## The Settled Land Act of 1892.

#### (55th Vict., No. 10.)

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# VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

## \*\*\*\*\* No. X.

AN ACT for facilitating Sales, Leases, and other Dispositions of Settled Land, and for promoting the execution of Improvements thereon.

[Assented to, 18th March, 1892.]

THEREAS it is desirable to facilitate Sales, Leases, and other Preamble. **VV** Dispositions of settled Land, and to promote the execution of Improvements thereon: Be it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of Western Australia, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

PART I.-PRELIMINARY.

- THIS Act is divided into Parts as follows:----1.
  - PART I.—PRELIMINARY;
  - PART II.—Definitions:
  - III,—Powers of Tenant for Life; PART

Division of Act into Parts.

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Short title.

2. THIS Act may be cited as "The Settled Land Act of 1892."

### PART II.—DEFINITIONS.

**3.** (1.) ANY deed, will, agreement for a settlement, or other agreement, covenant to surrender, Act of Parliament, or other instrument, or any number of instruments, whether made or passed before or after, or partly before and partly after, the commencement of this Act, under or by virtue of which instrument or instruments any land, or any estate or interest in land, stands for the time being limited to or in trust for any persons by way of succession, or under or by virtue of which any persons are beneficially entitled in succession to any land or any estate or interest in land, is a settlement for the purposes of this Act, or creates such a settlement, and is in this Act referred to as a settlement, or as the settlement, as the case may be.

(2.) An estate or interest in remainder or reversion not disposed of by a settlement, and reverting to the settlor or descending to the testator's heir, is for the purposes of this Act an estate or interest coming to the settlor or heir under or by virtue of the settlement, and comprised in the subject of the settlement.

(3.) Land, and any estate or interest therein, which is the subject of a settlement, is for the purposes of this Act settled land, and is, in relation to the settlement, referred to in this Act as the settled land.

The determination of the question whether land is settled land, for the purposes of this Act, or not, is governed by the state of the facts, and the limitations of the settlement, at the time of the settlement taking effect.

(4.) For the purposes of this Act the estate of a tenant by the curtesy is to be deemed to be an estate arising under a settlement made by his wife, comprising the land of which he is tenant by the curtesy.

Definition of settlement. 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, s. 2.

Undisposed of remainder or reversion.

Settled land.

Estate of tenant by curtesy. 47 and 48 Vic., c. 18, s. 8.

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#### 4. IN this Act-

"Income" includes rents and profits; and "Possession" Income, possession. 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, includes receipt of income;

- "Rent" includes yearly or other rent, and toll, duty, royalty, Ront, payment, fine. or other reservation, by the acre, or the ton, or otherwise; and, in relation to rent, "Payment" includes delivery, and "Fine" includes premium or fore-gift, and any payment, consideration, or benefit in the nature of a fine, premium, or fore-gift;
- The term "Building purposes" includes the erecting and the improving of, and the adding to and the repairing Building purposes, building lease. of, buildings; and a "Building Lease" is a lease for any building purposes or purposes connected therewith;
- The term "Mines and Minerals" means mines and minerals whether already opened or in work, or not, and includes Mines and minerals, all minerals and substances in, on, or under the land, mining purposes, mining lease. obtainable by underground or by surface working; and the term "Mining purposes" includes the sinking and searching for, winning, working, getting, making merchantable, smelting or otherwise converting or working for the purposes of any manufacture, carrying away, and disposing of, mines and minerals, in or under the settled land, or any other land, and the erection of buildings, and the execution of engineering and other works, suitable for those purposes; and a "Mining Lease" is a lease for any mining purposes or purposes connected therewith, and includes a grant or license for any mining purposes;
- "Will" includes a codicil, and any other testamentary will instrument, and a writing in the nature of a will;
- "Securities" include stocks, funds, and shares;
- "Court" means the Supreme Court of Western Australia;
- "Act of Parliament" includes Ordinance and Act of Act of Parliament. Council.

#### TENANT FOR LIFE.

5. THE person who is for the time being, under a settlement, beneficially entitled to possession of settled land for his life, is for <sup>Tenant for life.</sup> 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, the purposes of this Act the tenant for life of that land, and the s. 2 (5). tenant for life under that settlement.

If in any case there are two or more persons so entitled as tenants in common, or as joint tenants, or for other concurrent estates or interests, they together constitute the tenant for life for the purposes of this Act.

s. 2 (10).

building lease.

Sccurities.

Court.

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A person being tenant for life within the foregoing definitions shall be deemed to be such, notwithstanding that under the settlement or otherwise the settled land, or his estate or interest therein, is encumbered or charged in any manner or to any extent.

Enumeration of to have powers of tenant for life. s. 58.

**6.** (1.) EACH person as follows shall, when the estate or interest other limited owners, of each of them is in possession, have the powers of a tenant for life under this Act, as if each of them were a tenant for life as defined 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, in this Act, namely :---

- (a.) A tenant in tail;
- (b.) A tenant in fee-simple, with an executory limitation, gift, or disposition over, on failure of his issue, or in any other event;
- (c.) A person entitled to a base fee, although the reversion is in the Crown, and so that the exercise by him of his powers under this Act shall bind the Crown;
- (d.) A tenant for years determinable on life, not holding merely under a lease at a rent;
- (e.) A tenant for the life of another, not holding merely under a lease at a rent:
- (f.) A tenant for his own or any other life, or for years determinable on life, whose estate is liable to cease in any event during that life, whether by expiration of the estate, or by conditional limitation, or otherwise, or to be defeated by any executory limitation, gift, or disposition over, or is subject to a trust for accumulation of income for payment of debts or other purpose;
- (q.) A tenant in tail after possibility of issue extinct;
- (h.) A tenant by the curtesy;
- (i.) A person entitled to the income of land under a trust or direction for payment thereof to him during his own or any other life, whether subject to expenses of management or not, or until sale of the land, or until forfeiture of his interest therein on insolvency or other event.

(2.) In every such case, the provisions of this Act referring to a tenant for life, either as conferring powers on him or otherwise, and to a settlement, and to settled land, shall extend to each of the persons aforesaid, and to the instrument under which his estate or interest arises, and to the land therein comprised.

(3.) In any such case any reference in this Act to death as regards a tenant for life shall, where necessary, be deemed to refer to

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the determination by death or otherwise of such estate or interest as last aforesaid.

WHERE a person who is in his own right seised of or Infant absolutely 7. entitled in possession to land, or beneficially entitled to the whole entitled to be as interest in land, is an infant, then for the purposes of this Act the tenant for life. 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, land is settled land, and the infant shall be deemed tenant for life s. 59. thereof.

### TRUSTEES.

8. FOR the purposes of this Act the term "trustees of the Trustees of the settlement" means the persons, if any, who are for the time being settlement. under a settlement trustees of settled land with power of sale, or with 45 and 46 Vic. c. 38, 2 (2) power to consent to or approve of the exercise of such a power of sale, or if there are no such trustees under a settlement, then the persons, if any, for the time being who are by the settlement declared to be trustees thereof for the purposes of this Act, or if there are no such persons then the persons, if any, in whom the settled land is vested upon the trusts of the settlement.

### CAPITAL MONEY.

9. CAPITAL money arising under this Act, and receivable for Capital money. the trusts and purposes of the settlement, is in this Act referred to 45 and 46 year as as capital money arising under this Act.

A fine received on the grant of a lease under any power 47 and 48 Vic., c. 18, conferred by this Act is to be deemed capital money arising under s. 4. this Act.

PART III .-- POWERS OF TENANT FOR LIFE.

SALE-EXCHANGE-PARTITION.

**10.** A TENANT for life—

- (a.) May sell the settled land, or any part thereof, or any Powers to tenant for life to sell, &c. easement, right, or privilege of any kind, over or 45 and 46 vic., c. 38, in relation to the same;
- (b.) May make an exchange of the settled land, or any part thereof. for other land, including an exchange in consideration of money paid for equality of exchange; and
- (c.) Where the settlement comprises an undivided share in land, or the settled land has under the settlement come to be held in undivided shares, may concur in making partition of the entirety, including a partition in consideration of money paid for equality of partition.

s. 2 (8).

s. 2 (9).

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**11.** (1.) EVERY sale shall be made at the best price that can reasonably be obtained.

(2.) Every exchange and every partition shall be made for the best consideration in land, or in land and money that can reasonably be obtained.

(3.) A sale may be made in one lot or in several lots, and either by auction, or by private contract.

(4.) On a sale the tenant for life may fix reserve biddings and buy in at an auction.

(5.) A sale, exchange, or partition may be made subject to any stipulations respecting title, or evidence of title, or other things.

(6.) On a sale, exchange, or partition, any restriction or reservation with respect to—

(a.) Building on or other user of land, or

(b.) Mines and minerals, or

(c.) The more beneficial working of mines and minerals, or

(d.) Any other thing,

may be imposed or reserved and made binding, as far as the law permits, by covenant, condition, or otherwise, on the tenant for life and the settled land, or any part thereof, or on the other party and any land sold or given in exchange or on partition to him.

(7.) Settled land in Western Australia shall not be given in exchange for land out of Western Australia.

12. WHERE on a sale, exchange, or partition there is an incumbrance affecting land sold or given in exchange or on partition, the tenant for life, with the consent of the incumbrancer, may charge that incumbrance on any other part of the settled land, whether already charged therewith or not, in exoneration of the part sold or so given, and may, by conveyance of the fee-simple, or other estate or interest the subject of the settlement, or by creation of a term of years in the settled land, or otherwise, make provision accordingly.

#### LEASES.

13. A TENANT for life may lease the settled land, or any part thereof, or any easement, right, or privilege of any kind, over or in relation to the same, for any purpose whatever, whether involving waste or not, for any term not exceeding—

(a.) In case of a building lease, thirty years;

(b.) In case of a mining lease, twenty-one years;

(c.) In case of any other lease, twenty-one years.

Transfer of incumbrances on land sold, &c. 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, s. 5.

Power of tenant for life to lease for ordinary or building or mining purposes. 45.and 46 Vic., c. 38, s. 6.

Regulations respecting sale, exchange, and partition. 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, s. 4.

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14. (1.) EVERY lease shall be made to take effect in possession not later than twelve months after its date.

(2.) Every lease shall reserve the best rent that can reason-obtained record being had to any fine taken and to any fraction and to any fine taken. ably be obtained, regard being had to any fine taken, and to any s. 7. money laid out or to be laid out for the benefit of the settled land, and generally to the circumstances of the case.

(3.) Every lease shall contain a covenant by the lessee for payment of the rent, and a condition of re-entry on the rent not being paid within a time therein specified not exceeding sixty days.

(4.) A counterpart of every lease shall be executed by the lessee and delivered to the tenant for life; of which execution and delivery the execution of the lease by the tenant for life shall be sufficient evidence.

(5.) A statement contained in a lease or in an indorsement thereon, signed by the tenant for life, respecting any matter of fact or of calculation under this Act in relation to the lease, shall, in favor of the lessee and of those claiming under him, be sufficient evidence of the matter stated.

### BUILDING AND MINING LEASES.

15. (1) EVERY building lease shall be made partly in consideration of the lessee, or some person by whose direction the lease Regulations respectis granted, or some other person, having erected, or agreeing to 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, erect, buildings, new or additional, or having improved or repaired, s. 8. or agreeing to improve or repair, buildings, or having executed, or agreeing to execute, on the land leased, an improvement authorised by this Act, for or in connection with building purposes, and may contain an option to be exercised at any time within an agreed number of years not exceeding ten, for the lessee to purchase the land leased at a price fixed at the time of the making of the lease, such price to be the best which, having regard to the rent reserved, can reasonably be obtained, and to be either a fixed sum of money or such a sum of money as shall be equal to a stated number of years' purchase of the highest rent reserved by the lease. Such price, when received, shall for all purposes be capital money arising under this Act.

(2.) A peppercorn rent or a nominal or other rent less than the rent ultimately payable, may be made payable for the first five years, or any less part of the term.

(3.) Where the land is contracted to be leased in lots, the entire amount of rent to be ultimately payable may be apportioned among the lots in any manner; save that---

> (a.) The annual rent reserved by any lease shall not be less than ten shillings;

52 & 53 Vic., e. 36.

Regulations respecting leases

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- (b.) The total amount of the rents reserved on all leases for the time being granted shall not be less than the total amount of the rents which, in order that the leases may be in conformity with this Act, ought to be reserved in respect of the whole land for the time being leased; and
- (c.) The rent reserved by any lease shall not exceed one-fifth part of the full annual value of the land comprised in that lease with the buildings thereon when completed.
- **16.** (1.) IN a mining lease—
  - (a.) The rent may be made to be ascertainable by or to vary according to the acreage worked, or by or according to the quantities of any mineral or substance gotten, made merchantable, converted, carried away, or disposed of, in or from the settled land, or any other land, or by or according to any facilities given in that behalf; and
  - (b.) A fixed or minimum rent may be made payable, with or without power for the lessee, in case the rent, according to acreage or quantity, in any specified period does not produce an amount equal to the fixed or minimum rent, to make up the deficiency in any subsequent specified period, free of rent other than the fixed or minimum rent.

(2.) A mining lease may be made partly in consideration of the lessee having executed, or his agreeing to execute, on the land leased, an improvement authorised by this Act, for or in connection with mining purposes.

17. IN the case of a mining lease, whether the mines or minerals leased are already opened or in work or not, there shall, unless a contrary intention is expressed in the settlement, be from time to time set aside, as capital money arising under this Act, part of the rent as follows, namely,—where the tenant for life is impeachable for waste in respect of minerals, three-fourth parts of the rent, and otherwise one-fourth part thereof, and in every such case the residue of the rent shall go as rents and profits.

18. THE leasing power of a tenant for life extends to the making of—

(a.) A lease for giving effect to a contract entered into by any of his predecessors in title for making a lease,

Regulations respecting mining leases. 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, s. 9.

Part of mining rent to be set aside. 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, s. 11.

Leasing powers for special objects. 45 and 46 Vie., c. 38, s. 12.

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which, if made by the predecessor, would have been binding on the successors in title;

- (b.) A lease for giving effect to a covenant of renewal, performance whereof could be enforced against the owner for the time being of the settled land; and
- (c.) A lease for confirming, as far as may be, a previous lease, being void or voidable; but so that every lease, as and when confirmed, shall be such a lease as might at the date of the original lease have been lawfully granted under this Act, or otherwise as the case may require.

#### SURRENDERS.

**19.** (1.) A TENANT for life may accept, with or without consideration, a surrender of any lease of settled land, whether made Surrender and new under this Act or not, in respect of the whole land leased, or any 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, part thereof, with or without an exception of all or any of the mines and minerals therein, or in respect of mines and minerals, or any of them.

(2.) On a surrender of a lease in respect of part only of the land or mines and minerals leased, the rent may be apportioned.

(3.) On a surrender, the tenant for life may make of the land, or mines and minerals surrendered, or of any part thereof, a new or other lease, or new or other leases in lots.

(4.) A new or other lease may comprise additional land, or mines or minerals, and may reserve any apportioned or other rent.

(5.) On a surrender, and the making of a new or other lease, whether for the same, or for any extended or other term, and whether or not subject to the same, or to any other covenants, provisions, or conditions, the value of the lessee's interest in the lease surrendered may be taken into account in the determination of the amount of the rent to be reserved, and of any fine to be taken, and of the nature of the covenants, provisions, and conditions to be inserted in the new or other lease.

(6.) Every new or other lease shall be in conformity with this Act.

#### MANSION AND PARK.

NOTWITHSTANDING anything in this Act, the prin-20. cipal mansion house on any settled land, and the demesnes thereof, Restriction as to mansion house, and other lands usually occupied therewith, shall not be sold or park, &c. leased by the tenant for life, without the consent of the trustees of  $\frac{45}{s}$  and  $\frac{46}{Vic., c. 38}$ , the settlement, or an order of the Court.

s. 13.

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### STREETS AND OPEN SPACES.

**21.** ON or in connection with a sale for building purposes, or a building lease, the tenant for life, for the general benefit of the residents on the settled land, or on any part thereof—

streets, open spaces, &c. 45 and 46 Vie., c. 38, s. 16.

Dedication of

- (a.) May cause or require any parts of the settled land to be appropriated and laid out for streets, roads, paths, squares, gardens, or other open spaces, for the use, gratuitously or on payment, of the public or of individuals, with sewers, drains, watercourses, fencing, paving, or other works necessary or proper in connection therewith;
- (b.) May provide that the parts so appropriated shall be conveyed to or vested in the trustees of the settlement, or other trustees, or any company or public body, on trusts or subject to provisions for securing the continued appropriation thereof to the purposes aforesaid, and the continued repair or maintenance of streets and other places and works aforesaid, with or without provision for appointment of new trustees when required; and
- (c.) May execute any general or other deed necessary or proper for giving effect to the provisions of this section (which deed may be enrolled in the office of the Registrar of Titles), and thereby declare the mode, terms, and conditions of the appropriation, and the manner in which and the persons by whom the benefit thereof is to be enjoyed, and the nature and extent of the privileges and conveniences granted.

### SURFACE AND MINERALS APART.

22. (1.) A SALE, exchange, partition, or mining lease, may be made either of land, with or without an exception or reservation of all or any of the mines and minerals therein, or of any mines and minerals, and in any such case with or without a grant or reservation of powers of working, way-leaves or rights of way, rights of water and drainage, and other powers, easements, rights, and privileges for or incident to or connected with mining purposes, in relation to the settled land, or any part thereof, or any other land.

(2.) An exchange or partition may be made subject to and in consideration of the reservation of an undivided share in mines or minerals.

#### MORTGAGE.

23. WHERE money is required for equality of exchange or partition, the tenant for life may raise the same on mortgage of the

Separate dealing with surface and minerals, with or without way-leaves, &c. 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, s. 17.

Mortgage for equality money, &c.

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settled land, or of any part thereof, for conveyance of the fee-simple, or other estate or interest the subject of the settlement, or by crea- $\frac{45}{s}$  and 46 Vic., c. 38, tion of a term of years in the settled land, or otherwise, and the money raised shall be capital money arising under this Act.

### UNDIVIDED SHARE,

WHERE the settled land comprises an undivided share in 24.land, or, under the settlement, the settled land has come to be held exercise of powers as in undivided shares, the tenant for life of an undivided share may to undivided share. join or concur, in any manner and to any extent necessary or proper s, 19, for any purpose of this Act, with any person entitled to or having power or right of disposition of or over another undivided share.

#### CONVEYANCE.

(1.) ON a sale, exchange, partition, lease, mortgage, or 25.charge, the tenant for life may, as regards land sold, given in exchange or on partition, leased, mortgaged, or charged, or intended so to be, conveyance. including leasehold land vested in trustees, or as regards easements s. 20. or other rights or privileges sold or leased, or intended so to be, convey or create the same by deed, for the estate or interest, the subject of the settlement, or for any less estate or interest, to the uses and in the manner requisite for giving effect to the sale, exchange, partition, lease, mortgage, or charge.

(2.) Such a deed, to the extent and in the manner to and in which it is expressed or intended to operate and can operate under this Act, is effectual to pass the land conveyed, or the easements, rights, or privileges created, discharged from all the limitations, powers, and provisions of the settlement, and from all estates, interests, and charges subsisting or to arise thereunder, but subject to and with the exception of—

- (a.) All estates, interests, and charges having priority to the settlement:
- (b.) All such other, if any, estates, interests and charges as have been conveyed or created for securing money actually raised at the date of the deed; and
- (c.) All leases and grants at fee-farm rents or otherwise, and all grants of easements, rights of common, or other rights or privileges granted or made for value in money or money's worth, or agreed so to be, before the date of the deed, by the tenant for life, or by any of his predecessors in title, or by any trustees for him or them, under the settlement, or under any statutory power, or being otherwise binding on the successors in title of the tenant for life.

Concurrence in 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38,

Completion of sale, lease, &c., by 45 and 46 Vie., c. 38,

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### CONTRACTS.

**26.** (1.) FOR the purposes and subject to the provisions of this Act, a tenant for life—

- (a.) May contract to make any sale, exchange, partition, mortgage, or charge;
- (b.) May vary or rescind, with or without consideration, the contract, in the like cases and manner in which, if he were absolute owner of the settled land, he might lawfully vary or rescind the same, but so that the contract as varied be in conformity with this Act; and any such consideration, if paid in money, shall be capital money arising under this Act;
- (c.) May contract to make any lease; and in making the lease may vary the terms, with or without consideration, but so that the lease be in conformity with this Act;
- (d.) May accept a surrender of a contract for a lease, in like manner and on the like terms in and on which he might accept a surrender of a lease; and thereupon may make a new or other contract, or new or other contracts, for or relative to a lease or leases, in like manner and on the like terms in and on which he might make a new or other lease, or new or other leases, where a lease had been granted;
- (e.) May enter into a contract for or relating to the execution of any improvement authorised by this Act, and may vary or rescind the same; and
- (f.) May, in any other case, enter into a contract to do any act for carrying into effect any of the purposes of this Act, and may vary or rescind the same.

(2.) Every such contract shall be binding on and shall enure for the benefit of the settled land, and shall be enforceable against and by every successor in title for the time being of the tenant for life, and may be carried into effect by any such successor; but so that it may be varied or rescinded by any such successor, in the like case and manner, if any, as if it had been made by himself.

(3.) The Court may, on the application of the tenant for life, or of any such successor, or of any person interested in any contract, give directions respecting the enforcing, carrying into effect, varying, or rescinding thereof.

(4.) Any preliminary contract under this Act for or relating to a lease shall not form part of the title or evidence of the title of any person to the lease, or to the benefit thereof.

Power for tenant for life to enter into contracts. 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, s. 31.

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### INFANTS, MARRIED WOMEN, LUNATICS.

WHERE a tenant for life, or a person having the powers 27. of a tenant for life under this Act, is an infant, or an infant would, Infant. if he were of full age, be a tenant for life, or have the powers of a 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, tenant for life under this Act, the powers of a tenant for life under this Act may be exercised on his behalf by the trustees of the settlement, and if there are none, then by such person and in such manner as the Court, on the application of a testamentary or other guardian or next friend of the infant, either generally or in a particular instance, may order.

IN the application of this Act to married women, the 28. following provisions shall have effect :---

- (1.) Where a married woman who, if she had not been a s. 61. married woman, would have been a tenant for life or would have had the powers of a tenant for life under the foregoing provisions of this Act, is entitled for her separate use, or is entitled under any statute, passed or to be passed, for her separate property, or as a *feme sole*, then she, without her husband, shall have the powers of a tenant for life under this Act.
- (2.) Where she is entitled otherwise than as aforesaid, then she and her husband together shall have the powers of a tenant for life under this Act.
- (3.) The provisions of this Act referring to a tenant for life and a settlement and settled land shall extend to the married woman without her husband, or to her and her husband together, as the case may require, and to the instrument under which her estate or interest arises, and the land therein comprised.
- (4.) The married woman may execute, make, and do all deeds, instruments, and things necessary or proper for giving effect to the provisions of this section.
- (5.) A restraint on anticipation in the settlement shall not prevent the exercise by her of any power under this Act.

WHERE a tenant for life, or a person having the powers 29. of a tenant for life under this Act, is a lunatic, and a committee of Tenant for life, insane. his estate has been appointed under the provisions of "The Lunacy 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, Act, 1871," or any Act amending or in substitution for that Act, the committee of his estate may, in his name and on his behalf, under an order of the Court, exercise the powers of a tenant for life under this Act; and the order may be made on the petition of any person interested in the settled land, or of the committee of the estate.

s. 62.

Married woman, how to be affected. 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38,

Tenant for life s. 60,

### Settled Land Act.

## PART IV.—INVESTMENT OR OTHER APPLICATION OF CAPITAL TRUST MONEY—IMPROVEMENTS.

**30.** CAPITAL money arising under this Act, subject to payment of claims properly payable thereout, and to application thereof for any special authorised object for which the same was raised, shall, when received, be invested or otherwise applied wholly in one, or partly in one and partly in another or others, of the following modes, namely:—

- (a.) In investment on Government securities of the United Kingdom or any one of the Australasian Colonies, or on mortgage of unencumbered freehold property in Western Australia, or on other securities on which the trustees of the settlement are by the settlement or by law authorised to invest trust money of the settlement, with power to vary the investment into or for any other such securities;
- (b.) In discharge, purchase, or redemption of incumbrances affecting the inheritance of the settled land, or other the whole estate the subject of the settlement;
- (c.) In payment for any improvement authorised by this Act;
- (d.) In payment for equality of exchange or partition of settled land;
- (e.) In purchase of the reversion or freehold in fee of any part of the settled land, being leasehold land held for years, or life, or years determinable on life;
- (f.) In purchase of land in fee-simple, or of leasehold land held for forty years or more unexpired at the time of purchase, subject or not to any exception or reservation of or in respect of mines or minerals therein, or of or in respect of rights or powers relative to the working of mines or minerals therein, or in other land;
- (g.) In purchase, either in fee-simple, or for a term of forty years or more, of mines and minerals convenient to be held or worked with the settled land, or of any easement, right, or privilege convenient to be held with the settled land for mining or other purposes;
- (h.) In payment to any person becoming absolutely entitled or empowered to give an absolute discharge;
- (*i.*) In payment of costs, charges, and expenses of or incidental to the exercise of any of the powers, or the execution of any of the provisions, of this Act;

Capital money under Act; investment, &c., by trustees or Court. 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, s. 21.

Settled Land Act.

(i.) In any other mode in which money produced by the exercise of a power of sale in the settlement is applicable thereunder.

**31.** (1.) CAPITAL money arising under this Act shall, in order to its being invested or applied as aforesaid, be paid either to the Regulations respecttrustees of the settlement or into Court, at the option of the tenant devolution, and for life, and shall be invested or applied by the trustees, or under the income of scentities, direction of the Court, as the case may be, accordingly.

(2.) The investment or other application by the trustees shall be made according to the direction of the tenant for life, and in default thereof, according to the discretion of the trustees, but in the last-mentioned case subject to any consent required or direction given by the settlement with respect to the investment or other application by the trustees of trust money of the settlement; and any investment shall be in the names or under the control of the trustees.

(3.) The investment or other application under the direction of the Court shall be made on the application of the tenant for life, or of the trustees.

(4.) Any investment or other application shall not during the life of the tenant for life be altered without his consent.

(5.) Capital money arising under this Act while remaining uninvested or unapplied, and securities on which an investment of any such capital money is made, shall for all purposes of disposition, transmission, and devolution, be considered as land, and the same shall be held for and go to the same persons successively, in the same manner and for and on the same estates, interests, and trusts, as the land wherefrom the money arises would, if not disposed of, have been held and have gone under the settlement.

(6.) The income of those securities shall be paid or applied as the income of that land, if not disposed of, would have been payable or applicable under the settlement.

(7.) Those securities may be converted into money, which shall be capital money arising under this Act.

CAPITAL money arising under this Act from settled land 32.in Western Australia shall not be applied in the purchase of land in Western Australia. out of Western Australia, unless the settlement expressly authorises 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, such application.

33. (1.) LAND acquired by purchase or in exchange, or on purchased, taken in partition, shall be made subject to the settlement in manner directed exchange, &c. 45 and 46 Vie., c. 38, in this section.

ing investment, &с.

45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, s. 22.

Investment in land s. 23.

Settlement of land s. 24.

## Settled Land Act.

(2.) Freehold land shall be conveyed to the uses, on the trusts, and subject to the powers and provisions which, under the settlement, or by reason of the exercise of any power of charging therein contained, are subsisting with respect to the settled land, or as near thereto as circumstances permit, but not so as to increase or multiply charges or powers of charging.

(3.) Leasehold land shall be conveyed to and vested in the trustees of the settlement on trusts, and, subject to powers and provisions corresponding, as nearly as the law and circumstances permit, with the uses, trusts, powers, and provisions to on and subject to which freehold land is to be conveyed as aforesaid; so nevertheless that the beneficial interest in land held by lease for years shall not vest absolutely in a person who is by the settlement made by purchase tenant in tail, or in tail male, or in tail female, and who dies under the age of twenty-one years, but shall, on the death of that person under that age, go as freehold land conveyed as aforesaid would go.

(4.) Land acquired as aforesaid may be made a substituted security for any charge in respect of money actually raised, and remaining unpaid, from which the settled land, or any part thereof, or any undivided share therein, has theretofore been released on the occasion and in order to the completion of a sale, exchange, or partition.

(5.) Where a charge does not affect the whole of the settled land, then the land acquired shall not be subjected thereto, unless the land is acquired either by purchase with money arising from sale of land which was before the sale subject to the charge, or by an exchange or partition of land which, or an undivided share wherein, was before the exchange or partition subject to the charge.

(6.) On land being so acquired, any person who, by the direction of the tenant for life so conveys the land as to subject it to any charge, is not concerned to inquire whether or not it is proper that the land should be subjected to the charge.

(7.) The provisions of this section referring to land extend and apply, as far as may be, to mines and minerals, and to easements, rights, and privileges over and in relation to land.

### IMPROVEMENTS WITH CAPITAL TRUST MONEY.

**34.** IMPROVEMENTS authorised by this Act are the making or execution on, or in connection with, and for the benefit of settled land, of any of the following works, or of any works for any of the following purposes, and any operation incident to or necessary or proper in the execution of any of those works, or necessary or proper

Description of improvements authorised by Act. 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, s. 25.

### Settled Land Act.

for carrying into effect any of those purposes, or for securing the full benefit of any of those works or purposes, namely,—

- (a.) Drainage, including the straightening, widening, or deepening of drains, streams and watercourses;
- (b.) Irrigation, warping;
- (c.) Drains, pipes, and machinery for supply and distribution of sewage as manure;
- (d.) Embanking or weiring from a river or lake, or from the sea, or a tidal water;
- (e.) Groynes, sea-walls, defences against water;
- (f.) Enclosing, straightening of fences, re-division of fields;
- (g.) Reclamation, dry warping;
- (h.) Farm roads, private roads, roads or streets in villages or towns;
- (*i.*) Clearing, trenching, planting;
- (j.) Cottages for laborers, farm-servants, and artisans, employed on the settled land or not;
- (k.) Dwelling-houses, warehouses, offices, out-buildings, and other buildings;
- (*l.*) Saw-mills, scutch-mills, and other mills, water-wheels, engine-houses, and kilns, which will increase the value of the settled land for agricultural or pastoral purposes or as woodland or otherwise;
- (m.) Reservoirs, tanks, conduits, watercourses, pipes, wells, ponds, shafts, dams, weirs, sluices, and other works and machinery for supply and distribution of water for agricultural, pastoral, manufacturing, or other purposes, or for domestic or other consumption;
- (n.) Tramways, railways, canals, docks;
- (o.) Jetties, piers, and landing places on rivers, lakes, the sea, or tidal waters, for facilitating transport of persons and of agricultural stock and produce, and of manure, and other things required for agricultural purposes, and of minerals and of things required for mining purposes;
- (*p.*) Streets, roads, paths, squares, gardens, or other open spaces for the use, gratuitously or on payment, of the public or of individuals, or for dedication to the public, the same being necessary or proper in con-

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nection with the conversion of land into building land;

- (q.) Sewers, drains, watercourses, pipe-making, fencing, paving, brick-making, tile-making, and other works necessary or proper in connection with any of the objects aforesaid;
- (r.) Trial pits for mines, and other preliminary works necessary or proper in connection with development of mines;
- (s.) Reconstruction, enlargement, or improvement of any of such works, whether executed under the provisions of this Act or already existing.

scheme for improvement and payment thereon. 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, s. 26.

(1.) WHERE the tenant for life is desirous that capital 35. Approval by Court of money arising under this Act shall be applied in or towards payment for an improvement authorised by this Act, he may submit for approval to the trustees of the settlement, or to the Court, as the case may require, a scheme for the execution of the improvement, showing the proposed expenditure thereon.

> (2.) Where the capital money to be expended is in the hands of trustees, then, after a scheme is approved by them, the trustees may apply that money in or towards payment for the whole or part of any work or operation comprised in the improvement, on-

- (a.) An order of the Court declaring that the work or operation, or some specified part thereof, has been properly executed, and what amount is properly payable by the trustees in respect thereof, which order shall be conclusive in favor of the trustees as an authority and discharge for any payment made by them in pursuance thereof; or on
- (b.) A certificate to the like effect of a competent engineer or practical surveyor nominated by the trustees and approved by the Court, which certificate shall be conclusive as aforesaid; or on
- (c.) An order of the Court directing or authorising the trustees to so apply a specified portion of the capital money.

(3.) Where the capital money to be expended is in Court, then, after a scheme is approved by the Court, the Court may, if it thinks fit, on a report or certificate of a competent engineer or practical surveyor, approved by the Court, or on such other evidence as the Court thinks sufficient, make such order and give such directions as it thinks fit for the application of that money, or any part

### Settled Land Act.

thereof, in or towards payment for the whole or part of any work or operation comprised in the improvement.

### EXECUTION AND REPAIR OF IMPROVEMENTS.

THE tenant for life may join or concur with any other Concurrence in 36. person interested in executing any improvement authorised by this improvements. Act or in contributing to the cost thereof Act, or in contributing to the cost thereof. s. 27.

37. (1.) THE tenant for life, and each of his successors in title having, under the settlement, a limited estate or interest only in the for life and settled land, shall maintain and repair, at his own expense, every improvement executed under the foregoing provisions of this Act, 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, and where a building or work in its nature insurable against damage by fire is comprised in the improvement, shall insure and keep insured the same, at his own expense, in such amount, if any, as the Court by order in any case prescribes.

(2.) The tenant for life, or any of his successors as aforesaid, shall not cut down or knowingly permit to be cut down, except in proper thinning, any trees planted as an improvement under the foregoing provisions of this Act.

(3.) The tenant for life, and each of his successors as aforesaid, shall from time to time, if required by the Court, on or without the suggestion of any person having, under the settlement, any estate or interest in the settled land in possession, remainder, or otherwise, report to the Court the state of every improvement executed under this Act, and the fact and particulars of fire insurance, if any.

(4.) The Court may vary any order made by it under this section, in such manner or to such extent as circumstances appear to require, but not so as to increase the liabilities of the tenant for life, or any of his successors as aforesaid.

(5.) If the tenant for life, or any of his successors as aforesaid, fails in any respect to comply with the requirements of this section, or does any act in contravention thereof, any person having, under the settlement, any estate or interest in the settled land in possession, remainder, or reversion, shall have a right of action, in respect of that default or act, against the tenant for life; and the estate of the tenant for life, after his death, shall be liable to make good to the persons entitled under the settlement any damages occasioned by that default or act.

THE tenant for life, and each of his successors in title 38. having under the settlement a limited estate or interest only in the Protection as regards settled land, and all persons employed by or under contract with the and repair of imtenant for life, or any such successor, may from time to time enter provements. 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, on the settled land, and, without impeachment of waste by any re- s. 29.

waste in execution

Obligation on tenant successors to maintain, insure, &c.

s. 28.

### Settled Land Act.

mainderman or reversioner, execute thereon any improvement authorised by this Act, or inspect, maintain, and repair the same, and, for the purposes thereof, do, make, and use on the settled land, all acts, works, and conveniences proper for the execution, maintenance, repair, and use thereof, and get and work freestone, limestone, clay, sand, and other substances, and make tramways and other ways, and burn and make bricks, tiles and other things, and cut down and use timber and other trees not planted or left standing for shelter or ornament.

PART V.-Mode of Exercise of Powers-Procedure.

**39.** WHEN the tenant for life is the sole trustee of the settlement, or the tenants for life, being two or more, are the sole trustees of the settlement, or there is no trustee of the settlement, the powers conferred by this Act on a tenant for life shall not be exercised without the sanction of the Court.

40. WHEN there are more tenants for life than one, and they do not concur, or one or more of them is or are from disability or otherwise unable to concur, in any dealing with the settled land proposed by one or more of them, the Court may on the application of any of them direct that any of the powers conferred by this Act on a tenant for life shall be exercised by one or more of such tenants for life, and on such conditions as the Court thinks fit.

41. (1.) A TENANT for life, when intending to make a sale, exchange, partition, lease, mortgage, or charge, or a contract for a sale, exchange, partition, lease, mortgage, or charge, shall give notice of his intention in that behalf to each of the trustees of the settlement (other than himself if he is one of the trustees), by posting registered letters, containing the notice, addressed to the trustees, severally, each at his usual or last known place of abode in Western Australia, and shall give like notice to the solicitor for the trustees, if any such solicitor is known to the tenant for life, by posting a registered letter, containing the notice, addressed to the solicitor at his place of business in Western Australia.

Such letter shall be posted not less than three months before the making by the tenant for life of the sale, exchange, partition, lease, mortgage, or charge, or the contract for the same.

(2.) Provided that at the date of notice given the number of trustees must be not less than two, unless one trustee only is appointed by the settlement, or a contrary intention is expressed in the settlement.

(3.) The notice may be notice of a general intention in that <sup>47</sup> and <sup>48</sup> Vic., c. 18, behalf.

When tenant for life is sole trustee of the settlement, sanction of the Court necessary.

Provision where several tenants for life who do not agree.

Notice to trustees. 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, s. 45.

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(4.) The tenant for life must, upon request by a trustee of the settlement, furnish to him such particulars and information as may reasonably be required by him from time to time with reference to sales, exchanges, partitions, or leases effected, or in progress, or immediately intended.

(5.) Any trustee by writing under his hand may waive notice, either in any particular case or generally, and may accept less than three months' notice.

(6.) A person dealing in good faith with the tenant for life is not concerned to inquire respecting the giving of any such notice as 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, is required by this section.

42. IF at any time a difference arises between a tenant for life and the trustees of the settlement, respecting the exercise of any of References to Court. the powers of this Act, or respecting any matter relating thereto, the 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, Court may, on the application of either party, give such directions respecting the matter in difference, and respecting the costs of the application, as the Court thinks fit.

(1.) EVERY application to the Court shall be by petition, 43. or by summons in Chambers.

(2.) On an application by the trustees of a settlement notice  $\frac{45}{s}$  and  $\frac{46}{Vic., c}$  38,  $\frac{46}{s}$  46. shall be served in the first instance on the tenant for life.

(3.) On any application notice shall be served on such persons, if any, as the Court thinks fit.

(4.) The Court shall have full power and discretion to make such order as it thinks fit respecting the costs, charges, or expenses of all or any of the parties to any application, and may, if it thinks fit, order that all or any of those costs, charges, or expenses be paid out of the property subject to the settlement.

(5.) General Rules may be made for the purposes of this Act by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, and such Rules shall be deemed Rules of Court within Section twenty-four of "The Supreme Court Act, 1880."

WHERE the Court directs that any costs, charges, or ex-44.penses be paid out of property subject to a settlement, the same shall, Payment of costs subject and according to the directions of the Court, be raised and property. paid out of capital money arising under this Act, or other money 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, liable to be laid out in the purchase of land to be made subject to the settlement, or out of investments representing such money, or out of income of any such money or investments, or out of any accumulations of income of land, money, or investments, or by means of a sale of part of the settled land in respect whereof the costs, charges, or expenses are incurred, or of other settled land

s. 44.

Regulations respecting applications, &c.

s. 47.

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comprised in the same settlement and subject to the same limitations, or by means of a mortgage of the settled land or any part thereof, to be made by such person as the Court directs, and either by conveyance of the fee-simple or other estate or interest the subject of the settlement, or by creation of a term, or otherwise, or by means of a charge on the settled land or any part thereof, or partly in one of those modes and partly in another or others, or in any such other mode as the Court thinks fit.

### PART VI.—TRUSTEES—SECURITY—INDEMNITY, &C.

**45.** (1.) IF, at any time, there are no trustees of a settlement within the definition of this Act, or where in any other case it is 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, expedient, for the purposes of this Act, that new trustees of a settlement should be appointed, the Court may, if it thinks fit, on the application of the tenant for life or of any other person having, under the settlement, an estate or interest in the settled land, in possession, remainder, or otherwise, or, in the case of an infant, on the application of his testamentary or other guardian, or next friend, appoint a fit person or fit persons to be trustees under the settlement for the purposes of this Act.

> (2.) The person or persons so appointed, and the survivors or survivor of them, while continuing to be trustees or trustee and, until the appointment of new trustees, the personal representatives or representative for the time being of the last surviving or continuing trustee, shall, for the purposes of this Act, become and be the trustees or trustee of the settlement.

> (1.) NOTWITHSTANDING anything in this Act, capital 46.money arising under this Act shall not be paid to fewer than two persons as trustees of a settlement, unless the settlement authorises the receipt of capital trust money of the settlement by one trustee or by order of the Court.

> (2.) Subject to the settlement, the provisions of this Act referring to the trustees of a settlement apply to the surviving or continuing trustees or trustee of the settlement for the time being.

> THE receipt in writing of the trustees of a settlement, or 47. where one trustee is empowered to act, of one trustee, or of the personal representatives or representative of the last surviving or continuing trustee, for any money or securities, paid or transferred to the trustees, trustee, representatives, or representative, as the case may be, effectually discharges the payer or transferror therefrom, and from being bound to see to the application or being answerable for any loss or misapplication thereof, and, in case of a mortgagee or

Appointment of trustees by Court. s. 38.

Number of trustees to act. 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, s. 39.

Trustees' receipts. 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, s. 40.

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other person advancing money, from being concerned to see that any money advanced by him is wanted for any purpose of this Act, or that no more than is wanted is raised.

**48.** EACH person who is, for the time being, trustee of a settlement is answerable only for what he actually receives, notwith- trustee individually. standing his signing any receipt for conformity, and in respect of 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, his own acts, receipts, and defaults only, and is not answerable in respect of those of any other trustee, or of any banker, broker, or other person, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any securities, or for any loss not happening through his own wilful default.

THE trustees of a settlement, or any of them, are not liable Protection of **4**9. for giving any consent, or for not making, bringing, taking, or doing trustees generally. any such application, action, proceeding, or thing, as they might 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, make, bring, take, or do; and in case of purchase of land with capital money arising under this Act, or of an exchange, partition, or lease, are not liable for adopting any contract made by the tenant for life, or bound to inquire as to the propriety of the purchase, exchange, partition, or lease, or answerable as regards any price, consideration, or fine, and are not liable to see to or answerable for the investigation of the title, or answerable for a conveyance of land, if the conveyance purports to convey the land in the proper mode, or liable in respect of purchase-money paid by them by direction of the tenant for life to any person joining in the conveyance as a conveying party, or as giving a receipt for the purchase-money, or in any other character, or in respect of any other money paid by them by direction of the tenant for life on the purchase, exchange, partition, or lease.

THE trustees of a settlement may reimburse themselves or 50. pay and discharge out of the trust property all expenses properly ment, incurred by them.

THE Court or a judge may, by order, authorise the trustees Commission to 51. of a settlement to retain for their own use out of the income of the trustees. trust property, or in case of a sale by the trustees out of the proceeds of the trust property, a reasonable sum by way of commission for their pains and trouble in the management or sale of the property ; but no such commission shall be allowed at a higher rate than five pounds per centum of the income or proceeds.

An order under this section may be made upon summons or petition, or, if the settlement is a will and the executors are also the trustees of the settlement, upon an application to pass the accounts of the executors.

Protection of each s. 41.

s. 42.

Trustees' reimburse-45 and 46 Vie., c. 38, s. 43.

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PART VII.—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

(1.) THE powers, under this Act, of a tenant for life are not 52. capable of assignment or release, and do not pass to a person as being, by operation of law or otherwise, an assignee of a tenant for life, and 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, remain exercisable by the tenant for life after and notwithstanding any assignment, by operation of law or otherwise, of his estate or interest under the settlement.

> (2.) A contract by a tenant for life not to exercise any of his powers under this Act is void.

> (3.) But this section shall operate without prejudice to the rights of any person being an assignce for value of the estate or interest of the tenant for life; and in that case the assignce's rights shall not be affected without his consent, except that, unless the assignee is actually in possession of the settled land or part thereof, his consent shall not be requisite for the making of leases thereof by the tenant for life, provided that the leases are made at the best rent that can reasonably be obtained, without fine, and are in other respects in conformity with this Act.

> (4.) This section extends to assignments made or coming into operation before or after and to acts done before or after the commencement of this Act; and in this section "assignment" includes assignment by way of mortgage, and any partial or qualified assignment, and any charge or incumbrance; and "assignee" has a meaning corresponding with that of assignment.

Prohibition or limitation against exercise of powers, void. 45 and 46 Vie., c. 38, s. 51.

53. (1.) IF in a settlement, will, assurance, or other instrument executed or made before or after, or partly before and partly after, the commencement of this Act a provision is inserted purporting or attempting, by way of direction, declaration, or otherwise, to forbid a tenant for life to exercise any power under this Act, or attempting, or tending, or intended, by a limitation, gift, or disposition over of settled land, or by a limitation, gift, or disposition of other real or any personal property, or by the imposition of any condition, or by forfeiture, or in any other manner whatever, to prohibit or prevent him from exercising, or to induce him to abstain from exercising, or to put him into a position inconsistent with his exercising, any power under this Act. that provision, as far as it purports, or attempts, or tends, or is intended to have, or would or might have, the operation aforesaid, shall be deemed to be void.

(2.) For the purposes of this section an estate or interest limited to continue so long only as a person abstains from exercising any power shall be and take effect as an estate or interest to continue for the period for which it would continue if that person were to abstain from exercising the power, discharged from liability to determination or cesser by or on his exercising the same.

Powers not assignable; contract not to exercise powers void. s. 50.

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NOTWITHSTANDING anything in a settlement, the Provision against 54. exercise by the tenant for life of any power under this Act shall not forfeiture. occasion a forfeiture.

A TENANT for life shall, in exercising any power under the 55. Act, have regard to the interests of all parties entitled under this Tenant for life trustee for all parties settlement, and shall, in relation to the exercise thereof by him, be interested. deemed to be in the position and to have the duties and liabilities of a trustee for those parties.

ON a sale, exchange, partition, lease, mortgage, or charge, 56. a purchaser, lessee, mortgagee, or other person dealing in good faith General protection of purchasers, &c. with a tenant for life shall, as against all parties entitled under the 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, settlement, be conclusively taken to have given the best price, consideration, or rent, as the case may require, that could reasonably be obtained by the tenant for life, and to have complied with all the requisitions of this Act.

57. (1.) POWERS and authorities conferred by this Act on a tenant for life or trustees or the Court may be exercised from time to limitation of protime.

(2.) Where a power of sale, exchange, partition, leasing, mortgaging, charging, or other power is exercised by a tenant for life, or by the trustees of a settlement, he and they may respectively execute, make, and do all deeds, instruments, and things necessary or proper in that behalf.

(3.) Where any provision in this Act refers to sale, purchase, exchange, partition, leasing, or other dealing, or to any power, consent, payment, receipt, deed, assurance, contract, expenses, act, or transaction, the same shall be construed to extend only (unless it is otherwise expressed) to sales, purchases, exchanges, partitions, leasings, dealings, powers, consents, payments, receipts, deeds, assurances, contracts, expenses, acts, and transactions under this Act.

**58.** (1.) NOTHING in this Act shall take away, abridge, or prejudicially affect any power for the time being subsisting under a Saving for other settlement, or by statute or otherwise, exercisable by a tenant 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, for life, or by trustees with his consent, or on his request, or by his s. 56. direction, or otherwise; and the powers given by this Act are cumulative.

(2.) But, in case of conflict between the provisions of a settlement and the provisions of this Act, relative to any matter in respect whereof the tenant for life exercises or contracts or intends to exercise any power under this Act, the provisions of this Act shall prevail; and, accordingly, notwithstanding anything in the settlement, the

45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, s. 52.

45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, s. 53.

General protection s. 54.

Exercise of power, visions, &c. 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, s. 55.

### Settled Land Act.

consent of the tenant for life shall, by virtue of this Act, be necessary to the exercise by the trustees of the settlement or other person of any power conferred by the settlement exercisable for any purpose provided for in this Act.

(3.) If a question arises, or a doubt is entertained, respecting any matter within this section, the Court may, on the application of the trustees of the settlement, or of the tenant for life, or of any other person interested, give its decision, opinion, advice, or direction thereon.

**59.** (1.) NOTHING in this Act shall preclude a settlor from conferring on the tenant for life, or the trustees of the settlement, any powers additional to or larger than those conferred by this Act.

(2.) Any additional or larger powers so conferred shall, as far as may be, notwithstanding anything in this Act, operate and be exercisable in the like manner, and with all the like incidents, effects, and consequences, as if they were conferred by this Act, unless a contrary intention is expressed in the settlement.

60. WHERE, under a settlement, money is in the hands of trustees, and is liable to be laid out in the purchase of land to be made subject to the settlement, then, in addition to such powers of dealing therewith as the trustees have independently of this Act, they may, at the option of the tenant for life, invest or apply the same as capital money arising under this Act.

**61.** WHERE capital money arising under this Act is purchase money paid in respect of a lease for years, or life, or years determinable on life, or in respect of any other estate or interest in land less than the fec-simple, or in respect of a reversion dependent on any such lease, estate, or interest, the trustees of the settlement or the Court, as the case may be, and in the case of the Court on the application of any party interested in that money, may, notwithstanding anything in this Act, require and cause the same to be laid out, invested, accumulated, and paid in such manner as, in the judgment of the trustees or of the Court, as the case may be, will give to the parties interested in that money the like benefit therefrom as they might lawfully have had from the lease, estate, interest, or reversion in respect whereof the money was paid, or as near thereto as may be.

62. (1.) WHERE a tenant for life is impeachable for waste in respect of timber, and there is on the settled land timber ripe and fit for cutting, the tenant for life, on obtaining the consent of the trustees of the settlement or an order of the Court, may cut and sell that timber, or any part thereof.

Additional or larger powers by settlement. 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, s. 57.

Application of money in hands of trustees under powers of settlement. 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, s. 33.

Application of money paid for lease or reversion. 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, s. 34.

Cutting and sale of timber, and part of proceeds to be set aside. 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38 s. 35.

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(2.) Three-fourth parts of the net proceeds of the sale shall be set aside as and be capital money arising under this Act, and the other fourth part shall go as rents and profits.

THE Court may, if it thinks fit, approve of any action, Proceedings for pro-63. defence, petition to Parliament, parliamentary opposition, or other tection or recovery proceeding taken or proposed to be taken for protection of settled of land settled or claimed as settled. land, or of any action or proceeding taken or proposed to be taken 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, for recovery of land being or alleged to be subject to a settlement, and may direct that any costs, charges, or expenses incurred or to be incurred in relation thereto, or any part thereof, be paid out of property subject to the settlement.

64. (1.) WHERE personal chattels are settled on trust so as to devolve with land until a tenant in tail by purchase is born or 45 and 46 Vie., c. 38, attains the age of twenty-one years, or so as otherwise to vest in s. 37. some person becoming entitled to an estate of freehold of inheritance in the land, a tenant for life of the land may sell the chattels or any of them.

(2.) The money arising by the sale shall be capital money arising under this Act, and shall be paid, invested, or applied and otherwise dealt with in like manner in all respects as by this Act directed with respect to other capital money arising under this Act, or may be invested in the purchase of other chattels of the same or any other nature, which, when purchased, shall be settled and held on the same trusts, and shall devolve in the same manner as the chattels sold.

(3.) A sale or purchase of chattels under this section shall not be made without an order of the Court.

65. PAYMENT of money into Court effectually exonerates Payment into Court 45 and 46 Vic., c. 38, therefrom the person making the payment. s. 45 (1).

PART VIII .--- SETTLEMENTS BY WAY OF TRUST FOR SALE.

66. (1.) ANY land, or any estate or interest in land, which Provision for case of under or by virtue of any deed, will, or agreement, covenant to trust to sell and resurrender, Act of Parliament, or other instrument or any number invest in land. of instruments, whether made or passed before or after, or partly s. 63. before and partly after, the commencement of this Act, is subject to a trust or direction for sale of that land, estate, or interest, and for the application or disposal of the money to arise from the sale, or the income of that money, or the income of the land until sale, or any part of that money or income, for the benefit of any person for his life, or any other limited period, or for the benefit of two or more persons concurrently for any limited period, and whether

s. 36.

45 and 46 Vic., c. 38,

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absolutely, or subject to a trust for accumulation of income for payment of debts or other purpose, or to any other restriction, shall be deemed to be settled land, and the instrument or instruments under which the trust arises shall be deemed to be a settlement; and the person for the time being beneficially entitled to the income of the land, estate, or interest aforesaid until sale, whether absolutely or subject as aforesaid, shall be deemed to be tenant for life thereof; or if two or more persons are so entitled concurrently, then those persons shall be deemed to constitute together the tenant for life thereof; and the persons, if any, who are for the time being under the settlement trustees for sale of the settled land, or having power of consent to, or approval of, or control over the sale, or if under the settlement there are no such trustees, then the persons, if any, for the time being, who are by the settlement declared to be trustees thereof for the purposes of this Act, are for the purposes of this Act the trustees of the settlement.

(2.) In every such case the provisions of this Act referring to a tenant for life, and to a settlement, and to settled land, shall extend to the person or persons aforesaid, and to the instrument or instruments under which his or their estate or interest arises, and to the land therein comprised, subject and except as in this section provided, that is to say:—

- (a.) Any reference in this Act to the predecessors or successors in title of the tenant for life, or to the remaindermen, or reversioners or other persons interested in the settled land, shall be deemed to refer to the persons interested in succession or otherwise in the money to arise from sale of the land, or the income of that money, or the income of the land, until sale (as the case may require);
- (b.) Capital money arising under this Act from the settled land shall not be applied in the purchase of land unless such application is authorised by the settlement in the case of capital money arising thereunder from sales or other dispositions of the settled land, but may, in addition to any other mode of application authorised by this Act, be applied in any mode in which capital money arising under the settlement from any such sale or other disposition is applicable thereunder, subject to any consent required or direction given by the settlement with respect to the application of trust money of the settlement;
- (c.) Capital money arising under this Act from the settled land and the securities in which the same is invested, shall not for the purpose of disposition, transmission,

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or devolution, be considered as land unless the same would, if arising under the settlement from a sale or disposition of the settled land, have been so considered, and the same shall be held in trust for and shall go to the same persons successively in the same manner, and for and on the same estates, interests, and trusts as the same would have gone and been held if arising under the settlement from a sale or disposition of the settled land, and the income of such capital money and securities shall be paid or applied accordingly;

(d.) Land of whatever tenure acquired under this Act by purchase, or in exchange, or on partition, shall be conveyed to and vested in the trustees of the settlement, on the trusts, and subject to the powers and provisions which, under the settlement or by reason of the exercise of any power of appointment or charging therein contained, are subsisting with respect to the settled land, or would be so subsisting if the same had not been sold, or as near thereto as circumstances permit, but so as not to increase or multiply charges or powers of charging.

67. IN the case of a settlement within the meaning of the last preceding section, any consent not required by the terms of the As to consents of tenants for life. settlement is not by force of anything contained in this Act to be 47 and 48 Vic., c. 18, deemed necessary to enable the trustees of the settlement or any s. 6 (1). other person to execute any of the trusts or powers created by the settlement.

WITH respect to the powers conferred by the last preced-68. ing section but one the following provisions shall have effect:-

Powers given by s. 67 to be exercised Court. 47 and 48 Vic., c. 18, s. 7.

- (a.) Those powers are not to be exercised without the leave only with leave of of the Court;
- (b.) The Court may, by order, in any case in which it thinks fit, give leave to exercise all or any of those powers, and the order is to name the person or persons to whom leave is given;
- (c.) The Court may from time to time rescind, or vary, any order made under this section, or may make any new or further order :
- (d.) So long as an order under this section is in force, neither the trustees of the settlement, nor any other person other than the person having the leave, shall execute any trust or power created by the settlement, for any

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purpose for which leave is by the order given to exercise a power conferred by this Act;

- (e.) An order under this section may be registered in the office of the Registrar of Titles;
- (f.) Any person dealing with the trustees from time to time, or with any other person acting under the trusts or powers of the settlement, is not to be affected by an order under this section, unless and until the order is duly registered;
- (g.) An application to the Court under this section may be made by the tenant for life, or by the persons or one or more of the persons who together constitute the tenant for life, within the meaning of the last preceding section but one;
- (h.) An application to rescind or vary an order, or to make any new or further order under this section may be made also by the trustees of the settlement, or by any person beneficially interested under the settlement;
- (i.) The person or persons to whom leave is given by an order under this section shall be deemed the proper person or persons to exercise the powers conferred by the last preceding section but one, and shall have and may exercise those powers accordingly;
- (j.) This section is not to affect any dealing which has taken place before the passing of this Act under any trust or power to which this section applies.

PART IX.—APPLICATION OF ACT TO LAND HELD UNDER "THE TRANSFER OF LAND ACT, 1874."

69. IN the application of this Act to settled land held under the provisions of "*The Transfer of Land Act*, 1874," the following provisions shall have effect:—

- (1.) If any person or persons is or are the registered proprietor or the registered proprietors of the land for an estate in fee-simple in possession, such person or persons shall be deemed to be the trustee or trustees of the settlement;
- (2.) Where under this Act any power or authority is conferred upon a tenant for life, then upon the written

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request of the tenant for life, and upon the performance by the tenant for life of the conditions imposed by this Act upon the exercise of such a power or authority by a tenant for life, the registered proprietor or registered proprietors shall have and shall and may exercise that power or authority;

- (3.) Where under this Act any instrument is to be executed by a tenant for life in order to the exercise of any such power or authority, that instrument shall be executed by the registered proprietor or registered proprietors, and such execution shall have the same operation as the execution of such an instrument by a tenant for life is declared to have under this Act;
- (4.) A registered proprietor or registered proprietors executing a power or authority in accordance with the provisions of this Act upon the written request of the tenant for life, or with the sanction of the Court if, being the tenant or the tenants for life, he is bimself or they are themselves the sole trustee or trustees of the settlement, shall not by reason thereof incur any personal liability to his or their beneficiaries or to any other person, and no such registered proprietor or registered proprietors shall, for the purpose of executing any such power or authority or complying with any such request, be bound to enter into any personal covenant or contract;
- (5.) Where under this Act it is provided that land shall be conveyed to any uses or trusts, that expression shall be taken to mean that the land shall be transferred to trustees, and shall be held by them as trustees upon such uses or trusts;
- (6.) Where under this Act it is provided that a contract made by a tenant for life shall be binding on the settled land, that expression shall be taken also to mean that the contract shall be binding on the registered proprietor, and that he shall be bound to give effect thereto in the same manner as if he had made it himself, subject, however, to the provisions of this Act;
- (7.) The term "Deed" shall include any instrument executed in pursuance of the provisions of "The Transfer of Land Act, 1874."

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Persons dealing with registered proprietor not bound to inquire.

**70.** NOTHING herein contained shall be taken to require any person dealing with a registered proprietor of land held under the provisions of the said last-mentioned Act to inquire whether all or any of the provisions of this Act have been complied with in respect of the proposed dealing.

In the name and on behalf of the Queen I hereby assent to this Act.

ALEX. C. ONSLOW, Administrator.