WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

COUNTRY TOWNS SEWERAGE.

12° and 13° Geo. VI., No. LXXXII.

No. 82 of 1948.

(Affected by Act No. 58 of 1966.)

(As amended by Acts:

No. 15 of 1951, assented to 23rd November, 1951; No. 73 of 1954, assented to 14th January, 1955;2 No. 52 of 1964, assented to 30th November, 1964; No. 113 of 1965, assented to 21st December, 1965 No. 47 of 1967, assented to 24th November, 1967; No. 94 of 1972 (as amended by No. 19 of 1973); No. 49 of 1976, assented to 10th September, 1976; No. 15 of 1977, assented to 11th October, 1977; No. 76 of 1978, assented to 20th October, 1978; No. 96 of 1978, assented to 17th November, 1978;7

and reprinted pursuant to the Amendments Incorporation Act,

AN ACT to authorise the Minister of Water Supply Sewerage and Drainage to Construct, Maintain and Control Sewerage Works in certain areas and Districts; and for other purposes.

[Assented to 26th January, 1949.]

RE it enacted—

PART I.—PRELIMINARY.

1. This Act may be cited as the Country Towns Short title and com-Sewerage Act, 1948-1978, and shall come into mencement. Amended by operation on a day to be fixed by proclamation.

This Act is divided into Parts, as follows:— PART I.—PRELIMINARY.

Division. Amended by 1964, s. 2.

Came into operation on 8th April, 1949, see G.G. 8/4/49, p. 770.

Came into operation on the 1st March, 1955, see G.G. 18/2/55, p. 343.

Decimal Currency Act, 1965, came into operation 14th February, 1966.

Came into operation on 31st October, 1969, see G.G. 31/1069, p. 3362.

Metric Conversion Act, 1972-1973. Relevant amendments included in this reprint effective from 1st May, 1974, see G.G. 26/4/74, p. 1393.

Came into operation on 1st July, 1979, see G.G. 11/5/79, p. 1211.

Came into operation on 15th December, 1978, see G.G. 15/12/78, p.4691.

PART II.—SEWERAGE AREAS.

PART III.—ADMINISTRATION.

PART IV.—CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE OF WORKS.

PART V.—THE PROTECTION OF WORKS.

PART VI.—DRAINAGE.

PART VII.—RATES.

PART VIII .-- ACCOUNTS AND AUDIT.

PART IX.—BY-LAWS.

PART X.—MISCELLANEOUS.

Interpretation. Cf. No. 43 of 1909, S. 5. Amended by No. 52 of 1964, s. 3; No. 76 of 1978, s. 28.

- 3. In this Act, unless inconsistent with the context—
 - "area" or "sewerage area" means a sewerage area constituted under this Act;
 - "authorised" means authorised by the Minister;
 - "by-laws" means by-laws made by the Minister under this Act;
 - "district" in relation to a local authority means a municipal district;
 - "drain" includes every part of any conduit laid through, under, or upon any street, way, or land, whether public or private, wholly or partly by or at the expense of the owner or occupier of any premises for the carriage therefrom of any sewage up to its junction with any sewer;
 - "fittings" includes all pipes, cisterns, traps, syphons, manholes, ventilators and all other apparatus connected with any sewer or drain to secure its safe or proper working;
 - "fixtures" means all apparatus which may be attached to the plumping or drainage system of any property for the collection or retention of any wastes or waste waters for ultimate discharge into the sewerage

- system, and includes closet pans, urinals, baths, sinks, basins and troughs connected with such system;
- "gross rental value", in relation to rateable land, means the gross rental value of that land in force under the Valuation of Land Act, 1978;
- "local authority" means the council of a municipality, or the board of a health district;
- "Local Government Act" means the Act under which a local authority is constituted;
- "Minister" means the Minister of Water Supply, Sewerage and Drainage in his corporate capacity as constituted by the Water Supply, Sewerage and Drainage Act, 1912;
- "occupier" means the person in actual occupation of land, or, where there is no person in actual occupation, the person entitled to the possession of the land;
- "owner" in relation to any land means the person other than the Crown who for the time being is entitled to receive the rent of the land, whether on his own account or as trustee, attorney, or agent for any other person, or who would be entitled to receive the rent if the land were let at a rent;
- "pipe" includes any main, reticulation or service pipe used for or in connection with sewerage works under this Act:
- "rateable land" means all land that is rateable under the provisions of section fortyseven of this Act:
- "ratepayer" includes a person named in the books of the Minister as a person liable to pay rates under this Act;
- "sewage" includes faecal matter, urine and liquid wastes, whether domestic or otherwise;

- "sewer" means every part of a conduit vested in the Minister through, under or upon any street or land, whether public or private, for the carriage of any sewerage, not being a drain within the meaning of this Act;
- "sewerage works" includes the sewers to which this Act extends, and all treatment works, pumps, pumping stations and machinery, fittings and things connected therewith, and all land acquired, held or used by the Minister for the purposes of this Act in relation to sewerage;
- "street" includes a road, lane, footway, square, court, alley, thoroughfare, public highway, public passage, public wharf, jetty or bridge, and any private street maintained by a local authority;
- "unimproved value", in relation to rateable land, means the unimproved value of that land in force under the Valuation of Land Act, 1978;
- "valuation", in relation to rateable land, means a valuation of that land in force under the Valuation of Land Act, 1978;
- "water board" means a water board constituted under the Water Boards Act, 1904-1947,' or under the Country Areas Water Supply Act, 1947, and includes a local authority constituted as a water board;
- "works" means sewerage works constructed or maintained under this Act, and includes surveys incidental thereto.

PART II—SEWERAGE AREAS.

- 4. The Governor may, by Order in Council,-
 - (a) constitute any part or parts of the State outside the boundaries of the Metropolitan Water, Sewerage and Drainage Area, as constituted and defined by Act No. 43 of
- Heading amended by No. 52 of 1964, s. 4. Constitution of sewerage areas. Repealed and re-enacted by No. 52 of 1964, s. 5. Cf. No. 4 of 1904, s. 4.

1909 (as amended, from time to time,), as a sewerage area or sewerage areas, under such name or names as may be directed by the Order in Council;

- (b) alter or extend the boundaries of a sewerage area:
- (c) unite two or more sewerage areas;
- (d) divide a sewerage area and reconstitute the several parts thereof as new sewerage areas, with or without the inclusion of part or parts of another such area or other areas, or any adjacent land;
- (e) include within a sewerage area any adjacent land;
- (f) alter the name of any sewerage area; or
- (g) abolish a sewerage area.
- 4A. The Governor may, by Order in Council, Exemption declare any land in a sewerage area to be exempt inclusion of from rates and the form from rates under this Act, and may, in like manner, rating purposes. declare any land that is exempt from rates to be Added by rateable land, for the purposes of this Act.

PART III.—ADMINISTRATION.

This Act shall be administered by the Minister. Method of control.

6. The Governor may from time to time appoint ment of such officers and servants as may be necessary for officers and servants. the execution of this Act.

No. 43 of

7. Before any officer or servant, entrusted with Gertain officers to the custody of money or other property, shall enter give security. upon the duties of his office, the Minister may take from him sufficient security for the faithful execution thereof.

Ibid., s. 10,

8. The Minister shall not be personally liable to Minister not to be pay or make good any sum of money which shall at personally liable. any time be recoverable under this Act from him or Ibid., s. 11.

be due by him as Minister, or recovered as damages for any act done or omitted to be done by him in the bona fide belief that he is acting in pursuance of this Act.

Minister may delegate his powers. Ibid., s, 12.

9. The Minister may authorise any officer under this Act to do all and any of the acts, matters, and things which the Minister is hereby authorised or required to do, and every officer so authorised shall have and enjoy all such and the like powers as are hereby conferred on the Minister enabling him to do all such acts, matters, or things respectively, and all such acts, matters, and things, when done under such authority, shall be as valid and effectual as if they had been done by the Minister, and every officer so authorised shall have and enjoy in respect of every such act, matter, or thing so done by him, all such immunities from personal liability as the Minister would have and enjoy if he had done such act, matter, or thing.

PART IV.—VESTING OF PROPERTY, AND THE CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE OF WORKS.

Existing works vested in Minister. 10. All sewerage works outside the boundaries of the Metropolitan Water, Sewerage and Drainage Area as constituted and defined by the Act No. 43 of 1909, constructed by the Minister prior to the commencement of this Act under the provisions of the Public Works Act, 1902-1945, but in furtherance of the objects of this Act shall, by force of this Act, and without any conveyance, transfer or assignment, vest in and become the property of the Minister, and all such works shall be deemed to have been lawfully constructed under the authority of this Act.

Minister may construct works. Cf. Ibid., s. 19. Amended by No. 47 of 1967, s. 3; No. 49 of 1976, s. 2; No. 96 of 1978, s. 3. 11. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Minister shall have power, with the approval of the Governor, to construct and extend works and from time to time may maintain, improve, alter, and repair the same, and for such purposes may exercise, in addition to the powers conferred by this Act, the powers conferred by the Public Works Act, 1902-1945.

Provided that the Minister shall not exercise any of such powers in any sewerage area where the local authority in whose district such sewerage area is situate is itself desirous of undertaking such works.

(1a) Where after the coming into operation of the Country Towns Sewerage Act Amendment Act, 1967, a local authority in whose district a sewerage area is situate, undertakes any works in that sewerage area and it appears after inquiry that—

Power of Governor to increase limits of maximum rate under Local Government Act.

- (a) the maximum general rate that the local authority may impose under the Local Government Act will not permit a sufficient amount to be provided for the construction, alteration, repair or maintenance of the works, and for payment of the instalments of capital debt and interest on any of the works with respect to which any debt is owing; and
- (b) the local authority should be permitted to levy a general rate beyond the limits prescribed by the Local Government Act,

the Governor may, by proclamation, grant to the local authority such permission and may in the proclamation specify new limits of the maximum general rate that the local authority may impose under the Local Government Act.

- (2) All work from time to time constructed, or in course of construction, by the Minister under the authority of this Act, shall vest in and be the property of the Minister.
- (3) The Minister may, at the request of a person or local authority and with the approval of the Governor, acquire from the person or local authority the whole or part of any sewerage works of that person or local authority and all or any property used in connection with those sewerage works on and subject to such terms and conditions as may be mutually agreed.
- (4) The Minister shall cause notice of the fact of any acquisition made under subsection (3) of this section to be published in the *Government Gazette*.

- (5) As from the date of the publication referred to in subsection (4) of this section, the sewerage works and property concerned shall, by force of this subsection and without any conveyance, transfer or assignment, be transferred to and vested in the Minister and shall be deemed to be works under and for the purposes of this Act.
- (6) The Minister shall not undertake the construction of works pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, other than works consisting wholly of exempt works, unless he has complied with the requirements of sections twelve, thirteen and fifteen of this Act and the Governor has thereupon by Order in Council, a notice of which is published in the Government Gazette, authorised the construction of those works.

Preliminaries to construction. Repealed and re-enacted by No. 96 of 1978, s. 4.

- 12. The Minister shall, before submitting proposals to the Governor for the construction of works pursuant to subsection (1) of section eleven of this Act, other than works consisting wholly of exempt works—
 - (a) cause to be prepared plans of the proposed works, and cause the same, or certified copies thereof, to be deposited in the office of the Minister and in a convenient place within the sewerage area in which it is proposed to construct the works; and
 - (b) cause an advertisement to be published in the *Government Gazette*, and in one or more newspapers generally circulating in the area, specifying—
 - (i) a description of the proposed works;
 - (ii) the localities in which they will be constructed;
 - (iii) the purposes for which they are to be constructed; and
 - (iv) the times when and places at which the plans may be inspected.

The plans so deposited shall be open to Plans open to Co inspection by any person interested at the advertised inspection. times and places.

Repealed and No. 96 of 1978,

14. (1) Any local authority or person interested $_{No.\,43}^{Objections.}$ may object in writing to the construction of the $^{1909,\,s.\,22}$. proposed works.

- (2) Every such objection shall be lodged with the Minister within one month from the date of the publication of the advertisement hereinbefore prescribed.
- (1) Where the Minister considers that the Submission for approval. requirements of sections twelve and thirteen of this Repealed and Act have been complied with and that the objections, if any, are, in the general public interest, not sufficient to cause the proposals to be amended, the Minister shall submit the proposals to the Governor and shall furnish to the Governor such plans, specifications, estimates or other information as the Governor may require relating thereto.

- (2) After considering the proposals submitted to him the Governor may—
 - (a) make an Order in Council pursuant to subsection (6) of section eleven of this Act; or
 - (b) decline to make such an Order.

15A. For the purposes of this Part of this Act the Governor may from time to time by Order in Added by No. 96 of Council declare that works of the nature specified 1978, s. 7. in that Order shall be exempt works not subject to the provisions of subsection (1) or (6) of section eleven or of section twelve, thirteen, fourteen or fifteen of this Act notwithstanding that such works may form part of or be related to works comprised in proposals to which those provisions apply.

Powers of Minister. Cf. Health Act, 1911-1944, s. 61; and Cf. No. 43 of 1909, s. 24. Amended by No. 52 of 1964, s. 8.

- 16. For the purpose of the construction, extension, maintenance, repair, alteration, or improvement of any works, the Minister, and all persons acting with his authority, may enter upon any lands and—
 - (a) make surveys and take levels of the same and set out such parts thereof as they may think fit;
 - (b) may dig or break up the soil of such lands, sink bores or shafts therein, and trench and fence in the same, and remove or use any earth, stones, trees, and other things taken therefrom;
 - (c) erect, maintain, or alter buildings, pumping stations, and pumping machinery;
 - (d) make, maintain, alter or discontinue drains and culverts upon any lands authorised to be taken;
 - (e) construct, alter and maintain under any street, and through, across or under any land any sewer, pipes, or drains;
 - (f) open and break up the soil of any street or of any land, and excavate and sink trenches for the purpose of laying down, making and constructing sewers, pipes and drains therein;
 - (g) cause any sewers to discharge upon any such land as may be acquired by the Minister for that purpose, or to communicate with the sea, or any arm thereof, or with any river or watercourse, either within or without the limits of an area;
 - (h) open, cleanse and repair such sewers, pipes and drains, or alter the position and construction thereof;
 - make any sewers or drains from any main sewer laid in any street into any dwellinghouse, public or private building or other premises for the purpose of cleansing and draining any such house, building or premises by means of such sewers or drains;

(j) do all such other acts, matters and things as the Minister may deem proper for making, repairing, completing, or improving any such works:

Provided that nothing herein contained shall authorise the Minister to make or use any sewer, drain, or outfall for the purpose of conveying any sewage or sullage water into any river, natural stream, water-course, lake, or pond until such sewage or sullage water is freed from all such excrementitious or other foul or noxious matter as would, in the opinion of the Minister, materially affect or deteriorate the purity and quality of the water in such river, stream, water-course, lake or pond.

Provided also that the Minister shall make to every person interested compensation for any actionable damage actually sustained by such person through the exercise of the powers conferred by this Act, but any dispute as to the right of any such person to receive compensation, or the amount thereof, shall be heard and determined by a Compensation Court duly constituted under the provisions of the Public Works Act, 1902-1945, and in the manner provided in that Act, and not otherwise.

Provided, also that to establish the right of any such person to receive compensation it shall not be necessary to allege and prove negligence.

The Minister may take and acquire any land Acquisition of land he may from time to time deem necessary for any No. 43 of 1909, s. 25, of the purposes of this Act, under and subject to the provisions of the Public Works Act, 1902-1945, and shall be deemed a local authority within the meaning of that Act.

18. Before the Minister opens or breaks up the soil of any street, he shall give to the local authority notice, in writing, of his intention not less than forty-eight hours before beginning the work, except of No. 43 of in cases of emergency. which, in the opinion of the 1909, s. 26. in cases of emergency, which, in the opinion of the Minister, justify the omission to give such notice, in

which case it shall suffice if the notice is given as soon as practicable before or after beginning the work.

Street not to be broken up, except under superintendence of local authority. Ibid., s. 27. 19. Whenever a notice is required to be given, a street shall not, except in cases of emergency, be opened or broken up except under the superintendence of the local authority having control thereof:

Provided that if an officer of the local authority, after such notice, fails to attend at the time fixed for the opening or breaking up of the street, or if the local authority or its officer refuses or neglects to superintend the work, the Minister may perform the work specified in the notice without such superintendence.

Streets broken up to be reinstated without delay. Ibid., s. 28.

- 20. When the Minister opens or breaks up the soil or pavement of a street, he shall—
 - (a) with all convenient speed complete the work for which it is broken up, and fill in the ground, and reinstate and make good the street or pavement so opened or broken up; and
 - (b) while any portion of such street or pavement continues to be opened or broken up, cause such portion of the street or pavement to be fenced or guarded and a sufficient light to be kept there at night.

Local authorities to give particulars as to levels. Ibid., s. 29. Amended by No. 113 of 1965, s. 4 (1).

- 21. (1) Every local authority shall, when requested by the Minister, give particulars of any levels of any constructed or proposed street in which it is proposed to lay any pipe, sewer, or drain.
- (2) The local authority shall give to the Minister at least forty-eight hours' notice in writing of its intention to alter the level of any street in which any pipe, sewer, or drain, is laid down.
- (3) Thereupon the Minister may lower any pipe, sewer, or drain, and may raise or lower the fittings thereof, and the cost of so doing shall be a debt due by the local authority to the Minister.
- (4) Any local authority failing to give the notice required by this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred dollars.

- (5) If the levels of any street are not given by the local authority, the contour of the street shall be deemed the level for the purposes of this section.
- 22. If the Minister at any time deems it necessary to raise, sink, or otherwise alter the situation of any tram rails, gas pipes, or gas works, hydraulic necessary. Ibid., s. 30. steam or other pipes, electric or telephonic lines, pneumatic pipes or tubes, or other works laid in or under any street, he may, by notice in writing, require the person to whom the works belong to raise, sink, or otherwise alter the situation of the same in such manner and within such reasonable time as shall be specified in such notice, and the expense attendant upon or connected with any such alterations shall be paid by the Minister, and if such notice shall not be complied with the Minister may make the alterations required.

Gas pipes, etc., to be altered

23. The Minister may open the ground and Altering change the level of or otherwise amend or enlarge any sewer lying under any public or private street No. 52 of or place within a sewerage area for better communicating with other sewers or drains:

Amended by

Provided that no person shall, by means of any such alteration, amendment, or enlargement, be deprived of the use and enjoyment of any drain which he shall be entitled to use; but the Minister shall, at his own cost and charges, so construct and alter any such drain as to render the same as effectual for the purposes for which it was intended as any such drain may be at the time of such alteration.

(1) Subject to this section, the Minister shall cause all sewers which shall at any time be vested in him to be constructed, covered, and kept so as not to be a nuisance or injurious to health, and be properly cleared, cleansed, flushed, and emptied, and for the purpose of such clearing, cleansing, flushing, and emptying the Minister may construct or place, either above or underground, such reservoirs, sluices, engine and fittings as he may think necessary and may cause all or any of such sewers to communicate with and be emptied into such places as he may

Minister to keep sewers cleansed. Cf. Ibid...

Duty of water boards to supply water on request.

- think proper, and may cause the sewage and refuse therefrom to be collected for sale, or for any purpose whatsoever, but not so as to create a nuisance.
- (2) It shall be the duty of any water board within whose water area, or country water area, as the case may be, any sewer or drain, or any portion of a sewer or drain, may be in use, to provide and maintain, on request by the Minister but at the expense and risk of the water board, a sufficient and efficient supply of water to and through so much of the sewer and drain as lies within the area afcresaid to properly clear, cleanse, flush and empty such sewer and drain and the fixtures; for which purposes or any of them the Minister may give such directions to the water board as the Minister may think fit, and it shall be the duty of the water board to give effect to all such directions according to their tenor, and within the time and in the manner stated in the direction.

As to ventilators, etc. Ibid., s.33. Amended by No. 52 of 1964, s. 10; No. 94 of 1972, s. 4. (as amended by No. 19 of 1973).

25. The Minister may cause any ventilating shaft, pipe, or tube for any sewer or drain to be attached to any wall of any building within any sewerage area: Provided that the mouth of every such shaft, pipe, or tube, shall be at least 1.8 metres higher than any window or door situate within a distance of nine metres therefrom; and also may make use of the chimney of any public building or of any factory, or of any tramway building as a ventilating shaft or tube:

Provided that no ventilating shaft for the purpose of ventilating any sewer shall be attached to any private residence.

Maps of sewerage districts. No. 43 of 1909, s. 34. Amended by No. 52 of 1964, s. 11. 26. The Minister shall cause to be made a map of each area, on such scale and with such indications of levels and particulars of sewers, and other works as the Minister may think expedient, and shall cause such map to be from time to time revised, and such additions made thereto as may show the new sewers, drains, and works, and the date of every

revision shall be expressed therein. Every such map shall be kept in the office of the Minister, and the same or a copy thereof shall be open, at all reasonable times, to the inspection of the owner or occupier of any land within the area.

PART V.—THE PROTECTION OF WORKS.

27. The owner and occupier of land connected Duty to keep fittings in with any sewer or drain shall keep the service or repair. Cf. Ibid., communication pipe and all fixtures and prescribed s. 47. fittings within or attached to his land in good repair. 'so as to effectually prevent waste of water.

28. No person shall—

(a) connect a pipe, or other fixture or fitting or distance through which sewage is or is intended to without without be passed; or

Fittings not to be notice. Cf. Ibid., s. 48.

(b) disconnect a pipe, or other fixture or fitting from any other pipe, or other fitting through which sewage is or is intended to be passed,

unless he has given the prescribed notice of his intention so to do, and has received the consent, in writing, of the Minister, or of an authorised officer in that behalf.

29. (1) Any officer of the Minister may, at all Power to enter and reasonable times, enter upon any land connected examine whether with a sewer or drain, and may examine and water is wasted, etc. ascertain—

Cf Ibid..

- (a) what quantity of sewage is being discharged;
- (b) whether there has been or is any blockage. leakage, misuse, or contamination of the sewage or water; and

- (c) whether all fixtures and fittings, with the materials and mode of arrangement thereof, used or intended to be used are in accordance with the by-laws, and in proper order and repair.
- (2) When a fixture or fitting is not in accordance with the by-laws, or is out of proper order and repair, or is causing damage to property or is causing or is likely to cause injury to public health, the officer of the Minister may repair or remove it, and if necessary substitute others in its stead or may alter the mode of arrangement, as the case requires. The power conferred by this subsection shall be without prejudice to the provisions of section thirty-three of this Act.
- (3) Any expense incurred by the Minister in that behalf shall, on demand, be repaid by the owner or occupier of the land and if not repaid on demand may be recovered by the Minister in the same manner in which sewerage rates may be recovered.

Protection of fittings. Ibid., s. 50

- 30. (1) No person shall remove, alter, repair, renew, or uncover any pipe or other fitting which is the property of the Minister until the prescribed notice has been given to the Minister, and the consent of the Minister in writing obtained.
- (2) No such pipe or fitting shall be subject or liable to be seized or taken in execution by process of law.

Power to enter on land and fix fittings. Cf. Ibid., s. 51, 31. (1) Any person authorised by the Minister may at all reasonable times enter upon any land connected or intended to be connected with a sewer or drain and may place and fix thereon and attach thereto, wherever the Minister thinks proper, such fittings as the Minister may think expedient, and may do all other acts and execute all other works which the Minister may think fit.

- (2) Any person so authorised may at all reasonable times enter upon such lands and examine remove, repair, alter, or replace all or any of such fittings.
- 32. If any owner or occupier of land connected penalty for using unwith a sewer or drain does any of the following authorised fittings. things for the purpose of discharging sewage in a cf. Ibid., manner not authorised by this Act, that is to say— Amended by
 - (a) uses in, places upon or attaches to the land 1965, s. 4 (1). or permits to be so used, placed, or fitted, any fixture, fitting, instrument, or thing not authorised by the Minister; or
 - (b) alters, misuses, injures, or removes any fixture or authorised fitting, except for the purpose of necessary repair,

he shall forfeit and pay to the Minister a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, and shall, in addition be liable to pay to the Minister any damages sustained by the Minister in respect of any injury done to his property.

33. If any owner or occupier of land connected Penalty for not repairing with a sewer or drain causes or suffers any pipe, fittings. fixture, fitting, or other apparatus used in connec- 5.53. tion with such sewer or drain to be out of repair No. 113 of without repairing it within a reasonable time or to be so used or contrived that the sewage or water is, or is likely to be blocked, diverted, misused, or contaminated so as to allow the return of foul air or any noisome or impure matter into a pipe belonging to the Minister, or connected with any such pipe, he shall forfeit and pay to the Minister a sum not exceeding twenty dollars, and four dollars for every day during which such default shall continue.

Amended by 1965, s. 4 (1).

34. If any person, not being authorised by the Penalty for destroying Minister—

(a) wilfully or carelessly breaks, injures or \$5.54 and \$6.69. opens, or wilfully permits to be broken Amended by injured or opened any sewer, drain, fixture 1965, s. 4 (1). or fittings, or any other work; or

valves, etc. Cf. Ibid.,

(b) diverts or draws off the sewage from any works of the Minister,

he shall forfeit and pay to the Minister a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars and shall, in addition, be liable to pay to the Minister any damage sustained in respect thereof in repairing the sewer, drain, fixtures, fittings or other parts of the works; and the amount of such damage shall be ascertained, determined, and recovered in the same manner as such forfeited sum.

PART VI.—DRAINAGE.

Owners and occupiers to make drains to public sewers. No. 43 of 1909, s. 58. Amended by No. 15 of 1951, s. 3; No. 52 of 1964, s. 12.

- 35. (1) As soon as any sewer, or any part thereof, is completed and ready for use, the Minister may, by notice in writing, demand that the owner or occupier of any land whether rateable or not situated within the area and capable, in the opinion of the Minister, of being drained into such sewer, shall construct such drains, fixtures and fittings from and in connection with such land to communicate with such sewer, as the Minister may determine.
- (2) Such drains, fixtures and fittings shall be made and attached and be supplied with water according to such plans and directions as the Minister shall deem proper for effectually carrying off all sewage and impurities from the said land.

Minister may make drains and attach ventilators in default of compliance with orders. Cf. Ibid., s. 59. Amended by No. 113 of 1965, s. 4 (1).

- 36. (1) The Minister may, after giving the prescribed notice to the owner or occupier of any land, require such drains, fixtures and fittings to be constructed by such owner or occupier within such time as he may limit in that behalf; and may require ventilating shafts, pipes, or tubes to be attached to any building, or erected apart from or otherwise than attached to any building, and to be connected with the drains.
- (2) If the same shall not be constructed within such time, or according to such plans and directions as the Minister shall deem proper, the Minister may

construct, and attach the same; and for that purpose may enter into or upon the land of any such owner or occupier, and excavate the ground, and make, construct, and attach such drains, fixtures and fittings, and may attach and connect such ventilating shafts, pipes, or tubes as aforesaid.

(3) The Minister may in any such case recover $_{\text{Act, s. 72 (3)}}^{\text{Cf. Health}}$ from the owner or occupier of the land in any court $^{\text{and (4)}}$. of competent jurisdiction, the full amount of the expenses of or connected with making such drains, fixtures and fittings, or attaching or connecting such ventilating shafts, pipes or tubes, together with interest at such rate, not exceeding five per centum, as may be prescribed; and the cost of providing, laying down, constructing and fixing in readiness for use such drains, fixtures and fittings shall, as between the owner and occupier of the land, be payable by the owner.

(4) All such moneys, together with interest as Cf. No. 43 of aforesaid, shall be a charge on the lands in respect of which they were expended.

37. (1) Where any owner or occupier of any Persons liable for land becomes liable to the Minister for the expenses payment for compulsory of making drains, fixtures or fittings, or attaching drainage may agree or constructing ventilating shafts, pipes, or tubes, to pay by deferred the Minister may, upon the application of such payments. Of No. 43 of owner or occupier enter into an agreement with 1909, s. 61. such owner or occupier for the payment of such expenses and any costs incurred by the Minister in relation to such works, in not more than twentyfour quarterly instalments from the date of the completion of the work.

(2) Interest at five per centum per annum or at such lesser rate as may be prescribed, on the amount remaining to be paid shall be added to each instalment, and such payments shall be charged upon the land in respect of which such works have been carried out, and may be recovered from any owner of such land with costs.

(3) The obligation of any occupier under an agreement made pursuant to this section shall cease in respect of any instalments becoming due thereunder after his tenancy shall have determined, but without prejudice to the right of the Minister to recover such instalments from the owner.

No private drain or sewer to be made without notice. No. 43 of 1909, s. 62. Amended by No. 113 of 1965, s. 4 (1).

38. No person shall, without having previously given one week's written notice to the Minister, construct or alter any drain or fitting communicating with any sewer, and no person shall, under any circumstances, construct or alter any such drain, fixture or fitting, except according to such plans as the Minister may approve, and in such manner as he may direct. Any person contravening the provisions of this section shall, on conviction, forfeit and pay a penalty not exceeding one hundred dollars.

Drains to be cleansed.

Ibid., s. 63.

Amended by No. 113 of 1965, s. 4 (1).

- 39. (1) All drains, fixtures and fittings communicating with any sewer shall from time to time be repaired and cleansed, under the inspection or direction of the Minister, at the expense of the owner or occupier of the land in respect of which the said drains shall have been constructed; and in case any such owner or occupier shall neglect to repair or cleanse any such drain according to the direction of the Minister, he shall, upon conviction, for every such offence, forfeit and pay a penalty not exceeding twenty dollars.
- (2) Subject to any agreement between the owner and occupier of any premises, the cost of repairing drains, fixtures and fittings shall as between the owner and occupier, be payable by the owner, and the cost of cleansing drains shall, as between the owner and occupier, be payable by the occupier.

Notice to be given to the Minister before commencing or continuing smitary work.

Ibid., s. 64.
Amended by No 113 of 1965, s. 4 (1).

40. (1) The owner or occupier of any land in or on which it is proposed to construct any drain or to construct or alter any closet or urinal or work of a sanitary nature, communicating with the sewers of the Minister, shall, before the commencement of the work, give notice thereof, in writing to the Minister, and furnish the Minister with a plan of the proposed work.

(2) The Minister shall, within seven days after the receipt of the plan, return it with such directions indorsed thereon as may be thought fit.

If the owner or occupier—

- (a) commences or causes to be commenced the construction or alteration of any work as aforesaid without giving such notice or without furnishing the plan as aforesaid; or
- (b) having given the notice and furnished the plan commences or causes to be commenced the construction or alteration of the work before the expiration of the seven days abovementioned, and before the plan has been returned by the Minister; or
- (c) fails to follow the directions indorsed on the plan,

he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding forty dollars, and any work constructed or altered contrary to or not in accordance with the said directions may be removed by the Minister, and the expenses of the removal may be recovered by the Minister from the owner or occupier:

Provided that the above provisions of this section shall not apply in a case where the Minister declares, in writing under his hand, that he is satisfied that an emergency had arisen which rendered it necessary or desirable that the work should be constructed or altered before the directions of the Minister could be obtained, and that notice was given and a plan was furnished as soon as practicable.

- (3) If the construction or alteration of a work to which this section applies is suspended for a month, two clear days notice of the resumption thereof shall be given by the owner or occupier to the Minister.
- (4) If the owner or occupier resumes the construction or alteration of a work as aforesaid, or causes it to be resumed, without giving notice as aforesaid, or before the expiration of the time hereinbefore mentioned, he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty dollars.

Inspection by Minister. Ibid., s. 65, 41. Where any drain is made to communicate with any sewer, any engineer, surveyor, or other person authorised by the Minister may enter upon any house, tenement, or land and inspect such drain; and in the event of the same being found to be improperly laid, the Minister may cause the same to be properly laid at the expense of the owner of such drain. Such expense may be recovered in like manner as penalties are recoverable under this Act.

No construction over sewers except by consent. 42. (1) No person shall erect, construct or place any building, wall, fence or obstruction in, upon, over or under any sewer without the previous consent in writing of the Minister, and then only upon and subject to such terms and conditions as the Minister may think fit to impose for the protection of the sewer from interference or damage.

Penalties on persons encroaching on sewers. Cf. Ibid., s. 66. Amended by No 113 of 1965, s. 4 (1).

- (2) Subject to subsection (1) of this section, every person who shall erect, construct, or place any building, wall, fence, or obstruction in, upon, over, or under any sewer, so as to interfere with or injuriously affect such sewer in the carrying away of sewage or drainage, and every person who shall obstruct, fill in, close up, or divert any sewer without the previous consent, in writing, of the Minister, shall, in addition to any other penalty to which he may be liable, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding forty dollars for every such offence, and in case of a continuing offence, a further penalty not exceeding ten dollars for each day after notice shall have been given by the Minister to such person.
- (3) Subject to subsection (1) of this section, the Minister may demolish and remove any such building, wall, fence, or obstruction, and perform any works necessary for restoring or reinstating such sewers; and the person erecting such building, wall, fence, or causing such obstruction, or obstructing, filling in, closing up, or diverting such sewer, as the case may be, shall also pay the expense of removing such building, wall, fence, or obstruction, or of re-opening, restoring, repairing, or re-instating such sewer.

43. Any person acting under the authority of the Inspection of communi-Minister may at all reasonable times enter into or drains, upon any land having a drain communicating with Ibid., s. 67. the sewers of the Minister, to examine if there is Amended by No. 113 of any communication with any other drain or sewer 1965, s. 4 (1). into any land; and if such person is at such time refused admittance or on being admitted is obstructed or prevented from making such inspection and examination as aforesaid, the occupier shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty dollars.

44. If any person supplied with a drain in giving use pursuance of this Act, or having any drain or sewer without which may communicate with the sewers of the permission. India, s. 68. Minister, permits any other person not having the Amended by authority or consent of the Minister to use any such 1965, s. 4 (1). drain or any branch into the same, every person so offending shall forfeit for every such offence a sum not exceeding twenty dollars over and above the full amount of the damage sustained by the Minister by the acts or means in respect of which such penalty shall be incurred, and the Minister shall be at liberty to cut off from the main sewer the drain of every such person so offending.

45. Where several properties in the separate separate occupation of several persons are drained by one properties are drained common drain, such several properties shall be by a common liable to the payment of the same sewerage rates drain each to be liable. as they would have been liable to if each of such Ibid., s. 70. several properties had been connected with the sewer of the Minister by a separate drain, and the costs and charges of repairing and cleaning such common drain by or under the direction of the Minister shall be equally borne by and between each of the owners or occupiers of such several properties.

46. The Minister may, by agreement with and at with the expense of the owner or occupier of any land Minister. India, s. 71. within any sewerage area, execute any drainage works which such owner or occupier may be desirous to have executed.

Drainage of subdivided land. Added by No. 96 of 1978, s. 8.

- 46A. (1) A person or local authority (in this section called "the subdivider") who subdivides or wishes to subdivide land, whether rateable land or not and whether or not situated within a sewerage area, into a lot or lots may in writing request the Minister to arrange for the lot or lots to be capable of being connected to a sewer of the Minister.
- (2) On receiving a request made under subsection (1) of this section, the Minister may—
 - (a) comply with that request on and subject to such terms and conditions, including the financial contribution to be made by the subdivider in respect of any sewerage works which benefit or will benefit the lot or all or any of the lots concerned, as may be mutually agreed; or
 - (b) refuse that request.
- (3) Whenever the Minister complies with a request made under subsection (1) of this section, he may, subject to the provisions of subsection (4) of this section, carry out, construct or provide all or any of the necessary sewerage works.
- (4) If compliance with a request made under subsection (1) of this section does not involve the construction of sewerage works on land other than land of the subdivider, the Minister may exercise the power of construction conferred on him by subsection (3) of this section without complying with the requirements of sections eleven, twelve, thirteen and fifteen of this Act and it shall not be necessary for the Governor by Order in Council to authorise the construction of the sewerage works concerned under subsection (6) of section eleven of this Act.

PART VII.—RATES AND CHARGES.

(1) Rateable Property.

- 47. All land shall, subject as hereinafter provided, be rateable land within the meaning of this Act, save and except—
 - (a) land the property of the Crown and used for public purposes, or unoccupied;

What shall be rateable property. No. 43 of 1909, s. 72. Amended by No. 52 of 1984, s. 13.

- (b) land yested in or in the use and occupation of a local authority and not held or occupied by any tenant under the local authority;
- (c) land belonging to any religious body, and used or held exclusively as or for a place of public worship, a Sunday-school, a place of residence of a minister of religion, a convent, nunnery, or monastery, or by a religious brotherhood or sisterhood;
- (d) land used exclusively as a public hospital, benevolent asylum, orphanage, school, private school (being the property of a religious body), public library, public museum, public art gallery, or mechanics' institute:
- (e) land used, occupied, or held exclusively for charitable purposes;
- (f) land vested in any board under the Parks and Reserves Act, 1895, or in trustees for agricultural or horticultural show purposes, or zoological or acclimatisation gardens or purposes, or for public resort and recreation;
- (g) land used or held as a cemetery;
- (h) land declared by the Governor, under section four A of this Act, or by any Act declared, to be exempt from rates under this Act:

Provided that no exempted land shall become liable to be rated by reason of such land being used for the purposes of any bazaar, or as a place of meeting for any religious, charitable, temperance, or benevolent object, or for a polling place at any parliamentary or other election.

(2) Rate Books.

The Minister shall cause rate books to be kept Rate books. Ibid., s. 73. for each area in the form or to the effect of the First Amended by No. 52 of Schedule, and shall enter therein all rateable land No. 76 of in the area with the several particulars indicated 1978, s. 29. in the said schedule, and in the appropriate column shall state the gross rental value or unimproved value of such land.

49. Repealed by No. 76 of 1978, s. 30.

Assessment on unimproved values. Repealed and re-enacted by No. 52 of 1964, s. 16. Amended by No. 76 of 1978, s. 31. 50. The Minister may, in any area, adopt a general system of valuation on the basis of the unimproved value of land, except in the district of any local authority that is then levying rates on the gross rental value of land in which case the gross rental value shall be used instead of the unimproved value.

51. | Repealed by No. 76 of 1978, s. 32. |

Rate book to be made up in each financial year and open to inspection. Cf. No. 62 of 1947, s. 50. Amended by No. 52 of 1964, s. 18.

- 52. (1) Every rate book shall be made up as early as may be in each financial year, and notice thereof shall be published forthwith in the *Government Gazette*, and in at least one newspaper circulating in the area concerned.
- (2) For the purposes of this section and in relation to the rating transactions of the Minister the expression "financial year" means the financial year as prescribed in respect of an area from time to time by by-law made by the Minister under this Act.
- (3) Where in respect of any area the Minister is of opinion at any time that the making and levying of a sewerage rate for a part of the year only is expedient, the Minister may make and levy the sewerage rate for that part of the year, but the sewerage rate for that part of the year shall bear the same ratio to the rate for the whole year as the part of the year for which the sewerage rate is made and levied bears to a whole year.
- (4) The rate book shall at all reasonable times be open to inspection by any ratepayer.

Minister may inspect rate books of local authorities. No. 43 of 1909, s. 77. Amended by No. 76 of 1978, s. 33.

53. Any person authorised by the Minister, in writing, may, as of right, at all reasonable times inspect, free of charge, all valuations, lists and rate books of any local authority, relating to any land situate in any area, and may take copies or extracts from them.

54. All persons having the custody of such Access to be valuations, lists, or rate books shall, at all reasonable Ibid., s. 78. times, and without any fee or charge, afford to the Minister, and all persons authorised by the Minister. free access to the same.

Every person having the custody of a valua- Penalty for tion list or rate book of any local authority which a person authorised by the Minister is entitled to Ibid., s. 79. inspect, who neglects or refuses to permit any such person to inspect the same free of charge, or to make or take copies or extracts therefrom, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding forty dollars.

not permitting inspection. Amended by No. 113 of 1965, s. 4 (1).

(1) The town clerk, or as the case may be, Clerks of local the shire clerk of any municipality in which any authorities sewer or drain is laid down shall, within one month copy of rate book. after being so required, furnish the Minister with a Cf. No. 43 of copy of the rate book of the municipality, verified as a true copy by a statutory declaration made by the clerk.

1909, s. 80. Amended by No. 52 of 1964, s. 19; No. 113 of 1965, s. 4 (1).

(2) Every such local authority shall be entitled Minister to to charge the Minister for such copy at a rate not exceeding four cents per folio of seventy-two words for everything written therein.

pay for copy rate book.

(3) If any alteration or amendment is made to Amendments any such rate book the same shall be forthwith notified to the Minister by the town clerk or shire clerk, and the copy of the rate book shall be altered or amended accordingly.

The gross rental value or unimproved value set against all rateable land in the rate books kept by the Minister as aforesaid shall, subject to section sixty-five A and section seventy-two of this Act, be the rateable value thereof for the current year.

Rateable value. No. 43 of 1909, s. 81, and No. 2 of 1941, s. 4. Amended by No. 52 of 1964, s. 20; No. 76 of 1978, s. 34.

(1) The Minister may from time to time Rate book amend any rate book kept by him under this Act amended, by adding the particulars of any land which shall 1947, s. 55. have become rateable, or by inserting the particulars of any rateable land omitted, or by substituting the name of any person erroneously appearing as the

owner or occupier of land the name of the true owner or occupier, and by correcting any other error.

(2) The power to amend a rate book shall extend to the rate book for the current financial year and to the rate books for the five years next preceding the commencement of the current financial year.

Notice of amendment to be given. No. 43 of 1909, s. 83; Amended by No. 76 of 1978, s. 35. 59. Within fourteen days of any such amendment, the Minister shall cause notice to be given to every person affected by the same, and every such person shall have the same rights of objection and appeal from such amendment as he would have had if the amendment had appeared in the rate book as made up.

Minister may 'use previous year's rate book. Ibid., s. 84. 60. The Minister may, instead of causing a new rate book to be made up in any year, use the rate book of the last or any previous year, with such alterations and additions as may appear necessary.

Heading amended by No. 76 of 1978, s. 36. Objection to entry in rate book.
Repealed and re-enacted by No. 76 of 1978, s. 37.

(3) Objections and Appeals.

- 61. (1) Subject to section sixty-four of this Act, any person who is dissatisfied with any entry in a rate book, and who stands rated on the basis of that entry, may serve upon the Minister written objection to that entry.
 - (2) An objection to an entry in a rate book shall—
 - (a) be served within forty-two days after the issue of the relevant assessment;
 - (b) describe the relevant land so as to identify it:
 - (c) identify the entry objected to; and
 - (d) set out fully and in detail the grounds of objection.
- (3) The Minister may, for reasonable cause shown by a person entitled to make an objection, extend the time for service of the objection for such period as the Minister considers reasonable in the circumstances.

- (4) The Minister shall, with all reasonable despatch, consider the objection and may either disallow it or allow it, wholly or in part.
- (5) The Minister shall promptly serve upon the person by whom the objection was made written notice of his decision on the objection and a brief statement of his reasons for that decision.
- (6) If the Minister decides to allow an objection, wholly or in part, he shall also advise the person by whom the objection was made of any consequential amendment of the relevant rate book entry; and if the Minister decides to disallow an objection, wholly or in part, he shall also advise the person of the time within which and the manner in which an appeal against the decision may be made.
- (1) Any person who is dissatisfied with the against decision of the Minister on an objection by that decision of minister on person may, within forty-two days (or such further betain Repealed and period as the Minister shall, for reasonable cause re-enacted by No. 76 or shown by the person, allow) after service of notice 1978, s. 38. of the decision of the Minister, serve on the Minister a notice requiring that the Minister treat the objection as an appeal against the relevant rate book entry.

- (2) Upon receipt of such notice the Minister shall promptly refer the objection to a Land Valuation Tribunal under the Land Valuation Tribunals Act, 1978 as an appeal.
- 63. (1) Any person who is dissatisfied with a Appeal against decision of the Minister to refuse to extend the time refusal to extend time for service of an objection against an entry in a for objection or appeal. rate book or for service of a notice requiring the Repealed and Minister to treat an objection to an entry in a rate by No. 76 or 1978, s. 39. book as an appeal against that entry may serve on the Minister a notice requiring the Minister to refer such decision to a Land Valuation Tribunal under the Land Valuation Tribunals Act, 1978 as an appeal.

(2) Upon receipt of such notice the Minister shall promptly refer the decision to a Land Valuation Tribunal as an appeal.

Objections
and appeals
against
valuations.
Repealed and
re-enacted
by No. 76 of
1978, s. 40.

64. There shall be no objection or appeal in respect of a valuation of rateable land appearing in a rate book except in accordance with the Valuation of Land Act, 1978.

Objection or appeal not to affect liability to pay rates. Repealed and re-enacted by No. 76 of 1978, s. 41.

65. The making of an objection or an appeal, whether in respect of an entry in a rate book or in respect of a valuation of rateable land, shall not affect the liability of the ratepayer to pay any rates assessed under this Act pending determination of the objection or the appeal.

Minister to amend rate book and assessment consequent on objection or appeal. Added by No. 76 of 1978, s. 42.

- 65A. (1) The Minister shall make any amendment of an entry in a rate book which shall be necessary in consequence of the allowance, wholly or in part, of an objection or an appeal under this Act or under the Valuation of Land Act, 1978.
- (2) The Minister shall issue a notice of an amended assessment of rates under this Act when, in consequence of the allowance, wholly or in part, of an objection or appeal under this Act or the Valuation of Land Act, 1978, amendment of an assessment is necessary.

(4) The Making of Rates.

Land subject to sewerage rates. Cf. No. 43 of 1909, s. 91. Amended by No. 52 of 1964, s. 23.

66. The Minister shall, from time to time, make and levy sewerage rates in respect of all rateable land within any area in which a sewer, or any part thereof, is completed and ready for use:

Provided that—

- (a) the first rate made and levied in respect of any area may be proportioned to the number of months remaining unexpired in the financial year from the date of the making of the rate;
- (b) before making any rate, the Minister, at the request of any owner or occupier of land, may connect the land with a sewer or drain and make charges in respect thereof as prescribed by by-law under this Act:
- (c) no land shall be rateable under this section unless such land is capable, in the opinion

of the Minister, of being connected with a sewer, and notice thereof has been given, by or on behalf of the Minister, to the owner or occupier.

- 67. Subject to section sixty-eight of this Act, Separate rates to be separate rates may be made for each area, or for made for different parts of an area, and for the following No. 43 of 1909, s. 93. purposes:—
 - No. 52 of
 - (a) To provide funds to defray the expenses of 1964, s. 24. the general administration of this Act apportioned to the area.
 - (b) To provide funds to defray the expenses incidental to each area, incurred in the maintenance and management of the sewerage works in the area.
 - (c) To provide funds for paying the prescribed interest and sinking fund on the capital cost of such works allocated to each area.
 - (d) To provide funds for the construction. extension, and improvement of such works in the area as may be constructed, extended, or improved out of revenue.
- 68. (1) The sewerage rate shall not in any one year exceed—
 - (a) fifteen cents in the dollar on the gross rental value of the land rated, or
 - (b) two and one-half cents in the dollar on the unimproved value of the land rated, where the valuation is on the basis of the unimproved value of the land.
- (2) The Minister may make and levy a minimum rate of the prescribed amount upon any land, notwithstanding that if imposed under other provisions of this Act the rate payable in respect of that land would be less, and the restrictions imposed by subsection (1) of this section do not apply to any such minimum rate.
- 69. (1) Whenever any rate is ordered by the Manner of Minister to be made and levied, the Minister shall, on a vacant page of the rate book, to be left blank and No. 2 or 1941, s. 4. for the purpose, sign a memorandum of such order, Amended by and cause notice thereof to be published in the 1964, s, 26.

of rate. Amended by No. 52 of 1964, s. 25; No. 113 of 1965, s. 4(1); No. 15 of 1977, s. 2; No. 76 of 1978, s. 43.

Government Gazette and a newspaper usually circulating in the area.

(2) On the publication of such notice, the said rate shall, subject to section seventy-two of this Act and to any by-law as to the time and mode of payment, become due and payable by the occupier or owner of the land rated as hereinafter provided.

Rate for unexpired portion of year in case of new pipes, sewer or drain. Cf. Ibid., s. 96. 70. Whenever a sewer or drain is laid down or extended after a rate has been struck for the year, and notice thereof is published in the *Government Gazette*, a proportionate part of the rate shall thereupon become payable in respect thereof for the unexpired portion of the year from the date of such notice.

"Gazette" evidence of striking of rate. 71. The production of a copy of the *Government Gazette* containing a notice of the striking of a rate shall be conclusive evidence in all Courts of the due striking, making, and publication thereof.

Re-assessment of gross rental value after rate book made up.
Repealed and re-enacted by No. 76 of 1978, s. 44.

- 72. (1) Where, as a result of an interim valuation, a determination of the gross rental value of rateable land comes into force under the Valuation of Land Act, 1978 during the currency of any year, and that value is an amount different from the amount stated in the rate book for that year as the gross rental value of that land, the Minister shall adopt the former value and amend the entry in the rate book accordingly.
- (2) Where the Minister amends the rate book under subsection (1) of this section, he may, on the basis of that amendment, amend the assessment of rates payable on that land in respect of the portion of the current year unexpired as at the date the determination of the gross rental value comes into force under the Valuation of Land Act, 1978.

72A. The Minister may prescribe and levy charges for any sewerage services rendered by him charges for sewerage in respect of non-rateable land.

Added by No. 15 of

The Minister may, instead of or as well as prescribe 72B. making and levying a sewerage rate pursuant to the charges for admission of provisions of section sixty-six of this Act; or sewerage into prescribing and levying a charge pursuant to the Added by provisions of the last preceding section, prescribe 1951, s. 4. and levy charges for the admission of sewage into any sewer.

(5) Payment of Rates.

73. All rates shall be payable in advance in Pates, when payable. accordance with the by-laws for the time being.

No. 43 of 1909, s.98.

74. When any land becomes rateable under section sixty-six of this Act and the owner or occupier shall have paid or shall be liable to pay to the local authority a sanitary rate in respect of the same land for the same period as that for which a sewerage rate has been made and levied under this Act, the local authority shall repay or allow a rebate of a proportionate part of such sanitary rate. such rebate to be calculated from the time when the connections to the land have been made.

Rebate of sanitary rate paid to local authority. No. 43 of 1909, s. 102.

(6) Liability for and Recovery of Rates.

Division (1)—Generally.

75. (1) The amount of any rates made or charges who is liable for rates. prescribed and levied under this Act shall be Ibid., s. 103. payable, in the first instance, by the occupier of the land rated or of the land in respect of which the charge is levied as the case may be.

Amended by

- (2) The amount of such rates or charges may also, at the option of the Minister, be recovered from the owner of the land rated or of the land in respect of which the charge is levied as the case may be.
- (3) Provided that, except where the Crown is the owner, any amount of such rates or charges paid by an occupier shall in the absence of special agreement to the contrary, be afterwards recoverable by the occupier from the owner; and any receipt for rates or charges so paid may be tendered to and shall be accepted by the owner in satisfaction, to the extent of the amount specified in the receipt, of any rent due to the owner.

Payment of rates by mortgagee. Ibid., s. 104. Amended by No. 15 of 1951. s. 6. 76. If a mortgagee of rateable land pays any rates or charges accrued thereon under this Act or any of the Acts hereby repealed, including any interest due upon such rates or charges, the amount so paid by the mortgagee shall be deemed to be part of, or added to the principal moneys advanced by him under the mortgage, and shall be recoverable as such, with interest accordingly.

Rates apportioned on the occupier, etc., quitting.
Cf. Ibid., s. 105.
Amended by No. 15 of 1951, s. 7.

- 77. (1) When an occupier or owner ceases to be the occupier or owner of the land in respect whereof a rate is made, before the end of the period in respect of which such rate is made, such occupier or owner shall, as between himself and the succeeding occupier or owner, be liable to pay a portion only of the rate payable for the whole of such period proportionate to the time during which he continued to be the occupier or owner and any person who is the occupier or owner of the land during the remainder of the period shall be liable to pay a portion of such rate in proportion to the time during which he is such occupier or owner.
- (2) But the rate in respect of such land shall continue in force, and payment thereof may be enforced against the occupier or owner for the time being as if no change had taken place in the occupation or ownership.
- (3) Where any land rated as one property has been divided between two or more owners or

occupiers, any rates imposed in respect of the period current when the division took place shall, for the purposes of this Part of this Act, be deemed to be apportionable between the different portions of the land on the basis of the respective values or areas (according to the method of assessment adopted) of such portions.

- (4) In this section the word, "rate" includes a charge prescribed pursuant to the provisions of section seventy-two A of this Act, and the word, "rated" has a correlative meaning.
- 78. An unsatisfied judgment or order of any Persons court for the recovery of any rates or charges from resorted any person shall not be a bar to the recovery thereof succession. from any other person liable under the provisions of Amended by this Act to the payment thereof.

Amended by No. 15 of 1951, s. 8.

79. The amount payable in respect of any rate may be made or charge prescribed and levied under this Act Ibid., s. 109. shall be recoverable either by complaint or action, Amended by or by sale as hereinafter mentioned, and such 1951, s. 9. amount and the amount of all costs, charges and expenses of any proceedings to recover the same, shall constitute a charge and have priority to every security or claim (including rent) of any description against the estate, real and personal, of the person liable to make payment of such amount.

In any proceeding to recover, or consequent Rate book on the recovering of the amount due in respect of evidence. any rate, the rate book, duly signed or initialed by the Minister, and all entries made or purporting to be made therein, or certified copies thereof or extracts therefrom, shall be prima facie evidence of the contents of such book and of the due striking of such rate, and of the obligation of the person charged with the amount payable in respect of such rate to pay the same without any evidence that the provisions of this Act have been complied with.

Refusal to give name of person liable. Ibid., s. 111. Amended by No. 113 of 1965, s. 4 (1).

- 81. If, on the request of the Minister or any collector of rates duly authorised by the Minister—
 - (a) the occupier of any land refuses or wilfully omits to disclose, or wilfully mis-states to the Minister or collector making such request, the name of the owner of such land, or of the person receiving or authorised to receive the rents of the same; or
 - (b) the person receiving or authorised to receive the rents of the land on the like request so refuses or wilfully omits to disclose, or wilfully mis-states the name of the owner of the land,

he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten dollars.

Application of this Part to annexed areas. Ibid., s. 112. Amended by No. 52 of 1964, s. 28.

82. On any annexation to or extension of an area, all the provisions of this Part of this Act, with respect to any rate made, shall be deemed to have been duly complied with for the year then current in respect of all rateable land within the area so annexed or extended, and the Minister may cause a valuation to be estimated or made of such land for the purpose of any such rate; but the amount of rates chargeable for the current year shall be calculated for the portion of the year from the date of the annexation or extension.

Division (2)—Power of Sale.

Land may be sold for arrears of rates, etc., remaining unpaid for five years. No 62 of 1947, s. 89. Amended by No 15 of 1951, s. 10.

- 83. (1) When in respect of any land any sewerage rates or charges accrued thereon under this Act have remained unpaid for the term of five years or longer after becoming due and payable, the Minister shall, by virtue of this Act, have-power, subject to the provisions hereinafter made, to sell and transfer and convey the land.
 - (2) The power of sale shall include power—
 - (a) to sell the land or any part thereof, either together or in lots, by public auction, or

by private contract subject to terms and conditions with respect to the payment of the purchase money, or any other matter, including power to fix a reserve;

- (b) to vary any contract of sale and to buy in at any auction;
- (c) to rescind any contract for sale and to resell without being answerable for any loss occasioned thereby;
- (d) to subdivide the land and make such streets and roads and grant such easements of right-of-way or drainage therein as the circumstances of the case may require and the Minister thinks fit, subject to all laws relating thereto:

Provided that the land shall not be sold by private contract until it has been first offered for sale by public auction.

84. (1) The Minister shall not exercise the power for exercise of sale conferred by this Division of this Part of this of power of sale. Act until notice requiring payment of all moneys No.62 of 1947, s. 90. owing and referred to in the next preceding section in respect of the land has been—

- (a) in the case of land under the Transfer of Land Act, 1893-1946, served on the person registered as the proprietor in fee simple thereof by being delivered to him or by being sent in a registered letter posted to him at his address (if any) appearing in the register book;
- (b) in the case of land not under the Transfer of Land Act, 1893-1946, served on the owner in fee simple thereof or on the person appearing by the last memorial relating to the land in the Office of the Registrar of Deeds to be seized of the fee simple thereof. by being delivered to him or by being sent in a registered letter posted to him at his address (if any) appearing in the memorial;
- (c) served on every person appearing by the register book kept at the Office of Titles or

- any memorial in the Office of the Registrar of Deeds to have any estate or interest in the land by being delivered to him or by being sent in a registered letter posted to him at his address (if any) appearing in the register book or memorial;
- (d) posted on the land for not less than one month; and
- (e) posted in a conspicuous place at the office of the Minister for not less than one month.
- (2) If in the case of any person required by this section to be served, no sufficient address appears in the register book or memorial, notice requiring payment shall be served on that person by being advertised once in a newspaper circulating in the neighbourhood of the land, and once in the *Gazette*. It shall be competent to include in the notice reference to lands in the same locality and belonging to more than one owner.

Contents of notice. No. 62 of 1947, s. 91.

- 85. Every notice requiring payment shall—
 - (a) be in writing and be dated and signed by or on behalf of the Minister;
 - (b) specify the total of the moneys owing and of which payment is required;
 - (c) specify the land in respect of which the moneys are owing by a sufficient description of the land and the name of the registered proprietor in fee simple or the person seized of the fee simple thereof; and
 - (d) include a statement that in default of payment of the moneys specified therein the land will be offered for sale by public auction after the expiration of three months from the date of notice at a time appointed by the Minister.

Fixing of time for sale by auction. No. 62 of 1947, s. 92. 86. The Minister shall appoint a time not less than three months and not more than twelve months from the service of the notices required by section eighty-four of this Act at which the land may be offered for sale by public auction unless the moneys owing be paid.

- 87. (1) The sale shall be advertised—
- Advertise-ment for sale. (a) twice at least in a newspaper circulating in No. 62 of 1947, 5. 93. the neighbourhood of the land;
 - (b) once at least in the Gazette;
 - (c) by posting and keeping posted a copy of the advertisement in a conspicuous place at the office of the Minister for not less than twenty-one days;
 - (d) by delivering a memorial of the advertisement to the Registrar of Titles, Registrar of Deeds, or other person having the custody or control of any register or public record relating to the land, who, on payment of the prescribed fee, shall register the memorial and endorse or note a reference to it on the title or land register of every piece of land comprised in the memorial;
 - (e) by any other means which, in the circumstances, the Minister regards as reasonable and proper.
- (2) The advertisement shall contain a sufficient description of the land and any improvements thereon.
- (3) In the advertisement it shall be competent to include reference to lands within the same locality and belonging to more than one owner.
- Up to the time of the actual sale of any land Right to pay for non-payment of moneys payable and referred No. 62 of to in section eighty-three of this Act, any person having any estate or interest in the land may pay all the moneys then payable, and the costs then incurred, and thereupon the proceedings shall be stayed, and the Minister shall deliver to the Registrar of Titles, Registrar of Deeds or other person having the custody or control of any register or public record relating to the land for noting on the title or land register, a certificate signed by or on behalf of the Minister certifying that the moneys and costs have been paid, and the title or land register shall be noted accordingly by the proper officer, whereupon the land shall cease to be bound.

Power to transfer or convey land. No. 62 of 1947, s. 95.

The Minister, in exercising the power of sale conferred by this Division of this Part of this Act, shall have power by proper transfer (where the land is under the Transfer of Land Act, 1893-1946, and subject to registration under that Act), and by proper deed or transfer (where the land is not under the Transfer of Land Act, 1893-1946), to transfer or convey an indefeasible estate in fee simple, or (if such land has not been alienated from the Crown in fee simple) all the estate and interest therein of every person (other than the Crown), but all the estate and interest which any such person is entitled or able to transfer, assign, convey or dispose of therein, and the estate of the purchaser shall be subject to the exceptions, conditions and powers (if any) in force and contained in the grant or Crown lease, or conditional purchase lease of the land, and to any public rights-of-way, and to any other easements acquired by enjoyment or user, or subsisting over and upon or affecting the land, and to any charge imposed by a law of the Commonwealth or State, and to any rates and taxes imposed or to be imposed on or in respect of the land after the date of the sale, and to any mortgage in favour of The Rural and Industries Bank of Western Australia but free from other encumbrances and charges.

Statutory declaration. No. 62 of 1947, s. 96. 90 A transfer or conveyance expressed to be in exercise of the power of sale conferred by this Division of this Part of this Act shall, if accompanied by a statutory declaration by the Minister or person authorised by him on his behalf that the provisions of this Division have been complied with, be accepted by the Registrar of Titles, the Registrar of Deeds, the Under Secretary for Lands or other person having the custody or control of any register or public record relating to the land, as sufficient evidence that the power of sale has been properly exercised.

Functions of Minister and Registrar relating to transfer or conveyance. No. 62 of 1947, s. 97.

91. (1) The transfer or conveyance shall be in the proper form prescribed by the Act or law governing the registration of transfers or conveyances of the land, and shall be executed by the Minister or person authorised by him on his behalf.

- (2) The transfer or conveyance shall be forwarded to the Registrar of Titles, Registrar of Deeds, Under Secretary for Lands, or other person having the custody or control of the public record relating to the land, for registration, and shall be accompanied by the prescribed registration fees.
- (3) Where the land sold is under the Transfer of Land Act, 1893-1946, the Registrar of Titles, upon production to him of the transfer and declaration. shall register the transfer, and notwithstanding any provision of that Act to the contrary, production of the certificate of title shall not be required, but, for the purposes of registration, the Registrar may, if he thinks fit, make such orders and publish such advertisements as are provided for in the case of dealings with land when the certificate of title is lost or not produced.
- (4) Where any transfer or conveyance is expressed to be in exercise of the power of sale conferred by this Act, the title of the purchaser shall not be impeachable on the ground that no case had arisen to authorise the sale or that due notice was not given, or that the power was otherwise improperly or irregularly exercised; but any person damnified by an unauthorised or improper or irregular exercise of the power shall, subject to this Act, have his remedy in damages against the Minister, but shall have no other remedy in damages or for compensation against the Crown or the assurance fund established under the Transfer of Land Act, 1893-1946.1

If moneys referred to in section eighty-three of all lands of this Act are owing for the period of five years in respect of more than one piece of land in the name of the same owner, all the moneys and all the land may be referred to in one notice requiring payment and in one advertisement of sale.

Combination of same owner.

The money arising from the sale and received by the Minister shall, notwithstanding the disability of any person or any statute of limitations, be held 1947, s. 99, by the Minister to be applied as follows:—

Application of purchase money. No. 62 of Amended by No. 52 of 1964, s. 29.

Firstly—In payment of the costs, charges and expenses properly incurred by the Minister as incidental to the sale or attempted sale or otherwise.

Secondly—In payment of all moneys owing and referred to in section eighty-three of this Act.

Thirdly—In payment of all unpaid moneys owing for rates and taxes and any costs or other moneys due to or imposed by the Crown in the right of the State or any Department, Agency, Instrumentality or Branch of Her Majesty's Government of the State including the Government Agency Department of The Rural and Industries Bank of Western Australia and also in payment of all moneys for unpaid rates due to or imposed by the Council of the Municipality and the Local Authority under the Health Act, 1911-1944,' in respect of the land at the time of the sale.

Provided that where the moneys remaining after the payments provided for firstly and secondly herein have been made are not sufficient for the payment in full of all the rates, taxes and other moneys mentioned and provided for in this paragraph such moneys shall be distributed between the Crown, the Department, the Agency, the Branch, the Council of the Municipality and the Local Health Authority pro rata with the amounts of their claims respectively.

Provided also that, when land is sold under this Act and the land is situated in the districts of two or more local authorities, the Governor may determine for the purpose of this paragraph the proportionate part of the whole of the purchase price which shall be allocated to that part of the land situated in each district.

Fourthly—In payment of all vendor's costs and expenses of and in connection with conferring upon the purchaser a clear title to the land.

Fifthly—In or towards the discharge of all or any other mortgages, encumbrances. whether registered or not, according to their respective priorities, so far as the same can be ascertained by the Minister.

Sixthly—In payment of the residue of the money within twelve months after the receipt thereof to the person who would, but for the proceedings for sale, be entitled to the land, or if there be several persons who would be so entitled, then to those persons in the proportions in which they would be respectively so entitled:

Provided that, if any person is entitled to an estate in reversion or remainder in the land, the money may be paid into the Supreme Court under section ninety-nine of the Trustees Act, 1962, and thereafter the money so paid into Court shall be subject to the provisions of that Act so far as the same are applicable; but any petition, claim, suit or action for or in respect of that money shall be presented within six years after payment into the Supreme Court, and after the expiration of that period, the money then in the Supreme Court to the credit of the particular trust concerned shall, if there be no petition, claim, suit or action pending or any order of the Supreme Court to the contrary, be paid into and form part of the general revenue of the State.

94. The receipt of or on behalf of the Minister Receipt a in writing shall be a sufficient discharge for any No. 62 of money paid on the exercise of the power of sale 1947, s. 100. conferred by this Division of this Part of this Act. and a person paying the money shall not be concerned to inquire whether any money referred to in section eighty-three of this Act remains due to the Minister in respect of the land sold.

Power to sell after advertisement lapses if sale not made within a year. No. 62 of 1947, s. 101. 95. If the land is not sold, and, in the case of land under the Transfer of Land Act, 1893-1946, a transfer thereof is not registered within twelve months of the date of the delivery to the Registrar of Titles of a memorial of the advertisement referred to in section eighty-seven of this Act then, subject to the next succeeding section of this Act, the advertisement and all subsequent proceedings under this Division of this Part of this Act shall no longer be in force, and shall cease to bind the land.

Power to transfer land to Crown. No. 62 of 1947, s. 102. 96. (1) If land is offered for sale by auction pursuant to this Division of this Part of this Act, but no bid is made for the land at the auction and the land is unsold within the period of twelve months mentioned in the last preceding section and has been alienated from the Crown in fee simple, the Minister with the consent of the Governor, shall have power by transfer (where the land is under the Transfer of Land Act, 1893-1946)' and by deed (where the land is not under the Transfer of Land Act, 1893-1946)' to transfer or convey an estate in fee simple to Her Majesty:

Provided that the Governor shall not consent, unless he is satisfied that there is no reasonable prospect of selling the land pursuant to this Division of this Part of this Act within a reasonable time.

- (2) Where the land is under the Transfer of Land Act, 1893-1946, the transfer shall be executed in proper form under the hand of the Minister or a person authorised by him on his behalf and registered under that Act, and where the land is not under that Act, the conveyance shall be executed in like manner and registered under the Registration of Deeds Act, 1856.
- (3) Upon the transfer or conveyance being lodged with him, or the conveyance being registered, the Registrar of Titles, or Registrar of Deeds as the case may be, shall make any entry in the register book or other book of the Office of Titles or the Office of the Registrar of Deeds, which may be necessary or proper to evidence that the land is vested in Her

Majesty, and thereupon and notwithstanding the provisions of the Transfer of Land Act, 1893-1946, the land shall be deemed to be, and may be dealt with as, Crown lands free from any mortgage, lease, tenancy, encumbrance, charge or reservation of any kind.

If the land is under the Transfer of Land Act, 1893-1946,' the Registrar of Titles shall cancel any certificate of title relating to the land by indorsing thereon "Cancelled, the within land having been acquired by the Crown and removed from the operation of the Transfer of Land Act, 1893-1946," and the land shall, for the purposes of that Act, and until again alienated from the Crown, be dealt with and regarded in all respects as if it had never been alienated from the Crown.

If the land is not under the Transfer of Land Act, 1893-1946,' the Registrar of Deeds may require the Minister to deposit with him a plan or map of the land as if an application had been made to bring the land under the Transfer of Land Act, 1893-1946.'

- (4) No stamp duty nor fee of any kind shall be payable upon any transfer or conveyance referred to in this section upon lodging or registering it in the Office of Titles or the Office of the Registrar of Deeds.
- (5) A transfer or conveyance expressed to be in exercise of the power conferred by this section—
 - (a) shall, if accompanied by a statutory declaration of the Minister or person authorised by him on his behalf that the provisions of this Division of this Part of this Act have been properly complied with, be accepted by the Registrar of Titles or the Registrar of Deeds, as the case may be, as sufficient evidence that the power has been so exercised;
 - (b) shall not be impeachable on the ground that no case had arisen to authorise the exercise of the power, or that proper notice was not given, or that the power was otherwise improperly or irregularly exercised,

but any person damnified by an unauthorised or irregular exercise of the power shall, subject to this Act, have his remedy in damages against the Minister, but shall have no other remedy in damages or for compensation against the Crown or the assurance fund established under the Transfer of Land Act, 1893-1946.

Discharge of liability on sale of land. No. 62 of 1947, s. 103. 97. Any sale of land by the Minister pursuant to this division of this Part of this Act, or any transfer or conveyance made pursuant to the next preceding section of this Act, shall discharge the land and all owners and occupiers thereof, and all previous owners and occupiers thereof, from any liability to the Minister for moneys referred to in section eighty-three of this Act and then due to the Minister, or other moneys then due to the Minister for any purpose which, at the time of the sale or the transfer or the conveyance, were a charge upon the land, or which were otherwise recoverable by the Minister in respect of the land, whether pursuant to this Act or any other Act.

Saving provision. No. 62 of 1947, s. 104. 98. Subject to the next preceding section of this Act, the powers conferred by this Division of this Part of this Act shall not affect any other remedy of the Minister for the recovery of money due under this Act for rates.

PART VIII .- ACCOUNTS AND AUDIT.

Accounts. No. 43 of. 1909, s. 141.

- 99. The Minister shall cause books to be provided and kept, and true and regular accounts to be entered therein—
 - (a) of all moneys received and paid by him, and of all moneys owing to and by him, under this Act, and of the several purposes for which such moneys are received and paid, and owing; and
 - (b) of all the assets and liabilities of the Minister under this Act.

100. All such books shall be open to the Books may be inspected. inspection of the Auditor General, and any Ibid., s. 142. person authorised by the Auditor General to inspect the same, and copies or extracts may be taken therefrom.

101. The Minister shall cause his accounts to be Accounts to be be balanced. balanced every year at the end of the financial year. Ibid., s. 143.

PART IX-BY-LAWS.

102. The Minister may, subject to the provisions Minister may of this Act, and with the approval of the Governor, by-laws. make by-laws with respect to the following matters, s. 146. that is to say:—

Cf. Ibid., Amended by No. 15 of 1951, s. 11; No. 52 of 1964, s. 30; No. 15 of 1977, s. 3.

(1) The general conduct of his business and Regulating proceedings, and the control, supervision, guidance, and duties of his officers and servants.

(2) The due management and use of the Managing sewerage works, and other property of the Cf. S. 24 ante. Minister, and of any fluids under his jurisdiction or authority.

(3) Protecting and preventing and remedying Preventing the blockage, leakage, misuse, or contamination of water, sewerage, sewers and drains.

(4) The construction, maintenance, cleansing, and use of repair, management, and use of the sewerage works, sewers, pipes, and other property of the Minister, and drains.

(5) Protecting the sewerage works, sewers, Protecting drains, pipes, and fittings from trespass and injury.

(6) Regulating the purposes for which any Use of pipes, pipes, drains, or sewers shall be used or applied.

(7) Regulating the dimensions, material, form, ventilators. construction, and arrangement of, and the maintenance or alteration of ventilators for pipes, drains, or sewers.

Disinfection and treatment.

(8) Regulating the disinfection and cleansing of or otherwise dealing with any substance or matter, including trade wastes, before the discharge thereof into any drain or sewer.

Fees for tapping mains or connecting with sewers.

(9) Prescribing the fees payable for connecting with the sewers of the Minister.

Quantity of sewage.

(10) Prescribing the quantity of sewage which may be discharged from a property in respect of any rates or charges paid for any given period and prescribing charges for sewage so discharged in excess of that quantity.

Classes of industry.

(11) Defining and specifying the classes of industry from which liquid wastes may be accepted in the sewers, and the general and special terms upon which wastes will be accepted.

Discharge of trade wastes. (12) Prescribing the quantity of sewage that may be discharged from a specified industry and the charge to be made in respect of that industry.

Fixing levels. (13) Prescribing the levels from below which sewage will not be accepted to the sewers and specifying the positions where the fixtures may be placed.

Rates.

(14) Making, levying, and collecting sewerage rates and other charges, and prescribing the forms and manner of collection, and fixing a minimum rate to be paid in respect of certain lands.

Repair of fittings.

(15) Compelling persons to keep their pipes, fixtures and fittings in proper repair.

Prohibiting alteration of fittings.

(16) Prohibiting any alteration of or interference with any sewer, pipes, drain, fixture or fittings, without the consent of or notice to the Minister.

Enabling Minister to repair fittings at cost of consumer. (17) Enabling the Minister to repair such pipes, fixtures and fittings, and to recover the cost of such repairs from the owner or occupier of the land.

(18) Prohibiting any mode of arrangement, and the use of any fixtures or fittings which may, in the opinion of the Minister, cause or tend to cause blockage, leakage, misuse, or contamination of the water, sewage, sewers or drains.

(19) The inspection of all pipes, sewers, drains, Inspection. fixtures and fittings.

(20) Regulating the examination and licensing of persons to perform work in connection with pipes, sewers, drains and fittings; the cancelling of such licenses and prohibiting any other than licensed persons from fixing, altering, or repairing pipes, sewers, drains, fixtures or fittings connected with the works of the Minister.

(21) Prescribing and defining the financial year Financial in relation to any particular area.

(22) Prescribing fees or charges for or in respect Fees. of licenses.

- (23) Prescribing forms to be used for the Forms. purposes of this Act, and modifying any of the forms contained in the Schedules, including the adaptation of any form for incorporation with any form used by a local authority or a water board.
- (24) And for any other purposes relating to the Generally. administration of this Act and the exercise of the powers vested in the Minister.

102A. Any fees or charges imposed by or payable Power to under this Act may be expressed in any by-law to in rates and charges. apply only in relation to any particular areas, or to Added by differentiate between particular areas, and, where 1951, s. 12, so expressed, shall have effect accordingly.

Amended by No. 52 of 1964, s. 31,

103. Every by-law—

(1) may impose a penalty not exceeding forty $\frac{33-100}{No.43}$ of dollars for breach thereof, and, in the case of a continuing breach, a further penalty not exceeding ten dollars for each day the offence continues after notice thereof has

Penalties for breach of by-laws. 1909, s. 147. Amended by No. 113 of 1965, s. 4 (1).

- been given by or on behalf of the Minister to the offender; and
- (2) may provide that, in addition to the penalty, any expense incurred by the Minister in consequence of the breach of such by-law shall be paid by the person committing such breach.

PART X .- MISCELLANEOUS.

Notices. Ibid., s. 149. 104. All notices and demands under this Act may be in writing or in print, or partly in writing and partly in print.

Service of notices when name of owner or occupier unknown. Cf. Ibid., s. 150 (3). Amended by No. 52 of 1964, s. 32.

105. When a notice or demand under this Act is required to be given or made to any owner or occupier whose name or address is unknown to the Minister, it shall not be necessary to name such owner or occupier, and such notice or demand may be served by placing it on some conspicuous part of the land of such owner or occupier, and by publishing it three times, at intervals of not less than a week between any two publications, in a newspaper usually circulating in the area.

Notices binding on persons claiming under owner or occupier. Ibid., s. 151. 106. All notices and demands duly given to or made upon any owner or occupier shall be binding upon all persons claiming by, from, or under such owner or occupier.

Notices may be authenticated by signature of Minister. Ibid., s. 152. 107. Every order, summons, notice, or other document requiring authentication by the Minister may be sufficiently authenticated, without the common seal, if signed by the Minister.

Saving of civil remedy. Ibid., s. 153. 108. The institution of any proceedings, or the conviction of any person for any offence against this Act, shall not affect any remedy which the Minister or any person aggrieved may be entitled to in any civil proceedings.

Contribution between owner and occupier. Ibid., s. 155. 109. Any money paid by an occupier, which as between the occupier and owner is, under the provisions of this Act or the by-laws, payable by the

owner, may be recovered by the occupier from the owner by action in any Court of competent jurisdiction, or may be set off against any rent payable by the occupier to the owner.

110. Every person who obstructs the Minister, or any person employed by the Minister, in the officers in performance of any act or thing which they are of duty. respectively authorised or required to do in the execution of this Act or any by-law made there- No. 113 of 1965, s. 4 (1). under shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding forty dollars.

Obstructing Ibid., s. 156. Amended by

111. Any person having charge of any works, Penalty for the property of the Minister, who refuses, on lawful give up demand, to give up peaceable and quiet possession of works. of the same to any person entitled to possession under the provisions of this Act, shall be guilty of a No. 113 of 1965, s. 4 (1). misdemeanour, and shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding four hundred dollars, and to imprisoned for any period not exceeding twelve months

possession Ibid., s. 157. Amended by

112. Any officer of the Minister may, without warrant, arrest any person found committing an arrested. offence against this Act or any by-law thereunder, if the offender refuses to give his name and address.

Offenders Ibid., s. 158.

113. All penalties and forfeitures incurred under summary this Act, or any by-law made thereunder, may be for offences recovered summarily before any two or more of penalties. Justices of the Peace in the manner provided by the Ibid., s. 159. Justices Act, 1902-1942, on the complaint of the Minister or any officer or servant of the Minister.

114. In any proceeding in any Local Court, or Minister may be before Justices of the Peace, any officer of the Min-represented by officer. ister may represent the Minister in all respects as 101d., s. 161. if he were the party concerned.

may be

115. [Repealed by No. 73 of 1954, s. 5.]

116. Any person appointed under the hand of the Books of Land Titles Minister may, for the purposes of this Act, search and other offices may

be searched without fee. Ibid., s. 163.

the public registers of the Office of Titles and Registry of Deeds, or any office of the Department of Lands, without payment of any fee.

Property of Minister not to be taxed. Ibid., s. 164. 117. All lands and works vested in or under the management and control of the Minister shall be exempt from any rate, tax, or imposition which any local authority might, but for this section, lawfully levy and impose.

Proof of ownership or occupancy. Cf. Ibid., s. 165, and No. 62 of 1947, s. 120.

- 118. (1) In any legal proceedings under this Act, in addition to any other method of proof available.—
 - (a) evidence that the person proceeded against is rated as owner or occupier of any land;
 or
 - (b) evidence by the certificate, in writing, of-
 - (i) the Registrar of Titles, or any asistant or deputy registrar, that any person's name appears in any register book kept under the Transfer of Land Act, 1893-1946, as proprietor of any land; or
 - (ii) the Registrar of Deeds, or his deputy, that any person appears from any memorial of registration of any deed, conveyance, or other instrument to be the owner of any land; or
 - (iii) the Under Secretary for Lands that any person is registered in the Department of Lands as the owner occupier, or lessee of any land; or
 - (iv) the Under Secretary for Mines, that any person is registered in the Mines Department as the lessee or holder of any gold mining lease, mineral lease or other mining tenement; or
 - (v) the Surveyor General, that any plan or reproduction of a plan represents part of the State,

shall until the contrary is proved be evidence that

such person is the owner or occupier, or of the matter certified to, as the case may be, of such land;

- (2) Judicial notice shall be taken of the signatures and appointments to persons for the time being appointed to or acting in and discharging the duties of the offices referred to in the next preceding subsection.
- 119. A certificate under the hand of the Minister Certificate that any specified land, reservoir, dam, drain, evidence of channel, pipe or other work or portion thereof is facts. included in any waterworks constructed prior or 1947, s. 121. subsequent to the commencement of this Act shall for all purposes and in all courts be sufficient evidence of the fact as stated in the certificate.

of Minister

120. The Governor may, in his discretion, by Order in Council, suspend the operation within any area of the provisions relating to sewerage of any of local government local government Act. local government Act.

Power to suspend certain provisions No. 43 of 1909, s. 166. Amended by No. 52 of 1964, s. 33,

SCHEDULES.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Country Towns Sewerage Act, 1948.

Section 48. Amended by No. 52 of 1964, s. 34; No. 76 of

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RATE BOOK.

No. of Assess- ment	Name of person Rated	Address	Name of Owner	Address	Descrip- tion and situation of land Rated	Gross Rental Value	Unim- proved Value	Amount payable in respect of Rate

Second Schedule [Repealed by No. 76 of 1978, s. 46.]
Third Schedule [Repealed by No. 76 of 1978, s. 46.]
Fourth Schedule [Repealed by No. 76 of 1978, s. 46.]