## WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

## SUITORS' FUND.

13° Elizabeth II, No. XLIII.

No. 43 of 1964.

(Affected by Act No. 113 of 1965.)

## [As amended by Acts:

No. 72 of 1969, assented to 27th October, 1969; No. 57 of 1971,<sup>2</sup> assented to 15th December, 1971; No. 44 of 1977,<sup>3</sup> assented to 7th November, 1977; No. 37 of 1978, assented to 21st August, 1978; No. 58 of 1978, assented to 21st September, 1978,

and reprinted pursuant to the Amendments Incorporation Act, 1938.]

AN ACT to make Provision in respect of the Liability for Costs of certain Litigation; to establish a Suitors' Fund to meet that Liability; incidental and for and other purposes.

[Assented to 19th November, 1964.]

RE it enacted—

1. This Act may be cited as the Suitors' Fund Short title. Act. 1964-1978.

Amended of 1978, S. 1.

Sections 1 to 7 inclusive came into operation on 1st January, 1965; see Gazette 24/12/64, p. 4093. Balance came into operation on 2nd August, 1965; see Gazette 16/7/65, p. 2059.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Came into operation on 18th February, 1972; see Gazette 18/2/72, p. 355. 3 Came into operation on 1st January, 1978; see Gazette 30/12/77, p. 4743.

Commencement.

- (1) Subject to subsection (2) of this section, this Act shall come into operation on a date to be fixed by proclamation. 1
- (2) It shall not be necessary to proclaim that the whole Act shall come into operation on one day, but the several sections of this Act may be proclaimed to come into operation on such days as are respectively fixed by proclamation.

Interpretation. Amended by No. 72 of 1969, s. 2; No. 57 of 1971, s. 3.

- In this Act unless the contrary intention 3. appears-
  - "appeal" includes any proceeding by way of discharging or setting aside a judgment, a motion for a new trial, a case stated for the opinion of the Supreme Court on a question of law, an order to review granted under section 197 of the Justices Act, 1902, and any other proceeding in the nature of an appeal;
  - "company" and "foreign company" have the same meanings as they respectively have in section five of the Companies Act, 1961;
  - "costs" in relation to an appeal includes the costs of an application for an indemnity certificate or a costs certificate in respect of the appeal, but does not include costs incurred in a court of first instance except where otherwise expressly provided;
  - "costs certificate" means a costs certificate granted under section twelve A of this Act;
  - "Court" includes the Workers' Compensation Board constituted under the Workers' Compensation Act, 1912;
  - "indemnity certificate" means an indemnity certificate granted under section ten of this Act:

Sections 1 to 7 inclusive came into operation on 1st January, 1965; see Gazette 24/12/64, p. 4093. Balance came into operation on 2nd August, 1965; see Gazette 16/7/65, p. 2059.
 Court also includes The District Court of Western Australia, see Act No. 84 of 1969, s. 5 (3).

- "sequence of appeals" means a sequence of appeals in which each appeal that follows the last preceding appeal in the sequence is an appeal against the decision in the last preceding appeal;
- "the Board" means the Appeal Costs Board constituted under this Act:
- "the Fund" means the Suitors' Fund established under this Act;
- "Under Secretary" means the person holding the office of Under Secretary of the Crown Law Department of the State and includes any person for the time being duly acting in the place of the Under Secretary.
- (1) There shall be established and kept at the Suitors' survey a Fund to be called the "Suitors' Fund" established. Treasury a Fund to be called the "Suitors' Fund".

Amended by

- (2) The amounts referred to in subsection (2) of section six of this Act shall be paid into the Fund.
- (3) The amounts referred to in sections eleven. fourteen, fourteen A, and fifteen of this Act and the cost of the administration of this Act shall be paid out of the Fund.
- (4) All interest derived from the investment of the Fund forms part of the Fund.
- (5) The Fund is, subject to this Act, under the "This Act includes includes and management of the Board. See s. 4 No. 30 or direction, control and management of the Board.

(6) Where the Board certifies in writing to the Treasurer that the amount of money standing to the credit of the Fund is, for the time being, insufficient for the purposes of this Act, the Treasurer may, with the approval of the Governor, from time to time advance to the Fund from the Public Account (which is hereby to the necessary extent appropriated accordingly), advances of such amounts as are sufficient for the time being to make up the deficiency.

- (7) (a) Any amount advanced to the Fund pursuant to subsection (6) of this section shall be subsequently repaid to the Treasurer from the Fund by the Board, when money is available to the Fund to make the repayment, and the amount of each advance when so repaid shall be paid by the Treasurer into the Public Account.
- (b) The amount of any money so advanced by the Treasurer to the Fund is, while the money remains unpaid, a charge on the Fund.
- (8) Where the Board certifies in writing to the Treasurer that any money standing to the credit of the Fund is not immediately required for the purposes of this Act the Treasurer may temporarily invest so much of the money as he considers practicable so to do, in any investments authorised by law as those in which trust funds may be invested and shall cause all interest therefrom to be paid to the credit of the Fund.
- (9) The accounts relating to the Fund shall be audited by the Auditor General appointed under the Audit Act, 1904.

Additional fees to be paid to the Fund. Amended by No. 113 of 1965, s. 8; No. 57 of 1971, s. 4.

- 5. (1) There shall be paid to the proper officer of the appropriate Court—
  - (a) upon the issue of any writ of summons whereby an action is commenced in the Supreme Court or The District Court of Western Australia;
  - (b) upon the entry of plaint in the Local Court; or
  - (c) upon the issue of any summons to a defendant upon complaint under the Justices Act, 1902 whereby any proceeding is commenced in a Court of Petty Sessions,

in addition to any fee which may be payable in respect thereof under any Act or rules of any Court, the sum of ten cents or such other sum not

exceeding twenty cents as may from time to time be prescribed.

- (2) The words "or The District Court of Western Australia", in paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of this section, are deemed to have been included therein on and from the 1st April, 1970.
- 6. (1) During the months of January, April, Secretary July and October of each year, the Under Secretary to advise treasurer of shall cause to be prepared and sent to the Treasurer, of writs, etc. a statement signed by him, specifying the total Amended by number of processes referred to in section five of 1978, 8.2. this Act, upon which a fee is payable under this Act, that appear from records in the custody or control of the Crown Law Department of the State, to have been issued out of or returnable in the Supreme Court, The District Court of Western Australia, Local Courts or Courts of Petty Sessions during the period of three months immediately preceding the first day of the month in which the statement is prepared.

- (2) The Treasurer shall, as soon as practicable after the receipt by him of the statement referred to in subsection (1) of this section, cause to be paid out of the Public Account (which is hereby to the necessary extent appropriated accordingly) and into the Fund, an amount equal to the total sum of the additional fee payable under section five of this Act that is paid into the Public Account in respect of the processes specified in the statement.
- (1) Payment shall not be made out of the Payment out of the Of Fund. Fund except upon and in accordance with a written direction of the Board.
- (2) The Board shall not issue such a direction unless it is satisfied that the payment from the Fund to which the direction relates is authorised by

Appeal Costs

8. (1) For the purposes of this Act there shall be a Board to be called the "Appeal Costs Board".

Constitution of Board.

- (2) The Board shall consist of three members appointed by the Governor of whom—
  - (a) one shall be appointed as Chairman of the Board;
  - (b) one shall be a person who is nominated in writing by the Law Society of Western Australia (Inc.) and who is willing to act as a member of the Board; and
  - (c) one shall be a person who is nominated in writing by the Barristers' Board constituted under the Legal Practitioners Act, 1893 and who is so willing.

Power to Minister to appoint in default of nomination. (3) If either of the bodies referred to in subsection (2) of this section does not within thirty days after being requested in writing by the Minister so to do, submit a nomination of a person as member of the Board, the Minister may, without the nomination, appoint an otherwise eligible person to be a member of the Board to represent the interests of the body in default and the person so appointed shall for all purposes be deemed to be duly appointed.

Removal.

(4) The Governor may at any time remove any person appointed to the Board and appoint another otherwise eligible person in his stead to represent, where the case requires, the interests of the body represented by the member in whose place he is appointed.

Term of member.

(5) Each member appointed to the Board including the Chairman thereof, is entitled to hold office for such term not exceeding three years as the Governor specifies at the time of his appointment and is eligible for re-appointment.

Vacancy in office of member. (6) The exercise or performance of the functions or powers of the Board is not affected by reason only of there being a vacancy in the office of a member.

9. (1) The Chairman shall preside at all Chairman to preside at meetings. meetings of the Board at which he is present.

- Quorum. (2) At a meeting of the Board two members constitute a quorum.
- Decisions. (3) A question arising at a meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of the votes of the members present.
- (4) Where two members only are present at a Deadlock. meeting of the Board, if those members differ in opinion upon any question the decision on the question shall be deferred to a meeting of the Board at which all three members thereof are present.

(5) Subject to this Act the Board may regulate of Board. its own proceedings.

(6) The functions of the Board are—

Functions of Board.

- (a) to exercise and discharge the powers, duties, functions authorities. obligations conferred and imposed on the Board by or under this Act; and
- (b) to advise the Minister upon any matter submitted by him to the Board for its advice that relates to the operation of this Act.
- (7) There may be appointed by the Governor a officers of Board. Secretary to the Board and such other officers as are necessary for carrying out the objects of this Act.

- 10. (1) Where an appeal against the decision of Power to grant Indemnity a Court in any proceedings-
  - (a) to the Supreme Court;
  - (b) to the High Court of Australia from a 1978, s. 3. decision of the Supreme Court;
  - (c) to the Queen in Council from a decision of the High Court of Australia given in an appeal from a decision of the Supreme Court: or

certificate. Amended by No. 72 of 1969, s. 3; No. 58 of

(d) to the Queen in Council from a decision of the Supreme Court,

on a question of law succeeds, the Supreme Court may, upon application made to the Court in that behalf by any party to the proceedings, grant to the respondent to the appeal or to all or any of several respondents to the appeal an indemnity certificate in respect of that appeal.

- (2) Whenever an appeal against the decision of a Court in any proceedings to The District Court of Western Australia on a question of law succeeds, The District Court of Western Australia may, upon application made to it in that behalf by any party to the proceedings, grant to the respondent to the appeal or to all or any of several respondents to the appeal an indemnity certificate in respect of that appeal.
- (3) The jurisdiction conferred upon the Supreme Court or The District Court of Western Australia by subsection (1) or (2) of this section may be exercised by a Judge of the Supreme Court or a District Court Judge, as the case may be, sitting in Chambers.

Certificate of indemnity entitles respondent to costs from the Fund.

Amended by No. 113 of 1965, g. 8.

- 11. (1) Subject to this Act, where a respondent to an appeal has been granted an indemnity certificate, the certificate entitles the respondent to be paid from the Fund—
  - (a) an amount equal to the appellant's costs—
    - (i) of the appeal in respect of which the indemnity certificate was granted; and also
    - (ii) where that appeal is an appeal in a sequence of appeals, of any appeal or appeals in the sequence that preceded the appeal in respect of which the certificate of indemnity was granted,

ordered to be paid and actually paid by the respondent;

- (b) an amount equal to the respondent's costs—
  - (i) of the appeal in respect of which the certificate was granted; and also
  - (ii) where that appeal is an appeal in a sequence of appeals, of an appeal or appeals in the sequence that preceded the appeal in respect of which the certificate was granted,

as taxed or agreed upon by the Board and the respondent or the respondent's solicitor and not ordered to be paid by any other party; and

- (c) where the costs referred to in paragraph (b) of this subsection are taxed at the instance of the respondent an amount equal to the costs incurred by the respondent in having the costs taxed.
- (2) Where an indemnity certificate has been granted, and the Board is satisfied—
  - (a) that the respondent unreasonably refuses or neglects or is unable through lack of means to pay to the appellant the costs referred to in paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of this section or any part of those costs; or
  - (b) that payment of those costs or part of those costs would cause the respondent undue hardship; or
  - (c) that the respondent cannot be found and the costs or part of those costs have not already been paid by the respondent and the certificate of taxation in respect thereof is produced to the Board,

the Board may direct in writing that an amount equal to those costs or to the part of those costs not already paid by the respondent be paid from the Fund for and on behalf of the respondent to the appellant, and thereupon the appellant is entitled to payment from the Fund in accordance with the direction of the Board and the Fund is discharged from liability to the respondent in respect of those costs to the extent of the amount paid in accordance with the direction.

- (3) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section—
  - (a) the aggregate of the amounts payable from the Fund pursuant to paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (1) of this section shall not exceed the amount payable from the Fund pursuant to paragraph (a) of that subsection; and
  - (b) the amount payable from the Fund to any one respondent pursuant to an indemnity certificate shall not in any case exceed the sum of one thousand dollars or such other amount as may from time to time be prescribed.<sup>1</sup>

Indemnity certificate vacated in certain circumstances.

- 12. (1) An indemnity certificate granted to a respondent in respect of an appeal, being an appeal in a sequence of appeals, is vacated if—
  - (a) in a later appeal in the sequence the successful party to the appeal is the one to whom the indemnity certificate was granted; or
  - (b) an indemnity certificate is granted in respect of a later appeal in the sequence and the respondent to the earlier appeal is a party to the later appeal.

<sup>1</sup> Prescribed as \$2 000 by Reg. 14 in G.G. 10/11/70, p. 3461.

- (2) An indemnity certificate granted to a respondent in respect of an appeal—
  - (a) where a time is limited for appealing against the decision in the appeal, is inoperative during the time so limited;
  - (b) where a time is not limited for appealing against the decision in the appeal, is inoperative until an application for leave to appeal against that decision has been determined and where leave to appeal is granted, until the appeal is instituted, or until the respondent lodges with the Board a written undertaking by him that he will not apply for leave to appeal or appeal against the decision in the appeal, whichever first happens; and
  - (c) is, where the decision in the appeal is the subject of an appeal, inoperative during the pendency of the appeal notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this subsection.
- (3) Where the appeal and a later appeal or later appeals form a sequence of appeals and the indemnity certificate has not been vacated under subsection (1) of this section, any reference in subsection (2) of this section—
  - (a) to the decision in the appeal shall be construed as including a reference to the decision in the later appeal or in each such later appeal, as the case may be; and
  - (b) to the pendency of the appeal shall be construed as including a reference to the pendency of the later appeal or of each such later appeal, as the case may be.
- (4) (a) Where an undertaking has been given by a respondent under paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of this section and thereafter the respondent applies for leave to appeal or appeals against the decision in respect of which the undertaking was given, the respondent shall, upon written demand being made in that behalf by the Board, pay to the

Board any amount paid to him, or for and on his behalf under the indemnity certificate and in default of payment of the amount by the respondent in accordance with the demand, that amount may be recovered by the Board from the respondent as a debt in any court of competent jurisdiction.

- (b) Any amount paid to or recovered by the Board under this subsection shall be paid by it into the Fund.
- (5) Nothing in this section affects the operation of subsection (1) of this section.

Costs certificates. Added by No. 57 of 1971, s. 5.

- 12A. (1) Where after the coming into operation of the Suitors' Fund Act Amendment Act, 1971, on an appeal against a conviction for an indictable offence the conviction is quashed without a new trial being ordered, the Supreme Court may, upon application made to it in that behalf, grant to the appellant a costs certificate in respect of the costs of the appeal or such part of those costs as the Court may determine.
- (2) Where after the coming into operation of the Suitors' Fund Act Amendment Act, 1971, an appeal on a question of law succeeds and the Court that allowed the appeal would, but for the provisions of some other Act or law, have ordered costs of the appeal, fixed or to be taxed, or some proportion thereof, to be paid by the respondent—
  - (a) that Court shall make a finding to that effect and shall specify the amount of costs it would have fixed or state that it would have directed them to be taxed, or what proportion of the taxed costs it would have ordered to be paid, as the case requires; and
  - (b) the Supreme Court may, upon application made to it in that behalf, grant a costs certificate to the appellant and, if so, shall include in it the substance of the finding referred to in paragraph (a) of this subsection.

- (3) The jurisdiction of the Supreme Court to grant a costs certificate may be exercised by a judge sitting in chambers.
- (4) Subject to this Act, where an appellant has been granted a costs certificate, the certificate shall entitle the appellant to be paid from the Fund—
  - (a) if the certificate was granted under subsection (1) of this section—
    - (i) an amount equal to the appellant's costs of the appeal in respect of which the certificate was granted as taxed or agreed upon by the Board and the appellant or the appellant's solicitor, or equal to such part of those costs as the Supreme Court has determined, as the case requires; and
    - (ii) where the costs referred to in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph are taxed, an amount equal to the costs incurred by the appellant in having those costs taxed; or
  - (b) if the certificate was granted under subsection (2) of this section—
    - (i) the amount of costs of the appeal which the Court that allowed the appeal would have ordered to be paid by the respondent; or
    - (ii) the taxed costs of the appeal, or such proportion of the taxed costs as that Court would have ordered to be paid by the respondent, including the costs incurred by the appellant in having those costs taxed, or in lieu of the taxed costs or that proportion of them an amount agreed upon by the Board and the appellant or the appellant's solicitor,

as the case requires.

(5) The amount payable from the Fund to any one appellant pursuant to a costs certificate shall not in any case exceed the sum of one thousand dollars or such other amount as may from time to time be prescribed.

No appeal lies against grant or refusal of a certificate. Amended by No. 113 of 1965, s. 8; No. 57 of 1971, s. 6; No. 58 of 1978, s. 4.

- 13. (1) In the case of an application for—
  - (a) an indemnity certificate, The District Court of Western Australia or the Supreme Court; or
- (b) a costs certificate, the Supreme Court, may grant or refuse that application and no appeal lies against that grant or refusal.
- (2) An indemnity certificate shall not be granted in respect of an appeal from proceedings begun in a court of first instance before the coming into operation of this Act.
- (3) An indemnity certificate or a costs certificate shall not be granted in favour of the Crown or a company or foreign company that has a paid up capital of or equivalent to two hundred thousand dollars or more.

Abortive proceedings and new trials after proceedings discontinued.
Amended by No. 113 of 1965, s. 8; No. 72 of 1969, s. 4; No. 57 of 1971 of

- 14. (1) Where after the coming into operation of this Act—
  - (a) any civil or criminal proceedings are rendered abortive by the death or protracted illness of the judge, magistrate or justice before whom the proceedings were had or by disagreement on the part of the jury where the proceedings are with a jury;
  - (b) an appeal on a question of law against the conviction of a person (in this section called "the appellant") convicted on indictment or complaint is upheld and a new trial is ordered; or

- (c) the hearing of any civil or criminal proceeding is discontinued and a new trial is ordered by the presiding judge, magistrate or justice for a reason not attributable in any way to the act, neglect or default in the case of civil proceedings of all or any one or more of the parties thereto or their counsel or solicitors, or, in the case of criminal proceedings, of the accused or his counsel or solicitor, and the presiding judge, magistrate or justice grants a certificate, which he is hereby empowered to grant—
  - (i) in the case of civil proceedings—to any party thereto stating the reason why the proceedings were discontinued and a new trial ordered and that the reason was not attributable in any way to the act, neglect or default of all or any one or more of the parties to the proceedings or their counsel or solicitors; or
  - (ii) in the case of criminal proceedings—
    to the accused stating the reason
    why the proceedings were
    discontinued and a new trial
    ordered and that the reason was not
    attributable in any way to the act,
    neglect or default of the accused or
    his counsel or solicitor,

or where after the coming into operation of the Suitors' Fund Act Amendment Act, 1971—

(d) a criminal proceeding in any Court is adjourned by or on behalf of the prosecution and the presiding judge, magistrate or justice grants a certificate, which he is hereby empowered to grant if he is satisfied that by reason of the adjournment the accused has necessarily incurred expense, to the accused stating the reason why the proceedings were adjourned and that the reason was not attributable in any way to the act, neglect or default of the accused or his counsel or solicitor,

and any party to the civil proceedings or the accused in the criminal proceedings or the appellant, as the case may be, incurs additional costs by reason of the new trial that is had as a consequence of the proceedings being so rendered abortive or as a consequence of the order for a new trial or as a consequence of the adjournment, then the Board may, upon application made to it in that behalf, direct the payment from the Fund to the party or the accused or the appellant, as the case may be, of the costs or such part thereof, as the Board may determine incurred by the party or the accused or the appellant in the proceedings before they were rendered abortive or were adjourned or conviction was quashed or the hearing of the proceedings was so discontinued.

- (1a) For the purposes of this section a criminal proceeding is deemed to have been adjourned where the prosecution has notified the accused or his counsel or solicitor that a date has been fixed for the hearing of the proceedings and the proceeding is, without his consent, not listed for hearing on that day.
- (1b) An application for a certificate under subsection (1) of this section with respect to the adjournment of a criminal proceeding may be made when the proceedings come on for hearing and a certificate may then be granted in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of this section.
- (2) An amount shall not be paid from the Fund under this section to the Crown or to a company or foreign company that has a paid up capital of or equivalent to two hundred thousand dollars or more.

14A. (1) Where after the coming into operation Legal representation of the Legal Representation of Infants Act, 1977, a tation of infants. guardian ad litem is appointed pursuant to that Added by Act to represent the interests of an infant in any 1977, s. 4. proceedings and the Court orders that the costs of such representation, or any portion of such costs, shall be paid out of the Suitors' Fund the Court shall specify the amount of the costs to be so paid or direct them to be taxed and specify the proportion of the taxed costs so to be paid and the order shall thereupon entitle the guardian ad litem to be paid from the Fund—

- (a) the amount so specified; or
- (b) an amount equal to that proportion of the costs as so taxed, together with such further costs as may be incurred by him in having the costs of the proceedings so taxed; or
- (c) an amount agreed upon by the Board and the solicitor representing the guardian ad litem.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, the amount payable from the Fund in respect of any proceedings where an order is so made shall not in any case exceed one thousand dollars or such other amount as may from time to time be prescribed.

## (1) In this section— 14B.

"patient" includes an incapable person within sanction the meaning of the Mental Health Act, 1962; and any person who, by reason of No. 37 of 1978, s. 2. mental illness, defect or infirmity, however occasioned, is declared by the Court to be incapable of managing his affairs in respect of any proceedings to which the declaration relates, and any person who is an incapable or infirm person within the patient meaning of the Public Trustee Act, 1941;

"person under disability" means a person who is an infant or a patient;

Added by

- "settlement" includes a compromise of an action or of an appeal, acceptance of money paid into Court and an acceptance of an offer to consent to judgment.
- (2) Where in any action or appeal—
  - (a) there is a claim or appeal by or on behalf of a person under disability;
  - (b) the person under disability or his next friend has applied to the Court for an order approving the proposed settlement;
  - (c) the Court refuses to approve the proposed settlement;
  - (d) on trial of the action or in an appeal brought in relation thereto the amount awarded is not more than the amount offered in the proposed settlement; and
  - (e) the person under disability or his next friend is ordered to pay the whole or any part of the costs of the action or appeal on any ground,

the Court before which the action is tried, or the Court by which the appeal is heard, as the case may be, may, upon application made to it in that behalf, grant to the person under disability or his next friend an indemnity certificate.

- (3) An indemnity certificate granted under subsection (2) of this section entitles the person under disability or his next friend to be paid from the Fund—
  - (a) the costs of the action or the appeal ordered to be paid by the person under disability or his next friend; and
  - (b) the costs of the action or appeal, as the case may be, as determined by the Board, incurred by or on behalf of the person under disability after the date on which the Court refused to approve the settlement.

- (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (3) of this section, the total amount payable from the Fund in respect of any proceedings in respect of which a certificate is so granted shall not in any case exceed five thousand dollars or such other amount as may from time to time be prescribed.
- 15. (1) Where after the coming into operation New trial on of this Act, a new trial is ordered in an action on the ground that the damages awarded in the action the ground that the damages awarded in the action excessive or inadequate. were excessive or inadequate, the respondent to the Amended by appeal or motion for the new trial is entitled to be 1965, s. 8; paid from the Fund—

- (a) an amount equal to the costs of the appellant in the appeal or motion for and upon the new trial ordered to be paid and actually paid by the respondent but where the Board is satisfied—
  - (i) that the respondent unreasonably refuses or neglects or is unable through lack of means to pay the whole of those costs or part thereof;

or

- (ii) that payment of those costs or part thereof would cause the respondent undue hardship; or
- (iii) that the respondent cannot be found and the costs or part of those costs have not already been paid by the respondent and the Certificate of respect Taxation in thereof produced to the Board,

the Board may direct in writing that an amount equal to those costs or to the part of those costs not already paid by the respondent be paid from the Fund for and on behalf of the respondent to the appellant and thereupon the appellant is entitled to payment from the Fund in accordance with the direction of the Board and the Fund is discharged from liability to the respondent in respect of those costs to the extent of the amount paid in accordance with the direction;

- (b) an amount equal to the respondent's costs of the appeal or motion for and upon the new trial, as taxed or agreed upon by the Board and the respondent or the respondent's solicitor and not ordered to be paid by any other party; and
- (c) where the costs referred to in paragraph (b) of this subsection are taxed at the instance of the respondent an amount equal to the costs incurred by him in having those costs taxed.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) of this section—
  - (a) the aggregate of the amounts payable from the Fund pursuant to paragraphs (b) and
    (c) of that subsection shall not exceed the amount payable from the Fund pursuant to paragraph (a) of that subsection; and
  - (b) the amount payable from the Fund to any one respondent in respect of the appeal or motion for a new trial shall not in any case exceed the sum of one thousand dollars or such other amount as may from time to time be prescribed.
- (2a) The provisions of subsections (1) and (2) of this section relating to the entitlement of a respondent to an appeal to be paid from the Fund amounts in respect of costs of an appeal apply, with

such modifications as are necessary, where, after the coming into operation of the Suitors' Fund Act Amendment Act, 1971, on an appeal in an action a new trial is not ordered but damages awarded in the action are altered on the ground that they were excessive or inadequate.

- (3) This section does not apply where the respondent to the appeal or motion for the new trial is the Crown or a company or foreign company that has a paid up capital of or equivalent to two hundred thousand dollars.
- 15A. Notwithstanding any other provision of Subsidiary and related this Act, where it appears to the Board that a corporations. corporation is, under and for the purposes of the No.57 of 1971, s. 9. Companies Act, 1961, deemed to be a subsidiary of, or related to, another corporation that has a paid up capital of or equivalent to two hundred thousand dollars or more, an amount shall not be paid from the Fund to that first mentioned corporation.

16. Neither the Board nor a person who is, or Exemption from the Board is liable in any personal has been, a member of the Board is liable in any personal liability. action or proceeding for anything done or omitted in good faith, in or in connection with, the exercise or purported exercise of any power conferred, or the carrying out of any duty imposed on the Board by this Act.

17. The Governor may make regulations Regulations. prescribing all matters that by this Act are required or authorised to be prescribed or that are necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to the provisions of this Act and in particular may make regulations for or with respect

- (a) the manner of operating on the Fund;
- (b) the taxation or assessment of costs for the purposes of this Act in circumstances not provided for under the rules of the appropriate Court or where a party to an appeal refuses or neglects to tax his costs;
- (c) regulating the preparation and service of bills of costs proposed to be taxed for the purposes of this Act; and
- (d) prescribing forms for the purposes of this Act.