

Gazette Government

AUSTRALIA WESTERN

(Published by Authority at 2.30 p.m.)

(REGISTERED AT THE GENERAL POST OFFICE. PERTH. FOR TRANSMISSION BY POST AS A NEWSPAPER.)

No. 24]

PERTH: MONDAY, 18th MARCH.

[1957.

HEALTH ACT, 1911-1955.

Resolution.

P.H.D. 1858/56, Ex. Co. No. 269.

P.H.D. 1858/56, Ex. Co. No. 269. WHEREAS it is provided in the Health Act, 1911, as amended, that a local authority may, of its own motion, by resolution, adopt with or without modification, the whole or any portion of by-laws caused to be prepared by the Governor under the provisions of section 343 (1) of that Act; and whereas Model By-laws described as Series "A" prepared in accordance with those provisions, and duly amended, have, pursuant to the Reprinting of Regulations Act, 1954, been reprinted with amendments to and including that published in the Government Gazette on 18th May, 1955, and as so reprinted have been published in the Government Gazette on 9th August, 1956: Now, therefore, the Tambellup District Road Board, being a local authority within the meaning of the Act, doth hereby resolve and determine that the said Model By-laws, as so reprinted and published in the Government Gazette on the 9th August, 1956, shall be adopted without modification; and doth hereby prescribe the following shall be adopted without modification; and doth hereby prescribe the following scale of fees as applied to Schedule "D" of Part IX of the adopted by-laws.

Offensive Trade.							Fee per Annum.				
								£	s.	d.	
Slaughter	••••	••••	•	•	••••		2	0	0		
Piggery		•···•	••	••••	••••	••••	••••	1	0	0	

Passed at a meeting of the Tambellup District Road Board, this 10th day of October. 1956.

F. C. HILDER, Chairman. F. S. HOWARD, Secretary.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council, 13th February, 1957.

> (Sgd.) R. H. DOIG, Clerk of the Council.

[This notice supersedes that appearing on page 519 of Government Gazette (No. 18) of 8th March, 1957.]

[795]

ROAD DISTRICTS ACT, 1919-1954. Merredin Road Board.

By-laws for the Management of the Merredin District Olympic Pool.

L.G. 130/52.

WHEREAS under the provisions of the Road Districts Act, 1919-1954, the Board of any district is empowered to make by-laws for any of the purposes mentioned in the said Act; and whereas the Merredin Road Board doth in exercise of the powers aforesaid and of every power enabling it in this behalf, hereby make and publish the following by-laws:—

1. In these by-laws, subject to the context—

"Board" means the Merredin Road Board:

"manager" means the manager of the Merredin District Olympic Pool appointed for the time being by the Merredin Road Board to have control of the said pool;

"pool" means the Merredin District Olympic Pool and all land and buildings pertaining thereto.

2. The pool shall be called the Merredin District Olympic Pool and shall be open for public use for such periods and at such times as the Board may in "its absolute discretion from time to time decide, and such periods and such times shall be clearly indicated upon a notice board at the entrance to the said pool.

3. No person shall, without the express permission of the Board or the manager, enter the pool save through the turnstile erected at the entrance for that purpose and upon payment of the prescribed admission charge.

4. All persons wishing to obtain season tickets or tokens granting admission to the pool for any one stipulated season may obtain such tickets or tokens on application to the manager upon payment of the prescribed fee. Such season tickets or tokens shall be offered for inspection to the attendant when used to obtain admission to the pool. Season tickets or tokens are not transferable and such a ticket may be used only by the person in whose name the same is issued. A list of all season ticket holders shall be kept at the pool and the attendant shall refuse admission to a person seeking the same and using any such ticket or token if the attendant reasonably believes that the person so seeking admission is not the person to whom such ticket or token was issued.

5. The charges to be made for admission to the pool and for season tickets or tokens shall be those fixed from time to time by the Board, and particulars of such charges shall be clearly indicated upon the notice board above mentioned.

6. A costume and/or towel may be made available for hire to any person legitimately using the pool and the charges to be made for such hiring shall be those fixed from time to time by the Board. Particulars of such charges shall be clearly indicated upon the notice board above mentioned.

7. Every person hiring a costume and/or towel shall before leaving the pool return the same to the manager or to such person appointed by the manager to receive the same.

8. Every person using his own costume and/or towel in the pool shall, when leaving the pool, produce such costume and/or towel for inspection by the manager or other person appointed by the manager for that purpose.

9. No person shall enter the pool without either being in possession of a costume and/or towel or hiring the same as abovementioned unless he obtains a spectator's ticket, and upon leaving the pool he shall surrender such ticket to the manager or other person appointed by the manager to receive the same.

10. No person over the age of five years shall appear in public on the pool premises unless sufficiently clad to preserve decency.

11. No person shall dress or undress or remove any part of his or her clothing or bathing costume except in the dressing shed or enclosure provided for that specific purpose.

12. Should any person appear in public in such a condition as to be in the opinion of the manager, or person for the time being in charge of the pool, indecently or unsuitably clad, the manager or such other person shall direct that he or she shall resume his or her ordinary clothing and such direction shall be complied with forthwith. 13. No person shall enter the pool whilst in an intoxicated condition whether such condition is induced by liquor, drugs or otherwise, and no person shall bring on to the pool premises any spirits, drugs, or intoxicating liquors or have any of same in his or her possession therein.

14. No person shall use any soap in any part of the pool premises other than in the dressing rooms or shower recesses.

15. No person shall in any part of the pool premises behave in an unseemly, improper, disorderly, riotous or indecent manner, swear or use any indecent, obscene, offensive or abusive language or gamble or misconduct himself or herself.

16. No person shall climb up to or on to any portion of the roof, fences, walls, partitions or other portion of the pool premises.

17. No person shall in the dressing rooms or elsewhere in the pool premises wastefully use the water or leave any taps running.

18. No person shall spit or expectorate in the pool or on the concourse or any other part of the pool premises or in any way commit any nuisance on or in any part of such premises.

19. No person whilst in the pool shall use any substance or preparation whereby the water thereof may become discoloured or rendered turbid or otherwise unfit for the proper use of bathers.

20. No person shall eat in or take into a dressing shed or enclosure any food of any kind whatsoever.

21. No person shall foul or pollute water in any shower bath or in the pool, or soil, defile, damage, injure, destroy, use improperly, disfigure or write in or upon any dressing rooms, closet or compartments or other part of the pool premises or any furniture or other article or equipment therein.

22. No person shall at any time carelessly or negligently injure or improperly use or interfere with any taps, locks, valves, lockers or other fittings or appliances in or about the pool or discharge litter of any description on in or about the pool, or bring or deposit any filth or rubbish onto or in the pool.

23. No person shall cause or allow any dog or other animal belonging to such person or under his or her control to enter or to remain in or upon the pool premises.

24. No male person shall enter any portion of the pool premises set apart exclusively for females and no females shall enter any portion of the pool premises set apart exclusively for males. Nor shall any person enter to attempt to enter any bathroom or dressing box or other compartment which is already occupied without the consent of the occupier.

25. No person shall smoke in any building, dressing room or other compartment in the pool premises.

26. No person upon the pool premises shall in any way interfere with any other person therein or such lastmentioned person's use thereof, nor throw or push nor attempt to throw or push any person into the pool, or throw any stones, sticks or any other matter or thing, to the annoyance of any other person using the pool or the pool premises.

27. No person or group of persons shall play any ball games or take any action whatsoever which shall in any way limit the enjoyment of other users of the pool or the pool premises at such time or times as the pool premises shall be in general public use: Provided that this clause shall not apply to the playing of any games or aquatic sports specially organised and conducted on the pool premises by any club or person at such time or times as shall be approved by the Board.

28. No person shall whilst suffering from any cutaneous, infectious or contagious disease, or whilst in an unclean condition, enter or use or attempt to enter or use the pool or the pool premises or any part thereof.

29. Persons entering the pool premises may deposit valuables with the manager or person for the time being in charge thereof upon payment of the sum of sixpence, but under no circumstances whatever will the Board accept liability should such valuables or any of them be lost, stolen, damaged or otherwise interfered with whilst in the custody of the manager or such person or of the Board.

30. Every person using the pool premises shall obey all reasonable directions of the manager or other person for the time being in charge thereof. 31. No person shall in any way obstruct the manager or the person for the time being in charge of the pool premises in his control of such premises and of the persons therein or in any way obstruct, interfere with or hinder the manager or his assistants in the performance of their duties.

32. No person shall cause or allow any dog or other animal belonging to otherwise, loiter or remain in or about the precincts of the pool or the pool premises without reasonable excuse.

33. (a) Every person finding in the pool any article which may have been left or lost therein shall immediately deliver the same to the manager or the person for the time being in charge of the pool premises, who shall thereupon register a description of such article and all particulars relating thereto in a book which shall be kept for that purpose, and any person claiming any such article and who satisfies the said manager or such other person that he or she is the lawful owner of the same shall have such article returned upon signing for same in the book above mentioned.

(b) The manager or other person for the time being in charge of the pool premises shall report to the secretary of the Board at least once in every week regarding lost property and produce the said book for inspection by the secretary of the Board.

(c) The Board shall not under any circumstances incur any liability in respect of articles lost or left in the pool premises or stolen from any person whilst on the pool premises.

34. (a) Any person, club, association or organisation conducting any carnival held at the pool premises shall be responsible for the conduct of the competitors and spectators during such carnival and shall be bound to see that there is no overcrowding and that no damage is done to the buildings or fencing or any other portion of the pool or the pool premises, and further, that each and everyone of these by-laws is strictly observed by all competitors, officials and spectators attending such carnival.

(b) At all swimming carnivals held at the pool the competitors shall wear proper and approved bathing costumes.

(c) Every person, club, association, or organisation to whom the pool is let on hire for the purpose of holding a swimming carnival shall, at least two weeks before the proposed date of such carnival, forward to the secretary of the Board a copy of such programme of events as it is desired shall be competed for thereat and of any games or sports proposed to be then conducted. Any item on such programme of which the Board does not approve shall be struck out or altered in such manner as the Board may in its absolute discretion see fit.

(d) Every person, club, association or organisation conducting any carnival shall pay to the Board in respect to such carnival a sum equal to 25 per cent. of the admission proceeds, with a minimum of $\pounds 10$ 10s. for each five hours during which the pool is so used.

35. (a) No person shall for reward or profit teach, coach or train any other person in the pool premises except with the consent in writing of the Board first had and obtained.

(b) The Board may in its absolute discretion give such consent absolutely or subject to such conditions as it deems fit and the Board may in its absolute discretion at any time withdraw such consent.

36. (a) Any person offending against any of the provisions contained in these by-laws shall upon conviction be liable to a penalty not exceeding ± 20 .

(b) Any person who shall infringe any of the provisions of these by-laws or who shall commit any breach thereof may be summarily removed from the pool or the pool premises or any part thereof by the manager or other person for the time being in charge of the pool premises or by any other officer appointed from time to time for that purpose by the Board, or may be arrested by such manager, other person or officer and given into the custody of a police officer.

(c) The manager or other person for the time being in charge of the pool premises may refuse to admit to such premises any person who shall have been convicted of wilfully disobeying or infringing or breaching any of the provisions of these by-laws until such time as the Board or the manager may decide that such person shall be admitted. (d) The Board may issue a written direction to the manager that any person named in such direction shall not be admitted to the pool or to the pool premises and whilst such direction remains in force the manager or such other person for the time being in charge of the pool premises shall not admit such person to the pool or the pool premises or suffer him or her to be therein, and such person shall not with knowledge that such direction is in force enter or attempt to enter the pool.

Passed at a meeting of the Merredin Road Board held on the 11th day of September, 1956.

C. R. DAVIES, Chairman.

F. A. LAW, Secretary.

Recommended—

(Sgd.) A. HAWKE, Acting Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council, this 5th day of March, 1957.

(Sgd.) R. H. DOIG, Clerk of the Council.

FACTORIES AND SHOPS ACT, 1920-1956.

Department of Labour, Perth, 26th February, 1957.

HIS Excellency the Governor in Executive Council, pursuant to the provisions of section 158 of the Factories and Shops Act, 1920-1956, has been pleased to make the regulations set out in the Schedule hereunder.

F. W. WARMAN, Chief Inspector of Factories.

Schedule.

Welding and Cutting Regulations, 1957.

Part I.—Preliminary.

1. These regulations may be cited as the Welding and Cutting Regulations, 1957, and shall apply to factories or parts of factories where gas welding and cutting, electric arc welding and cutting and resistance welding are carried on.

2. In these regulations subject to the context—

"confined space" means a boiler, tank, vessel, drum, barrel, receiver or other similar enclosed space;

- "distant breathing air mask" means an arrangement of face mask equipped with the necessary valves and fitted with a hose connected in such a way and of such a length that the distal end of the hose is placed in fresh air;
- "postive pressure air mask" means an arrangement of face mask or hood and a hose connected to the face mask or hood through which fresh air is supplied to the wearer by a compressed air cylinder or compressor;
- "welder" means any person engaged in gas welding or cutting, electric **arc welding** or cutting, or resistance welding.

Part I.—Preliminary, Regulations 1-3.

Part II.-Gas Welding and Cutting, Regulations 4-9.

Part III.--Electric Arc Welding and Cutting, Regulations 10-13.

Part IV.-Resistance Welding, Regulations 14-15.

Part V.-General, Regulations 16-25.

Part II.—Gas Welding and Cutting.

4. A person employed or engaged in a factory shall not under any circumstance introduce oxygen into a confined space for the purpose of ventilation.

5. A person employed or engaged in a factory shall not use oxygen to dust or dry clothing or work or as a substitute for compressed air.

6. A person working with or handling oxygen equipment in a factory shall at all times keep such equipment and his clothing free of grease and oil.

7. Where a person is carrying on welding or cutting operations in a confined space in a factory, the occupier of the factory shall—

- (a) station a person outside the confined space whose duty it is to keep the welder or cutter under observation; and
- (b) shall place the necessary gas cylinders and generators in charge of the person so stationed.

8. When a welder enters a confined space in a factory through a manhole or opening, the occupier of the factory shall arrange that the manhole or opening is kept clear while the welder is in the confined space and that effective means are provided for quickly removing him in case of emergency and that safety belts or lifelines for this purpose are attached to the welder so that his body cannot jam in the manhole or opening.

9. Where a person welding or cutting in a confined space leaves the work for a period of ten minutes or more, he shall remove all hand pieces, torches or gas lines from the confined space and make sure that there can be no escape of oxygen or acetylene in the confined space.

Part III.-Electric Arc Welding and Cutting.

10. A person employed or engaged in welding in a confined space in a factory shall use a fully insulated electrode holder.

11. Where a person is carrying on electric arc welding or cutting operations in a confined space in a factory, the occupier of the factory shall—

- (a) station a person outside the confined space whose duty it is to keep the welder or cutter under observation; and
- (b) shall place the necessary gas cylinders and generators in charge of the person so stationed.

12. When a welder enters a confined space in a factory through a manhole or opening, the occupier of the factory shall arrange that the manhole or opening is kept clear while the welder is in the confined space and that effective means are provided for quickly removing him in case of emergency and that safety belts or lifelines for this purpose are attached to the welder so that his body cannot jam in the manhole or opening.

13. The occupier of a place where electric arc welding or cutting is carried on shall arrange that all electric arc welding or cutting or similar operations shall be screened by screens approved by the Chief Inspector of Factories and provided by the occupier to prevent the dangerous effects of stray radiation to persons employed in the vicinity of the operation.

Part IV.---Resistance Welding.

14. To prevent injury to a person engaged in welding operations in a factory, the occupier of the factory shall provide adequate shields on all moving parts of resistance welding equipment whether mechanically, pneumatically or electrically operated.

15. In a factory where welding operations are carried on, the occupier of the factory shall provide face shields which shall be used by a person employed as a welder to protect his face and neck when engaged on resistance welding operations in which the welder is exposed to possible injury.

Part V.—General.

16. In any factory where welding is carried on, goggles, shields and helmets, fitted with filter lenses to the specifications declared and published from time to time by the Standards Association of Australia, shall be provided by the occupier of the factory and shall be used by persons engaged in welding.

17. Before welding or cutting is carried on in any factory on containers, drums, barrels or tanks, the occupier of the factory shall arrange for tests to be made to establish that there is no danger of fire or explosion.

18. (1) In any factory where a person is engaged in welding or cutting lead or cadmium or their alloys or in welding or cutting lead painted iron or steel, or lead or cadmium coated or plated iron or steel or fiame treatment of lead painted surfaces, or where lead, mercury or cadmium or their compounds are present, the occupier of the factory shall provide local exhaust ventilation to supply each welder with a minimum rate of 350 cubic feet of air per minute.

(2) In any factory where local exhaust ventilation cannot be so provided, a distant breathing apparatus or positive pressure air mask shall be provided by the occupier of the factory and used by the welder.

19. In any factory where welding operations are carried out in a confined space having a capacity of less than 5,000 cubic feet, the occupier of the factory shall provide ventilation for each welder at a minimum rate of 450 cubic feet per minute.

20. (1) Where welding is carried on in any factory, the occupier of the factory shall display or cause to be displayed in a conspicuous position and in the vicinity of the place where the welding is carried on, a poster containing the information set out in the Schedule of these regulations.

(2) Where an Inspector is satisfied that the position of the poster referred to in subregulation (1) of regulation 20 is not sufficiently conspicuous or not sufficiently near to the process, he may order that the poster be displayed in a position to his satisfaction, and the occupier of the factory shall comply with that order.

21. The occupier of a factory shall provide for the use of welders, fire resistant gauntlets, gloves, and suitable aprons, in addition to goggles, shields, and helmets, referred to in regulation 16 of these regulations, and any other equipment prescribed by these regulations.

22. In any factory every welder shall use the protective equipment provided under regulation 21 of these regulations.

23. In every factory to which these regulations are applicable, the occupier of the factory shall provide adequate equipment for the prevention and extinction of fire.

24. (1) A copy of these regulations shall be exhibited by the occupier of every factory in a conspicuous place in the factory or part of the factory in which welding or cutting operations are carried on.

(2) The copy of the regulations shall be maintained by the occupier of every factory in a legible condition.

25. A person who commits a breach of any of these regulations commits an offence. Penalty: Five pounds.

Schedule—Safety in Welding.

Welding is not a hazardous occupation when simple and obvious precautions are taken. It is therefore recommended that all interested make themselves familiar with the Welding and Cutting Regulations, 1957, and the suggestions in this notice and relevant publications of Standards Association of Australia.

Cylinders should be handled with care.

Cylinders should be marked with the name of gas contained therein.

Acetylene should always be referred to by its proper name, "acetylene," and not the word "gas."

Oxygen should always be referred to by its proper name, "oxygen," and not the word "air."

Calcium carbide must be stored where it cannot contact water. In case of fire, water or foam extinguishers must not be used.

Acetylene generators must be only used, cleaned, recharged in a place with ample ventilation away from any source of ignition and where smoking is prohibited. A generator must not be altered to allow it to operate at pressures or production rates higher than for which it was designed.

Acetylene cylinders should be stored and used in an upright position.

Woollen outer clothing is preferable to cotton.

Low cut shoes should not be worn.

Trousers should not have cuffs.

Sleeves and collars should be kept buttoned to prevent lodgment of sparks.

Non-conducting impervious mats will reduce the risk of shock in electric arc or resistance welding.

Prior to entering a confined space, the air should be tested for contamination or oxygen enrichment.

All persons concerned should be instructed in the correct and most efficient use of the fire fighting equipment available.