



Government Gazette

OF

WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

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No. 30.]

PERTH : FRIDAY, JUNE 12.

[1942.]

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

Premier's Office,
Perth, 11th June, 1942.

HIS Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor in Executive Council has been pleased to approve of the following appointments to the Commission of the Peace:—

John Adams, Esquire, Inspector in Charge Commonwealth Attorney General's Office, Perth, as a Justice of the Peace for the State of Western Australia in lieu of the Perth Magisterial District;

Alfred Dickson, Esquire, Superintendent of the Fremantle Prison, as a Justice of the Peace for the Perth, Avon, and Stirling Magisterial Districts in addition to the Fremantle Magisterial District;

Major George Vincent Abjornsen, Western Command Headquarters, as a Justice of the Peace for the Perth Magisterial District.

H. T. STITFOLD,
Secretary Premier's Office.

FARMERS' DEBTS ADJUSTMENT ACT, 1930-1934.

NOTICE is hereby given that adjustment of debts under section 11 of the Act of the following farmers has been finalised and the Stay Orders have lapsed as from the date specified:—Merryweather, Frederick Charles, Corrigin; Bray, Alfred William, East Kataning; 10th June, 1942.

H. E. SMITH,
Director.

10/6/1942.

THE AUDIT ACT, 1904.

The Treasury,
Perth, 8th June, 1942.

IT is hereby notified that the following has been approved:—

Receiver of Revenue (appointment):

Treasury No. 1/40:—Miss M. King for the Factories Branch of the Department of Labour in place of Mr. J. A. Jennings, whose appointment is hereby cancelled.

A. J. REID,
Under Treasurer.

Western Australia.

LAND AND INCOME TAX ASSESSMENT ACT, 1907-1936.

Land Tax—Notice to make Returns.

NOTICE is hereby given that every person who was at noon on the 30th day of June, 1942, the owner within the meaning of the said Act, of any land whatsoever in Western Australia and who is liable to Land Tax, is hereby required to make and furnish to me, at the Office of the Commissioner of Taxation, Perth, on or before the 31st day of August, 1942, a Land Tax return in the prescribed form.

Penalty for not furnishing a return—Not less than £2 nor more than £100.

Penalty for making a false return—Not less than £2 nor more than £100 and treble tax.

Taxpayers may obtain return forms at the Taxation Department, Perth, or at any Post Office in Western Australia.

Dated at Perth this 9th day of June, 1942.

M. D. MEARS,
Commissioner of Taxation.

Taxation Department,
Barrack street, Perth.

Office of Public Service Commissioner,
Perth, 12th June, 1942.

HIS Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor in Executive Council has approved of the following appointments:—

Ex. Co. 767; P.S.C. 204/36:—Vernon Frederick McLean Hamersley, under section 29 of the Public Service Act, to be Draftsman (3rd Class) Land Titles Office, Crown Law Department, as from the 15th May, 1940;

Ex. Co. 830; P.S.C. 157/35:—Frederick Alexander Jones, under section 29 of the Public Service Act, to be Draftsman (3rd Class) as from the 21st October, 1940.

GEO. W. SIMPSON,
Public Service Commissioner.

VACANCIES IN THE PUBLIC SERVICE.

Department.	Position.	Salary.	Date Returnable.
Metropolitan Water Supply ...	Clerk in Charge of Expenditure ...	Class 7, £342—£366	1942. 20th June.
Crown Law ...	Clerk of Courts, Kalgoorlie ...	Class 5, £414—£438	do.
Crown Law (Public Trustee's Office)	Chief Trust Officer † ...	Class 5, £414—£438	do.
Crown Law ...	Clerk of Courts, Bruce Rock *	Class 8, £318—£330	27th June

† The possession of an Accountancy qualification by examination will be regarded as an important factor when judging efficiency under section 38 of the Public Service Act.

* A knowledge of Savings Bank work is advantageous.

Applications are called under section 38 of the Public Service Act, 1904, and are to be addressed to the Public Service Commissioner and should be made on the prescribed form, obtainable from the offices of the various Permanent Heads of Departments.

GEO. W. SIMPSON,
Public Service Commissioner.

Crown Law Department,
Perth, 11th June, 1942.

HIS Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor in Executive Council has approved of the undermentioned appointments:—

M. P. Copley, as Acting Clerk of the Local Court and Acting Clerk to Magistrates, Beverley, vice F. E. McCaw, transferred;

Robert Leslie Wolfenden, of 85 Clifton street, Nedlands, as a sworn valuator under the Transfer of Land Act, 1893.

THE Department has been notified that Cash Order No. B90868, dated the 8th May, 1942, drawn on the Clerk of Courts' Trust Account for the sum of £6 19s. 5d., in favour of Adelaide Wightman, has been lost by the payee; payment has been stopped and it is intended to issue a fresh Order in lieu thereof.

H. B. HAYLES,
Under Secretary for Law.

THE PRISONS ACT, 1903.

Election of Representative and Deputy Representative To the Prisons Department Appeal Board.

Certificate.

I HEREBY certify that the following persons were duly elected, unopposed, as Representative and Deputy Representative, namely:—Representative—Dalton, Sidney Albert; Deputy Representative—Hamilton, Cyril David.

The persons elected will hold office for three years from the 12th June, 1942.

C. B. MARSHALL,
Chief Electoral Officer,
Returning Officer.

Chief Electoral Office,
62 Barrack street, Perth,
4th June, 1942.

LAND OPEN FOR SELECTION.

IT is hereby notified, for general information, that the areas scheduled hereunder are available for selection under Part V. of the Land Act, 1933-1939, and the regulations appertaining thereto, subject to the provisions of the said Act.

Applications must be lodged at the Land Agency Office as specified hereunder not later than the date specified, but may be lodged before such date, if so desired.

All applications lodged on or before such date will be treated as having been received on the closing day, and if there are more applicants than one for any block, the application to be granted will be determined by the Land Board. Should any lands remain unselected such will continue available until applied for or otherwise dealt with.

If a Land Board sitting becomes necessary, the applicants for the blocks will be duly notified of the date, time, and place of the meeting of the Board, and there shall be an interval of at least three days between the closing date and the sitting of the Board.

If an applicant wishes to appear before the Land Board in person he may apply to the Head Office or to the Clerk in Charge of any of the District or Branch

Land Offices for a certificate to the Railway Department which, on presentation at the nearest Railway Station will entitle him to a Return Ticket, at Concession Rates, to the place where the Board will sit, available for seven days from the date of issue.

The selector of a Homestead Farm from any location must take the balance thereof, if any, under Conditional Purchase.

All marketable timber, including sandalwood and mallet, is reserved to the Crown, subject to the provisions of clause 18 of the regulations.

SCHEDULE.

NOW OPEN.

PERTH LAND AGENCY.

Jilbadji District.

Corr. No. 658/41. (Plan 6/80, A1.)

Location 547, containing 1087a. 3r. 5p., at 5s. 9d. per acre; subject to Agricultural Bank indebtedness and to mining conditions; being W. M. Spargo's forfeited Lease 55/1215.

Avon District.

Corr. No. 655/41. (Plan 54/80, B2 and 3.)

Locations 15960 and 15967, containing 1995a. 2r. 6p., at 4s. 6d. per acre; subject to Agricultural Bank indebtedness; being A. W. Cruickshank's forfeited Lease 347/715.

Yilgarn District.

Corr. No. 1708/39. (Plan 36/80, B and C4.)

Location 645, containing 1137a. 2r. 19p., at 6s. 3d. per acre; subject to Agricultural Bank and Industries Assistance Board indebtedness and timber conditions. This cancels the previous *Gazette* notice dated 20/9/1939.

Jilbadji District.

Corr. No. 663/41. (Plan 23/80, C3.)

Location 508, containing 1090a. 3r. 31p., at 4s. 3d. per acre; subject to Agricultural Bank indebtedness; being A. M. M. Blair's forfeited Lease 55/1091.

WEDNESDAY, 17th JUNE, 1942.

BRIDGETOWN LAND AGENCY.

Nelson District (near Yornup).

Corr. No. 2601/93. (Plan 439C/40.)

Location 8449, containing 177a. 3r.; subject to classification and pricing and the exsion of any necessary roads. Reserve 12361 is hereby cancelled.

WEDNESDAY, 24th JUNE, 1942.

GERALDTON LAND AGENCY.

Victoria District (about three miles south of Canna).

Corr. No. 727/29. (Plan 128/80, A2.)

Location 5990, containing 1,430a., at 6s. per acre; classification page 12 of 6268/22; subject to Agricultural Bank indebtedness; being T. J. Starr's forfeited Lease 68/1293.

NARROGIN LAND AGENCY.

Roe and Williams Districts (adjoining Dornock).

Corr. No. 1254/41. (Plan 376/80, D4.)

Roe Location 845 and Williams Location 13134, containing 2,037a. 2r. 19p., at 3s. 6d. per acre; classifications pages 4 and 5 of 1254/41; subject to Agricultural Bank and Industries Assistance Board indebtedness; being W. T. Beattie's cancelled application.

THURSDAY, 25th JUNE, 1942.

BRIDGETOWN LAND AGENCY.

Sussex District (about 2½ miles north-west of Yallingup Siding).

Corr. No. 1584/41. (Plan 413D/40, A and B3.)

Location 2656, containing 98a. 3r. 37p., at 11s. 6d. per acre; classification page 8 of 592/31; subject to timber conditions and to payment for improvements, and exemption from road rates for two years from date of approval. This cancels the previous *Gazette* notice dated 24/12/1941.

WEDNESDAY, 1st JULY, 1942.

BUNBURY LAND AGENCY.

Murray District (about 11 miles west of Drakesbrook).

Corr. No. 931/16. (Plan 383A/40.)

Location 1298, containing 153a. 1r. 3p., at 6s. per acre (excluding survey fee); subject to survey.

KATANNING LAND AGENCY.

Kojonup District (about 4 miles east of Mudiarrup).

Corr. No. 4659/19. (Plan 415B/40, F1.)

Locations 5258, 4489, 4643, 4644, 5257, 4638, and 6064, containing 922a. 3r. 1p., at 6s. 6d. per acre; classification page 7 of 4659/19; also Locations 4637, 4630, and 7304, containing 463a. 3r. 36p., at 3s. per acre; classification page 6 of 5707/20; subject to Agricultural Bank indebtedness and to the eradication of poison to the satisfaction of the Minister before the Crown grant may issue; being the late M. Quill's forfeited Leases 12500/56 and 14311/68.

PERTH LAND AGENCY.

Oldfield District (near Ravensthorpe).

Corr. No. 3754/15. (Plan 420B/B20.)

Location 304, containing 154a. 1r. 5p., at 7s. 6d. per acre; classification page 7 of 311/15; Locations 123 and 94, containing 317a. 0r. 35p., at 6s. 6d. per acre; classifications pages 25 and 30 of 1696/20; Location 129, containing 281a. 1r. 5p., at 6s. 6d. per acre; classification page 15 of 6203/21; Location 247, containing 20a., at 9s. per acre; classification page 10 of 2488/22; and Location 345, containing 80a. 2r. 32p., at 8s. per acre; classification page 6 of 5991/23; subject to Agricultural Bank, Industries Assistance Board indebtedness and mining conditions; being A. G. Jensen's forfeited Leases 35602/55, 38610/55, 38832/55, 40563/55, and 40698/55.

THURSDAY, 2nd JULY, 1942.

BRIDGETOWN LAND AGENCY.

Nelson District (about 4 miles north-west of Manjimup.)

Open under Part V. (secs. 47 and 49).

Corr. No. 1279/41. (Plan 439C/40, E4.)

Locations 2050 and 2051, containing 240a., at 11s. 6d. per acre; classification page 139 of 1431/12; subject to Agricultural Bank indebtedness and to timber conditions; being H. R. Ward's cancelled application for Location 2050 and cancelling the previous *Gazette* notice dated the 2nd January, 1941, in respect of Location 2051.

WEDNESDAY, 8th JULY, 1942.

BRIDGETOWN LAND AGENCY.

Nelson District (about 3½ miles south-west of Yornup).

Corr. No. 13872/05. (Plan 439B & C/40.)

Location 11823, containing about 160a.; subject to survey, classification, and pricing.

G. L. NEEDHAM,
Under Secretary for Lands.

FORFEITURES.

THE undermentioned leases have been cancelled under section 23 of the Land Act, 1933-1939, for non-payment of rent or other reasons:—

Name, Lease, District, Reason, Corres. No., Plan.
Cohen, C.; 68/3991; Yilgarn 355; £211 3s. 2d.; 529/33; 54/80, D4.
Long, J. R.; 55/2507; Gaseoyne 168 and 137; £6 0s. 6d.; 2599/32; 563/80.
Maidment, T. M.; Maidment G. H.; 18999/68; Avon 17230; £150 18s. 9d.; 736/25; 345/80, B2.
Maidment, T. M.; Maidment, G. H.; 22669/68; Avon 23932; £212 1s. 10d.; 5113/26; 345/80, B1 and 2.

Meeking, B.; 347/1427; Roe 1437; £17 1s. 2d.; 2154/36; 346/80, D3.

Neal, S. H.; 347/2816; Yilgarn 472; £2 11s. 0d.; 368/40; 36/80, 7 miles north of Noongar Siding.

Neal, S. H.; 13109/56; Yilgarn 471; £87 4s. 4d.; 3412/25; 36/80, A3.

Norton, R. J.; 68/1290; Oldfield 412; £43 13s. 3d.; 5281/27; 421/80, A4.

Turner, A. E.; 349/423; Swan 4425; £1 4s. 0d.; 1647/39; 31/80, A4.

Varishetti, F.; 3117/330; South Boulder F. 62; abandoned; 2517/17; Sheet 2E, Boulder Townsite.

G. L. NEEDHAM,
Under Secretary for Lands.

GOVERNMENT LAND SALES.

THE undermentioned allotments of land will be offered for sale at public auction, on the dates and at the places specified below, under the provisions of the Land Act, 1933-1939, and its regulations:—

PERTH.

26th June, 1942, at 11 a.m., at the Department of Lands and Surveys—

†Greenmount—*44, 24a. 3r. 4p., £80.

†Kalamunda—Town 346, 1r., £40; 347, 39p., £50.

*Suburban for cultivation.

†The provision of clause 22 of the regulations for the sale or leasing of Town and Suburban lands at auction shall not apply at the sale of these lots.

All improvements on the land offered for sale are the property of the Crown, and shall be paid for as the Minister may direct, whose valuation shall be final and binding on the purchaser.

Plans and further particulars of these sales may be obtained at this Office. Land sold to a depth of 200 feet below the natural surface, except in mining districts, where it is granted to a depth of 40 feet or 20 feet only.

G. L. NEEDHAM,
Under Secretary for Lands.

THE ROAD DISTRICTS ACT, 1919-1941.

Closure of Road.

I, R. M. TYLER, being the owner of land over or along which the portion of road hereunder described passes, have applied to the Drakesbrook Road Board to close the said portion of road, viz.:—

Drakesbrook.

1121/41.

D. 480:—The surveyed road extending along the north boundaries of Harvey A.A. Lots 312 and 315; from Brockman road to the eastern boundary of Lot 316. (Plan 383A/40, C2.)

MERRICK TYLER.

I, James Twaddle, on behalf of the Drakesbrook Road Board, hereby assent to the above application to close the road therein described.

JAMES TWADDLE,
Chairman Drakesbrook Road Board.

23rd May, 1942.

THE ROAD DISTRICTS ACT, 1919-1941.

Closure of Road.

WE, L. R. PALMER and G. F. BILNEY, being the owners of land over or along which the portion of road hereunder described passes, have applied to the Kojonup Road Board to close the said portion of road, viz.:—

8553/06.

K. 295:—The surveyed road along the west boundary of Kojonup Location 6883 and through Location 5958 and along part of the west and the south boundary of Location 2323; from a surveyed road at the north-west corner of the first-mentioned location, to Road No. 3023 at the south-east corner of the last-mentioned location. (Plan 437B/40, D1.)

L. R. PALMER.
G. F. BILNEY.

I, Ralph Benn, on behalf of the Kojonup Road Board, hereby assent to the above application to close the road therein described.

R. BENN,
Chairman Kojonup Road Board.

5th June, 1942.

THE ROAD DISTRICTS ACT, 1919-1941.

(Form 26—Third Schedule.)

Notice of Presentation of Petition for Possession of Land for Non-payment of Rates.

In the Local Court at Pinjarra.

In the matter of the Road Districts Act, 1919-1941, and in the matter of an Application by the Road Board for Possession of the Land for Unpaid Rates.

NOTICE is hereby given that a petition has been presented to the Local Court at Pinjarra by the Marradong Road Board praying that an order for possession of the lands described in the Schedule to the petition may be made in favour of the said Board for non-payment of rates.

A copy of the said Schedule is set out hereunder; and notice is further given that Wednesday, the twenty-ninth day of July, 1942, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, has been appointed as the time when the Magistrate will inquire at the said Court concerning the various matters mentioned in the said Schedule, and also whether all notices required by law to be given have been given.

Attention is directed to the following provision of the said Act:—

Any person who is an owner or ratepayer of any land proposed to be sold or taken possession of, or who is interested in the same as mortgagee or otherwise, may, on filing an affidavit proving his title to attend under this rule (of the filing of which affidavit the Clerk shall give the Board notice), attend on the making of the inquiries; but if the Magistrate shall be of opinion that there was no substantial reason for his attendance the Magistrate may order him to pay the costs occasioned thereby.

Dated this 8th day of June, 1942.

S. REA,
Clerk of the Court.

[L.S.]

SCHEDULE.

No.	Description of Land.	Reference to the Volume and Folio of the Title to the Land, if under the Transfer of Lands Act, 1893.		The Name and Address of every Person in W.A. appearing on search in the Office of Titles and Registry of Deeds to have any Estate or Interest in the Land, and the Names and Addresses, so far as known to the Secretary of the Board, of every other Person having any Estate or Interest in the Land.	The Rates due to the Board and in Arrear.	
		Vol.	Folio.		£	s. d.
1	Murray Location 530, being the whole of the land comprised in Certificate of Title Volume 291, Folio 73, less portion resumed	291	73	Henry David Sinclair, of 19 Silver street, London, E.C., England, as registered proprietor, and Henry David Sinclair, of 19 Silver street, London, E.C., England, as owner; John Greve Le Brun, of care of Stone, James & Co., 47 St. George's terrace, Perth, pursuant to Caveat Nos. 1748/1930 and 251/1933; Bunning Bros., Ltd., care of Downing & Downing, 39 St. George's terrace, Perth, pursuant to Caveats Nos. 503/1935 and 746/1936; Jane Pollock, care of Stone, James & Co., 47 St. George's terrace, Perth, pursuant to Caveat No. 1258/1937; George Read Glanfield, care of Stone, James & Co., 47 St. George's terrace, Perth, pursuant to Caveat No. 1273/1937; Associated Westminster Flats, Ltd., care of Stone, James & Co., 47 St. George's terrace, Perth, pursuant to Caveat No. 910/1938; Walter John Gwyn, care of Stone, James & Co., 47 St. George's terrace, Perth, pursuant to Caveat No. 193/1939	84	3 4
2	That portion of Murray Location 526, being the balance of the land comprised in Certificate of Title Volume 326, Folio 137, less portions resumed	326	137	Henry David Sinclair, of 19 Silver street, London, E.C., England, as registered proprietor, and Henry David Sinclair, of 19 Silver street, London, E.C., England, as owner; John Maitland Marshall, The Grove, 48 College road, Dulwich, E.S. 21, County of London, England, Esquire, J.P., as mortgagee; John Greve Le Brun, of care of Stone, James & Co., 47 St. George's terrace, Perth, pursuant to Caveats Nos. 1748/1930 and 251/1933; Bunning Bros., Ltd., care of Downing & Downing, 39 St. George's terrace, Perth, pursuant to Caveats Nos. 503/1935 and 746/1936; Jane Pollock, care of Stone, James & Co., 47 St. George's terrace, Perth, pursuant to Caveat No. 1258/1937; Associated Westminster Flats, Ltd., care of Stone, James & Co., 47 St. George's terrace, Perth, pursuant to Caveat No. 910/1938; Walter John Gwyn, care of Stone, James & Co., 47 St. George's terrace, Perth, pursuant to Caveat No. 193/1939.	176	1 6
3	Murray Location 529, being the whole of the land in Certificate of Title Volume 291, Folio 78	291	78	Henry David Sinclair, of 19 Silver street, London, E.C., England, as registered proprietor, and Henry David Sinclair, of 19 Silver street, London, E.C., England, as owner; Patrickson's Hotels, Limited, Paddington, County of London, England, as mortgagee; John Greve Le Brun, of care of Stone, James & Co., 47 St. George's terrace, Perth, pursuant to Caveats Nos. 1948/1930 and 251/1933; Bunning Bros., Ltd., care of Downing & Downing, 39 St. George's terrace, Perth, pursuant to Caveats Nos. 503/1935 and 746/1936; Jane Pollock, care of Stone, James & Co., 47 St. George's terrace, Perth, pursuant to Caveat No. 1258/1937; George Read Glanfield, care of Stone, James & Co., 47 St. George's terrace, Perth, pursuant to Caveat No. 1273/1937; Associated Westminster Flats, Ltd., care of Stone, James & Co., 47 St. George's terrace, Perth, pursuant to Caveat No. 910/1938	98	2 11

The Common Seal of the Marradong Road Board was hereunto affixed on the 27th day of August, 1941, in the presence of G. L. Stagbouver, Chairman, and D. John, Secretary.

TENDERS FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

Date of Notice.	Nature of Work.	Date and Time for Closing.	Where and when Conditions of Contract, etc., to be seen.
1942. June 3	Carrolup Native Settlement—New Bakehouse (9236)	1942. (2.30 p.m. on Tuesday) 23rd June	Contractors' Room, P.W.D., Perth, and at P.W.D., Katanning, on and after Tuesday, the 9th June, 1942.
June 11	Moningarin School—Removal from East Cadoux (9237)	30th June	Contractors' Room, P.W.D., Perth, and at Water Supply Office, Northam, on and after 16th June, 1942.

Tenders, together with the prescribed deposit, are to be addressed to "The Hon. the Minister for Works, Public Works Department, The Barracks, St. George's terrace, Perth," and must be indorsed "Tender." The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

W. S. ANDREW,
Under Secretary for Public Works.

THE MINING ACT, 1904
(Regulation 180).

Warden's Office,
Marble Bar, 10th April, 1942.

TAKE notice that it is the intention of the Warden of the Goldfield mentioned hereunder, on the date mentioned, to issue out of the Warden's Court an order authorising the cancellation of registration of the under-mentioned mining tenements, in accordance with regulation 180 of the Mining Act, 1904. An order may issue in the absence of the registered holder, but should he desire to object to such order he must, before the date mentioned, lodge at the Warden's Office an objection containing the grounds of such objection, and, on the date mentioned, the Warden will proceed to hear and determine the same, in accordance with the evidence then submitted.

(Sgd.) H. G. DICKS,
Warden.

To be heard at the Warden's Court, Marble Bar, on Wednesday the 17th day of June, 1942.

Nature of Holding, No. of Area, Name of Registered Holder, Address, Reason for Resumption.

PILBARA GOLDFIELD.

Marble Bar District.

Business Area.

127—Wilson, Eric; Taplin, Leonard Eaton; Port Hedland; non-payment of rent.

Dredging Claims.

14—Hansen, Hagbarth; Marble Bar; non-payment of rent.

15—Holden, Wilfred Edward; Marble Bar; non-payment of rent.

16—Brompton-Byrns, Robert; Marble Bar; non-payment of rent.

Machinery Areas.

44—Bligh, R. N. W.; Tambourah; non-payment of rent.

45—Ora Banda South Gold Mines, N.L.; Marble Bar; non-payment of rent.

51—Jeffreys, John William; Marble Bar; non-payment of rent.

Mineral Claims.

160—Collett, Joseph Harris; Freeman, Francis Deane; Griffiths, William Edward; Perth; non-payment of rent.

161—Collett, Joseph Harris; Freeman, Francis Deane; Griffiths, William Edward; Perth; non-payment of rent.

162—Collett, Joseph Harris; Freeman, Francis Deane; Griffiths, William Edward; Perth; non-payment of rent.

Water Rights.

33—Ora Banda South Gold Mines, N.L.; Marble Bar; non-payment of rent.

34—Comet Gold Mines, Limited; Marble Bar; non-payment of rent.

41—Nichols, William Walter; Marble Bar; non-payment of rent.

Nullagine District.

Business Area.

37L—Geddes, David; Nullagine; non-payment of rent.

Dredging Claim.

10L—McKinnon, William Michael; Nullagine; non-payment of rent.

Water Rights.

22L—Dods, John Nisbet; Nullagine; non-payment of rent.

23L—Consolidated Gold Areas, N.L.; Nullagine; non-payment of rent.

24L—McKinnon, William M.; Nullagine; non-payment of rent.

25L—McKinnon, William M.; Nullagine; non-payment of rent.

26L—Consolidated Gold Areas, N.L.; Nullagine; non-payment of rent.

27L—Allsopp, James Hunter; Nullagine; non-payment of rent.

28L—Blue Spec Mines, N.L.; Nullagine; non-payment of rent.

THE MINING ACT, 1904

(Regulation 180).

Warden's Office,
Mount Magnet, 2nd May, 1942.

TAKE notice that it is the intention of the Warden of the Goldfield mentioned hereunder, on the date mentioned, to issue out of the Warden's Court an order authorising the cancellation of registration of the under-mentioned mining tenements, in accordance with regulation 180 of the Mining Act, 1904. An order may issue in the absence of the registered holder, but should he desire to object to such order he must, before the date mentioned, lodge at the Warden's Office an objection containing the grounds of such objection, and, on the date mentioned, the Warden will proceed to hear and determine the same, in accordance with the evidence then submitted.

(Sgd.) K. H. PARKER,
Warden.

To be heard at the Warden's Court, Mount Magnet, on Monday, the 13th day of July, 1942.

Nature of Holding, No. of Area, Name of Registered Holder, Address, Reason for Resumption.

YALGOO GOLDFIELD.

Business Areas.

61—Seaman, Thomas; Wurarga; non-payment of rent.

66—Seaman, Thomas; Wurarga; non-payment of rent.

119—Green, William John; Payne's Find; non-payment of rent.

174—Green, William John; Payne's Find; non-payment of rent.

179—Green, William John; Payne's Find; non-payment of rent.

180—Green, William John; Payne's Find; non-payment of rent.

THE MINING ACT, 1904

(Regulation 180).

Warden's Office,
Norseman, 29th April, 1942.

TAKE notice that it is the intention of the Warden of the Goldfield mentioned hereunder, on the date mentioned, to issue out of the Warden's Court an order authorising the cancellation of registration of the undermentioned mining tenements, in accordance with regulation 180 of the Mining Act, 1904. An order may issue in the absence of the registered holder, but should he desire to object to such order he must, before the date mentioned, lodge at the Warden's Office an objection containing the grounds of such objection, and, on the date mentioned, the Warden will proceed to hear and determine the same, in accordance with the evidence then submitted.

(Sgd.) T. ANSELL,
Warden.

To be heard at the Warden's Court, Norseman, on
Wednesday the 24th day of June, 1942.

Nature of Holding, No. of Area, Name of Registered
Holder, Address, Reason for Resumption.

DUNDAS GOLDFIELD.

Garden Areas.

- 12—Williams, Lilian Maud; Norseman; non-payment of rent and no Miner's Right.
13—Carter, Joseph Mathew; Norseman; non-payment of rent and no Miner's Right.
14—Polkinghorne, Abner Smith; Norseman; non-payment of rent and no Miner's Right.
16—Smart, Adelaide Beatrice; Norseman; non-payment of rent and no Miner's Right.
20—Baker, William Robert; Norseman; non-payment of rent and no Miner's Right.

Tailing Areas.

- 33—Rawlings, Henry Charles; Norseman; non-payment of rent and no Miner's Right.
Bullen, Henry Pascoe; Norseman, non-payment of rent and no Miner's Right.

Pipe Track Water Right.

- 226—Norseman Developments, No Liability; Norseman; non-payment of rent and no Miner's Right.

CIVIL DEFENCE (EMERGENCY POWERS) ACT, 1940.

Department of Mines,
Perth, 5th June, 1942.

IT is hereby notified, for public information, that the Civil Defence Council, acting pursuant to regulation 73, paragraph (1), subparagraph (b) of the regulations under the above Act, has been pleased to appoint the following persons as Evacuation Officers:—H. A. Beard, Armadale-Kelmscott Road Board District; A. Kerr, Mullewa Road Board District.

(Sgd.) A. H. TELFER,
Under Secretary for Civil Defence.

MINING ACT, 1904.

General Exemption.

Department of Mines,
Perth, 4th June, 1942.

680/23.

IT is hereby notified that exemption from conditions of work, use, and occupation has been granted on all mining tenements situated in the vicinity of the Wilga Mining Centre for a further period of six months from the 1st day of June, 1942, subject to cancellation at any time during such period by one month's notice being given.

(Sgd.) A. H. TELFER,
Under Secretary for Mines.

WESTERN AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT TENDER BOARD.

Accepted Tenders.

Tender Board No.	Date.	Contractor.	Schedule No.	Particulars.	Department concerned.	Rate.
191/42	1942. June 5	M. S. Brooking (1931), Ltd.	80A, 1942	1 "Melrose Senior" Gas Producer to Six-cylinder Fargo Truck, plus alterations, £1 10s.	Perth Hospital ...	for £61 6s.
222/42	do.	W. P. Bradley ...	89A, 1942	Cartage of Coal from Claremont Railway Station to Old Men's Home for 12 months ending 30th June, 1943	C.S.D. ...	4s. 3d. per ton.
224/42	do.	Cumpston's Engraving Works, Ltd.	86A, 1942	Street Trading Badges, Brass, as per Item 1 (a, b, c, d), 750 only	Child Welfare ...	£2 per 50.
213/42	do.	Grose Bros. ...	88A, 1942	Caps and Helmets for Various Departments for 12 months ending 30th June, 1943, as per Items 1 to 7 and 11	Varions ...	Rates on application.
"	do.	Reliance Manufacturing Co.	"	Oilskin Suits and Coats for 12 months ending June 30th, 1943, as follows:— Item 8—5 Suits ... Item 9—2 Coats (good quality) ...	do.	36s. each 30s. each
"	do.	Adelphi Tailoring Co.	"	Uniforms for Various Departments for 12 months ending 30th June, 1943, as per Items 12 to 20 inclusive	do.	Rates on application.
230/42	do.	D. T. & S. Armstrong	92A, 1942	Gas Producers, as follows:— Item 1—3 Gas Producers, fitted to Bedford Truck Item 2—1 Gas Producer, fitted to Morris Truck	Metropolitan Water Supply	£62 each. for £62.
212/42	do.	Watson's Supply Stores	...	Butter for Government Institutions for four weeks ending 4th July, 1942, as per Items 1 and 2	Various ...	1s. 7½d. per lb.

WESTERN AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT TENDER BOARD—continued.

Termination of Contract.

Tender Board No.	Date.	Contractor.	Particulars.
423/41	1942. June 5	J. A. Hitchcock ...	Purchase of Kitchen Waste from Fremantle Prison.

TENDERS FOR GOVERNMENT SUPPLIES.

Date of Advertising.	Schedule No.	Supplies required.	Date of Closing.
1942. May 26 ...	95A, 1942 ...	Cartage of Stores from Meekatharra to the Native Rationing Depots, at Mundiwindi and Jigalong, and to the Turee Station, during the year ending 30th June, 1943 ...	1942. June 18
June 4 ...	103A, 1942 ...	Cupboards, Benches, Tables, etc., of Kiln-dried Timber, for New Government Chemical Laboratories, East Perth ...	June 18
June 9 ...	102 and 103 ...	Bacon, Cheese, and Meat for Government Institutions, etc., at Claremont, Perth, Fremantle, and Wooroloo, and Meat only at Whitby Falls Mental Hospital, during the three months ending 30th September, 1942 ...	June 18
June 9 ...	104A, 1942 ...	Sink, Undercarriage, Loose-slatted Frame and Benches of Kiln-dried Timber, for New Government Chemical Laboratory, East Perth ...	June 18
June 11 ...	106A, 1942 ...	F.A.Q. to P.W. Chaff, as required during the three months ending 30th September, 1942 ...	June 18
June 11 ...	107A, 1942 ...	Ice for Perth Hospital, Infectious Diseases Hospital, and Claremont Mental Hospital, as required during the year ending 30th June, 1943 ...	June 18
June 11 ...	108A, 1942 ...	Potatoes and Onions for Government Institutions, etc., as required during the three months ending 30th September, 1942 ...	June 18
June 11 ...	109A, 1942 ...	Tea for Government Institutions, Hospitals, and for Native Rations, as required during the month of July, 1942 ...	June 18
May 12 ...	1A, 1942 ...	Switchgear, 6,000-volt, Extra High Tension Ironclad Compound-filled, for East Perth Power Stations and Sub-stations ...	July 2
<i>For Sale by Tender.</i>			
June 9 ...	105A, 1942 ...	Secondhand 30 cwt. "Brockway" Truck, engine No. 4286, as it now stands at the State Saw Mills Depot, Carlisle, where inspection can be made ...	June 18

Tenders addressed to the Chairman, Tender Board, Perth, will be received for the above-mentioned supplies until 2.15 p.m. on the date of closing.

Tenders must be properly indorsed on envelopes, otherwise they are liable to rejection.

Tender forms and full particulars may be obtained on application at the Tender Board Office, Murray street, Perth.

No tender necessarily accepted.

Dated the 11th June, 1942.

G. L. NEEDHAM,
Chairman W.A. Government Tender Board.

APPOINTMENTS

(under section 5 of Registration of Deaths and Marriages Amendment Act, 1907, and section 2 of the Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages Act Amendment Act, 1914).

Registrar General's Office,
Perth, 10th June, 1942.

R.G. No. 32/38.

IT is hereby notified, for general information, that Mr. John William Joyce has been appointed to act, temporarily, as District Registrar of Births, Deaths, and Marriages for the Geraldton Registry District, to reside at Geraldton, during absence on sick leave of Mr. A. B. Rutherford; appointment to date from 29th May, 1942.

R.G. No. 24/37.

IT is hereby notified, for general information, that Mr. Francis Edward McCaw has been appointed to act, temporarily, as District Registrar of Births, Deaths, and Marriages for the Swan Registry District, to reside at Midland Junction, vice Mr. J. F. Robertson, transferred; appointment to date from 5th May, 1942.

R.G. No. 58/41.

IT is hereby notified, for general information, that Mr. Arthur Stephen Cowan has been appointed to act, temporarily, as District Registrar of Births, Deaths, and Marriages for the Bruce Rock Registry District, to reside at Bruce Rock, vice Mr. David Henry Haun, transferred; appointment to date from 4th June, 1942.

R.G. No. 36/35.

IT is hereby notified, for general information, that Mr. John Finlayson Robertson has been appointed to act, temporarily, as Assistant District Registrar of Births and Deaths for the Wellington Registry District, to reside at Collie, vice Mr. A. Frappell retired; appointment to date from 9th May, 1942.

IT is hereby notified, for general information, that the name of the undermentioned Minister has been duly removed from the register in this office of Ministers registered for the celebration of Marriages throughout the State of Western Australia:—

R.G. No., Date, Denomination and Name, Residence, Registry District.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH OF AUSTRALIA.

26/41; 31/3/42; The Rev. Harry Wilbert Hovenden; Moola Bulla; Kimberley Goldfields.

R. J. LITTLE,
Deputy Registrar General.

LOST CASH ORDER.

Agricultural Bank,
Perth, 3rd June, 1942.

C.O. No. 6588; value £69 19s. 9d.; C. P. Meekaris; 6th May, 1942; Manjimup.

C. ABEY,
General Manager.

THE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS ACT, 1904-1926.
Election of an Elective Member and Deputy Member of
the Railway Appeal Board.

Nomination of Candidates.

1. In compliance with the provisions of regulation 10 under the abovementioned Act, nominations of candidates for elective positions on the Railway Appeal Board are hereby invited.

Positions Vacant.

One member and one deputy member for the following section of the staff of the Government Railways Department, viz.:—Wages employees in the Way and Works Branch; and I appoint Tuesday, the 14th July, 1942, at 12 noon, to be the day on which the nominations will close.

2. Every nomination shall be made in writing, addressed to the Returning Officer and signed by at least three employees eligible to vote at the election for which the nomination is made. Every nomination shall contain the written consent of the candidate to act, if elected, and shall be delivered or forwarded to the Returning Officer so as to reach him before noon on Nomination Day.

3. Nominations shall be in the Form "C" of the Schedule to the regulations under the abovementioned Act, as follows:—

Regulation No. 5.

(Form "C.")

Western Australian Government Railways and
 Tramways.

THE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS ACT, 1904-1926.

Nomination Paper for Election of Member, Deputy
Member of the Railway Appeal Board.

To the State Chief Electoral Officer,
 Returning Officer under the above Act and Regulations, Perth.

1. We, the undersigned, being employees of the Railways and Tramways Department of Western Aus-

tralia, duly qualified to vote at the election for which this nomination is made, hereby nominate.....
 of the.....Branch of
 the Railways or Tramways Department as a candidate
 for the position of.....
 for the.....Section, now vacant.

Dated thisday of.....19....

Names in full.	Section and Branch of Department.
.....
.....
.....
.....

2. I, the undersigned, hereby agree, if elected, to act in the capacity abovementioned on the Railway Appeal Board.

Dated thisday of.....19....

Signature.....

Section and Branch of Department.....

Received by me this.....day of.....19....,
 at.....o'clock in the.....noon.

State Chief Electoral Officer,
 Returning Officer.

(Note.—Nomination Forms may be written or typed in the form, as above, and separate Nomination Papers must be lodged for each vacancy.)

C. B. MARSHALL,
 Returning Officer.

Chief Electoral Office,
 62 Barrack street, Perth.

WESTERN AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS.

CA/G 9117 (11); R 75/39.

IT is notified, for general information, that with the approval of the Minister, as required by section 22 of the Government Railways Act, 1904-1933, the following alterations and additions have been made to the scales of charges now appearing in the Coaching Rates Book dated 1st December, 1941, and in the Goods Rates Book dated 1st March, 1935:—

Coaching Rates Book.

Page 36; from 10-4-42: 1. Round Trip or Circle Fares:—Delete example 1 and insert the following in lieu thereof:—

EXAMPLE 1.

	Miles.	1st. £ s. d.	2nd. £ s. d.
Perth-Narrogin, <i>via</i> Collic, return <i>via</i> Spencer's Brook—			
Perth-Maddington—Suburban	11		
Bellevue-Perth—Suburban	12		
Suburban	23 single	0 1 11	0 1 3
Maddington-Bellevue, <i>via</i> Collic, Narrogin, and Spencer's Brook—Country	354	2 19 0	1 16 11
A.—Ordinary Fare	377 miles	3 0 11	1 18 2
B.—Holiday Excursion at single fare and one-half—			
Half the round trip at ordinary fare		1 10 6	0 19 1
Plus 50 per cent. = one-half		0 15 3	0 9 7
Holiday Excursion Fare		2 5 9	1 8 8
C.—Week-end and Special Excursion fare at single fare and one-third—			
Half the round trip at ordinary fare		1 10 6	0 19 1
Plus 33½ per cent. = one-third		0 10 2	0 6 4
Week-end or Special Excursion Fare		2 0 8	1 5 5
D.—Concession Fare at single fare plus one-third—			
Half the round trip at ordinary fare		1 10 6	0 19 1
Plus 33½ per cent. = one-third		0 10 2	0 6 4
Concession Fare		2 0 8	1 5 5
E.—Student Vacation over 16 years—			
Half the round trip at ordinary fare		1 10 6	0 19 1
F.—Student Vacation, under 16 years—			
One-third round trip at ordinary fare		1 0 4	0 12 9

20-4-42: 2. Concession Fares:—The following concession fares are hereby suspended until further notice:—

- Page
 37. Acclimatisation Society.
 37. Applicants attending sitting of Land Board.
 37. Athletic bodies.
 38. Blind persons (for travel in excess of free travel concession). *See Note.
 38. Boy Scouts, Girl Guides, etc.
 38. Convalescent children.
 38. Convalescent patients.
 39. Delegates to conferences.
 41. Educational competitions.
 41. Educational purposes.
 42. Friendly Societies' executive meetings.
 42. Grooms, jockeys and attendants.
 42. Grooms accompanying bulls and stallions.
 42. Judges at shows.
 43. Oversea passengers.
 43. Oversea tourists.
 44. Pleasure parties.
 44. Reso Tours.
 44. Rifle Clubs.
 45. Road Board executive meetings.
 45. School Clubs.
 46. Scientific bodies.
 46. Settlers.
 47. Sunday Schools.
 47. Theatrical concert and circus companies.

*NOTE: The concession to blind persons holding permits issued by other Systems (clauses 4, 5 and 6) will continue to operate.

Page 60: from 10-4-42: 3. Table of Periodical Fares: Amend second-class fare—"Three Months"—7 miles, to read £2 4s. 9d.

Page 170: from 10-4-42: 4. Table 3—Combined Fares (Student's vacation concession, single journey):—Delete and insert the following in lieu thereof:—

Table 3.—Combined Fares.

Student's and School Pupil's Concession, Single Journey, Vacation Enrolment, Finally Leaving School.

From.	To.	Over 16 Years.		Over 14 and Under 16 Years.		Under 14 Years.	
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Perth ...	Pt. Augusta ...	7 9 6	5 0 3	6 3 8	4 3 0	5 13 8	3 14 6
	Pt. Pirie Junct.	7 11 0	5 1 0	6 4 8	4 3 6	5 14 8	3 15 0
	Adelaide ...	7 15 9	5 4 9	6 8 3	4 6 5	5 18 3	3 17 11
	Melbourne and Ballarat	9 18 3	6 1 0	8 3 3	4 17 8	7 13 3	4 9 2
	Sydney ...	12 6 6	7 1 3	10 2 6	5 11 11	9 12 6	5 3 5
	Canberra ...	12 7 0	7 1 6	10 2 10	5 12 1	9 12 10	5 3 7
	Newcastle ...	12 12 9	7 5 9	10 6 8	5 14 11	9 16 8	5 6 5
	Brisbane, via Kyogle	15 4 6	8 7 6	12 7 10	6 9 10	11 17 10	6 1 4
Kalgoorlie	Pt. Augusta ...	5 7 11	3 12 9	4 5 3	2 17 8	3 18 3	2 12 2
	Pt. Pirie Junct.	5 10 3	3 14 4	4 6 10	2 18 8	3 19 10	2 13 2
	Adelaide ...	6 3 9	4 6 6	4 17 11	3 9 3	4 10 11	3 3 9
	Melbourne and Ballarat	8 6 3	5 2 9	6 12 11	4 0 6	6 5 11	3 15 0
	Sydney ...	10 14 6	6 3 0	8 12 2	4 14 9	8 5 2	4 9 3
	Canberra ...	10 15 0	6 3 3	8 12 6	4 14 11	8 5 6	4 9 5
	Newcastle ...	11 0 9	6 7 6	8 16 4	4 17 9	8 9 4	4 12 3
	Brisbane, via Kyogle	13 12 6	7 9 6	10 17 6	5 12 10	10 10 6	5 7 4

Goods Rates Book.

Pages 115 and 116: from 3-4-42: 5. Special rate for fresh fruit and vegetables on a through Bill of Lading to North-West Ports and Sidings on the Port Hedland-Marble Bar Railways:—Delete all reference to 5s. 6d. per case and insert lieu 5s. 9d. per case.

Page 130: from 17-4-42: 6. Vehicles (horse drawn) without shafts (class 1):—Delete "Smalls" in minimum column and insert 10s.

Page 135: from 1-5-42: 7. Standard weight for Commonwealth Oil Refineries Product:—Insert "Diesel oil and light fuel oil in 44-gallon drums, 425 lb."

Page 136: from 1-5-42: 8. Standard Weights:—Amend:—

Shell Fuel Oil No. 1—44-gallon drum, 425 lb.

Shell Diesel Oil No. 1—44-gallon drum, 425 lb.

Shell Pennant Kerosene—4-gallon drum, 36 lb.

Page 167: from 17-4-42: 9. Shunting Charges—The Shell Oil Coy., sublease of the Commonwealth Oil Refineries, Ltd., Siding at North Fremantle (off North Wharf):—Shunting charges applying to the latter Company will also apply to the Shell Co.

Page 176: from 10-4-42: 10. Shunting Charges—Insert:—Waroona Sand Pit Siding, 70 miles. Through traffic, 2s. and 4s. per four and eight-wheeled truck.

Page 193: from 17-4-42: 11. List of Stations and Sidings:—Duri—Delete “a”.

Page 218: from 17-4-42: 12. List of Stations and Platforms:—Delete Duri.

Page 223: from 20-3-42: 13. Jetty Regulations—Paragraph 6:—After the word “follows” add:—And there shall be added to the handling charges assessed in accordance with the respective rates so specified an amount of twenty per cent. (20%): Provided that such addition shall not apply to the prescribed minimum charge or to bagged wheat. To be operative from 20th April, 1942.

Page 230: from 17-4-42: 14. Jetty Regulations—Port Hedland: After “Wharfinger or Officer-in-Charge” insert:—And there shall be added to the handling charges assessed in accordance with the respective rates so specified an amount of twenty per cent (20%): Provided that such addition shall not apply to the prescribed minimum charge or to bagged wheat. To be operative from 20th April, 1942.

Page 231: from 17-4-42: 15. Jetty Regulations—Esperance Jetty—After the “Wharfinger or Officer-in-charge” insert:—And there shall be added to the handling charges assessed in accordance with the respective rates so specified an amount of twenty per cent. (20%): Provided that such addition shall not apply to the prescribed minimum charge or to bagged wheat. To be operative from 20th April, 1942.

3rd June, 1942.

J. F. TOMLINSON,
Deputy Commissioner of Railways.

COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA.

Defence Quartering Order.

IN pursuance of subregulation (2) of regulation 10 of the National Security (Military Forces) Regulations, and in pursuance of paragraph (3) of the Defence Quartering Order, I, Colonel Oswald Vick Hoad, the Officer holding the Office of Commander Western Australia Lines of Communication Area, do hereby appoint the areas in the Schedule hereto to be Defence Quartering Areas from the date hereof:—

The Schedule.

(a) All that area of land, known as the Municipality of Geraldton, more particularly described in Western Australian *Government Gazettes* of 21/2/1871, 3/5/1940, and 6/12/1940.

(b) All that area of land, known as the Townsite of Moora, more particularly described in Western Australian *Government Gazettes* of 12/4/1895 and 10/1/1917.

Dated this 6th day of June, 1942.

OSWALD V. HOAD,

Colonel,

Commander W.A. Lines of Communication Area.

IN THE COURT OF ARBITRATION OF WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

In the matter of the Industrial Arbitration Act, 1912-1941, and in the matter of Part VII. of the said Act—Basic Wage.

BASIC WAGE—ANNUAL DECLARATION, 1942-1943.

Thursday, 11th June, 1942.

THE PRESIDENT:

THE Industrial Arbitration Act, 1912-1941, places an obligation upon the Court to determine and declare before the 14th day of June in every year the basic wage for workers, meaning by the term “basic wage” a sum sufficient to enable the average worker to whom it applies to live in reasonable comfort, having regard to any domestic obligations to which such average worker would be ordinarily subject. Each annual hearing is an independent hearing and the Court is not bound by any previous decision of itself or any other Court in determining the basic wage. The Act further provides that the basic wage when declared shall have effect from the 1st July following the declaration and remain in force subject to adjustments, if any, until the 30th June in the year following. It will be noted that under the Act the basic wage declaration does not of itself alter any existing awards so as to be in conformity with such declaration; that effect is produced by section 124 of the Act and is the provision that the legislature has seen fit to provide as a consequence following the declaration of the basic wage. It will also be noted that in this determination we are not making any “adjustment” of the basic wage.

Since the declaration of the basic wage last year statutory rules have been promulgated under the National Security Act, 1939-1940, of the Commonwealth Parliament. Rule 1942, No. 76, Regulation 16, provides as follows:—

16. Subject to this Part, an Industrial Authority shall not, after the commencement of these Regulations, include in any award, order or determination any provision altering, in respect of any employment, the rate of remuneration applicable to that employment (whether in pursuance of any award, order or determination or otherwise) on the tenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred and forty-two.

As the basic wage forms an integral part of the rate of remuneration it will be seen from perusal of this Regulation that the Federal Government has now assumed responsibility for the basic wage or wages as existing on the 10th day of February, 1942. This largely simplifies the task of this Court on this occasion. The proper interpretation of this rule and its bearing upon the basic wage to be declared has been the subject of a considerable amount of comment from interested parties who have appeared before the Court. One thing upon which all seem to be agreed is that the regulation does not fit at all well into the framework of our Arbitration Act, which may be accounted for by the explanation of Mr. T. G. Davies, representing the industrial unions of workers, after his special visit to Canberra, that the Commonwealth Crown Law Department was unaware of the provisions in this State and other States as regards the method of basic wage fixation and adjustment. This much appears to be certain. The spirit of the regulations, which as good citizens of the Commonwealth we should observe, is that wages of which the basic wage forms part, ruling and in force on the 10th day of February, 1942,

are to remain static except (and here there is room for difference of opinion because of a lacuna in the regulations) in so far as the basic wage portion may be affected by changes in the cost of living after that date. This is the view I take of the intention of the Regulations, though admittedly the verbiage used in Regulation 16 together with its supplementary Regulation 18 is rather difficult of application and construction when considered in relation to our own Arbitration Act. Our Act also provides for quarterly adjustments of the basic wage at the discretion of the Court in accordance with changes in the cost of living over a certain amount as indicated by statistical returns.

As regards the amounts of the basic wage to be declared, no change will be made in those now in force which were the amounts existing on the 10th February, 1942. I must, however, add that apart from any provisions in the regulations made pursuant to the National Security Act, the existing economic circumstances of Western Australia would in my opinion have required the Court to reduce in some measure the amounts equivalent to the standard fixed by the 1938 Basic Wage Judgment. The figures dealing with productivity supplied by the Government Statistician and the precarious position of our great industry of gold mining are of themselves sufficient to produce this result, and this, too, notwithstanding that we are benefited to some extent by the establishment here of industries connected with the prosecution of the war. We are not now the prosperous community we were in 1938.

The basic wage of £4 8s. declared for the year 1941-1942 was subject to an extraordinary fluctuation in the June quarter, 1941. This may best be seen by taking the figures for food and groceries for the capital cities for the March quarter, 1941, and the June quarter of 1941 of the various capital cities—

Food and Groceries.

—	Sydney.	Mel- bourne.	Bris- bane.	Adel- aide.	Perth.	Hobart
March quarter, 1941	908	935	916	920	904	958
June quarter, 1941	936	932	887	889	1003	953

It will be seen from this that all the Australian capitals showed a decrease, Perth alone excepted, and here a substantial increase was indicated. At my request the Government Statistician's Department has made an inquiry into this and it appears that it was mainly due to an increase in the price of meat during the June quarter, 1941. The meat prices were not pegged by the Price Fixing Authority until March, 1942. The effect of this may be seen by the following extract from the report of the Government Statistician—

A comparison between the cost of the Meat section of the Groceries and Dairy Produce sections of the regimen for June, 1941, is shown hereunder:—

June, 1941.		Total Cost of Food and Groceries Regimen
		in pence.
Groceries section	...	2170.44
Dairy Produce section	...	1577.90
Meat section	...	1972.75
Total cost of regimen in pence		5721.09
Meat as a percentage of total cost of Food and Groceries regimen		34.48%

It will easily be seen from this statement how upsetting in the cost of the total regimen must be the result of an undue increase or decrease in an item which comprises 34.5 per cent. nearly of the total regimen. Unfortunately the effects of the momentum acquired by the meat prices in that short June quarter, 1941, are still being felt in the prices ruling to-day. However, now that regulations have been made as a consequence of which the delivery of meat by butchers' carts has largely been abolished, the position should right itself. Similarly when bread delivery is zoned and milk delivery is zoned reductions should follow in these items. It has always to be remembered that margins and allowances are not affected by fluctuations in the basic wage and so far as that portion of the wage is concerned the higher the fluctuation the less will the worker get in real wages.

In assessing the basic wage to be prescribed for workers in Western Australia it is useless denying the fact that some attention must necessarily be paid to the basic wage ruling in other parts of Australia and also the basis upon which such basic wages are assessed. To act otherwise would be to close our eyes and refuse to acknowledge the existence of hard facts. Western Australia is, after all, only one of a number of federated States which enjoy amongst themselves freedom of trade and intercourse, and are governed by the supreme Government of the Commonwealth, enacting laws and regulations within the sphere of its constitution binding upon all the States and other subordinate legislative bodies. Recent legislation enacted under the stress and pressure of war necessity has welded the States together much more closely than ever before. Amongst the matters in which the Commonwealth Parliament is supreme is the settlement of industrial disputes of an interstate character and among the duties incidental to that power is the fixing or assessment of a basic wage for workers regulated by the wages of the Commonwealth Court of Industrial Arbitration. The basic wage so assessed has been for many years adopted *in toto* in Victoria and Tasmania and within the last few years in New South Wales. It thus follows that the two most populous, most important, and most industrialised States in the Commonwealth have the foundation of their wages regulation fixed by that Court. To altogether ignore the amount fixed by the Commonwealth Court for this State in such circumstances would be foolish in the extreme. But while some regard must necessarily be paid to the basic wage as fixed by the Commonwealth Court, nevertheless, if the assessment of such wage rests upon a basis of principles to which this Court finds itself unable to subscribe, then there must necessarily be some difference in the amount prescribed by each body. Originally that wise and humanitarian Judge whose name more than any other will always be associated with the principles of industrial arbitration in Australia, Mr. Justice Higgins, laid down the principle that the family wage should be assessed upon a "needs" basis of the requirements of the average worker. The amount as assessed by him in 1907 of £2 2s. per week had no pretensions to accuracy and that learned Judge more than once expressed the desire that a more complete and fuller investigation should be made. In 1934 the Commonwealth Court made a fresh start and adopted as its basis the maximum level which in its opinion the country could support, thus reducing what might admit of fairly exact mathematical calculation to a matter of personal opinion, of doubt and of uncertainty. This Court has maintained since the basic wage inquiry became part of the West Australian Arbitration Act, the principles laid down by Mr. Justice Higgins and still adheres to them. It is only after the needs requirements are ascertained that the ability to pay of the community is inquired into. If it is found that the latter will not bear the weight then it may be necessary to reduce the amount or if circumstances exist which make it advisable that the standard of living upon which the basic wage is founded should be altered then also a modification may be necessary. In ascertaining the "needs" requirements, the family basis is an important factor. From the statistical returns it will be seen that the average number of dependent children under 16 years of age per married male employee is 1.42. This is one way of arriving at the question of how many should be provided for. There is another way which has been set forth in a judgment of this Court in 1927. It is to take the average worker from the time he arrives at his majority until his death may be expected according to statistical tables. I cannot do better than quote an extract from that judgment:—

To illustrate this more fully, let us take a concrete instance of the average married worker, whom we will call John Brown, and apply to him the facts which statistics have established, namely, his marriage would take place about the age of 27 years, he would die at 60, and he would rear three children. This married worker, John Brown, was born, let us say, in 1854, he would reach his majority and man's estate in 1875, and he would marry in 1881. His first child, let us suppose, would be born in 1883, his second in 1886, and his third in 1890. John Brown would have died in 1914. From the foregoing it will be seen that his first child would attain 14 years of age in 1897, his second in 1900, and his third in 1904. We find that for 18 years after he attained his majority, namely from 1875 to 1883 and from 1904 to 1914, he had no dependent children to maintain; for

seven years he had to maintain one dependent child; for another seven years he had to maintain two dependent children; and for another seven years he had to maintain three dependent children.

Similar results would follow if we increase the age of dependency to sixteen. It will thus be seen that the West Australian Court in providing for a family of two dependent children is on the generous side and in providing for two, space is left whereby omissions are supplied in the regimen of requirements and there is also a vacant space providing elasticity by way of reduction in amount should the necessity of the times demand it. In other words by providing for two children the amount is a flexible amount. Again as to the family regimen to be provided for, the basis of this is the report of the Royal Commission in 1920 and the details may be seen in the Labour Report of 1939, pages 1 to 5. In 1938 a very full judgment was given by this Court and the principles upon which it acted in that basic wage fixation were laid down. These principles still remain as guiding posts in the Court's determinations and such principles together with the statistical data upon which they are based are always open to checking and correction and criticism.

I have now to refer to the main argument advanced by Mr. Davies on behalf of the workers in urging an increase in the present basic wage. Mr. Davies referred at considerable length to the various steps taken by the Federal Government for the purpose of checking inflation and amongst them price fixing, limitation of profits, fixing of interest as well as industrial provisions; but the implications arising from the industrial provisions of the National Security Regulations are I fear either imperfectly understood or not properly appreciated by the workers in this State. In the industrial provisions regulation 16, quoted elsewhere in this judgment, pegged wages as on the 10th day of February, 1942. In fixing wages as at that date the basic wage which is part of wages was also fixed and with it the standard of living. The effect of that regulation is that the standard of living as declared by the Federal Arbitration Court in 1937 is fixed and unalterable except insofar as index numbers indicate increases in the cost of living. This basic wage applies to some seventy per cent. of the workers of Australia and also applies to a considerable number of workers in this State regulated by Federal Awards. The important point here to consider is that this basic wage so fixed is considerably below the basic wage ruling in this State as determined by this Court. When the figures were given in an earlier judgment this difference amounted to 4s. 5d. in favour of the Western Australian basic wage.

It will be as well, before proceeding further, to view the effect regulation 16 had on the basic wage provisions in the capital cities of Australia as on the date it was promulgated.

	Index Figures, Dec. quarter.	Basic Wage, Federal—State.	Basic Wage equated to Perth purchasing power on Index Figures "C" Series (i.e., the purchasing power in Perth).	Family basis provided for.
Perth	1012	£ s. d. Federal 4 6 0 State 4 10 5	£ s. d. 4 6 0 4 10 5	Man, wife, and 2 children. do. do.
Adelaide	1010	Federal 4 6 0 State 4 7 0	4 6 2 4 7 2	Man, wife, and 2 children. Man, wife, and 3 children.
Melbourne	1028	Federal 4 0 0 State 4 9 0 4 7 7	Man, wife, and 2 children.
Sydney	1048	Federal 4 11 0 State 4 11 0 4 7 10	Man, wife, and 2 children.
Brisbane	985	Federal 4 6 0 State 4 9 0	4 8 4 4 11 5	Man, wife, and 2 children. Man, wife, and 3 children.
Hobart	1023	Federal 4 7 0 State 4 7 0 4 6 1	Man, wife, and 2 children.

From this table it will be seen that to be on a parity with Adelaide the basic wage prescribed by this Court should be reduced to £4 7s. 2d.; to be on a parity with

Melbourne it should be reduced to £4 7s. 7d.; to be on a parity with Sydney it should be reduced to £4 7s. 10d.; to be on a parity with Hobart it should be reduced to £4 6s. 1d.; to be on a parity with Brisbane it should be increased to £4 11s. 5d., but there it would in theory support an additional child—rather difficult on 1s. per week extra. These figures speak for themselves particularly the comparative view they present of the worker in Perth as contrasted with his fellow worker in the other capital cities.

When this regulation 16 was promulgated it was submitted to, if not cheerfully then with stoical equanimity by the workers generally in Australia, whereas the decision of this Court fixing a higher basic wage even when it refused to make an adjustment called forth reeriminations and objections from responsible labour leaders and advisers. If this Court is to be considered as inflicting an injustice on workers in refusing to increase the basic wage then it follows that the National Labour Government must necessarily be sinners to a much larger extent.

The reasons for the refusal to adjust on the Court's part are fully given in the judgments of the 27th February and the 29th April, 1942, and will not be repeated here. But these facts stand out and may be seen from a table included in the judgment first referred to and other statistical data:—

1. The basic wage of this Court even when not adjusted, is the highest in the Commonwealth in purchasing power except in the wealthier and more prosperous State of Queensland and even there if the statutory requirement of three dependent children is taken into account it is more generous in its incidence.
2. Our basic wage exceeds the Commonwealth basic wage for this State by—at that time—four shillings and fivepence per week.
3. The State's average weekly wage per adult male worker is the highest in the Commonwealth both in amount and in purchasing power.
4. The State's weekly hours of work are the lowest in the Commonwealth.

It is not my intention nor would it be becoming of me to criticise another Court's findings. The fact is that all the Courts of Australia exercising the power of determining a basic wage act on different principles with resulting confusion and heart burnings and complaints and endeavours to choose the shop offering the best market for the commodity—labour. But the references I have been obliged to make particularly to the Commonwealth Court are in consequence of the employers' constantly repeated claim to have the Federal basic wage applied in this State. I have never disguised my own personal opinion that a basic wage should be on a common basis throughout Australia. It is absurd to think that what is sufficient as a family wage in Melbourne or Sydney is insufficient in Brisbane or Perth. Throughout all Australia we all have and demand a common standard of living. But I have never been able to subscribe in full to the principles adopted in the Commonwealth Arbitration Court in assessing the basic wage and my disagreement has been to the benefit of the West Australian workers. Moreover there is one point upon which I have no doubt whatsoever and that is that this State, which is obliged year after year as one of the poorer States, to approach the National Government for a financial bounty of considerable dimensions, cannot afford to pay a family wage of the same amount as the wealthy and more prosperous State of Queensland, which contributes from its superfluity towards the payment of that bounty. I mention Queensland because that is the State to which most frequent references are made by workers' representatives.

There is also one point in connection with basic wage regulation which it is important that workers should understand and appreciate. It is this—The Federal basic wage consists of two parts, one termed the "needs" basic wage deemed sufficient apparently for family requirements and the other a prosperity allowance of 6s. per week in the more prosperous States and 4s. in the poorer States. When fluctuations occur in the cost of living the only portion of the Federal basic wage that moves is the "needs" portion. The prosperity allowance remains static just as a margin remains static and is unaffected by the cost of living. In our Court the whole basic wage, which as has been mentioned, exceeds the Federal basic wage plus the prosperity allowance, moves in accord-

ance with the cost of living. When therefore it is a case of steeply rising prices it will be obvious that the effect of adjustment in the case of the Federal basic wage will be less felt than the effect of adjustment in the case of the State basic wage. For this reason workers must not be surprised if adjustments may be withheld from time to time. This distinction has obtained only since 1937 when the prosperity allowance was granted by the Federal Arbitration Court. It will be noticed that the effect of rising prices on the prosperity allowance is the same also as the effect on margins, namely that the purchasing power is reduced.

I believe I am expected to make some comment on the latest regulation promulgated under the National Security Act referring to industrial provisions whereby the decisions of this Court as regards adjustments of the basic wage are subject to appeal to the Premier of the State. I have very little to say. The National Government is, under the National Security Act, just as much entitled to make this regulation as it was to make regulations whereby the basic wage affecting about 70 per cent. of the workers of Australia was pegged at a point considerably below the pegging spot adopted by this Court, even when it refused to increase the basic wage. But I am somewhat astonished at the moderation displayed. Why convert into a Court of Appeal the poor Premier, who is obliged every year to approach the National Treasury for a gift of money to help the State through its financial difficulties, when our National Government could just as well have appointed as a Court of Appeal the representative of the industrial unions who also, like the Premier, is subject to the popular vote of the members of industrial unions and would be subject to no such embarrassment? It is not difficult to detect the common parentage between this regulation and the following statement attributed to a member of the Ministry—"If the day ever came that the High Court interfered with the considered opinions of the elected representatives of the people, its position might have to be looked at"—As if any decent person could conceive that judicial decisions would be influenced by such acts and expressions as these.

Declaration.

In pursuance of the provisions of Part VII. of the above Act, the Court of Arbitration hereby determines and declares the basic wage to be paid to male and female workers shall be as follows:—

Adults.

(1) Metropolitan Area, which for this purpose shall be taken to be that portion of the State comprised within a radius of fifteen (15) miles from the General Post Office, Perth:—

	Per Week.
Males	£4 10 5
Females	2 8 10

(2) Agricultural Areas, being the South-West Land Division of the State, except such portion thereof as is comprised within the Metropolitan Area as defined herein:—

	Per Week.
Males	£4 10 10
Females	2 9 1

(3) Goldfields Areas and all other portions of the State, exclusive of the South-West Land Division:—

	Per Week.
Males	£5 5 7
Females	2 17 0

Apprentices and Junior Workers.

(4) The wages being paid to these workers will be altered proportionately if and when necessary to the alterations in the basic wages above declared by the application of the percentage where percentages are fixed in the Award or Industrial Agreement and by direct proportion where the amount and not percentage is prescribed.

General.

(5) Payment shall be *pro rata* where the term of employment is less than one (1) week.

(Sgd.) WALTER DWYER,
President.

[L.S.]

MR. TRAINER:

Since the last annual declaration of the State basic wage certain events have occurred which have had a very disturbing effect on the usual routine of this Court's machinery. The Commonwealth Government's National Security Regulations have had the effect of pegging wages as they were at the 10th February of this year, and, as a consequence, this Court is no longer free to effect any change in the rate of remuneration of any worker, except it may be to adjust the rate in accordance with the cost of living.

It is worthy of note that the foregoing authority to vary has only existed since the 13th of May. I refer to the new Statutory Rule No. 224. These regulations, which also relate to profit and interest, I take it, are designed to prevent inflation, but, be that as it may, there are all the indications that the cost of living is still rising. Price fixing machinery has retarded or checked the very steep rises, which were a pronounced feature of the economy during the last war. I venture to predict we will not succeed in arresting the gradual rises in cost of living, which are slowly but surely becoming manifest. That being the case, this Court ought, in future, to exercise its jurisdiction and give effect to cost of living variations.

It is with extreme reluctance I have to confess that as the regulations now stand I cannot conceive any existing legal means by which the workers can retrieve the 2s. 4d. and 2s. 5d. which this Court denied them three months ago.

As far as the basic wage is concerned, whilst these National Security Regulations are in force, this Court's power is reduced from the making of a decision based on inquiry and evidence to one of making a simple announcement. In his submission Mr. Davies stated with some emphasis that interviews with Federal Government officials indicated they were of the impression that adjustments in the basic wage were automatic. Personally I accept that statement without any reservation, but it is unfortunate that those who were responsible for the drafting of the regulations did not include their impressions in the language expressed, and as a result I am faced with the task of interpreting the documents as they are and not as they were intended to be. Another point I desire to stress is that to-day's decision pegs the basic rate at £4 10s. 5d. in the Metropolitan Area; £4 10s. 10d. in the South-West, and £5 5s. 7d. on the Goldfields and other portions of the State, and future adjustments, if any, will be varied on these rates and not on the figures that would have resulted had the Court thought fit to vary on the December and March index figures. Workers of this State are specially advised by me as their representative on this Bench that the 1938 basic standard has been definitely abandoned.

For many years we have occupied a position of superiority over other States by our basic wages standards, but now we have the unique distinction of being the only wage fixing authority in Australia that has reduced its standard wage during the war. The present war situation has been advanced as a reason for lowering our base, but, even in that situation, if one cared to look for parallels, they would be difficult to locate. The older world, with all its conservatism and all the horror and uncertainty of war notwithstanding, has recognised the necessity of raising rates of pay, but we with all our much-vaunted advanced ideas, as far as wage fixation is concerned, prefer to remain static and immobile.

However, I feel it was incumbent on me to indicate my reactions to this new situation and conclude in the hope that these problems will soon be subject to rectification.

MR. THOMAS:

The provisions of regulation 16 of National Security Statutory Rule No. 76 prevent the Court from altering the rate of remuneration in force on February 10th of this year. Since the issue of this rule, various amendments to it have been made but none of them has removed the prohibition referred to and, therefore, the Court has no alternative but to issue a declaration providing for the rates in force on the date mentioned. However, I desire to make clear the attitude I would have adopted, had we been free to make any declaration we deemed just.

In June, 1938, this Court declared a basic wage of £4 for the Metropolitan Area, based on the Index Figures for the March quarter of that year. Had the Court followed the formula that had been in operation for

some years previously, the figures would have been £3 14s. 8d., so that the declaration meant an increase of 5s. 4d. per week. The members of the Court who supported the increase contended that it was justified by the evidence of rising prosperity.

Following increase in the Index Figures the £4 was raised by steps until it reached £4 10s. 5d. in July, 1941, and still remains at that figure.

The basic wage for Perth fixed by the Federal Arbitration Court on the figures for the March quarter is £4 7s. per week, 3s. 5d. less than the amount paid under this Court's declaration.

In considering what declaration would be made this year the Court would have to take into account the effect such declaration would have upon the economy of the State and upon industry generally.

The State is the largest employer of labour and even a small variation in the amount of the basic wage makes a substantial difference in the State's finances. We must ask ourselves is this State so prosperous that we can afford to continue a higher standard than that which applies in other States? The answer to such a question can be found in the fact that the State has to appear before the Disabilities Commission every year to present its case for financial assistance from the Federal Government.

Our pastoral and agricultural industries are in anything but a prosperous condition and the outlook for the goldmining industry is very gloomy. The curtailment of goldmining operations must have a very detrimental effect upon the prosperity of the State.

Taking all existing conditions into consideration, I am of opinion that had we been free to make a declaration we should have fixed a rate equal to that payable under Federal Awards.

Some comment has been made upon the Court's decision in February last not to alter the amount of the basic wage. In this connection it is interesting to note that, applying the formula in force prior to June, 1938, to the Index Figures for the March quarter this year would result in a basic wage of £4 5s. 5d. in the Metropolitan Area against £4 10s. 5d. at present applying. The present rate, therefore, includes, within a few pence, the actual cash addition made by the 1938 declaration.

IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1893-1938.

(Section 205, subsection (3)).

NOTICE is hereby given that the names of the undermentioned Companies have been struck off the Register of Companies:—

- 55/02—The Swan Bowling and Tennis Club, Limited.
- 45/10—The May Queen Gold Mining Syndicate, No Liability (in liquidation).
- 73/28—Fitzgerald Brown Coal, No Liability.
- 87/32—W. D. Toy, Limited.
- 98/32—Northover & Roberts, Limited.
- 72/36—Mount Seabrook Gold Mines, Limited.
- 22/37—Indian Ocean Air Service, Limited.
- 10/38—Roseburr Hats, Limited.
- 36/38—Bessons, Limited.
- 31/40—New Callion Gold Mines, Limited.

Dated this 5th day of June, 1942.

G. J. BOYLSON,
Registrar of Companies.

Western Australia.

THE COMPANIES ACT, 1893.

Notice of Registered Office.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Registered Office of Union Engineering and Foundry Company, Limited, is situate at 148 Brown street, East Perth, and will be open to the public from Monday to Friday from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. and on Saturdays from 10 a.m. to noon.

Dated this 3rd day of June, 1942.

RALPH J. STODDART,
of 135 St. George's terrace, Perth,
Solicitor for the Company.

In the Supreme Court of Western Australia.
IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1893,
and in the matter of the Minnivale Farmers'
Co-operative Company, Limited (in liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the offices of S. J. McGibbon & Co., Chartered Accountants (Aust.), Shell House, 205 St. George's terrace, Perth, on Thursday, 16th July, 1942, at 10 a.m.

Business:—1, Submission by Liquidators of accounts showing the manner in which the winding-up of the Company has been conducted and the assets disposed of; 2, General business arising out of the above.

S. J. MCGIBBON & CO.,
Liquidators.

In the Supreme Court of Western Australia.
IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1893,
and in the matter of the Kulin Farmers' Co-
operative Company, Limited (in liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the offices of S. J. McGibbon & Co., Chartered Accountants (Aust.), Shell House, 205 St. George's terrace, Perth, on Thursday, 16th July, 1942, at 10.30 a.m.

Business:—1, Submission by Liquidators of accounts showing the manner in which the winding-up of the Company has been conducted and the assets disposed of; 2, General business arising out of the above.

S. J. MCGIBBON & CO.,
Liquidators.

In the Supreme Court of Western Australia.
IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1893,
and in the matter of the Wongan Hills Farmers'
Co-operative Co., Limited (in liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the offices of S. J. McGibbon & Co., Chartered Accountants (Aust.), Shell House, 205 St. George's terrace, Perth, on Wednesday, 15th July, 1942, at 10.30 a.m.

Business:—1, Submission by Liquidators of accounts showing the manner in which the winding-up of the Company has been conducted and the assets disposed of; 2, General business arising out of the above.

S. J. MCGIBBON & CO.,
Liquidators.

In the Supreme Court of Western Australia.
IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1893,
and in the matter of the Merredin District Co-
operative Company, Limited (in liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the offices of S. J. McGibbon & Co., Chartered Accountants (Aust.), Shell House, 205 St. George's terrace, Perth, on Wednesday, 15th July, 1942, at 10 a.m.

Business:—1, Submission by Liquidators of accounts showing the manner in which the winding-up of the Company has been conducted and the assets disposed of; 2, General business arising out of the above.

S. J. MCGIBBON & CO.,
Liquidators.

In the Supreme Court of Western Australia.
IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1893,
and in the matter of Binney and Son Limited
(in liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the offices of S. J. McGibbon & Co., Chartered Accountants (Aust.), Shell House, 205 St. George's terrace, Perth, on Friday, 17th July, 1942, at 10 a.m.

Business:—1, Submission by Liquidators of accounts showing the manner in which the winding-up of the Company has been conducted and the assets disposed of; 2, General business arising out of the above.

S. J. MCGIBBON & CO.,
Liquidators.

IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1893,
and in the matter of Montgomery Brothers, Limited.

Chairman's Certificate.

I HEREBY certify that, at an extraordinary general meeting of Shareholders, regularly convened and duly held at the Registered Office of the Company the following special resolution was carried:—That the Company be wound up voluntarily and that Alexander John McLaren be appointed liquidator.

Dated at Kalgoorlie this 5th day of June, 1942.

R. S. RUSHTON,
Chairman of the meeting.

IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ACT,
1893-1938, and in the matter of Montgomery
Brothers, Ltd (in liquidation).

THE creditors of the abovenamed Company are required, on or before the 30th day of June, 1942, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, and the names and addresses of their solicitors (if any) to Alexander John McLaren, English, Scottish, and Australian Bank Chambers, St. George's terrace, Perth, the Liquidator of the said Company, and, if so required by notice in writing from the said Liquidator, are by their solicitors or otherwise to prove their said debts or claims, at the office of the Liquidator, English, Scottish and Australian Bank Chambers, St. George's terrace, Perth, at such time as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved; Friday, the 3rd day of July, 1942, at three o'clock in the afternoon, at the said office, is appointed for determining as to the allowance of the debts and claims.

Dated this 9th day of June, 1942, at Perth.

A. J. McLAREN,
Liquidator.

McLaren & Stewart, English, Scottish and Australian
Bank Chambers, St. George's terrace, Perth.

IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ACT,
1893-1938.

NOTICE is hereby given that, under the provisions of section 20 of the above Act, a Certificate of Incorporation, as a Limited Company, has this day been issued to Union Engineering and Foundry Company, Limited.

Dated this 4th day of June, 1942.

G. J. BOYLSON,
Registrar of Companies.
Supreme Court Office, Perth W.A.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF WESTERN
AUSTRALIA—PROBATE JURISDICTION.

In the matter of the Will of Annie Rowe, late of 293
Barker road Subiaco, in the State of Western
Australia, Widow, deceased.

ALL claims or demands against the Estate of the abovenamed deceased must be sent in writing to the Executor, John Pender Bathgate, care of the undersigned, on or before the 13th day of July, 1942, after which date the said Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which he shall then have had notice.

Dated the 4th day of June, 1942.

LIONEL WESTON de MORLEY,
T. & G. Chambers, Perth,
Solicitor for the Executor.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF WESTERN
AUSTRALIA—PROBATE JURISDICTION.

In the matter of the Will and Codicil of Charles
Samuel Bardwell-Clarke, late of Sheffield House,
Hay street, Perth, in the State of Western Aus-
tralia, Artist and Photographer, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having claims or demands against the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are requested to send

particulars in writing thereof to the The Perpetual Executors, Trustees and Agency Company (W.A.), Limited, of Perpetual Trustees Buildings, corner of St. George's terrace and Howard street, Perth the Executor of the Will of the said deceased, on or before the 13th day of July, 1942, after which date the said Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which it shall then have had notice.

Dated the 4th day of June, 1942.

DOWNING & DOWNING,
37 St. George's terrace, Perth,
Solicitors for the Executor.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF WESTERN
AUSTRALIA—PROBATE JURISDICTION.

In the matter of the Will of Gladys Maude Hahnel, formerly of 17 Bindaring parade, Cottesloe, in the State of Western Australia, but late of Adelma road, Nedlands, in the said State, Married Woman, deceased.

ALL persons having claims or demands against the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby required to send particulars of such claims or demands in writing to The West Australian Trustee, Executor and Agency Company, Limited, of 135 St. George's terrace, Perth, the Executor of the Will of the said deceased, on or before the 13th day of July, 1942, after which date the said Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims and demands of which particulars shall have been given as aforesaid.

Dated this 2nd day of June, 1942.

PHILIP SYDNEY DURSTON,
105 St. George's terrace, Perth,
Solicitor for the said Executor.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF WESTERN
AUSTRALIA—PROBATE JURISDICTION.

In the matter of the Will of Robert Watters (commonly known as Robert Waters), late of Hardy road, Glen Forrest, in the State of Western Australia, Retired Master Baker, deceased.

TAKE notice that all creditors and other persons having claims or demands against the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby required to send particulars in writing of such claims and demands to The Perpetual Executors, Trustees, and Agency Company (W.A.), Limited, of 93 St. George's terrace, Perth, the Executor of the Will of the said deceased, on or before the 13th day of July, 1942, after which date the Executor will proceed to distribute the Estate of the said deceased among the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have received notice.

Dated the 27th day of May, 1942.

UNMACK & UNMACK,
Solicitors for the Perpetual Executors, Trustees,
and Agency Company (W.A.), Limited, With-
nell Chambers, Howard street, Perth.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF WESTERN
AUSTRALIA—PROBATE JURISDICTION.

In the matter of the Will of Margaret Lewis, late of North Bannock, in the State of Western Australia, Married Woman, deceased.

ALL claims or demands against the Estate of the abovenamed deceased must be sent in writing to the Executor, care of Joseph, Muir, & Williams, Victoria House, St. George's terrace, Perth, on or before the 13th day of July, 1942, after which date the said Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which he shall then have had notice.

Dated this 2nd day of June, 1942.

JOSEPH, MUIR, & WILLIAMS,
Victoria House, St. George's terrace, Perth,
Solicitors for the Executor.

ESTATES placed under the charge of the Curator of Intestate Estates for Management during the Month of May, 1942 :—

No.	Name of Deceased.	Residence.	Date of Death.
8/42	Finn, Christopher (also known as Christie Flynn)	Day Dawn via Cue	6-12-41
65/42	Kemp, James	Lukin street, Beverley	30-1-42
82/42	Mitchell, Edwin Phillip	52 Railway parade, Midland Junction	16-2-42
74/42	Cardell, Victor Francis Patrick Garrett	Pinjarra	26-2-42
134/42	Burman, John	Antares Street, Southern Cross	26-3-42
139/42	Dews, Thomas	formerly of Greenbushes but late of 62 New-castle street, Perth	9-4-42
446/41	Sharp, Violet Cairns	25 Chatsworth road, Highgate	14-10-41
489/41	O'Donnell, Michael	Clackline and Meckering	23-10-41
34/42	Longbottom, Stephen	Nungarin	13-1-42
146/42	Eason, Sydney	Wickepin	6-4-42
148/42	Fawcett, Walter	Nedlands	20-4-42
162/42	Ryan, Robert	Durlacher street, Geraldton	26-3-42
103/42	Frawley, Michael	Pemberton	about 15-1-42
127/42	Chew Wah	289 Charles street, Perth	22-12-41
189/42	Beatson, Alice	Finnerty street, Fremantle	22-12-41
174/42	Harris, Thomas	Nedlands	23-4-42
136/42	Keith, William	Yalgoo	1-4-42
105/42	Crean, Walter Aiden	Reedy	2-2-42

Dated this 10th day of June, 1942.

J. H. GLYNN,
Curator of Intestate Estates.

NOTICE.

THE GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

The *Government Gazette* is published on Friday in each week, unless otherwise interfered with by Public Holidays or other unforeseen circumstances.

SUBSCRIPTIONS.—The Subscription to the *Government Gazette* is as follows:—30s. per annum, 17s. 6d. per half year, and 10s. per quarter, including postage. Single copies 9d.; previous years, up to ten years 1s. 6d., over ten years 2s. 6d.; postage 1d. extra.

Subscriptions are required to commence and terminate with a month.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—Notices for insertion must be received by the Government Printer **BEFORE TEN O'CLOCK a.m. on THURSDAY**, the day preceding the day of publication, and are charged at the following rates:—

For the first eight lines, 5s.;

For every additional line, 6d.

and half-price for each subsequent insertion.

To estimate the cost of an advertisement, count nine words to a line; heading, signature, and date being reckoned as separate lines.

All fees are payable in advance. Remittances should be made by money order, postal note, or cheque. Exchange must be added to cheques.

All communications should be addressed to "The Government Printer, Perth."

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