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LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1995

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**CITY OF ROCKINGHAM**

**LOCAL GOVERNMENT  
PROPERTY LOCAL LAW 2001**



**LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1995**

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**LOCAL GOVERNMENT PROPERTY LOCAL LAW 2001**

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**LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1995**

## CITY OF ROCKINGHAM

**LOCAL GOVERNMENT PROPERTY LOCAL LAW 2001**

Under the powers conferred by the *Local Government Act 1995* and under all other powers enabling it, the Council of the City of Rockingham resolved on 29 May 2001 to make the following local law.

**PART 1—PRELIMINARY****1.1 Citation**

This local law may be cited as the City of Rockingham Local Government Property Local Law 2001.

**1.2 Definitions**

In this local law unless the context otherwise requires—

“**Act**” means the *Local Government Act 1995*;

“**applicant**” means a person who applies for a permit under clause 3.2;

“**attendant**” means an officer or employee of the local government authorised to perform duties in connection with a public swimming pool or other recreation facility which is local government property;

“**authorised person**” means a person authorised by the local government under section 9.10 of the Act to perform any of the functions of an authorised person under this local law;

“**boat**” means any ship, vessel or structure capable of being used in navigation by water, however propelled or moved, and includes a jet ski;

“**building**” means any building which is local government property and includes a—

- (a) hall or room;
- (b) corridor, stairway or annexe of any hall or room; and
- (c) jetty;

“**CEO**” means the Chief Executive Officer of the local government;

“**commencement day**” means the day on which this local law comes into operation;

“**Council**” means the council of the local government;

“**date of publication**” means, where local public notice is required to be given of a matter under this local law, the date on which notice of the matter is published in a newspaper circulating generally throughout the district;

“**determination**” means a determination made under clause 2.1;

“**district**” means the district of the local government;

“**function**” means an event or activity characterised by all or any of the following—

- (a) formal organisation and preparation;
- (b) its occurrence is generally advertised or notified in writing to particular persons;
- (c) organisation by or on behalf of a club;
- (d) payment of a fee to attend it; and
- (e) systematic recurrence in relation to the day, time and place;

“**liquor**” has the same meaning as is given to it in section 3 of the *Liquor Licensing Act 1988*;

“**local government**” means the City of Rockingham;

“**local government property**” means anything except a thoroughfare—

- (a) which belongs to the local government;
- (b) of which the local government is the management body under the *Land Administration Act 1997*; or
- (c) which is an “otherwise unvested facility” within section 3.53 of the Act;

“**local public notice**” has the meaning given by the Act;

“**Manager**” means the person for the time being employed by the local government to control and manage a public swimming pool area or other recreation facility which is local government property and includes the person’s assistant or deputy;

“**permit**” means a permit issued under this local law;

“**permit holder**” means a person who holds a valid permit;

“**person**” does not include the local government;

“**pool area**” means any swimming and wading pools and spas and all buildings, structures, fittings, fixtures, machinery, chattels, furniture and equipment forming part of or used in connection with such swimming and wading pools and spas which are local government property;

“**premises**” includes a public swimming pool and other recreation facility which is local government property, and all buildings, fences, gardens, car parks, structures, fittings, fixtures, machinery, chattels, furniture and equipment forming part of such a public swimming pool or other recreation facility;

“**recreation facility**” includes spa bath, solarium, sauna, gymnasium and kiosk, stadium, squash court and function room;

“**Regulations**” means the Local Government (Functions and General) Regulations 1996;

“**sign**” includes a notice, flag, mark, structure or other device approved by the local government on which may be shown words, numbers, expressions or symbols;

“**trading**” means the selling or hiring, or the offering for sale or hire of goods or services, and includes displaying goods for the purpose of—

- (a) offering them for sale or hire;
- (b) inviting offers for their sale or hire;
- (c) soliciting orders for them; or
- (d) carrying out any other transaction in relation to them; and

“**vehicle**” includes—

- (a) every conveyance and every object capable of being propelled or drawn on wheels, tracks or otherwise; and
  - (b) an animal being ridden or driven,
- but excludes—
- (c) a wheel-chair or any device designed for use by a physically impaired person on a footpath;
  - (d) a pram, stroller or other similar device; and
  - (e) a boat.

### 1.3 Interpretation

In this local law unless the context otherwise requires a reference to local government property includes a reference to any part of that local government property.

### 1.4 Application

1. This local law applies throughout the district and in the sea adjoining the district for a distance of 200 metres seawards from the low water mark at ordinary spring tides.
2. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this local law, the local government may—
  - (a) hire local government property to any person; or
  - (b) enter into an agreement with any person regarding the use of any local government property.

### 1.5 Repeal

1. The following local laws are repealed—
  - (a) Control and Management of Halls and Equipment and Property under the Control of Council, published in the *Government Gazette* on 18 January 1967 and amendments;
  - (b) Reserves and Foreshores, published in the *Government Gazette* on 12 December 1997;
  - (c) Safety, Decency, Convenience and Comfort of Persons in Respect of Bathing, published in the *Government Gazette* on 31 March 1965 and amendments;
  - (d) Jetties, published in the *Government Gazette* on 31 March 1994;
  - (e) Millar Road Refuse and Recycling Facility, published in the *Government Gazette* on 29 April 1994;
  - (f) Prevention of Damage to Footpaths, published in the *Government Gazette* on 15 July 1970;
  - (g) Swimming Pools, published in the *Government Gazette* on 2 March 1973 and Amendments.

### 1.6 Continued policies

Where a policy was made or adopted by the local government under or in relation to a local law repealed by this local law, then the policy is taken to continue or to have continued under the relevant replacement provisions of this local law.

## PART 2—DETERMINATIONS IN RESPECT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT PROPERTY

### *Division 1—Determinations*

#### 2.1 Determinations as to use of local government property

1. The local government may make a determination in accordance with clause 2.2—
  - (a) setting aside specified local government property for the pursuit of all or any of the activities referred to in clause 2.7;

- (b) prohibiting a person from pursuing all or any of the activities referred to in clause 2.8 on specified local government property;
  - (c) as to the matters in clauses 2.7(2) and 2.8(2); and
  - (d) as to any matter ancillary or necessary to give effect to a determination.
2. The determinations may be amended or revoked in accordance with clause 2.6.

### **2.2 Procedure for making a determination**

1. The local government is to give local public notice of its intention to make a determination.
2. The local public notice referred to in subclause (1) is to state that—
  - (a) the local government intends to make a determination, the purpose and effect of which is summarised in the notice;
  - (b) a copy of the proposed determination may be inspected and obtained from the offices of the local government; and
  - (c) submissions in writing about the proposed determination may be lodged with the local government within 21 days after the date of publication.
3. If no submissions are received in accordance with subclause (2)(c), the Council is to decide to—
  - (a) give local public notice that the proposed determination has effect as a determination on and from the date of publication;
  - (b) amend the proposed determination, in which case subclause (5) will apply; or
  - (c) not continue with the proposed determination.
4. If submissions are received in accordance with subclause (2)(c) the Council is to—
  - (a) consider those submissions; and
  - (b) decide—
    - (i) whether or not to amend the proposed determination; or
    - (ii) not to continue with the proposed determination.
5. If the Council decides to amend the proposed determination, it is to give local public notice—
  - (a) of the effect of the amendments; and
  - (b) that the proposed determination has effect as a determination on and from the date of publication.
6. If the Council decides not to amend the proposed determination, it is to give local public notice that the proposed determination has effect as a determination on and from the date of publication.
7. A proposed determination is to have effect as a determination on and from the date of publication of the local public notice referred to in subclauses (3), (5) and (6).
8. A decision under subclause (3) or (4) is not to be delegated by the Council.

### **2.3 Discretion to erect sign**

The local government may erect a sign on local government property to give notice of the effect of a determination which applies to that property.

### **2.4 Determination to be complied with**

A person shall comply with a determination.

### **2.5 Register of determinations**

1. The local government is to keep a register of determinations made under clause 2.1, and of any amendments to or revocations of determinations made under clause 2.6.
2. Sections 5.94 and 5.95 of the Act are to apply to the register referred to in subclause (1) and for that purpose the register is to be taken to be information within section 5.94(u)(i) of the Act.

### **2.6 Amendment or revocation of a determination**

1. The Council may amend or revoke a determination.
2. The provisions of clause 2.2 are to apply to an amendment of a determination as if the amendment were a proposed determination.
3. If the Council revokes a determination it is to give local public notice of the revocation and the determination is to cease to have effect on the date of publication.

#### *Division 2—Activities which may be pursued or prohibited under a determination*

### **2.7 Activities which may be pursued on specified local government property**

1. A determination may provide that specified local government property is set aside as an area on which a person may—
  - (a) bring, ride or drive an animal;
  - (b) take, ride or drive a vehicle, or a particular class of vehicle;
  - (c) fly or use a motorised model aeroplane;
  - (d) use a children's playground provided that the person is under an age specified in the determination, but the determination is not to apply to a person having the charge of a person under the specified age;



- (e) launch, beach or leave a boat;
  - (f) take or use a boat, or a particular class of boat;
  - (g) deposit refuse, rubbish or liquid waste, whether or not of particular classes, and whether or not in specified areas of that local government property;
  - (h) play or practice—
    - (i) golf or archery;
    - (ii) pistol or rifle shooting, but subject to the compliance of that person with the *Firearms Act 1973*; or
    - (iii) a similar activity, specified in the determination, involving the use of a projectile which, in the opinion of the local government may cause injury or damage to a person or property;
  - (i) ride a bicycle, a skateboard, rollerblades, a sandboard or a similar device; and
  - (j) wear no clothing.
2. A determination may specify the extent to which and the manner in which an activity referred to in subclause (1) may be pursued and in particular—
- (a) the days and times during which the activity may be pursued;
  - (b) that an activity may be pursued on a class of local government property, specified local government property or all local government property;
  - (c) that an activity is to be taken to be prohibited on all local government property other than that specified in the determination;
  - (d) may limit the activity to a class of vehicles, boats, equipment or things, or may extend it to all vehicles, boats, equipment or things;
  - (e) may specify that the activity can be pursued by a class of persons or all persons; and
  - (f) may distinguish between different classes of the activity.

### **2.8 Activities which may be prohibited on specified local government property**

1. A determination may provide that a person is prohibited from pursuing all or any of the following activities on specified local government property—

- (a) smoking on premises;
  - (b) riding a bicycle, a skateboard, rollerblades, a sandboard or a similar device;
  - (c) taking, riding or driving a vehicle on the property or a particular class of vehicle;
  - (d) riding or driving a vehicle of a particular class or any vehicle above a specified speed;
  - (e) taking or using a boat, or a particular class of boat;
  - (f) the playing or practice of—
    - (i) golf, archery, pistol shooting or rifle shooting; or
    - (ii) a similar activity, specified in the determination, involving the use of a projectile which, in the opinion of the local government may cause injury or damage to a person or property;
  - (g) the playing or practice of any ball game which may cause detriment to the property or any fauna on the property; and
  - (h) the traversing of sand dunes or land which in the opinion of the local government has environmental value warranting such protection, either absolutely or except by paths provided for that purpose.
2. A determination may specify the extent to which and the manner in which a person is prohibited from pursuing an activity referred to in subclause (1) and, in particular—
- (a) the days and times during which the activity is prohibited;
  - (b) that an activity is prohibited on a class of local government property, specified local government property or all local government property;
  - (c) that an activity is prohibited in respect of a class of vehicles, boats, equipment or things, or all vehicles, boats, equipment or things;
  - (d) that an activity is prohibited in respect of a class of persons or all persons; and
  - (e) may distinguish between different classes of the activity.

3. In this clause—

“**premises**” means a building, stadium or similar structure which is local government property, but not an open space such as a park or a playing field.

### *Division 3—Transitional*

### **2.9 Signs taken to be determinations**

1. Where a sign erected on local government property has been erected under a local law of the local government repealed by this local law, then it is to be taken to be and have effect as a determination on and from the commencement day, except to the extent that the sign is inconsistent with any provision of this local law or any determination made under clause 2.1.

2. Clause 2.5 does not apply to a sign referred to in subclause (1).

**PART 3—PERMITS***Division 1—Preliminary***3.1 Application of Part**

This Part does not apply to a person who uses or occupies local government property under a written agreement with the local government entitling the person to do so.

*Division 2—Applying for a permit***3.2 Application for permit**

1. Where a person is required to obtain a permit under this local law, that person shall apply for the permit in accordance with subclause (2).
2. An application for a permit under this local law shall—
  - (a) be in the form determined by the local government;
  - (b) be signed by the applicant;
  - (c) provide the information required by the form; and
  - (d) be forwarded to the CEO together with any fee imposed and determined by the local government under and in accordance with sections 6.16 to 6.19 of the Act.
3. The local government may require an applicant to provide additional information reasonably related to an application before determining an application for a permit.
4. The local government may require an applicant to give local public notice of the application for a permit.
5. The local government may refuse to consider an application for a permit which is not in accordance with subclause (2).

**3.3 Decision on application for permit**

1. The local government may—
  - (a) approve an application for a permit unconditionally or subject to any conditions; or
  - (b) refuse to approve an application for a permit; or
  - (c) approve an amended application for a permit in consultation with the applicant.
2. If the local government approves an application for a permit, it is to issue to the applicant a permit in the form determined by the local government.
3. If the local government refuses to approve an application for a permit, it is to give written notice of that refusal to the applicant.

*Division 3—Conditions***3.4 Conditions which may be imposed on a permit**

1. Without limiting the generality of clause 3.3(1)(a), the local government may approve an application for a permit subject to conditions relating to—
  - (a) the payment of a fee;
  - (b) compliance with a standard or a policy of the local government adopted by the local government;
  - (c) the duration and commencement of the permit;
  - (d) the commencement of the permit being contingent on the happening of an event;
  - (e) the rectification, remedying or restoration of a situation or circumstance reasonably related to the application;
  - (f) the approval of another application for a permit which may be required by the local government under any written law;
  - (g) the area of the district to which the permit applies;
  - (h) where a permit is issued for an activity which will or may cause damage to local government property, the payment of a deposit or bond against such damage; and
  - (i) the obtaining of public risk insurance in an amount and on terms reasonably required by the local government.
2. Without limiting clause 3.3(1)(a) and subclause (1), the following paragraphs indicate the type and content of the conditions on which a permit to hire local government property may be issued—
  - (a) when fees and charges are to be paid;
  - (b) payment of a bond against possible damage or cleaning expenses or both;
  - (c) restrictions on the erection of material or external decorations;
  - (d) rules about the use of furniture, plant and effects;
  - (e) limitations on the number of persons who may attend any function in or on local government property;
  - (f) the duration of the hire;
  - (g) the right of the local government to cancel a booking during the course of an annual or seasonal booking, if the local government sees fit;

- (h) a prohibition on the sale, supply or consumption of liquor unless a liquor licence is first obtained for that purpose under the *Liquor Licensing Act 1988*;
- (i) whether or not the hire is for the exclusive use of the local government property;
- (j) the obtaining of a policy of insurance in the names of both the local government and the hirer, indemnifying the local government in respect of any injury to any person or any damage to any property which may occur in connection with the hire of the local government property by the hirer; and
- (k) the provision of an indemnity from the hirer, indemnifying the local government in respect of any injury to any person or any damage to any property which may occur in connection with the hire of the local government property by the hirer.

### **3.5 Imposing conditions under a policy**

1. In this clause—

“**policy**” means a policy of the local government adopted by the Council containing conditions subject to which an application for a permit may be approved under clause 3.3(1)(a).

- 2. Under clause 3.3(1)(a) the local government may approve an application subject to conditions by reference to a policy.
- 3. The local government shall give to the applicant a copy of the policy, or the part of the policy which is relevant to the application for a permit, with the form of permit referred to in clause 3.3(2).
- 4. An application for a permit shall be deemed not to have been approved subject to the conditions contained in a policy until the local government gives the permit holder a copy of the policy or the part of the policy which is relevant to the application.
- 5. Sections 5.94 and 5.95 of the Act shall apply to a policy and for that purpose a policy shall be deemed to be information within section 5.94(u)(i) of the Act.

### **3.6 Compliance with and variation of conditions**

- 1. Where an application for a permit has been approved subject to conditions, the permit holder shall comply with each of those conditions.
- 2. The local government may vary the conditions of a permit, and the permit holder shall comply with those conditions as varied.

#### *Division 4—General*

### **3.7 Agreement for building**

Where a person applies for a permit to erect a building on local government property the local government may enter into an agreement with the permit holder in respect of the ownership of the materials in the building.

### **3.8 Duration of permit**

A permit is valid for one year from the date on which it is issued, unless it is—

- (a) otherwise stated in this local law or in the permit; or
- (b) cancelled under clause 3.12.

### **3.9 Renewal of permit**

- 1. A permit holder may apply to the local government in writing prior to expiry of a permit for the renewal of the permit.
- 2. The provisions of this Part shall apply to an application for the renewal of a permit *mutatis mutandis*.

### **3.10 Transfer of permit**

1. An application for the transfer of a valid permit is to—

- (a) be made in writing;
- (b) be signed by the permit holder and the proposed transferee of the permit;
- (c) provide such information as the local government may require to enable the application to be determined; and
- (d) be forwarded to the CEO together with any fee imposed and determined by the local government under and in accordance with sections 6.16 to 6.19 of the Act inclusive.

2. The local government may, in respect of any application for the transfer of a permit, approve the application, refuse the application or approve the application subject to any conditions.

3. Where the local government approves an application for the transfer of a permit, the transfer may be effected by an endorsement on the permit signed by the CEO.

4. Where the local government approves the transfer of a permit, it is not required to refund any part of any fee paid by the former permit holder.

### **3.11 Production of permit**

A permit holder is to produce to an authorised person her or his permit immediately upon being required to do so by that authorised person.

### 3.12 Cancellation of permit

1. Subject to clause 9.1, a permit may be cancelled by the local government if the permit holder has not complied with a—
  - (a) condition of the permit; or
  - (b) determination or a provision of any written law which may relate to the activity regulated by the permit.
2. On the cancellation of a permit the permit holder—
  - (a) shall return the permit as soon as practicable to the CEO; and
  - (b) is to be taken to have forfeited any fees paid in respect of the permit.

#### *Division 5—When a permit is required*

### 3.13 Activities needing a permit

1. A person shall not without a permit—
  - (a) subject to subclause 3, hire local government property;
  - (b) advertise anything by any means on local government property;
  - (c) erect a structure for public amusement or for any performance, whether for gain or otherwise, on local government property;
  - (d) teach, coach or train, for profit, any person in a pool area or an indoor recreation facility which is local government property;
  - (e) plant any plant or sow any seeds on local government property;
  - (f) carry on any trading on local government property unless the trading is conducted—
    - (i) with the consent of a person who holds a permit to conduct a function, and where the trading is carried on under and in accordance with the permit; or
    - (ii) by a person who has a licence or permit to carry on trading on local government property under any written law;
  - (g) unless an employee of the local government in the course of her or his duties or on an area set aside for that purpose—
    - (i) drive or ride or take any vehicle on to local government property; or
    - (ii) park or stand any vehicle on local government property;
  - (h) conduct a function on local government property ;
  - (i) charge any person for entry to local government property, unless the charge is for entry to land or a building hired by a voluntary non-profit organisation;
  - (j) light a fire on local government property except in a facility provided for that purpose;
  - (k) parachute, hang glide, abseil or base jump from or on to local government property;
  - (l) erect a building or a refuelling site on local government property;
  - (m) make any excavation on or erect or remove any fence on local government property;
  - (n) erect or install any structure on local government property, above or below ground, for the purpose of supplying any water, power, sewer, communication, television or similar service to a person; or
  - (o) depasture any horse, sheep, cattle, goat, camel, ass or mule on local government property.
2. The local government may exempt a person from compliance with subclause (1) on the application of that person.
3. The local government may exempt specified local government property or a class of local government property from the application of subclause (1)(a).

### 3.14 Permit required to camp outside a facility

1. In this clause—

“**facility**” has the same meaning as is given to it in section 5(1) of the *Caravan Parks and Camping Grounds Act 1995*.
2. This clause does not apply to a facility operated by the local government.
3. A person shall not without a permit—
  - (a) camp on, lodge at or occupy any structure at night for the purpose of sleeping on local government property; or
  - (b) erect any tent, camp, hut or similar structure on local government property other than a beach shade or windbreak erected for use during the hours of daylight and which is dismantled during those hours on the day on which it is erected.
4. The maximum period for which the local government may approve an application for a permit in respect of paragraph (a) or (b) of subclause (3) is that provided in regulation 11(2)(a) of the *Caravan Parks and Camping Grounds Regulations 1997*.

### 3.15 Permit required for possession and consumption of liquor

1. A person, on local government property, shall not consume any liquor or have in her or his possession or under her or his control any liquor, unless—
  - (a) it is permitted under the *Liquor Licensing Act 1988*; and
  - (b) a permit has been obtained for that purpose.
2. Subclause (1) does not apply where the liquor is in a sealed container.

*Division 6—Responsibilities of permit holder***3.16 Responsibilities of permit holder**

A holder of a permit shall in respect of local government property to which the permit relates—

- (a) ensure that any authorised person has unobstructed access to the local government property for the purpose of inspecting the property or enforcing any provision of this local law;
- (b) leave the local government property in a clean and tidy condition after its use;
- (c) report any damage or defacement of the local government property to the local government; and
- (d) prevent the consumption of any liquor on the local government property unless the permit allows it and a licence has been obtained under the Liquor Licensing Act 1988 for that purpose.

**PART 4—BEHAVIOUR ON ALL LOCAL GOVERNMENT PROPERTY***Division 1—Behaviour on and interference with local government property***4.1 Behaviour which interferes with others**

A person shall not in or on any local government property behave in a manner which—

- (a) is likely to interfere with the enjoyment of a person who might use the property; or
- (b) interferes with the enjoyment of a person using the property.

**4.2 Behaviour detrimental to property**

1. A person shall not behave in or on local government property in a way which is or might be detrimental to the property.

2. In subclause (1) “detrimental to the property” includes—

- (a) removing any thing from the local government property such as a rock, a plant or a seat provided for the use of any person; and
- (b) destroying, defacing or damaging any thing on the local government property, such as a plant, a seat provided for the use of any person or a building.

**4.3 Taking or injuring any fauna**

1. A person shall not take, injure or kill or attempt to take, injure or kill any fauna which is on or above any local government property, unless that person is authorised under a written law to do so.

In this clause—

“**animal**” means any living thing that is not a human being or flora; and

“**fauna**” means any animal indigenous to or which periodically migrates to any State or Territory of the Commonwealth or the territorial waters of the Commonwealth and includes in relation to any such animal—

- (a) any class of animal or individual member;
- (b) the eggs or larvae; or
- (c) the carcass, skin, plumage or fur.

**4.4 Intoxicated persons not to enter local government property**

A person shall not enter or remain on local government property while under the influence of liquor or a prohibited drug.

**4.5 No prohibited drugs**

A person shall not take a prohibited drug on to, or consume or use a prohibited drug on, local government property.

*Division 2—Signs***4.6 Signs**

1. The local government may erect a sign on local government property specifying any conditions of use which apply to that property.

2. A person shall comply with a sign erected under subclause (1).

3. A condition of use specified on a sign erected under subclause (1) is—

- (a) not to be inconsistent with any provision of this local law or any determination; and
- (b) to be for the purpose of giving notice of the effect of a provision of this local law.

**PART 5—MATTERS RELATING TO PARTICULAR LOCAL GOVERNMENT PROPERTY***Division 1—Public swimming pool areas and recreation facilities***5.1 Premises open to the public**

Any premises may be open for admission to the public during the hours and periods the local government from time to time determines.

**5.2 Setting aside premises for use of certain persons**

Premises or any part of premises, and any facility or equipment therein, may at any time at the discretion of the Manager be set aside for the use of certain person to the exclusion of others.

**5.3 When entry must be refused**

1. A Manager or an authorised person shall refuse admission to, may direct to leave or shall remove or cause to be removed from a public swimming pool area any person who in his or her opinion—
  - (a) is under the age of 8 years and unaccompanied by a responsible person over the age of 16 years;
  - (b) appears to be suffering from any contagious, infectious or cutaneous disease or complaint, unhealed wounds, or is in an unclean condition;
  - (c) is under the influence of liquor or a prohibited drug;
  - (d) has or may have breached any clause in this division of this local law; or
  - (e) is, on the basis of the person's past or present conduct in or about the premises, undesirable.
2. Any person when requested by the Manager or attendant to withdraw from the premises shall immediately do so quietly and peaceably.
3. Any person banned or refused entry to any premises shall be given formal notification of the reasons as determined by the Manager.

**5.4 Persons refused entry may appeal**

1. A person who has been refused admission to any premises or has been requested to leave any premises pursuant to the provisions of this local law and who feels aggrieved may appeal in writing to the CEO.
2. The CEO shall consider the appeal and give such direction in the matter as the CEO thinks fit.
3. The right of appeal given by this local law does not imply any right of action for damages or other remedy against the local government or Manager or an attendant arising out of any refusal of admission or direction to leave any premises.

**5.5 Persons to obey directions of Manager**

Every person using premises shall obey all reasonable directions of the Manager or attendant with regard to such use.

**5.6 Manager or attendant may temporarily suspend admission**

The Manager or an attendant may temporarily refuse admission to any person or remove from premises or any part thereof all or any persons present thereon if, in his or her opinion, it is necessary or desirable, or to protect the comfort and convenience of the other users of the premises and preserve the premises or their contents.

**5.7 Persons to be sufficiently clad**

If a person appears in public who in the opinion of the Manager or attendant is indecently or insufficiently clad, the Manager or attendant may direct that person forthwith to resume the person's ordinary clothing and the person shall forthwith comply with that direction.

**5.8 A person shall not for profit, teach, coach or train without consent**

1. A person shall not for profit teach, coach or train another person in any premises unless with the prior written consent of the Manager which may be given subject to any conditions the Manager thinks fit.
2. Consent under clause (1) may be withdrawn at any time.

**5.9 Prior consent for controlled swimming or diving event, carnival or competition**

1. A person, club, organisation or association shall not conduct any controlled swimming or diving event, carnival or competition without the prior written consent of the Manager.
2. The Manager may grant consent subject to any conditions the Manager thinks fit and may, at any time, withdraw that consent.
3. A person, club, association or organization conducting any event, carnival or competition at any premises is responsible for the conduct of the competitors, officials and spectators during the event, carnival or competition and shall prevent overcrowding and ensure that no damage is done to the buildings or fencing or any other portion of the premises and that provisions of this local law are observed by all competitors, officials and spectators.

**5.10 Lost property**

1. Neither the local government nor the Manager or attendant or other officer or employee of the local government is in any way responsible for any article or money lost or stolen from a person whilst in any premises or for any article damaged or destroyed while in or about the premises.
2. A person who finds within any premises an article which may have been left or lost therein shall immediately deliver it to the Manager or attendant who shall thereupon register a description of the article and all particulars relating thereto in a book to be kept for that purpose.
3. All articles left in any premises and not claimed within a period of three (3) calendar months, shall be delivered by the Manager to a suitable charitable organisation.

**5.11 General provisions**

A person shall not—

- (a) enter any portion of any premises set apart exclusively for the opposite sex except a person under the age of six (6) years;

- (b) without the consent of the occupier, enter or attempt to enter any bathroom or dressing box or other compartment which is already occupied;
- (c) in any way interfere with any other person in or upon any premises or with another person's use thereof nor throw or push, or attempt to throw or push over another person into a swimming pool, spa, sauna or throw any stone, stick or any other matter or thing to the annoyance of another person using the premises;
- (d) play a ball game except with the consent of the Manager or the attendant or do anything which in any way limits the enjoyment of the users of the premises, but nothing herein contained applies to the playing of any games or aquatic sports organised and conducted on any premises by a club, association, organisation or other person at a time and in a manner approved by the Manager;
- (e) permit an animal of which the person is liable for the control to enter or remain in or about any premises;
- (f) enter any premises without having first paid to the Manager or attendant the proper charge for admission (in cash or by the production of a pre-purchased pass or membership card) unless that person is an officer or employee of the local government acting in the course of the person's duties or an official of a club currently using the premises with the authority of the Manager;
- (g) obstruct the Manager or attendant in carrying out their duties;
- (h) enter or depart from any part of any premises except by means of the respective entrances or exits set apart for that purpose;
- (i) dress or undress or remove any part of the person's bathing costume except in a dressing or change room enclosure provided for that purpose;
- (j) appear in public unless properly attired in a costume of such nature as to preserve public decency and to cover the body so to as prevent indecent exposure of the person;
- (k) enter or be in any premises while in an intoxicated condition;
- (l) take into any premises, or have in the person's possession therein, intoxicating liquor, or a glass or metal container, or any illegal drug;
- (m) climb up or upon a roof, fence, wall or partition of any premises;
- (n) in any part of any premises behave in an unseemly, improper, disorderly, riotous or indecent manner or swear or use indecent, obscene, offensive or abusive language or gamble or commit any other misconduct;
- (o) deposit any filth or rubbish in any part of any premises except in a place set aside for that purpose;
- (p) smoke or consume food or drink in any specific area in which smoking or consumption of food or drink is prohibited by notice;
- (q) wastefully use the water or leave a tap dripping in a dressing room or elsewhere in any premises;
- (r) spit or expectorate in a swimming pool or on any part of any premises or in any way commit any nuisance on or in any part of the premises;
- (s) use a substance or preparation whereby the water of a swimming pool or spa may become discoloured or rendered turbid or otherwise unfit for the proper use of bathers;
- (t) foul or pollute the water in a shower, bath or swimming pool, or soil, damage, injure, destroy, use improperly, disfigure or write in or upon a dressing room, closet, compartment or other part of any premises or any furniture or other article of equipment therein;
- (u) damage, improperly use or interfere with a tap, valve, locker or other fitting or appliance in or about any premises;
- (v) whilst suffering from any contagious, infectious or cutaneous disease, or whilst in an unclean condition, enter or use or attempt to enter or use any swimming pool or spa or any other part of any premises;
- (w) soil, defile or damage a towel or bathing costume;
- (x) break, injure, damage or destroy life-saving or other equipment or a locker key or any other property of the local government;
- (y) enter or attempt to enter any premises if the local government has refused the person permission to do so.

#### **5.12 Prescribed fee only to be paid**

A person shall not pay nor shall the Manager or attendant or any other officer or employee of the local government receive any fee for admission to or the use of any facility in any premises except the fee prescribed by this local law.

#### *Division 2—Beaches*

#### **5.13 Powers of surf life saving club members**

1. Subject to subclause (2), the local government may authorise under section 9.10 of the Act the members of a surf life saving club to perform all or any of the following functions in relation to a beach—

- (a) patrol any beach;

- (b) carry out any activity on any beach;
- (c) erect signs designating bathing areas and signs regulating, prohibiting or restricting specified activities on the whole or any part of a beach or in or on the water adjacent to the beach and to direct persons on the beach or in or on the water to comply with such signs;
- (d) temporarily enclose any area with rope, hessian, wire or any other means for the conduct of surf life saving club activities; and
- (e) direct persons to leave the water adjacent to a beach during dangerous conditions or if a shark is suspected of being in the vicinity of a beach.

2. Under subclause (1), the local government shall authorise only those members who have been recommended by the surf life saving club as competent to perform the functions referred to in that subclause and in respect of which they are authorised.

3. Under subclause (1), the local government may authorise members generally, or in relation to particular times, days or months.

#### **5.14 Authorising other persons**

1. A local government may authorise, under section 9.10 of the Act, a person to perform all or any of the functions referred to in clause 5.13(1) in relation to a beach.

2. Under subclause (1), the local government shall authorise only those persons who, in the opinion of the local government, are competent to perform the functions referred to in clause 5.13(1) in respect of which they are authorised.

3. Under subclause (1), the local government may authorise a person generally, or in relation to particular times, days or months.

4. Where the local government has authorised members of a surf life saving club under clause 5.13(1) and a person under subclause (1) in relation to the same beach, so that they can perform all or any of the functions referred to in clause 5.13(1) contemporaneously, the local government is to specify which, if any, authorisation is rendered ineffective when both are exercised.

#### **5.15 Persons to comply with signs and directions**

1. A person shall—

- (a) not act in contravention of any sign erected on a beach under clause 5.13(1)(c);
  - (b) not enter an area which has been temporarily closed with rope, hessian, wire or any other means for the conduct of surf life saving club activities, unless he or she is a member of the club or has obtained permission to enter from the club; and
  - (c) comply with any direction given under clause 5.13(1)(c) or 5.13(1)(e),
- notwithstanding that the sign or the direction was erected or given, as the case may be, by a person referred to in clause 5.14(1).

#### *Division 3—Fenced or closed property*

#### **5.16 No entry to fenced or closed local government property**

A person must not enter local government property which has been fenced off or closed to the public by a sign or otherwise, unless that person is authorised to do so by the local government.

#### *Division 4—Toilet blocks and change rooms*

#### **5.17 Only specified gender to use entry of toilet block or change room**

Where a sign on a toilet block or change room specifies that a particular entry of the toilet block or change room is to be used by—

- (a) females, then a person of the male gender shall not use that entry of the toilet block or change room; or
- (b) males, then a person of the female gender shall not use that entry of the toilet block or change room.

### **PART 6—FEES FOR ENTRY ON TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT PROPERTY**

#### **6.1 No unauthorised entry to function**

1. A person shall not enter local government property on such days or during such times as the property may be set aside for a function for which a charge for admission is authorised, except—

- (a) through the proper entrance for that purpose; and
- (b) on payment of the fee chargeable for admission at the time.

2. The local government may exempt a person from compliance with subclause (1)(b).

### **PART 7—JETTIES**

#### *Division 1—Preliminary*

#### **7.1 Interpretation**

1. This Part only applies to jetties which are local government property.

2. In this Part—

“**jetty**” means any jetty, pier, wharf or landing place which is local government property; and

“**bulk cargo**” means bulk produce, such as grain, coal, oil or mineral ore, which is not packaged.



*Division 2—Consents and fees***7.2 Application for consent and application fee**

1. Where a person is required to obtain the consent of the local government under this Part, the person is to apply for that consent in the manner required by the local government.
2. The local government may require an application for consent made under subclause (1) to be accompanied by a fee.
3. If an application for consent is not made in the manner required by the local government or the fee which is to accompany that application is not paid, the local government may refuse to consider the application for consent.
4. The local government shall give its decision on an application for consent, in writing to the person who applied for that consent.
5. Where a fee is referred to in this Part, the fee must be imposed and determined by the local government under and in accordance with sections 6.16 to 6.19 of the Act inclusive.

*Division 3—Prohibitions on use of jetty***7.3 When use of jetty is prohibited**

A person shall not land at, use or go on any part of a jetty which is—

- (a) under construction or repair; or
- (b) closed,

unless that person has first obtained the consent of the local government.

*Division 4—Mooring boats to jetties***7.4 Method of mooring boat**

A person in control of a boat shall not moor or make fast the boat to a jetty, or to any part of the jetty, except to such mooring piles, ring bolts or other fastenings as are provided.

*Division 5—When boats may remain at jetty***7.5 When boat may remain moored**

A person in control of a boat shall not moor or make fast the boat to a jetty unless—

- (a) the boat is in distress and then only to effect the minimum repairs necessary to enable the boat to be moved elsewhere;
- (b) the embarking or disembarking of passengers is in progress, and then not for a consecutive period exceeding 2 hours without the prior consent of the local government;
- (c) the loading or discharging of cargo or other goods is in progress in accordance with Division 7;
- (d) where the boat is used at that time for commercial purposes, the person has first paid the fee (if any) for such mooring or making fast to the local government; or
- (e) to facilitate sea trials for newly launched vessels for a period as specified and approved by an authorised person.

**7.6 Authorised person may order removal of boat**

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Part, a person in control of a boat moored or fastened to or alongside a jetty shall remove it immediately upon being directed to do so by an authorised person.

*Division 6—Launching of boats***7.7 Restrictions on launching**

A person shall not launch a boat from or over any jetty (other than a boat ramp) unless she or he has first obtained the consent of the local government.

*Division 7—Cargo or other goods***7.8 Loading and discharging**

A person in control of a boat shall not allow the boat to come alongside or be moored or made fast to a jetty for the purpose of loading or discharging cargo or other goods—

- (a) until the cargo or other goods are ready to be loaded or discharged; or
- (b) without the consent of the local government—
  - (i) between the hours of 6.00pm to 6.00am on the next day; or
  - (ii) for longer than 2 consecutive hours.

**7.9 Outgoing cargo not to be stored on jetty**

A person in control of cargo or other goods intended for loading on to a boat shall—

- (a) not allow them to be stored or placed on a jetty unless and until the boat is moored or fastened to or alongside the jetty; and

- (b) load them on to the boat as soon as practicable after the boat is moored or fastened to or alongside the jetty.

#### **7.10 Removal of incoming cargo from jetty**

Any person unloading cargo or other goods from a boat on to a jetty shall remove them, or cause them to be removed from the jetty as soon as practicable, but not later than 6.00pm on the day on which they were placed there.

#### **7.11 Authorised person may direct removal**

An authorised person may direct a person who, in the opinion of the authorised person, is in charge of cargo or other goods which remain on a jetty contrary to any provision of this Part to remove them from the jetty.

#### **7.12 Handling of bulk cargo**

Except with the prior consent of the local government, a person shall not place or deposit bulk cargo from a vehicle, boat or container on to a jetty.

### *Division 8—Polluting surrounding area*

#### **7.13 Polluting surrounding area**

A person shall not tip or deposit anything on to a jetty so as to pollute the surrounding area.

### *Division 9—Fishing from jetties*

#### **7.14 Limitations on fishing**

A person shall not—

- (a) fish from a jetty so as to obstruct or interfere with the free movement of a boat approaching or leaving the jetty or so as to unreasonably interfere with the use of the jetty by any other person; or
- (b) hang or spread a fishing net from, on or over any part of a jetty.

## **PART 8—REFUSE AND RECYCLING FACILITIES**

### *Division 1—Preliminary*

#### **8.1 Interpretation**

1. This part only applies to refuse and recycling facilities which are local government property.
2. In this part—

“**authorised staff member**” means a person employed by the local government and authorised in writing by the Chief Executive Officer to carry out duties and functions at or in respect of a refuse and recycling facility;

“**refuse and recycling facility**” means the property and buildings used for the disposal, treatment and recycling of waste material;

“**Site Controller**” means an authorised officer of the Council charged with the conduct of operations at a refuse and recycling facility and includes any person acting in that position.

### *Division 2—Operation*

#### **8.2 Speed Limit**

A driver of any vehicle within a refuse and recycling facility must at all times observe all speed limit restrictions.

#### **8.3 Obeying Instructions**

Each person within a refuse and recycling facility must obey a lawful instruction given by the Site Controller or an authorised staff member.

#### **8.4 Failure to Obey Instructions**

1. If the Site Controller or an authorised staff member believes on reasonable grounds that a person has failed to—
  - (a) comply with a provision of this local law; or
  - (b) obey a lawful instruction of the Site Controller or an authorised staff member;he or she may direct the person to leave the refuse and recycling facility immediately.
2. A person who fails to comply with a direction under subclause (1) commits an offence.

#### **8.5 Disposal of Waste**

A person must not place or dispose of any waste material at a refuse and recycling facility other than in accordance with a notice or an instruction of the Site Controller or an authorised staff member.

#### **8.6 Removal of Waste**

A person must not remove any waste material from a refuse and recycling facility unless authorised to do so by the Site Controller.

**8.7 Lighting of Fires**

A person must not light, or attempt to light, any fire within a refuse and recycling facility unless authorised to do so by the Site Controller.

**8.8 Damage to Property**

A person must not damage, deface or otherwise interfere with any building, equipment or other property of the local government within or near a refuse and recycling facility.

**8.9 Flora and Fauna**

Unless authorised to do so by the Site Controller, a person must not—

- (a) dig up, remove, damage or otherwise interfere with any flora; or
- (b) trap, chase, worry, remove or otherwise interfere with any fauna.

**8.10 Opening Hours**

1. The local government may from time to time set and alter the hours of operation of a refuse and recycling facility.
2. The hours of operation set under subclause (1) are to be displayed for public information at the public entrance to a refuse and recycling facility.

**8.11 Entry Fee**

1. In this clause the 'prescribed fee or charge' means the relevant fee or charge, or both, payable for admission to a refuse and recycling facility, in the scale of fees and charges determined by the local government from time to time in accordance with Section 6.16 of the Act.

2. Except where authorised by the Chief Executive Officer or an authorised officer, a person must not enter a refuse and recycling facility to dispose of or dump waste without paying the prescribed fee or charge.

**8.12 Hazardous Materials**

1. A person must not dispose of or dump at a refuse and recycling facility any liquid, toxic or hazardous material declared by the Health Department of Western Australia to be of a class which is required to be disposed of and treated at a declared facility suitable for that class of material.

2. If a person disposes of or dumps material in breach of subclause (1)—

- (a) the local government may remove the material and make good any damage caused by its disposal or dumping at a refuse and recycling facility; and
- (b) the costs of removal and making good any damage may be recovered from that person in a court of competent jurisdiction.

**PART 9—OBJECTIONS AND APPEALS****9.1 Application of Division 1, Part 9 of the Act**

When the local government makes a decision as to whether it will—

- (a) grant a person a permit or consent under this local law; or
  - (b) renew, vary, or cancel a permit or consent that a person has under this local law,
- the provisions of Division 1 of Part 9 of the Act and regulations 33 and 34 of the Regulations apply to that decision.

**PART 10—MISCELLANEOUS****10.1 Authorised person to be obeyed**

A person on local government property shall obey any lawful direction of an authorised person and shall not in any way obstruct or hinder an authorised person in the execution of her or his duties.

**10.2 Persons may be directed to leave local government property**

An authorised person may direct a person to leave local government property where she or he reasonably suspects that the person has contravened a provision of any written law.

**10.3 Disposal of lost property**

An article left on any local government property, and not claimed within a period of 3 months, may be disposed of by the local government in any manner it thinks fit.

**10.4 Liability for damage to local government property**

1. Where a person unlawfully damages local government property, the local government may by notice in writing to that person require that person within the time required in the notice to, at the option of the local government, pay the costs of—

- (a) reinstating the property to the state it was in prior to the occurrence of the damage; or
- (b) replacing that property.

2. Unless there is proof to the contrary, a person is to be taken to have damaged local government property within the meaning of subclause (1) where—
  - (a) a vehicle or a boat caused the damage, the person was the person responsible, at the time the damage occurred, for the control of the vehicle or the boat; or
  - (b) the damage occurred under a permit, the person is the holder of that permit.
3. Where a person fails to comply with a notice issued under subclause (1), the local government may recover the costs referred to in the notice as a debt due to it.

## **PART 11—ENFORCEMENT**

### *Division 1—Notices given under this local law*

#### **11.1 Offence to fail to comply with notice**

Whenever the local government gives a notice under this local law requiring a person to do any thing and that person fails to comply with the notice, that person commits an offence.

#### **11.2 Local government may undertake requirements of notice**

Where a person fails to comply with a notice referred to in clause 11.1, the local government may do the thing specified in the notice and recover from the person to whom the notice was given, as a debt, the costs incurred in so doing.

### *Division 2—Offences and penalties*

#### *Subdivision 1—General*

#### **11.3 Offences and general penalty**

1. Any person who fails to do anything required or directed to be done under this local law, or who does anything which under this local law that person is prohibited from doing, commits an offence.
2. Any person who commits an offence under this local law is liable, upon conviction, to a penalty not exceeding \$5,000, and if the offence is of a continuing nature, to an additional penalty not exceeding \$500 for each day or part of a day during which the offence has continued.

#### *Subdivision 2—Infringement notices and modified penalties*

#### **11.4 Prescribed offences**

1. An offence against a clause specified in Schedule 1 is a prescribed offence for the purposes of section 9.16(1) of the Act.
2. The amount of the modified penalty for a prescribed offence is that specified adjacent to the clause in Schedule 1.
3. For the purpose of guidance only, before giving an infringement notice to a person in respect of the commission of a prescribed offence, an authorised person should be satisfied that—
  - (a) commission of the prescribed offence is a relatively minor matter; and
  - (b) only straightforward issues of law and fact are involved in determining whether the prescribed offence was committed, and the facts in issue are readily ascertainable.

#### **11.5 Form of notices**

1. For the purposes of this local law—
  - (a) where a vehicle is involved in the commission of an offence, the form of the notice referred to in section 9.13 of the Act is that of Form 1 in Schedule 1 of the Regulations;
  - (b) the form of the infringement notice given under section 9.16 of the Act is that of Form 2 in Schedule 1 of the Regulations; and
  - (c) the form of the notice referred to in section 9.20 of the Act is that of Form 3 in Schedule 1 of the Regulations.
2. Where an infringement notice is given under section 9.16 of the Act in respect of an alleged offence against clause 2.4, the notice is to contain a description of the alleged offence.

### *Division 3—Evidence in legal proceedings*

#### **11.6 Evidence of a determination**

1. In any legal proceedings, evidence of a determination may be given by tendering the register referred to in clause 2.5 or a certified copy of an extract from the register.
2. It is to be presumed, unless the contrary is proved, that the determination was properly made and that every requirement for it to be made and have effect has been satisfied.
3. Subclause (2) does not make valid a determination that has not been properly made.

**Schedule 1**  
**PRESCRIBED OFFENCES**

| Clause  | Description  | Modified<br>Penalty<br>\$ |
|---------|--|---------------------------|
| 2.4     | Failure to comply with determination   | 100                       |
| 3.6     | Failure to comply with conditions of permit  | 100                       |
| 3.13(1) | Failure to obtain a permit   | 100                       |
| 3.14(3) | Failure to obtain permit to camp outside a facility  | 100                       |
| 3.15(1) | Failure to obtain permit for liquor  | 100                       |
| 3.16    | Failure of permit holder to comply with responsibilities   | 100                       |
| 4.2(1)  | Behaviour detrimental to property  | 100                       |
| 4.4     | Under influence of liquor or prohibited drug   | 100                       |
| 4.6(2)  | Failure to comply with sign on local government property   | 100                       |
| 5.15    | Failure to comply with sign or direction on beach  | 100                       |
| 5.16    | Unauthorised entry to fenced or closed local government property   | 100                       |
| 5.17    | Gender not specified using entry of toilet block or change room  | 100                       |
| 6.1(1)  | Unauthorised entry to function on local government property  | 100                       |
| 7.3     | Unauthorised use of any part of jetty which is closed or under repair or construction                                    | 100                       |
| 7.4     | Mooring of boats in unauthorised manner  | 100                       |
| 7.5     | Unauthorised mooring of a boat to jetty  | 100                       |
| 7.6     | Failure to remove moored boat on direction of authorised person  | 100                       |
| 7.7     | Launching of boat from jetty without consent   | 100                       |
| 7.8     | Mooring when not ready to load or discharge cargo, at times not permitted or for longer than permitted                   | 100                       |
| 7.9     | Unlawful storing of goods on jetty   | 100                       |
| 7.10    | Removing goods from jetty during other than permitted hours  | 100                       |
| 7.11    | Failure to remove cargo on jetty on direction of authorised person   | 100                       |
| 7.12    | Unauthorised deposit of bulk cargo on jetty  | 100                       |
| 7.14    | Fishing from jetty so as to obstruct a boat or another person  | 100                       |
| 8.4     | Failure to obey instructions of the Site Controller or an authorised person  | 100                       |
| 8.5     | Disposal of waste not in accordance with a notice or an instruction of the Site Controller or an authorised staff member | 100                       |
| 8.6     | Unauthorised removal of waste material   | 100                       |
| 8.7     | Unauthorised lighting of fires   | 100                       |
| 8.8     | Damaging property  | 100                       |
| 8.9     | Unauthorised removal of flora or fauna   | 100                       |
| 11.1    | Failure to comply with notice  | 200                       |

Dated 20 June 2001

The Common Seal of the City of Rockingham was affixed by authority of a resolution of the Council in the presence of—

C. S. ELLIOTT, Mayor.  
G. G. HOLLAND, Chief Executive Officer.





