

Aerial Spraying Control Act 1966

Compare between:

[12 Mar 2008, 03-d0-02] and [27 Apr 2008, 03-e0-05]

Western Australia

Aerial Spraying Control Act 1966

An Act relating to the spraying of agricultural chemicals from aircraft and to make provision for incidental and other purposes.

1. Short title

This Act may be cited as the *Aerial Spraying Control Act 1966*¹.

2. Commencement

This Act shall come into operation on a date to be fixed by proclamation ¹.

3. Interpretation

In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears —

"aerial spraying" means the spraying, spreading or dispersing of any agricultural chemical from an aircraft in flight;

"agricultural chemical" means any chemical prescribed as an insecticide, fungicide or herbicide, or as an agricultural chemical or fertilizer or any preparation containing a chemical so prescribed;

"aircraft" means a machine that can derive support in the atmosphere from the reactions of the air;

"certificate" means a current and valid pilot chemical rating certificate granted to a pilot of an aircraft by the Director under section 7;

"hazardous area" means an area declared by the Minister under section 9 to be a hazardous area for the purposes of this Act;

"owner" used in relation to an aircraft the subject of a hire purchase agreement, a hiring agreement or a bill of sale, means the person in possession of the aircraft under the hire purchase or hiring agreement or the person by whom the bill of sale was made or given;

"pilot in command" means the pilot responsible for the operation and safety of an aircraft from the moment at which the aircraft moves under its own power for the purpose of taking off until the moment at which it comes to rest after being airborne;

"spray drift" means the movement of any fractions of the original spray from an aircraft containing agricultural chemicals in solution or in suspension or in the form of chemical particles, vapours or volatile components thereof;

"the Department" means the department of the State Public Service known as the Department of Agriculture;

"the Director" means the person for the time being holding the office of Director of Agriculture in the Department and includes the Deputy Director.

[Section 3 amended by No. 31 of 1968 s. 3.]

4. Severability

This Act shall be construed so as not to exceed the legislative power of the State, the intention being that if any provision of this Act would, but for this section, be construed as being in excess of that power, it shall, to the extent to which it is not in excess of that power, be a valid enactment.

5. Application of Act to Crown

The provisions of this Act relating to hazardous areas bind the Crown in right of the State.

6. Control of aerial spraying

A person shall not, on or after a date 3 months from the coming into operation of this Act, knowingly and wilfully carry out or

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cause or permit to be carried out any aerial spraying unless the pilot in command of the aircraft from which the spraying is carried out is the holder of a certificate.

Penalty: \$2 000.

[Section 6 amended by No. 31 of 1968 s. 4; No. 16 of 1978 s. 3; No. 20 of 1989 s. 3; No. 50 of 2003 s. 36(2).]

7. Application for and effect of certificate

- (1) A person who is the holder of
 - (a) a current and valid commercial licence or senior commercial pilot's licence endorsed with an agricultural rating under the *Air Navigation Regulations*² of the Commonwealth as in force from time to time or any regulations in substitution therefor as so in force; and
 - (b) the prescribed qualifications,

may, on payment of the prescribed fee, make an application for a certificate in the manner prescribed, to the Director who may grant or refuse the application.

(2) A certificate, during the period of its currency and subject to, and in accordance with, this Act, the *Air Navigation Act 1920* of the Commonwealth as amended from time to time, or any Act of the Commonwealth passed in substitution for that Act, the regulations made under any such Act and subject to the compliance with the conditions attached to the certificate, entitles the holder of the certificate to act as pilot in command of an aircraft from which aerial spraying is carried out.

8. Appeal against decision of Director

(1) A person whose application for a certificate or renewal of a certificate has been refused by the Director or whose certificate has been varied, suspended or cancelled by the Director pursuant to this Act, may apply to the State Administrative Tribunal for a review of the decision to refuse, vary, suspend or cancel, as the case may be.

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[(2), (3) repealed<u>deleted</u>]

[Section 8 amended by No. 55 of 2004 s. 15.]

9. Hazardous areas

- (1) Where the Minister is of opinion that any area in the State should be declared a hazardous area for the purposes of this Act, he may, by notice published in the *Gazette* and in a newspaper circulating generally throughout the State, declare the area specified in the notice, to be a hazardous area for the purposes of this Act, either without limitation as to time or for such period as is specified in the notice.
- (2) The Minister may by subsequent notice so published amend or cancel any notice published under subsection (1).
- (3) The Minister may declare in a notice under subsection (1) that, while the area to which the notice relates remains a hazardous area a person
 - (a) shall not carry out or cause or permit to be carried out any aerial spraying either generally or with reference to particular agricultural chemicals or groups of those chemicals in or over that area; or
 - (b) shall not carry out or cause or permit to be carried out any aerial spraying either generally or with reference to particular agricultural chemicals or groups of those chemicals in or over that area except during such times of the year as are prescribed in the notice and in accordance with the conditions specified therein and the regulations.
- (4) A person who carries out or causes or permits to be carried out any aerial spraying contrary to the provisions of
 - (a) a notice published under this section; or
 - (b) the regulations,

is guilty of an offence against this Act.

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Penalty: \$2 000.

(5) Where an offence against this section is committed by a pilot of an aircraft, the Director may without prejudice to any other penalty to which the pilot may be liable under this section, cancel any certificate of which the pilot is the holder and any permit issued to him under the regulations.

[Section 9 amended by No. 16 of 1978 s. 4; No. 20 of 1989 s. 3; No. 50 of 2003 s. 36(2).]

10. Security to be lodged by owner of aircraft against damage

- (1) The owner of any aircraft that has been modified to carry out aerial spraying shall
 - (a) lodge with the Director; or
 - (b) satisfy the Director that there is lodged in another State or Territory of the Commonwealth with a person acceptable to the Director,

security in the form of a contract of insurance which indemnifies the owner to the extent —

- (i) approved by the Director if the contract of insurance is lodged under paragraph (a); or
- (ii) approved by a person acceptable to the Director under paragraph (b) if it is lodged as referred to in that paragraph,

against liability up to an amount of not less than \$30 000 in respect of each and every claim under that contract, in respect of loss of or damage to the property, including livestock, of any other person caused by any agricultural chemical released from the aircraft in respect of which the contract of insurance exists, whether in the course of the aerial spraying or by spray drift.

- (2) The contract of insurance
 - (a) shall cover aerial spraying in all parts of the State but may extend to provide cover elsewhere; and

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- (b) shall be issued by an approved company.
- (3) In subsection (2) "approved company" means a company approved by the Director if the contract of insurance is lodged under paragraph (a) of subsection (1), or if it is lodged as referred to in paragraph (b) of that subsection, by a person acceptable to the Director under that paragraph, and includes a company so approved that is acting for or on behalf of a pool of companies, notwithstanding that all or any of the companies in that pool are not so approved.
- (4) The contract of insurance may contain such conditions, warranties and exclusions as are approved by the Director or by a person acceptable to the Director under subsection (1)(b), as the case requires.
- (5) The Director shall, by notice under his hand, grant an exemption from the requirements of subsection (1), either generally, or in relation to a specified aircraft, or in particular circumstances therein specified, to any person who satisfies him that the aircraft to which the exemption relates is not to be used for aerial spraying, and where any such aircraft is so used that exemption shall be deemed not to have been granted.
- (6) In any proceedings, the onus of proving that the requirements of subsection (1) have been complied with, or do not apply, shall lie on the person who alleges that to be the case.
- (7) A person who fails to comply with the requirements of this section is guilty of an offence.

Penalty: \$2 000.

[Section 10 inserted by No. 45 of 1970 s. 3; amended by No. 57 of 1973 s. 2; No. 16 of 1978 s. 5; No. 90 of 1982 s. 3; No. 20 of 1989 s. 3.]

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11. Offence — aerial spraying without security

A person shall not use an aircraft for the purpose of carrying out aerial spraying, unless at the time the aerial spraying is carried out —

- (a) there is deposited with the Director in respect of the aircraft a security as is required by section 10; and
- (b) the security is in force.

Penalty: \$1 000.

[Section 11 amended by No. 16 of 1978 s. 6; No. 20 of 1989 s. 3.]

12. Aircraft owner to keep records

- (1) The owner of an aircraft from which aerial spraying is carried out or where the owner is not the pilot in command of the aircraft at the time the aerial spraying is carried out, the pilot in command of the aircraft at the time shall make or cause to be made at the time the aerial spraying is carried out a record of the following particulars, namely —
 - (a) the name and address of the pilot in command of the aircraft;
 - (b) the name and address of the person or persons for whom the aerial spraying is being carried out;
 - (c) the name and full description of the agricultural chemicals used in the aerial spraying;
 - (d) the exact location of the land so sprayed including distances and directions from the nearest city or town so that the land may be readily identified;
 - (e) the date and the time of spraying;
 - (f) the estimated velocity and the direction of the wind at the time of the aerial spraying;
 - (g) the quantity and concentration of the agricultural chemicals applied per hectare during the aerial spraying;

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- (i) the type of crops sprayed; and
- (j) such other particulars and matters as may be prescribed, and shall keep that record for a period of 2 years after the aerial spraying to which it relates is carried out.
- (2) A copy of a record kept pursuant to subsection (1) shall be sent by the owner or the pilot in command of the aircraft who made the record to the Director within the period prescribed.

[Section 12 amended by No. 31 of 1968 s. 6; No. 94 of 1972 s. 4 (as amended by No. 19 of 1973).]

13. Production of records

- (1) A record made by an owner of an aircraft or the pilot in command of an aircraft pursuant to section 12 shall be produced by that owner or that pilot
 - (a) to the Director; or
 - (b) to any person authorised by the Director in writing to demand the production of the record,

on demand being made therefor to the owner or to the pilot by the Director or that person, as the case may be.

(2) A record kept pursuant to section 12(1) is evidence of the particulars and other matters stated therein.

[Section 13 amended by No. 31 of 1968 s. 7.]

13A. Inspectors

- (1) The Minister may appoint any officer of the Department or the Agriculture Protection Board to be an inspector for the general purposes of this Act.
- (2) Every person appointed to be an inspector under this Act shall be furnished with a certificate in the prescribed form evidencing his appointment and shall produce such certificate whenever required so to do by any person in respect of whom he has

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- (3) Production of a certificate in the prescribed form is conclusive proof in any court of the appointment of the inspector to whom that certificate relates and of his authority as such an inspector to exercise the powers conferred upon an inspector appointed under this Act.
- (4) A person shall furnish all reasonable assistance and all relevant information that he is capable of furnishing to an inspector acting in the exercise of his powers and the discharge of his duties under this Act and, subject to the right to make an objection in respect of the making of the statement pursuant to subsection (5), shall not withhold any such information.
- (5) Where a person who makes a statement pursuant to this section before he does so objects to having to make that statement on the ground that it might tend to incriminate him, the statement so made
 - (a) shall not be admissible in evidence in any prosecution against that person for any offence other than the offence of contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of this section; and
 - (b) if recorded, in writing or otherwise, shall set out the fact of the objection having been made.
- (6) An inspector appointed under this section may
 - (a) at any time enter on or into any land, premises or thing where he has reason to believe that aerial spraying is or may be taking place or may be affected thereby, or which he has reason to believe is being used in connection with aerial spraying, and may take with him such persons as he thinks competent and necessary to assist him in making any inspection or examination;
 - (b) inspect all aircraft, vehicles, apparatus, fittings or appliances which he has reason to believe are used or

intended to be used for or in connection with aerial spraying;

- (c) make such inspection, examination sampling, inquiry and tests, and ask such questions, and request such information, as he considers necessary or desirable, and to the extent required, to ascertain —
 - (i) whether the provisions of this Act or any requirement made under or pursuant thereto are being or have been complied with;
 - (ii) whether any condition, restriction, or limitation is being or has been observed;
 - (iii) the cause, results and other aspects of any damage and other matters arising therefrom or suspected of being related thereto which is or may be attributable to matters to which this Act relates,

and to evaluate the efficiency of the method of working and the aircraft and apparatus used, having particular regard to the safety aspects in relation to the effect of spraying on plants or animals; and

- (d) exercise such other authorities and discretions and perform such duties as may be prescribed.
- (7) Where an inspector having made an inspection is of the opinion that any method of working, aircraft, apparatus or other thing which he is empowered to inspect
 - (a) does not conform with the requirements of this Act; or
 - (b) is, in relation to the effect of spraying on plants or animals, unsafe,

he may by an order in writing prohibit the further use of any such method or thing either absolutely or except subject to such conditions, restrictions or limitations as he shall specify in that order until such time as an inspector is satisfied that such method or thing so conforms and is safe.

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- (8) A person aggrieved by an order given by an inspector pursuant to subsection (7) may apply to the State Administrative Tribunal for a review of the decision to give the order.
- (9) A person who wilfully obstructs an inspector acting in the execution of the powers conferred by this section, or acting pursuant to any regulation made under this Act, commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a penalty not exceeding \$2 000.
- (10) A person who without reasonable excuse fails to give to any inspector acting in the execution of the powers conferred by this section or acting pursuant to any regulation made under this Act any assistance which that inspector may reasonably request him to give, or any information which that inspector is expressly authorised by or under this Act to call for or which he may reasonably require or who, when required to give any such information, knowingly makes any false or misleading statement in relation thereto, shall be treated as having wilfully obstructed that inspector.

[Section 13A inserted by No. 16 of 1978 s. 7; amended by No. 20 of 1989 s. 3; No. 55 of 2004 s. 16.]

14. Inspection of sprayed areas

- (1) The Director or a person authorised in writing by him so to do
 - (a) may enter on land on which crops, trees, pastures or other growth or animal life has been reported to the Director or to that person to have been injuriously affected by aerial spraying and may carry out such inspections on the land as he thinks fit for the purpose of ascertaining whether, and to what extent, any such crops, trees, pastures, growth or animal life have or has been so affected;
 - (b) may, at the request of any person who suspects that any crops, trees, pastures, or other growth, or animal life on

his land or land under his control has or have been injuriously affected by aerial spraying or spray drift, enter on that land for the purpose of ascertaining whether, and to what extent, the crops, trees, pastures, growth or animal life have been so affected;

- (c) may enter and inspect any land in order to ascertain possible sources of spray drift; and
- (d) may, where the person authorised by the Director under this section, is authorised as the owner of an aircraft or his accredited representative or as the insurer of the owner or his accredited representative, after notifying the owner or occupier of the land, enter and inspect the land on which aerial spraying has been or is proposed to be carried out or any adjoining or neighbouring land, before, during or after any aerial spraying operations by that aircraft, to determine the location of crops susceptible thereto, the possible sources of spray drift or any suspected damage that may have resulted from aerial spraying.
- (2) Where a person authorised by the Director under subsection (1) enters on any land pursuant to paragraph (a) or (b) of that subsection that person shall make a written report to the Director of his findings in connection with the crops, trees, pastures or other growth or the animal life reported or suspected to have been injuriously affected by aerial spraying; and after making such other investigations as he considers necessary the Director shall make available to the owner of the aircraft concerned, the owner or occupier of such land and the insurer of the owner of the aircraft a statement as to whether in his opinion such growth or animal life has been seriously affected by aerial spraying.
- (3) A person who prevents, hinders, delays or obstructs the entry on or inspection of any land by the Director or a person authorised by the Director pursuant to subsection (1) is guilty of an offence against this Act.

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Penalty: \$1 000.

- (4) Where a person alleges that crops, trees, pastures or other growth or animal life on his land or land under his control have been injuriously affected by spray drift or aerial spraying, he shall notify the Director in writing to that effect —
 - (a) within 14 days of observing the damage; and
 - (b) at least 14 days or such lesser number of days as the Director in any particular case permits, before the crops are harvested or picked or before he destroys or causes to be destroyed the trees, pastures or other growth or animal life that he alleges have been so affected.
- (5) Where the Director receives a notice under and in accordance with subsection (4), he shall, as soon as he ascertains the name of the owner of the aircraft from which the aerial spraying operations that are alleged to have caused damage, were carried out, give to that owner a copy of the notice.
- (6) A person shall not, in a notice given pursuant to subsection (4), knowingly make any allegation that is false or misleading.

[Section 14 amended by No. 31 of 1968 s. 8; No. 16 of 1978 s. 8; No. 20 of 1989 s. 3.]

15. Effect of failure to give notice

- (1) Subject to subsection (2), where a person fails to give the notice required to be given by section 14(4), no action claiming damages shall be brought in any Court against any person in respect of the loss of or damage to the crops, trees, pastures or other growth or animal life alleged to be caused by or arising out of or in connection with spray drift or aerial spraying.
- (2) Notwithstanding that a notice has not been given as required by section 14(4), application may be made to a Judge for leave to commence such an action as is referred to in subsection (1), and if the Judge considers that the failure to give the required notice was occasioned by mistake or by any other reasonable cause or

that the prospective defendant is not materially prejudiced in his defence or otherwise by the failure, the Judge may if he thinks it is just to do so, grant leave to bring the action, subject to such conditions as the Judge thinks it is just to impose.

(3) Before an application is made under subsection (2) the person intending to make the application shall give notice in writing to the prospective defendant of the proposed application and the grounds on which it is to be made at least 14 days before the application is made.

16. Certificate issued in another State valid for purposes of this Act

A certificate granted under a corresponding enactment of another State or Territory of the Commonwealth that corresponds to a certificate issued under this Act is, during its currency, valid in this State for all purposes as though it were issued under this Act, but the Director may vary any conditions attached thereto or attach other or additional conditions thereto as he thinks fit.

17. Power of Director to delegate

- (1) The Director may with the consent of the Minister, by writing under his hand, delegate any of his powers and functions under this Act, except the power of delegation, in relation to any matter or class of matters so that the delegated powers or functions may be exercised by the delegate with respect to the matter or class of matters specified in the instrument of delegation as fully and effectually as by the Director.
- (2) A delegation under this section is revocable, in writing, at will and no such delegation prevents the exercise of any power or function by the Director.
- (3) Where the exercise of any power or function of the Director under, or the operation of any provision of this Act, is dependent upon the opinion, belief or state of mind of the

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Director in relation to any matter, and that power or function has been delegated by the Director, in pursuance of this section, that power or function may be exercised or that provision may operate, upon the opinion, belief or state of mind of the delegate.

18. General penalty provisions

- (1) A person who fails to comply with any of the provisions of this Act is guilty of an offence against this Act.
- (2) A person who is guilty of an offence against this Act for which no penalty is expressly provided elsewhere in this Act, is liable to a penalty of \$2 000.

[Section 18 amended by No. 16 of 1978 s. 9; No. 20 of 1989 s. 3.]

19. **Regulations**

- (1) The Governor may make regulations prescribing forms, fees and other matters and things that by this Act, are contemplated, required or permitted to be prescribed or appear to him to be necessary or convenient for the purpose of effectually carrying out the provisions of this Act, or for better giving effect to the operation, objects, and purposes of this Act and in particular, regulations may be made by the Governor under this section, making provision for or with respect to
 - (a) the prohibition or regulation or both of aerial spraying over hazardous areas and the issuing of permits to carry out aerial spraying over hazardous areas;
 - (b) the prohibition or regulation of the flying of aircraft carrying agricultural chemicals over hazardous areas;
 - (c) the regulation of the cleansing of aircraft that have carried agricultural chemicals;
 - (d) the prohibition of aerial spraying in conditions that are likely to result in the spray drifting;

| (e) | the prohibition or regulation of the use in aerial spraying |
|-----|---|
| | of agricultural chemicals, either generally or with |
| | reference to particular agricultural chemicals or groups |
| | of those chemicals, whether absolutely or in prescribed |
| | areas, or during prescribed periods of the year in |
| | prescribed areas; |

- (f) the regulation of the droplet size in aerial spraying whether generally or in prescribed areas or in prescribed weather conditions;
- (g) the keeping by the pilot in command of an aircraft carrying out aerial spraying, or the person in charge of the spraying, of proper records (in addition to any record required to be kept under section 12) of such matters relating to the aerial spraying as are prescribed, for the inspection of those records by such persons as are prescribed, and prescribing the period for which those records shall be kept;
- (h) compelling the production in any proceedings of those records;
- (i) regulating the mode of aerial spraying and the appliances to be used in connection therewith;
- (j) the qualifications required to hold a certificate, the terms and conditions upon which a certificate may be obtained and the conditions to be observed by the holder of a certificate;
- (k) the period for which a certificate is current, the renewal, variation, suspension and cancellation of certificates by the Director and the grounds upon which certificates may be so varied, suspended or cancelled;
- the fees to be paid in respect of the grant of a certificate or a permit or an application for a certificate or a permit or any other document or the undergoing of any examination or test required by the regulations and in respect of which it appears to the Governor to be

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- (m) the imposition of penalties not exceeding \$2 000 for a contravention of or failure to comply with any provision of the regulations or any order, direction or instruction given or made under, or in force by virtue of, the regulations.
- (2) The regulations may prescribe that any act or thing shall be in accordance with a specified standard or with the approval or satisfaction of a specified person or class of persons.
- (3) Regulations shall not be regarded as invalid on the ground that they delegate to or confer on any person or class of persons a discretionary authority.
- (4) The regulations may confer on the Director power to impose any conditions on a certificate in addition to those prescribed and to cancel or vary any conditions of a certificate, power to issue, in such manner as may be prescribed, instructions, orders or requirements for the purpose of ensuring that aerial spraying is carried out in accordance with this Act and, where the regulations so provide, any such instruction, order or requirement shall be complied with by all persons affected thereby.

[Section 19 amended by No. 20 of 1989 s. 3; No. 50 of 2003 s. 36(3).]

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Notes

This is a compilation of the *Aerial Spraying Control Act 1966* and includes the amendments made by the other written laws referred to in the following table ^{1a_4}. The table also contains information about any reprint.

Compilation table

| Short title | Number and year | Assent | Commencement | | |
|---|--|-------------|---|--|--|
| Aerial Spraying Control Act 1966 | 88 of 1966 | 12 Dec 1966 | 21 May 1971 (see s. 2 and <i>Gazette</i> 21 May 1971 p. 1726) | | |
| Aerial Spraying Control Act Amendment Act 1968 | 31 of 1968 | 4 Nov 1968 | 21 May 1971 (see s. 2) | | |
| Aerial Spraying Control Act Amendment Act 1970 | 45 of 1970 | 8 Oct 1970 | 21 May 1971 (see s. 2) | | |
| Reprint of the Aerial Spray amendments listed above) | Reprint of the <i>Aerial Spraying Control Act 1966</i> approved 2 Jun 1971 (includes amendments listed above) | | | | |
| Metric Conversion Act 1972 | 94 of 1972 (as amended by No. 19 of 1973) | 4 Dec 1972 | Relevant amendments (see Second Sch. ³) took effect on 22 Mar 1974 (see s. 4(2) and <i>Gazette</i> 22 Mar 1974 p. 965) | | |
| Aerial Spraying Control Act Amendment Act 1973 | 57 of 1973 | 19 Nov 1973 | 19 Nov 1973 | | |
| Aerial Spraying Control Act Amendment Act 1978 | 16 of 1978 | 18 May 1978 | 28 Jul 1978 (see s. 2 and <i>Gazette</i> 28 Jul 1978 p. 2698) | | |
| Aerial Spraying Control Amendment Act 1982 | 90 of 1982 | 17 Nov 1982 | 15 Dec 1982 (see s. 2) | | |
| Reprint of the <i>Aerial Spraying Control Act 1966</i> as at 28 Aug 1983 (includes amendments listed above) | | | | | |
| Agricultural Legislation (Penalties) Amendment Act 1989 s. 3 | 20 of 1989 | 1 Dec 1989 | 15 Dec 1989 (see s. 2 and <i>Gazette</i> 15 Dec 1989 p. 4513) | | |
| Sentencing Legislation | 50 of 2003 | 9 Jul 2003 | 15 May 2004 (see s. 2 and | | |

Amendment and Repeal Act 2003 s. 36

Reprint 3: The *Aerial Spraying Control Act 1966* as at 18 Jun 2004 (includes amendments listed above)

| State Administrative | 55 of 2004 | 24 Nov 2004 | 1 Jan 2005 (see s. 2 and |
|---------------------------|------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| Tribunal (Conferral of | | | Gazette 31 Dec 2004 |
| Jurisdiction) Amendment | | | p. 7130) |
| and Repeal Act 2004 Pt. 2 | | | |

Gazette 14 May 2004 p. 1445)

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| Short title | Number | Assent | Commencement | |
|-------------|----------|--------|--------------|--|
| | and year | | | |
| $Div 2^5$ | | | | |

^{1a} On the date as at which this compilation was prepared, provisions referred to in the following table had not come into operation and were therefore not included in this compilation. For the text of the provisions see the endnotes referred to in the table.

Provisions that have not come into operation

| Short title | Number and Year | Assent | Commencement |
|--|---|------------------------|--|
| Courts Legislation Amendment and Repeal Act 2004 s. 142 ⁴ | 59 of 2004 (as amended by No. 2 of 2008 s. 77(13)) | 23 Nov 2004 | To be proclaimed (see s. 2) |
| Biosecurity and Agriculture Management (Repeal and Consequential Provisions) Act 2007 s. 18 and 19 ⁶ | 24 of 2007 | 12 Oct 2007 | To be proclaimed (s. 2(2)) |
| Criminal Law and Evidence Amendment Act 2008 s. 77(13) ⁷ | 2 of 2008 | 12 Mar 2008 | To be proclaimed (see s. 2) |

² Short title changed to *Air Navigation Regulations 1947* (see *Air Navigation Amendment Regulations 1998 (No. 1)* of the Commonwealth).

- ³ The Second Schedule was inserted by the *Metric Conversion Act Amendment Act 1973*.
- ⁴ On the date as at which this compilation was prepared, the <u>The</u> Courts Legislation Amendment and Repeal Act 2004 s. <u>142</u>, which gives effect to Sch. <u>2</u>, had not come into operation. It reads as follows:

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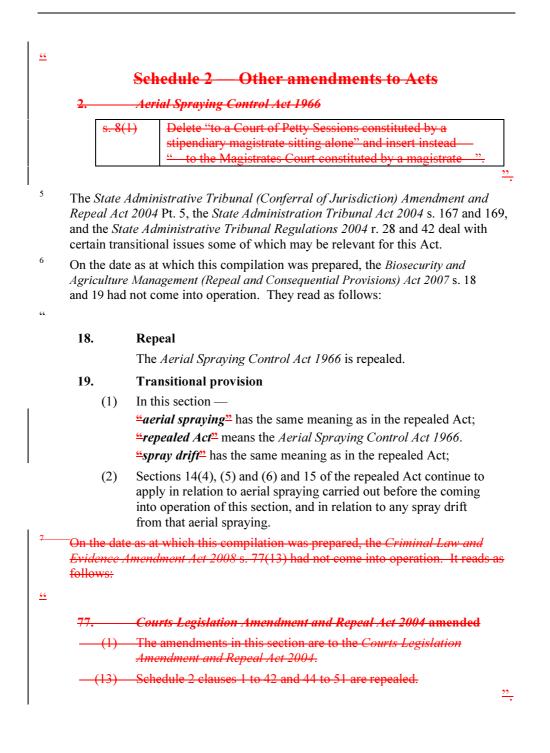
142. Other amendments to various Acts

Each Act listed in Schedule 2 is amended as set out in that Schedule immediately below the short title of the Act.

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Schedule 2 cl. 2 reads as follows: 2 was repealed by the *Criminal Law and Evidence Amendment Act 2008* s. 77(13).

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