

# **Evidence (Visual Recording of Interviews with Children) Regulations 2004**

Compare between:

[01 Jan 2005, 00-a0-04] and [12 Mar 2008, 00-b0-05]

## **Evidence (Visual Recording of Interviews with Children) Regulations 2004**

#### 1. Citation

These regulations are the Evidence (Visual Recording of Interviews with Children) Regulations 2004.

#### 2. Commencement

These regulations come into operation on the same day as the *Criminal Law Amendment (Sexual Assault and Other Matters) Act 2004* comes into operation.

#### 3. Interpretation

- (1) In these regulations
  - "section" means a section of the Act.
- (2) If a word or expression used in these regulations is defined in section 106A then it has the same meaning in these regulations.

#### 4. Prescribed classes of persons — s. 106HA(1)(a)

- (1) For the purposes of section 106HA(1)(a) a person is of the prescribed class if the person
  - (a) is employed in, or engaged by, the department whether as a public service officer under the *Public Sector Management Act 1994*, under a contract for services, or otherwise;
  - (b) is member of the Police Force or an employee in the Western Australian Police Service; or
  - (c) has successfully completed a training course about interviewing children provided by —

- (i) the Western Australian Police Service; or
- (ii) the department,

or a course approved in writing by the Commissioner of Police as being similar to such a course.

(2) In this regulation —

> "Commissioner of Police" means the person holding or acting in the office of Commissioner of Police under the Police Act 1892;

"department" means the department of the Public Service principally assisting in the administration of the Children and Community Services Act 1972 2004.

[Regulation 4 amended in Gazette 11 Mar 2008 p. 819.]

#### 5. Prescribed requirements and the extent to which they are to be met — s. 106HA(1)(b)

For the purposes of section 106HA(1)(b) an interview meets the prescribed requirements if it was —

- conducted in such a manner that, as far as is practicable, statements made by the child in the interview were not elicited by the use of leading questions;
- where the child is under the age of 12 years, conducted (b) in such a manner -
  - (i) that the child appears to understand that participating in the interview is a serious matter and that in giving the interview the child has an obligation to tell the truth; or
  - that it is apparent that the child has reached a (ii) level of cognitive development that enables the child to understand and respond rationally to questions and to give an intelligible account of his or her experiences;

and

- (c) conducted or recorded in a manner that provides all, or most, of the following information
  - (i) the date on which the recording was made;
  - (ii) the place at which the recording was made;
  - (iii) the identity of all persons who were present at any time during the interview; and
  - (iv) any breaks in the interview, the time the break commenced and concluded and the reasons for the break.
- 6. Opportunity of defendant accused to view visually recorded interview s. 106HB(2)(b)

The defendant accused and his or her counsel have been given a reasonable opportunity to view a visually recorded interview for the purposes of section 106HB(2)(b), if —

- (a) at least 3 clear days prior notice in writing has been given to the defendant accused or his or her counsel specifying
  - (i) at least 2 occasions during normal office hours when the interview may be viewed; and
  - (ii) the place where the interview may be viewed; and
- (b) the interview was available to be viewed at the place specified in the notice on each occasion specified in the notice.

[Regulation 6 amended in Gazette 11 Mar 2008 p. 820.]

#### 7. Certificate to accompany visually recorded interview

- (1) A person who conducts a visually recorded interview is to certify that
  - (a) he or she —

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- is a person of a class prescribed under section 106HA(1)(a); and
- (ii) conducted the interview;

and

- (b) the details specified in the certificate are true and correct.
- (2) A certificate is to specify
  - sufficient details to identify the visually recorded interview in respect of which is it is given;
  - the name, and contact details, of the person who (b) conducted the interview: and
  - which of the classes prescribed under (c) section 106HA(1)(a) (see regulation 4(1)) applies to him or her.
- A certificate given or purporting to be given under this (3) regulation
  - is admissible as evidence of the facts specified in the (a) certificate; and
  - in the absence of proof to the contrary, is proof of those (b) facts.
- A person must not give any information that is false or misleading in a certificate.

Penalty: \$2 000.

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#### **Notes**

This is a compilation of the Evidence (Visual Recording of Interviews with Children) Regulations 2004. The and includes the amendments made by the other written laws referred to in the following table-contains information about those regulations.

### **Compilation table**

Citation	Gazettal	Commencement
Evidence (Visual Recording of Interviews with Children) Regulations 2004	31 Dec 2004 p. 7147-50	1 Jan 2005 (see r. 2 and <i>Gazette</i> 31 Dec 2004 p. 7130)
Evidence (Visual Recording of Interviews with Children) AmendmentRegulations 2008	11 Mar 2008 p. 819-20	r. 1 and 2: 11 Mar 2008 (see r. 2(a)); Regulations other than r. 1 and 2: 12 Mar 2008 (see r. 2(b))

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