Western Australia

Criminal Procedure (District Court) Rules 2008

Compare between:

[26 Nov 2011, 00-b0-02] and [01 Mar 2014, 00-c0-03]

Western Australia

Criminal Procedure Act 2004

Criminal Procedure (District Court) Rules 2008

##### 1. Citation

 These rules are the *Criminal Procedure (District Court) Rules 2008*.

##### 2. Commencement

 These rules come into operation as follows:

 (a) rules 1 and 2 — on the day on which these rules are published in the *Gazette*;

 (b) the rest of the rules — on the day after that day.

##### 3. Interpretation

 In these rules unless the contrary intention appears —

accused means a person who has been committed to the court for trial or sentence or who is the subject of an indictment that has been lodged in the court;

Chief Judge means the Chief Judge of the District Court;

court means the District Court;

CPA means the *Criminal Procedure Act 2004*;

judge means a District Court judge;

lodge a document, means to lodge it with the court.

##### 4. Application

 (1) These rules must be read with the *Criminal Procedure Rules 2005*.

 (2) If a provision in these rules is inconsistent with a provision of the *Criminal Procedure Rules 2005*, the provision in these rules prevails in relation to any case in the court.

[**5.** Deleted: Gazette 25 Nov 2011 p. 4872.]

##### 6. When indictment or discontinuance must be lodged

 (1) The Chief Judge, by a practice direction, may set the period within which an authorised officer must act under the CPA Part 4 Division 2 in respect of an accused who is committed to the court for trial or sentence on a charge.

 (2) If an authorised officer does not comply with a practice direction issued under subrule (1), the court may make an order under the CPA section 94(3).

##### 7. Initial hearing

 (1) For the purpose of this rule, the initial hearing of a prosecution commences on the day on which the accused first appears in the court having been committed to the court for trial or sentencing.

 [(2) deleted]

 (3) At an initial hearing of a prosecution the court may do any of the following —

 (a) deal with any application under the CPA section 89, 90, 97, 118, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136 or 138;

 (b) exercise any of its powers in those sections if it can do so on its own initiative;

 (c) exercise any of its powers in the CPA section 98 or 137;

 (d) order that a status hearing be held under the *Criminal Procedure Rules 2005* rule 33 and fix the time and place for it;

 (e) order that a pre-trial hearing be held under the *Criminal Procedure Rules 2005* rule 34 and fix the time and place for it;

 (f) fix the time and place for the trial or sentencing proceedings;

 (g) adjourn the initial hearing from time to time.

 [Rule 7 amended: Gazette 28 Feb 2014 p. 517.]

##### 8. When request about pending charges must be lodged

 The Chief Judge, by a practice direction, may set the time when a request under the *Sentencing Act 1995* section 32(1) must be lodged in the court notwithstanding the *Criminal Procedure Rules 2005* rule 44(2).

Notes

1 This is a compilation of the *Criminal Procedure (District Court) Rules 2008* and includes the amendments made by the other written laws referred to in the following table.

Compilation table

| **Citation** | **Gazettal** | **Commencement** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| *Criminal Procedure (District Court) Rules 2008* | 30 May 2008 p. 2069-71 | r. 1 and 2: 30 May 2008 (see r. 2(a));Rules other than r. 1 and 2: 31 May 2008 (see r. 2(b)) |
| *Criminal Procedure (District Court) Amendment Rules 2011* | 25 Nov 2011 p. 4872 | r. 1 and 2: 25 Nov 2011 (see r. 2(a));Rules other than r. 1 and 2: 26 Nov 2011 (see r. 2(b)) |
| *Criminal Procedure (District Court) Amendment Rules 2014* | 28 Feb 2014 p. 517‑18 | r. 1 and 2: 28 Feb 2014 (see r. 2(a));Rules other than r. 1 and 2: 1 Mar 2014 (see r. 2(b)) |