Scotland, Distillers, to register in Class 43, in respect of Whisky, a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation :—



The essential particulars of the Trade Mark are the scroll device, the word "Caledonian," and the combination of devices, and applicant company disclaims any right to the exclusive use of the added matter, except in so far as it consists of their name and address.

This Mark was first advertised in the Western Australian Government Gazette of the 4th May, 1900—*vide* notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.

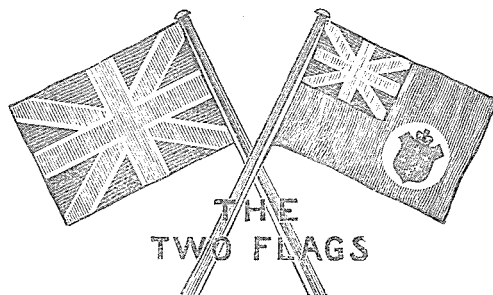
Application No. 1899, dated 28th April, 1900.—ASHTON & PARSONS, LIMITED, of 17 Farringdon Road, London, England, Manufacturing Chemists, to register in Class 3, in respect of Chemical Substances prepared for use in Medicine and Pharmacy, a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation :—

PHOSFERINE

This Mark was first advertised in the West Australian Government Gazette of the 4th May, 1900—*vide* notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.

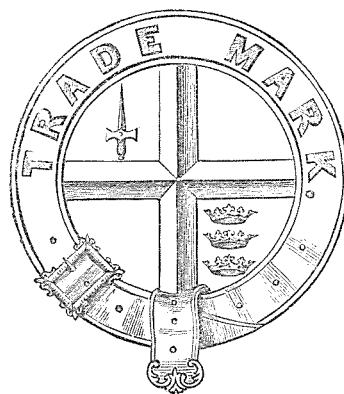
Application Nos. 1890-1, dated 20th April, 1900.—EDWARD COOK AND COMPANY, LIMITED, of East London Soap Works, Bow, London, England, Soap Manufacturers: Application No. 1890, to register in Class 47, in respect of Candles, Common Soap, Detergents, Illuminating, Heating, and Lubricating Oils, Matches, and Starch, Blue, and other preparations for laundry purposes; Application 1891, to register in Class 48, in respect of Perfumery (including Toilet Articles, preparations for the Teeth and Hair, and

Perfumed Soap), a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation :—



This Mark was first advertised in the Western Australian Government Gazette of the 11th May, 1900—*vide* notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.

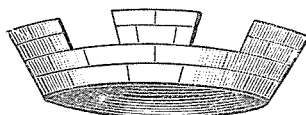
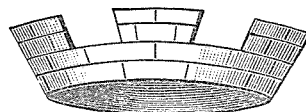
Application No. 1901-2, dated 30th April, 1900.—BLUNDELL, SPENCE, & Co., LIMITED, of 9 Upper Thames Street, London, and Beverley Road, Hull, Yorkshire, England, Paint, Colour, Oil and Varnish Manufacturers, to register in Class 1, in respect of Artists and Painters' Colours, Pigments, Paints, Mineral Dyes and Varnishes. Application No. 1902, to register in Class 4, in respect of Oils and Dyes included in this Class, a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation :—



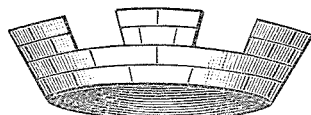
The said Trade Mark having been used by us and our predecessors in business in respect of the articles mentioned since the year 1869.

This Mark was first advertised in the Western Australian Government Gazette of the 25th May, 1900—*vide* notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.

Application No. 1903, dated 30th April, 1900.—BLUNDELL, SPENCE, & Co., LIMITED, of 9 Upper Thames Street, London, and Beverley Road, Hull, Yorkshire, England, Paint, Colour, Oil, and Varnish Manufacturers, to register in Class 1, in respect of Artists and Painters' Colours, Pigments, Paints, Mineral Dyes, and Varnishes, a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation :—



TRADE MARK

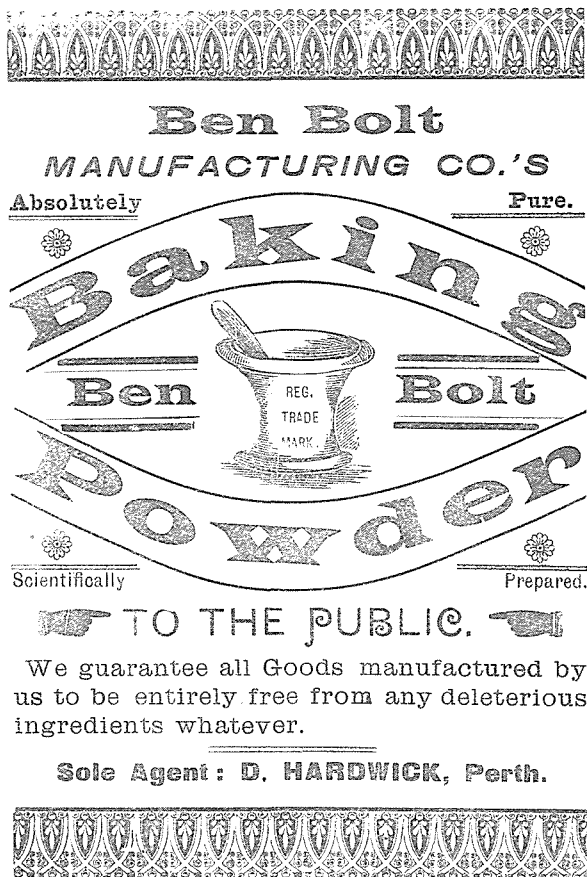


HULL PAINT & COLOUR COMPANY

The said Trade Mark having been used by us and our predecessors in business in respect of the articles mentioned since the year 1874.

This Mark was first advertised in the Western Australian Government Gazette of the 25th May—*vide* notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.

Application No. 1912, dated 17th May, 1900.—CHARLES WESLEY GENGE, trading as the “Ben Bolt Manufacturing Company,” of 90 Aberdeen Street, Perth, in the Colony of Western Australia, Manufacturer, to register in Class 42, in respect of Substances used as Food or Ingredients in Food, a Trade Mark, of which the following is a representation:—



The essential particulars of the above Mark consist of the word “Ben Bolt,” and combination of Devices, and the applicant Company disclaims any right to the exclusive use of the added matter.

This Mark was first advertised in the Western Australian Government Gazette of the 25th May, 1900—vide notice at head of Trade Mark advertisements.