

Forest Management Regulations 1993

Compare between:

[08 Dec 2012, 02-b0-09] and [21 Nov 2020, 02-c0-00]

Western Australia

Conservation and Land Management Act 1984

Forest Management Regulations 1993

Part 1 — Preliminary

1. Citation

These regulations may be cited as the *Forest Management Regulations* 1993⁺.

2. Terms used

In these regulations, unless the contrary intention appears —

bush landing, in relation to log timber, means the place in a State forest or timber reserve where the timber is first loaded onto a vehicle for transport or removal after the timber has been felled:

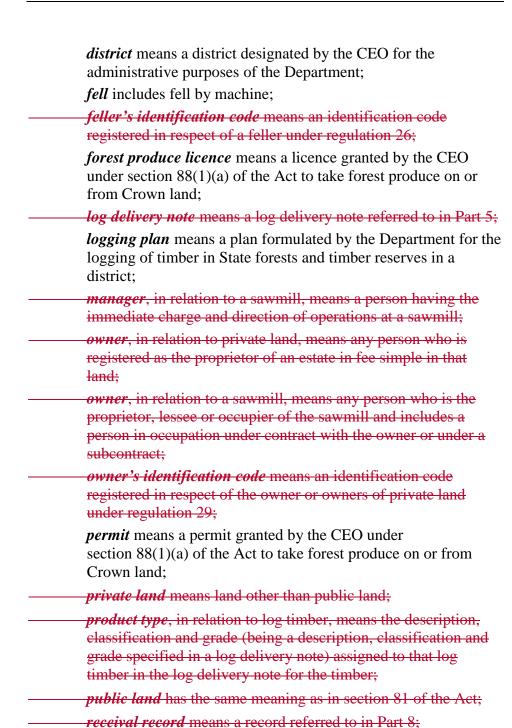
buyer, in relation to log timber, means the buyer of that timber under a contract of sale;

contract of sale means a contract under section 88(1)(b)(i) of the Act in which the CEO contracts with any person for the sale of forest produce on or from Crown land;

contract to harvest and deliver means a contract under section 88(1)(b)(ii) of the Act in which the CEO contracts with any person for that person to harvest log timber on Crown land and to deliver that timber to the buyer;

contractor, in relation to a contract to harvest and deliver,means the person contracting with the CEO under that contract;coupe means an area in a State forest or timber reserve that is set aside for the purpose of logging in a logging plan;

Crown land has the same meaning as in section 87 of the Act;



Part 1



repealed regulations means

- (a) the *Forest Regulations 1957* repealed by regulation 153(1)²; or
- (b) the Forest Diseases Regulations 1975 repealed by regulation $153(2)^{-2}$;

sawmill means a place where any operation for the purpose of preparing, treating or processing timber is carried on;

softwood means timber of the class Coniferae (Conifers);

State forest includes land to which section 131 of the Act applies;

timber harvesting means the felling, trimming, docking, splitting, debarking, extracting, sorting or loading of timber and includes the supervision of any of those activities;

tree includes a tree that is dead provided the tree is still standing: $\frac{1}{2}$

working day means a day other than a Saturday, Sunday, public service holiday or a bank holiday or public holiday (either throughout the State or in the part of the State relevant to the event, act or thing concerned).

[Regulation 2 amended: Gazette 29 Mar 1996 p. 1505; 21 Apr 1998 p. 2113; 3 May 2002 p. 2294; 3 Sep 2010 p. 4273 and 4276; SL 2020/224 r. 4.]

3. Limited application of regulations to persons exercising powers under *Bush Fires Act 1954*

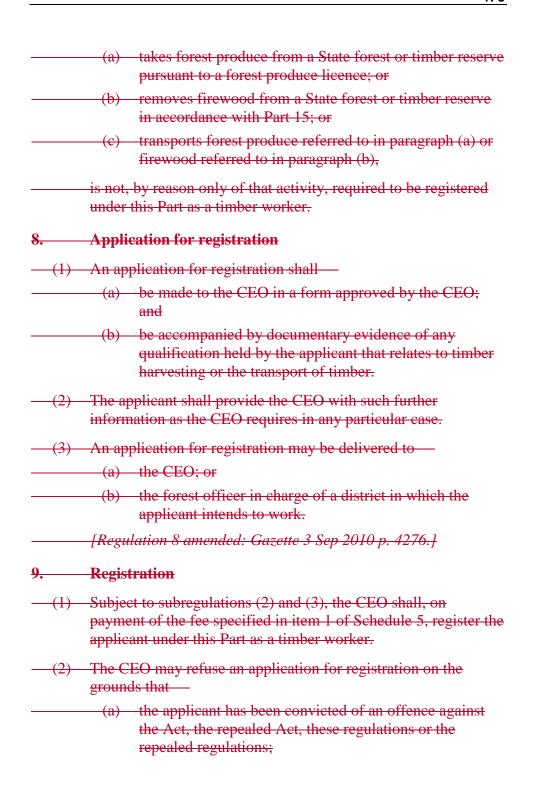
These regulations, other than Part 16, do not apply to, or in relation to, a person exercising any power or performing any function or duty under the *Bush Fires Act 1954*.

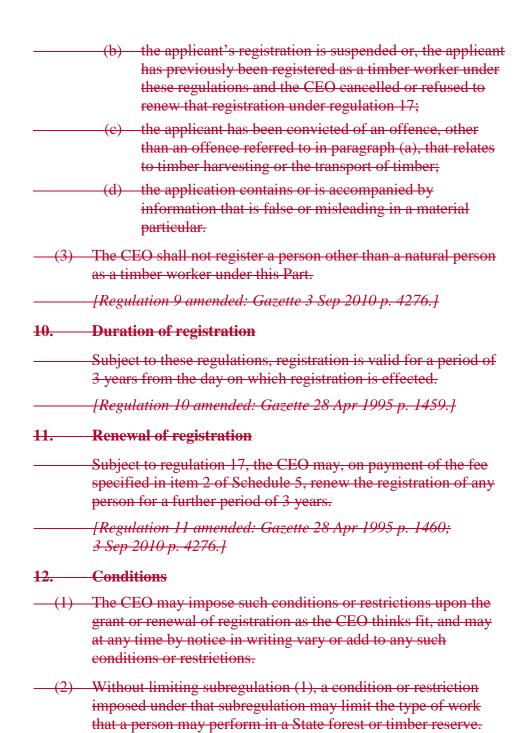
7. Exceptions to (r. 5 and 6

A person who

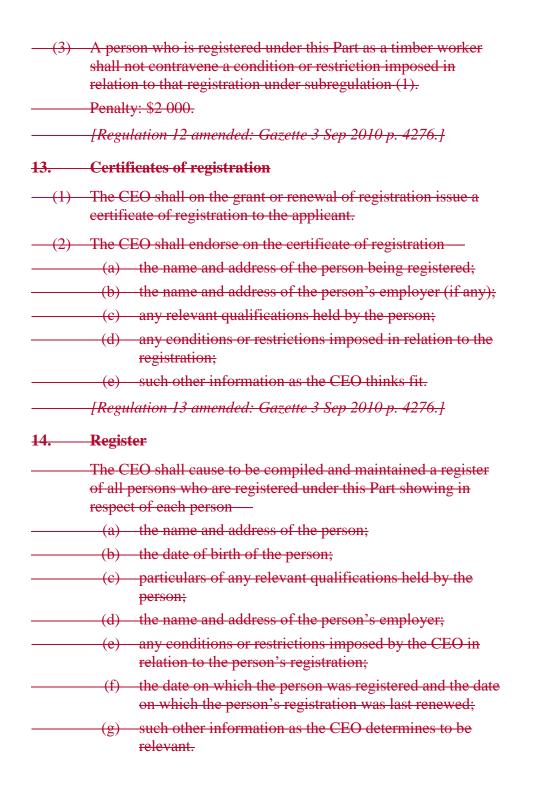
Part-2—Registration of timber workers Terms used In this Part -certificate of registration means a certificate of registration issued under regulation 13; registration means registration under this Part as a timber worker. 5. Unregistered person not to engage in timber harvesting etc. Except as provided in regulation 7, a person shall not engage (a) in timber harvesting in a State forest or timber reserve; or (b) in the transport of log timber harvested in a State forest or timber reserve, unless that person is registered under this Part as a timber worker. Penalty: \$2 000. Person not to employ unregistered person to engage in timber harvesting etc. Except as provided in regulation 7, a person shall not employ or remunerate a person to engage (a) in timber harvesting in a State forest or timber reserve; (b) in the transport of log timber harvested in a State forest or timber reserve, unless the second-mentioned person is registered under this Part as a timber worker. Penalty: \$2 000.

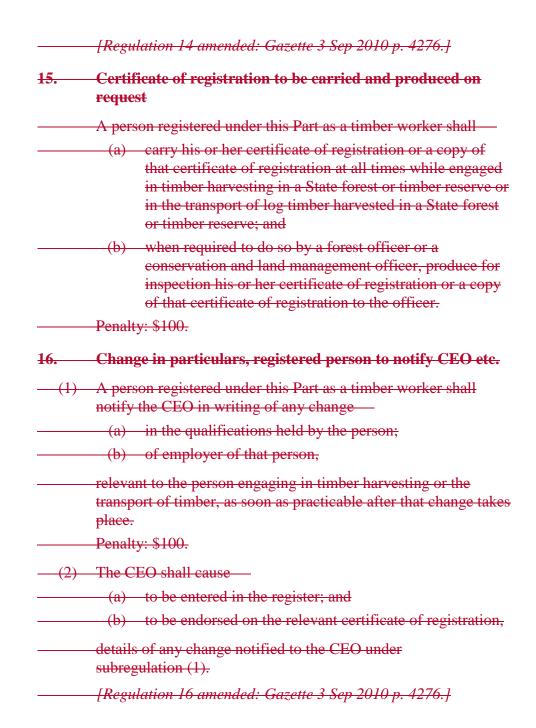
Registration of timber workers



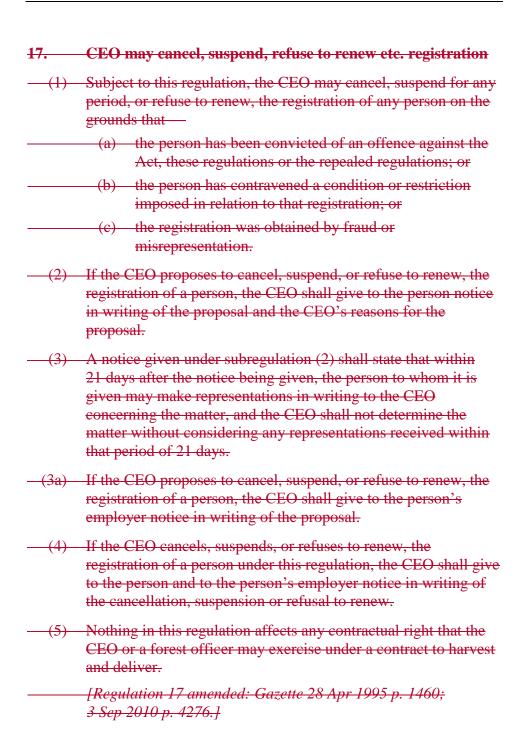


Registration of timber workers





Registration of timber workers





Part 3 — General requirements relating to felling of trees in State forests and timber reserves

19. Felling of trees outside coupes generally prohibited

- (1) Except as provided in regulation 20, a person shall not fell any tree in a State forest or timber reserve unless
 - (a) the tree is in a coupe allocated in writing to the person for that purpose by the forest officer in charge of the district in which the tree is located; and
 - (b) the tree has not been designated for retention.

Penalty: \$2 000.

- (2) For the purposes of subregulation (1)(b), a tree in a coupe has been designated for retention if
 - (a) the trees in the coupe that are to be felled have been individually marked by a forest officer and the relevant tree is not so marked; or
 - (b) the trees in the coupe that are to be retained have been individually marked by a forest officer and the relevant tree is so marked.

20. Authorisation to fell individual trees outside coupes

Notwithstanding regulation 19, a person may fell a tree in a State forest or timber reserve that is not in a coupe if —

- (a) the forest officer in charge of the district in which the tree is located has specifically authorised the felling of the tree by that person; and
- (b) the tree has been marked by a forest officer with a mark referred to in regulation 139(d) to identify the tree.

21. Forest officer to record coupes allocated etc.

The forest officer in charge of a district shall ensure that a record is made in writing of —

(a) every coupe allocated to a person for the purpose of felling in the district;

General requirements relating to felling of trees in State forests and timber reserves

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(b) every authorisation that is given to fell a tree in a State forest or timber reserve in the district that does not form part of a coupe,

and the record shall include details of —

- (c) the location of the coupe or tree; and
- (d) the person to whom the coupe is allocated or who is authorised to fell the tree; and
- (e) the date of the allocation or authorisation.

22. Obstructing railways, roads etc. by felling trees

(1) A person shall not cause a railway, road, track or watercourse to be obstructed by the felling of a tree in a State forest or timber reserve.

Penalty: \$2 000.

- (2) A person who contravenes subregulation (1) is, in addition to any penalty incurred under that subregulation, liable to pay to the CEO a sum equal to the cost of removing the obstruction.
- (3) A sum referred to in subregulation (2) is a debt due to the CEO and is recoverable in a court of competent jurisdiction.

[Regulation 22 amended: Gazette 3 Sep 2010 p. 4276.]

23. Damaging power lines etc. by felling trees

A person shall not cause damage to a power line, pipe line or telephone line by the felling of a tree in a State forest or timber reserve.

Penalty: \$2 000.

Part

Part Parts 4 — Identification codes

Division 1 Identification of fellers

<u>-9 (r. 2</u> 4	4.Person not to fell tree in State forest or timber reserve without feller's identification code	
	A person shall not fell a tree in a State forest or timber reserve unless a feller's identification code has been registered in respect of that person under regulation 26. Penalty: \$2 000.	
25.	Application for feller's identification code	
	An application for a feller's identification code shall	
(1)	(a) be made to the CEO in a form approved by the CEO;	
	(b) be accompanied by documentary evidence of any matter that the CEO considers necessary in relation to such an application.	
(2)	The applicant shall provide the CEO with such further information as the CEO requires in any particular case.	
	- [Regulation 25 amended: Gazette 3 Sep 2010 p. 4276.]	
26.	Registration of feller's identification code	
(1)	The CEO shall on being satisfied that an applicant	
	(a) intends to fell trees in a State forest or timber reserve; and	
	(b) is qualified to fell trees,	
	register an identification code in respect of the applicant.	
(2)	The CEO shall—	
	(a) determine the identification code that is to be registered in respect of the applicant; and	
	(b) allocate a different identification code to each applicant.	

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Part Identification codes

Division 2 Identification of log timber removed from private land

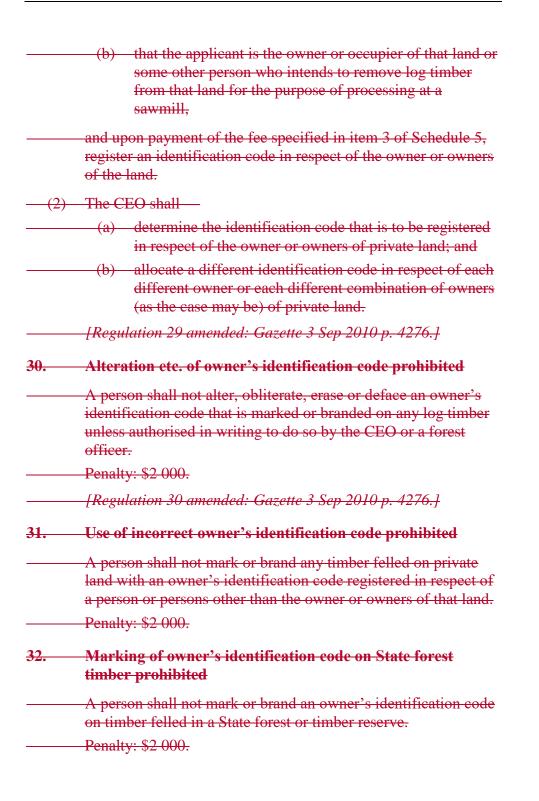
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(3)	The CEO shall not register an identification code in respect of a person other than a natural person.
	-{Regulation 26 amended: Gazette 3 Sep 2010 p. 4276.}
Đi	vision 2 Identification of log timber removed from private land
27.	Log timber removed from private land to be identified
	A person shall not cause or permit log timber that has been felled on private land to be removed from that land for the purpose of processing at a sawmill unless the log timber is distinctly marked, branded or otherwise identified with an identification code registered under regulation 29 in respect of the owner or owners of that land.
	Penalty: \$2 000.
28.	Application for owner's identification code
—(1)	An application for an owner's identification code may be made by an owner or occupier of private land or by any other person who intends to remove log timber from that land for the purpose of processing at a sawmill.
(2)	An application for an owner's identification code shall
	(a) be made to the CEO in a form approved by the CEO; and
	(b) be accompanied by documentary evidence of any matter that the CEO considers necessary in relation to such an application.
(3)	An applicant shall provide the CEO with such further information as the CEO requires in any particular case.
	[Regulation 28 amended: Gazette 3 Sep 2010 p. 4276.]
29.	Registration of owner's identification code
(1)	The CEO shall on being satisfied

(a) as to the identity of the owner or owners of any private

land; and

Division 2 r. 30



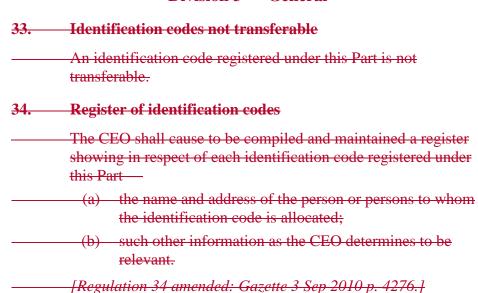
Forest Management Regulations 1993

Part Identification codes

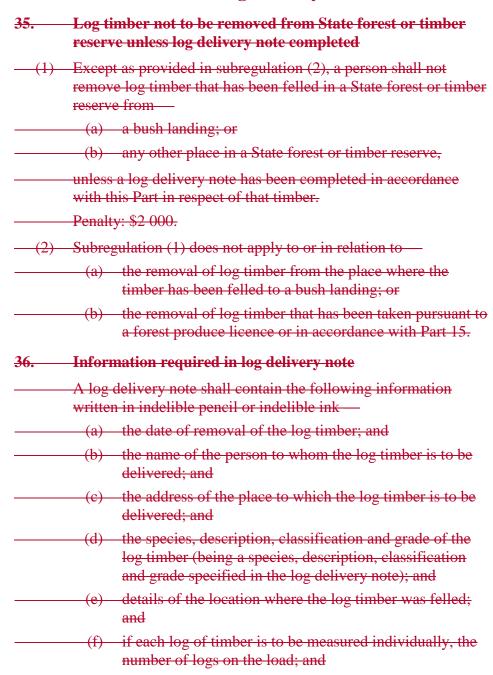
Division 3 General

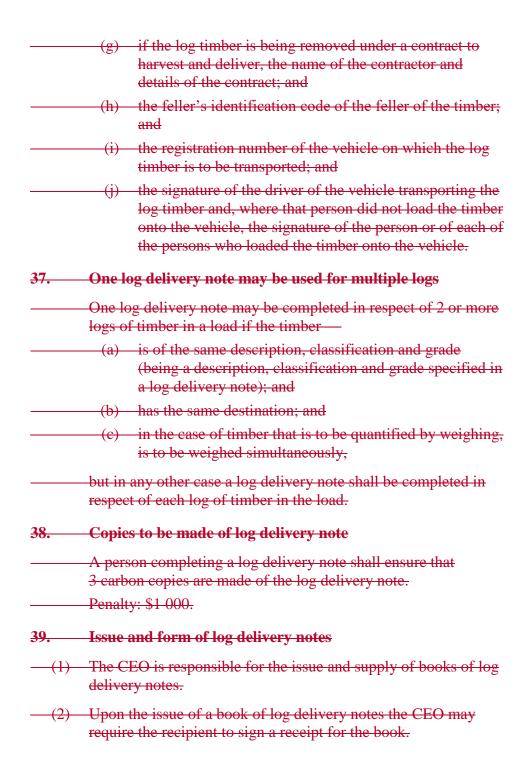
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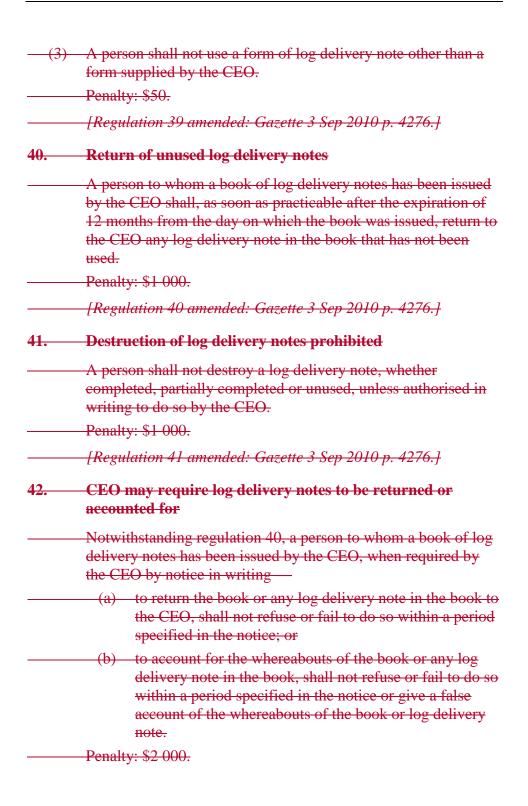
Division 3 — General

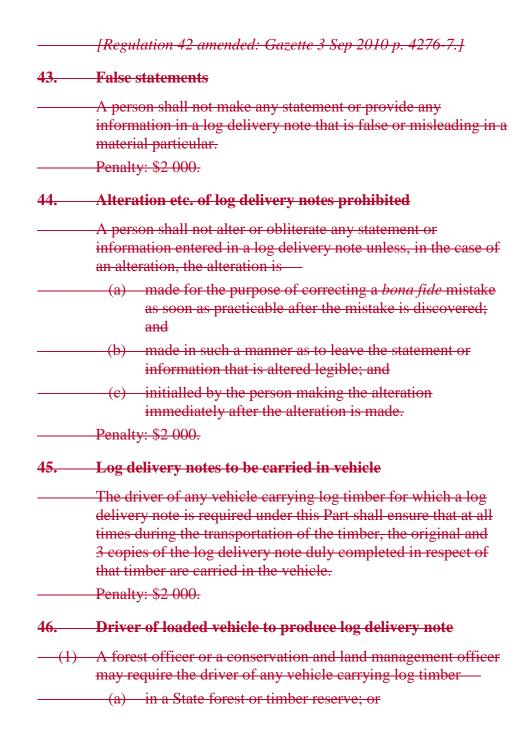


Part 5 — Log delivery notes

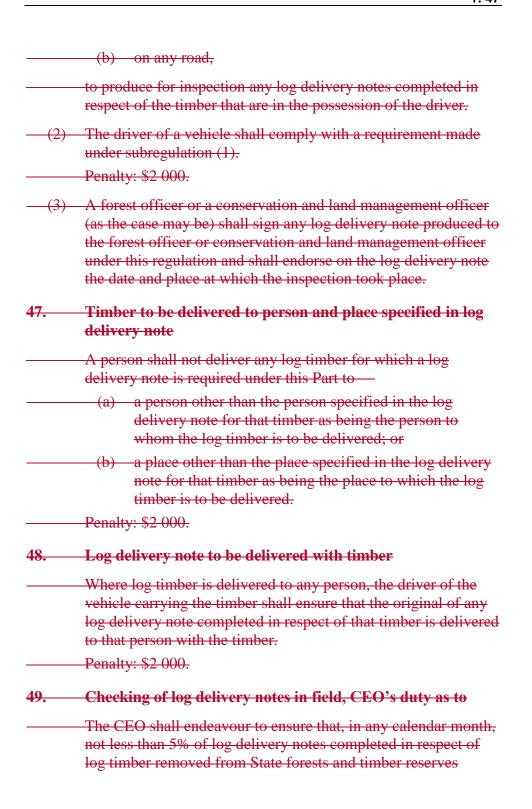


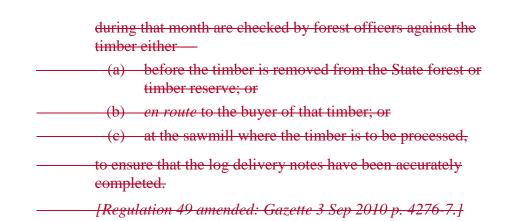




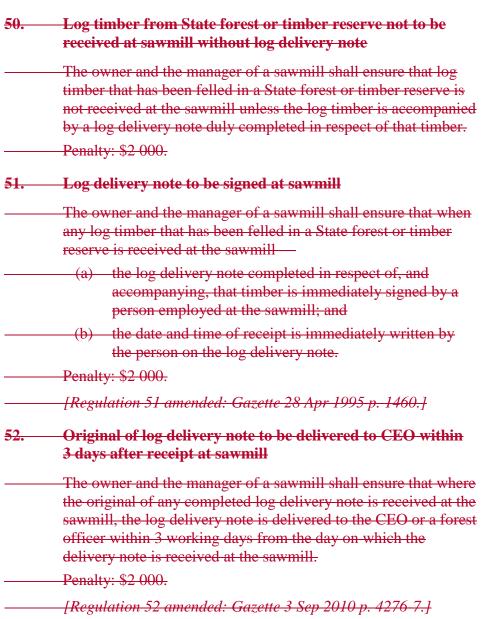


Log delivery notes

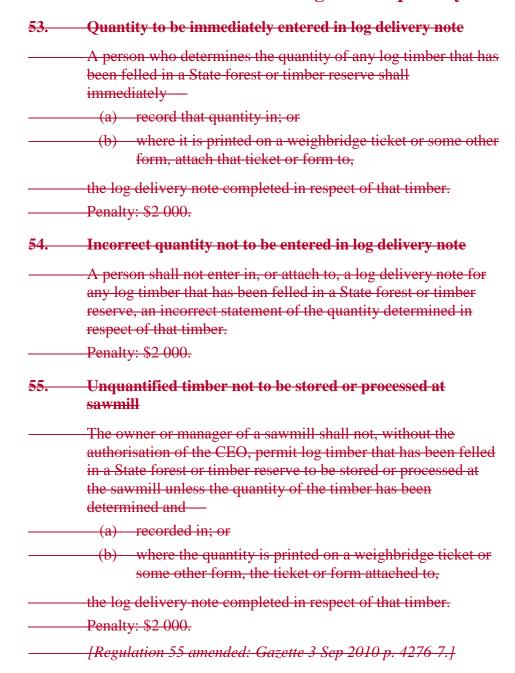








Part 7 — Determination of log timber quantity



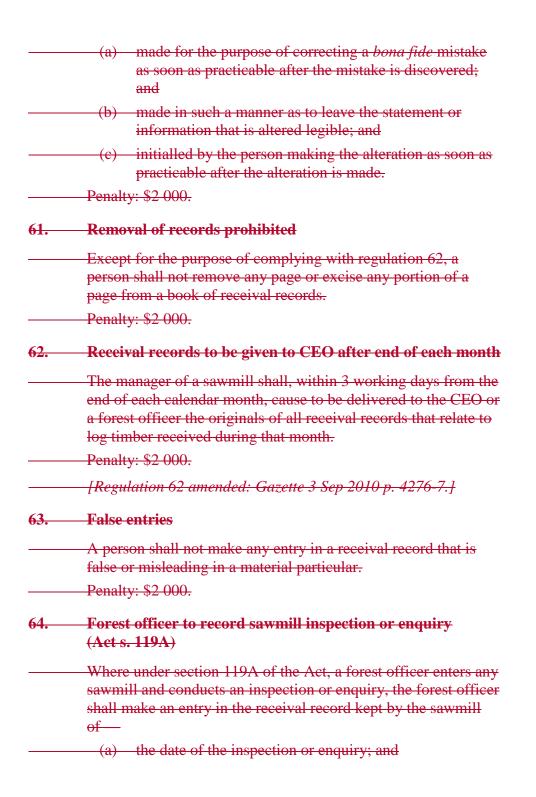
56. Determining quantity for contracts

- (1) In this regulation, *contract* has the same meaning as in section 87 of the Act.
- (2) Where for the purposes of a provision of a contract it is necessary for a quantity of log timber that has been felled in a State forest or timber reserve to be determined, the contract may provide that the determination is to be made, for the purposes of that provision, in accordance with the provisions of Part A, B, C, D or E of Schedule 1.
- (3) A person who fails to comply with any provision of Part A, B, C, D or E of Schedule 1 that the person is required by a contract to comply with commits an offence.

Penalty: \$2 000.

Part 8 — Log timber receival records

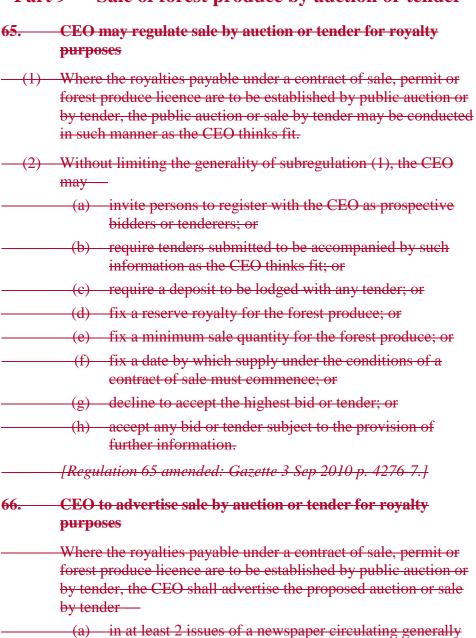
57.	Record of log timber receivals to be made		
	The owner and the manager of a sawmill shall ensure that where any log timber felled in a State forest or timber reserve is received at the sawmill, a record is made, on the day on which the timber is received, of		
	(a) the day on which the log timber was received; and		
	(b) the species and product type of the log timber; and		
	(c) the quantity of log timber received; and		
	(d) the number of the log delivery note completed in respect of that log timber.		
	Penalty: \$2 000.		
58.	CEO to supply forms		
	The CEO shall, upon request, provide the owner or manager of a sawmill with a book of forms in which to make a record referred to in regulation 57.		
	[Regulation 58 amended: Gazette 3 Sep 2010 p. 4276 7.]		
59.	Copy of records to be kept for 2 years		
	The owner of a sawmill shall cause a copy of every receival record made in respect of log timber received at the sawmill within the preceding 2 years to be kept at the sawmill or, where it is not practicable to keep copies at the sawmill, at some other place approved in writing by the CEO.		
	— Penalty: \$2 000.		
	[Regulation 59 amended: Gazette 3 Sep 2010 p. 4276-7.]		
60.	Alteration etc. of receival records prohibited		
	A person shall not alter or obliterate any statement or information entered in a receival record unless, in the case of an alteration, the alteration is		



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Part 8	Log timber receival records	
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- (b) the nature of the inspection or enquiry conducted; and
- (c) the results of the inspection or enquiry.

Part 9 — Sale of forest produce by auction or tender



in the State: and

(b) where practicable, in a newspaper circulating locally in the area from which the forest produce is to be taken,

not later than 30 days before the day of the auction or the elosing day for acceptance of tenders.

[Regulation 66 amended: Gazette 3 Sep 2010 p. 4276 7.]

_67. CEO to notify results of sale by auction or tender

Where the royalties payable under a contract of sale, permit or forest produce licence have been established by public auction or tender, the CEO shall notify every bidder or tenderer (as the case may be) of the results of the public auction or sale by tender, including the accepted schedule of prices.

[Regulation 67 amended: Gazette 3 Sep 2010 p. 4276-7) deleted: SL 2020/224 r. 6.]

Part 10 — Forest produce licences

68. Application of Part

This Part does not apply to, or in relation to, a forest produce licence to pull or remove sandalwood on or from Crown land.

69. Forest produce licence, form of

A forest produce licence shall be in the form of Form 1 in Schedule 2.

70. Forest produce licence does not authorise felling of trees etc.

- (1) A forest produce licence
 - (a) does not authorise the felling of any tree;
 - (b) does not authorise the taking of any forest produce until the amount payable under the licence by way of royalty, stumpage or other charges has been paid;
 - (c) does not preclude the Department from carrying out managed burning operations on the land to which the licence relates during the period of the licence and the licensee is not entitled to compensation or damages for any loss or damage arising from such operations;
 - (d) is personal to the licensee and cannot be transferred to any other person, but the licensee may take forest produce under the licence with the assistance of a person or persons working directly under his or her supervision.
- (2) Subregulation (1)(a) does not apply to, or in relation to, a forest produce licence granted before the commencement of these regulations.

71. Forest produce licences to be carried and produced on request

The holder of a forest produce licence shall —

(a) carry the licence or a copy of the licence at all times while taking or purporting to take forest produce pursuant to that licence; and

(b) when required to do so by a forest officer or a conservation and land management officer, produce for inspection the licence or copy of the licence to the officer.

Penalty: \$500.

[Part 11 (r. 72-85) deleted: Gazette 3 Sep 2010 p. 4274.]

[Part 12 (r. 86-88) deleted: Gazette 3 May 2002 p. 2294.]

Part 13 — Fire prevention

89. Forest officer may ban activity etc. where fire risk

- (1) Where a forest officer considers that any activity being carried out or that may be carried out in a State forest or timber reserve under a forest produce licence, permit or contract to harvest and deliver constitutes or may constitute a fire risk to any part of that land, the forest officer may direct the holder of the licence or permit or the contractor
 - (a) not to carry out the activity, or to immediately ensure that the activity is stopped and not to resume the activity (as the case may be), until further directed by the forest officer; and
 - (b) to cause a patrol to be maintained of the area where the activity was carried out for a period not exceeding 2 hours from the cessation of the activity.
- (2) A person shall comply with a direction given to that person under subregulation (1).

Penalty: \$2 000.

[90. Deleted: Gazette 3 May 2002 p. 2294.]

91. Fire lookout towers and trees not to be climbed etc.

A person shall not —

- (a) enter the fenced off area surrounding any fire lookout tower or fire lookout tree;
- (b) climb any fire lookout tower or fire lookout tree;
- (c) destroy, cut into, deface or in any way damage any fire lookout tower or fire lookout tree or any equipment contained in, or attached to, such a tower or tree,

in a State forest or timber reserve, unless authorised to do so by the CEO or a forest officer.

Penalty: \$2 000.

[Regulation 91 amended: Gazette 3 Sep 2010 p. 4276-7.]

92. Rate of remuneration prescribed (Act s. 135(2))

For the purposes of section 135(2) of the Act the prescribed rate of remuneration is the applicable rate set out in Schedule D to the Australian Workers' Union Construction Maintenance and Services (WA Government) Award 1987.

Part 14 — Marking out of mining tenements in State forests and timber reserves

93. Terms used

In this Part —

marking out has the same meaning as in the *Mining Act 1978*; *South-west Division* means the South-west Division of the State as described in the *Land Administration Act 1997* Schedule 1.

[Regulation 93 amended: Gazette 3 Sep 2010 p. 4274.]

94. Conditions and limitations prescribed for *Mining Act 1978* s. 26(2)(b)

For the purposes of section 26(2)(b) of the *Mining Act 1978* the conditions and restrictions in regulations 95 and 96 are prescribed as being applicable to the marking out of mining tenements in State forests and timber reserves.

95. Duties of person marking out

A person who is within any State forest or timber reserve in the South-west Division for the purpose of, or in connection with, marking out, shall ensure that —

- (a) all reasonable precautions are taken to avoid unnecessary damage to any trees in the State forest or timber reserve;
- (b) no trees in the State forest or timber reserve are felled, cut or removed except with the approval of a forest officer and in accordance with the terms of that approval;
- (c) no excavation or other movement of earth, soil, or rock in the State forest or timber reserve is carried out, whether by hand tools or machinery except with the approval of a forest officer and in accordance with the terms of that approval;

Part 14 Marking out of mining tenements in State forests and timber reserves

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(d) any vehicle used in connection with the marking out does not take a route through the State forest or timber reserve other than a route approved by a forest officer.

[Regulation 95 amended: Gazette 3 Sep 2010 p. 4274.]

96. Person not to make camp, fuel depot etc. in State forest or timber reserve

A person shall not, for the purpose of, or in connection with, marking out, establish any camp, fuel depot or parking area within any State forest or timber reserve in the South-west Division.

[Regulation 96 amended: Gazette 3 Sep 2010 p. 4274.]

97. Part 16 not affected

The requirements in this Part are in addition to and do not derogate from the requirements in Part 16.

Part 15 — Collection of firewood

98. Public firewood areas, designation of

- (1) The CEO may by order published in the *Gazette*, set aside any area of State forest or timber reserve (in this Part referred to as a *public firewood area*) for the purposes of the collection of firewood by members of the public.
- (2) The CEO may, by further order published in the *Gazette*, amend or revoke an order referred to in subregulation (1).

[Regulation 98 amended: Gazette 3 Sep 2010 p. 4276-7.]

99. Removing firewood from public firewood areas

- (1) Subject to this Part, any person may enter a public firewood area and remove any firewood from that area.
- (2) Nothing in subregulation (1) shall be taken as authorising any person
 - (a) to fell, cut, injure or destroy any tree in a public firewood area; or
 - (b) to enter contrary to the provisions of Part 16 of these regulations any area that is declared to be a risk area or disease area under Part VII of the Act.

100. Fees for removing firewood from public firewood areas

The following amounts, per tonne or part thereof, are payable in respect of the removal of firewood from a public firewood area that is designated in the order made under regulation 98 as being an area to which this regulation applies —

- (a) between 1 November and 30 April in each year \$7.70;
- (b) between 1 May and 31 October in each year \$15.40.

[Regulation 100 amended: Gazette 28 Apr 1995 p. 1460; 30 June 2000 p. 3401-2.]

101. Restrictions on removing etc. firewood from public firewood areas

- (1) Except as provided in subregulation (3), a person shall not
 - (a) remove more than one tonne of firewood from public firewood areas
 - (i) in any 60 day period between 1 June and 30 September; or
 - (ii) on any one occasion between 1 October and 31 May; or
 - (b) sell firewood removed from a public firewood area. Penalty: \$2 000.
- (2) In subregulation (1)(b), *sell* includes barter, exchange, advertise or offer or expose for sale.
- (3) This regulation does not apply to or in relation to firewood that is removed from a public firewood area pursuant to a forest produce licence, contract of sale or contract to harvest and deliver.

[Regulation 101 amended: Gazette 28 Apr 1995 p. 1460; 23 Jan 1996 p. 272; 28 May 1996 p. 2204.]

102. Person may be directed to leave public firewood area

- (1) A forest officer or a conservation and land management officer may direct a person to immediately leave a public firewood area where the forest officer or conservation and land management officer is of the opinion that —
 - (a) it is necessary in the interests of public safety;
 - (b) the person has failed or refused to pay an amount payable under regulation 100 or has otherwise contravened the Act or these regulations;
 - (c) the person is blocking the access of a forest officer, conservation and land management officer or any other officer of the Department or any other person using the area;

- (d) for any other reason the presence of the person is adversely affecting the management of the area by the Department.
- (2) A person shall comply with a direction given to that person under subregulation (1).

Penalty: \$2 000.

[103. Deleted: Gazette 3 May 2002 p. 2294.]

Part 16 — Control and eradication of forest diseases

104. Term used: written authorisation

In this Part —

written authorisation means authorisation given in writing under regulation 106.

105. Application of Part

This Part operates and takes effect notwithstanding any other provision in these regulations.

106. Written authorisation of activities in risk areas

- (1) An authorised person may in writing authorise
 - (a) the taking of a potential carrier or a specified class of potential carriers into a risk area; or
 - (b) the possession, use or movement of a potential carrier or a specified class of potential carriers in a risk area.
- (2) Written authorisation may be issued subject to such conditions as are specified in the authorisation.
- (3) An authorised person may at any time by written notice
 - (a) revoke a written authorisation; or
 - (b) vary any condition specified in a written authorisation or add a further condition to the authorisation; or
 - (c) remove any condition specified in a written authorisation.
- (4) For the purposes of this Part
 - (a) a condition that has been varied or added under subregulation (3)(b) shall be taken to have been specified accordingly in the authorisation; and
 - (b) a condition that has been removed under subregulation (3)(c) shall be taken to no longer be a condition specified in the authorisation.

107. Verbal authorisation in emergency of activities in risk area

- (1) Subject to subregulations (2) and (3), an authorised person may verbally authorise
 - (a) the taking of a potential carrier or a specified class of potential carriers into a risk area; or
 - (b) the possession, use or movement of a potential carrier or a specified class of potential carriers in a risk area.
- (2) An authorised person
 - (a) shall only give verbal authorisation in the event of an emergency where it is impracticable to give written authorisation; and
 - (b) may at any time revoke the verbal authorisation.
- (3) Verbal authorisation shall only have effect for such period as is necessary to deal with the emergency or until it is revoked, whichever is the sooner.

108. Entry, use or movement of potential carrier in risk area without authorisation or contrary to condition

Any person who takes a potential carrier into a risk area, or has, uses or moves a potential carrier in a risk area —

- (a) without the authorisation under regulation 106 or 107 of an authorised person; or
- (b) contrary to any condition specified in a written authorisation,

or who causes a potential carrier to be so taken, had, used or moved without such authority or contrary to such a condition, commits an offence.

Penalty: a fine of \$2 000.

[Regulation 108 amended: Gazette 7 Dec 2012 p. 5975.]

109. Entry, use or movement of potential carrier in risk area or disease area contrary to instruction or direction

Any person who takes a potential carrier into a risk area or disease area, or uses or moves a potential carrier in a risk area or disease area, contrary to any instruction or direction given by —

- (a) an authorised person in relation to that potential carrier; or
- (b) the CEO in relation to potential carriers of that class by notice published in a newspaper circulating in that risk area or disease area,

or who causes a potential carrier to be so taken, used or moved contrary to any such direction or instruction, commits an offence.

Penalty: a fine of \$2 000.

[Regulation 109 amended: Gazette 3 Sep 2010 p. 4276-7; 7 Dec 2012 p. 5975.]

110. Erection of signposts and barricades

For the purposes of prohibiting, restricting or regulating the admission of potential carriers to a risk area or disease area, an authorised person may erect signposts or barricades, or both, on roads leading into that area.

111. Written authorisation to be carried and produced on request

A person in charge of a potential carrier in a risk area shall carry any written authorisation issued in respect of that potential carrier at all times when the potential carrier is being used, operated or moved in that area and shall produce that authorisation when requested to do so by an authorised person.

Penalty: a fine of \$1 500.

[Regulation 111 amended: Gazette 7 Dec 2012 p. 5976.]

112. Written authorisation to terminate on breach of condition

Without affecting the liability of any person for an offence under regulation 108(b), written authorisation shall terminate immediately on the breach of any condition specified in that authorisation.

113. Person to provide information on request

A person shall, when requested to do so by an authorised person, provide all information within that person's power relating to any occurrence or suspected occurrence of a forest disease.

Penalty: a fine of \$1 500.

[Regulation 113 amended: Gazette 7 Dec 2012 p. 5976.]

114. Authorised person may stop and examine potential carrier

An authorised person may stop and examine any potential carrier to determine whether or not it is infected and may, for that purpose, erect signposts or barricades, or both, on roads —

- (a) in or leading to a risk area; or
- (b) in or leading out of a disease area.

115. Authorised person may direct carrier to quarantine station

An authorised person may direct a person in charge of an infected carrier or potential carrier entering a risk area or in or leaving a risk area to deliver that carrier to a quarantine station specified by the authorised person.

116. Authorised person may direct person to clean and disinfect carrier

An authorised person may direct a person in charge of an infected carrier or potential carrier entering or in a risk area or in or leaving a disease area to cleanse and disinfect that carrier.

117. Quarantine stations, establishment etc. of

The CEO may establish and maintain, or arrange for the establishment and maintenance of, quarantine stations or areas for the treatment of infected earth, soil or trees, or areas for the cleansing and disinfecting of infected carriers or potential carriers entering or in a risk area, or in or leaving a disease area.

[Regulation 117 amended: Gazette 3 Sep 2010 p. 4276-7.]

118. Period of treatment or quarantine

The period for which an infected carrier or potential carrier or infected earth, soil or trees shall be treated or kept in quarantine for the purposes of this Part shall be such period as an authorised person determines.

119. Cleansing and disinfecting to be carried out as directed

Where under this Part, a person is directed to cleanse and disinfect an infected carrier or potential carrier that person shall carry out that cleansing and disinfecting —

- (a) at a time and place and in such manner as is directed by an authorised person; and
- (b) to the satisfaction of the authorised person.

Penalty: a fine of \$2 000.

[Regulation 119 amended: Gazette 7 Dec 2012 p. 5976.]

120. Owner to identify etc. person in charge of carrier

- (1) The owner of a potential carrier shall, if required to do so by an authorised person, inform the authorised person of the identity and address of the person in charge of the potential carrier at the time when an offence relating to that potential carrier is alleged to have been committed against this Part.
- (2) Where an offence against this Part is alleged to have been committed by the person in charge of a potential carrier and the owner of that potential carrier fails, within 14 days of being required by an authorised person to identify the person who was in charge of the potential carrier at the time the offence was alleged to have been committed, to
 - (a) comply with that requirement; or
 - (b) furnish information to an authorised person from which an authorised person is satisfied that the potential carrier was stolen or being unlawfully used at the time of the alleged offence or that the owner could not reasonably

have been aware of the identity of the person in charge of the potential carrier at that time,

the owner shall be deemed to be the person who committed that offence and shall then be liable to the penalty prescribed in respect of that offence.

121. Authorised person may detain, control or remove carrier

An authorised person may detain, control the further movement of, or remove, a potential carrier that is in a risk area or disease area if —

- (a) that potential carrier has been taken into, used, operated or moved in that area in contravention of a provision of this Part or in contravention of a condition specified in a written authorisation; or
- (b) the person in charge of that potential carrier has refused or failed to comply with a direction given by an authorised person under this Part in relation to that potential carrier; or
- (c) the authorised person considers that in the circumstances there will be a greater risk of the spread of infection if that potential carrier is not so detained, controlled or removed.

122. Authorised person may remove person from risk area

An authorised person may remove from a risk area any person whom the authorised person reasonably suspects has contravened a provision of this Part or a condition specified in a written authorisation.

123. Person in risk area or disease area to give name and address on request

Any person in a risk area or a disease area shall give his or her name and address when requested to do so by an authorised person.

Penalty: a fine of \$1 500.

[Regulation 123 amended: Gazette 7 Dec 2012 p. 5976.]

124. Driver of potential carrier to comply with request to stop, signpost etc.

A person driving or moving a potential carrier shall not —

- (a) fail to stop that potential carrier when requested to do so by an authorised person; or
- (b) ignore or fail to comply with a signpost erected under this Part; or
- (c) avoid or break through any barricade erected under this Part.

Penalty: a fine of \$1 500.

[Regulation 124 amended: Gazette 7 Dec 2012 p. 5976.]

125. Person not to obstruct, hinder etc. authorised person

A person shall not —

- (a) hinder or obstruct an authorised person exercising any power or performing any function conferred or imposed under this Part; or
- (b) fail to comply with a direction given by an authorised person under this Part.

Penalty: a fine of \$1 500.

[Regulation 125 amended: Gazette 7 Dec 2012 p. 5976.]

Part 17 — Powers of forest officers

126. Stopping and detaining vehicles

- (1) A forest officer may direct the person in charge of any vehicle that is being used to transport forest produce or that the forest officer reasonably suspects is being used to transport forest produce
 - (a) in a State forest or timber reserve; or
 - (b) on any road,

to stop the vehicle and may direct that person to move the vehicle to, and wait at, a place indicated by the forest officer.

(2) A person shall comply with a direction given to that person by a forest officer under subregulation (1).Penalty: \$2 000.

127. Directions as to route for movement of forest produce

- (1) A forest officer may give directions to a person as to the route to be followed for the movement of any forest produce in a State forest or timber reserve.
- (2) A person shall comply with a direction given to that person under subregulation (1).

Penalty: \$2 000.

128. Seized forest produce

- (1) Where any forest produce is seized under the Act, a forest officer may direct the person in charge of any vehicle carrying the forest produce to transport the produce to a place indicated by the forest officer where it can be unloaded and held.
- (2) A person shall comply with a direction given to that person under subregulation (1).

Penalty: \$2 000.

[Part 17A deleted: Gazette 3 May 2002 p. 2294.]

Part 18 — Miscellaneous

[129. Statistical information, CEO may require provision of (1) The CEO may in writing require (a) any person who engages in timber harvesting; or (b) the owner of a sawmill, to complete and return within 14 days a form approved by the CEO setting out statistical information relating to forest produce taken from State forest or timber reserves during a specified period and the destination of that forest produce. (2) A person shall comply with a requirement made of that person under subregulation (1). Penalty: \$2 000. [Regulation 129 amended: Gazette 3 Sep 2010 p. 4276-7.] False or misleading information Deleted: SL 2020/224 r. 7.] , *130*. A person shall not make any statement or provide any information in a form referred to in regulation 129 that is false or misleading in a material particular.

131. Exclusion of operation of section 103A(3) of the Act

Penalty: \$2 000.

The operation of section 103A(3) of the Act is excluded in relation to —

- (a) removing firewood contrary to regulation 101(1)(a); or
- (b) driving or riding a vehicle into or in a risk area contrary to regulation 108.

[Regulation 131 inserted: Gazette 7 Dec 2012 p. 5976-7.]

[132-134. Deleted: Gazette 3 May 2002 p. 2294.]

135. Damage to other forest produce to be minimized

The holder of a forest produce licence, permit or contract to harvest and deliver shall ensure that where any forest produce is

Part 18

taken or removed from a State forest or timber reserve under the licence, permit or contract, damage to, and destruction of, other forest produce in the State forest or timber reserve is minimized. Penalty: \$2 000.

136. Destroying etc. seized forest produce prohibited

A person shall not destroy, cut, injure, remove or in any way interfere with any forest produce that has been seized under the Act unless authorised to do so by the CEO or a forest officer.

Penalty: \$2 000.

[Regulation 136 amended: Gazette 3 Sep 2010 p. 4276-7.]

137. Damage to tables and other facilities

A person shall not destroy or damage any table, bench or other facility in a State forest or timber reserve unless authorised to do so by the CEO or a forest officer.

Penalty: \$2 000.

[Regulation 137 amended: Gazette 3 Sep 2010 p. 4276-7.]

[137A. Inserted: Gazette 18 Aug 1998 p. 4447. Disallowed 28 Oct 1998 (see Gazette 17 Nov 1998 p. 6248).]

138. Export karri timber to be marked

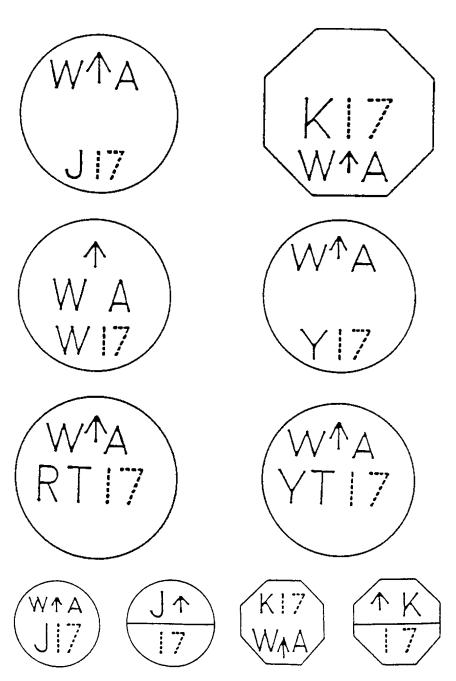
A person shall not export any karri timber (whether sawn, hewn or in log form) with an end section exceeding $0.015~\text{m}^2$ from the State unless the end of the timber is marked with a letter "K" that is not less than 25 mm in height.

Penalty: \$2 000.

139. Marks used by forest officers

The following marks are marks used by forest officers —

(a) to indicate that log timber inspected is in accordance with the appropriate specifications —



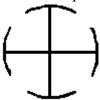
Note for this paragraph:

The figures shown by broken lines denote the registered number of the officer inspecting and will therefore vary in each instance. The letter prefacing these numbers denotes —

J — Jarrah. Y — Yarri.

K — Karri.K — Red Tingle.W — Wandoo.YT — Yellow Tingle.

(b) to indicate that the log timber inspected is not in accordance with the required specifications —



(c) to indicate that the forest produce has been seized by a forest officer —

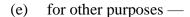


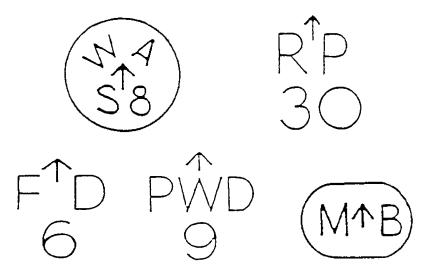
(d) to identify a tree outside a coupe that may be felled —



Note for this paragraph:

The figures signify the number of the brand on issue to the forest officer or district and will therefore vary in each instance.





Note for this paragraph:

The figures signify the number of the brand on issue to the forest officer or district and will therefore vary in each instance.

140. Trees etc. not to be marked etc. without authority

A person shall not —

- (a) mark any tree or log timber in a State forest or timber reserve with chalk, paint, crayon or any other material;
- (b) affix tape or ribbon to any tree or log timber in a State forest or timber reserve; or
- (c) affix a brand to any tree or log timber in a State forest or timber reserve,

unless authorised to do so by the CEO.

Penalty: \$2 000.

[Regulation 140 amended: Gazette 3 Sep 2010 p. 4276-7.]

141. Maximum penalty prescribed (Act s. 95(2)(b))

For the purposes of section 95(2)(b) of the Act, the prescribed maximum penalty is —

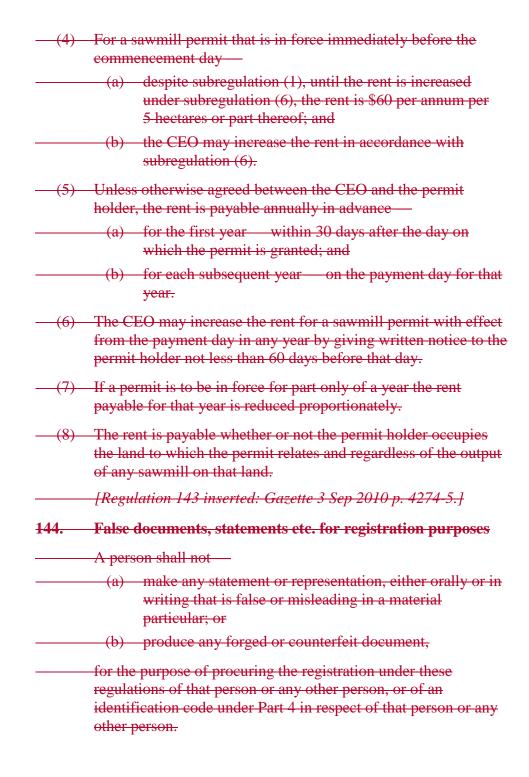
- (a) \$2 000; or
- (b) 20% of the total royalties payable under the permit, forest produce licence or contract of sale,

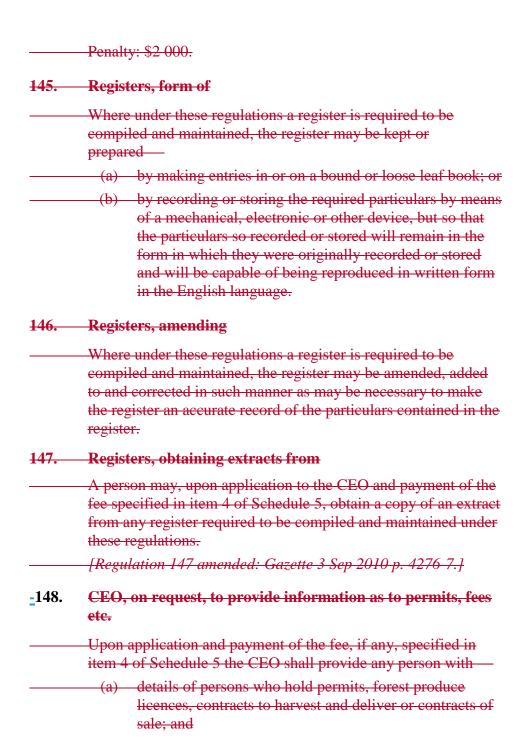
whichever is the greater.

142. Royalties prescribed (Act s. 96(1))

For the purposes of section 96(1) of the Act, the royalties specified in Schedule 3 are prescribed.

[143. Rent for sawmill permit (1) In this regulation commencement day means the day on which the Forest Management Amendment Regulations (No. 2) 2010 regulation 9 comes into operation¹; payment day, for a year, means the day in that year that is the anniversary of the day on which the sawmill permit was granted; sawmill permit means a permit to occupy an area of Crown land as the site of a sawmill. (2) The holder of a sawmill permit is to pay to the CEO rent of an amount determined by the CEO on the advice of the Valuer-General or a licensed valuer, as defined in the Land Valuers Licensing Act 1978, to be a reasonable commercial rent for the use of that land for that purpose. (3) For a sawmill permit that is granted after the commencement day, the CEO (a) must specify the initial rent in the permit when it is granted; and (b) may increase the rent under subregulation (6).





	4	A	c
r.	1	4	ä

(b)	in respect of any permit, forest produce licence or
\	contract referred to in paragraph (a), details of any fees,
	charges and royalties payable, log allocation, location of
	coupes and any conditions and limitations to which the
	contract, forest produce licence or permit is subject; and
	contract, forest produce freenee of permit is subject, and

(c) a copy of any permit, forest produce licence or contract referred to in paragraph (a).

[Regulation 148 amended: Gazette 3 Sep 2010 p. 4276-7 Deleted: SL 2020/224 r. 8.]

149. CEO, on request, to provide general scale of royalties

Upon application, the CEO shall provide any person free of charge with a list of the general scale of royalties payable in respect of forest produce taken from Crown land.

[Regulation 149 amended: Gazette 3 Sep 2010 p. 4276-7.]

- [150. Deleted: Gazette 29 Mar 1996 p. 1508.]
- [151. Miscellaneous fees (Sch. 5)Deleted: SL 2020/224 r. 9.]

The fees specified in column 2 of Schedule 5 are payable in respect of the services specified in column 1 of that Schedule.

- [152. Deleted: Gazette 7 Dec 2012 p. 5977]
- [153. *Omitted under the Reprints Act 1984 s. 7(4)(f).*]
- [154. Transitional provisions (Sch. 6)Deleted: SL 2020/224 r. 10.]

Schedule 6 has effect with respect to transitional arrangements.

Schedule 1

[Regulation 56]

Procedures for the determination of log timber quantity

Part A Determination of volume of hardwood log timber by individual log measurement

For the purpose of determining the volume of hardwood log timber by individual log measurement the following provisions shall be complied with

1. Length measurement

The length of butt logs shall be measured with a length measuring tape from the top of the sloven to the sawcut at the crown end of the log and the length of other logs shall be measured from sawcut to sawcut.

The measurement shall be entered on the log delivery note in metres and tenths of metres, rounded down to the nearest tenth metre.

Examples:

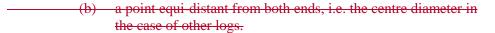
Actual log length Metres	Entry on log delivery note Metres
13.249	13.2
7.346	7.3
6.999	6.9
7 000	7.0

2. Diameter measurement

In this schedule, a *diameter tape* means a tape calibrated to record the diameter of the circumference being measured.

The diameter of logs shall be measured with a diameter tape at a point equi-distant from the top of the sloven and —

(a) the crown end in the case of butt logs; and



10 mm may be deducted from the actual measurement for each 100 mm diameter of bark under the tape, but no such allowance shall exceed 70 mm.

All diameter measurements shall be entered on the log delivery note in multiples of 10 mm and for this purpose any part of 10 mm shall be counted as 10 mm.

Examples:

All measurements in mm

Measured diameter overbark	Diameter overbark rounded up	mm of bark on	Bark deduction	Entry on log delivery note (underbark)
565	570	500	50	520
995	1-000	900	70	930
1-090	1-090	1-000	70	1 020
1 090	1 090	300	30	1 060
1 081	1 090	500	50	1-040

On logs with abnormal swellings at the centre, the centre diameter shall be ascertained by taking the average of the underbark diameters at an equal distance from the centre of the log sufficient to clear the abnormality, but both measurements and the centre underbark diameter so calculated shall be entered on the log delivery note.

3. Volume, calculation of

Using the length and diameter measurements that have been entered in the log delivery note under clauses 1 and 2, the volume of the log timber (in cubic metres) shall be calculated by use of the table contained in the publication titled "Cubic Contents of Hardwood Logs 1985" issued by the Department (in this Part referred to as the *Log Volume Table*).

The volume shall then be entered on the log delivery note.

Part B—Determination of volume of softwood log timber by individual log measurement

column headed "Where obtained".

halved and entered in the log delivery note and the words "half log" shall be written opposite the volume entry in the

For the purpose of determining the volume of softwood log timber by individual log measurement the following provisions shall be complied with

1. Length measurement The length of butt logs shall be measured with a length measuring tape from the top of the sloven to the sawcut and the length of other logs shall be measured from sawcut to sawcut. The measurement shall be entered on the log delivery note in metres and tenths of metres rounded down to the nearest "preferred length". "A preferred length" for softwood is one of a series of industry accepted lengths beginning at 1.8 m and increasing by increments of 0.3 m up to 6.0 m. If a log is to be supplied at other than a "preferred length" the actual

length shall be rounded down to the nearest tenth of a metre.

Examples:

Actual length	Entry on Log Delivery Note		
	To nearest tenth metre	To preferred length	
3.80 m	3.8 m	3.6 m	
4.11 m	4.1 m	3.9 m	
4.75 m	4.7 m	4.5 m	
4.99 m	4 .9 m	4.8 m	

2. Diameter measurement

The diameter of logs shall be measured with a diameter rule prepared and supplied by the Department. The diameter rule is calibrated in diameter classes of 50 mm. The diameter shall be measured underbark at the crown (small) end and rounded down to the nearest 50 mm class. When the cross section at the crown end is not circular, the average of the measurement along the greatest axis and the axis at right angles shall be recorded. The measurement shall be recorded on the log delivery note in millimetres rounded down to the nearest multiple of 50 mm.

Examples:

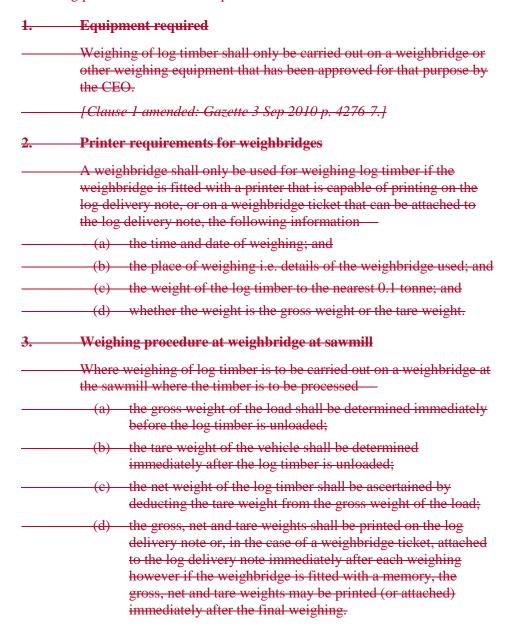
Actual Diameter (mm)	Entry on the Log Delivery Note (50 mm log class) (mm)
440	400
465	450
331	300
499	4 50

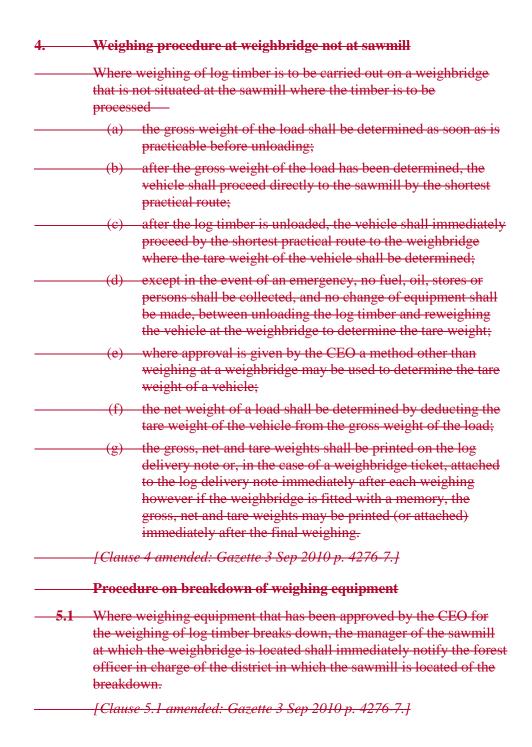
3. Volume, calculation of

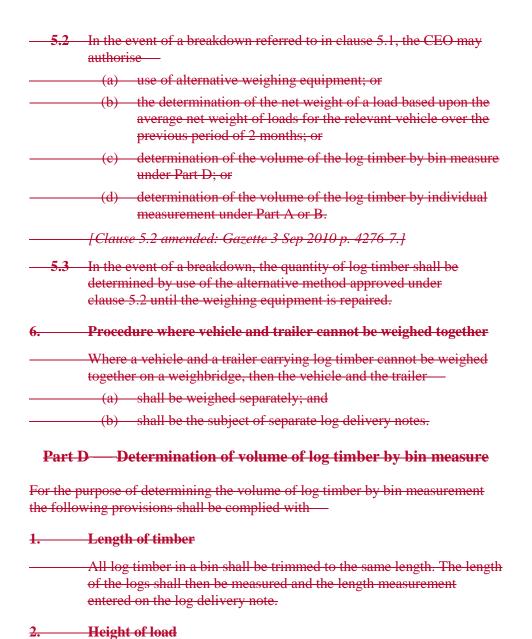
The volume of the log timber (in cubic metres) is calculated by the Department by use of log volume tables, using the length and diameter measurements entered on the log delivery note under clauses 1 and 2.

Part C — Determination of quantity of log timber by weighing

For the purpose of determining the quantity of log timber by weighing the following provisions shall be complied with—

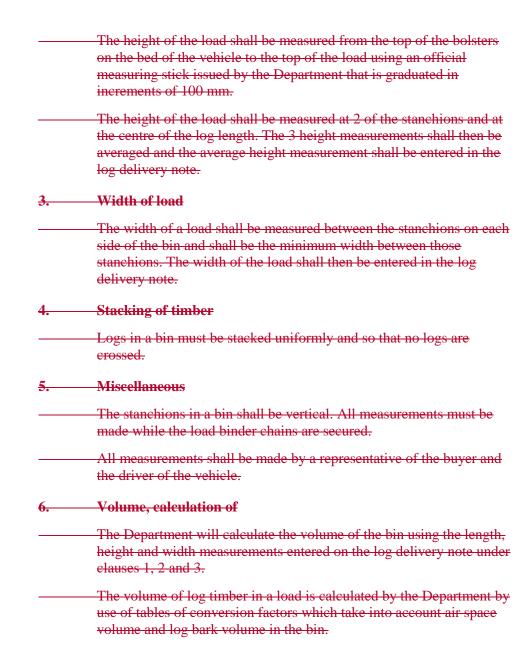






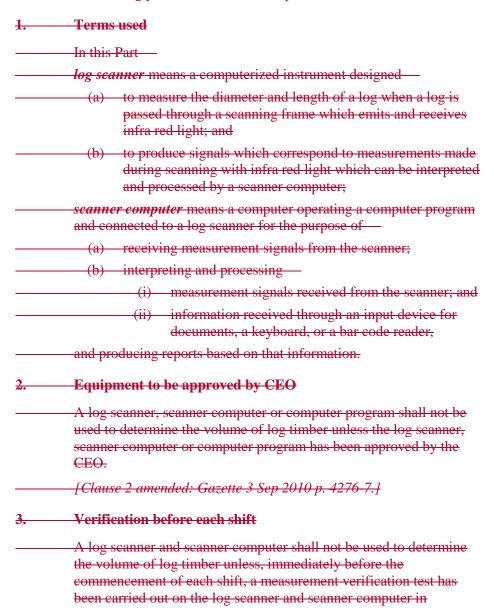
Log timber in a bin shall be trimmed so that the top of the load is as

level as possible.



Part E Determination of volume of log timber by infra red log scanner

For the purpose of determining the volume of log timber by infra red log scanner the following provisions shall be complied with—



accordance with clause 5 and the scanner complies with the verification tolerance limits set out in clause 7 for the measurement of log diameter and length.

Verification after interruption A log scanner and scanner computer shall not be used to determine the volume of log timber after the log scanner operation or scanner computer operation has been interrupted by (a) maintenance or adjustment of the log scanner; or (b) a malfunction of the scanner computer; or (c) a power failure, unless, immediately before recommencing, a measurement verification test has been carried out on the scanner and computer in accordance with clause 5 and the scanner and computer comply with the verification tolerance limits set out in clause 7 for the measurement of log diameter and length. Measurement verification test A measurement verification test to test the accuracy of the measurements made by a log scanner and scanner computer shall be carried out in the following manner by passing a test object or test objects that have been approved under clause 6 through the scanning frame of the log scanner at least 5 times so that a minimum of 5 diameter and 5 length measurements are made; and by obtaining each measurement of the approved test object or objects from the scanner computer; and (c) by verifying the measurements obtained from the scanner computer against the measurement of the test object determined by the forest officer under clause 6. Test object to be approved A test object shall not be used for a measurement verification test referred to in clause 5 unless (a) a forest officer has approved the use of the test object and the

diameter and length measurements of the test object have

(b) any other log timber the subject of the same log delivery note

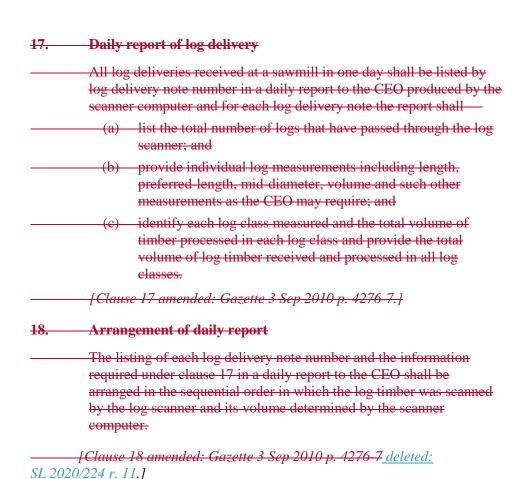
is processed at the same time.

10. Intake deck, requirements for log timber on All loads of log timber placed on the intake deck of a log scanner shall— (a) be marked with the relevant log delivery note number; and (b) be separated from other loads of log timber by a clear gap on the intake deck. Large or defective logs, procedure for Where a load of log timber has been delivered to a sawmill for determination of the quantity of that timber by log scanner and the load contains logs that are too large or have too many defects to be processed in their delivered form through a debarking machine or the frame of a log scanner, the logs shall (a) be placed in an area set aside for oversized or defective logs; (b) be recorded on the relevant log delivery note as a reject log immediately after the remainder of the load has been processed through the log scanner. Log timber not scanned on receival day, procedure for In the event that any log timber cannot be processed through a log scanner on the day on which the timber is received at the relevant sawmill, then the quantity of that timber shall be determined under clause 15 as if a log scanner or scanner computer breakdown had occurred. Breakdown of log scanner etc. to be notified In the event that a log scanner or scanner computer breaks down, the owner or manager of the relevant sawmill shall immediately notify the forest officer in charge of the district in which the sawmill is located of the breakdown. Log timber received during breakdown of log scanner etc., determining volume of In the event of a log scanner or scanner computer breaking down, the following procedures for determining log timber quantity of any load

of log timber received after the breakdown shall apply until such time

as the breakdown is repaired

numbers shall be written on the relevant log delivery note.



Schedule 2
Forms
Form 1
[Regulation 69]
Forest Management Regulations 1993
FOREST PRODUCE LICENCE
Licence No.
(name of licensee)
of
is authorised, subject to the Act and the <i>Forest Management Regulations 1993</i> , to take forest produce from Crown land in accordance with the terms, conditions and limitations set out below, and not otherwise.
Note: The authority conferred by this licence is of no effect at any time when a term, condition or limitation of the licence is not being complied with.
TERMS
Land from which forest produce may be taken:
(attach plan if necessary)
District Code
or
Operation Code
Period during which forest produce may be taken:
First day of period but subject to reg 70(1)(b)
Last day of period

Forest Management Regulations 1993 Schedule 2 Forms

Forest produce that may be taken (\checkmark) : Species (\checkmark) :
B Blackbutt J Jarrah K Karri L Mallet Marri
P Pinaster R Radiata S Sheoak W Wandoo
X Other species (specify)
Product type (✓):
NP Non-engineering grade rounds (fencing material, chopping logs)
MC Craftwood FW Firewood
MG Garden sticks MD Forest debris
OT Other(specify) (Refer to Manual of Logging Specifications or Schedule or Royalties for product type guide)
Note: This licence does not authorise the felling of any tree (Reg. 71(1)(a)).
Quantity:
Price to be paid:
Royalty/stumpage \$/tonne; In-forest costs \$/tonne; Roading \$/tonne Total \$/tonne or \$ (specify unit of measurement)
(0,000)

Veh	icles, machinery or equipment that may be used:		
	CONDITIONS		
1.	The licensee, in taking forest produce under this licence, is to comply		
1.	with the following —		
	(a) the Conservation and Land Management Act 1984;		
	(b) the Forest Management Regulations 1993;		
	(c) the Code of Logging Practice issued by the Department;		
	(d) the Manual of Logging Specifications issued by the Department;		
	(e) the Bush Fires Act 1954 and regulations made under that Act.		
2.	Where any forest produce is taken under this licence, the licensee shall, as soon as practicable after the taking of the produce, complete the forest produce removal record at the end of this form in respect of that produce.		
3.	[insert other conditions here]		
	LIMITATIONS (if any)		
	for CEO		
D	Date of issue of licence		
	eived the sum of dollars cents (\$ c) in prepayment of alty/stumpage and other charges.		
	for CEO		
	Date		

Forest produce removal record

Date of removal	Quantity removed	Site removed to	Signature of licensee

[Form 1 amended: Gazette 3 Sep 2010 p. 4276-7.]

[Form 2 deleted: Gazette 3 Sep 2010 p. 4275.]

[Forms 3 and 4 deleted: Gazette 3 May 2002 p. 2295.]

[Schedules 2A and 2B deleted: Gazette 3 May 2002 p. 2294-5.]

Schedule 3

[Regulation 142]

Prescribed royalties for timber taken on mining tenement for mining purposes

Item 1.

Product: hardwood mining rounds.

Area Royalty Swan (Northern Forest), Central Forest and Southern

applies to: Forest Regions of the Department.

Royalty: \$16.43 per tonne.

Item 2.

Product: hardwood mining rounds.

Area Royalty Kimberley, Pilbara, Gascoyne, Goldfields, Greenough, applies to: Wheatbelt and South Coast Regions of the Department.

Royalty: \$7.92 per tonne.

[Schedule 3 amended: Gazette 3 Sep 2010 p. 4276.]

[Schedule 4 deleted: Gazette 29 March 1996 p. 1511.]

Miscellaneous fees

Schedule [Schedules 5

[Regulation 151]

Miscellaneous fees

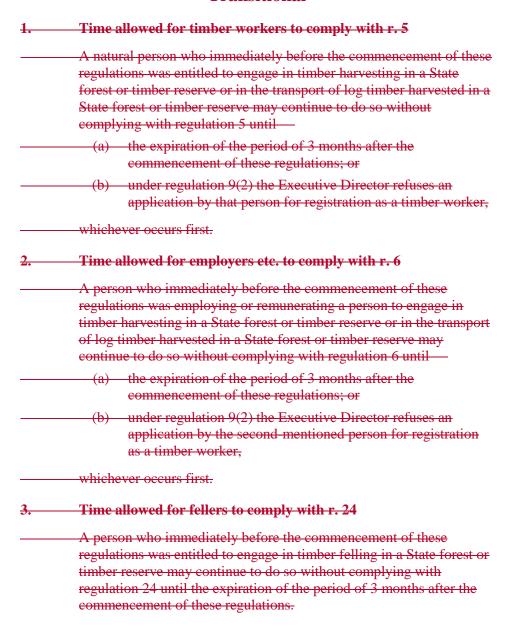
	Column 1	Column 2
		\$
1.	Registration as a timber worker	25.00
2.	Renewal of registration of timber worker	25.00
3.	Registration of owner's identification code	45.00
4.	Extract from a register or provision of copy of lease, permit, forest produce licence, contract or other	
	document	1.00
		per page
5.	Preparation of timber shipping certificate	10.00
6.	Transfer of a lease or permit	30.00

[Schedule 5 amended: Gazette 21 Apr 1998 p. 2113-14; 3 Sep 2010 p. 4276.]

Schedule 6

[Regulation 154]

Transitional



Forest Management Regulations 1993

Transitional

4. Apiary site licences and temporary and annual apiary site permits to continue to operate 6 deleted: SL 2020/224 r. 12.]

An apiary site licence, temporary apiary site permit or annual apiary site permit issued or granted under the *Forest Regulations 1957*³ and in force immediately before the commencement of these regulations shall, on or after the commencement of these regulations, continue to have effect as if these regulations had not come into operation.

5. Authorisation to continue to have effect

- (1) A written authority issued under the *Forest Diseases**Regulations 1975⁻⁴ and in force immediately before the commencement of these regulations shall, on or after the commencement of these regulations, continue to have effect as if these regulations had not come into operation.
- (2) Notwithstanding subclause (1), a forest officer may, at any time, by notice in writing revoke or amend a written authority referred to in that subclause.

Notes

This is a compilation of the *Forest Management Regulations 1993* and includes the amendments made by the other written laws referred to in the following table. The table also contains. For provisions that have come into operation, and for information about any reprint reprints, see the compilation table.

Compilation table

Citation	Gazettal Publi shed	Commencement
Forest Management Regulations 1993	9 Feb 1993 p. 1119-201	9 Feb 1993
Forest Management Amendment Regulations 1995	28 Apr 1995 p. 1459-60	28 Apr 1995
Forest Management Amendment Regulations (No. 2) 1995	23 Jan 1996 p. 272	23 Jan 1996
Forest Management Amendment Regulations 1996	29 Mar 1996 p. 1504-11	29 Mar 1996
Forest Management Amendment Regulations (No. 2) 1996	28 May 1996 p. 2204	28 May 1996
Forest Management Amendment Regulations (No. 3) 1996	28 May 1996 p. 2204-5	28 May 1996
Forest Management Amendment Regulations 1998	21 Apr 1998 p. 2113-14	21 Apr 1998
Forest Management Amendment Regulations (No. 2) 1998	18 Aug 1998 p. 4447 (Disallowed 28 Oct 1998 see <i>Gazette</i> 17 Nov 1998 p. 6248)	18 Aug 1998

Reprint of the *Forest Management Regulations 1993* as at 15 Sep 1999 (includes amendments listed above)

amenaments instea above)		
Forest Management Amendment Regulation 2000	30 Jun 2000 p. 3401-2	1 Jul 2000 (see r. 2)
Conservation and Land Management Regulations 2002 r. $114^{\frac{5}{1}}$	3 May 2002 p. 2233-308	3 May 2002
Forest Management Amendment Regulations 2003	12 Aug 2003 p. 3657-8	12 Aug 2003
Forest Management Amendment Regulations (No. 2) 2006	22 Dec 2006 p. 5804	1 Jan 2007 (see r. 2 and <i>Gazette</i> 8 Dec 2006 p. 5369)

Compare 08 Dec 2012 [02-b0-09] / 21 Nov 2020 [02-c0-00]

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Citation	Gazettal Publi shed	Commencement	
Forest Management Amendment Regulations (No. 2) 2010	3 Sep 2010 p. 4273-7	r. 1 and 2: 3 Sep 2010 (see r. 2(a)); Regulations other than r. 1 and 2: 4 Sep 2010 (see r. 2(b))	
Reprint 2: Forest Management Regulations 1993 as at 25 Mar 2011 (includes amendments listed above)			
Forest Management Amendment Regulations 2012	7 Dec 2012 p. 5975-7	r. 1 and 2: 7 Dec 2012 (see r. 2(a)); Regulations other than r. 1 and 2: 8 Dec 2012 (see r. 2(b) and Gazette 7 Dec 2012 p. 5963)	
² Regulation 153 has been omitted under the <i>Reprints Act 1984</i> s. 7(4)(f).			
The Forest Regulations 1957 are repealed by r. 153(1) of these regulations. Regulation 153(1) has been omitted under the Reprints Act 1984 s. 7(4)(f).			
⁴ — The <i>Forest Diseases Regulations 1975</i> are repealed by r. 153(2) of these regulations. Regulation 153(2) has been omitted under the <i>Reprints Act 1984</i> s. 7(4)(f).			
*Forest Management Amendment Regulations 2020	SL 2020/224 20 Nov 2020	r. 1 and 2: 20 Nov 2020 (see r. 2(a)); Regulations other than r. 1 and 2: 21 Nov 2020 (see r. 2(b) and SL 2020/225 r. 2(b))	

Other notes

The *Conservation and Land Management Regulations 2002* r. 114 repealed some of these regulations and s. 116 reads as follows:

116. Saving

- (1) Nothing in this regulation is to be construed so as to limit the operation of the *Interpretation Act 1984*.
- (2) The repeal of a former provision does not affect any document or appointment made or anything done under any provision so repealed so far as it is subsisting or in force at the time of the repeal and could have been made or done under these regulations.
- (3) Each such document, appointment or thing has effect as if it had been made or done under the corresponding provision of these regulations and as if the provisions had been in force when the document or appointment was made or the thing was done.

- (4) In particular, and without limiting the generality of subregulations (2) and (3), those subregulations apply to
 - (a) any notice erected on any land; and
 - (b) any licence granted under Part 5 of the *Conservation and Land Management Regulations 1992*.
- (5) In subregulation (1) —

former provision means a provision repealed by regulation 114 or 115.

Compare 08 Dec 2012 [02-b0-09] / 21 Nov 2020 [02-c0-00] Published on www.legislation.wa.gov.au