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AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS ACT 1929.

FRUIT PACKAGES CODE 1983.

MADE by the Minister for Agriculture.

1. This Code may be cited as the Fruit Packages Code 1983. Citation.
2. This Code shall come into operation on 1 October 1983. Commence-
ment.
3. (1) This Code is, subject to subclauses (2) and (3) of this clause, the relevant code under the Agricultural Products Act 1929 specifying packages to be used for the sale of fruit within the State. Application.
 (2) This Code does not apply to a retail sale.
 (3) This Code does not apply where fruit is sold or intended to be sold for the purpose of manufacturing, processing or packing.
4. In this Code, unless the contrary intention appears— Interpreta-
tion.
 "fruit" means apples, pears, quinces, oranges, lemons, mandarins, grapefruit, tangelos, apricots, peaches, plums, nectarines, cherries, loquats, grapes, passionfruit, figs, tomatoes, bananas, strawberries, mangoes and avocados.
5. Fruit sold or intended for sale shall be packaged in a package of the dimensions specified in the Schedule to this Code. Packaging of
fruit.

SCHEDULE.

Type of package	Internal measurements (in millimetres)		
	Length	Width	Depth
Cherry carton	260	260	100
Plum carton	365	270	185
Citrus carton—15 litre	370	230	175
Citrus carton—30 litre	415	270	260
Banana carton	420	325	220
Export grape carton	450	280	165
Grape carton	440	270	160
Half-dump case or carton	450	215	180
Dump case or carton	450	220	360
Pear carton—30 litre	450	285	240
Half-standard case or carton	450	290	135
Standard case or carton	450	290	270
Tomato carton	450	280	165
Tomato carton	450	290	240
Australian Tray pack carton	500	300	275
Standard Tray pack carton	500	300	290
Plastic Returnable Crates			
Fruit and Vegetables			
18 litre	555	230	150
22 litre	465	285	167
30 litre	555	230	238
36 litre	470	305	275
36 litre	400	350	285
Trays			
Type			
Single layer	410	335	75
Single layer	410	335	90
Single layer	450	290	75
Single layer	450	290	90
Single layer	500	300	75
Single layer	500	300	90
Strawberry tray	440	330	100

H. D. EVANS,
Minister for Agriculture.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS ACT 1929.

APPLE GRADING AND PACKING CODE 1983.

MADE by the Minister for Agriculture.

- Citation. 1. This Code may be cited as the Apple Grading and Packing Code 1983.
- Commence-
ment. 2. This Code shall come into operation on 1 October 1983.
- Application. 3. (1) This Code is, subject to subclauses (2) and (3) of this clause, the relevant code under the Agricultural Products Act 1929 for the grading, marking and packing of apples for sale.
- (2) Clauses 9 and 10 of this Code do not apply to a retail sale.
- (3) This Code does not apply where apples are sold or intended to be sold for the purpose of manufacturing, processing or packing.
- Interpreta-
tion. 4. In this Code, unless the context otherwise requires—
“mature” means if—
- (a) being an apple of the Cleopatra variety or of the Jonathan variety or of a Jonathan strain or type it is—
(i) 65 millimetres or more in diameter and has been picked on or after 7 February; or
(ii) less than 65 millimetres in diameter and has been picked on or after 14 February,
in the season in which it is grown;
- (b) being an apple of the Golden Delicious variety or of the Delicious variety or of a Delicious strain or type is—
(i) 65 millimetres or more in diameter and has been picked on or after 1 March; or
(ii) less than 65 millimetres in diameter and has been picked on or after 14 March,
in the season in which it is grown;

(c) being an apple of the Granny Smith variety it has been picked on or after 1 April in the season in which it is grown; or

(d) being an apple of any variety other than the varieties referred to in paragraphs (a), (b) or (c) of this definition, it has developed a colour, flavour and texture typical of the variety to which it belongs when mature;

“percentage of colour characteristics” means the aggregate percentage of the surface of the fruit which has red colour of intensity characteristic of the variety when mature.

5. (1) Apples shall be graded according to their quality as Grade I, Grade II or Grade III, and shall conform to the minimum diameter, and have the minimum colour characteristic for each grade, set out in the table to this clause. Grades and sizes.

TABLE

Grade		I		II		III	
Variety	Trade description	Minimum diam. (mm)	Minimum % of colour characteristic necessary*	Minimum diam. (mm)	Minimum % of colour characteristic necessary*	Minimum diam. (mm)	Minimum % of colour characteristic necessary*
Cleopatra	Cleo.	60	...	60	...	65	...
Delicious	Del.	60	25	60	...	65	...
Dougherty	Dhty.	55	25	55	...	65	...
Golden Delicious	G. Del.	60	...	60	...	65	...
Granny Smith	G.S.	60	...	60	...	70	...
Jonathan	Jon.	55	30	55	...	65	...
Lady Williams	L.W.	55	30	55	...	65	...
Yates	Yates	55	30	55	20	65	...
Any Other Red Variety	Name of Variety	55	20	55	...	65	...
Any other Green Variety	Name of Variety	60	...	60	...	65	...

*For each apple.

(2) For the purpose of this clause diameter means the greatest transverse measurement of the fruit taken at right angles to the axis passing through the stem of the fruit.

(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in this clause or the table thereto, apples offered for sale shall not be of a diameter that is less than the diameter for each variety specified in any notice in force under section 3D (1) of the Agricultural Products Act 1929.

6. Apples graded as Grade I shall comprise apples—

- (a) that are mature;
- (b) that are of one variety, clean and well formed;
- (c) that are not overripe, soft or wilted;
- (d) that are free from disease, brown sunburn, excessive bruising, broken skins and physical injuries that would impair their keeping quality;
- (e) that conform to the requirements for colour and minimum diameter for Grade I of each variety set out in the table to Clause 5 of this Code;
- (f) of which not more than 20% by number of the apples so graded are blemished and the area of the surface of any apple so affected does not exceed the area of a circle of—
 - (i) 5 millimetres in diameter if the fruit is 65 millimetres or less in diameter; or
 - (ii) 10 millimetres in diameter if the fruit is larger than 65 millimetres in diameter;
- (g) of which not more than 20% by number of the apples so graded are affected by yellow sunburn;
- (h) that are not affected by smooth but not unsightly russet in excess of 30% of the surface of any fruit.

Standard of Grade I apples.

- Standard of Grade II apples.
7. Apples graded as Grade II shall comprise apples—
- that are mature;
 - that are of one variety, clean and reasonably well formed;
 - that are not overripe, soft or wilted;
 - that are free from disease, brown sunburn, excessive bruising, broken skins and physical injuries that would impair their keeping quality;
 - that conform to the requirements for colour and minimum diameter for Grade II of each variety set out in the table to Clause 5 of this Code;
 - on which the area of the surface of any apple affected by blemishes does not exceed the area of a circle of—
 - 5 millimetres in diameter if the fruit is 65 millimetres or less in diameter; or
 - 10 millimetres in diameter if the fruit is larger than 65 millimetres in diameter.
- Standard of Grade III apples.
8. Apples graded as Grade III shall comprise apples—
- that are of one variety and clean;
 - that are not overripe, soft or wilted;
 - that are free from disease, excessive bruising, broken skins and physical injuries that would impair their keeping quality;
 - that conform to the minimum diameter for Grade III of each variety set out in the table to Clause 5 of this Code;
 - that otherwise do not comply with the requirements for Grade I or Grade II.
- Packages for apples.
9. (1) Apples shall be packed only in a package that is of a type referred to in the Fruit Packages Code 1983 formulated under the Agricultural Products Act 1929.
- (2) The following types of packages set out in the Fruit Packages Code 1983 are most commonly used for apples—
- | Type of package | Internal dimensions
(in millimetres) | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| | Length | Width | Depth |
| Half standard case or carton | 450 | 290 | 135 |
| Half dump case or carton | 450 | 215 | 180 |
| Standard case or carton | 450 | 290 | 270 |
| Australian Tray pack carton | 500 | 300 | 275 |
| Standard Tray pack carton | 500 | 300 | 290 |
| Plastic returnable crate—22 litre | 465 | 285 | 167 |
| Plastic returnable crate—30 litre | 555 | 230 | 238 |
| Plastic returnable crate—36 litre | 470 | 305 | 275 |
| Plastic returnable crate—36 litre | 400 | 350 | 285 |
- Packing and marking packages.
10. (1) A package in which apples are sold shall not contain—
- fruit of any other kind;
 - apples of any variety other than the variety specified on the package;
 - apples of any grade other than the grade specified on the package.
- (2) The package in which apples are sold shall bear a label or other marking specifying in relation to the apples contained therein the following particulars—
- the variety;
 - the grade of quality;
 - the name and district of the grower or packer of the fruit.
- (3) The size of the characters setting out the particulars required to be marked on any package containing apples being sold shall be—
- if printed on a label—not less than 5 millimetres in height;
 - if stencilled on the package—not less than 20 millimetres in height.
- Display for retail sale.
11. There shall be attached to each display of each variety of apples exposed for sale by retail a readily visible sign or label with letters and figures not less than 25 millimetres in height, showing the grade of such apples to enable the apples to be identified by the purchaser as being of that grade.

H. D. EVANS,
Minister for Agriculture.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS ACT 1929.
APRICOT GRADING AND PACKING CODE 1983.

MADE by the Minister for Agriculture.

1. This Code may be cited as the Apricot Grading and Packing Code 1983. Citation.
2. This Code shall come into operation on 1 October 1983. Commencement.
3. (1) This Code is, subject to subclauses (2) and (3) of this clause, the relevant code under the Agricultural Products Act 1929 for the grading, marking and packing of apricots for sale. Application.
 - (2) Clauses 8 and 9 of this Code do not apply to a retail sale.
 - (3) This Code does not apply where apricots are sold or intended to be sold for the purpose of manufacturing, processing or packing.
4. Apricots shall be graded according to their quality as Grade I or Grade II. Grades of quality.
5. Apricots graded as Grade I shall comprise apricots— Standard of Grade I apricots.
 - (a) that are clean and well formed;
 - (b) that are free from scratch marks, rub marks, brown sunburn marks, healed injuries, healed insect bites, stings or spray burn;
 - (c) that are not overripe, affected by storage disorder or shrivelled;
 - (d) that are free from disease, broken skins, excessive bruising and physical injuries which would be likely to impair their keeping quality; and
 - (e) that have reached a stage of development that will ensure a proper completion of the ripening process.
6. Apricots graded as Grade II shall comprise only apricots— Standard of Grade II apricots.
 - (a) that are clean;
 - (b) that are not overripe, affected by storage disorder or shrivelled;
 - (c) that are free from disease, broken skins, excessive bruising and physical injury that would impair their keeping quality; and
 - (d) that have reached a stage of development which will ensure a proper completion of the ripening process.
7. (1) For the purposes of this Code the diameter of an apricot is the greatest transverse measurement of the fruit taken at right angles to the axis passing through the stem of the fruit. Sizes.
 - (2) The minimum diameter for apricots graded as Grade I is 30 millimetres and the minimum diameter for apricots graded as Grade II is 35 millimetres.
 - (3) Notwithstanding anything in this clause, apricots offered for sale shall not be of a size that is less than the size specified in any notice in force under section 3D (3) of the Agricultural Products Act 1929.
8. (1) Apricots shall be packed only in a package that is of a type referred to in the Fruit Packages Code 1983 formulated under the Agricultural Products Act 1929. Packages for apricots.
 - (2) The following types of packages set out in the Fruit Packages Code 1983 are most commonly used for apricots—

Type of package	Internal dimensions (in millimetres)		
	Length	Width	Depth
Half dump case or carton	450	215	180
Half standard case or carton	450	290	135
Plastic returnable crate—18 litre	555	230	150
Plastic returnable crate—22 litre	465	285	167
Plastic returnable crate—30 litre	555	230	238
9. (1) A package in which apricots are sold shall not contain— Packing and marking packages.
 - (a) fruit of any other kind;
 - (b) apricots of any grade other than the grade specified on the package.
 - (2) The package in which apricots are sold shall bear a label or other marking specifying in relation to the apricots contained therein, the following particulars—
 - (a) the word "apricots";
 - (b) the grade of quality;
 - (c) the name and district of the grower or packer of the fruit.
 - (3) The size of the characters setting out the particulars required to be marked on any package containing apricots being sold shall be—
 - (a) if printed on a label—not less than 5 millimetres in height;
 - (b) if stencilled on the package—not less than 20 millimetres in height.
10. There shall be attached to each display of apricots exposed for sale by retail a readily visible sign or label with letters and figures not less than 25 millimetres in height, showing the grade of such apricots to enable the apricots to be identified by the purchaser as being of that grade. Display for retail sale.

H. D. EVANS,
Minister for Agriculture.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS ACT 1929.

BANANA GRADING AND PACKING CODE 1983.

MADE by the Minister for Agriculture.

- Citation. 1. This Code may be cited as the Banana Grading and Packing Code 1983.
- Commencement. 2. This Code shall come into operation on 1 October 1983.
- Application. 3. (1) This Code is, subject to subclauses (2) and (3) of this clause, the relevant code under the Agricultural Products Act 1929 for the grading, marking and packing of bananas for sale.
 (2) Clauses 10 and 11 of this Code do not apply to a retail sale.
 (3) This Code does not apply where bananas are sold or intended to be sold for the purpose of manufacturing, processing or packing.
- Interpretation. 4. In this Code, unless the context otherwise requires—
 “blemish” means any superficial disfigurement of the fruit that is unlikely to affect its keeping in a sound condition, and includes scratch marks, rub marks, russeting, healed injuries, healed insect bites or stings and spray burns;
 “cluster” means groups of at least 3 bananas attached to one piece of stem;
 “girth” in relation to the size of a banana, means the greatest circumference measured at right angles to the longitudinal axis of the fruit;
 “hands” means groups of at least 10 bananas attached to one piece of stem;
 “length” means the measurement of the outside of the curve of the fruit, from its junction, at the stem end, to its apex;
 “singles” means single bananas;
 “sound”, in relation to a banana, means not overripe, not soft and free from disease or insect damage or bruising or physical injury affecting the keeping quality of the fruit.
- Grades and sizes. 5. Bananas shall be packed as “singles” or “hands” and graded according to their size.
- Standard of singles. 6. Bananas packed as singles shall comprise only bananas—
 (a) that are of one variety, well formed, mature and sound; and
 (b) that are reasonably free from blemishes.
- Sizes of singles. 7. Bananas packed as singles shall be graded according to the following sizes—
 (a) “very small” which shall comprise bananas that have a minimum girth of 100 millimetres and are not less than 125 millimetres but less than 150 millimetres in length;
 (b) “small” which shall comprise bananas that have a minimum girth of 100 millimetres and are not less than 150 millimetres but less than 165 millimetres in length;
 (c) “medium” which shall comprise bananas that have a minimum girth of 100 millimetres and are not less than 165 millimetres but less than 190 millimetres in length;
 (d) “large” which shall comprise bananas that have a minimum girth of 110 millimetres and are not less than 190 millimetres but less than 215 millimetres in length; or
 (e) “extra large” which shall comprise bananas that have a minimum girth of 110 millimetres and are 215 millimetres or more in length.
- Standard of hands. 8. Bananas packed as hands shall comprise only bananas—
 (a) that are of one variety, well formed, mature and sound;
 (b) that are reasonably free from blemishes; and
 (c) of which 80% by weight shall consist of hands and the remainder shall consist of clusters.
- Sizes of hands. 9. Bananas packed as hands shall be graded according to the following sizes—
 (a) “medium” which shall comprise bananas that have a minimum girth of 100 millimetres and are not less than 140 millimetres but less than 175 millimetres in length;
 (b) “large” which shall comprise bananas that have a minimum girth of 110 millimetres and are not less than 175 millimetres but less than 215 millimetres in length; or
 (c) “extra large” which shall comprise bananas that have a minimum girth of 110 millimetres and are 215 millimetres or more in length.
- Packages for bananas. 10. (1) Bananas shall be packed only in a package that is of a type referred to in the Fruit Packaging Code 1983 formulated under the Agricultural Products Act 1929.

(2) The following types of packages set out in the Fruit Packages Code 1983 are most commonly used for bananas—

Type of package	Internal dimensions (in millimetres)		
	Length	Width	Depth
Banana carton	420	325	220
Plastic returnable crate—36 litre	470	305	275

11. (1) A package in which bananas are sold shall not contain—
- fruit of any other kind;
 - bananas of any grade other than the grade specified on the package.

Packing and marking packages.

(2) The package in which bananas are sold shall bear a label or other marking specifying in relation to the bananas contained therein the following particulars—

- the word “bananas”;
- the grade of size;
- the name and district of the grower or packer of the fruit.

(3) The size of the characters setting out the particulars required to be marked on any package containing bananas being sold shall be—

- if printed on a label—not less than 5 millimetres in height;
- if stencilled on the package—not less than 20 millimetres in height.

H. D. EVANS,
Minister for Agriculture.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS ACT 1983.

GRAPE GRADING AND PACKING CODE 1983.

MADE by the Minister for Agriculture.

- This Code may be cited as the Grape Grading and Packing Code 1983. Citation.
- This Code shall come into operation on 1 October 1983. Commencement.
- (1) This Code is, subject to subclauses (2) and (3) of this clause, the relevant code under the Agricultural Products Act 1929 for the grading, marking and packing of grapes for sale. Application.
(2) Clauses 8 and 9 of this Code do not apply to a retail sale.
(3) This Code does not apply where grapes are sold or intended to be sold for the purpose of manufacturing, processing or packing.
- Grapes shall be graded according to their quality as Grade I or Grade II. Grades of quality.
- For the purposes of this Code grapes shall be deemed mature if a sample of the strained juice from not less than 500 grams weight of any grapes taken from any package or packages being similarly marked, has a hydrometer reading of not less than 16.0° at 20° C when taken with a hydrometer graduated on the Brix Scale and standardised at a temperature of 20° C, except that the varieties Cardinal, Ribier, Early Madeleine and Chasselas shall be deemed mature if the juice has a Brix hydrometer reading of not less than 15.4° at 20° C. Mature grapes.
- Grapes graded as Grade I shall comprise only grapes— Standard of Grade I grapes.
 - that are of one variety, clean, mature, of uniformly good size and colour for the variety with the berries firmly attached to their stems;
 - that are free from diseased, split, cut, wilted, shrivelled, raisined or blemished berries and are free from physical injuries which would impair their keeping quality; and
 - that are not overripe or affected by storage disorders.
- Grapes graded as Grade II shall comprise only grapes— Standard of Grade II grapes.
 - that are of one variety, clean, mature, of fairly good colour for the variety, with the berries firmly attached to their stems;
 - that are free from diseased, wilted, or raisined berries and free of physical injuries that would impair their keeping quality; and
 - that are not overripe or affected by storage disorders.

Packages for grapes.

8. (1) Grapes shall be packed only in a package that is of a type referred to in the Fruit Packages Code 1983 formulated under the Agricultural Products Act 1929.

(2) The following types of packages set out in the Fruit Packages Code 1983 are most commonly used for grapes—

Type of package	Internal dimensions (in millimetres)		
	Length	Width	Depth
Half dump case or carton	450	215	180
Grape carton	440	270	160
Half standard case or carton	450	290	170
Export grape carton	450	280	165
Plastic returnable crate—18 litre	555	230	150
Plastic returnable crate—22 litre	465	285	167
Plastic returnable crate—30 litre	555	230	238

Packing and marking packages.

9. (1) A package in which grapes are sold shall not contain—

- (a) fruit of any other kind;
- (b) grapes of any variety other than the variety specified on the package;
- (c) grapes of any grade other than the grade specified on the package.

(2) The package in which grapes are sold shall bear a label or other marking specifying in relation to the grapes contained therein the following particulars—

- (a) the variety;
- (b) the grade of quality;
- (c) the name and district of the grower or packer of the fruit.

(3) The size of the characters setting out the particulars required to be marked on any package containing grapes being sold shall be—

- (a) if printed on a label—not less than 5 millimetres in height;
- (b) if stencilled on the package—not less than 20 millimetres in height.

H. D. EVANS,
Minister for Agriculture.

AGRICULTURE PRODUCTS ACT 1929.

GRAPEFRUIT GRADING AND PACKING CODE 1983.

MADE by the Minister for Agriculture.

Citation.

1. This Code may be cited as the Grapefruit Grading and Packing Code 1983.

Commencement.

2. This Code shall come into operation on 1 October 1983.

Application.

3. (1) This Code is, subject to subclauses (2) and (3) of this clause, the relevant code under the Agricultural Products Act 1929 for the grading, marking and packing of grapefruit for sale.

(2) Clauses 9 and 10 of this Code do not apply to a retail sale.

(3) This Code does not apply where grapefruit are sold or intended to be sold for the purpose of manufacturing, processing or packing.

Interpretation.

4. In this Code, unless the contrary intention appears—

“disfigured” means a condition of the fruit caused by scars, scratches of the skin, cavities, punctures or blemishes, due to insect or fungus pest, hail marks or oil stains;

“dry” means a condition of the fruit whereby the weight of its juice is less than 33 per cent of the total weight of the fruit when extracted by means of rotating the halves of a freshly divided grapefruit under moderate hand pressure only, on a conical glass lemon squeezer, and squeezed through a strainer of not less than 12 meshes per centimetre.

Grades of quality.

5. Grapefruit shall be graded according to their quality as Grade I or Grade II.

Standard of Grade I grapefruit.

6. Grapefruit graded as Grade I shall comprise only grapefruit—

- (a) that are mature, clean and of normal shape and colour for the variety;
- (b) that are free from disease, excessive bruising or physical injuries that would impair their keeping quality;
- (c) that are not overripe, dry or shrivelled; and
- (d) that are not disfigured in excess of 10 per cent of the surface area of each fruit.

7. Grapefruit graded as Grade II shall comprise only grapefruit— Standard of Grade II grapefruit.
- (a) that are mature, clean and of reasonably normal shape and colour for the variety;
 - (b) that are free from disease, excessive bruising or physical injuries that could impair their keeping quality;
 - (c) that are not overripe or dry; and
 - (d) that are not disfigured in excess of 25 per cent of the surface area of each fruit.

8. (1) For the purposes of this Code the diameter of a grapefruit is the greatest transverse measurement of the fruit taken at right angles to the axis passing through the stem of the fruit. Sizes.

(2) The minimum diameter for grapefruit graded as Grade I or Grade II is 70 millimetres.

(3) Notwithstanding anything in this clause, grapefruit offered for sale shall not be of a size that is less than the diameter specified in any notice in force under section 3D (2) of the Agricultural Products Act 1929.

9. (1) Grapefruit shall be packed only in a package that is of a type referred to in the Fruit Packages Code 1983 formulated under the Agricultural Products Act 1929. Packages for grapefruit.

(2) The following types of packages set out in the Fruit Packages Code 1983 are most commonly used for grapefruit—

Type of package	Internal dimensions (in millimetres)		
	Length	Width	Depth
Standard case or carton	450	290	270
Citrus carton—30 litre	415	270	260
Plastic returnable crate—30 litre	555	230	238
Plastic returnable crate—36 litre	400	350	285
Plastic returnable crate—36 litre	470	305	275

10. (1) A package in which grapefruit are sold shall not contain— Packing and marking packages.
- (a) fruit of any other kind;
 - (b) grapefruit of any grade other than the grade specified on the package.

(2) The package in which grapefruit are sold shall bear a label or other marking specifying in relation to the grapefruit contained therein the following particulars—

- (a) the word "grapefruit";
- (b) the grade of quality;
- (c) the name and district of the grower or packer of the fruit.

(3) The size of the characters setting out the particulars required to be marked on any package containing grapefruit being sold shall be—

- (a) if printed on a label—not less than 5 millimetres in height;
- (b) if stencilled on the package—not less than 20 millimetres in height.

11. There shall be attached to each display of grapefruit exposed for retail sale a readily visible sign or label, with letters and figures not less than 25 millimetres in height, showing the grade of such grapefruit to enable the grapefruit to be identified by the purchaser as being of that grade. Display for retail sale.

H. D. EVANS,
Minister for Agriculture.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS ACT 1929.

LEMON GRADING AND PACKING CODE 1983.

MADE by the Minister for Agriculture.

1. This Code may be cited as the Lemon Grading and Packing Code 1983. Citation.
2. This Code shall come into operation on 1 October 1983. Commencement.
3. (1) This Code is, subject to subclauses (2) and (3) of this clause, the relevant code under the Agricultural Products Act 1929 for the grading, marking and packing of lemons for sale. Application.
- (2) Clauses 9 and 10 of this Code do not apply to a retail sale.
- (3) This Code does not apply where lemons are sold or intended to be sold for the purpose of manufacturing, processing or packing.

- Interpretation. - 4. In this Code, unless the contrary intention appears—
 “disfigured” means a condition of the fruit caused by scars, scratches of the skin, cavities, punctures or blemishes, due to insect or fungus pest, hail marks or oil stains;
 “dry” means a condition of the fruit whereby the weight of its juice is less than 33 per cent of the total weight of the fruit when extracted by means of rotating the halves of a freshly divided lemon, under moderate hand pressure only, on a conical glass lemon squeezer, and squeezed through a strainer of not less than 12 meshes per centimetre.
- Grades of quality. 5. Lemons shall be graded according to their quality as Grade I or Grade II.
- Standard of Grade I lemons. 6. Lemons graded as Grade I shall comprise only lemons—
 (a) that are clean, of normal shape for the variety and of reasonably even colour;
 (b) that are free from disease, excessive bruising or physical injuries that could impair their keeping quality;
 (c) that are not overripe, dry or shrivelled; and
 (d) that are not disfigured in excess of 10 per cent of the surface area of each fruit.
- Standard of Grade II lemons. 7. Lemons graded as Grade II shall comprise only lemons—
 (a) that are clean and of reasonably normal shape for the variety;
 (b) that are free from disease, excessive bruising and physical injuries that would impair their keeping quality;
 (c) that are not overripe or dry; and
 (d) that are not disfigured in excess of 25 per cent of the surface of each fruit.
- Sizes. 8. (1) For the purposes of this Code the diameter of a lemon is the greatest transverse measurement of the fruit taken at right angles to the axis passing through the stem of the fruit.
 (2) The minimum diameter for lemons graded as Grade I or Grade II is 55 millimetres.
 (3) Notwithstanding anything in this clause, lemons offered for sale shall not be of a size that is less than the diameter specified in any notice in force under section 3D (2) of the Agricultural Products Act 1929.
- Packages for lemons. 9. (1) Lemons shall be packed only in a package that is of a type referred to in the Fruit Packages Code 1983 formulated under the Agricultural Products Act 1929.
 (2) The following types of packages set out in the Fruit Packages Code 1983 are most commonly used for lemons—
- | Type of package | Internal dimensions
(in millimetres) | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| | Length | Width | Depth |
| Half dump case or carton | 450 | 215 | 180 |
| Standard case or carton | 450 | 290 | 270 |
| Citrus carton—30 litre | 415 | 270 | 260 |
| Plastic returnable crate—22 litre | 465 | 285 | 167 |
| Plastic returnable crate—30 litre | 555 | 230 | 238 |
| Plastic returnable crate—36 litre | 470 | 305 | 275 |
| Plastic returnable crate—36 litre | 400 | 350 | 285 |
- Packing and marking packages. 10. (1) A package in which lemons are sold shall not contain—
 (a) fruit of any other kind;
 (b) lemons of any grade other than the grade specified on the package.
 (2) The package in which lemons are sold shall bear a label or other marking specifying in relation to the lemons contained therein the following particulars—
 (a) the word “lemons”;
 (b) the grade of quality;
 (c) the name and district of the grower or packer of the fruit.
 (3) The size of the characters setting out the particulars required to be marked on any package containing lemons being sold shall be—
 (a) if printed on a label—not less than 5 millimetres in height;
 (b) if stencilled on the package—not less than 20 millimetres in height.
- Display for retail sale. 11. There shall be attached to each display of lemons exposed for retail sale a readily visible sign or label with letters and figures not less than 25 millimetres in height showing the grade of such lemons to enable the lemons to be identified by the purchaser as being of that grade.

H. D. EVANS,
 Minister for Agriculture.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS ACT 1929.

MANDARIN GRADING AND PACKING CODE 1983.

MADE by the Minister for Agriculture.

1. This Code may be cited as the Mandarin Grading and Packing Code 1983. Citation.
2. This Code shall come into operation on 1 October 1983. Commence-
ment.
3. (1) This Code is, subject to subclauses (2) and (3) of this clause, the relevant code under the Agricultural Products Act 1929 for the grading, marking and packing of mandarins for sale. Application.
 - (2) Clauses 9 and 10 of this Code do not apply to a retail sale.
 - (3) This Code does not apply where mandarins are sold or intended to be sold for the purpose of manufacturing, processing or packing.
4. In this Code, unless the contrary intention appears— Interpretation.

“disfigured” means a condition of the fruit caused by scars, scratches of the skin, cavities, punctures or blemishes, due to insect or fungus pest, hail marks or oil stains;

“dry” means a condition of the fruit whereby the weight of its juice is less than 33 per cent of the total weight of the fruit when extracted by means of rotating the halves of a freshly divided mandarin, under moderate hand pressure only, on a conical glass lemon squeezer, and squeezed through a strainer of not less than 12 meshes per centimetre.
5. Mandarins shall be graded according to their quality as Grade I or Grade II. Grades of
quality.
6. Mandarins graded as Grade I shall comprise only mandarins— Standard of
Grade I
mandarins.
 - (a) that are mature, clean, of normal shape for the variety and of an even orange colour;
 - (b) that are free from disease, excessive bruising or physical injuries that could impair their keeping quality;
 - (c) that are not overripe, dry or shrivelled; and
 - (d) that are not disfigured in excess of 10 per cent of the surface of each fruit.
7. Mandarins graded as Grade II shall comprise only mandarins— Standard of
Grade II
mandarins.
 - (a) that are mature, clean and of reasonably normal shape for the variety;
 - (b) that are free from disease, excessive bruising and physical injuries that would impair their keeping quality;
 - (c) that are not overripe or dry; and
 - (d) that are not disfigured in excess of 25 per cent of the surface of each fruit.
8. (1) For the purposes of this Code the diameter of a mandarin is the greatest transverse measurement of the fruit taken at right angles to the axis passing through the stem of the fruit. Sizes.
 - (2) The minimum diameter for mandarins graded as Grade I or Grade II is 40 millimetres.
 - (3) Notwithstanding anything in this clause, mandarins offered for sale shall not be of a size that is less than the diameter specified in any notice in force under section 3D (2) of the Agricultural Products Act 1929.
9. (1) Mandarins shall be packed only in a package that is of a type referred to in the Fruit Packages Code 1983 formulated under the Agricultural Products Act 1929. Packages for
mandarins.
 - (2) The following types of packages set out in the Fruit Packages Code 1983 are most commonly used for mandarins—

Internal dimensions
(in millimetres)

Type of package	Length	Width	Depth
Half dump case or carton	450	215	180
Standard case or carton	450	290	170
Citrus carton—15 litre	370	230	175
Citrus carton—30 litre	415	270	260
Plastic returnable crate—22 litre	465	285	167
Plastic returnable crate—30 litre	555	230	238
Plastic returnable crate—36 litre	470	305	275
Plastic returnable crate—36 litre	400	350	285

- Packing and marking packages.** 10. (1) A package in which mandarins are sold shall not contain—
- (a) mandarins of any variety other than the variety specified on the package;
 - (b) mandarins of any grade other than the grade specified on the package.
- (2) The package in which mandarins are sold shall bear a label or other marking specifying in relation to the mandarins contained therein the following particulars—
- (a) the variety;
 - (b) the grade of quality;
 - (c) the name and district of the grower or packer of the fruit.
- (3) The size of the characters setting out the particulars required to be marked on any package containing mandarins being sold shall be—
- (a) if printed on a label, not less than 5 millimetres in height;
 - (b) if stencilled on the package not less than 20 millimetres in height.
- Display for retail sale.** 11. There shall be attached to each display of each variety of mandarins exposed for sale by retail a readily visible sign or label, with letters and figures not less than 25 millimetres in height, showing the grade of such mandarins to enable the mandarins to be identified by the purchaser as being of that grade.

H. D. EVANS,
Minister for Agriculture.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS ACT 1929.

NECTARINE GRADING AND PACKING CODE 1983.

MADE by the Minister for Agriculture.

- Citation.** 1. This Code may be cited as the Nectarine Grading and Packing Code 1983.
- Commencement.** 2. This Code shall come into operation on 1 October 1983.
- Application.** 3. (1) This Code is, subject to subclauses (2) and (3) of this clause, the relevant code under the Agricultural Products Act 1929 for the grading, marking and packing of nectarines for sale.
- (2) Clauses 8 and 9 of this Code do not apply to a retail sale.
- (3) This Code does not apply where nectarines are sold or intended to be sold for the purpose of manufacturing, processing or packing.
- Grades of quality.** 4. Nectarines shall be graded according to their quality as Grade I or Grade II.
- Standard of Grade I nectarines.** 5. Nectarines graded as Grade I shall comprise nectarines—
- (a) that are clean and well formed;
 - (b) that are free from scratch marks, rub marks, brown sunburn marks, healed injuries, healed insect bites, stings or spray burn;
 - (c) that are not overripe, affected by storage disorder or shrivelled;
 - (d) that are free from disease, broken skins, excessive bruising and physical injuries which would be likely to impair their keeping quality; and
 - (e) that have reached a stage of development that will ensure a proper completion of the ripening process.
- Standard of Grade II nectarines.** 6. Nectarines graded as Grade II shall comprise only nectarines—
- (a) that are clean;
 - (b) that are not overripe, affected by storage disorder or shrivelled;
 - (c) that are free from disease, broken skins, excessive bruising and physical injury that would impair their keeping quality; and
 - (d) that have reached a stage of development which will ensure a proper completion of the ripening process.
- Sizes.** 7. (1) For the purposes of this Code the diameter of a nectarine is the greatest transverse measurement of the fruit taken at right angles to the axis passing through the stem of the fruit.
- (2) The minimum diameter for nectarines graded as Grade I is 45 millimetres and the minimum diameter for nectarines graded as Grade II is 50 millimetres.
- (3) Notwithstanding anything in this clause, nectarines offered for sale shall not be of a size that is less than the size specified in any notice in force under section 3D (3) of the Agricultural Products Act 1929.

8. (1) Nectarines shall be packed only in a package that is of a type referred to in the Fruit Packages Code 1983 formulated under the Agricultural Products Act 1929. Packages for nectarines.

(2) The following types of packages set out in the Fruit Packages Code 1983 are most commonly used for nectarines—

Type of package	Internal dimensions (in millimetres)		
	Length	Width	Depth
Half dump case or carton	450	215	180
Half standard case or carton	450	290	135
Plastic returnable crate—18 litre	555	230	150
Plastic returnable crate—22 litre	465	285	167
Plastic returnable crate—30 litre	555	230	238
Tray—single layer	410	335	75
Tray—single layer	410	335	90
Tray—single layer	500	300	75
Tray—single layer	500	300	90
Tray—single layer	450	290	75
Tray—single layer	450	290	90

9. (1) A package in which nectarines are sold shall not contain— Packing and marking packages.
 (a) fruit of any other kind;
 (b) nectarines of any variety other than the variety specified on the package;
 (c) nectarines of any grade other than the grade specified on the package.

(2) The package in which nectarines are sold shall bear a label or other marking specifying in relation to the nectarines contained therein, the following particulars—

- (a) the variety;
- (b) the grade of quality;
- (c) the name and district of the grower or packer of the fruit.

(3) The size of the characters setting out the particulars required to be marked on any package containing nectarines being sold shall be—

- (a) if printed on a label—not less than 5 millimetres in height;
- (b) if stencilled on the package—not less than 20 millimetres in height.

10. There shall be attached to each display of each variety of nectarines exposed for sale by retail a readily visible sign or label, with letters and figures not less than 25 millimetres in height, showing the grade of such nectarines to enable the nectarines to be identified by the purchaser as being of that grade. Display for retail sale.

H. D. EVANS,
Minister for Agriculture.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS ACT 1929.

ONION GRADING AND PACKING CODE 1983.

MADE by the Minister for Agriculture.

1. This Code may be cited as the Onion Grading and Packing Code 1983. Citation.
2. This Code shall come into operation on 1 October 1983. Commencement.
3. (1) This Code is, subject to subclauses (2) and (3) of this clause, the relevant code under the Agricultural Products Act 1929 for the grading, marking and packing of onions for sale. Application.
 (2) Clauses 14 and 15 of this Code do not apply to a retail sale.
 (3) This Code does not apply where onions are sold or intended to be sold for the purpose of manufacturing, processing or packing.
4. In this Code, unless the contrary intention appears— Interpretation.
 “doubles” means onions which have more than one distinct bulb visible externally;
 “peelers” means onions which have part of the papery skin missing, exposing edible flesh.
5. Onions shall be graded according to their quality and size as Grade I, Grade II, Large, picklers, spring onions and bunched onions. Grades of quality.
6. Onions contained in any one package shall be deemed to comply with the standard of a grade if at least 95% by weight thereof comply with that standard. Compliance with standard.

- Standard of Grade I onions. 7. Onions graded as Grade I shall comprise only onions which are—
- (a) sound and of similar varietal characteristics;
 - (b) free from doubles, peelers, root growths and sprouts;
 - (c) free from dirt or other foreign matter; and
 - (d) free from blemishes caused by disease, insect injury, sunburn or mechanical damage.
- Standard of Grade II onions. 8. Onions graded as Grade II—
- (a) may include onions which are peelers or doubles and onions with slight blemishes which can be removed by the ordinary process of peeling without appreciable waste over that which would occur if the onions were perfect; and
 - (b) shall comprise only onions which are—
 - (i) of similar varietal characteristics; and
 - (ii) free from wet or dry rots, dirt or other foreign matter.
- Standard of Large grade onions. 9. Onions graded as Large shall comprise only onions which are—
- (a) sound and of similar varietal characteristics;
 - (b) free from doubles, peelers, root growths and sprouts;
 - (c) free from dirt or other foreign matter;
 - (d) free from blemishes caused by disease, insect injury, sunburn or mechanical damage; and
 - (e) more than 75 millimetres in diameter.
- Standard of pickler grade onions. 10. Onions graded as pickler grade shall comprise only onions which are—
- (a) sound and of similar varietal characteristics;
 - (b) free from doubles, peelers, root growths and sprouts;
 - (c) free from dirt or other foreign matter; and
 - (d) free from blemishes caused by disease, insect injury, sunburn or mechanical damage.
- Standard of spring onions. 11. Onions graded as spring onions shall comprise onion plants complete with foliage which are—
- (a) free from dirt or other foreign matter; and
 - (b) free from blemishes caused by disease, insect injury, sunburn or mechanical damage.
- Standard of bunched onions. 12. Onions graded as bunched onions shall comprise onion plants complete with foliage which are—
- (a) free from dirt or other foreign matter;
 - (b) free from blemishes caused by disease, insect injury, sunburn or mechanical damage; and
 - (c) bunched for sale.
- Sizes. 13. (1) For the purposes of this Code the diameter of an onion is the greatest transverse measurement of the onion taken at right angles to its axis.
- (2) Onions—
- (a) graded as Grade I or Grade II shall be not less than 45 millimetres nor more than 75 millimetres in diameter;
 - (b) graded as Large shall be more than 75 millimetres in diameter;
 - (c) graded as pickler grade shall be less than 45 millimetres in diameter;
 - (d) graded as spring onions shall have a bulb of not more than 25 millimetres in diameter;
 - (e) graded as bunched onions shall have a bulb of 25 millimetres or more in diameter.
- Packages for onions. 14. (1) Except for spring onions and bunched onions, onions intended for sale shall be packed in new, or clean secondhand bags.
- (2) Bags which have contained organic manures or other deleterious or obnoxious substances shall not be used as containers for onions.
- Packing and marking packages. 15. (1) A package in which onions are sold shall not contain onions of any grade other than the grade specified on the package.
- (2) The package in which onions are sold shall bear a label or other marking specifying in relation to the onions contained therein the following particulars—
- (a) the word "onions";
 - (b) the grade of quality;
 - (c) the name and district of the grower or packer of the onions.
- (3) The size of the characters setting out the particulars required to be marked on any package containing onions being sold shall be—
- (a) if printed on a label—not less than 5 millimetres in height;
 - (b) if stencilled on the package—not less than 20 millimetres in height.

H. D. EVANS,
Minister for Agriculture.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS ACT 1929.

ORANGE GRADING AND PACKING CODE 1983.

MADE by the Minister for Agriculture.

1. This Code may be cited as the Orange Grading and Packing Code 1983. Citation.
2. This Code shall come into operation on 1 October 1983. Commencement.
3. (1) This Code is, subject to subclauses (2) and (3) of this clause, the relevant code under the Agricultural Products Act 1929 for the grading, marking and packing of oranges for sale. Application.
 - (2) Clauses 9 and 10 of this Code do not apply to a retail sale.
 - (3) This Code does not apply where oranges are sold or intended to be sold for the purpose of manufacturing, processing or packing.
4. In this Code, unless the contrary intention appears— Interpretation.

“disfigured” means a condition of the fruit caused by scars, scratches of the skin, cavities, punctures or blemishes, due to insect or fungus pest, hail marks or oil stains and includes excessive navel segments;

“dry” means a condition of the fruit whereby the weight of its juice is less than 33% of the total weight of the fruit when extracted by means of rotating the halves of a freshly divided orange, under moderate hand pressure only, on a conical glass lemon squeezer, and squeezed through a strainer of not less than 12 meshes per centimetre;

“mature” means fruit that has developed an orange flavour in the juice or is in such a condition that the quantity N/10 soda solution required to neutralise the acidity content of 10 cubic centimetres of juice, drawn from the mixed juice of not less than 5 oranges, taken at random from any box or boxes of the same grade of quality of oranges, is not more than 30 cubic centimetres.
5. Mandarins shall be graded according to their quality as Grade I or Grade II. Grades of quality.
6. Oranges graded as Grade I shall comprise only oranges— Standard of Grade I oranges.
 - (a) that are mature, clean, of normal shape for the variety and of a reasonably even orange colour;
 - (b) that are free from disease, excessive bruising or physical injuries that would impair their keeping quality;
 - (c) that are not overripe, dry or shrivelled; and
 - (d) that are not disfigured in excess of 10% of the surface area of each fruit.
7. Oranges graded as Grade II shall comprise only oranges— Standard of Grade II oranges.
 - (a) that are mature, clean and of reasonably normal shape for the variety;
 - (b) that are free from disease, excessive bruising or physical injuries that could impair their keeping quality;
 - (c) that are not overripe or dry; and
 - (d) that are not disfigured in excess of 25% of the surface area of each fruit.
8. (1) For the purposes of this Code the diameter of a mandarin is the greatest transverse measurement of the fruit taken at right angles to the axis passing through the stem of the fruit. Sizes.
 - (2) The minimum diameter for oranges of Grade I or Grade II is 60 millimetres.
 - (3) Notwithstanding anything in this clause, oranges offered for sale shall not be of a size that is less than the diameter specified in any notice in force under section 3D (2) of the Agricultural Products Act 1929.
9. (1) Oranges shall be packed only in a package that is of a type referred to in the Fruit Packages Code 1983 formulated under the Agricultural Products Act 1929. Packages for oranges.
 - (2) The following types of packages set out in the Fruit Packages Code 1983 that are most commonly used for oranges—

Internal dimensions
(in millimetres)

Type of package	Length	Width	Depth
Standard case or carton	450	290	270
Citrus carton—30 litre	415	270	260
Plastic returnable crate—30 litre	555	230	238
Plastic returnable crate—36 litre	400	350	285
Plastic returnable crate—36 litre	470	305	275

- Packing and marking packages. 10. (1) A package in which oranges are sold shall not contain—
- (a) fruit of any other kind;
 - (b) oranges of any variety other than the variety specified on the package;
 - (c) oranges of any grade other than the grade specified on the package.
- (2) The package in which oranges are sold shall bear a label or other marking specifying in relation to the oranges contained therein the following particulars—
- (a) the variety;
 - (b) the grade of quality;
 - (c) the name and district of the grower or packer of the fruit.
- (3) The size of the characters setting out the particulars required to be marked on any package containing oranges being sold shall be—
- (a) if printed on a label—not less than 5 millimetres in height;
 - (b) if stencilled on the package—not less than 20 millimetres in height.
- Display for retail sale. 11. There shall be attached to each display of each variety of oranges exposed for sale by retail a readily visible sign or label, with letters and figures not less than 25 millimetres in height, showing the grade of such oranges to enable the oranges to be identified by the purchaser as being of that grade.

H. D. EVANS,
Minister for Agriculture.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS ACT 1929.

PEACH GRADING AND PACKING CODE 1983.

MADE by the Minister for Agriculture.

- Citation. 1. This Code may be cited as the Peach Grading and Packing Code 1983.
- Commencement. 2. This Code shall come into operation on 1 October 1983.
- Application. 3. (1) This Code is, subject to subclauses (2) and (3) of this clause, the relevant code under the Agricultural Products Act 1929 for the grading, marking and packing of peaches for sale.
- (2) Clauses 8 and 9 of this Code do not apply to a retail sale.
 - (3) This Code does not apply where peaches are sold or intended to be sold for the purpose of manufacturing, processing or packing.
- Grades of quality. 4. Peaches shall be graded according to their quality as Grade I or Grade II.
- Standard of Grade I peaches. 5. Peaches graded as Grade I shall comprise peaches—
- (a) that are clean and well formed;
 - (b) that are free from scratch marks, rub marks, brown sunburn marks, healed injuries, healed insect bites, stings or spray burn;
 - (c) that are not overripe, affected by storage disorder or shrivelled;
 - (d) that are free from disease, broken skins, excessive bruising and physical injuries which would be likely to impair their keeping quality; and
 - (e) that have reached a stage of development that will ensure a proper completion of the ripening process.
- Standard of Grade II peaches. 6. Peaches graded as Grade II shall comprise only peaches—
- (a) that are clean;
 - (b) that are not overripe, affected by storage disorder or shrivelled;
 - (c) that are free from disease, broken skins, excessive bruising and physical injury that would impair their keeping quality; and
 - (d) that have reached a stage of development which will ensure a proper completion of the ripening process.
- Sizes. 7. (1) For the purposes of this Code the diameter of a peach is the greatest transverse measurement of the fruit taken at right angles to the axis passing through the stem of the fruit.
- (2) The minimum diameter for peaches graded as Grade I is 50 millimetres for the variety known as Flordasun and 55 millimetres for all other varieties.
 - (3) The minimum diameter for peaches graded as Grade II is 60 millimetres for all varieties.
 - (4) Notwithstanding anything in this clause, peaches offered for sale shall not be of a size that is less than the size specified in any notice in force under section 3D (3) of the Agricultural Products Act 1929.

8. (1) Peaches shall be packed only in a package that is of a type referred to in the Fruit Packages Code 1983 formulated under the Agricultural Products Act 1929. Packages for peaches.

(2) The following types of packages set out in the Fruit Packages Code 1983 are most commonly used for peaches—

Type of package	Internal dimensions (in millimetres)		
	Length	Width	Depth
Half dump case or carton	450	215	180
Half standard case or carton	450	290	135
Plastic returnable crate—18 litre	555	230	150
Plastic returnable crate—22 litre	465	285	167
Plastic returnable crate—30 litre	555	230	238
Tray single layer	410	335	75
Tray single layer	410	335	90
Tray single layer	500	300	75
Tray single layer	500	300	90
Tray single layer	450	290	75
Tray single layer	450	290	90

9. (1) A package in which peaches are sold shall not contain— Packing and marking packages.

- fruit of any kind;
- peaches of any variety other than the variety specified on the package;
- peaches of any grade other than the grade specified on the package.

(2) The package in which peaches are sold shall bear a label or other marking specifying in relation to the peaches contained therein the following particulars—

- the variety;
- the grade of quality;
- the name and district of the grower or packer of the fruit.

(3) The size of the characters setting out the particulars required to be marked on any package containing peaches being sold shall be—

- if printed on a label—not less than 5 millimetres in height;
- if stencilled on the package—not less than 20 millimetres in height.

10. There shall be attached to each display of each variety of peaches exposed for sale by retail a readily visible sign or label with letters and figures not less than 25 millimetres in height, showing the grade of such peaches to enable the peaches to be identified by the purchaser as being of that grade. Display for retail sale.

H. D. EVANS,
Minister for Agriculture.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS ACT 1929.

PEAR GRADING AND PACKING CODE 1983.

MADE by the Minister for Agriculture.

1. This Code may be cited as the Pear Grading and Packing Code 1983. Citation.

2. This Code shall come into operation on 1 October 1983. Commencement.

3. (1) This Code is, subject to subclauses (2) and (3) of this clause, the relevant code under the Agricultural Products Act 1929 for the grading, marking and packing of pears for sale. Application.

(2) Clauses 10 and 11 of this Code do not apply to a retail sale.

(3) This Code does not apply where pears are sold or intended to be sold for the purpose of manufacturing, processing or packing.

4. In this Code, unless the context otherwise requires—

“diameter”, in relation to the size of a pear, means the greatest transverse measurement of a pear taken at right angles to the axis passing through the stem of the fruit; Interpretation.

“mature” means if—

- being a pear of the Bartlett variety it is—
 - 60 millimetres or more in diameter and has been picked on or after 1 January; or
 - less than 60 millimetres in diameter and has been picked on or after 31 January, in the season in which it is grown; or
- being a pear of any variety other than the Bartlett variety, it has been harvested at a stage which will ensure that the normal ripening process will be completed.

5. Pears shall be graded according to their quality as Grade I, Grade II or Grade III. Grades of quality.

- Standard of Grade I pears.
6. Pears graded as Grade I shall comprise pears—
- that are mature, clean and well formed;
 - that are free from disease, excessive bruising, broken skins, brown sunburn marks and physical injuries likely to impair their keeping quality;
 - that are not overripe, shrivelled or affected by storage disorders;
 - on which the area of the surface of any pear affected by blemishes does not exceed the area of a circle of 10 millimetres in diameter; and
 - which may be affected by smooth but not unsightly russet and which in the case of the varieties Bartlett, Packham and Comice, does not affect more than 40% of the surface of each fruit.
- Standard of Grade II pears.
7. Pears graded as Grade II shall comprise pears—
- that are mature, clean and reasonably well formed;
 - that are free from disease, excessive bruising, brown sunburn marks and physical injuries likely to impair their keeping quality;
 - that are not overripe, shrivelled or affected by storage disorders;
 - on which the area of the surface of any pear affected by blemishes does not exceed the area of a circle 15 millimetres in diameter; and
 - which may be affected by russet of any dimension.
- Standard of Grade III pears.
8. Pears graded as Grade III shall comprise pears—
- that are clean;
 - that are free from disease, excessive bruising, broken skins and physical injuries likely to impair their keeping quality;
 - that are not overripe, shrivelled or affected by storage disorders; and
 - that otherwise do not comply with the requirements for Grade I or Grade II.
- Sizes.
9. (1) The minimum diameter for pears—
- graded as Grade I or Grade II is 55 millimetres;
 - graded as Grade III is 65 millimetres.
- (2) Notwithstanding anything in Clause 6, Clause 7 and Clause 8 of this Code, pears offered for sale shall not be of a diameter that is less than the diameter specified in any notice in force under section 3D (1) of the Agricultural Products Act 1929.
- Packages for pears.
10. (1) Pears shall be packed only in a package that is of a type referred to in the Fruit Packaging Code 1983 formulated under the Agricultural Products Act 1929.
- (2) The following types of packages set out in the Fruit Packaging Code 1983 are most commonly used for pears—
- | Type of package | Internal dimensions
(in millimetres) | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| | Length | Width | Depth |
| Half dump case or carton | 450 | 215 | 180 |
| Standard case or carton | 450 | 290 | 270 |
| Pear carton—30 litre | 450 | 285 | 240 |
| Plastic returnable crate—36 litre | 400 | 350 | 285 |
| Plastic returnable crate—36 litre | 470 | 305 | 275 |
| Plastic returnable crate—30 litre | 555 | 230 | 238 |
| Plastic returnable crate—22 litre | 465 | 285 | 167 |
- Packing and marking packages.
11. (1) A package in which pears are sold shall not contain—
- fruit of any other kind;
 - pears of any variety other than the variety specified on the package;
 - pears of any grade other than the grade specified on the package.
- (2) The package in which pears are sold shall bear a label or other marking specifying in relation to the pears contained therein the following particulars—
- the variety;
 - the grade of quality;
 - the name and district of the grower or packer of the fruit.
- (3) The size of the characters setting out the particulars required to be marked on any package containing pears being sold shall be—
- if printed on a label—not less than 5 millimetres in height;
 - if stencilled on the package—not less than 20 millimetres in height.
- Display for retail sale.
12. There shall be attached to each display of each variety of pears exposed for sale by retail a readily visible sign or label, with letters and figures not less than 25 millimetres in height, showing the grade of such pears to enable the pears to be identified by the purchaser as being of that grade.

H. D. EVANS,
Minister for Agriculture.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS ACT 1929.

PLUM GRADING AND PACKING CODE 1983.

MADE by the Minister for Agriculture.

1. This Code may be cited as the Plum Grading and Packing Code 1983. Citation.
2. This Code shall come into operation on 1 October 1983. Commence-
ment.
3. (1) This Code is, subject to subclauses (2) and (3) of this clause, the relevant code under the Agricultural Products Act 1929 for the grading, marking and packing of plums for sale. Application.
 - (2) Clauses 8 and 9 of this Code do not apply to a retail sale.
 - (3) This Code does not apply where plums are sold or intended to be sold for the purpose of manufacturing, processing or packing.
4. Plums shall be graded according to their quality as Grade I or Grade II. Grades of
quality.
5. Plums graded as Grade I shall comprise plums— Standard of
Grade I
plums.
 - (a) that are clean and well-formed;
 - (b) that are free from scratch marks, rub marks, brown sunburn marks, healed injuries, healed insect bites, stings or spray burn;
 - (c) that are not overripe, affected by storage disorder or shrivelled;
 - (d) that are free from disease, broken skins, excessive bruising and physical injuries which would be likely to impair their keeping quality; and
 - (e) that have reached a stage of development that will ensure a proper completion of the ripening process.
6. Plums graded as Grade II shall comprise only plums— Standard of
Grade II
plums.
 - (a) that are clean;
 - (b) that are not overripe, affected by storage disorder or shrivelled;
 - (c) that are free from disease, broken skins, excessive bruising and physical injury that would impair their keeping quality; and
 - (d) that have reached a stage of development which will ensure a proper completion of the ripening process.
7. (1) For the purposes of this Code the diameter of a plum is the greatest transverse measurement of the fruit taken at right angles to the axis passing through the stem of the fruit. Sizes.
 - (2) The minimum diameter for plums graded as Grade I, other than those varieties known as Wilson, Gem and Cherry Plum, is—
 - (a) 50 millimetres in the case of the variety Narrabeen;
 - (b) 45 millimetres in the case of the varieties Wickson, Creswell, Mariposa and Elephant Heart;
 - (c) 40 millimetres in the case of any variety not referred to in this subclause.
 - (3) The minimum diameter of plums graded as Grade II, other than those varieties known as Wilson, Gem and Cherry Plum, is—
 - (a) 55 millimetres in the case of the variety Narrabeen;
 - (b) 50 millimetres in the case of the varieties Wickson, Creswell, Mariposa and Elephant Heart;
 - (c) 45 millimetres in the case of any variety not referred to in this subclause.
 - (4) Notwithstanding anything in this clause, plums offered for sale shall not be of a size that is less than the size specified in any notice in force under section 3D (3) of the Agricultural Products Act 1929.
8. (1) Plums shall be packed only in a package that is of a type referred to in the Fruit Packages Code 1983 formulated under the Agricultural Products Act 1929. Packages for
plums.
 - (2) The following types of packages set out in the Fruit Packages Code 1983 are most commonly used for plums—

Type of package	Internal dimensions (in millimetres)		
	Length	Width	Depth
Half dump case or carton	450	215	180
Half standard case or carton	450	290	135
Plum carton	365	270	185
Plastic returnable crate—18 litre	555	230	150
Plastic returnable crate—22 litre	465	285	167
Plastic returnable crate—30 litre	555	230	238

- Packing and marking packages.
9. (1) A package in which plums are sold shall not contain—
- fruit of any other kind;
 - plums of any variety other than the variety specified on the package;
 - plums of any grade other than the grade specified on the package.
- (2) The package in which plums are sold shall bear a label or other marking specifying in relation to the plums contained therein the following particulars—
- the variety;
 - the grade of quality;
 - the name and district of the grower or packer of the fruit.
- (3) The size of the characters setting out the particulars required to be marked on any package containing plums being sold shall be—
- if printed on a label—not less than 5 millimetres in height;
 - if stencilled on the package—not less than 20 millimetres in height.
- Display for retail sale.
10. There shall be attached to each display of each variety of plums exposed for sale by retail a readily visible sign or label with letters and figures not less than 25 millimetres in height, showing the grade of such plums to enable plums to be identified by the purchaser as being of that grade.

H. D. EVANS,
Minister for Agriculture.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS ACT 1929.

POTATO GRADING AND PACKING CODE 1983.

MADE by the Minister for Agriculture.

- Citation. 1. This Code may be cited as the Potato Grading and Packing Code 1983.
- Commencement. 2. This Code shall come into operation on 1 October 1983.
- Application. 3. (1) This Code is, subject to subclauses (2) and (3) of this clause, the relevant code under the Agricultural Products Act 1929 for the grading, marking and packing of potatoes for sale.
- (2) Clauses 13 and 14 of this Code do not apply to a retail sale.
- (3) This Code does not apply where potatoes are sold or intended to be sold for the purpose of manufacturing, processing or packing.
- Mature potatoes. 4. For the purposes of this Code—
- “mature” means that the outer skin of a potato does not loosen or feather during the ordinary processes of handling.
- Compliance with standard. 5. Potatoes contained in a package shall be deemed to comply with the standard of a grade if 95 per cent by weight thereof comply with that standard.
- Grades of quality. 6. Potatoes shall be graded according to their quality and weight as—
- Grade I;
 - Grade I Large;
 - Grade IA Small;
 - Grade IA Medium;
 - Grade II;
 - New Grade;
 - Seed Grade (Run);
 - Seed Grade (Medium);
 - Seed Grade (Small); or
 - Stock Food.
- Standard of Grade I, Grade I Large, Grade IA Medium, Grade IA Small. 7. Potatoes graded as Grade I, Grade I Large, Grade IA Medium or Grade IA Small shall comprise only potatoes—
- that are of one variety, sound, mature and have an appearance which is normal for the variety, taking into account the area of production and the crop year;
 - that are free from decay, effects of adverse weather, soft rot, glassy end, greening from exposure;
 - that are free from any damage from disease, insects, mechanical or other injury not removable by the ordinary process of peeling; and
 - that are reasonably free from dirt and foreign matter, sprouting, deterioration from storage, second growth and other abnormal conditions.

8. Potatoes graded as Grade II shall comprise only potatoes— Standard of Grade II.
- (a) that are of one variety and mature;
 - (b) that are free from decay, greening, sunburn, damage from soft rots;
 - (c) that are reasonably free from dirt or other foreign matter, sprouting and deterioration from storage; and
 - (d) that may be affected with second growth, disease, insect damage, growth cracks and mechanical damage if the parts affected can be removed by peeling without appreciable loss.
9. Potatoes graded as New Grade shall comprise only potatoes— Standard of New Grade.
- (a) that are of one variety, sound and have an appearance which is normal for the variety, taking into account the area of production and the crop year;
 - (b) that do not have a mature skin;
 - (c) that are free from decay, effects of adverse weather, soft rot, glassy end, greening from exposure;
 - (d) that are free from any damage from disease, insects, mechanical or other injury not removable by the ordinary process of peeling; and
 - (e) that are reasonably free from dirt and foreign matter, sprouting, deterioration from storage, second growth and other abnormal conditions.
10. Potatoes graded as Seed Grade (Run), Seed Grade (Medium) or Seed Grade (Small) shall consist of sound potatoes suitable for planting and which are of one variety and reasonably free from dirt or other foreign matter, digging injury, second growth or damage caused by disease, sunburn or insects. Standard of Seed Grade.
11. Potatoes graded as "Stock food" shall consist of potatoes intended for stock food and not for human consumption. Standard of Stock Food Grade.
12. Potatoes graded as— Weights.
- (a) Grade I shall weigh not less than 80 grams nor more than 450 grams each;
 - (b) Grade I Large shall weigh not less than 340 grams each;
 - (c) Grade IA Medium shall weigh not less than 100 grams nor more than 170 grams each;
 - (d) Grade IA Small shall weigh not less than 45 grams nor more than 100 grams each;
 - (e) Grade II shall weigh not less than 70 grams each;
 - (f) New Grade shall weigh not less than 35 grams each;
 - (g) Seed Grade (Run) shall weigh not less than 35 grams each;
 - (h) Seed Grade (Medium) shall weigh not less than 35 grams each nor more than 350 grams each;
 - (i) Seed Grade (Small) shall weigh not less than 35 grams nor more than 70 grams each.
13. (1) Except for Seed Grade, potatoes shall be packed only in— Packages for potatoes.
- (a) new bags; or
 - (b) clean secondhand bags; or
 - (c) clean bulk bins.
- (2) Seed Grade potatoes shall be packed in—
- (a) new bags; or
 - (b) clean bulk bins.
- (3) Bags which have contained organic manures or other deleterious or obnoxious substance shall not be used as containers for potatoes intended for sale.
14. (1) A package in which potatoes are sold shall not contain potatoes of any grade other than the grade specified on the package. Marking of packages.
- (2) The package in which potatoes are sold shall bear a label or other marking specifying in relation to the potatoes contained therein the following particulars—
- (a) the word "potatoes";
 - (b) the grade of quality;
 - (c) the name and district of the grower or packer of the potatoes.
- (3) The size of the characters setting out the particulars required to be marked on any package containing potatoes being sold shall be—
- (a) if printed on a label—not less than 5 millimetres in height;
 - (b) if stencilled on the package—not less than 20 millimetres in height.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS ACT 1929.

EGG GRADING AND PACKING CODE 1983.

MADE by the Minister for Agriculture.

- Citation. 1. This Code may be cited as the Egg Grading and Packing Code 1983.
- Commencement. 2. This Code shall come into operation on 1 October 1983.
- Application. 3. This Code is the relevant code under the Agricultural Products Act 1929 for the grading, marking and packing of eggs for sale.
- Interpretation. 4. In this Code unless the context otherwise requires—
 "Board" means the Western Australian Egg Marketing Board constituted under the Marketing of Eggs Act 1945;
 "clean" means clean in the opinion of an inspector or reasonably free from dirt, foreign matter or stain;
 "eggs" means hen eggs and duck eggs produced in Western Australia to be sold or intended for sale for human consumption in Western Australia, or in any other State of Australia, and includes hen eggs and duck eggs imported into Western Australia and which are to be sold or intended for sale in Western Australia;
 "Schedule" means the schedule to this Code.
- Eggs unfit for human consumption. 5. Any egg which contains meat or a blood spot or which, in the opinion of an inspector, is not fit for human consumption shall be deemed to be unfit for human consumption.
- Eggs to be graded, marked and packed. 6. (1) All eggs shall be graded, marked and packed in accordance with this Code.
 (2) The requirements of subclause (1) of this clause do not apply in relation to eggs—
 (a) that are intended to be sold or delivered to the Board; or
 (b) that are intended to be sold to a purchaser who is authorized under the Agricultural Products (Egg Grading and Packing) Regulations 1972 to grade those eggs,
 until such time as those eggs are delivered to the Board or that purchaser, as the case may be.
- Grades of quality. 7. Eggs shall be graded according to their quality as First Quality or Second Quality.
- Standard of First Quality eggs. 8. First Quality eggs shall comprise eggs—
 (a) that have shells that are clean, uncracked, reasonably free from stain, and not thin or misshapen; and
 (b) that when candled appear—
 (i) to be free from blood spots;
 (ii) to have yolks that are translucent or faintly visible;
 (iii) to have whites that are translucent and firm; and
 (iv) to have air cells that are slightly tremulous and not more than 5 millimetres in depth.
- Standard of Second Quality eggs. 9. Second Quality eggs shall comprise eggs that do not fall within the standard of First Quality eggs but are fit for human consumption.
- Weight grading of hen eggs. 10. In addition to being graded as First Quality or Second Quality, hen eggs shall be graded by weight as follows—
 (a) Grade 1 (a) which shall be known as "First Grade 65 gram Hen" and which shall consist of First Quality hen eggs each of which weighs not less than 65 grams;
 (b) Grade 1 (b) which shall be known as "First Grade 60 gram Hen" and which shall consist of First Quality hen eggs each of which weighs not less than 60 grams but less than 65 grams;
 (c) Grade 1 (c) which shall be known as "First Grade 55 gram Hen" and which shall consist of First Quality hen eggs each of which weighs not less than 55 grams but less than 60 grams;
 (d) Grade 1 (d) which shall be known as "First Grade 50 gram Hen" and which shall consist of First Quality hen eggs each of which weighs not less than 50 grams but less than 55 grams;
 (e) Grade 1 (e) which shall be known as "First Grade 45 gram Hen" and which shall consist of First Quality hen eggs each of which weighs not less than 45 grams but less than 50 grams;
 (f) Grade 2 which shall be known as "Second Grade Hen" and which shall consist of First Quality hen eggs each of which weighs less than 45 grams, and of Second Quality hen eggs.

11. In addition to being graded as First Quality or Second Quality, duck eggs shall be graded as follows— Weight grading of duck eggs.
- (a) Grade 1 which shall be known as "First Grade Duck" and which shall consist of First Quality duck eggs each of which weighs not less than 55 grams;
 - (b) Grade 2 which shall be known as "Second Grade Duck" and which shall consist of First Quality duck eggs each of which weighs less than 55 grams, and of Second Quality duck eggs.
12. Hen eggs shall be marked as follows— Marking of hen eggs.
- (a) each First Grade Hen egg shall be marked with the grading licence number allocated to the person grading the egg under the Agricultural Products (Egg Grading and Packing) Regulations 1972 in accordance with the description relating to Figure 1 in the Schedule;
 - (b) each Second Grade Hen egg shall be marked in the form of Figure 2 in the Schedule and in accordance with the description relating to this figure.
13. Duck eggs shall be marked as follows— Marking of duck eggs.
- (a) each First Grade Duck egg shall be marked in the form of Figure 3 in the Schedule and in accordance with the description relating to that figure;
 - (b) each Second Grade Duck egg shall be marked in the form of Figure 4 in the Schedule and in accordance with the description relating to that figure.
14. (1) The package in which hen eggs, other than those graded and packed by the Board, are sold shall bear a label or other marking specifying in relation to the eggs contained therein the following particulars— Marking of packages.
- (a) the identity of the person who graded and packed the eggs;
 - (b) the grade of quality and weight.
- (2) The package in which First Quality hen eggs graded and packed by the Board are sold shall bear a label or other marking specifying in relation to the eggs contained therein the following particulars—
- (a) the appropriate trading name;
 - (b) the weight grade.
- (3) The package in which Second Quality hen eggs graded and packed by the Board are sold shall bear a label or other marking specifying in relation to the eggs contained therein the following particulars—
- (a) the appropriate trading name;
 - (b) the grade of quality and weight.
- (4) The package in which duck eggs are sold shall bear a label or other marking specifying in relation to the eggs contained therein the following particulars—
- (a) the identity of the person who graded and packed the eggs;
 - (b) the grade of quality and weight.
15. (1) Eggs which have not been marked in accordance with this Code shall not be packed in the same package as eggs so marked. Other provisions as to packing of eggs.
- (2) Eggs, whether intended for cold storage or not, shall not be packed in any package which is unclean or which is contaminated by contact or otherwise with any deleterious substance.
16. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Code, eggs graded, marked and packed for export in conformity with any law of the Commonwealth and in accordance with the requirements of the Commonwealth Department of Primary Industry shall be deemed to be graded, marked and packed in accordance with this Code. Eggs for export.

Schedule.

Figure 1.—First Grade Hen Eggs

Clauses 12, 13.

Description—the numerals, being the grading licence number allocated under the Agricultural Products (Egg Grading and Packing) Regulations 1972 to the person grading the egg, shall be 12 point gill sans medium.

Schedule—*continued*

Figure 2.—Second Grade Hen Eggs

$$\frac{2}{001}$$

Description—the upper numeral signifying Second Quality and the lower numerals indicating the grading licence number allocated under the Agricultural Products (Egg Grading and Packing) Regulations 1972 shall be 12 point gill sans medium.

Figure 3.—First Grade Duck Eggs

$$\frac{D}{001}$$

Description—the upper letter signifying First Quality Duck Egg and the lower numerals indicating the grading licence number allocated under the Agricultural Products (Egg Grading and Packing) Regulations 1972 shall be 12 point gill sans medium.

Figure 4.—Second Grade Duck Eggs

$$\frac{D2}{001}$$

Description—the upper letter and numeral signifying Second Quality Duck Egg and the lower numerals indicating the grading licence number allocated under the Agricultural Products (Egg Grading and Packing) Regulations 1972 shall be 12 point gill sans medium.

H. D. EVANS,
Minister for Agriculture.