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No. 20]

PERTH: TUESDAY, 12th MARCH

[1963

COMPANIES ACT, 1961-1962.

Crown Law Department,
Perth, 20th February, 1963.

HIS Excellency the Governor in Executive Council, acting under the provisions of section 384 of the Companies Act, 1961-1962, has been pleased to make the regulations set forth in the schedule hereunder.

R. C. GREEN,
Under Secretary for Law.

Schedule.

Regulations.

Principal Regulations. 1. In these regulations the Companies (Auditors Board) Regulations, 1962, made under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1961-1962, and published in the *Government Gazette* on the 27th September, 1962, are referred to as the principal regulations.

Regulation 12 added. 2. The principal regulations are amended by adding after regulation 11 the following regulation—

12. For the purposes of subsection (9) of section eight of the Act—

(a) a fee of seven pounds seven shillings shall be paid to the Chairman of the Companies Auditors Board or to the deputy of the Chairman for each day or part of a day on which the Chairman or the deputy of the Chairman, as the case may be, attends a meeting of the Board; and

(b) a fee of six pounds six shillings shall be paid to a member of the Board or a deputy of a member (other than the Chairman or the deputy of the Chairman) for each day or part of a day on which the member or the deputy of the member, as the case may be, attends a meeting of the Board.

HEALTH ACT, 1911-1962.
Shire of Tambellup.

P.H.D. 1858/56.

WHEREAS under the provisions of the Health Act, 1911-1962, a local authority may make or adopt by-laws and may alter, amend or repeal any by-laws so made or adopted: Now, therefore, the Council of the Shire of Tambellup, being a local authority within the meaning of the Act and having adopted the Model By-laws described as Series "A" and reprinted in the *Government Gazette* on the 9th day of August, 1956, doth hereby amend the said adopted by-laws as follows:—

PART I.—GENERAL SANITARY PROVISIONS.

After by-law 1B insert a new by-law to stand as by-law 1C as follows:—

1C.—Provision of Apparatus for the Bacteriolytic Treatment
of Sewage.

(a) This by-law shall apply to that portion of the district comprising the area of the townsite of Tambellup as constituted under the Land Act, 1933.

(b) The owner of every house constructed after the coming into operation of this by-law, which is within a portion of the district prescribed in paragraph (a), shall provide on the premises an apparatus for the bacteriolytic treatment of sewage, before the house is occupied or used.

Passed at a meeting of the Shire of Tambellup this 10th day of January, 1963.

J. M. HOWARD,
President.
J. DUNN,
Shire Clerk.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 20th day of February, 1963.

R. H. DOIG,
Clerk of the Council.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960.
The Municipality of the City of Perth.
By-law Relating to Zoning.

By-law No. 64.—Town Planning Classification or Zoning By-law for Land and/or Buildings in the North Perth-Mount Hawthorn-Wembley-Leederville Area, being Part of the City of Perth Municipal District—Amendment.

L.G. 457/62.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon it by the abovementioned Act and of all other powers enabling it, the Council of the abovementioned Municipality hereby records having resolved on the 24th day of September, 1962, to make and submit for confirmation by the Governor the following amendments to By-law No. 64:—

That all those pieces of land being—

- (1) portion of Perthshire Location Ad and being part of lot 11 on Plan 880 and being the whole of the land comprised in Certificate of Title Volume 1050, folio 777;
- (2) portion of Perthshire Location Ad and being part of lot 12 on Plan 880 and being the whole of the land comprised in Certificate of Title Volume 1051, folio 724.
- (3) portion of Perthshire Location Ad and being lot 13 on Plan 880 and being the whole of the land comprised in Certificate of Title Volume 1166, folio 146;
- (4) portion of Perthshire Location Ad and being lot 14 on Plan 880 and being the whole of the land comprised in Certificate of Title Volume 1033, folio 326;

- (5) portion of Perthshire Location Ad and being lot 15 on Plan 880 and being the whole of the land comprised in Certificate of Title Volume 232, folio 97;
- (6) portion of Perthshire Location Ad and being lot 16 on Plan 880 and being the whole of the land comprised in Certificate of Title Volume 612, folio 40;

be and are hereby excised from Zone 1 Classification and reclassified to be included in Zone 7 and the North Perth-Mount Hawthorn-Wembley-Leederville Zoning Plan No. 64 is amended accordingly.

Dated the 29th day of November, 1962.

The Common Seal of the City of Perth was hereunto affixed in the presence of—

[L.S.]

H. R. HOWARD,
Lord Mayor.
W. A. McI. GREEN,
Town Clerk.

Recommended—

J. F. CRAIG,
Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 20th day of February, 1963.

R. H. DOIG,
Clerk of the Council.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960.

The Municipality of the City of Perth.

By-law Relating to Zoning.

By-law No. 63—Town Planning Classification or Zoning By-law for Land and/or Buildings in the Victoria Park-Carlisle Area being Part of the City of Perth Municipal District—Amendment.

L.G. 458/62.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon it by the abovementioned Act and of all other powers enabling it, the Council of the abovementioned Municipality hereby records having resolved on the 24th day of September, 1962, to make and submit for confirmation by the Governor the following amendments to By-law No. 63:—

That all that piece of land being—

portion of Swan Location 36 and being lot 5 on Deposited Plan 1952 and being the whole of the land comprised in Certificate of Title Volume 293, folio 65;

be and is hereby excised from Zone 1 Classification and reclassified to be included in Zone 7 and the Victoria Park-Carlisle Zoning Plan No. 63 is amended accordingly.

Dated the 29th day of November, 1962.

The Common Seal of the City of Perth was hereunto affixed in the presence of—

[L.S.]

H. R. HOWARD,
Lord Mayor.
W. A. McI. GREEN,
Town Clerk.

Recommended—

J. F. CRAIG,
Acting Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 20th day of February, 1963.

R. H. DOIG,
Clerk of the Council.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960
The Municipality of the Shire of Perth.
By-laws Relating to Standing Orders.

L.G. 510/62.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon it by the abovementioned Act and of all other powers enabling it, the Council of the abovementioned Municipality hereby records having resolved on the 29th day of January, 1963, to make and submit for confirmation by the Governor the following by-laws:—

The by-laws of the Shire of Perth published in the *Government Gazette* of the 29th day of June, 1960, are hereby amended in the following manner:—

1. By-laws numbered 16 to 123 are repealed.
2. The following new by-laws are substituted in their places:—

PART III—STANDING ORDERS.

16. The proceedings and business of the Council shall be conducted according to by-laws numbered 17-123Q which shall be called the Standing Orders.

President.

17. In the construction of these Standing Orders unless the context otherwise requires the word "President" shall in the absence of the President include the Deputy President and the member chosen to preside at any meeting of the Council.

President to Preside.

18. The President or in his absence the Deputy President or in his absence a Councillor chosen by the Councillors present shall preside. (Sec. 173 (7).)

Notice of Meeting.

19. The Shire Clerk shall give to all members of the Council notice in writing of each meeting together with the agenda for such meeting at least three clear days before the meeting. Notice shall also be given of every meeting adjourned for a period exceeding five days.

Quorum.

20. Except in cases where section 173(4) of the Act applies the number of members necessary to form a quorum shall be—

- (a) where the total number of members of the Council is an even number, one-half of that number;
- (b) where the total number of members of the Council is an odd number, the integer nearest to but greater than one-half of the total. (Sec. 173 (3).)

21. The Council shall not transact business at a meeting unless a quorum is present. (Sec. 173 (2).)

22. If at the expiration of half an hour from the time fixed for the commencement of a meeting of the Council a quorum is not present, the President or in his absence the Deputy President or in his absence the majority of Councillors present, or any Councillor present alone, or in the absence of the President and all Councillors, the Clerk, may adjourn the meeting; and business which could have been transacted had there been a quorum at the meeting may be transacted at the resumption of the adjourned meeting. (Sec. 173 (5).)

Count Out.

23. If at any time during any meeting of the Council a quorum is not present the President shall thereupon suspend the proceedings of the meeting for a period of two minutes and if a quorum be not present at the expiration of that period the meeting shall be deemed to have been counted out and the President shall adjourn it to some future date.

Notice of Meeting Adjourned for Want of Quorum.

24. Notice of a meeting adjourned because of absence of a quorum shall be given to all members of the Council not present when the meeting was adjourned.

Record of Members Present.

25. At all meetings at which there is not a quorum present or at which the Council is counted out for want of a quorum the names of the members then present shall be recorded in the Minute Book.

Open Doors.

26. The business of the Council shall be conducted with open doors except upon such occasions as the Council may by resolution otherwise decide.

Distinguished Visitors.

27. If a distinguished visitor shall be present at a meeting of the council the President may invite him to sit beside the President or at the Council table.

Reporters.

28. At all meetings accredited newspaper reporters shall be permitted to attend in such part of the Council Chamber as may be appropriated for their accommodation but they shall withdraw during any period when the Council is sitting behind closed doors.

Visitors Not to Take Part in Discussions.

29. The admission of citizens, reporters, and visitors to the Council Chamber shall be under and subject to the condition that no expression of dissent or approval, conversation, or interruption to the proceedings of the Council shall take place, and in the event of any breach of this condition, the President may at his discretion, and without a vote of the Council, require the person or persons so offending to withdraw, and thereupon such person or persons shall immediately withdraw from the Council Chamber.

Removal of Disturbers.

30. Any person not being a member of the Council, who interrupts the orderly conduct of the business of the Council, who does not, immediately upon being called upon by the President so to do, withdraw from the Council Chamber, may by order of the President be removed from the Council Chamber forthwith.

Closed Doors.

31. Upon the carrying of such a resolution as is mentioned in by-law 26, the President shall direct all persons other than Councillors and servants of the Council to leave the Council Chambers and every person shall forthwith comply with such direction.

32. Any person who fails to comply with a direction made pursuant to by-law 31 may by order of the President be removed from the Council Chamber.

33. After the carrying of a resolution made under by-law 26 the business at that meeting of the Council shall proceed behind closed doors until the Council by resolution decides to proceed with open doors.

Two Kinds of Meetings.

34. Meetings of the Council shall be of two kinds, "ordinary" and "special." Ordinary meetings are those called at such places and such times as the Council from time to time appoints for the transaction of the ordinary business of the Council. Special meetings are those called to consider special business, the nature of which shall be notified on the notice paper summoning the meeting. No business shall be transacted at a special meeting other than that for which the special meeting was called. (Sec. 172 (1), 178 (2).)

Calling of Meetings.

35. The President may convene a meeting of the Council as often as he thinks fit by notice in writing signed by him or the Clerk sent to each Councillor before the meeting. (Sec. 172 (2).)

36. If the President refuses or neglects to call a meeting of the Council after receiving a request for that purpose signed by at least three Councillors those Councillors may call a meeting of the Council by serving a notice in writing signed by them stating the business to be transacted on each of the other members of the Council at least seven days before the time of the commencement of the meeting. (Sec. 172 (3).)

BUSINESS AT COUNCIL MEETINGS.

Order of Business.

37. The order of business of an ordinary meeting shall be as follows, or as near thereto as shall be practicable, but for the greater convenience of the Council at any particular meeting thereof it may be altered by resolution to that effect:—

- (1) Confirmation of minutes.
- (2) Business arising from minutes, and which does not appear subsequently in the agenda.
- (3) Applications for leave of absence.
- (4) Any ordinary business which the President desires to bring before the Council.
- (5) Any business left over from the previous meeting.
- (6) Questions of which due notice has been given, without discussion.
- (7) Petitions, memorials and deputations.
- (8) Correspondence.
- (9) Shire Clerk's report.
Engineer's report.
Financial statements and accounts for payment.
- (10) Reports of committees.
- (11) Reports of officers.
- (12) Motions of which previous notice has been given.
- (13) Notices of motion for consideration at the following meeting if given during the meeting.

Urgent Business.

38. If any member has urgent business to place before the meeting he may move the suspension of the Standing Orders, and, if agreed to by the Council in accordance with by-laws 111 and 112 such business shall take precedence of all other.

Order at Special Meetings.

39. The order of business at any special meeting of the Council shall be the order in which such business stands in the notice thereof.

Minutes.

40. The pasting or otherwise premanently affixing the minutes to the leaves of a book shall be sufficient recording of the minutes in the Minute Book. (Sec. 188 (2).)

41. The reading at the next ordinary meeting of the Council of the minutes of the previous meeting may be dispensed with when members have been supplied with copies of the minutes at least three days before the holding of the next ordinary meeting of the Council. (Sec. 188 (2).)

42. The minutes of any preceding meeting, whether ordinary or special, not previously confirmed, shall be submitted as the first business, at all ordinary meetings of the Council: and no discussion shall be permitted thereon, except as to their accuracy as a record of the proceedings, and the said minutes shall then, if found correct, be signed by the President, and he shall sign and date each page.

Presidential Business.

43. Details of any business which the President desires to bring before the Council pursuant to by-law 37 (4) shall be included in the agenda for the meeting.

Questions.

44. Any member desiring to ask a question at any meeting of the Council shall direct the question to the President and shall give notice thereof in writing to the Shire Clerk at least six hours before the hour fixed for the meeting.

45. All questions and answers shall be submitted as briefly and concisely as possible, and no discussion shall be allowed thereon.

Notices of Motion.

46. (1) A Councillor may bring forward at a meeting such business as he considers advisable in the form of a motion of which notice has been given in writing to the Clerk either at the previous meeting or at any time thereafter being not less than four clear days before the meeting at which it is brought forward.

(2) Every notice of motion shall relate to some question affecting the constitution, administration, or condition of the Shire or the Council.

(3) The President shall rule out of order any motion which does not comply with subclause (2) of this by-law.

47. Every such motion shall lapse unless the member who gave the notice thereof, or some other member authorised by him in writing, be present to move the same when such motion shall be called on.

Petitions.

48. Every petition shall be respectful and temperate in its language, and shall be presented to the Council by a member only, and any member presenting a petition to the Council shall affix his name to the beginning thereof, with the number of signatures; and any member presenting a petition shall acquaint himself with the contents thereof and ascertain that it does not contain language disrespectful to the Council. The nature or prayer of every petition shall be stated to the Council by the member presenting it.

Deputations.

49. (1) Any person or persons wishing to be received as a deputation by the Council shall, in the first instance, send to the Clerk a memorial, setting out in concise terms the subject matter to be raised by the deputation.

(2) Where the Clerk receives a memorial in terms of this clause, he shall lay the memorial—

(a) before the committee concerned; or

(b) where there is no committee concerned, before the President.

(3) A committee or the President receiving a memorial may either receive the deputation or lay the memorial before the Council.

(4) Where a memorial is laid before the Council, the Council may, if it so resolves, receive the deputation.

50. A deputation shall not exceed five in number and only two members thereof shall be at liberty to address the Council or a committee of the Council, except in reply to questions from members of the council or committee and the matter shall not be further considered by the Council or the committee, until the deputation has withdrawn.

CONDUCT OF DEBATE.

Councillors to Address President.

51. Any Councillor moving a motion or amendment, or taking part in the discussion thereon, shall rise and address the President.

Point of Order.

52. (1) A Councillor who is addressing the President shall not be interrupted except upon a point of order, in which event he shall resume his seat until the Councillor raising the point of order has been heard thereon and the question or order has been disposed of, whereupon the Councillor so interrupted may, if permitted, proceed.

(2) A Councillor rising to express a difference of opinion with, or to contradict, a speaker shall not be recognised as raising a point of order.

53. Any Councillor desirous of proposing an original motion or amendment shall state its substance before he addresses the Council thereon and, if so required by the President, shall put the motion or amendment in writing.

Unopposed Business.

54. Upon a motion being moved, the President may ask the meeting if any member opposes it. If no one signifies his opposition to the motion or his opposition to the motion being treated as unopposed business the President may declare the motion carried without debate and without taking a vote thereon. Any motion declared carried under this by-law shall for all purposes be deemed a resolution of the Council.

55. If any member signifies his opposition to a motion or to a motion being treated as unopposed business the motion shall be dealt with according to the following by-laws.

Motions and Amendments to be Seconded.

56. Except as provided by by-law 54 no motion or amendment shall be discussed or put to the vote of the Council or passed unless it be seconded.

57. At meetings of the Council, speakers in referring to others present thereat shall designate them by their separate titles of President, or Councillor, as the case may be.

Priority to Speakers.

58. If two or more members rise to speak at the same time, the President shall decide which is entitled to priority.

President to be Heard.

59. Whenever the President rises during a debate, any member then speaking or offering to speak is to sit down, and the Council is to be silent, so that the President may be heard without interruption.

Councillor not to Speak Twice.

60. No Councillor shall speak twice on the same question, except by way of explanation, or in reply, upon any original motion of which he may be the mover or as the mover of an amendment last carried; and no Councillor shall speak to any question after the mover shall have been permitted to reply provided that the Council may by resolution suspend the operation of this by-law during the debate on any motion.

Calling to Order for Speaking Twice.

61. The President shall, without waiting for the intervention of the Council, call to order any member proceeding to speak a second time on the same question.

Mover or Seconder to be Held to have Spoken.

62. A member moving or seconding a motion or amendment shall be held to have spoken thereon.

Personal Explanation.

63. A Councillor making a personal explanation shall confine it to a succinct explanation of a material part of his former speech which may have been misunderstood, and to the explanation itself, and shall not advert to matters not strictly necessary for that purpose nor seek to strengthen his former argument by new matter or by replying to other Councillors.

No Speaking After Notice Put.

64. No member may speak to any question after the same has been put from the chair.

Speaking in Reply.

65. A Councillor speaking in reply shall not introduce any new matter, but shall strictly confine himself to answering previous speakers.

Division of Complicated Resolutions.

66. The President at his discretion, may, or the Council may by motion without debate, order a complicated motion to be divided and put in the form of two or more motions.

Withdrawal of Motion.

67. A motion or amendment may be withdrawn by the mover, with the consent of the Council which shall be signified without debate, and it shall not be competent for any member to speak upon it after the mover has asked permission for its withdrawal, unless such permission shall have been refused.

Production of Documents.

68. Any member may of right require the production of any of the documents of the Council relating to the question or matter under discussion.

No Digression.

69. A Councillor shall not speak otherwise than upon, or digress from, the question then before the Council, except to make a personal explanation.

No Adverse Reflection on Council.

70. A Councillor shall not reflect adversely upon a resolution of the Council, except on a motion that the resolution be rescinded.

No Adverse Reflection on Councillor.

71. A Councillor shall not reflect adversely upon the character or actions of another member nor impute any motive to a member, unless the Council resolves, without debate, that the question then before the Council cannot otherwise be adequately considered.

72. Any member may require the Clerk to take down any particular words used by a member immediately upon their being used.

Withdrawal of Offensive Expression.

73. Any Councillor who shall use any expression which in the opinion of the President reflects offensively on any member or officer of the Council, shall when required by the President, unreservedly withdraw such expression and make a satisfactory apology to the Chair, and if he decline, or neglect to do so, the President may refuse to hear such Councillor further upon the matter then under discussion and call upon the next speaker.

Disturbance by Councillors.

74. A Councillor shall not make any noise or disturbance in the Council Chamber nor shall he except to raise a point of order, converse aloud, while any other person is addressing the Council.

Continued Irrelevance.

75. The President may call the attention of the Council to continued irrelevance, tedious repetition, unbecoming language, or any breach of order or decorum on the part of a Councillor, and may direct such member, if speaking, to discontinue his speech, and thereupon such member shall cease speaking and resume his seat.

Crossing Council Chamber.

76. When the President is putting any question, no Councillor shall walk out of or across the Council Chamber, nor shall any Councillor, whilst any other Councillor is speaking, pass between the speaker and the Chair.

President May Call to Order.

77. The President shall preserve order, and may on his own motion call any member to order whenever in his opinion there shall be cause for so doing.

Definition of Order.

78. Any member who shall do anything or behave in any manner which is forbidden by any section of these Standing Orders shall be deemed to be out of order.

Infraction of Standing Orders.

79. Every Councillor shall be entitled to direct the attention of the President to any infraction of the Standing Orders by any other Councillor.

Rulings by President.

80. The President shall decide all questions of order or practice and his decision shall be final and be accepted by the Council without argument or comment unless in any particular case the Council shall thereupon resolve that a different ruling shall be substituted for the ruling given by the President. Discussion shall be permitted on any such motion.

Decision of President on Point of Order—
Member to Apologise when Called Upon

81. Whenever it shall have been decided that any motion amendment or other matter before the Council is out of order, it shall be rejected, and whenever anything said or done in the Council by any Councillor shall be similarly decided to be out of order, such Councillor shall, if called upon by the President, make such explanation, retraction or apology, as the case may require.

Serious Disorder.

82. (1) If at a meeting of the Council the President is of opinion that by reason of disorder or otherwise the business of the Council cannot effectually be continued, he may adjourn the meeting for a period of fifteen minutes, whereafter the Council shall re-assemble and decide whether business is to be proceeded with; and that question shall be decided forthwith and without debate.

(2) Where after any proceeding under subclause (1) of this by-law, the President is again of opinion that the business of the Council cannot effectually be continued, he may close or adjourn the meeting.

Votes of Members.

83. The President shall not vote unless there is an equal division of votes, in which case he has and may exercise a casting vote. (Sec. 173 (8).)

84. At meetings of the Council except where he is prohibited from voting by the Act a member of the Council present in his seat when a question is put shall vote on the question openly and not by secret ballot. (Sec. 173 (9).)

ORDER OF DEBATE.

Motions and Amendments.

85. When a motion is under debate at a meeting of the Council another motion shall not be received unless it be a motion authorised by the Act or these bylaws or one of a nature necessary for the proper observance of the Act and these by-laws.

86. In addition to the other motions authorised by the Act and these by-laws the following motions may be received when a motion is under debate:—

- (1) That the motion be amended.
- (2) That the Council do adjourn.
- (3) That the debate be adjourned.
- (4) That the question be now put.
- (5) That the Council do proceed with the next business.
- (6) That the Council do sit behind closed doors.
- (7) That the meeting be now closed.
- (8) Where the question before the Council is a recommendation from a Committee of the Council, a Councillor may move that the question be referred back to the Committee.

1. *That the Motion be Amended.*

Relevancy of Amendment.

87. Every amendment shall be relevant to the motion on which it is moved.

To be Read or Stated.

88. Every amendment shall be read or stated before being moved.

One Amendment at a Time.

89. Only one amendment shall be discussed at a time, but as often as an amendment is lost, another amendment may be moved before the original motion is put to the vote, except that where an amendment is carried, one further amendment to the original motion, as amended, and no more, may be moved.

90. In speaking to an amendment a Councillor may give notice of his intention to move a further amendment.

91. Where an amendment is carried, the original motion as amended shall for all purposes of subsequent debate and subject only to By-law 89, be treated as an original motion.

2. *That the Council Do Now Adjourn.*

Time to Move.

92. A Councillor may, at the conclusion of the speech of any other Councillor or on the conclusion of any business, move without notice that the Council do now adjourn and that motion shall state the time and date to which the adjournment is to be made.

No Discussion—Procedure Before Further Motion.

93. If on any motion for adjournment of the Council being put the motion be negatived, the subject then under consideration or the next on the notice paper, or any other that may be allowed precedence, shall be discussed before any subsequent motion for adjournment shall be entertained.

Question Adjourned to Next Meeting.

94. On a resolution for adjournment, the question (if any) under debate when the motion for adjournment was made shall stand adjourned to the next meeting.

One Motion Only.

95. At the same sitting no member may move or second more than one motion for the adjournment of the Council.

3. *That the Debate be Adjourned.*

Time to Move.

96. Any member may, at the conclusion of the speech of any other member, move without previous notice that the debate be adjourned to a later hour of the same day or to any other day.

No Discussion.

97. No discussion shall be allowed upon a motion for the adjournment of a debate.

Mover to Speak First.

98. On resuming an adjourned debate, the member who moved its adjournment shall be entitled to speak first.

One Motion Only.

99. At the same sitting no member shall move or second more than one motion for adjournment of the same debate.

Resumption of Debate After Count Out.

100. If a debate on any motion moved and seconded be interrupted by the Council being counted out, such debate may be resumed at the next meeting at the point where it was so interrupted, on motion with notice.

4. *That the Question Be Now Put.*

Time to Move.

101. A Councillor may, at the conclusion of the speech of any other Councillor, move without comment, that the question under consideration be now put, and upon that motion being seconded, the same shall immediately be put, without debate.

Two-thirds Majority.

102. A motion that the consideration of the question be now put shall not be decided in the affirmative or take effect without the consent of a two-thirds majority of the members present.

Speaking in Reply.

103. Whenever it is decided by the Council that the question under consideration shall be put, the mover of the question under consideration shall, if debate has ensued, and if otherwise entitled to do so, be permitted to speak in reply before the question is put.

Motion to be Put at Once.

104. Should the motion be carried, the motion or amendment under debate shall be put at once.

Question Includes Amendment.

105. Whenever it is decided by the Council that the question under consideration shall be put, the question to be so put from the Chair shall be construed and taken to mean and include the main question as well as any amendment thereto.

5. *That the Council do Proceed to the Next Business.*

Time to Move.

106. It shall be competent for any Councillor at the close of the speech of any other Councillor to move without notice that the Council do proceed to the next business, and if the motion be seconded, it shall be put forthwith.

Question to be Dropped.

107. When a motion be carried that the Council do proceed to the next business, the question under discussion shall be considered as dropped.

Further Motion.

108. During the same debate, a second motion that the Council do proceed with the next business shall not be made within one hour.

Confidential Business.

109. Every matter dealt with by, or brought before the Council sitting otherwise than with open doors, or before any Committee of the Council, shall be treated as strictly confidential, and shall not without the authority of the Council or of the Committee (as the case may be) be disclosed to any person other than the President, Councillors or the officers or servants of the Council (and in the case of servants only so far as may be necessary for the performance of their duties) prior to the discussion of that matter at a meeting of the Council held with open doors.

Rescission of Resolution.

110. (1) A Council may, at the same meeting at which it is passed, rescind or alter a resolution if all the members of the Council who are present in their seats at the time the resolution was passed are also present in their seats at the time the rescission or alteration is proposed.

(2) A Council may, at a meeting after that at which it was passed, rescind or alter a resolution—

(a) where notice of the motion to rescind or alter is not given, if a motion to that effect is carried by an absolute majority of the members of the Council; or

(b) where the member intending to propose the rescission or alteration has, through the Clerk given written notice of his intention to each of the other members of the Council at least seven days before the meeting, if a motion to that effect is carried by a majority of the members voting on the proposal at the meeting;

but not otherwise. (Sec. 177.)

Suspension of Standing Orders.

111. In cases of urgent necessity or whilst the Council is sitting behind closed doors, any Standing Order of the Council may be suspended on motion duly made and seconded, but that motion shall not be declared carried, unless an absolute majority of the Council, or a two-thirds majority of those present and voting on the question, whichever is the lesser number, have voted in favour of the motion.

112. Any Councillor moving the suspension of a Standing Order shall state the object of the motion, but discussion shall not otherwise take place thereon.

Method of Taking Votes.

113. The President shall, in taking the vote on any motion or amendment, put the question, first in the affirmative, and then in the negative, and he may do so as often as is necessary to enable him to form and declare his opinion as to whether the affirmative or the negative has the majority on the voices or by a show of hands.

114. The result of voting openly is determined on the voices, unless a member of the Council calls for a show of hands, in which case, the result is determined on the count of raised hands and upon a vote on the voices or on a show of hands being taken, a Councillor may call for a division. (Sec. 173 (10).)

115. The division shall thereupon be taken by those voting in the affirmative passing to the right of the chair and those voting in the negative to the left of the chair. (Sec. 173 (11).)

116. Upon a division being called for, the President may, if he thinks fit, order that the division bell be rung, and after the lapse of one half of a minute from the bell ceasing to ring a Councillor shall not be permitted to enter or leave the Chamber, until after the division has been taken.

117. The names of the Councillors who voted on the question on which there is the division shall be recorded by the Clerk in respect of every division together with details of whether they voted in affirmative or negative together with the names of those Councillors who abstained from voting. (Sec. 173 (12).)

COMMITTEES.

Standing Committees.

118. In addition to such occasional committees as may from time to time be appointed there shall be the following standing committees appointed from among the Councillors:—

- (1) The Finance, General Purposes and Staff Committee.
- (2) The Works, Parks and Reserves and Health Committee.
- (3) The Town Planning Committee.

119. The members of each standing committee shall be appointed at the first meeting of the Council held after the annual election and shall, subject to by-law 123, hold office until the commencement of the first meeting of the Council held after the next annual election.

Powers and Duties of Standing Committees.

120. The powers and duties of the standing committees shall be as follows:—

Finance, General Purposes and Staff Committee:—

- (1) To supervise the finances of the Council and to examine and check all accounts and generally supervise the collection and expenditure of Council revenue.
- (2) To pass accounts for payment.
- (3) To inquire into and report to the Council from time to time upon all matters which they consider to affect or to be likely to affect the finances of the Council or which the Council may by resolution direct them to inquire into and report upon.
- (4) To have control of all matters affecting the staff of the Council.

Works, Parks and Reserves and Health Committee:—

- (1) To have the general direction of all works ordered or sanctioned by the Council, and of all streets, roads, ways, drains, bridges and other public places under the care and management of the Council.

- (2) To have the management and general direction of sweeping and watering, the resumption of land for the formation of new streets and widening of existing streets and the general administration of the Building By-laws.
- (3) To inquire into and report to the Council from time to time upon such improvements and repairs as they may think necessary or which the Council may by resolution direct them to inquire into and report upon.
- (4) To have the control of all parks, reserves and tree planting and of the Town Halls and other Council buildings.
- (5) To supervise the carrying out of the provisions of any Act of Parliament or by-laws affecting public health.
- (6) To deal with petitions and complaints from persons affected by these Acts or by-laws.
- (7) To deal with all matters relating to the sale of foods and drugs, the control of private hospitals, lodging houses, the licensing of noxious trades, n.orgues, the collecting of nightsoil and refuse and generally control all matters affecting the health of the citizens.

Town Planning Committee:—

- (1) To investigate and report upon all matters relating to zoning and town planning.
- (2) To initiate, control and report upon all Town Planning Schemes within the District.

Occasional Committees.

121. The Council may appoint occasional committees to perform any duty which may be lawfully entrusted by it to a committee.

Election of Committees.

121A. The members of the said committees shall, in default of agreement, be elected by ballot.

Maximum Number of Members of a Committee.

122. The number of the members of a committee shall be less than one-half of the total number of the members of the Council.

Changes and Vacancies in Committees.

123. The Council may, by resolution carried pursuant to a notice of motion, by a simple majority, or on a motion moved without notice, by an absolute majority, change the membership of any committee or appoint substitutes for Councillors absent pursuant to leave granted by the Council and fill any vacancies.

Division of Functions.

123A. A standing committee shall not interfere in any matter which has for the time being been entrusted to an occasional committee.

Membership.

123B. The members of a committee shall be members of the Council except in cases where the Act otherwise permits.

Convening Committee Meetings.

123C. The Clerk shall call a meeting of any committee when requested so to do by the President or any two members of such committee.

Chairman.

123D. The President is *ex officio* a member and chairman of every committee. (Sec. 182 (2).)

123E. The President may but is not obliged to preside as chairman of the meetings of a committee, and, if in accordance with the Act, he intimates his intention is not to do so, or does not intimate his intention at all, the members of the committee may elect one of their number to preside in his stead. (Sec. 182 (3).)

123F. The President may so intimate his intention by declaring it at the first meeting of the committee held after the declaration of the annual election of members of the Council, or by giving to each of the members of the committee at or before that meeting written notice of his intention not to preside, but if at or before that meeting he does not so give notice he is regarded as having intimated that his intention is not to preside. (Sec. 182 (4).)

123G. If the President intimates or is regarded as having intimated that his intention is not to preside, he shall not, unless under section 182 (6) of the Act he is authorised to do so, preside until the corresponding first meeting of the committee in the following year. (Sec. 182 (5).)

Quorum.

123H. At a meeting of a committee unless otherwise determined by the Council a quorum shall consist of three members. Every meeting shall proceed to business so soon after the time stated as there shall be a sufficient number of members in attendance to constitute a quorum.

Voting.

123I. The decision of a committee on a question is that decided by a majority of the votes of the members present, including the chairman who has a deliberate vote, and who in the case of an equal division of votes, has a casting vote. (Sec. 182 (9).)

Minutes.

123J. Each committee shall keep a minute book, in which shall be entered minutes of all its proceedings and transactions. The minutes of each meeting shall be confirmed at the following meeting, and signed by the chairman thereof.

Standing Orders.

123K. The Standing Orders of the Council shall be observed and apply in committees, except the order limiting the number of times of speaking, and except as to committees being conducted with open doors.

Reports.

123L. Every committee shall report to the Council.

Representation on Public Bodies.

123M. Whenever it becomes necessary to appoint a Councillor to represent the Council on a public body or a State instrumentality, notice of the necessity to make that appointment shall if time permits be given at the meeting of the Council immediately preceding the meeting at which it is intended to make the appointment.

Adjournment of Meetings for Meals.

123N. In the event of a meeting of the Council or of a committee of the Council not having been completed prior to any usual meal hour the meeting (unless adjourned to another day) shall be adjourned for a reasonable meal period after which the meeting shall be resumed. A meal shall be provided by the Council for the members present at the meeting.

Protection of Officers and Servants.

123O. If a Councillor has any complaint concerning the ability character or integrity of any officer or servant of the Council or of any act or omission of such officer or servant and desires to bring such complaint to the notice of the Council he shall (unless the matter requires an immediate decision of the Council) notify the President of such complaint giving such details as are available in order that the complaint may be investigated and reported upon by the Finance, General Purposes and Staff Committee.

123P. If a complaint or criticism be made concerning an officer or servant of the Council whether by a Councillor or by any other person that officer or servant may reply to the complaint or criticism either personally or in writing to the Finance, General Purposes and Staff Committee and with the consent of the Council to the Council itself.

Enforcement of Standing Orders.

123Q. The President shall be responsible for the enforcement of these Standing Orders and may prosecute for any breach thereof.

Dated this 29th day of January, 1963.

The Common Seal of the Shire of Perth was hereunto affixed by authority of a resolution of the Council in the presence of—

[L.S.]

H. R. ROBINSON,
President.
LLOYD P. KNUCKEY,
Shire Clerk.

Recommended—

J. F. CRAIG,
Acting Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 20th day of February, 1963.

R. H. DOIG,
Clerk of the Council.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960.
The Municipality of the Shire of Perth.
By-laws Relating to Keeping of Goats.

L.G. 33/63.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon it by the abovementioned Act and of all other powers enabling it, the Council of the abovementioned Municipality hereby records having resolved on the 15th day of January, 1963, to make and submit for confirmation by the Governor the following by-laws:—

The by-laws of the Shire of Perth published in the *Government Gazette* of the 29th June, 1960, are hereby amended in the following manner:—

1. After by-law 466 the following new by-laws are inserted:—

Keeping of Goats.

466A. No person shall keep a goat within a Residential Zone, a Lawley Residential Zone, a Residential and Flat Zone, a Lawley Special Residential Zone or in a Lawley Two Flat Zone unless he shall be the holder of a license from the Council authorising him so to do.

466B. Any person who desires to keep a goat within any of the said areas shall make application in writing to the Council for a license so to do.

466C. The applicant for a license to keep a goat shall with his application submit—

- (a) A medical certificate stating that due to medical reasons, goats milk is required for a member of the family of the applicant or of the occupier of the premises where it is intended to keep the goat.
- (b) Plans and specifications of a structure for housing the goat complying with the terms of these by-laws and showing the site of the proposed structure.

466D. The Council may grant a license to the applicant in the form of Form 8 in the Second Schedule hereto.

466E. A license granted by the Council shall remain valid until the 31st day of December next after the issue of the license, unless previously revoked.

466F. The fee as set out in the Third Schedule hereto shall be payable to the Council in respect of each license.

466G. The person to whom a license has been issued shall—

- (a) prevent the goat from being at large in any yard or place unless provision is made to prevent the animal from approaching within thirty feet of any dwelling-house, shop, or place where food is manufactured, stored or exposed for sale;
- (b) provide at the place where the goat is kept a structure for the housing of the goat and the structure shall comply with the following:—
 - (i) It shall not be at any less distance than 30 feet from any dwelling-house, shop, or place where food is manufactured, stored or exposed for sale.
 - (ii) It shall have walls constructed of concrete, brick, stone, wood or galvanised iron; and
 - (iii) it shall have a roof to be constructed of some impervious material.
 - (iv) There shall be on all sides of the structure between the wall and the roof a continuous clear space of at least six inches in height.
 - (v) The upper surface of the floor shall be raised at least three inches above the surface of the surrounding ground, and shall be constructed of some impervious material and the floor shall have a fall of one in one hundred to a drain.
 - (vi) There shall be provided outside each such structure a receptacle for manure. The receptacle shall be constructed of brick faced with some impervious material and shall be provided with a tight-fitting fly-proof cover.
- (c) Have all manure produced on the premises collected daily and placed in the said receptacle for manure.
- (d) Have the said receptacle for manure emptied at least once weekly.
- (e) Maintain the said structure in a clean condition.

2. The Second Schedule is altered by the addition at the end thereof of the following:—

Form No. 8.

Shire of Perth.

LICENSE TO KEEP A GOAT.

By-law 466A.

The license of the Council of the Shire of Perth is hereby granted to.....
of.....to keep a goat at
.....

This license shall expire on the 31st day of December next.

3. The Third Schedule is amended by the addition after the words and figures "License to quarry or excavate and any renewal thereof 5 0 0" of the following words and figures:—

License to keep a goat 0 5 0

Dated the 15th day of January, 1963.

The Common Seal of Shire of Perth was hereunto affixed by authority of a resolution of the Council in the presence of—

[L.S.]

H. R. ROBINSON,
President.
LLOYD P. KNUCKEY,
Shire Clerk.

Recommended—

J. F. CRAIG,
Acting Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 20th day of February, 1963.

R. H. DOIG,
Clerk of the Council.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960.

The Municipality of the Shire of Perth.

By-laws Relating to Argentine Ants.

L.G. 32/63.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon it by the abovementioned Act and of all other powers enabling it, the Council of the abovementioned Municipality hereby records having resolved on the 15th day of January, 1963, to make and submit for confirmation by the Governor the following by-laws:—

The by-laws of the Shire of Perth published in the *Government Gazette* of the 29th June, 1960, are hereby amended in the following manner:—

1. By-law 501 is amended by the deletion of the words "Regulations and" in line three.
2. The footnote to by-law 501 is amended by the deletion of the following words:—

The Argentine Ants (Health Act) Regulations, 1950, published in the *Government Gazette* of 24th March, 1950, and amended by Regulations published in the *Government Gazettes* of 1st August, 1952, and 31st October, 1952, were made applicable to the District by notice published in the *Government Gazette* of 22nd June, 1951.

Dated this 15th day of January, 1963.

The Common Seal of the Shire of Perth was hereunto affixed by authority of a resolution of the Council in the presence of—

[L.S.]

H. R. ROBINSON,
President.
LLOYD P. KNUCKEY,
Shire Clerk.

Recommended—

J. F. CRAIG,
Acting Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 20th day of February, 1963.

R. H. DOIG,
Clerk of the Council.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960.

The Municipality of the City of South Perth.

By-law No. 28—Relating to Payment of Rates by Moieties.

L.G. 952/62.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon it by the abovementioned Act, the Council of the abovementioned Municipality hereby records having resolved on the 12th day of December, 1962, to make and submit for confirmation by the Governor the following by-law:—

By-law No. 28.

1. Subject to clause 2 hereof all rates and charges levied and imposed by the Council of the City of South Perth under the provisions of the Local Government Act, 1960, shall become due and payable on the date on which the memorandum referred to in section 550 (1) of the said Act is published in the *Government Gazette*.

2. Notwithstanding the requirements of clause 1 hereof, the rates may, at the option of the ratepayer, be paid in two moieties, the first payment of which to be not more than 35 days after date of notice of assessment and the second not later than the last day of February in each year.

Dated this 23rd day of January, 1963.

The Common Seal of the City of South Perth
was affixed hereto in the presence of—

[L.S.]

W. C. G. THOMAS,
Mayor.
E. J. JOHNSON,
Town Clerk.

Recommended—

J. F. CRAIG,
Acting Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 20th day of February, 1963.

R. H. DOIG,
Clerk of the Council.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960.

The Municipality of the Town of Albany.

By-Laws Relating to Zoning.

L.G. 691/61.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon it by the abovementioned Act and of all other powers enabling it, the Council of the abovementioned Municipality hereby records having resolved on the 26th day of February, 1962, to make and submit for confirmation by the Governor, the following by-laws:—

That By-law No. 19—Land Use (Zoning) which was published in the *Government Gazette* on the 19th July, 1956, be amended as follows:—

Fourth Schedule Light Industrial Area—Class "A":—

Clause (a). Delete all words including the words "eastern-most corner" in line 9 to the end of this clause and substitute the following:—

Junction of Kelly Street; thence north-west along the northern boundary of Kelly Street to the western corner of lot 3 of 384 and along a straight line to meet Bevan Street; thence north-west along the southern boundary of Bevan Street to the starting point.

Dated this 30th day of August, 1962.

The Common Seal of the Town of Albany
was hereunto affixed pursuant to a resolution of the Council and in the presence of—

[L.S.]

C. JOHNSON,
Mayor.
F. R. BRAND,
Town Clerk.

Recommended—

J. F. CRAIG,
Acting Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 20th day of February, 1963.

R. H. DOIG,
Clerk of the Council.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960.

The Municipality of the City of Subiaco.

Amendment to By-law No. 6, Relating to Zoning, made under the Provisions of the Second Schedule of the Town Planning Act, 1928.

L.G. 78/58.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon it by the abovementioned Act and all other powers enabling it, the Council of the abovementioned Municipality hereby records having resolved on the 24th day of July, 1962, to amend and submit for confirmation by the Governor, the following:—

That the Zoning By-law No. 6, as published in the *Government Gazette* on the 30th day of September, 1958, and as amended on the 30th June, 1960, 15th February, 1961, and 1st August, 1962, be amended as follows:—

- (a) By deleting clause 3 and inserting in its place: "The District is divided into six zones, numbered Zones 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, comprising respectively those parts of the District described in Schedules 1A, 2A, 3A, 4A, 5A and 6A hereto."
- (b) By deleting paragraph 1 of clause 4 and inserting in its place: "Zones 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 are respectively classified for the purpose described in Schedules 1B, 2B, 3B, 4B, 5B and 6B hereto."
- (c) By deleting Schedule 1A, and inserting in its place:—

Schedule 1A.

Residential Zone.

The whole of the Municipal District of the City of Subiaco not included in Schedules 2A, 3A, 4A, 5A and 6A.

- (d) By inserting after Schedule 5B, a new schedule as follows:—

Schedule 6A.

Professional Offices and Residential Flat Zone.

- (i) Lots 1, 2, (Diagram 6613).
- (ii) Lots 2, 3, 5 to 10 inclusive, 7A, 11 to 20 inclusive of Perth Suburban Lot 213.
- (iii) Lots 1, 2, 3, of Perth Suburban Lot 187.
- (iv) Lots 4, 5, 6 and Lots 25 to 32 inclusive of Perth Suburban Lot 188.

Schedule 6B.

Uses Permitted in Professional Offices and Residential Flat Zone.

- (i) Suites of rooms for medical practitioners, dentists, lawyers, consulting engineers, architects, analysts, Town Planning surveyors, and public accountants, including offices and/or laboratories appurtenant thereto, and, in fact, used in conjunction therewith.
- (ii) Residential flat buildings.

Dated this 4th day of December, 1962.

The Common Seal of the Council of the City of Subiaco was hereto affixed in the presence of—

[L.S.]

J. H. ABRAHAMS,
Mayor.
G. O. EDWARDS,
Town Clerk.

Recommended—

J. F. CRAIG,
Acting Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 20th day of February, 1963.

R. H. DOIG,
Clerk of the Council.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960.

The Municipality of the City of Subiaco.

By-law No. 17—Relating to Awnings over Streets.

L.G. 877/62.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon it by the abovementioned Act and of all other powers enabling it, the Council of the abovementioned Municipality hereby records having resolved on the 13th day of November, 1962, to make and submit for confirmation by the Governor, the following by-law:—

1. In this by-law—
 - “awning” means an awning of which any part extends or can be made to extend over any part of a street;
 - “Council” means the Council of the City of Subiaco;
 - “Surveyor” means the Building Surveyor of the City of Subiaco, and includes any acting Surveyor.
2. No person shall erect or maintain an awning without a written license issued by the Council under this by-law.
3. Any person desiring to obtain a license under this by-law, shall deposit with the Surveyor drawings comprising a plan, elevation, and section and a specification showing in detail the proposed construction of the awning and the manner in which it is proposed to secure it to the building to which it is attached. Calculations proving the stability of the structure shall be submitted when required by the Surveyor.
4. A license under this by-law shall be in the form in the First Schedule hereto.
5. (a) The fee prescribed in the Second Schedule hereto shall be paid to the Council for each license under this by-law.
(b) The prescribed fee shall be paid to the Council before a license is issued.
6. Types Permitted.—
 - (a) All verandahs, awnings and porticos when practicable shall be of suspended awning or cantilever form and unless otherwise permitted by the Council, the fascia shall finish within six inches of the face of the kerb or ten feet from the building line, whichever is the lesser.
 - (b) Provided that the Council may approve awnings which finish flush with the kerb or a different width if such width conforms with adjoining awnings or verandahs, or awnings or verandahs in close proximity, which were erected prior to the gazettal of this by-law.
 - (c) Every such verandah hereafter erected shall be of a standard design, to be seen at the office of the Surveyor, or of such material and designs as shall be in the opinion of the Surveyor better for the particular circumstances of the case in accordance with a plan and specifications submitted to and approved by the Surveyor.
 - (d) Every awning which projects more than seven feet from the face of the building to which it is fixed shall incorporate such guttering and down pipes as shall be adequate to prevent water collected by the awning from falling on to a street.
7. Construction.—In the construction of every such verandah, the following conditions shall be complied with:—
 - (a) All girders, rafters and framing other than purlins and battens shall be of steel of dimensions approved by the Surveyor and connections must be of standard type. Purlins and battens for fixing roof covering and fascia may be of jarrah or other approved hardwood.
 - (b) The roof shall be covered with 24-gauge galvanised corrugated iron with a fall of half an inch per foot towards the building.
 - (c) Box gutters shall be formed at or near the building line, lined with galvanised plain iron not lighter than 24 gauge and to a capacity sufficient to carry off all rain or storm water. Such capacity shall in no case be less than 27 square inches.

- (d) Downpipes shall be of sufficient capacity to efficiently discharge rainwater falling on roofs. The bottom six-foot length of pipes shall be wrought or cast iron. Pipes shall be chased into walls or piers to a height of nine feet or set back so as not to project beyond the face of the building, and shall discharge under the footway into the street channel or be connected up to underground stormwater drains.
 - (e) The ceiling shall be of plain galvanised iron stamped metal, fibrous plaster or other approved non-inflammable materials securely fixed to wood joists, which shall be not less than four inches by two inches spaced not more than two-foot centres running parallel with the footpath and secured to the steel framing. All ceilings to be flat and level.
 - (f) The hanging bolts are to be not less than one-inch diameter, properly attached to the framing and securely anchored or bolted to the building, to the approval of the Surveyor, and provided with a union screw and shall be backstayed or anchored as may be necessary for stability. Hanging bolts shall be not more than 12 feet apart unless specially designed fascias are provided and computations submitted.
 - (g) The fascia shall be lined with plain galvanised iron, stamped metal or other approved non-inflammable material on jarrah framing. The finished overall depth of fascias for verandahs over footpaths more than nine feet wide shall be 24 inches and for those over footpaths nine feet wide or less shall be 18 inches. Pediments constructed with fascias of verandahs shall in all cases be subject to the approval of the Council.
8. No awning shall bear any sign, advertisement or artificial lighting; provided that the name of an occupier of the building to which the awning is attached may be painted on the fascia of the awning.
9. Verandah Ends.—
- (a) Whenever a proposed verandah will abut on to an existing verandah, it shall be so finished as to prevent rain from falling between such verandahs. Provided that when the existing verandah is not more than six inches shorter than the frontage of the building to which it is attached, the person erecting the new verandah shall make the necessary extension to the existing one. When, however, any such existing verandah is shorter by more than six inches, the owner shall on requisition by the Council, continue such verandah up to the building line of such existing building.
 - (b) Whenever the end of a verandah abuts on to the end of a right of way, street, or public place, the fascia shall be returned along such end to the satisfaction of the Surveyor.
10. Height above Pavement.—
- (a) The height of verandah ceilings shall except in special cases be 10 feet above the pavement level. In special cases, the Council may approve of a minimum height of nine feet. Where there are existing verandahs the new verandahs must conform thereto subject in all cases to the approval of the Council.
 - (b) Where necessary, verandahs must be stepped to conform with the grade of the footpaths such steps shall not exceed one foot in depth without special permission.
11. Time of Erection of Verandah.—Cantilever verandahs shall not be erected except during such hours as shall be appointed or prescribed by the Surveyor.
12. Verandahs to be Kept in Repair.—The owner or occupier for the time being of any building against or in front of which there is any verandah, whether constructed before or after the passing of this by-law, shall keep the verandah clean, painted, watertight and in good repair, and it shall be lawful for the Surveyor to give notice to the owner or occupier of the said building to clean, paint or repair such verandah whenever in his opinion such cleaning, painting or repairing is required; and every owner or occupier who neglects or refuses within seven days after the service of such notice to effect such cleaning, painting or repair, shall be guilty of an offence against this by-law and shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding £50.

13. Blinds under Verandahs.—Blinds may be permitted under verandahs subject to the following conditions:—

- (a) Such blinds shall be hung from the other edge of the verandah parallel to the kerb and when specially approved by the Council at discontinuous ends of verandahs.
- (b) Such blinds shall be so constructed that they cannot hang lower than seven feet six inches above the level of the footway and when down shall be fixed rigidly in position.
- (c) Blinds shall be maintained in a proper state of repair to the satisfaction of the Surveyor.

14. Verandahs may be Prohibited in Certain Streets.—The Council may prescribe streets in which no awning or verandah may be erected over a foot-path or roadway.

15. Power to Approve Awnings of Special Design.—Notwithstanding anything contained in this section the Council may approve awnings or verandahs of a design not complying with the provisions of clauses 6 and 7.

Schedule No. 1.
VERANDAH LICENSE.

No..... Date.....

This is to certify that the Council consents to the erection by.....
.....of
of a verandah, in accordance with the standard design, in front of the premises
known as.....
situate on part of Town Lot.....
The verandah shall be.....in height from the top of the kerb to the
underside of the signboard, and shall be.....in length and.....
in width.

This license is issued subject to the by-laws for the time being in force regulating the erection and construction of verandahs over public footways.

.....
Building Surveyor.

Schedule No. 2.
FEES.

For a license for a verandah awning over a footway, for each lineal foot measured along the frontage of the building (minimum fee £1)—1s.

Dated this 23rd day of November, 1962.

The Common Seal of the Council of the City of Subiaco was hereto affixed in the presence of—

J. H. ABRAHAM, S
Mayor.
G. O. EDWARDS, S
Town Clerk.

Recommended—

.....
J. F. CRAIG,
Acting Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 20th day of February, 1963.

R. H. DOIG,
Clerk of the Council.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960.

The Municipality of the City of Nedlands.

By-law Numbered 17, Relating to Animals and Vehicles on Roads and the Deposit of Rubbish and other Materials on Streets and Public Places.

L.G. 40/63.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon it by the abovementioned Act and all other powers enabling it, the Council of the abovementioned Municipality hereby records having resolved on the 6th day of December, 1962, to make and submit for confirmation by the Governor the following by-law:—

1. (a) In this by-law—

“Act” means the Local Government Act, 1960;

“appointed place” means a yard or other piece of land set aside as a place to which obstructing vehicles may be removed pursuant to this by-law;

“authorised person” means a person appointed by the Council to seize animals or vehicles pursuant to this by-law;

“public place” has the meaning given it by the Act.

(b) An animal that is secured in any portion of a public place wherein animals may lawfully be secured and a vehicle that is parked in any portion of a public place wherein vehicles may lawfully be parked is not obstructing for the purposes of this by-law, unless, in the case of an animal, it is so secured for any period exceeding eight hours and, in the case of a vehicle, it is so parked for any period exceeding twenty-four hours, without the consent in writing of the Clerk of the Council.

2. No person shall without the written authority of the Council commit any of the following acts:—

(a) Leave an animal or vehicle or any part of a vehicle in a public place so as to obstruct any portion of that place.

(b) Break up, damage, or destroy any street, way, footpath or other public place.

(c) Throw, place or deposit any obstruction, box, case, crate, bottle, coal, timber, brick or other material on or in any public place.

(d) Throw, place or deposit any rubbish, vegetable substance, garden clippings or any offensive noxious or dangerous substance or utensils or glass or any litter on any public place.

(e) Light any fire or burn any rubbish or material on any public place.

(f) Fell any tree on or across any public place.

(g) Cause any obstruction to or prevent vehicles or persons having the free or unhindered use of any street, way, or footpath.

(h) Cause or permit any water from a hose or sprinkler to interfere with the use of any street, way or footpath by pedestrians.

3. The Council may appoint a person as an authorised person for the purposes of this by-law.

4. The Council may appoint a yard or other piece of land as a place to which vehicles may be removed pursuant to this by-law and shall give notice in the *Gazette* and in a newspaper circulating within its district of the situation of any appointed place.

5. Where an authorised person or a member of the Police Force finds an animal or vehicle left in a public place, contrary to the provisions of clause 2 (a) of this by-law, he may remove the animal or vehicle therefrom and shall thereupon—

(a) in the case of an animal, place it in a public pound;

(b) in the case of a vehicle, place it in an appointed place.

6. Where an authorised person places an animal in a public pound, pursuant to clause 5 of this by-law, the animal shall thereafter be dealt with according to law.

7. Where an authorised person places a vehicle in an appointed place, pursuant to clause 5 of this by-law, he shall enter in a register to be provided by the Council for that purpose, details of the time and date, a description of the vehicle, and of the place from which it was removed; and shall notify the Clerk of the Council.

8. The Clerk of the Council shall exhibit on the Notice Board of the Council a notification that a vehicle therein described has been placed in the appointed place and shall, unless the vehicle is sooner recovered, keep that notification exhibited for a period of not less than seven days.

9. A person may recover a seized vehicle from an appointed place, by paying to the Clerk of the Council—

- (a) the cost incurred by the Council in removing the vehicle thereto; and
- (b) the sum of ten shillings per day for each day or part of a day that the vehicle has remained in the appointed place; and upon payment of that cost and charge the Clerk, if satisfied that the person is the owner of the vehicle or is a person entitled to possession of the vehicle, shall permit him to remove it.

10. Where a vehicle, placed in an appointed place, in accordance with the provisions of this by-law has not been recovered by the owner or a person entitled thereto within one month from the day upon which it was there placed, the Council may cause the vehicle to be offered for sale by public auction or by public tender and thereupon accept the best offer made; and where no offer is made for the purchase of the vehicle, the Council may cause it to be destroyed.

11. A person is not entitled to any claim, by way of damages or otherwise, against the authorised person, member of the Police Force, or the Council in respect of any vehicle or animal seized and dealt with under the provisions of this by-law or against any person who purchases a vehicle sold by a Council under the provisions of clause 10 of this by-law.

12. (1) The proceeds of the sale of a vehicle under the provisions of clause 10 of this by-law shall be applied by the Council—

- (a) firstly, in meeting the costs of the sale; and
- (b) secondly, in meeting the cost of removal of the vehicle to the appointed place, and a sum of ten shillings for each day or part of a day that the vehicle remained in that place; and those sums shall be paid into the Municipal Fund.

(2) Any surplus of the proceeds of the sale shall be paid by the Council into its trust fund, and may be paid within ten years, to any person who satisfies the Council that he was the owner of the vehicle at the time of its sale by the Council.

13. Where any tree, rubbish, bottle, clippings, or other material of any kind has been deposited on, or any excavation has been made in or on, or any injury has been caused to the surface of, or any obstruction has been caused to prevent vehicles or persons having the free or unhindered use of any street, way, footpath, or other public place in contravention of this by-law the Council may remove such deposit or obstruction and/or may reinstate such street, way, footpath or other public place at the expense of the person or persons responsible for such deposit, excavation or injury and may recover the amount of the expense from such person or persons in a Court of competent jurisdiction in addition to any penalty for which such person or persons may be liable under this by-law.

14. Any person committing a breach of this by-law shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a penalty not exceeding £50.

15. By-law No. 16 gazetted on the 1st day of December, 1961, relating to the deposit of rubbish on roads, to excavations on roads and prohibition of injury to road surfaces within the Municipality of the City of Nedlands is hereby revoked.

Dated this 21st day of January, 1963.

The Common Seal of the City of Nedlands was hereunto affixed pursuant to a resolution of the Council in the presence of—

[L.S.]

J. CHAS. SMITH,
Mayor.
T. C. BROWN,
Town Clerk.

Recommended—

J. F. CRAIG,
Acting Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 20th day of February, 1963.

R. H. DOIG,
Clerk of the Council.

DOG ACT, 1903.

Town of Claremont.

By-laws Relating to Dogs.

L.G. 350/58.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon it by the above-mentioned Act and of all other powers enabling it, the Council of the Town of Claremont, hereby records having resolved on the 3rd day of December, 1962, to make and submit for confirmation by the Governor, the following by-laws:—

1. In these by-laws the term "Council" shall mean the Council of the Town of Claremont.

2. The Council may establish and maintain a pound or pounds for the impounding of dogs seized pursuant to the provisions of the Dog Act, 1903-1960.

3. The pound to be used by the Town of Claremont is established on part of Reserve A21385 within the Nedlands Municipal District area.

4. A dog seized by the police or by an officer authorised by the Council may be placed in a pound.

5. Where a dog has been seized or placed in a pound the keeper of the pound or other officer authorised by the Council shall, if the owner or person usually in charge of the dog is known to him, forthwith notify such person that the dog has been impounded.

6. If the owner or person apparently acting on behalf of the owner of a dog seized or impounded shall claim such dog, then upon payment of the fees specified in the schedule hereto, the dog shall be released to such person.

7. The poundkeeper shall be in attendance at the pound for the release of dogs at such times and on such days of the week as shall from time to time be determined by the Council.

8. Any person applying for the release of a dog seized or impounded shall prove to the satisfaction of the poundkeeper or other officer authorised by the Council the ownership of the dog and his authority to take delivery of it. The poundkeeper or officer may accept such proof as he considers satisfactory and no person shall have any right of action against him or the Council in respect of the delivery of a dog in good faith.

9. If a dog shall not be claimed and the said fees paid within 48 hours of its being seized, or if the dog having a collar around its neck with a registration label for the current year affixed thereto shall not be claimed and the said fees paid within 48 hours of the service of a notice upon the registered owner, the poundkeeper or other officer authorised by the Council may sell the dog.

10. Upon the sale of a dog, the proceeds of sale shall be the property of the Council and may be disposed of in such a manner as the Council thinks fit. The owner of a dog sold pursuant to these by-laws shall have no claim against the Council in respect of the proceeds thereof.

11. If within the times mentioned in by-law 9 hereof or at any time before the destruction of a dog, the dog has not been claimed as aforesaid, and the said fees paid, and if no offer has been received for its purchase the dog may be destroyed.

12. Notwithstanding anything herein contained, but subject to the provisions of section 19 of the Dog Act, 1903-1960, any dog seized or impounded may at any time be destroyed upon the authority of the Superintendent, Dogs Refuge Home, Police Officer or Town Clerk, Town of Claremont, if in the opinion of the Superintendent, Dogs Refuge Home, Police Officer or Town Clerk, Town of Claremont, the dog is too savage or noisy to be kept or is suffering from an injury, disease or sickness.

13. If the Council shall destroy a dog at the request of its owner, whether such dog shall have been seized or impounded or not, the owner shall pay to the Council the fee specified in the schedule hereto.

14. No person shall—

- (a) unless a poundkeeper or other officer of the Council duly authorised in that regard release or attempt to release a dog from the pound;
- (b) destroy, break into, damage, or in any way interfere with or render not dog proof any pound;

- (c) destroy, break into, damage, or in any way interfere with or render not dog-proof any dog cart, vehicle or container used for the purpose of catching, holding or conveying dogs which have been seized.

Any person who shall commit a breach of this clause shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding £20.

15. The owner of a dog shall keep such dog chained or under effective control from sunset to sunrise.

16. The owner of a dog shall prevent that dog from entering or being in any of the following places:—

- (a) A public building.
- (b) A theatre or picture gardens.
- (c) A house of worship.
- (d) A shop or other public business premises.

17. The owner of a dog shall prevent that dog from entering or being in any of the following places unless on a leash held by a person:—

- (a) A sports ground.
- (b) An area set aside for public recreation.
- (c) A car park.
- (d) A school.
- (e) Any land vested in or under the control of the Council, other than a road.

18. No person shall obstruct or hinder an employee of the Council or member of the Police Force in the performance of anything authorised by the provisions of the Dog Act, 1903-1960, or the regulations made in pursuance of those provisions.

19. The payment of fees in respect of the seizure, care, detention or destruction of a dog shall not relieve the owner of it of liability to a penalty of those provisions.

20. Any person who shall commit a breach of these by-laws shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding £5, provided that for a breach of clause 14 the penalty shall not exceed £20.

The Schedule.

FEES.

For the seizure or impounding of a dog: 10s.

For the sustenance and maintenance of a dog in a pound: 5s. per day or part of a day.

For the destruction of a dog: 10s.

Passed by the Claremont Town Council at the ordinary meeting of the Council held on 3rd day of December, 1962.

The Common Seal of the Town of Claremont was hereunto affixed on the 5th day of December, 1962, in the presence of—

[L.S.]

A. W. CROOKS,
Mayor.
D. E. JEFFERYS,
Town Clerk.

Recommended—

J. F. CRAIG,
Acting Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 20th day of February, 1963.

R. H. DOIG,
Clerk of the Council.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960.

The Municipality of the Town of Claremont.

Adoption of Draft Model By-law No. 7 Relating to Removal and Disposal of Obstructing Animals or Vehicles.

L.G. 48/63.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon it by the abovementioned Act, the Council of the abovementioned Municipality hereby records having resolved on the 14th day of January, 1963, to adopt without alteration the Draft Model By-laws designated Local Government Model By-laws (Removal and Disposal of Obstructing Animals or Vehicles) No. 7 published in the *Gazette* of 1st August, 1962.

The whole of the by-law.

Dated the 18th day of January, 1963.

The Common Seal of the Town of Claremont was hereunto affixed on the 18th day of January, 1963, in the presence of—

[L.S.]

A. W. CROOKS,
Mayor.D. E. JEFFERYS,
Town Clerk.

Recommended—

J. F. CRAIG,
Acting Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 20th day of February, 1963.

R. H. DOIG,
Clerk of the Council.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960.

The Municipality of the Shire of Donnybrook.

Adoption of Draft Model By-laws Relating to Local Government Model By-law (Caravan Parks) No. 2.

L.G. 950/62.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon it by the abovementioned Act, the Council of the abovementioned Municipality hereby records having resolved on the 16th day of January, 1963, to adopt the whole of Draft Model By-laws published in the *Gazette* of the 28th day of September, 1961.

Dated this 7th day of February, 1963.

The Common Seal of the Shire of Donnybrook was hereunto affixed pursuant to a resolution of the Council in the presence of—

H. B. AYERS,
President.D. A. JONES,
Shire Clerk.

Recommended—

J. F. CRAIG,
Acting Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 20th day of February, 1963.

R. H. DOIG,
Clerk of the Council.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960.

The Municipality of the Shire of Donnybrook.

By-law Relating to Clearing Vacant Land.

L.G. 948/62.

IN pursuance of the powers in that behalf contained in section 202 of the Local Government Act, 1960, the Donnybrook Shire Council hereby records having resolved on the 21st day of November, 1962, to make and submit for confirmation by the Governor the following by-laws, relative to clearing vacant land:—

(1) Any owner of vacant land within the Shire of Donnybrook, when required by written notice of the Council, shall clear the land of trees, scrub, undergrowth, rubbish, refuse or other material whatsoever to the satisfaction of the Council.

(2) The owner of any vacant land on receiving notice shall comply with the requirements of the notice, in the time determined by the Council.

(3) Where the owner does not clear the land or remove the rubbish, refuse or other material as required by any notice in respect to these by-laws, the Council reserves the right to remove it at the expense of, and recover the amount of the expense from, the owner in a court of competent jurisdiction.

(4) Any person guilty of an offence against this by-law shall on conviction be liable for each offence to a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds (£20) and in addition a maximum penalty of two pounds for each day during which the offence continues.

Dated this 29th day of November, 1962.

The Common Seal of the Shire of Donnybrook
was affixed hereto in the presence of—

[L.S.]

H. B. AYRES,
President.

D. A. JONES,
Shire Clerk.

Recommended—

J. F. CRAIG,
Acting Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 20th day of February, 1963.

R. H. DOIG,
Clerk of the Council.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960.

The Municipality of the Shire of Donnybrook.

By-law Relating to Verandahs and Balconies.

L.G. 640/61.

IN pursuance of the powers in that behalf contained in section 250 of the Local Government Act, 1960, the Donnybrook Shire Council hereby records having resolved on the 21st November, 1962, to make and submit for confirmation by the Governor the following by-laws relating to verandahs or balconies projecting over the footway of any street, road or way:—

1. No verandah or balcony which is not of the cantilever type shall be erected over any footway, street or public way, after the passing of this by-law.

2. Every verandah or balcony which is supported on posts, and which projects over the footway of any street, road or way within any part of the Shire of Donnybrook shall be removed by the owner thereof at his own expense not later than the 30th November, 1965.

3. Any owner of premises shall not maintain, or permit to remain in front of such premises, and which projects over any footway of any street, road or way, any verandah which ought to have been removed under this by-law, after 30th November, 1965.

4. Any person guilty of an offence against this by-law shall, on conviction, be liable for each offence to a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds (£20).

Dated this 29th day of November, 1962.

The Common Seal of the Shire of Donnybrook
was affixed hereto in the presence of—

[L.S.]

H. B. AYRES,
President.
D. A. JONES,
Shire Clerk.

Recommended—

J. F. CRAIG,
Acting Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 20th day of February, 1963.

R. H. DOIG,
Clerk of the Council.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960

The Municipality of the Shire of Canning.

By-laws Amending By-laws Classifying South, Central and West Wards.

L.G. 78/59.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon it by the abovementioned Act and all other powers enabling it the Council of the Shire of Canning hereby records having resolved on the 9th October, 1961, the 26th March, 1962, and the 30th April, 1962, to make and submit for confirmation by the Governor the following by-laws:—

The by-laws of the Shire of Canning published in the *Government Gazette* on the 13th February, 1957, and amended from time to time thereafter be amended as follows:—

1. The Sixth Schedule (Special Business Zones A—Service Stations) to the said by-laws to be amended by the addition thereto of the following:—

(a) Central—Albany Highway. Portion of Canning Location 2 and being an area within lot 56 on Diagram 27302 measuring 191.7 links along Burton Street and 186.9 links along Albany Highway from the intersection of Burton Street and Albany Highway alignments. The depth of the area on the north side which runs parallel to Burton Street measures 171.2 links from the Albany Highway;

and by the deletion therefrom of the following:—

(b) Albany Highway. Portion of Canning Location 2 and being lots 4 and 5 on Plan 132 having a depth of 160 links to Albany Highway.

2. The Third Schedule (Light Industrial Zones) to the said by-laws is amended by the addition thereto of the following:—

(a) Central—Albany Highway. Portion of Canning Location 105 and being lots 60 and 61 on L.T.O. Plan 3191.

(b) Central—Albany Highway. Portion of Canning Location 41 and being part of lot 5 on diagram 13162 (C/T 1141/93).

3. The Ninth Schedule (Special Business Zone "C"—Hotels) be amended as follows:—

The sentence "The whole of Canning Location 237 (C/T 946/61)" be amended by the deletion therefrom of the word "whole" and substituting the words "part of".

4. The Eleventh Schedule (Special Zones) is amended by the addition thereto of the following:—

- (a) North Ward—Gerard Street. Portion of Canning Location 5 and being lot 606 on L.T.O. Plan 2811. Special use as Plant Nursery with glass and shade houses.
- (b) Central Ward—Manning Road, Chapman Road and Burton Street. Portion of Canning Location 2 and being lot 29 and part of lots 28 and 30 on L.T.O. Plan 2482. Special use as a Bus Depot including paved parking areas and buildings to accommodate minor vehicle maintenance, traffic office, amenities and storage.
- (c) Central Ward—Burton Street. Portion of Canning Location 2 and being lot 57 on diagram 27302. For special use as a Drive-in Cinema and reasonable appurtenances thereto.
- (d) Central Ward—Albany Highway. Portion of Canning Location 2 and being lot 56 on Diagram 27302. For special use as Motel with leased service station.
- (e) West Ward—Corner Tate Street and Roy Street. Portion of Canning Location 2 and being lot 728 on Plan 5743 to be used for an Office Building with paved car park and landscaped gardens;

and by the deletion therefrom of the following:—

- (e) Central Ward—Albany Highway. Portion of Canning Location 2 and being lots 2 and 3 (Diagram 994) and lots 1-3 inclusive on Plan 132; Drive-in Cinema and reasonable appurtenances thereto and a Motel with associated development.
- (f) Central Ward—Burton Street. Portion of Canning Location 2 and being lots 6 and 7 on Plan 132. The Motel shall only be sited on that portion of each lot abutting the Albany Highway with a depth of 250 links from the front boundary.

Dated this 29th day of November, 1962.

The Common Seal of the Shire of Canning was hereunto affixed by authority of a resolution of the Council in the presence of—

[L.S.]

J. W. COLE,
President.
N. I. DAWKINS,
Shire Clerk.

Recommended—

J. F. CRAIG,
Acting Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 20th day of February, 1963.

R. H. DOIG,
Clerk of the Council.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960.

The Municipality of the Shire of Coorow.

By-laws Relating to the Removal of Refuse, etc.

L.G. 50/63.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon it by the abovementioned Act and of all other powers enabling it, the Council of the abovementioned Municipality hereby records having resolved on the 13th day of November, 1962, to make and submit for confirmation by the Governor the following by-laws:—

1. If there is—

- (a) on any vacant land within the district any trees, scrub, undergrowth, or rubbish; or

(b) on any land within the district any refuse, rubbish or other material of any kind whatsoever, which in the opinion of the Council is likely to affect adversely the value of adjoining property or the health, comfort or convenience of the inhabitants therein;

the Council may cause a notice under the hand of the Shire Clerk to be served on the owner or occupier of such land within the time specified in such notice, to clear such trees, scrub, undergrowth or rubbish or remove such refuse, rubbish or other material from such land.

(2) Every owner or occupier of land upon whom a notice is served under clause 1 of these by-laws shall comply with such notice within the time therein specified.

3. Where any owner fails to clear the land or remove the refuse or other material within the time specified in such notice the Council may clear such land or remove such refuse, rubbish or other material at the expense of the owner and may recover from such owner the amount of such expenses in a Court of competent jurisdiction in addition to any penalty he may be liable to under these by-laws.

4. Any person who fails to comply with any notice served under clause 1 of these by-laws commits an offence against these by-laws and on conviction shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds.

Dated this 3rd day of December, 1962.

[L.S.]

P. W. THOMSON,
President.
P. J. BENNETT,
Shire Clerk.

Recommended—

J. F. CRAIG,
Acting Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 20th day of February, 1962.

R. H. DOIG,
Clerk of the Council.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960.

The Municipality of the Town of Northam.

Adoption of Draft Model By-laws Relating to Extractive Industries (No. 9).

L.G. 617/62.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon it by the abovementioned Act, the Council of the abovementioned Municipality hereby records having resolved on the 28th day of November, 1962, to adopt such of the Draft Model By-laws published in the *Government Gazette* (No. 91) on 8th November, 1962, without amendment.

Dated this 30th day of January, 1963.

[L.S.]

F. A. R. KILLICK,
Deputy Mayor.
N. J. D. RIDGWAY,
Town Clerk.

Recommended—

J. F. CRAIG,
Acting Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 20th day of February, 1963.

R. H. DOIG,
Clerk of the Council.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960.

The Municipality of the Town of Geraldton.

Adoption of Draft Model By-laws Relative to Extractive Industries.

L.G. 95/63.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon it by the abovementioned Act and all other powers enabling it, the Council of the abovementioned Municipality hereby records having resolved on the 24th day of January, 1963, to adopt the whole of the Draft Model By-laws, cited as the Local Government Model By-laws (Extractive Industries) No. 9 which were published in the *Government Gazette* on the 8th November, 1962.

Dated this 24th day of January, 1963.

The Common Seal of the Town of Geraldton was hereunto affixed by authority of a resolution of the Council in the presence of—

[L.S.]

C. S. EADON-CLARKE,
Mayor.H. W. CHAMBERS,
Town Clerk.

Recommended—

J. F. CRAIG,
Acting Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 20th day of February, 1963.

R. H. DOIG,
Clerk of the Council.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960.

The Municipality of the Shire of Ashburton.

Adoption of Draft Model By-law Relating to (Caravan Parks) No. 2.

L.G. 65/63.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon it by the abovementioned Act, the Council of the abovementioned Municipality hereby records having resolved on the 12th day of December, 1962, to adopt such of the Draft Model By-law published in the *Gazette* of the 28th September, 1961, as are here set out:—

Local Government Model By-law (Caravan Parks) No. 2.

The whole of the by-law.

Dated this 12th day of December, 1962.

[L.S.]

W. M. PATERSON,
President.J. A. V. PROCTER,
Shire Clerk.

Recommended—

J. F. CRAIG,
Acting Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 20th day of February, 1963.

R. H. DOIG,
Clerk of the Council.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960.

The Municipality of the Shire of Esperance.

Adoption of Draft Model By-laws Relating to Extractive Industries.

L.G. 535/62.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon it by the abovementioned Act, the Council of the abovementioned Municipality hereby records having resolved on the 14th day of December, 1962, to adopt the Draft Model By-laws published in the *Gazette* of the 8th day of November, 1962, viz.:—

Local Government Model By-laws (Extractive Industries) No. 9.

The whole of the by-law to apply to the whole of the Shire of Esperance.

Dated this 14th day of December, 1962.

The Common Seal of the Municipality of the Shire of Esperance was duly affixed hereto in the presence of—

[L.S.]

P. A. CHARLESLEY,
President.

A. J. PEDDER,
Shire Clerk.

Recommended—

J. F. CRAIG,
Acting Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 20th day of February, 1963.

R. H. DOIG,
Clerk of the Council.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960.

The Municipality of the Shire of Upper Gascoyne.

Adoption of Draft Model By-laws Relating to the Prevention of Damage to Streets.

L.G. 356/62.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon it by the abovementioned Act, the Council of the abovementioned Municipality hereby records having resolved on the 17th day of October, 1962, to adopt such of the Draft Model By-laws published in the *Gazette* of the 7th day of September, 1961, as are here set out:—

Draft Model By-law No. 1.

The whole of the Model By-law (Draft Model By-law No. 1) is adopted without amendment.

The Common Seal of the Upper Gascoyne Shire Council was this day affixed hereto in the presence of—

[L.S.]

LACHLAN McTAGGART,
Shire President.

P. M. BUTLER,
Shire Clerk.

Recommended—

J. F. CRAIG,
Acting Minister for Local Government.

Approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council this 20th day of February, 1963.

R. H. DOIG,
Clerk of the Council.