



Western Australia

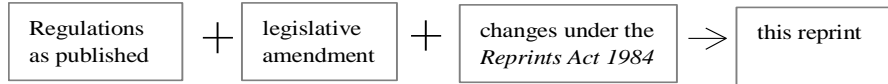
Health Act 1911

Health (Meat Hygiene) Regulations 2001

Reprint 1: The Regulations as at 14 March 2003

Guide for using this reprint

What the reprint includes



Endnotes, Compilation table, and Table of provisions that have not come into operation

1. Details about the original regulations and legislation that has amended its text are shown in the Compilation table in endnote 1, at the back of the reprint. The table also shows any previous reprint.
2. Transitional, savings, or other provisions identified in the Compilation table may be important. The table may refer to another endnote setting out the text of these provisions in full.
3. A table of provisions that have not come into operation, to be found in endnote 1a if it is needed, lists any provisions of the regulations being reprinted that have not come into operation and any amendments that have not come into operation. The full text is set out in another endnote that is referred to in the table.

Notes amongst text (italicised and within square brackets)

1. If the reprint includes a regulation that was inserted, or has been amended, since the regulations being reprinted were made, editorial notes at the foot of the regulation give some history of how the regulation came to be as it is. If the regulation replaced an earlier regulation, no history of the earlier regulation is given (the full history of the regulations is in the Compilation table).

Notes of this kind may also be at the foot of Schedules or headings.

2. The other kind of editorial note shows something has been —
 - removed (because it was repealed or deleted from the law); or
 - omitted under the *Reprints Act 1984* s. 7(4) (because, although still technically part of the text, it no longer has any effect).

The text of anything removed or omitted can be found in an earlier reprint (if there is one) or one of the written laws identified in the Compilation table.

Reprint numbering and date

1. The reprint number (in the footer of each page of the document) shows how many times the regulations have been reprinted. For example, numbering a reprint as “Reprint 3” would mean that the reprint was the 3rd reprint since the regulations were published. Reprint numbering was implemented as from 1 January 2003.
2. The information in the reprint is current on the date shown as the date as at which the regulations are reprinted. That date is not the date when the reprint was published by the State Law Publisher and it is probably not the date when the most recent amendment had effect.

Western Australia

Health (Meat Hygiene) Regulations 2001

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Defined Terms



Reprinted under the
Reprints Act 1984 as
at 14 March 2003

Western Australia

Health Act 1911

Health (Meat Hygiene) Regulations 2001

Part 1 — Preliminary

1. Citation

These regulations may be cited as the *Health (Meat Hygiene) Regulations 2001*¹.

2. Interpretation

In these regulations —

“**abattoir**” means a slaughter-house or other premises used for or in connection with the slaughtering of animals, including holding yards and similar places;

“**animal**” does not include a fish, crustacean or mollusc;

“**brand**” includes mark or stamp;

“**carcase**” means the whole or part of the body of a slaughtered animal but excludes any part (such as blood, viscera, head or hide) removed or severed during or immediately following slaughter;

“**EDPH**” means the Executive Director, Public Health;

“**game**” has the same meaning as in section 207A of the *Health Act 1911*;

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“inspector” means —

- (a) an officer appointed under section 6 of the *Health Legislation Administration Act 1984*;
- (b) an officer appointed under section 27 of the *Health Act 1911*; or
- (c) an authorised officer (including a veterinary officer), meat inspector or food standards officer employed by the Commonwealth under the *Public Service Act 1922*² or the *Export Control Act 1982* and performing meat inspection functions in accordance with an arrangement between the Commonwealth and the State;

“poultry” means avian species ordinarily consumed by humans (such as fowls, ducks, geese, turkeys, pigeons, pheasants, quails and guinea fowls) other than ratites;

“processing premises” means premises where meat is processed for human consumption (including premises where smallgoods are manufactured) other than —

- (a) retail butchers premises;
- (b) field depots or game processing establishments within the meaning of Part 4;

“slaughter” means slaughter for food for human consumption;

“standard” means an Australian Standard published by the Agriculture and Resource Management Council of Australia and New Zealand, as amended from time to time.

3. Animals prescribed as game

For the purposes of section 207A of the Act, camel is prescribed as game.

4. Adoption of standards

- (1) These standards are adopted and form part of these regulations —
 - (a) the *Australian Standard for Hygienic Production of Meat for Human Consumption* (“**Meat Standard**”);

-
- (b) the *Australian Standard for Hygienic Production of Rabbit Meat for Human Consumption* (“**Rabbit Standard**”);
 - (c) the *Australian Standard for Hygienic Production of Ratite (Emu/Ostrich) Meat for Human Consumption* (“**Ratite Standard**”);
 - (d) the *Australian Standard for Hygienic Production of Crocodile Meat for Human Consumption* (“**Crocodile Standard**”);
 - (e) the *Australian Standard for Hygienic Production of Game Meat for Human Consumption* (“**Game Standard**”);
 - (f) the *Australian Standard for Hygienic Production of Poultry Meat for Human Consumption* as varied by subregulation (4) (“**Poultry Standard**”);
 - (g) the *Australian Standard for the Transportation of Meat for Human Consumption* as varied by subregulation (5) (“**Transport Standard**”);
 - (h) the *Australian Standard for Construction of Premises Processing Animals for Human Consumption* (“**Animal Processing Premises Standard**”); and
 - (i) the *Australian Standard for Construction of Premises Processing Meat for Human Consumption* (“**Meat Processing Premises Standard**”).
- (2) For the purposes of these regulations, in a standard adopted by subregulation (1) —
- (a) a reference to the “Controlling Authority” is to be read as a reference to the EDPH; and
 - (b) a requirement for a material, facility or thing to be adequate, it is to be read as a requirement that it be adequate in the opinion of the EDPH.
- (3) The EDPH is not to approve a quality assurance arrangement for a premises to which the —
- (a) Meat Standard;

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- (b) Rabbit Standard;
- (c) Ratite Standard;
- (d) Crocodile Standard; or
- (e) Game Standard,

applies unless satisfied that at least one person who is an inspector within paragraph (a) or (b) of the definition of “inspector” will be present at the premises when carcasses are slaughtered.

- (4) For the purposes of these regulations Part 6 of the *Australian Standard for Hygienic Production of Poultry Meat for Human Consumption* is amended as follows:

- (a) in section 6.12 by deleting “a free residual chlorine level shall be detectable in the discharge water” and inserting instead —

“

a minimum bacterial effect equivalent to 5mg per litre free chlorine must be maintained

”.

- (b) in section 6.13 by inserting at the end of the second paragraph —

“

When chlorinated water is used a minimum bacterial effect equivalent to 5mg per litre free chlorine must be maintained at all times.

”.

- (5) For the purposes of these regulations, Part 1 of the *Australian Standard for the Transportation of Meat for Human Consumption* is amended in the fourth paragraph by deleting “should be encouraged to” and inserting instead —

“ shall ”.

- (6) For the purposes of section 344A(3) of the Act, the following office is prescribed as the place at which the standards adopted by this regulation are available for public inspection —

Environmental Health Services of the Health
Department of Western Australia³,
Grace Vaughan House,
227 Stubbs Terrace,
Shenton Park

Part 2 — Inspection, branding and processing of meat

5. Application of Part 2 to primary producers

- (1) This Part does not apply in respect of an animal if the animal is slaughtered —
 - (a) by or for a primary producer;
 - (b) on the land on which the primary producer carries on the farming or grazing business; and
 - (c) for consumption by the primary producer or his or her immediate family or employees.
- (2) In subregulation (1) —

“primary producer” means a person who carries out or is engaged in the business of farming or grazing on land that is —

 - (a) zoned for rural purposes under a town planning scheme; and
 - (b) used solely or principally for agricultural or grazing purposes or for a combination of those purposes.

6. Inspection

- (1) The operator of an abattoir must ensure that every animal slaughtered in the abattoir is inspected by an inspector in accordance with the relevant standard adopted by regulation 4.
- (2) Subregulation (1) does not apply in relation to an abattoir in the districts of Kellerberrin or Kondinin.

7. Branding carcasses fit for human consumption

- (1) When an inspector inspects a carcass and passes it as fit for human consumption the inspector must brand the carcass, or cause it to be branded, as required by this regulation using a brand set out in Schedule 1.

- (2) Subregulation (1) does not apply in relation to —
 - (a) an animal slaughtered in the districts of Kellerberrin or Kondinin; or
 - (b) poultry.
- (3) Except in the case of rabbits, the carcass is to be branded on each side.
- (4) If the animal is a bovine the carcass is to be branded —
 - (a) on the outside of the buttock;
 - (b) on the outside of the ribs; and
 - (c) on the shoulder.
- (5) If the animal is a sheep, goat or deer the carcass is to be branded —
 - (a) on the outside of the leg; and
 - (b) on the shoulder.
- (6) If the animal is a pig the carcass is to be branded —
 - (a) on the outside of the leg;
 - (b) on the outside of the loin;
 - (c) on the shoulder; and
 - (d) on the outside of the cheek.
- (7) If the animal is game other than a rabbit, the carcass is to be branded —
 - (a) on the outside of the buttock; and
 - (b) on the shoulder.
- (8) If the animal is a rabbit the carcass is to be branded on one side of the neck.
- (9) A brand affixed under this regulation is to be red in colour and made from —
 - (a) one of the synthetic colouring substances specified in Standard A5(2)(d)(i) of Volume 1 of the Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code as adopted by the *Health*

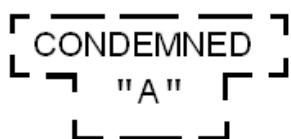
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*(ANZ Food Standards Code Adoption)
Regulations 2001; or*

- (b) a substance approved by the EDPH.

8. Branding carcasses unfit for human consumption

- (1) When an inspector inspects a carcase, other than poultry, and rejects it as unfit for human consumption the inspector must brand the shoulders, loins and legs of the carcase, or the portion of the carcase that is rejected, with this brand —



where A = Identifying number allocated to the establishment by the Western Australian Meat Industry Authority.

- (2) A brand affixed under this regulation is to be blue in colour and made from —
- (a) one of the synthetic colouring substances specified in Standard A5(2)(d)(i) of Volume 1 of the Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code as adopted by the *Health (ANZ Food Standards Code Adoption) Regulations 2001*; or
- (b) a substance approved by the EDPH.

9. Offences relating to brands

- (1) A person other than an inspector or a person acting on the direction of an inspector must not brand a carcase.
- (2) A person must not brand a carcase other than in accordance with this Part.
- (3) A person must not manufacture a brand set out in Schedule 1, or which purports to be, or resembles, such a brand, unless —
- (a) the person has the written authority of the EDPH; or

- (b) the brand is made by a local government for use by inspectors in abattoirs in the district of that local government.
- (4) A person must not remove from a carcass before it is sold by way of retail sale a brand affixed under this Part.

10. Restriction on sale of carcasses

- (1) A person must not —
 - (a) sell;
 - (b) offer or expose for sale; or
 - (c) have in his or her possession for the purpose of sale, a carcass unless the carcass —
 - (d) is branded in accordance with this Part; or
 - (e) under regulation 7(2), is not required to be branded.
- (2) Subregulation (1) does not apply in relation to the sale, offering or exposure for sale, or possession for sale, in the districts of Kellerberrin or Kondinin of the carcass of an animal slaughtered in that district by a person approved by the EDPH.

11. Inspection fees

- (1) Where meat is inspected in accordance with this Part the operator of the premises where the meat is inspected must —
 - (a) lodge with the relevant local government a written and signed statement in a form approved by the local government; and
 - (b) pay to that local government the fees specified in Part 1 of Schedule 2 in respect of that local government.
- (2) Fees under subregulation (1) are payable weekly, fortnightly or monthly as determined by the local government and are to be paid within 7 days of the end of the week, fortnight or month.
- (3) If a determination has not been made under subregulation (2) the fees are payable monthly.

12. Local government to lodge returns

- (1) Within 14 days of the end of a quarter, a local government that received fees under regulation 11(1) during that quarter must lodge with the EDPH a statement giving details of the operations in respect of which those fees were received.
- (2) In this regulation —
“quarter” means a period of 3 months beginning on 1 July, 1 October, 1 January or 1 April in any year.

Part 3 — Premises used in meat production

13. Premises to comply with standards

- (1) The operator of an abattoir must ensure that it complies with the Animal Processing Premises Standard.
- (2) The operator of a processing premises must ensure that it complies with —
 - (a) the Meat Processing Premises Standard; and
 - (b) if poultry are processed at the premises, clause 6.17 of the Poultry Standard.

14. Processing to comply with standards

- (1) The operator of an abattoir or processing premises at which rabbits are slaughtered or processed must comply with the Rabbit Standard.
- (2) The operator of an abattoir or processing premises at which ratites are slaughtered or processed must comply with the Ratite Standard.
- (3) The operator of an abattoir or processing premises at which crocodiles are slaughtered or processed must comply with the Crocodile Standard.
- (4) The operator of an abattoir or processing premises at which poultry is slaughtered or processed must comply with the Poultry Standard.
- (5) The operator of an abattoir or processing premises at which any other animals are slaughtered or processed must, subject to subsection (6), comply with the Meat Standard.
- (6) The operator of an abattoir in the districts of Kellerberrin or Kondinin need not comply with clauses 7.1, 7.7 and 7.16 of Part 7 of the Meat Standard.

Part 4 — Premises used in game meat production

Division 1 — Preliminary

15. Interpretation

- (1) In this Part “**field depot**” and “**game processing establishment**” have the same meanings as they have in section 207A of the *Health Act 1911*.
- (2) For the purposes of this Part a reference in the Game Standard to “small game” is to be read as a reference to game other than buffalo, goat, kangaroo, pig and camel.

Division 2 — Premises to be registered

16. Construction and operation of game processing establishments and field depots

- (1) A person must not construct a game processing establishment unless the construction has been approved by the EDPH.
- (2) A person must not operate a field depot or a game processing establishment unless it is registered under this Division.
- (3) The operator of a field depot or game processing establishment must not make structural alterations to the depot or establishment unless the alteration has been approved by the EDPH.

17. Applications

- (1) An application for —
 - (a) approval to construct a game processing establishment;
 - (b) registration or renewal of registration of a field depot or game processing establishment; or
 - (c) approval to structurally alter a field depot or game processing establishment,is to be —
 - (d) made in the form of Form 1 in Schedule 3;

- (e) lodged with the local government of the district in which the field depot is initially to be operated; and
- (f) accompanied by —
 - (i) the information specified in Form 1; and
 - (ii) the fee set out in Part 2 of Schedule 2.
- (2) A local government with which an application is lodged under subregulation (1) —
 - (a) must forward the application to the EDPH; and
 - (b) may make recommendations to the EDPH with respect to the application.
- (3) A person must not make a statement or give information that the person knows is false or misleading in a material respect in connection with an application under this regulation.

18. Registration or approval

- (1) The EDPH must approve an application for the construction of a game processing establishment if satisfied that the establishment will comply with the Game Standard.
- (2) The EDPH must approve an application for registration, or renewal of registration, of a field depot or game processing establishment if satisfied that —
 - (a) the applicant is a fit and proper person to operate the depot or establishment;
 - (b) in the case of a field depot, the depot complies with Part 6 of the Game Standard; and
 - (c) in the case of a game processing establishment, the establishment complies with Part 8 of the Game Standard.
- (3) The EDPH must approve an application to structurally alter a field depot or game processing establishment if satisfied that the proposed alteration will comply with Part 6 or Part 8 (as the case requires) of the Game Standard.

- (4) If an application for registration or renewal of registration is not approved, the registration or renewal fee is to be refunded.

19. Certificate of registration

- (1) When the EDPH grants or renews the registration of a field depot or game processing establishment the EDPH is to issue to the applicant a certificate of registration.
- (2) The operator of a field depot or game processing establishment must, if directed to do so by the EDPH, return the certificate of registration to the EDPH if the registration is cancelled or suspended or is not renewed.

20. Duration of registration

The registration of a field depot of game processing establishment remains in force for 12 months from the date it is granted unless before then it is cancelled or suspended.

21. Suspension or cancellation of registration

- (1) If the operator of a field depot or game processing establishment is convicted of an offence against the Act, the EDPH may, by giving written notice to the operator —
- (a) suspend the registration of the field depot or game processing establishment for up to 1 month; or
 - (b) cancel that registration.
- (2) The suspension or cancellation of the registration of a field depot or game processing establishment is not effective unless the EDPH —
- (a) has given to the operator written notice of the intention to suspend or cancel the registration stating the grounds on which the suspension or cancellation is intended and allowing the operator 14 days within which to respond to the notice; and
 - (b) has had due regard to any response to the notice made within that time.

22. Appeal to Minister

- (1) A person aggrieved by a decision of the EDPH under this Division may appeal against the decision to the Minister.
- (2) An appeal is to be made in writing within 14 days of the decision of the EDPH and must set out the grounds for the appeal.
- (3) The operation of the decision to which an appeal relates is not affected by the making of the appeal unless the Minister otherwise orders.
- (4) The Minister is to determine the appeal on the material that was before the EDPH and on such other material as the Minister considers relevant.
- (5) On determining an appeal the Minister may —
 - (a) confirm, vary or set aside the decision of the EDPH; or
 - (b) substitute his or her own decision for that of the EDPH.

Division 3 — Operation of field depots and game processing establishments

23. Field depots

- (1) The operator of a field depot must comply with the Game Standard.
- (2) The operator of a field depot must not allow a carcase to be stored at the field depot unless it is game and has been game slaughtered and tagged in accordance with the Game Standard.

24. Game processing establishments

- (1) The operator of a game processing establishment must comply with the Game Standard.
- (2) The operator of a game processing establishment must ensure that carcasses of different kinds of game are not processed in the same part of the establishment at the same time.

Health (Meat Hygiene) Regulations 2001

Part 4 Premises used in game meat production

Division 3 Operation of field depots and game processing establishments

r. 25

- (3) An operator of a game processing establishment must ensure that the temperature in any part of the establishment where carcasses or meat are inspected, branded or processed does not exceed 10°C.

25. Inspector's powers

An inspector may inspect —

- (a) a field depot;
- (b) a game processing establishment; or
- (c) a vehicle used, or which the inspector reasonably suspects is being used, to transport game carcasses or meat.

Part 5 — Transport of meat

26. Vehicles transporting meat

- (1) The operator of a vehicle used for the transport of carcasses or meat must ensure that the vehicle complies with the Transport Standard.
- (2) For the purposes of these regulations a reference in the Transport Standard to “a meat carrying compartment”, does not include a reference to a vehicle used by a butcher solely for the purpose of conveying wrapped meat from a retail premises to a customer who purchased the meat by way of retail sale.

Part 6 — General

27. Offence and penalty

- (1) A person who contravenes these regulations commits an offence.

Penalty:

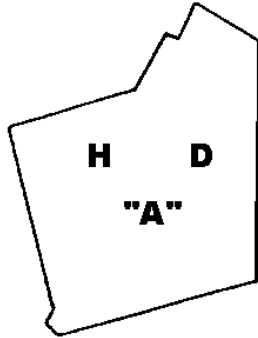
- (a) minimum —
- (i) in the case of a first offence, \$250;
 - (ii) in the case of a second offence, \$500; and
 - (iii) in the case of a third or subsequent offence, \$1 250;
- (b) maximum: \$2 500.
- (2) If the offence is a continuing offence, the offender is also liable to a daily penalty of not less than \$125 nor more than \$250 for each day for which the offence continues.

[28. Omitted under the Reprints Act 1984 s. 7(4)(f).]

Schedule 1 — Brands

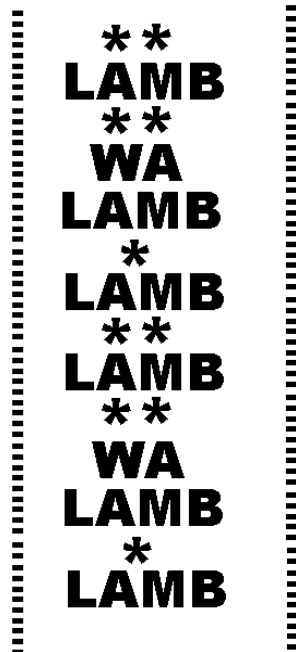
[r. 7]

1. Health Department of Western Australia³ brands



“A” = Identifying number allocated to the establishment by the Health Department of Western Australia³

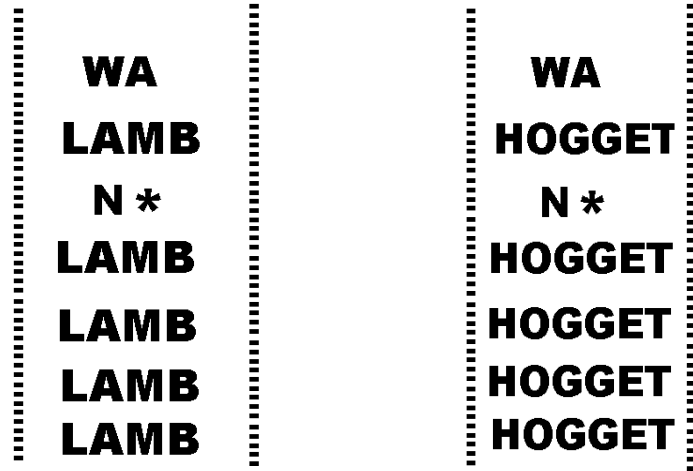
2. Western Australian Meat Industry Authority brands



* = Identifying number allocated to the establishment by the Western Australian Meat Industry Authority

** = Trade or company name or symbol

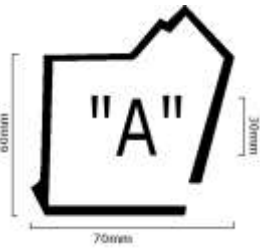
Schedule 1 Brands



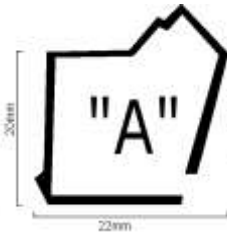
N * = Identifying number allocated to the establishment by the Western Australian Meat Industry Authority

3. Western Australian brands

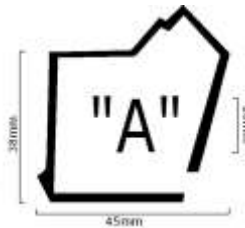
For large stock



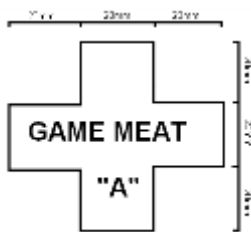
For rabbits



For other stock



“A” = Identifying number allocated to the establishment by the Western Australian Meat Industry Authority



For game

“A” = Identifying number allocated to the establishment by the Health Department of Western Australia³

4. Commonwealth brands



For game

"A" = Identifying number allocated to the establishment by the Commonwealth Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry

Schedule 2 Fees

Schedule 2 — Fees
Part 1 — Meat inspection fees

[r. 11]

	Local governments	Pigs	Fee per animal (\$)	
			Bovines 70kg and under and other animals	Bovines over 70kg
1	Augusta-Margaret River	5.50	1.10	8.80
2	Bunbury			
	• (Dardanup Butchering Company, Wimbridge Road, Picton)	1.85	0.45	2.70
	• (V&V Walsh, Wholesale Butchers, South Western Highway, Bunbury).....		0.13	0.66
3	Busselton		0.33	2.64
4	Capel		0.60	3.52
5	Coolgardie	1.10	0.22	
6	Corrigin	3.96	0.77	6.60
7	Esperance	3.30	0.66	5.28
8	Gingin		0.33	2.64
9	Greenough	5.50	1.54	9.20
10	Harvey		0.60	4.84
11	Manjimup	4.12	0.82	6.60
12	Merredin	1.10	0.22	1.76
13	Narrogen	2.47	0.49	3.96
14	Northam			
	• (Linley Valley Abattoir, Wooroloo Road, Northam)	1.38		
	• (Roediger Bros. Abattoir, Goomalling Road, Northam)		0.385	3.08
15	Plantagenet		0.66	5.28

	Local governments	Pigs	Fee per animal (\$)	
			Bovines 70kg and under and other animals	Bovines over 70kg
15A	Rockingham		0.55	
16	Serpentine-Jarrahdale		0.36	
17	Wyndham/East Kimberley ..		0.55	4.40

Part 2 — Game meat premises fees

[r. 17(1)(f)(ii)]

		\$
1	Application to construct game processing establishment	100
2	Application for registration or renewal of registration of field depot or game processing establishment	250
3	Application for approval to structurally alter field depot or game processing establishment	100

[Schedule 2 amended in Gazette 17 Jul 2001 p. 3636; 30 Nov 2001 p. 6073; 12 Mar 2002 p. 1031-2; 13 Aug 2002 p. 4180; 3 Dec 2002 p. 5712; 14 Feb 2003 p. 468.]

Schedule 3 — Forms

[r. 17(1)(d)]

Health (Meat Hygiene) Regulations 2001

**Game meat premises or field depot
Application**

Applicant	Name	
	Address	Postcode
	Phone No.	
Application	<input type="checkbox"/> New registration	If currently registered — Registration No. _____
	<input type="checkbox"/> Renewal of registration	
	<input type="checkbox"/> For approval to construct	
	<input type="checkbox"/> For approval to structurally alter	
Premises	<input type="checkbox"/> Game processing establishment	<input type="checkbox"/> Field depot
	Address / location	
	Local government district	
	For field depot, other districts where depot does or will operate	
Information to be provided with application for construction or alteration	Construction of game processing establishment	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • details of the kinds of game to be processed and the expected average weekly quantity of carcasses processed • plans and specifications of the establishment including details of compliance with Part 6 of the <i>Australian Standard for Hygienic Production of Game Meat for Human Consumption</i> 	
Applicant	Alterations	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • plans and specifications of the proposed alterations including details of compliance with Part 6 or Part 8 of the <i>Australian Standard for Hygienic Production of Game Meat for Human Consumption</i> 	
Applicant	Signature	Date



Notes

- ¹ This reprint is a compilation as at 14 March 2003 of the *Health (Meat Hygiene) Regulations 2001* and includes the amendments made by the other written laws referred to in the following table. The table also contains information about any reprint.

Compilation table

Citation	Gazettal	Commencement
<i>Health (Meat Hygiene) Regulations 2001</i>	1 Jun 2001 p. 2749-64	1 Jun 2001
<i>Health (Meat Hygiene) Amendment Regulations 2001</i>	17 Jul 2001 p. 3636	17 Jul 2001
<i>Health (Meat Hygiene) Amendment Regulations (No. 2) 2001</i>	30 Nov 2001 p. 6073	30 Nov 2001
<i>Health (Meat Hygiene) Amendment Regulations 2002</i>	12 Mar 2002 p. 1031-2	12 Mar 2002
<i>Health (Meat Hygiene) Amendment Regulations (No. 2) 2002</i>	13 Aug 2002 p. 4180	13 Aug 2002
<i>Health (Meat Hygiene) Amendment Regulations (No. 3) 2002</i>	3 Dec 2002 p. 5712	3 Dec 2002
<i>Health (Meat Hygiene) Amendment Regulations 2003</i>	14 Feb 2003 p. 468	14 Feb 2003

Reprint 1: The *Health (Meat Hygiene) Regulations 2001* as at 14 Mar 2003 (includes amendments listed above)

- ² Repealed by the *Public Employment (Consequential and Transitional) Amendment Act 1999* (Cwlth) No. 146 of 1999 s. 3. Now see the *Public Service Act 1999* (Cwlth) No. 147 of 1999.
- ³ Under the *Alteration of Statutory Designations Order (No. 3) 2001* a reference in any law to the Health Department of Western Australia is read and construed as a reference to the Department of Health.

Defined Terms

Defined Terms

*[This is a list of terms defined and the provisions where they are defined.
The list is not part of the law.]*

Defined Term	Provision(s)
abattoir	2
animal.....	2
Animal Processing Premises Standard.....	4(1)
brand	2
carcase.....	2
Crocodile Standard.....	4(1)
EDPH.....	2
field depot	15(1)
game.....	2
game processing establishment.....	15(1)
Game Standard.....	4(1)
inspector.....	2
Meat Processing Premises Standard.....	4(1)
Meat Standard	4(1)
poultry.....	2
Poultry Standard.....	4(1)
primary producer.....	5(2)
processing premises	2
quarter	12(2)
Rabbit Standard.....	4(1)
Ratite Standard.....	4(1)
slaughter	2
standard.....	2
Transport Standard.....	4(1)