

Consumer Affairs Act 1971

Compare between:

[24 Oct 2008, 06-a0-01] and [01 Mar 2009, 06-b0-02]



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Western Australia

Consumer Affairs Act 1971

An Act to provide for the protection of the interests of consumers, to establish a Consumer Products Safety Committee, and for incidental and other purposes.

> [Long title amended by No. 21 of 1975 s. 3; No. 90 of 1978 s. 2; No. 110 of 1981 s. 3; No. 1 of 1985 s. 4; No. 57 of 1997 s. 39(1); No. 28 of 2006 s. 71.]

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Part I — Preliminary

1. Short title

This Act may be cited as the Consumer Affairs Act 1971¹. [Section 1 amended by No. 21 of 1975 s. 1(3).]

2. Commencement

This Act shall come into operation on a date to be fixed by proclamation ¹.

[3. <u>Repealed Deleted</u> by No. 110 of 1981 s. 4.]

4. Terms used in this Act

(1) In this Act unless the contrary intention appears —

Commissioner means the person for the time being designated as the Commissioner under section 15;

Committee means the Consumer Products Safety Committee established under section 23E;

consumer means —

- (a) a person who purchases or takes on hire or lease, or is a potential purchaser or hirer or lessee of, or borrows money for the purpose of purchasing, goods otherwise than for resale or letting on hire or leasing;
- (b) a person who uses or is a potential user of, or borrows money for the purpose of using, any service rendered for fee or reward;
- (c) a person who purchases or is a potential purchaser of, or borrows money for the purpose of purchasing, an estate or interest in any land or building otherwise than for resale letting or leasing; or
- (d) a person who becomes a tenant or lessee of, or is a potential tenant or lessee of, any land or building or part

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of a building otherwise than for assignment or underletting;

Department means the department of the Public Service of the State principally assisting the Minister in the administration of this Act;

documents includes books, papers, and accounts, and any written records;

goods includes anything that is the subject of trade, manufacture or merchandise;

section means a section of this Act;

services means services provided by a person in the carrying on of an industrial, commercial, business, profit-making, or remunerative undertaking (including a professional practice), and includes —

- (a) the provision for reward of lodging or accommodation; and
- (b) the entering into by an insurer of, and the provision of rights and benefits under, any contract of insurance, other than a contract of insurance
 - (i) required by the *Workers' Compensation and Injury Management Act 1981*; or
 - (ii) within the meaning of the *Motor Vehicle (Third Party Insurance) Act 1943*.
- (2) Notwithstanding the definition "consumer" in subsection (1), but subject to subsection (2a), a person who carries on a trade or business is not a consumer for the purposes of this Act in respect of or in relation to —
 - (a) goods purchased or taken on hire or lease by him, or of which he is a potential purchaser, hirer or lessee;
 - (b) a service used by him, or of which he is a potential user;
 - (c) an estate or interest in land or a building purchased by him, or of which he is a potential purchaser; or

(d) any land or building or part of a building of which he becomes the tenant or lessee, or is a potential tenant or lessee,

in the course of or for the purpose of the carrying on of that trade or business.

- (2a) A person who carries on an agricultural, apicultural, pastoral, horticultural, orcharding, viticultural or other farming undertaking does not carry on a trade or business for the purposes of subsection (2).
- (2b) On and after the coming into operation of Part 2 of the Legal Practitioners Amendment (Disciplinary and Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1992⁻² the The definition "of services" shall be taken not to include a service to which Part 12 of legal services as defined in the Legal Practice Profession Act 2003 applies 2008.
- (3) References, however expressed, in any other Act or in any regulation, notice, proclamation, or statutory instrument of any kind made, published or in force under this or any other Act to the Commissioner for Consumer Affairs or the Commissioner for Consumer Protection and the Consumer Protection Bureau or the Bureau of Consumer Affairs shall, unless the context requires otherwise, be read and construed as references to the Commissioner for Fair Trading as defined by this Act and the Department as so defined, respectively.

[Section 4 amended by No. 21 of 1975 s. 5; No. 90 of 1978 s. 4; No. 66 of 1980 s. 2; No. 110 of 1981 s. 5; No. 24 of 1983 s. 2; No. 1 of 1985 s. 5; No. 48 of 1992 s. 57; No. 57 of 1997 s. 39(2) and (3); No. 65 of 2003 s. 24(2); No. 42 of 2004 s. 175; No. 28 of 2006 s. 72<u>; No. 21 of 2008 s. 651</u>.]

5. Construction of Act

(1) This Act shall be read and construed as being in addition to and not in derogation of or in substitution for any other Act or rule of law for the time being in force in the State that relates to the

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duty or liability of persons with respect to goods or services supplied to a consumer.

(2) This Act shall be administered by the Minister and, subject to any direction of the Minister, by the chief executive officer of the Department.

[Section 5 amended by No. 21 of 1975 s. 6; No. 1 of 1985 s. 6; No. 57 of 1997 s. 39(4); No. 28 of 2006 s. 73.]

[Part II (s. 6-14) repealed_deleted by No. 110 of 1981 s. 6.]

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Part III — Administrative provisions

[Heading inserted by No. 28 of 2006 s. 74.]

15. Commissioner

- (1) The Minister is required, by notice published in the *Gazette*, to designate a person who is an executive officer of the Department as the Commissioner for the purposes of this Act.
- (2) The Commissioner may be referred to by a title specified by the Minister by notice published in the *Gazette*.
- (3) In this section —

executive officer has the meaning given by section 3(1) of the *Public Sector Management Act 1994*.

[Section 15 inserted by No. 28 of 2006 s. 75.]

[**15A.** Repealed Deleted by No. 28 of 2006 s. 75.]

16. Functions of the Commissioner

- (1) The functions of the Commissioner include
 - (a) to promote the interests of consumers and to assist them to a greater awareness in relation to their assessment and use of goods and services;
 - (b) to collect, collate and disseminate information in respect of matters affecting the interests of consumers;
 - (c) to receive complaints from consumers concerning matters affecting their interests as consumers, to consider and, if the Commissioner considers it warranted, to investigate those complaints and to take such action in respect of those complaints as seems proper to the Commissioner;
 - (d) to receive complaints of fraudulent or deceptive practices in relation to matters that affect or are likely to affect the interests of consumers and to make such

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investigations and inquiries and to take such other action in respect of those complaints as seems proper to the Commissioner;

- (e) to advise and assist consumers who seek from the Commissioner information or guidance on matters affecting their interests as consumers;
- (f) to encourage and undertake the dissemination of information concerning consumer affairs to producers, manufacturers and suppliers of goods or services;
- (g) to perform such other functions as are imposed on the Commissioner by this Act or any other Act.
- (2) Without limiting the generality of subsection (1), the Commissioner is to
 - (a) make such recommendations to the Minister as the Commissioner considers necessary or desirable in the interests of consumers and in particular investigate and make recommendations to the Minister in relation to any matters that concern the need for or desirability of legislative or administrative action in the interests of consumers;
 - (b) advise the Minister on such matters affecting the interests of consumers as the Minister may refer to the Commissioner;
 - (c) make recommendations to the Minister for the establishment and maintenance of means by which
 - (i) matters that affect the interests of consumers and of persons engaged in the production, manufacture, preparation or supply of goods or in commerce or in the provision of services may receive adequate consideration; and
 - (ii) information concerning those matters and considerations may be disseminated at large.

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(3) The Commissioner may cooperate, associate or consult with organisations that have the power to make investigations of the nature referred to in subsection (2)(a).

[Section 16 inserted by No. 28 of 2006 s. 75.]

17. Power of Commissioner to publish warnings about unsatisfactory or dangerous goods and services etc.

- (1) The Commissioner may publish (in any form) a statement identifying and giving warnings or information about any of the following
 - (a) goods that are unsatisfactory or dangerous and persons who supply or are likely to supply those goods;
 - (b) services supplied in an unsatisfactory or dangerous manner and persons who supply or are likely to supply those services;
 - (c) unfair business practices and persons who engage or are likely to engage in those practices;
 - (d) any other matter which adversely affects or may adversely affect the interests of consumers in connection with the acquisition by them of goods or services.
- (2) A statement under subsection (1) may identify particular goods, services, business practices and persons.
- (3) The Commissioner is not to make or issue a statement under this section unless satisfied that it is in the public interest to do so.

[Section 17 inserted by No. 28 of 2006 s. 75.]

18. Power of Commissioner to institute or defend legal proceedings on behalf of consumers

(1) Where after a complaint or matter has been made or referred to the Department the Commissioner is satisfied that a consumer has a cause of action or a good defence to an action and that it is in the public interest or proper so to do, he may, on behalf of the consumer institute legal proceedings against any other person or

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defend any proceedings brought against the consumer, where the amount claimed or involved in either case does not exceed the sum of \$40 000, with a view to enforcing or protecting the rights of the consumer in relation to any infringement or suspected infringement by that other person of those rights or of any of the provisions of any Act or any other law relating to the interests of consumers.

- (2) The Commissioner shall not institute or defend any proceedings pursuant to subsection (1) without first
 - (a) obtaining the written consent of the consumer which once given is irrevocable except with the consent of the Commissioner; and
 - (b) obtaining the written consent of the Minister which may be given subject to such conditions as the Minister thinks fit.
- (3) In relation to any proceedings referred to in subsection (2), the following provisions apply—
 - (a) the Commissioner shall, on behalf of the consumer, have in all respects the same rights in and control over the proceedings, including the right to settle any action or part of any action, as the consumer would have had in the conduct of those proceedings;
 - (b) the Commissioner may, without consulting or seeking the consent of the consumer, conduct the proceedings in such manner as the Commissioner thinks appropriate and proper;
 - (c) any moneys (excluding costs) recovered by the Commissioner shall belong and be paid to the consumer without deduction and any amount awarded against the consumer shall be paid by and recoverable from the consumer, but in all cases the costs of the proceedings shall be borne by or paid to and retained by the Commissioner as the case may require; and

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- (d) if any party to the proceedings files a counterclaim, or if the consumer on whose behalf the proceedings are being defended is entitled to file a counterclaim, and that counterclaim is not related to the cause of action and in no way relates to the interests of the consumer as a consumer, the court hearing the proceedings shall, on the application of the Commissioner, order that the counterclaim be heard separately and that the consumer be a party to the counterclaim in his own right and may make such other orders or give such directions in that behalf as it thinks fit.
- (4) Any money which the Commissioner becomes liable to pay by virtue of this section shall be charged to the Consolidated Account and this Act, without any further appropriation, is sufficient authority for the payment of the money.

[Section 18 amended by No. 21 of 1975 s. 11; No. 1 of 1985 s. 16; No. 17 of 1988 s. 4; No. 6 of 1993 s. 11; No. 49 of 1996 s. 64; No. 77 of 2006 s. 4.]

19. Power of Commissioner to investigate, inquire and obtain information

- (1) For the purposes of carrying out any investigation or inquiry in the course of carrying out his duties under this Act or any other Act, the Commissioner may
 - (a) require any person
 - (i) to give him such information as he requires;
 - (ii) to answer any question put to him,

in relation to any matter the subject of such investigation or inquiry;

- [(b) deleted]
- (c) require the production of any documents relating to any such investigation or inquiry;

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- (d) enter at all reasonable times and search any premises and inspect any documents that he finds thereon and take samples of any stocks of goods and inspect any service carried on therein;
- (e) make a copy or abstract of any document produced to, or inspected by, him in pursuance of this section, or of any entry made therein and in the absence of proof to the contrary any such copy certified as correct by the Commissioner shall be received in all courts as evidence of, and of equal validity as, the original.
- (1a) A requirement made under subsection (1)(a)
 - (a) may be made orally or by notice in writing served on the person required to give information or answer a question, as the case may be;
 - (b) shall specify the time at or within which the information is to be given or the question is to be answered, as the case may be;
 - (c) may, by its terms, require that the information or answer required
 - (i) be given orally or in writing;
 - (ii) be given at or sent or delivered to any place specified in the requirement;
 - (iii) in the case of written information or answers, be sent or delivered by any means specified in the requirement;
 - (iv) be given on oath or affirmation or by statutory declaration for which purpose the Commissioner may administer an oath or affirmation and may witness a statutory declaration.
- (1b) A requirement made under subsection (1)(c)
 - (a) shall be made by notice in writing served on the person required to produce a document;

(b) shall specify the time at or within which the document is to be produced;

- (c) may, by its terms, require that the document required be produced
 - (i) at any place specified in the requirement;
 - (ii) by any means specified in the requirement.
- (1c) Where, under subsection (1)(a), the Commissioner orally requires a person to give any information or answer any question, the Commissioner shall inform that person that he is required under this Act or any other Act to give the information or answer the question, as the case may be.
- (1d) Where under subsection (1)(a) or (c) a person is required by notice in writing to give any information, answer any question or produce any document, the notice shall state that he is required under this Act or any other Act to give the information, answer the question or produce the document, as the case may be.
 - (2) Before entering any premises pursuant to this section the Commissioner or a person authorised by the Commissioner so to do shall —
 - (a) obtain a warrant to do so from a magistrate or justice of the peace which warrant the magistrate or justice of the peace is authorised to issue upon being satisfied that the entry is sought in good faith for the purpose of carrying out any investigation or enquiry under this Act or another Act;
 - (b) display to the person, if any, affording him entry
 - (i) in the case of the Commissioner, a document signed by the Minister and certifying that he is the Commissioner; and
 - (ii) in the case of an authorised person, a document signed by the Commissioner and certifying that that person is an authorised person.

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[Section 19 amended by No. 21 of 1975 s. 12; No. 17 of 1988 s. 5; No. 55 of 2004 s. 140; No. 24 of 2005 s. 63.]

20. Sufficient notice to be given to enable questions etc. to be answered

- (1) A person is not obliged to answer any question or furnish any information pursuant to section 19 unless the Commissioner has reasonable grounds for the belief that such person is able to materially assist in such investigation or enquiry as is mentioned in that section.
- (2) Without prejudice to the provisions of section 11 of the *Evidence Act 1906*, where a person is by virtue of this Act or any other Act required by the Commissioner to
 - (a) give any information;
 - (b) answer any question;
 - (c) produce any document,

he shall not refuse to comply with that requirement on the ground that the information, answer or document may tend to incriminate him or render him liable to any penalty, but the information or answer given, or document produced, by him shall not be admissible in evidence in any proceedings against him other than proceedings in respect of an offence against section 21(1)(b).

[Section 20 amended by No. 21 of 1975 s. 13; No. 17 of 1988 s. 5; No. 55 of 2004 s. 141.]

21. Failure to supply information

- (1) Where under section 19 a person is required by the Commissioner to give any information, answer any question or produce any document and that person, without reasonable excuse —
 - (a) fails to give that information or answer that question at or within the time specified in that requirement;

(b) gives any information or answer that is false in any particular; or

(c) fails to produce that document at or within the time specified in that requirement,

the person commits an offence.

Penalty: \$1 000.

- (2) It is a defence in any proceeding for an offence under subsection (1)(a) or (c) for the accused to show
 - (a) that, in the case of an alleged offence arising out of a requirement made orally under section 19, the Commissioner did not when making the requirement, inform him that he was required under this Act or the other Act that is relevant to give the information or answer the question, as the case may be;
 - (b) that, in the case of an alleged offence arising out of a requirement made by notice in writing under section 19, the notice did not state that he was required under this Act or the other Act that is relevant to give the information, answer the question or produce the document, as the case may be; or
 - (c) that the time specified in the requirement did not afford him sufficient notice to enable him to comply with the requirement.

[Section 21 amended by No. 21 of 1975 s. 14; No. 1 of 1985 s. 11; No. 17 of 1988 s. 5; No. 55 of 2004 s. 142; No. 84 of 2004 s. 82.]

22. Obstructing Commissioner

A person who without reasonable excuse prevents or attempts to prevent the Commissioner from entering premises or otherwise obstructs or impedes the Commissioner in the exercise of his powers under section 19, commits an offence. Penalty: \$200.

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23. Delegation by Commissioner

- (1) The Commissioner may delegate to any other person employed in the Department any power or duty of the Commissioner under a provision of this or any other Act, other than this power of delegation.
- (2) The delegation must be in writing signed by the Commissioner.
- (3) A person to whom a power or duty is delegated under this section cannot delegate that power or duty.
- (4) A person exercising or performing a power or duty that has been delegated to the person under this section is to be taken to do so in accordance with the terms of the delegation unless the contrary is shown.
- (5) Nothing in this section limits the ability of the Commissioner to perform a function through an officer or agent.

[Section 23 inserted by No. 28 of 2006 s. 76.]

23A. Judicial notice

All courts, judges and persons acting judicially shall take judicial notice of the official signature of every person who is for the time being and every person who has at any time been the Commissioner and of the fact that such person holds or has held such office.

[Section 23A inserted by No. 21 of 1975 s. 16.]

Part IIIA — Consumer Products Safety Committee

[Heading inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7.]

Division 1—**Preliminary**

[Heading inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7.]

23B. Terms used in this Part

In this Part, unless the contrary intention appears —

component part in relation to any goods includes an accessory to those goods;

dangerous means likely to cause death or serious injury to the body or health of any person, whether directly or indirectly;

supply in relation to goods, includes supply (including re-supply) by way of sale, exchange, lease, hire, and also includes exhibit, expose or have in possession for the purpose of sale, exchange, lease, hire, or for any purpose of advertisement, manufacture or trade.

[Section 23B inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7; amended by No. 14 of 1996 s. 4.]

23C. Application

- The provisions of this Part shall not apply to goods or component parts which are not intended to be supplied in Western Australia.
- (2) In this section reference to the provisions of an Act includes reference to the provisions of any regulation, local law, by-law, Order in Council, proclamation, declaration and notice, made, given or promulgated under the provisions of that Act.
- (3) Subject to subsection (4), where any provision of this Part or a regulation made under this Part is inconsistent with any provision of an Act specified in the Schedule to this Act, the provision of that Act shall prevail.

page 16 Compare 24 Oct 2008 [06-a0-01] / 01 Mar 2009 [06-b0-02] Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information (4) Where any provision of this Part or a regulation made under this Part is inconsistent with section 338B or 338C of the *Health Act 1911*, the provisions of this Part shall prevail.

[Section 23C inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7; amended by No. 14 of 1996 s. 4.]

23D. Schedule may be amended by regulations

The Governor may make regulations to amend the Schedule to this Act, by deleting reference to any Act specified in that Schedule, or by inserting in that Schedule a reference to any Act which prohibits or regulates the supply of any class or description of goods.

[Section 23D inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7.]

Division 2 — Prohibition or restriction on supply of dangerous goods to consumers

[Heading inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7.]

23E. Consumer Products Safety Committee

- (1) There shall be established a committee to be known as the Consumer Products Safety Committee.
- (2) The Committee shall consist of 7 persons, appointed by the Minister.
- (3) Of the members
 - (a) one shall be an officer of the Department who shall be the Chairman of the Committee; and
 - (b) the remainder shall be persons who in the opinion of the Minister, have expertise in product safety.

[Section 23E inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7; amended by No. 1 of 1985 s. 16.]

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23F. Committee may seek advice

- (1) The Committee may co-opt any person who in its opinion has expertise in product safety in relation to any question referred to it by the Minister or Commissioner pursuant to section 23L, to advise the Committee with respect to that question.
- (2) A person co-opted under subsection (1) shall be entitled to participate in, speak at and vote on any matter arising from or connected with the question for which he was co-opted, at any meeting of the Committee.

[Section 23F inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7.]

23G. Appointment and term of office of members

- (1) A member of the Committee shall be appointed for a term of 3 years.
- (2) On the expiration of any period of appointment, a member of the Committee shall be eligible to be re-appointed.
- (3) A member of the Committee may at any time resign his membership by notice in writing addressed to the Minister.
- (4) The Chairman shall be deemed to have vacated his office as a member of the Committee if he ceases to be an officer of the Department.

[Section 23G inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7; amended by No. 1 of 1985 s. 16; No. 69 of 2006 s. 6.]

23H. Minister may remove members

The Minister may at any time remove a member of the Committee from office, by notice in writing addressed and delivered to that member.

[Section 23H inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7.]

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23I. Deputies

- (1) The Minister may appoint an officer of the Department to be deputy of the Chairman, and in the absence from a meeting of the Chairman, the officer is entitled to attend the meeting and exercise the powers and duties of the Chairman.
- (2) The Minister may appoint a person to be a deputy of a member of the Committee.
- (3) A person appointed to be a deputy of a member of the Committee under subsection (2) is, in the absence of that member, entitled to attend that meeting and when so attending shall be deemed to be a member of the Committee.

[Section 23I inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7; amended by No. 1 of 1985 s. 16.]

23J. Decisions of the Committee

At any meeting of the Committee the decision of a majority of persons present and voting shall be the decision of the Committee.

[Section 23J inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7.]

23K. Remuneration

- (1) There shall be payable to a member of the Committee, a deputy of a member of the Committee and any person co-opted to advise the Committee pursuant to section 23F such remuneration as the Minister may determine.
- (2) Subsection (1) shall not apply to the Chairman or Deputy of the Chairman of the Committee.

[Section 23K inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7.]

23L. References of questions to the Committee

(1) The Minister or Commissioner may refer to the Committee the question as to whether in the interests of the safety of the public,

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the supply of goods of a class or description specified in the reference, or of any particular goods so specified ought, by reason of the goods being dangerous, or by reason of the supply of the goods being dangerous, to be prohibited or allowed only subject to restrictions or conditions.

- (2) The Minister or Commissioner may refer to the Committee the question of whether an order made under section 23R should be revoked or amended.
- (3) Whenever the Minister or the Commissioner refers a question under subsection (1) or (2), he shall cause particulars of the matter to be published in a newspaper circulating in the State.

[Section 23L inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7.]

23M. Committee to report to Commissioner

- (1) The Committee, on reference of any question pursuant to section 23L, shall
 - (a) make investigations with respect to the question;
 - (b) determine what recommendations it should make; and
 - (c) submit a report of the recommendations referred to in paragraph (b) to the Commissioner.
- (2) Where a member of the Committee dissents from a decision of the Committee in respect of a question, the dissent and reasons (if any) shall be included in the report to the Commissioner.

[Section 23M inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7.]

23N. Commissioner to assist investigations

The Commissioner shall, if he is requested to do so by the Committee, give to the Committee to enable it to consider the question —

(a) any information in his possession which relates to the question; and

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(b) any other assistance which the Committee may require, and which it is within his power to give, in relation to the question.

[Section 23N inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7.]

230. Powers of Committee in investigating referred questions

- (1) The Committee, in considering the question
 - (a) may make such investigations as it considers necessary to enable it to make a recommendation with respect to the question;
 - (b) shall take into account any representations made to it by any person who, in its opinion, has a substantial interest in the subject-matter of the question or by any body which, in its opinion, represents a substantial number of persons who have such an interest; and
 - (c) unless in all the circumstances the Committee does not consider that it is reasonably practicable to do so, shall permit any such person or body to be heard orally by the Committee, or by a member of the Committee nominated by the Committee for the purpose.
- (2) The Committee may determine its own procedure for considering any question, and in particular may determine
 - (a) the extent, if any, to which persons interested or claiming to be interested in a question are allowed to be present or to be heard, either by themselves or by their representatives, or to cross-examine witnesses or otherwise participate in the consideration of the question; and
 - (b) the extent, if any, to which the Committee shall hold its proceedings in public.

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(3)	Comn	ermining its procedure under subsection (2), the nittee shall act in accordance with any general direction may be given it by the Minister.	
	[Secti	on 230 inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7.]	
23P.	Attendance of witnesses and production of documents		
(1)	For the purposes of any investigation of a question referred to under section 23L, the Committee may, by notice in writing signed by the by Chairman or by a member of the Committee his behalf —		
	(a)	require any person to attend at a time and place specific the notice and to give evidence to the Committee or to member of the Committee nominated by it for the purp	
	(b)	require any person to produce, at a time and place specified in the notice, to the Committee or to a mem of the Committee nominated by it for the purpose, an goods or documents which are specified or described the notice and which are goods or documents in his custody or under his control and are relevant to the investigation; and	
	(c)	take goods so produced, and cause to be conducted s tests and examinations with respect to them as it considers necessary for the purpose of determining whether or not they may be dangerous.	
(2)	For the purposes of any such investigation the Committee, or member of the Committee nominated by it for the purpose, ma take evidence on oath, and for that purpose may administer oaths.		
(3)	Evide	but prejudice to the provisions of section 11 of the <i>nce Act 1906</i> , where a person is required, pursuant to $ction (1)$ to —	
	(a)	give information;	
	(b)	answer any question;	

(c) produce any goods or documents relevant to the investigation,

he shall not refuse to comply with that requirement on the ground that the information or answer to any question or production of goods or documents relating to the investigation may tend to incriminate him or render him liable to any penalty, but the information or answer given, or goods or documents produced by him, shall not be admissible in evidence in any proceedings against him, other than in proceedings for giving false testimony before the Committee or failing to give information or answer any question, or produce any goods or documents within the specified time.

- (4) Any person who
 - (a) without reasonable excuse, refuses or fails to do anything required of him by a notice under subsection (1); or
 - (b) alters, suppresses or destroys any goods or document which he is required by any such notice to produce,

commits an offence against this Act.

Penalty: \$500.

[Section 23P inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7.]

23Q. Interim orders

(1) Where the Minister or Commissioner refers any question to the Committee under section 23L(1) and the Commissioner believes on reasonable grounds that goods of the class or description, or the particular goods to which the question relates are so dangerous that their supply ought, in the interests of the safety of the public to be prohibited immediately, the Commissioner may make an interim order prohibiting the supply of goods of the class or description specified, or of any particular goods so specified, for a period not exceeding 28 days from the date on which the order is published in the *Government Gazette*.

Consumer Affairs Act 1971		
Part IIIA	Consumer Products Safety Committee	
Division 2	Prohibition or restriction on supply of dangerous goods to consumers	

s. 23Q

(2)	Where in considering a question referred to it pursuant to
	section $23L(1)$, the Committee is of the opinion that goods of
	the class or description or, the particular goods to which the
	question relates are so dangerous that their supply ought, in the
	interests of the safety of the public to be prohibited
	immediately, notwithstanding that the Committee has not fully
	considered the question, the Committee may recommend to the
	Commissioner that he make an interim order with respect to
	those goods.

- (3) Without limiting subsection (1), the Commissioner may, if he agrees with the recommendation of the Committee, make an interim order prohibiting the supply of goods of the class or description specified in the recommendation, or, of any particular goods so specified, for a period not exceeding 28 days from the date on which the order is published in the *Government Gazette*.
- (4) If the Commissioner makes an order under this section he shall cause the order to be published in the *Government Gazette*.
- (5) An order made under this section shall not be capable of being renewed or replaced by a further order made under this section, but the Commissioner may, by notice published in the *Government Gazette* on the recommendation of the Committee, extend the operation of the order for one period not exceeding 28 days.
- (6) The Commissioner may, by notice published in the *Government Gazette* on his own motion or on the recommendation of the Committee revoke or amend an order made under this section.
- (7) Where
 - (a) an order made under this section is in effect in respect of goods of any class or description or any particular goods; and

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(b) before that order expires or is revoked an order made under section 23R takes effect in respect of goods of that class or description or those particular goods,

the order made under this section is revoked.

[Section 23Q inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7; amended by No. 69 of 2006 s. 7.]

23R. Commissioner may make orders prohibiting or restricting supply of goods

- (1) Where a report submitted to the Commissioner under section 23M contains a recommendation that the supply of goods of any class or description specified in the report, or of any particular goods so specified, ought to be prohibited, or ought to be allowed only subject to conditions or restrictions so specified, the Commissioner may, if he agrees with the recommendation, make an order giving effect to the recommendation.
- (2) The Commissioner may make an order prohibiting the supply of goods of a class or description without making a reference to the Committee under section 23L(1) if
 - (a) the supply of goods of that class or description is prohibited under a law of the Commonwealth or another State or a Territory; and
 - (b) the Commissioner considers it necessary in the interests of the safety of the public to make the order.
- (3) If the supply of goods of a class or description is allowed under a law of the Commonwealth or another State or a Territory subject to conditions or restrictions relating to the goods, the Commissioner, without making a reference to the Committee under section 23L(1) in respect of goods of that class or description, may if he considers it necessary in the interests of the safety of the public make an order allowing the supply of goods of that class or description in this State, subject to conditions or restrictions specified or referred to in the order

Consum Part IIIA	er Affai	<i>irs Act 1971</i> Consumer Products Safety Committee			
Division 2		Prohibition or restriction on supply of dangerous goods to consumers			
s. 23S					
	-	conditions or restrictions that are in conformity with those ied or referred to under that law that relate to the goods.			
(4)	For the avoidance of doubt, an order made under subsection (2) or (3) is not affected by the subsequent amendment, repeal or expiry of a law referred to in those subsections.				
(5)	An order made under this section shall be published in the <i>Government Gazette</i> and shall take effect on and from the date of publication or such a later date as is specified in the order.				
(6)	The Commissioner may by notice published in the <i>Gazette</i> on his own motion, or on the recommendation of the Committee, revoke or amend an order made under this section.				
(7)	Any person may make an objection to the Minister against an order made under this section.				
(8)	Any o	bjection —			
	(a)	shall be made within 14 days after the publication in the <i>Government Gazette</i> of the order or, where the objection arises as a result of an amendment of the order, within 14 days after the publication in the <i>Government Gazette</i> of the notice by which the amendment was made;			
	(b)	shall be made in writing and shall set out in full the nature of the objection and the grounds on which it is made.			
(9)	The Minister may, after considering the objection, —				
	(a)	dismiss the objection; or			
	(b)	uphold the objection and, by notice published in the <i>Government Gazette</i> , revoke the order or amend the order in such manner as he considers necessary to meet the objection.			
	-	on 23R inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7; amended by of 1985 s. 13 and 16; No. 69 of 2006 s. 8.]			
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23S. Offences

A person who supplies goods in contravention of any order made under this Part commits an offence against this Act.

Penalty: \$5 000.

[Section 23S inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7.]

23T. Action for breach of statutory duty

Where any supplier supplies goods in contravention of an order made under this Part that contravention is a breach of duty that, subject to the defences and other incidents applying to actions for breach of statutory duty, is actionable at the suit of any person, whether he is the person to whom the goods were supplied or not, who has sustained loss or damage in consequence of that breach.

[Section 23T inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7.]

Division 3 — Imposition of safety requirements by regulation

[Heading inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7.]

23U. Regulations for safety requirements

- (1) The Governor may, for the purpose of preventing or reducing risk of death, personal injury or disease, make regulations for or with respect to imposing with respect to any prescribed class or description of goods —
 - (a) requirements, whether as to the composition of contents, design, construction, finish or packing of, or otherwise relating to, goods of that class or description or any component part thereof;
 - (b) requirements for securing that goods of that class or description or any component part thereof are in the prescribed manner (if any) marked with or accompanied by any prescribed warning or instructions or any warning or instructions of a prescribed nature.

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- s. 23V
 - (2) Regulations made under subsection (1) may
 - (a) apply either generally or in prescribed circumstances or subject to prescribed conditions;
 - (b) adopt either wholly or in part and either specifically or by reference any Australian Standard or any of the standard rules, codes or specifications of Standards Australia, as in force at the time of adoption or as amended from time to time;
 - (c) prescribe any class or description of goods, notwithstanding that the goods are for use only as component parts of other goods (whether or not those other goods are goods of a prescribed class or description).

[Section 23U inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7; amended by No. 74 of 2003 s. 40(3); No. 69 of 2006 s. 9.]

23V. Prohibition on supply of goods not complying with regulations

- (1) Subject to the provisions of this section, a person shall not supply any goods in respect of which or a component part of which any requirements of regulations made under section 23U are in force unless all requirements of the regulations relating to the goods or component part are complied with.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of subsection (3), a person shall not supply a component part in respect of which no requirements have been prescribed under section 23U but which is intended for, but not embodied in, any goods in respect of which any such requirements are in force, unless, if the component part were embodied in the goods, any requirement of the regulations, so far as the requirement relates to that part of the goods, applicable to the goods would be complied with.
- (3) The provisions of this section shall not apply to a person
 - (a) where he is supplying the goods or component parts as scrap, that is to say, for the value of the materials of

page 28 Compare 24 Oct 2008 [06-a0-01] / 01 Mar 2009 [06-b0-02] Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information which the goods or parts are composed and not for use as finished articles; or

- (b) in the case of goods or component parts which have been damaged by whatever cause, where he supplies the goods or component parts to a person who carries on a business of buying damaged goods and repairing or reconditioning them for resale, or to a person by whom the goods or parts were insured against damage;
- (c) in a case of letting on hire, where the letting is incidental to the letting of premises;
- (d) in a case of possession for the purpose of letting on hire, where possession is for the purpose of a letting which is to be incidental to the letting of premises;
- (e) in any case of letting, where the letting was lawful at the time when it began.
- (4) Unless regulations under section 23U otherwise provide, subsections (1) and (2) shall not, in respect of any requirement relating to the manufacture of goods or a component part of goods, apply in relation to goods or component parts manufactured in or imported into the State before the imposition of the requirement, or if it is so provided by such regulations shall not apply in relation to any such goods or component parts until a prescribed date.
- (5) Regulations under section 23U may contain such other exemptions from the operation of subsections (1) and (2), applicable in such cases, as may be prescribed.

[Section 23V inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7.]

23W. Breach of duty actionable

(1) Any obligation imposed by or under section 23V on any person not to supply any goods or component part is a duty which is owed by him to any other person who may be affected by the contravention of or non-compliance with the requirement in question, and, subject to the defences and other incidents

s. 23X

applying to actions for breach of statutory duty, a breach of that duty is actionable.

(2) Any person who contravenes section 23V commits an offence against this Act.

Penalty: \$5 000.

(3) It shall be a sufficient defence to a prosecution for an offence under this section by reason of a contravention of or failure to comply with any requirement imposed under section 23V in relation to the goods or component part in question if the person charged proves that he had reasonable cause to believe that all such requirements were satisfied.

[Section 23W inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7.]

Division 4—General

[Heading inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7.]

23X. Authorised persons

- (1) The Commissioner may authorise in writing any person approved by the Minister to carry out investigations for the purposes of this Part.
- (2) A person authorised under subsection (1) may at any reasonable time
 - (a) enter any place
 - (i) where any goods, which are subject to regulations made pursuant to section 23U, or component parts of any such goods are supplied, or where he has reasonable cause to believe that any such goods or parts are supplied; or
 - (ii) at which any goods that are the subject of a matter referred to the Committee pursuant to section 23L or goods that are subject to any order made under this Part, are manufactured, prepared, or supplied, or at which he has

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reasonable cause to believe that any such goods are manufactured, prepared, or supplied;

- (b) inspect any such goods or component parts in that place;
- (c) take any such goods, or any component part apparently intended for, but not embodied in, any such goods, found in any such place;
- (d) examine with respect to matters under this Part any person employed or engaged in any such place; and
- make such other examination and inquiries as he thinks (e) necessary to ascertain whether the requirements of this Part are being complied with.
- Where a person authorised pursuant to subsection (1) proposes (3) to enter any place pursuant to subsection (2), he shall, before entering the place,
 - obtain a warrant to do so from a magistrate or justice of (a) the peace which warrant the magistrate or justice of the peace is authorised to issue upon being satisfied that the entry is sought in good faith for the purpose of carrying out any investigation under this Part;
 - (b) display to the person, if any, affording him entry, a document signed by the Commissioner and certifying that he is authorised to carry out investigations for the purposes of this Part.

[Section 23X inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7.]

23Y. Offences

Where a body corporate is convicted of an offence against this Part, every person who at the time of the commission of the offence was a director or officer concerned in the management of the corporation and who authorised or permitted the commission of the offence shall be deemed to have committed the like offence and be liable to the penalty provided by this Act for that offence.

[Section 23Y inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 7.]

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Part IV — Miscellaneous

24. Information officially obtained to be confidential

- A person who misuses information obtained by reason of any function that person has, or at any time had, under or in accordance with this Act or any other Act commits an offence. Penalty: \$20 000.
- (2) A person misuses information if it is, directly or indirectly, recorded, used, or disclosed to another person, other than
 - (a) in the course of duty;
 - (b) under this Act or any other Act;
 - (c) for the purposes of the investigation of any suspected offence or the conduct of proceedings against any person for an offence;
 - (d) in a manner that could not reasonably be expected to lead to the identification of any person to whom the information refers; or
 - (e) with the consent of the person to whom the information relates, or each of them if there is more than one.
- (3) In this section —

information means information concerning the affairs of a person.

[Section 24 inserted by No. 28 of 2006 s. 77.]

25. Liability of members, officers and the Crown

- Subject to the *Chattel Securities Act 1987*, a member of the Committee, the Commissioner and any officer of the Department is not personally liable, and the Crown in right of the State is not liable, for any —
 - (a) act done;
 - (b) statement made or issued;

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s. 25A

- (c) advice, assistance or information given;
- (d) default or omission made,

by the Committee, the Commissioner, or an officer of the Department in good faith in the course of the operations of the Committee or of the Department or the administration of this Act or the *Fair Trading Act 1987*.

- (2) No liability is incurred by a person for publishing in good faith
 - (a) a statement referred to in subsection (1)(b); or
 - (b) a fair report or summary of such a statement.
- (3) In this section —

liability includes liability for defamation.

[Section 25 inserted by No. 52 of 1982 s. 2; amended by No. 1 of 1985 s. 16; No. 101 of 1987 s. 32; No. 28 of 2006 s. 78.]

25A. Advertisements not to imply approval by Committee, Department or other authority

- (1) A person who publishes or causes to be published any statement
 - (a) which is intended or is apparently intended to promote the sale, hiring or leasing of goods, or the sale of an estate or interest in any land or building, or the letting or leasing of any land or building or part of a building, or the use of a service rendered for fee or reward; and
 - (b) which states, either expressly or by implication, that any consumer affairs authority has approved, or has refrained from disapproving, the statement or any material particular in the statement or any claim made in the statement or any goods or services depicted or described, whether by a trade name or otherwise, in the statement,

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commits an offence unless, prior to the publication of the statement, the Minister has consented in writing to its publication.

Penalty: \$500.

(2) In this section —

consumer affairs authority means —

- (a) the Committee, the Department or the Commissioner; or
- (b) any person, or statutory body or authority, appointed or constituted under any law of the Commonwealth or of any State or Territory of the Commonwealth and having powers, functions and duties under the laws of the Commonwealth or that State or Territory similar to those of the Committee, the Department or the Commissioner under the laws of this State,

and includes —

- (c) the Chairman of the Committee or any other member of the Committee;
- (d) any officer of the Department;
- (e) any officer or employee of a statutory body or authority referred to in paragraph (b) of this definition;

published includes -

- (a) inserted in any newspaper or other publication published in Western Australia;
- (b) publicly exhibited
 - (i) in, on, over or under any building, vehicle, or place (whether a public place or private place, and whether on land or water); or
 - (ii) in the air,

in view of persons being or passing in or on any public place;

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(c) contained in any document gratuitously sent or delivered to any person or thrown or left upon premises in the occupation of any person;

- (d) made verbally to any person; or
- (e) publicly announced by means of transmission of light or sound,

and *publishes* has a corresponding meaning.

[Section 25A inserted by No. 21 of 1975 s. 17; amended by No. 90 of 1978 s. 8; No. 110 of 1981 s. 11; No. 1 of 1985 s. 16.]

26. Application of *Financial Management Act 2006* and *Auditor General Act 2006*

The provisions of the *Financial Management Act 2006* and the *Auditor General Act 2006* regulating the financial administration, audit and reporting of departments apply to and in respect of the Department and its operations.

[Section 26 inserted by No. 98 of 1985 s. 3; amended by No. 77 of 2006 s. 17.]

27. Regulations

- (1) The Governor may make such regulations, not inconsistent with this Act, as he considers necessary and desirable for the proper administration of this Act or for achieving the objects and purposes of this Act.
- (2) The regulations may prescribe penalties, not exceeding a fine of \$200 in respect of a breach of any of the regulations.
- (3) The regulations may require that any information, account, document or form required to be given or furnished thereunder shall be verified by statutory declaration.

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Schedule

Acts prohibiting or regulating the supply of goods

The following enactments are specified for the purpose of section 23C — Agricultural Products Act 1929. Agriculture and Related Resources Protection Act 1976. Clothes and Fabrics (Labelling and Sales) Act 1973³. Construction Safety Act 1972⁴. Dangerous Goods Safety Act 2004. Fertilizers Act 1977. Filled Milk Act 1959⁵. Firearms Act 1973. Fruit Cases Act 1919⁶. Health Act 1911. Margarine Act 1940⁷. Mines Safety and Inspection Act 1994. Motor Vehicle Dealers Act 1973. Plant Diseases Act 1914. Poisons Act 1964. Radiation Safety Act 1975. Road Traffic Act 1974. Seeds Act 1981. Spear-guns Control Act 1955. Trade Measurement Act 2006. Veterinary Chemical Control and Animal Feeding Stuffs Act 1976. [Schedule inserted by No. 90 of 1978 s. 9; amended by No. 62 of 1994

Is cheatile inserted by No. 90 *bj* 1978 *s*. 9; *amended by* No. 02 *bj* 1994 *s*. 109; No. 24 of 2000 *s*. 3(7); No. 70 of 2003 *s*. 3(2); No. 7 of 2004 *s*. 70; No. 76 of 2004 *s*. 4(2); No. 12 of 2006 *s*. 37.]

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Notes

This reprint is a compilation as at 24 October 2008 of the *Consumer Affairs Act 1971* and includes the amendments made by the other written laws referred to in the following table ^{1a}. The table also contains information about any reprint.

Compilation table

Short title	Number and year	Assent	Commencement
Consumer Protection Act 1971 ⁸	68 of 1971	22 Dec 1971	11 Aug 1972 (see s. 2 and Gazette 11 Aug 1972 p. 3102)
Consumer Protection Act Amendment Act 1975	21 of 1975	13 May 1975	23 May 1975 (see s. 2 and <i>Gazette</i> 23 May 1975 p. 1395)
Reprint of the <i>Consumer A</i> listed above)	ffairs Act 1971	approved 12	Jul 1977 (includes amendments
Consumer Affairs Act Amendment Act 1978	90 of 1978	8 Nov 1978	8 Nov 1978
Consumer Affairs Amendment Act 1980	66 of 1980	26 Nov 1980	26 Nov 1980
Consumer Affairs Amendment Act 1981	110 of 1981	4 Dec 1981	11 Dec 1981 (see s. 2 and <i>Gazette</i> 11 Dec 1981 p. 5053)
Consumer Affairs Amendment Act (No. 2) 1982	52 of 1982	6 Sep 1982	6 Sep 1982
Acts Amendment (Prevention of Excessive Prices) Act 1983 Pt. II	2 of 1983	25 Mar 1983	25 Mar 1983 (see s. 2 and <i>Gazette</i> 25 Mar 1983 p. 1059)
Consumer Affairs Amendment Act 1983	24 of 1983	1 Dec 1983	1 Dec 1983
Acts Amendment (Prevention of Excessive Prices) Act (No. 2) 1983 Pt. II	72 of 1983	22 Dec 1983	30 Dec 1983 (see s. 2)
Reprint of the <i>Consumer Affairs Act 1971</i> approved 22 May 1984 (includes amendments listed above)			
Acts Amendment (Consumer Affairs) Act 1985 Pt. II	1 of 1985	8 Mar 1985	s. 3-9, 13, 14 and 16: 6 Apr 1983 (see s. 2(1)); s. 10, 12 and 15: 8 Mar 1985 (see s. 2(3)); s. 11: 5 Apr 1985 (see s. 2(2))

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Short title	Number and year	Assent	Commencement
Acts Amendment (Financial Administration and Audit) Act 1985 s. 3	98 of 1985	4 Dec 1985	1 Jul 1986 (see s. 2 and <i>Gazette</i> 30 Jun 1986 p. 2255)
Chattel Securities Act 1987 s. 32	101 of 1987	18 Dec 1987	29 Aug 1988 (see s. 2 and <i>Gazette</i> 5 Aug 1988 p. 2583)
Acts Amendment and Repeal (Fair Trading) Act 1988 Pt. 2	17 of 1988	6 Sep 1988	9 Sep 1988 (see s. 2 and <i>Gazette</i> 9 Sep 1988 p. 3518)
Legal Practitioners Amendment (Disciplinary and Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1992 Pt. 6	48 of 1992	10 Dec 1992	1 Feb 1993 (see s. 3 and <i>Gazette</i> 26 Jan 1993 p. 823)
Financial Administration Legislation Amendment Act 1993 s. 11	6 of 1993	27 Aug 1993	1 Jul 1993 (see s. 2(1))
Acts Amendment (Public Sector Management) Act 1994 s. 3(2)	32 of 1994	29 Jun 1994	1 Oct 1994 (see s. 2 and <i>Gazette</i> 30 Sep 1994 p. 4948)
Mines Safety and Inspection Act 1994 s. 109	62 of 1994	7 Nov 1994	9 Dec 1995 (see s. 2 and <i>Gazette</i> 8 Dec 1995 p. 5935)
Local Government (Consequential Amendments) Act 1996 s. 4	14 of 1996	28 Jun 1996	1 Jul 1996 (see s. 2)
<i>Financial Legislation</i> <i>Amendment Act 1996</i> s. 64	49 of 1996	25 Oct 1996	25 Oct 1996 (see s. 2(1))
Statutes (Repeals and Minor Amendments) Act 1997 s. 39 ⁹	57 of 1997	15 Dec 1997	15 Dec 1997 (see s. 2(1))
Reprint of the Consumer A listed above)	ffairs Act 1971	as at 25 Mar	1999 (includes amendments
Statutes (Repeals and Minor Amendments) Act 2000 s. 3(7)	24 of 2000	4 Jul 2000	4 Jul 2000 (see s. 2)
Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 s. 24	65 of 2003	4 Dec 2003	1 Jan 2004 (see s. 2 and <i>Gazette</i> 30 Dec 2003 p. 5722)
Acts Amendment and Repeal (Competition Policy) Act 2003 s. 3(2)	70 of 2003	15 Dec 2003	21 Apr 2004 (see s. 2 and Gazette 20 Apr 2004 p. 1297)

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Short title	Number and year	Assent	Commencement
Statutes (Repeals and Minor Amendments) Act 2003 s. 40(1)-(3)	74 of 2003	15 Dec 2003	15 Dec 2003 (see s. 2)
Dangerous Goods Safety Act 2004 s. 70	7 of 2004	10 Jun 2004	1 Mar 2008 (see s. 2 and <i>Gazette</i> 29 Feb 2008 p. 669)
Reprint 4: The <i>Consumer A</i> above except the <i>Dangerous</i>			004 (includes amendments listed
Workers' Compensation Reform Act 2004 s. 175	42 of 2004	9 Nov 2004	4 Jan 2005 (see s. 2 and <i>Gazette</i> 31 Dec 2004 p. 7131)
State Administrative Tribunal (Conferral of Jurisdiction) Amendment and Repeal Act 2004 Pt. 2 Div. 24 ¹⁰	55 of 2004	24 Nov 2004	1 Jan 2005 (see s. 2 and <i>Gazette</i> 31 Dec 2004 p. 7130)
Veterinary Preparations and Animal Feeding Stuffs Amendment Act 2004 s. 4(2)	76 of 2004	8 Dec 2004	5 Jan 2005
Criminal Procedure and Appeals (Consequential and Other Provisions) Act 2004 s. 82	84 of 2004	16 Dec 2004	2 May 2005 (see s. 2 and Gazette 31 Dec 2004 p. 7129 (correction in Gazette 7 Jan 2005 p. 53))
Oaths, Affidavits and Statutory Declarations (Consequential Provisions) Act 2005 s. 63	24 of 2005	2 Dec 2005	1 Jan 2006 (see s. 2(1) and <i>Gazette</i> 23 Dec 2005 p. 6244)
Trade Measurement Administration Act 2006 s. 37	12 of 2006	11 May 2006	1 Jun 2007 (see s. 2(2) and (3) and <i>Gazette</i> 29 May 2007 p. 2485)
Reprint 5: The <i>Consumer A</i> listed above, except those in <i>Measurement Administration</i>	the Dangerou		
Machinery of Government (Miscellaneous Amendments) Act 2006 Pt. 4 Div. 7 ¹¹	28 of 2006	26 Jun 2006	1 Jul 2006 (see s. 2 and <i>Gazette</i> 27 Jun 2006 p. 2347)
Consumer Protection Legislation Amendment and Repeal Act 2006 Pt. 3	69 of 2006	13 Dec 2006	14 Jul 2007 (see s. 2 and Gazette 13 Jul 2007 p. 3453)

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Short title	Number and year	Assent	Commencement
Financial Legislation Amendment and Repeal Act 2006 s. 4 and 17	77 of 2006	21 Dec 2006	1 Feb 2007 (see s. 2(1) and <i>Gazette</i> 19 Jan 2007 p. 137)
<u>Legal Profession Act 2008</u> <u>s. 651</u>	<u>21 of 2008</u>	<u>27 May 2008</u>	<u>1 Mar 2009 (see s. 2(b) and</u> <u>Gazette 27 Feb 2009 p. 511)</u>
Reprint 6: The <i>Consumer Affairs Act 1971</i> as at 24 Oct 2008 (includes amendments listed above except those in the <i>Legal Profession Act 2008</i>)			

^{1a} On the date as at which this <u>reprint_compilation</u> was prepared, provisions referred to in the following table had not come into operation and were therefore not included in <u>compiling the reprint.this compilation</u>. For the text of the provisions see the endnotes referred to in the table.

Provisions that have not come into operation

Short title	Number and year	Assent	Commencement
Biosecurity and Agriculture Management (Repeal and Consequential Provisions) Act 2007 s. 23, 29, 61, 64, 75, 83 and 86 ¹²	24 of 2007	12 Oct 2007	To be proclaimed (see s. 2(1))
Legal Profession Act 2008 s. 651- ¹³	21 of 2008	27 May 2008	To be proclaimed (see s. 2(b))

- ² Legal Practitioners Amendment (Disciplinary and Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1992 Pt. 2 came into operation on 1 Feb 1993 (see s. 3(a) and Gazette 26 Jan 1993 p. 823).
- ³ Repealed by the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Fair Trading) Act 1988.*
- ⁴ Repealed by the *Acts Amendment (Occupational Health, Safety and Welfare) Act 1987.*
- ⁵ Repealed by the *Dairy Industry Amendment Act 1980*.
- ⁶ Repealed by the *Acts Amendment (Agricultural Products) and Repeal Act 1982.*
- ⁷ Repealed by the *Margarine Repeal Act 1991*.
- ⁸ Now known as the *Consumer Affairs Act 1971*; short title changed (see note under s. 1).

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⁹ The *Statutes (Repeals and Minor Amendments) Act 1997* s. 39(9) reads as follows:

(9) The person appointed and holding office under section 15(1) as the Commissioner for Consumer Affairs immediately before the commencement of this section continues to hold office after that commencement as the Commissioner for Fair Trading.

"

- ¹⁰ The State Administrative Tribunal (Conferral of Jurisdiction) Amendment and Repeal Act 2004 Pt. 5, the State Administrative Tribunal Act 2004 s. 167 and 169, and the State Administrative Tribunal Regulations 2004 r. 28 and 42 deal with certain transitional issues some of which may be relevant for this Act.
- ¹¹ The *Machinery of Government (Miscellaneous Amendments) Act 2006* Pt. 4 Div. 23 reads as follows:
- "

"

Division 23— Transitional provisions

151. Commissioner for Fair Trading

- (1) On commencement, the person holding the office of Commissioner for Fair Trading immediately before commencement is to be taken to have been designated as the Commissioner or Registrar (as the case requires) for the purposes of each of the following enactments —
 - (a) the Associations Incorporation Act 1987;
 - (b) the Business Names Act 1962;
 - (c) the *Chattel Securities Act 1987*;
 - (d) the Companies (Co-operative) Act 1943;
 - (e) Part 8 of the Competition Policy Reform (Western Australia) Act 1996;
 - (f) the Consumer Affairs Act 1971;
 - (g) the Co-operative and Provident Societies Act 1903;
 - (h) the Credit Act 1984;
 - (i) the Credit (Administration) Act 1984;
 - (j) the Employment Agents Act 1976;
 - (k) the *Hire-Purchase Act 1959*;
 - (l) the Limited Partnerships Act 1909;
 - (m) the Motor Vehicle Dealers Act 1973;
 - (n) the Petroleum Products Pricing Act 1983;
 - (o) the Petroleum Retailers Rights and Liabilities Act 1982;
 - (p) the Residential Tenancies Act 1987;

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- (q) the *Retirement Villages Act 1992*;
- (r) the Travel Agents Act 1985.
- (2) A thing done or omitted to be done by, to or in relation to, the Commissioner for Fair Trading (including in his or her capacity as the Prices Commissioner) before commencement under a provision of the *Consumer Affairs Act 1971* for the purposes of another enactment listed in subsection (1) has the same effect after commencement, to the extent that it has any force or significance after commencement, as if it had been done or omitted —
 - (a) by, to or in relation to, the Commissioner or Registrar (as the case requires) as defined in that other enactment as in force after commencement; and
 - (b) where relevant, under the corresponding provision of that other enactment as in force after commencement.
- (3) To the extent that a thing done or omitted to be done by, to or in relation to, the Commissioner for Fair Trading (including in his or her capacity as the Prices Commissioner) before commencement under, or for the purposes of, an enactment listed in subsection (1) is not covered by subsection (2), it has the same effect after commencement, to the extent that it has any force or significance after commencement, as if it had been done or omitted by, to or in relation to, the Commissioner or Registrar (as the case requires) as defined in that enactment as in force after commencement.
- (4) A thing done or omitted to be done by, to or in relation to, the Commissioner for Fair Trading before commencement under, or for the purposes of, an enactment not listed in subsection (1) has the same effect after commencement, to the extent that it has any force or significance after commencement, as if it had been done or omitted by, to or in relation to, the Commissioner as defined in the *Consumer Affairs Act 1971* as in force after commencement.
- (5) A reference in an enactment to the Commissioner for Fair Trading is to have effect after commencement as if it had been amended to be a reference to
 - (a) in the case of an enactment listed in subsection (1) or subsidiary legislation made under such an enactment the Commissioner or Registrar (as the case requires) as defined in the enactment as in force after commencement; or
 - (b) in the case of any other enactment or subsidiary legislation the Commissioner as defined in the *Consumer Affairs Act 1971* as in force after commencement.

152. Commissioner for Corporate Affairs and Registrar of Co-operative and Financial Institutions

- (1) A thing done or omitted to be done by, to or in relation to, the Commissioner for Corporate Affairs before commencement under, or for the purposes of, the *Companies (Co-operative) Act 1943* has the same effect after commencement as if it had been done or omitted by, to or in relation to, the Registrar as defined in that Act as in force after commencement.
- (2) A thing done or omitted to be done by, to or in relation to, the Registrar of Co-operative and Financial Institutions before commencement under, or for the purposes of, the *Co-operative and Provident Societies Act 1903* has the same effect after commencement as if it had been done or omitted by, to or in relation to, the Registrar as defined in that Act as in force after commencement.

153. Consumer Affairs Act 1971

Each office in existence immediately before commencement because of section 15(1) of the *Consumer Affairs Act 1971* does not cease merely because that subsection is repealed by this Act.

154. Petroleum Products Pricing Act 1983

Each office in existence immediately before commencement because of section 5(2)(b) of the *Petroleum Products Pricing Act 1983* does not cease merely because that paragraph is deleted by this Act.

155. Interpretation

In this Division —

commencement means the time at which this Division comes into operation;

Commissioner for Fair Trading means the Commissioner for Fair Trading referred to in section 15 of the *Consumer Affairs Act 1971* as in force before commencement;

Prices Commissioner means the Prices Commissioner referred to in section 5(1) of the *Petroleum Products Pricing Act 1983* as in force before commencement.

".

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¹² On the date as at which this <u>reprintcompilation</u> was prepared, the *Biosecurity and Agriculture Management (Repeal and Consequential Provisions) Act 2007* s. 23, 29, 61, 64, 75, 83 and 86 had not come into operation. They read as follows:

23. Consumer Affairs Act 1971 amended

"

- (1) The amendment in this section is to the *Consumer Affairs Act 1971*.
- (2) The Schedule is amended by deleting "Agricultural Products Act 1929.".

29. Consumer Affairs Act 1971 amended

- (1) The amendment in this section is to the *Consumer Affairs Act 1971*.
- (2) The Schedule is amended by deleting "Agriculture and Related Resources Protection Act 1976.".

61. Consumer Affairs Act 1971 amended

- (1) The amendment in this section is to the *Consumer Affairs Act 1971*.
- (2) The Schedule is amended by deleting "Fertilizers Act 1977.".

64. Consumer Affairs Act 1971 amended

- (1) The amendment in this section is to the *Consumer Affairs Act 1971*.
- (2) The Schedule is amended by deleting "Plant Diseases Act 1914.".

75. Consumer Affairs Act 1971 amended

- (1) The amendment in this section is to the *Consumer Affairs Act 1971*.
- (2) The Schedule is amended by deleting "Seeds Act 1981.".

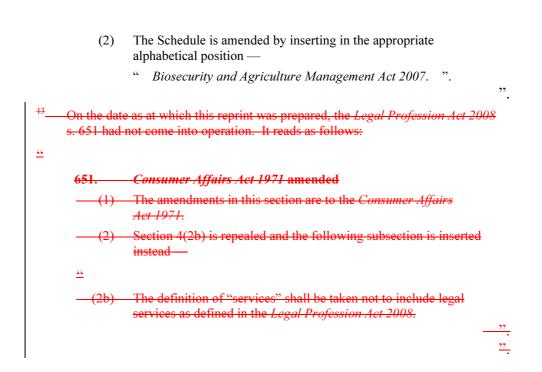
83. Consumer Affairs Act 1971 amended

- (1) The amendment in this section is to the *Consumer Affairs Act 1971*.
- (2) The Schedule is amended by deleting "Veterinary Chemical Control and Animal Feeding Stuffs Act 1976.".

86. Consumer Affairs Act 1971 amended

(1) The amendment in this section is to the *Consumer Affairs Act 1971.*

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