

Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations 1996

Compare between:

[01 Feb 2013, 01-b0-01] and [02 Apr 2013, 01-c0-00]

Western Australia

Local Government Act 1995

Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations 1996

1. Citation

These regulations may be cited as the *Local Government* (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations 1996¹.

2. Commencement

These regulations come into operation on 1 July 1996.

3. These regulations operate as local laws

Under section 9.60 of the Act, these regulations apply as if they were local laws made by each local government.

4. Interpretation

In these regulations, unless the contrary intention appears

(a) the consent in writing of the local government; or

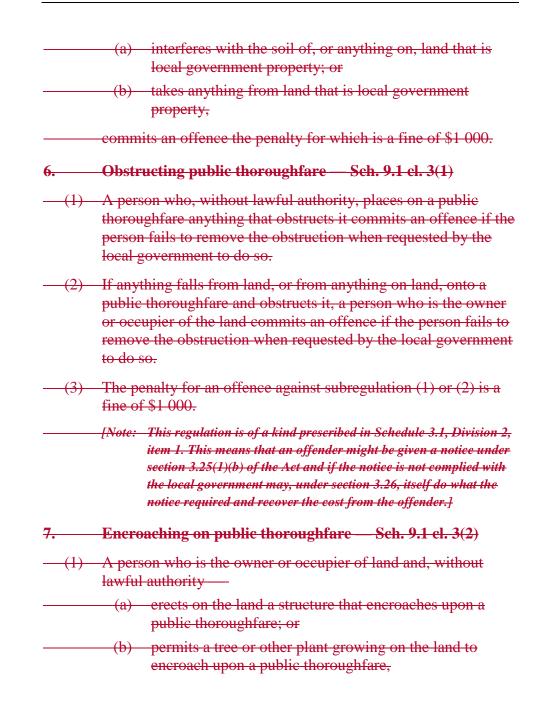
(b) authority conferred by an Act.

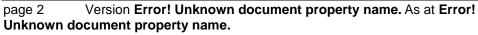
5. Disturbing local government land or anything on it Sch. 9.1 cl. 2

A person who, without lawful authority

As at Error! Unknown document property name. Version Error! Unknown document property name. page 1 Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

r.	6			





	commits an offence if the person fails to remove the structure or plant, to the extent that it is encroaching, when requested by the local government to do so.
(2)	The penalty for an offence against subregulation (1) is a fine of \$1 000 and a further \$50 for each day or part of a day during which the offence continues.
	[Note: This regulation is of a kind prescribed in Schedule 3.1, Division 2, item 1. This means that an offender might be given a notice under section 3.25(1)(b) of the Act and if the notice is not complied with the local government may, under section 3.26, itself do what the notice required and recover the cost from the offender.
	See also Schedule 3.1, Division 1, items 7, 8, and 9 which may allow a similar notice relating to vegetation to be given even when no offence has been committed.
	Schedule 3.2, item 7, could also be relevant.]
8	Separating land from public thoroughfare Sch. 9.1 cl. 4
—(1)	A person who is the owner or occupier of land commits an offence if any fence or gate that separates the land from a public thoroughfare is not kept in good repair.
(2)	The penalty for an offence against subregulation (1) is \$1 000.
	<u>[Note: See also Schedule 3.1, Division 1, item 4, which, for related</u> reasons, allows a person to be given a notice under section 3.25(1)(a) of the Act and if the notice is not complied with the local government may, under section 3.26, itself do what the notice required and recover the cost from the person.]
9.	<u>Permission to have gate across public thoroughfare</u> Sch. 9.1 cl. 5(1)
—(1)	A person may apply to the local government for permission to have across a public thoroughfare under the control or management of the local government a gate or other device that

As at Error! Unknown document property name. Version Error! Unknown document property name. page 3 Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

<u>r. 9</u>	
	enables motor traffic to pass across the public thoroughfare and prevents livestock from straying.
(2)	The local government may, before dealing with the application, require the applicant to publish notice of the application in such manner as the local government thinks fit.
(3)	Permission granted by the local government under this regulation is required to specify the period for which it is granted and may be renewed from time to time.
(4)	The local government may impose such conditions as it thinks fit on the construction, placement and maintenance of the gate or other device across the public thoroughfare and may, when renewing the permission or at any other time, vary any condition.
(5)	The local government may at any time withdraw permission granted under this regulation and request the person responsible for the gate or other device to remove it within a time specified in the request.
(6)	A person to whom a request is made under subregulation (5) commits an offence if the person fails to comply with the request.
(7)	The penalty for an offence under subregulation (6) is \$1 000.
(8)	A local government is required to keep a register of gates and other devices constructed under this regulation.
	[Note: Subregulation (6) is of a kind prescribed in Schedule 3.1, Division 2, item 1A. This means that an offender might be given a notice under section 3.25(1)(b) of the Act and if the notice is not complied with the local government may, under section 3.26, itself do what the notice required and recover the cost from the offender.]

Version Error! Unknown document property name. As at Error! page 4 Unknown document property name. Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

r.	1	0

10.	Gate across thoroughfare not to be left open Sch. 9.1 el. 5(2)
—(1)	A person who leaves open a gate registered under regulation 9(8) commits an offence.
(2)	The penalty for an offence against subregulation (1) is \$1 000.
11.	- Dangerous excavation in or near public thoroughfare — Sch. 9.1 cl. 6
—(1)	If there is, in a public thoroughfare or land adjoining a public thoroughfare, an excavation that the local government considers to be dangerous, the local government may
	(a) fill in or fence the excavation; or
	(b) in writing request the owner or occupier of the land to fill in or securely fence the excavation.
(2)	If a person who is the owner or occupier of land in which there is a dangerous excavation fails to fill in or securely fence the excavation when requested under subregulation (1) to do so, the person commits an offence.
(3)	The penalty for an offence against subregulation (2) is \$1 000.
	[Note: This regulation is of a kind prescribed in Schedule 3.1, Division 2, item 2. This means that an offender might be given a notice under section 3.25(1)(b) of the Act and if the notice is not complied with the local government may, under section 3.26, itself do what the notice required and recover the cost from the offender.]
12.	<u>Crossing from public thoroughfare to private land or</u> private thoroughfare — Sch. 9.1 cl. 7(2)
(1)	Upon the application of the sole owner, or a majority of the owners, of private land the local government may, subject to regulation 14(2)
	(a) approve the construction, under the supervision of, and to the satisfaction of, the local government, of a crossing giving access from a public thoroughfare to

As at Error! Unknown document property name. Version Error! Unknown document property name. page 5 Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations 1996

	(i) the land; or
	(ii) a private thoroughfare serving the land;
	Oř
	(b) agree to construct for the applicant a crossing giving access from a public thoroughfare to —
	(i) the land; or
	(ii) a private thoroughfare serving the land.
(2)	A person is not to construct a crossing for vehicles from a public thoroughfare that is a Government road as defined in section 5(1) of the <i>Road Traffic Act 1974</i> to
	(a) land on which premises have been or are about to be constructed; or
	(b) a private thoroughfare serving the land,
	unless the construction of the crossing has been approved by the local government under subregulation (1) and the crossing is constructed in accordance with the approval.
	[Note: Subregulation (2) is of a kind prescribed in Schedule 3.1, Division 2, item 2A(a). This means that an offender might be given a notice under section 3.25(1)(b) of the Act and if the notice is not complied with the local government may, under section 3.26, itself do what the notice required and recover the cost from the offender.]
13.	-Requirement to construct or repair crossing
(1)	A local government may, subject to regulation 14(2), give a person who is the owner or occupier of private land a notice in writing requiring the person to construct or repair a crossing from a public thoroughfare to the land or a private thoroughfare serving the land.

Version Error! Unknown document property name. As at Error! page 6 Unknown document property name. Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

(2)	If the person fails to comply with the notice, the local
	government may construct or repair the crossing as the notice
	required and recover 50% of the cost of doing so as a debt due
	from the person.
(3)	A person to whom a notice is given under subregulation (1)
	commits an offence if the person fails to comply with the notice.
(4)	The penalty for an offence under subregulation (3) is \$1 000.
14.	-Role of Commissioner of Main Roads in some cases — Sch. 9.1 cl. 7(2)
(1)	This regulation applies to a crossing for vehicles from a public thoroughfare that is a Government road as defined in section 5(1) of the <i>Road Traffic Act 1974</i> to—
	(a) land on which premises have been or are about to be constructed; or
	(b) a private thoroughfare serving the land.
(2)	A local government cannot
	(a) under regulation 12 construct or approve the construction of; or
	(b) under regulation 13(1) require the construction of,
	a crossing to which this regulation applies unless the local
	government has consulted with the Commissioner and the
	Commissioner has approved the construction of the crossing.
(3)	If a person
	(a) constructs a crossing to which this regulation applies other than in accordance with approval given by the Commissioner under this regulation; or
	(b) modifies a crossing to which this regulation applies in such a way that it is not in accordance with approval given by the Commissioner under this regulation,

As at Error! Unknown document property name. Version Error! Unknown document property name. page 7 Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

r. 15	
	the Commissioner may, by notice in writing, require the person to bring the crossing into accordance with the approval, if approval was given, or remove the crossing and restore the place where the crossing was to its former condition.
(4)	If the person fails to comply with the notice, the Commissioner may do anything required by the notice to be done and recover the cost of doing it as a debt due from the person.
(5)	A person to whom a notice is given under subregulation (3) commits an offence if the person fails to comply with the notice
(6)	The penalty for an offence under subregulation (5) is \$1 000.
(7)	In this regulation
	Commissioner means the Commissioner of Main Roads.
15.	Contribution to cost of crossing Sch. 9.1 cl. 7 (4)
(1)	
	(a) a local government
	(i) under regulation 12 constructs or approves the construction of; or
	(ii) under regulation 13(1) requires the construction of,
	a crossing giving access from a public thoroughfare to private land or a private thoroughfare serving the land;
	(b) the crossing is the first crossing in respect of the land; and

Version Error! Unknown document property name. As at Error! page 8 Unknown document property name. Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

	(c) the crossing is a standard crossing or is of a type that is
	superior to a standard crossing,
	the local government is obliged to bear 50% of the cost, as estimated by the local government, of a standard crossing, but otherwise the local government is not obliged to bear, nor prevented from bearing, any of the cost.
(2)	In subregulation (1)
	<i>first crossing</i> , in respect of land, means the first crossing to the land or a private thoroughfare serving the land constructed under regulation 12 or section 358 ² of the <i>Local Government Act 1960</i> as in force at any time before 1 July 1996;
	standard crossing means, subject to any local law as to what is or is not a standard crossing, a crossing of a kind that the local government, by resolution, decides is a standard crossing.
16.	-Objections and appeals against decisions about crossings
	Part 9, Division 9.1, applies to
	 (a) a decision of a local government made upon an application under regulation 12 or a decision by the Commissioner of Main Roads under regulation 14(2) relating to the application;
	(b) a notice given by a local government under regulation 13(1); or
	(c) a notice given by the Commissioner of Main Roads under regulation 14(3),
	and the applicant or person to whom the notice was given, as the case requires, is an affected person for the purposes of applying that Division.

As at Error! Unknown document property name. Version Error! Unknown document property name. page 9 Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

r. 16

<u>r. 17</u>	
17.	Private works on, over, or under public places — Sch. 9.1 cl. 8
(1)	A person who constructs anything on, over, or under a public thoroughfare or other public place that is local government property without first obtaining written permission from the local government commits an offence.
	A local government may
	(a) grant permission to construct anything on, over, or under a public thoroughfare or other public place that is local government property; and
	(b) impose conditions in respect of the permission, which may include a condition imposing a charge for any damage to the public thoroughfare or public place resulting from the construction.
(3) -	It is a condition of the permission that the ordinary and reasonable use of the public thoroughfare or public place for the purpose to which it is dedicated is not to be permanently or unreasonably obstructed.
(4)	A person who fails to comply with a condition of the permission commits an offence.
(5)	 A person who constructs anything in accordance with permission under this section is required to (a) maintain it; and
	(b) obtain from an insurance company approved by the local government an insurance policy, in the joint names of the local government and the person, indemnifying the local government against any claim for damages which may arise in, or out of, its construction, maintenance or use.
(6)	A person who fails to comply with subregulation (5) commits an offence.

Version Error! Unknown document property name. As at Error! page 10 Unknown document property name. Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

(7)	The penalty for an offence under subregulation (1), (4), or (6) is \$1 000.
	<u>[Note: Subregulations (1) and (4) are of the kind prescribed in</u> Schedule 3.1, Division 2, item 3. This means that an offender might be given a notice under section 3.25(1)(b) of the Act and if the notice is not complied with the local government may, under section 3.26, itself do what the notice required and recover the cost from the offender. Schedule 9.1, item 8(4) is relevant. See also Schedule 3.1, Division 1, item 3 which allows a similar
	notice to be given even when no offence has been committed.]
18.	Protection of watercourses, drains, tunnels and bridges Sch. 9.1 cl. 9
—(1)	A person who, without lawful authority, alters, obstructs, or interferes with, any watercourse, drain, tunnel, or bridge that is local government property, commits an offence.
(2)	A person who, wilfully or negligently, causes or permits tree material that is, or has been, growing on land occupied by that person, to fall into a watercourse that is local government property commits an offence.
(3)	The penalty for an offence under subregulation (1) or (2) is \$1.000.
(4)	In this regulation
	tree material means leaves, timber, logs, and brushwood.
	<u>[Note: This regulation is of a kind prescribed in Schedule 3.1, Division 2,</u> item 4. This means that an offender might be given a notice under section 3.25(1)(b) of the Act and if the notice is not complied with the local government may, under section 3.26, itself do what the notice required and recover the cost from the offender.]

As at Error! Unknown document property name. Version Error! Unknown document property name. page 11 Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

r. 19	
19.	-Protection of thoroughfares from water damage
	cl. 10
—(1)-	A person who, without lawful authority, alters, obstructs, or interferes with the natural flow of surface water across any thoroughfare or other land in such a way as is likely to damage any thoroughfare that is local government property commits an offence.
(2)	The penalty for an offence under subregulation (1) is \$1 000.
	<u>[Note: This regulation is of a kind prescribed in Schedule 3.1, Division 2,</u> item 5. This means that an offender might be given a notice under section 3.25(1)(b) of the Act and if the notice is not complied with the local government may, under section 3.26, itself do what the notice required and recover the cost from the offender.]
20.	Works required for supply of gas or water — Sch. 9.1 cl. 11
—(1)-	A local government that is responsible for supplying water or gas may carry out any works that are necessary for the purpose of providing, maintaining, or modifying the supply system.
(2)	Before a local government carries out works under this regulation in a public thoroughfare or other public place that is not local government property, it is required to give at least 3 days' notice of its intention to carry out the works to the local government or other person having the management or control of the place.
(3)	Notice is not required to be given under subregulation (2) if it is not practicable to give it because of exceptional circumstances and in that case notice of the works is required to be given as soon as is practicable after deciding to carry them out, but the works may be commenced before the notice is given.
(4)	This regulation— (a) does not authorise a local government to interfere with a supply system that is not local government property

page 12 Version Error! Unknown document property name. As at Error! Unknown document property name.

without the consent of a person who has authority to consent: and

does not authorise a local government to carry out works (b) in a public thoroughfare or other public place that is not local government property unless the person having the management or control of the place, or a representative of that person, is present while the work is being carried out.

21. Wind erosion and sand drifts — Sch. 9.1 cl. 12

- (1) A local government may give a notice under this regulation to a person who is the owner or occupier of land (in this regulation called the person's land) if the local government considers that clearing the person's land might cause land having a common boundary with it that is local government property to be adversely affected by wind erosion or sand drift.
- (2) The notice may forbid the person, to the extent specified in the notice, to clear the person's land of vegetation without the consent of the local government.
- The notice cannot forbid the clearing of land that is more than 60 metres from the common boundary of the person's land with the land that is local government property.
- A person who is given a notice under subregulation (1) and contravenes the notice commits an offence the penalty for which is a fine of \$1 000.
- (5) A person who is given a notice under subregulation (1) may object or appeal against the notice in accordance with Part 9.1, Division 1, of the Act, as if
 - (a) the person were an "affected person" as defined in that **Division: and**
 - (b) the giving of the notice were the making of a "decision" as defined in that Division.

As at Error! Unknown document property name. Version Error! Unknown page 13 document property name.

Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

<u>r. 21</u>	
	and the provisions of that Division are adopted accordingly.
	<u>[Note: This regulation is of a kind prescribed in Schedule 3.1, Division</u> item 6. This means that an offender might be given a notice under section 3.25(1)(b) of the Act and if the notice is not complied with the local government may, under section 3.26, itself do what the notice required and recover the cost from the offender.
	See also Schedule 3.1, Division 1, item 6 which allows a similar notice to be given even when no offence has been committed.]

Version Error! Unknown document property name. As at Error! page 14 Unknown document property name. Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

Notes

This is a compilation of the Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations 1996^{-1a}. The following table contains information about those regulations and any reprint.

Compilation table

Citation	Gazettal	Commencement
Local Government (Uniform Local	24 Jun 1996	1 Jul 1996 (see r. 2)
Provisions) Regulations 1996	p. 2833-46	

Reprint 1: The Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations 1996 as at 7 May 2004

¹ⁿ On the date as at which this compilation was prepared, provisions referred to in the following table had not come into operation and were therefore not included in this compilation. For the text of the provisions see the endnotes referred to in the table.

Provisions that have not come into operation

Citation	Gazettal	Commencement
Local Government (Uniform Local	1 Feb 2013	2 Apr 2013 (see r. 2(b))
Provisions) Regulations 2013 r. 3-21-3	р. 417-443	

²— Repealed by the *Local Government Act 1995*.

On the date as at which this compilation was prepared, the *Local Government* (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations 2013 r. 3-21 had not come into operation. They read as follows:

3. Regulations amended

These regulations amend the *Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations* 1996.

4. Regulation 4 replaced

Delete regulation 4 and insert:

4. Terms used

In these regulations, unless the contrary intention appears — *goods* has the meaning that it has in section 3.38 of the Act;

As at Error! Unknown document property name. Version Error! Unknown document property name. page 1

Government road means —		
	(a)	a road declared by Order in Council under the <i>Public</i> <i>Works Act 1902</i> section 86(2) to be a Government road;
		or

(b) a highway or main road as those terms are defined in the *Main Roads Act 1930* section 6;

lawful authority, in relation to the doing of a thing, means —

- (a) the authority under a provision of a written law to do the thing; or
- (b) an authorisation, approval, licence, permit or other right, granted by the local government or any other person, under another written law, to do the thing; or
- (c) if neither paragraph (a) nor (b) applies, the written permission of the local government to do the thing;

local government in relation to land, a public thoroughfare, a public place or local government property, means the local government in whose district the land, thoroughfare, place or property is located;

specified, in relation to an application for a local government's permission, means specified in the application.

[Regulation 4 inserted in Gazette 1 Feb 2013 p. 418-19.]

5A. Notes not part of regulations

Notes in these regulations are provided to assist understanding and do not form part of the regulations.

5. Regulations 5 and 6 replaced
Delete regulations 5 and 6 and insert:

[Regulation 5A inserted in Gazette 1 Feb 2013 p. 419.]

page 2 Version Error! Unknown document property name. As at Error! Unknown document property name.

Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

 $\overline{}$

5. Interfering with, or taking from, local government land

- (1) A person must not, without lawful authority
 - (a) interfere with the soil of, or anything on, land that is local government property; or
 - (b) take anything from land that is local government property.

Penalty: a fine of \$5 000 and a daily penalty of \$500 for each day during which the offence continues.

- (2) A local government may, by written notice served on a person who is carrying out plastering, painting or decorating operations (the *work*) over or near a footpath on land that is local government property, require the person to cover the footpath during the period specified in the notice so as to —
 - (a) prevent damage to the footpath; or
 - (b) prevent inconvenience to the public or danger from falling materials.
- (3) A person given a notice under subregulation (2) must not continue to do the work in respect of which the notice was given unless the person complies with the notice.

Penalty: a fine of \$5 000 and a daily penalty of \$500 for each day during which the offence continues.

[Regulation 5 inserted in Gazette 1 Feb 2013 p. 419-20.]

6. Obstruction of public thoroughfare by things placed and left — Sch. 9.1 cl. 3(1)(a)

(1) A person must not, without lawful authority, place on a public thoroughfare anything that obstructs it.

Penalty: a fine of \$5 000 and a daily penalty of \$500 for each day during which the obstruction continues.

r. 5

As at Error! Unknown document property name. Version Error! Unknown document property name. page 3 Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

r. 6			
(2)	A person may apply to the local government for permission to place on a specified part of public thoroughfare one or more specified things that may obstruct the public thoroughfare.		
(3)		ssion granted by the local government under this tion —	
	(a)	must be in writing; and	
	(b)	must specify the period for which it is granted; and	
	(c)	must specify each condition imposed under subregulation (4); and	
	(d)	may be renewed from time to time; and	
	(e)	may be cancelled by giving written notice to the person to whom the permission was granted.	
fit on granting per		cal government may impose such conditions as it thinks granting permission under this regulation including, but nited to, any of the following —	
	(a)	conditions relating to the erection of hoardings, fences, walkways or other structures for the protection of the public thoroughfare or public safety (<i>protective</i> <i>structures</i>);	
	(b)	conditions about the placement of things in the public thoroughfare including conditions about the depositing of building materials or waste, or storage or other facilities in the public thoroughfare;	
	(c)	a condition imposing a charge for any damage to the public thoroughfare resulting from the placement of a thing on the public thoroughfare;	
	(1)		

(d) a condition requiring the applicant to deposit with the local government a sum sufficient in the opinion of the CEO of the local government to cover the cost of repairing damage to the public thoroughfare resulting from the placement of a thing or a protective structure, on the basis that the local government may retain from that sum the amount required for the cost of repairs by

page 4 Version Error! Unknown document property name. As at Error! Unknown document property name.

the local government if the damage is not made good by the applicant.

- (5) It is a condition of the permission granted under this regulation that
 - (a) placed things and protective structures are sufficiently illuminated every night from sunset to sunrise to prevent mishaps; and
 - (b) protective structures are kept and maintained in good condition, to the satisfaction of the CEO of the local government, during such time as the CEO thinks necessary for the public safety and convenience; and
 - (c) placed things or protective structures are removed within a reasonable time after the person granted the permission is required in writing to do so by the local government; and
 - (d) damage to the public thoroughfare resulting from the placement of a thing or a protective structure is repaired to the satisfaction of the CEO of the local government within a reasonable time after the person granted the permission is required in writing to do so by the local government.
- (6) The local government may, when renewing permission granted under this regulation or at any other time, vary any condition imposed by it under subregulation (4) and the variation takes effect when written notice of it is given to the person to whom the permission was granted.
- (7) A person granted permission under this regulation must comply with each condition of the permission.

Penalty: a fine of \$5 000 and a daily penalty of \$500 for each day during which the offence continues.

(8) The local government may charge a person granted permission under this regulation a fee of not more than \$1.00 for each month or part of a month for each m² of public thoroughfare that

As at Error! Unknown document property name. Version Error! Unknown document property name. page 5

r. 6			
	is enclosed by a hoarding or fence in accordance with the permission.		
(9)	For the purposes of section 3.37 of the Act, a contravention of subregulation (1) or (7) is a contravention that can lead to impounding of goods comprising a placed and left thing or structure.		
_	The note to inserted regulation 6 is to read:		
	Note: -This regulation is of a kind prescribed in the <i>Local Government</i> <i>Act 1995</i> Schedule 3.1 Division 2 item 1. This means that an offender might be given a notice under section 3.25(1)(b) of the Act and if the notice is not complied with the local government may, under section 3.26, itself do what the notice required and recover the cost from the offender.		
6.			
_	Delete regulation 7 and insert:		

page 6 Version Error! Unknown document property name. As at Error! Unknown document property name.

7A. Obstruction of public thoroughfare by fallen things — Sch. 9.1 cl. 3(1)(b)

A person who is the owner or occupier of land must, when requested by the local government to do so, remove any thing that —

- (a) has fallen from the land, or from anything on the land; and
- (b) is obstructing a public thoroughfare.
- Penalty: a fine of \$5 000 and a daily penalty of \$500 for each day during which the offence continues.
- Note: -This regulation is of a kind prescribed in the Local Government Act 1995 Schedule 3.1 Division 2 item 1. This means that an offender might be given a notice under section 3.25(1)(b) of the Act and if the notice is not complied with the local government may, under section 3.26, itself do what the notice required and recover the cost from the offender.

[Regulation 7A inserted in Gazette 1 Feb 2013 p. 423.]

7. Encroaching on public thoroughfare — Sch. 9.1 cl. 3(2)

A person who is the owner or occupier of land on which a structure is erected or a tree or other plant is growing must, when requested by the local government to do so, remove any part of the structure, tree or plant that is encroaching, without lawful authority, on a public thoroughfare.

Penalty: a fine of \$5 000 and a daily penalty of \$500 for each day during which the offence continues.

The note to inserted regulation 7 is to read:

Note: -This regulation is of a kind prescribed in the *Local Government Act 1995* Schedule 3.1 Division 2 item 1. This means that an offender might be given a notice under section 3.25(1)(b) of the Act and if the notice is not complied with the local government may, under section 3.26, itself do what the notice required and recover the cost from the offender.

As at Error! Unknown document property name. Version Error! Unknown document property name.



See also Schedule 3.1 Division 1 items 7, 8, and 9 which may allow a similar notice relating to vegetation to be given even when no offence has been committed.

Schedule 3.2, item 7, could also be relevant.

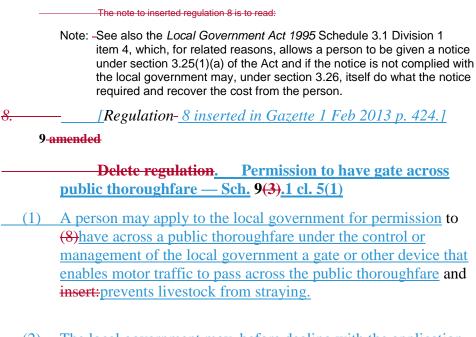


Delete regulation 8 and insert:

8. Separating land from public thoroughfare — Sch. 9.1 cl. 4

A person who is the owner or occupier of land must keep in good repair any fence or gate that separates the land from a public thoroughfare.

Penalty: a fine of \$5 000.



(2) The local government may, before dealing with the application, require the applicant to publish notice of the application in such manner as the local government thinks fit.

page 8 Version Error! Unknown document property name. As at Error! Unknown document property name.

- (3) Permission granted by the local government under this regulation
 - (a) must be in writing; and
 - (b) must specify the period for which it is granted; and
 - (c) must specify each condition imposed under subregulation (4); and
 - (d) may be renewed from time to time; and
 - (e) may be cancelled by giving written notice to the person to whom the permission was granted.
- (4) The local government may impose such conditions as it thinks fit on granting permission under this regulation including, but not limited to, conditions on the construction, placement and maintenance of the gate or other device across the public thoroughfare.
- (5) The local government may, when renewing permission granted under this regulation or at any other time, vary any condition imposed by it under subregulation (4) and the variation takes effect when written notice of it is given to the person to whom the permission was granted.
- (6) The local government may at any time, by written notice given to the person to whom permission was granted under this regulation, cancel the permission and request the person responsible for the gate or other device to remove it within a time specified in the request.
- (7) A person to whom a request is made under subregulation (6) must comply with the request.

Penalty: a fine of \$5 000.

(8) A local government must keep a register of gates and other devices constructed in accordance with a permission granted under this regulation.

The note to amended regulation 9 is to read:

As at Error! Unknown document property name. Version Error! Unknown document property name. page 9 Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

r. 9	
	Note: -This regulation is of a kind prescribed in the <i>Local Government</i> <i>Act 1995</i> Schedule 3.1 Division 2 item 1A. This means that an offend might be given a notice under section 3.25(1)(b) of the Act and if the notice is not complied with the local government may, under section 3.26, itself do what the notice required and recover the cost from the offender.
9.	— [Regulation-10 replaced 9 amended in Gazette 1 Feb 20] p. 425-6.]
-	Delete regulation 10 and insert:
10.	Gate across thoroughfare not to be left open — Sch. 9.1 cl. 5(2)
	A person who is responsible for a gate registered under regulation 9(8) must ensure that the gate is not left open.
	Penalty: a fine of \$1 000.
10.	[Regulation-10 inserted in Gazette 1 Feb 2013 p. 426.]
11 -am	ended. Dangerous excavation in or near public
	<u>thoroughfare — Sch. 9.1 cl. 6</u>
-	Delete regulation 11(2) and (3) and insert:
(1)	If there is, in a public thoroughfare or land adjoining a public
	thoroughfare, an excavation that the local government conside
	to be dangerous, the local government may —
	(a) fill in or fence the excavation; or
	(b) in writing request the owner or occupier of the land to fill in or securely fence the excavation.
(2)	A person to whom a request is made under subregulation (1)(b must comply with the request.

Penalty: a fine of \$5 000.

page 10 Version Error! Unknown document property name. As at Error! Unknown document property name.

(3) A person must not, without lawful authority, make or make and leave an excavation in a public thoroughfare or land adjoining a public thoroughfare.

Penalty: a fine of \$5 000 and a daily penalty of \$500 for each day during which the offence continues.

- (4) A person may apply to the local government for permission to make or make and leave an excavation of specified dimensions and in a specified way in a specified part of a public thoroughfare or on a specified part of land adjoining a public thoroughfare.
- (5) Permission granted by the local government under this regulation
 - (a) must be in writing; and
 - (b) must specify the period for which it is granted; and
 - (c) must specify each condition imposed under subregulation (6); and
 - (d) may be renewed from time to time; and
 - (e) may be cancelled by giving written notice to the person to whom the permission was granted.
- (6) The local government may impose such conditions as it thinks fit on granting permission under this regulation including, but not limited to, any of the following —
 - (a) conditions relating to the erection of hoardings, fences, walkways or other structures for the protection of the public thoroughfare, adjoining land or public safety (*protective structures*);
 - (b) a condition imposing a charge for any damage to the public thoroughfare or adjoining land resulting from the excavation;
 - (c) a condition requiring the applicant to deposit with the local government a sum sufficient in the opinion of the CEO of the local government to cover the cost of

As at Error! Unknown document property name. Version Error! Unknown document property name. page 11

		repairing damage to the public thoroughfare or adjoining land resulting from the excavation or a protective structure, on the basis that the local government may retain from that sum the amount required for the cost of repairs by the local government if the damage is not made good by the applicant.
(7)	It is a that —	condition of the permission granted under this regulation
	(a)	the excavation is securely fenced off from the public thoroughfare or adjoining land; and
	(b)	protective structures are sufficiently illuminated every night from sunset to sunrise to prevent mishaps; and
	(c)	protective structures are kept and maintained in good condition, to the satisfaction of the CEO of the local government, during such time as the CEO thinks necessary for the public safety and convenience; and
	(d)	the excavation is filled in or protective structures are removed within a reasonable time after the person granted the permission is required in writing to do so by the local government; and
	(e)	damage to the public thoroughfare or adjoining land resulting from the excavation or a protective structure is repaired to the satisfaction of the CEO of the local government within a reasonable time after the person granted the permission is required in writing to do so by the local government.
(8)	under impos effect	ocal government may, when renewing permission granted this regulation or at any other time, vary any condition ed by it under subregulation (6) and the variation takes when written notice of it is given to the person to whom rmission was granted.
(9)	-	son granted permission under this regulation must comply each condition of the permission.
	n docu	rsion Error! Unknown document property name. As at Erro ment property name. n www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

Penalty: a fine of \$5 000 and a daily penalty of \$500 for each day during which the offence continues.

- (10) The local government may charge a person granted permission under this regulation a fee of not more than \$1.00 for each month or part of a month for each m² of public thoroughfare that is enclosed by a hoarding or fence in accordance with the permission.
- (11) For the purposes of section 3.37 of the Act, a contravention of subregulation (3) or (9) is a contravention that can lead to impounding of goods comprising a protective structure or other thing placed in or near the excavation.

The note to amended regulation 11 is to read:

Note: Note: This regulation is of a kind prescribed in the Local Government Act 1995 Schedule 3.1 Division 2 item 2. This means that an offender might be given a notice under section 3.25(1)(b) of the Act and if the notice is not complied with the local government may, under section 3.26, itself do what the notice required and recover the cost from the offender.

[Regulation 11 amended in Gazette 1 Feb 2013 p. 426-9.]

As at Error! Unknown document property name. Version Error! Unknown document property name. page 13 Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

r.	1	2

<u>12.</u>				
	<u>private thoroughfare — Sch. 9.1 cl. 7(2)</u>			
(1)	Upon the application of the sole owner, or a majority of the			
	owners, of private land the local government may, in writing			
	and subject to regulation 14(2) —			
	(a) approve the construction, under the supervision of, and			
	to the satisfaction of, the local government, of a crossing giving access from a public thoroughfare to —			
	(i) the land; or			
	(ii) a private thoroughfare serving the land;			
	(b) agree to construct for the applicant a crossing giving access from a public thoroughfare to —			
	(i) the land; or			
	(ii) a private thoroughfare serving the land.			
(2)	A person is not to construct a crossing for vehicles from a public			
	thoroughfare that is a Government road to —			
	(a) land on which premises have been or are about to be			
	constructed; or			
	(b) a private thoroughfare serving the land,			
	unless the construction of the crossing has been approved by the			
	local government under subregulation (1) and the crossing is			
	constructed in accordance with the approval.			
	Penalty: a fine of \$5 000.			
	Note: This regulation is of a kind prescribed in the <i>Local Government</i> <i>Act 1995</i> Schedule 3.1 Division 2 item <u>2.2A(a)</u> . This means that an offender might be given a notice under section 3.25(1)(b) of the Act and if the notice is not complied with the local government may, under section 3.26, itself do what the notice required and recover the cost from the offender.			

page 14 Version Error! Unknown document property name. As at Error! Unknown document property name.

r	11	
••		

11	Regulation_12 amended
	<u>(in Gazette 1) In regulation 12(1) after "may,"</u>
	insert: <u>Feb 2013 p. 429-30.]</u>
	in writing and
_	<u>(2) In regulation 12(2):</u>
	(a) delete "as defined in section 5(1) of the <i>Road Traffic</i> Act 1974";
	(b) delete the penalty and insert:
	Penalty: a fine of \$5 000.
	The note to amended regulation 12 is to read:
	Note: This regulation is of a kind prescribed in the
	Note:This regulation is of a kind prescribed in theLocal Government Act 1995 Schedule 3.1 Division 2item 2A(a). This means that an offender might be given anotice under section 3.25(1)(b) of the Act and if 13.Requirement to construct or repair crossing —
	<i>Local Government Act 1995</i> Schedule 3.1 Division 2 item 2A(a). This means that an offender might be given a notice under section 3.25(1)(b) of the Act and if 13.
(1)	Local Government Act 1995 Schedule 3.1 Division 2 item 2A(a). This means that an offender might be given a notice under section 3.25(1)(b) of the Act and if 13. Requirement to construct or repair crossing — Sch. 9.1 cl. 7(3) A local government may, subject to regulation 14(2), give a person who is the owner or occupier of private land a notice in writing requiring the person to construct or repair a crossing
(1)	Local Government Act 1995 Schedule 3.1 Division 2 item 2A(a). This means that an offender might be given a notice under section 3.25(1)(b) of the Act and if13. Requirement to construct or repair crossing — Sch. 9.1 cl. 7(3) A local government may, subject to regulation 14(2), give a person who is the owner or occupier of private land a notice in writing requiring the person to construct or repair a crossing from a public thoroughfare to the land or a private thoroughfare
(2)	 Local Government Act 1995 Schedule 3.1 Division 2 item 2A(a). This means that an offender might be given a notice under section 3.25(1)(b) of the Act and if 13. Requirement to construct or repair crossing — Sch. 9.1 cl. 7(3) A local government may, subject to regulation 14(2), give a person who is the owner or occupier of private land a notice in writing requiring the person to construct or repair a crossing from a public thoroughfare to the land or a private thoroughfare serving the land. If the notice is not complied person fails to comply with the notice, the local government may, under section 3.26, itself do what construct or repair the crossing as the notice required and recover 50% of the cost of doing so as a debt due from the

As at Error! Unknown document property name. Version Error! Unknown document property name. page 15 Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

. 13	
(3)	A person given a notice under subregulation (1) must comply with the notice.
	Penalty: a fine of \$5 000.

<u>-13. </u>	[(4) deleted]
	[Regulation-14_13 amended in Gazette 1 Feb 2013 p. 430.]
	<u>(14. Role of Commissioner of Main Roads in some cases —</u> <u>Sch. 9.1)</u> <u>In</u> cl. 7(2)
(1)	<u>This</u> regulation <u>14(1)</u> delete "as defined in section <u>5(1)</u> of applies to a crossing for vehicles from a public thoroughfare that is a Government road to —
	(a) land on which premises have been or are about to be constructed; or
	(b) a private thoroughfare serving the <i>Road Traffic</i>
	<u>Act 1974".land.</u>
(2)	InA local government cannot —
	(a) under regulation 14(2) after "12 construct or approve the construction of; or
	(b) under regulation $13(1)$ require the construction of,
	a crossing to which this regulation applies unless the local
	government has consulted with the Commissioner and the
	Commissioner has approved" insert: in writing the construction
	of the crossing.

in writing

Version Error! Unknown document property name. As at Error! page 16 Unknown document property name. Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

(3)	Delete regulation 14(5) and (6) If a person —				
	(a) constructs a crossing to which this regulation applies other than in accordance with approval given by the Commissioner under this regulation; or				
	(b) modifies a crossing to which this regulation applies in such a way that it is not in accordance with approval given by the Commissioner under this regulation,				
	the Commissioner may, by notice in writing, require the person to bring the crossing into accordance with the approval, if approval was given, or remove the crossing and insert:restore the place where the crossing was to its former condition.				
(4)	If the person fails to comply with the notice, the Commissioner may do anything required by the notice to be done and recover the cost of doing it as a debt due from the person.				
(5)	A person given a notice under subregulation (3) must comply with the notice. Penalty: a fine of \$5 000.				
The note	e to amended [(6) deleted]				
(7)	In this regulation 14 is to read:				
	Commissioner means the Commissioner of Main Roads.				
	Note: This regulation is of a kind prescribed in the <i>Local Government</i> <i>Act 1995</i> Schedule 3.1 Division 2 item 2A(b). This means that an offender might be given a notice under section 3.25(1)(b) of the Act and if the notice is not complied with the local government may, under section 3.26, itself do what the notice required and recover the cost				

14. [Regulation 16 deleted 14 amended in Gazette 1 Feb 2013 p. 430-1.]

As at Error! Unknown document property name. Version Error! Unknown document property name. page 17 Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

from the offender.

	15
--	----

	Delete 15. Contribution to cost of crossing — Sch.
	<u>9.1 cl. 7(4)</u>
(1)	Where —
	(a) a local government —
	(i) under regulation 16. 12 constructs or approves the construction of; or
15.	. Regulation 17 replaced
	<u>Delete</u> (ii) under regulation <u>1713(1)</u> requires the construction of,
	a crossing giving access from a public thoroughfare to private land or a private thoroughfare serving the land;
	(b) the crossing is the first crossing in respect of the land;
	 (c) the crossing is a standard crossing or is of a type that is superior to a standard crossing, the local government is obliged to bear 50% of the cost, as estimated by the local government, of a standard crossing, but otherwise the local government is not obliged to bear, nor
	prevented from bearing, any of the cost.
(2)	<u>In subregulation (1)</u>
	<i>first crossing</i> , in respect of land, means the first crossing to the land or a private thoroughfare serving the land constructed
	<u>under regulation 12 or section 358² of the <i>Local Government</i> <i>Act 1960</i> as in force at any time before 1 July 1996;</u>
	standard crossing means, subject to any local law as to what is
	or is not a standard crossing, a crossing of a kind that the local government, by resolution, decides is a standard crossing.
[16 .	Deleted in Gazette 1 Feb 2013 p. 431.]

Version Error! Unknown document property name. As at Error! page 18 Unknown document property name. Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

17. Private works on, over, or under public places — Sch. 9.1 cl. 8

(1) A person must not, without lawful authority, construct anything on, over, or under a public thoroughfare or other public place that is local government property.

Penalty: a fine of \$5 000.

- (2) Subregulation (1) does not apply to the construction of things by or on behalf of the Crown.
- (3) A person may apply to the local government for permission to construct a specified thing on, over, or under a specified public thoroughfare or public place that is local government property.
- (4) Permission granted by the local government under this regulation
 - (a) must be in writing; and
 - (b) must specify the period for which it is granted; and
 - (c) must specify each condition imposed under subregulation (5); and
 - (d) may be renewed from time to time; and
 - (e) may be cancelled by giving written notice to the person to whom the permission was granted.
- (5) The local government may impose such conditions as it thinks fit on granting permission under this regulation including, but not limited to, any of the following
 - (a) a condition imposing a charge for any damage to the public thoroughfare or public place resulting from the construction;
 - (b) a condition requiring the applicant to deposit with the local government a sum sufficient in the opinion of the CEO of the local government to cover the cost of repairing damage to the public thoroughfare or public place resulting from the construction, on the basis that

As at Error! Unknown document property name. Version Error! Unknown document property name. page 19

17			
		amour	cal government may retain from that sum the at required for the cost of repairs by the local ament if the damage is not made good by the ant.
(6)	It is a o that —		on of the permission granted under this regulation
	(a)	thorou is dedi	dinary and reasonable use of the public aghfare or public place for the purpose to which it icated is not to be permanently or unreasonably cted; and
	(b)	that a place	rson carrying out the construction work ensures footpath of a public thoroughfare or other public that is local government property is covered during riod specified in writing by the local government o —
		(i)	prevent damage to the footpath; or
		(ii)	prevent inconvenience to the public or danger from falling materials;
		and	

- (c) damage to the public thoroughfare or public place resulting from the construction is repaired to the satisfaction of the CEO of the local government.
- A person granted permission under this regulation must comply (7)with each condition of the permission.

Penalty: a fine of \$5 000 and a daily penalty of \$500 for each day during which the offence continues.

- A person who constructs anything in accordance with (8) permission granted under this regulation must ---
 - maintain it; and (a)
 - (b) obtain from an insurance company approved by the local government an insurance policy, in the joint names of the local government and the person, indemnifying the

Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

r.

Version Error! Unknown document property name. As at Error! page 20 Unknown document property name.

local government against any claim for damages which may arise in, or out of, its construction, maintenance or use.

Penalty: a fine of \$5 000.

(9) For the purposes of section 3.37 of the Act, a contravention of subregulation (1) or (7) is a contravention that can lead to impounding of goods comprising a thing constructed on, over, or under a public thoroughfare or other public place that is local government property.

The note to inserted regulation 17 is to read:

Note: -This regulation is of the kind prescribed in the *Local Government Act 1995* Schedule 3.1 Division 2 item 3. This means that an offender might be given a notice under section 3.25(1)(b) of the Act and if the notice is not complied with the local government may, under section 3.26, itself do what the notice required and recover the cost from the offender. Schedule 9.1 item 8(4) is relevant.

See also Schedule 3.1 Division 1 item 3 which allows a similar notice to be given even when no offence has been committed.

 If the second second

Delete regulation 18 and insert:

18. Protection of watercourses, drains, tunnels and bridges — Sch. 9.1 cl. 9

(1) A person must not, without lawful authority, alter, obstruct, or interfere with, any watercourse, drain, tunnel, or bridge that is local government property.

Penalty: a fine of \$5 000.

(2) A person must not, wilfully or negligently, cause or permit leaves, timber, logs or brushwood that is, or has been, growing on land occupied by that person, to fall into a watercourse that is local government property.

r. 16

As at Error! Unknown document property name. Version Error! Unknown document property name. page 21 Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

r. 17

Penalty: a fine of \$5 000.

The note to inserted regulation 18 is to read:

Note:—_This regulation is of a kind prescribed in the *Local Government Act 1995* Schedule 3.1 Division 2 item 4. This means that an offender might be given a notice under section 3.25(1)(b) of the Act and if the notice is not complied with the local government may, under section 3.26, itself do what the notice required and recover the cost from the offender.

17. [Regulation-19 replaced 18 inserted in Gazette 1 Feb 2013 p. 434-5.]

Delete regulation 19 and insert:

19. Protection of thoroughfares from water damage — Sch. 9.1 cl. 10

A-person must not, without lawful authority, alter, obstruct, or interfere with the natural flow of surface water across any thoroughfare or other land in such a way as is likely to damage any thoroughfare that is local government property.

Penalty: a fine of \$5 000.

The note to inserted regulation 19 is to read:

 Note:
 Note: This regulation is of a kind prescribed in the Local Government

 Act 1995 Schedule 3.1 Division 2 item 5. This means that an offender

 might be given a notice under section 3.25(1)(b) of the Act and if the

 notice is not complied with the local government may, under

 section 3.26, itself do what the notice required and recover the cost

 from the offender.

[Regulation 19 inserted in Gazette 1 Feb 2013 p. 435.]

20. Works required for supply of gas or water — Sch. 9.1 cl. 11

(1) A local government that is responsible for supplying water or gas may carry out any works that are necessary for the purpose of providing, maintaining, or modifying the supply system.

page 22 Version Error! Unknown document property name. As at Error! Unknown document property name.

(2)	Before a local government carries out works under this		
	regulation in a public thoroughfare or other public place that is		
	not local government property, it must give at least 3 days'		
	notice of its intention to carry out the works to the local		
	government or other person having the management or control		
	of the place.		
(3)	Notice is not required to be given under subregulation (2) if it is		
	not practicable to give it because of exceptional circumstances		
	and in that case notice of the works must be given as soon as is		
	practicable after deciding to carry them out, but the works may		
	be commenced before the notice is given.		
(4)	This regulation —		
	(a) does not authorise a local government to interfere with a		
	supply system that is not local government property		
	without the consent of a person who has authority to		
	consent; and		
	(b) does not authorise a local government to carry out works		
	in a public thoroughfare or other public place that is not		
	local government property unless the person having the		
	management or control of the place, or a representative		
	of that person, is present while the work is being carried		
	<u>out.</u>		
	[Regulation 20 amended in Gazette 1 Feb 2013 p. 435.]		
<u>21.</u>	Wind erosion and sand drifts — Sch. 9.1 cl. 12		
(1)	A less 1 commune of more size a metice on the discussion for the		

(1) A local government may give a notice under this regulation to a person who is the owner or occupier of land (in this regulation called *the person's land*) if the local government considers that clearing the person's land might cause land having a common boundary with it that is local government property to be adversely affected by wind erosion or sand drift.

As at Error! Unknown document property name. Version Error! Unknown document property name. page 23 Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

<u>r. 18</u>				
(2)	The notice may forbid the person, to the extent specified in the notice, to clear the person's land of vegetation without the			
	permission of the local government.			
(3)	The notice cannot forbid the clearing of land that is more than 60 metres from the common boundary of the person's land with the land that is leaved account and account of the person's land with			
	the land that is local government property.			
(4)	A person given a notice under subregulation (1) must comply with the notice.			
	Penalty: a fine of \$5 000.			
<u>[(5)</u>	<u>deleted]</u>			
	Act 1995 Schedule 3.1 Division 2 item 56 . This means that an offender might be given a notice under section $3.25(1)(b)$ of the Act and if the notice is not complied with the local government may, under section 3.26, itself do what the notice required and recover the cost from the offender.			
18	3. Regulation 20 amended			
_	In regulation 20(2) and (3) delete "is required to" and insert:			
	must			
1 9	. Regulation 21 amended			
	(1) In regulation 21(2) delete "consent" and insert:			
_	permission			
	(2) Delete regulation 21(4) and (5) and insert:			
_	(4) A person given a notice under subregulation (1) must comply with the notice.			
	Penalty: a fine of \$5 000.			
	The note to amended regulation 21 is to read:			
	Note: This regulation is of a kind prescribed in the <i>Local Government Act 1995</i> Schedule 3.1 Division 2 item 6. This means that an offender might be given a notice under section 3.25(1)(b) of the Act and if the notice is not complied with			



the local government may, under section 3.26, itself do what the notice required and recover the cost from the offender.

See also Schedule 3.1 Division 1 item 6 which allows a similar notice to be given even when no offence has been committed.

20. Regulations 22 to 25 inserted

After regulation 21 insert:

[Regulation 21 amended in Gazette 1 Feb 2013 p. 436.]

22. Persons with lawful authority under other written laws to notify local government of proposed action

(1) In this regulation —

do a thing means do any of the following things —

- (a) interfere with the soil of, or anything on, land that is local government property;
- (b) take anything from land that is local government property;
- (c) place on a public thoroughfare anything that obstructs it;
- (d) make or make and leave an excavation in a public thoroughfare or land adjoining a public thoroughfare;
- (e) construct anything on, over, or under a public thoroughfare or other public place that is local government property;
- (f) alter, obstruct, or interfere with, any watercourse, drain, tunnel, or bridge that is local government property;
- (g) alter, obstruct, or interfere with the natural flow of surface water across any thoroughfare or other land in such a way as is likely to damage any thoroughfare that is local government property;

lawful authority under another written law, in relation to doing a thing, means —

As at Error! Unknown document property name. Version Error! Unknown document property name. page 25 Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

(a)	the authority under a provision of another written law to
	do the thing; or

- (b) an authorisation, approval, licence, permit or other right, granted under another written law by a person other than the local government, to do the thing.
- (2) A person who has lawful authority under another written law to do a thing must ensure that at least 7 days before doing the thing, the local government is given written notice of the lawful authority and the intention to do the thing.

Penalty: a fine of \$5 000.

[Regulation 22 inserted in Gazette 1 Feb 2013 p. 436-7.]

23. Objections and review

Part 9 Division 1 of the Act applies to —

- (a) the decision of a local government to give a notice under regulation 5(2); or
- (b) a decision of a local government made upon an application under regulation 12 or a decision by the Commissioner of Main Roads under regulation 14(2) relating to the application; or
- (c) the decision of a local government to give a notice under regulation 13(1); or
- (d) the decision of the Commissioner of Main Roads to give a notice under regulation 14(3); or
- (e) the decision of a local government to give a notice under regulation 21(1),

and the applicant or person to whom the notice was given, as the case requires, is an affected person for the purposes of applying that Division.

Note: -The *Local Government Act 1995* section 9.1(1) provides that Part 9 Division 1 applies when a local government makes a decision under the Act as to whether it will grant, renew, vary, or cancel an

page 26 Version Error! Unknown document property name. As at Error! Unknown document property name.

authorisation, as defined in section 9.2, under a regulation that operates as if it were a local law.

[Regulation 23 inserted in Gazette 1 Feb 2013 p. 438.]

24. Infringement notice offences

- (1) An offence described in Schedule 1 column 1 is prescribed for the purposes of section 9.16(1) of the Act.
- (2) The amount specified in Schedule 1 column 2 for the offence is the modified penalty that is to be specified in an infringement notice given for that offence.

[Regulation 24 inserted in Gazette 1 Feb 2013 p. 438.]

25. Transitional and savings provisions

(1) In this regulation —

expiry day means the day on which the *Building Regulations* 2012 Part 9 expires;

expired Part 9 means the *Building Regulations 2012* Part 9 as in force immediately before it expired.

- (2) A licence that was
 - (a) granted under the expired Part 9 regulation 64; and
 - (b) in effect immediately before expiry day; and
 - (c) for the purpose of authorising a person to deposit materials on a street, way or other public place,

is, on and from expiry day, to be taken to be permission granted by the local government under regulation 6 of these regulations and subject to the conditions applying to the licence immediately before expiry day.

(3) An application for a licence mentioned in subregulation (2) that had been made, but not decided, by a local government, before expiry day is, on and from expiry day, to be taken to be an

r. 24

As at Error! Unknown document property name. Version Error! Unknown document property name. page 27 Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

application under regulation $6(2)$ of these regulations for which
the application fee, if any, has been paid.

- (4) A review under the expired Part 9 regulation 64(7)
 - (a) of the refusal to grant a licence under the expired Part 9 regulation 64 for the purpose of authorising a person to deposit materials on a street, way or other public place; or
 - (b) of the conditions imposed on a licence mentioned in subregulation (2),

that was started, but not finalised, before expiry day must be dealt with as if the expired Part 9 had not expired, and a licence that is granted or varied as a result of such a review is to be taken to be permission granted by the local government under regulation 6 of these regulations subject to the conditions applying to the licence on its grant or variation.

- (5) A licence that was
 - (a) granted under the expired Part 9 regulation 64; and
 - (b) in effect immediately before expiry day; and
 - (c) for the purpose of authorising a person to make an excavation on land abutting or adjoining a street, way or other public place,

is, on and from expiry day, to be taken to be permission granted by the local government under regulation 11 of these regulations and subject to the conditions applying to the licence immediately before expiry day.

- (6) An application for a licence mentioned in subregulation (5) that had been made, but not decided, by a local government, before expiry day is, on and from expiry day, to be taken to be an application under regulation 11(4) of these regulations for which the application fee, if any, has been paid.
- (7) A review under the expired Part 9 regulation 64(7) —

page 28 Version Error! Unknown document property name. As at Error! Unknown document property name.

- (a) of the refusal to grant a licence under the expired Part 9 regulation 64 for the purpose of authorising a person to make an excavation on land abutting or adjoining a street, way or other public place; or
- (b) of the conditions imposed on a licence mentioned in subregulation (5),

that was started, but not finalised, before expiry day must be dealt with as if the expired Part 9 had not expired, and a licence that is granted or varied as a result of such a review is to be taken to be permission granted by the local government under regulation 11 of these regulations subject to the conditions applying to the licence on its grant or variation.

- (8) Subregulations (2) to (7) do not prejudice or affect the application of the *Interpretation Act 1984* to and in relation to the expiry of the *Building Regulations 2012* Part 9 concerning
 - (a) the enforcement of any notice under the expired Part 9 regulation 65(h) or 66(2)(b); or
 - (b) the institution, continuation or enforcement of any legal proceeding for an offence under the expired Part 9 regulation 63, 64 or 67; or
 - (c) the institution, continuation or enforcement of any review under the expired Part 9 regulation 67(3).
- 21. Schedule 1 [Regulation 25 inserted in Gazette 1 Feb 2013 p. 439-41.]

At the end of the regulations insert:

As at Error! Unknown document property name. Version Error! Unknown document property name. page 29 Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

Schedule 1 — Infringement notice offences and modified penalties

[r. 24]

Column 1	Column 2	
Description of offence	\$	
Interfering with, or taking anything from, land that is local government property without lawful authority (in contravention of r. 5(1))	500	
Placing on a public thoroughfare anything that obstructs it without lawful authority (in contravention of r. 6(1))	500	
Leaving open a gate registered under regulation 9(8) (in contravention of r. 10)	100	
Making an excavation in a public thoroughfare or land adjoining a public thoroughfare without lawful authority (in contravention of r. 11(3))	500	
Constructing anything on, over, or under a public thoroughfare or other public place that is local government property without lawful authority (in contravention of r. 17(1))	500	

[Heading inserted in Gazette 1 Feb 2013 p. 442.]

page 30 Version Error! Unknown document property name. As at Error! Unknown document property name.

Column 1	Column 2
Not giving a local government at least 7 days' written notice of lawful authority under another written law to do a thing and the intention to do the thing (in contravention of r. 22(2))	500

[Schedule 1 inserted in Gazette 1 Feb 2013 p. 442-3.]

As at Error! Unknown document property name. Version Error! Unknown document property name. page 31 Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

Notes

This is a compilation of the Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions)Regulations 1996. The following table contains information about thoseregulations and any reprint.

Compilation table					
Gazettal	Commencement				
<u>24 Jun 1996</u> <u>p. 2833-46</u>	<u>1 Jul 1996 (see r. 2)</u>				
<u>Uniform Local Pr</u>	rovisions) Regulations 1996 as at				
<u>1 Feb 2013</u> p. 417-443	r. 1 and 2: 1 Feb 2013 (see r. 2(a)): Regulations other than r. 1 and 2: 2 Apr 2013 (see r. 2(b))				
	<u>Gazettal</u> 24 Jun 1996 <u>p. 2833-46</u> Uniform Local Pi <u>1 Feb 2013</u>				

² Repealed by the *Local Government Act 1995*.

1

page 32 Version Error! Unknown document property name. As at Error! Unknown document property name.