



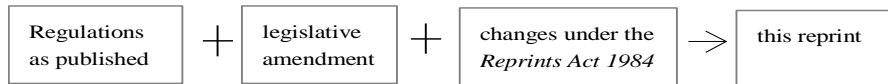
Western Australia

Land Administration Regulations 1998

Reprinted as at 6 September 2002

Guide for using this reprint

What the reprint includes



Endnotes, Compilation table, and Table of provisions that have not come into operation

1. Details about the original regulations and legislation that has amended its text are shown in the Compilation table in endnote 1, at the back of the reprint. The table also shows any previous reprint.
2. Transitional, savings, or other provisions identified in the Compilation table may be important. The table may refer to another endnote setting out the text of these provisions in full.
3. A table of provisions that have not come into operation, to be found in endnote 1a if it is needed, lists any provisions of the regulations being reprinted that have not come into operation and any amendments that have not come into operation. The full text is set out in another endnote that is referred to in the table.

Notes amongst text (italicised and within square brackets)

1. If the reprint includes a regulation that was inserted, or has been amended, since the regulations being reprinted were made, editorial notes at the foot of the regulation give some history of how the regulation came to be as it is. If the regulation replaced an earlier regulation, no history of the earlier regulation is given (the full history of the regulations is in the Compilation table).

Notes of this kind may also be at the foot of Schedules or headings.

2. The other kind of editorial note shows something has been —
 - removed (because it was repealed or deleted from the law); or
 - omitted under the *Reprints Act 1984* s. 7(4) (because, although still technically part of the text, it no longer has any effect).

The text of anything removed or omitted can be found in an earlier reprint (if there is one) or one of the written laws identified in the Compilation table.

Western Australia

Land Administration Regulations 1998

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Defined Terms



Reprinted under the
Reprints Act 1984 as
at 6 September 2002

Western Australia

Land Administration Act 1997

Land Administration Regulations 1998

Part 1 — Preliminary

1. Citation

These regulations may be cited as the *Land Administration Regulations 1998*¹.

2. Commencement

These regulations come into operation on the day fixed under section 2(1) of the Act¹.

Part 2 — General

3. Telecommunications network services prescribed as public utility services

- (1) The services supplied by a telecommunications network are prescribed for the purposes of the definition of “public utility services” in section 3(1) of the Act.
- (2) In subregulation (1) —
 “telecommunications network” has the same meaning as in the *Telecommunications Act 1997* of the Commonwealth.

3A. Classes of prescribed persons to whom Minister may delegate powers under section 18

- (1) Persons of the classes described in subregulation (2) are prescribed for the purposes of section 9(1)(c) of the Act when the power to be delegated is —
 - (a) a power of the Minister to give approval under section 18 of the Act to a proposed transaction involving Crown land; or
 - (b) a power of the Minister to make a requirement under section 18(5) of the Act in connection with the proposed transaction.
- (2) The classes of persons are —
 - (a) Ministers of the Crown responsible for Crown land transactions;
 - (b) persons responsible for Crown land transactions for which no Minister of the Crown is responsible;
 - (c) Ministers of the Crown responsible for a person described in paragraph (b); and
 - (d) officers for whom —
 - (i) a Minister described in paragraph (a); or

(ii) a person described in paragraph (b),
is responsible.

(3) In subregulation (2) —

“Crown land transaction” means a transaction to which
section 18 of the Act applies.

[Regulation 3A inserted in Gazette 20 Nov 1998 p. 6268.]

3B. Prescribed person for the purposes of section 9(1)(c) of the Act

For the purposes of section 9(1)(c) of the Act, the
Commissioner within the meaning of section 6 of the *Main
Roads Act 1930* and officers of the Commissioner appointed
under section 10(1) of that Act are a prescribed person.

[Regulation 3B inserted in Gazette 16 Jun 2000 p. 2943.]

4. Conditions of delegation by Minister of powers to convey or transfer fee simple in Crown land

If the Minister delegates under section 9(1) of the Act a power
conferred or duty imposed by the Act to convey or transfer the
fee simple in Crown land, the delegation is subject to the
conditions that —

- (a) subject to regulation 12, the advice of the
Valuer-General as to the market value of the land is
obtained, and regard is had to that advice when the price
for which the fee simple in the land is to be conveyed or
transferred is determined; or
- (b) the fee simple in the land is conveyed or transferred —
 - (i) by public auction, public tender or any other
process in which the public is given an
opportunity to participate;
 - (ii) by private treaty for a price that is not less than
90% of the price determined, on the advice of the
Valuer-General, as the reserve price of the land

for a public auction at which the bidding did not reach that reserve price; or

- (iii) in accordance with a recommendation of an advisory panel appointed by the Minister under section 73 of the Act.

[Regulation 4 amended in Gazette 10 Apr 2001 p. 2074.]

5. Procedures to be followed by local government before requesting acquisition of alienated land designated for public purpose

Before requesting the Minister under section 52(1)(a) of the Act to acquire as Crown land any alienated land designated for a public purpose (“**the subject land**”), a local government —

- (a) must give to the Minister a written description of the proposed future disposition of the subject land after it has been acquired; and
- (b) must give to the Minister written confirmation that the local government has complied with section 52(3) of the Act.

6. Procedures to be followed by local government before requesting acquisition of private road

- (1) Before requesting the Minister under section 52(1)(b) of the Act to acquire as Crown land any private road (“**the subject land**”), a local government —

- (a) must give to the Minister written confirmation that the local government has resolved to make the request, details of the date when the relevant resolution was passed and any other information relating to that resolution that the Minister may require;
- (b) must give to the Minister written reasons as to why the local government proposes to request the Minister to acquire the subject land;

- (c) must give to the Minister and to the persons given notice under section 52(3)(a) of the Act a sketch plan showing the proposed future disposition of the subject land after it has been acquired;
- (d) must give to the Minister written advice that the local government has taken all reasonable steps to identify the persons who are required to be given notice under section 52(3)(a) of the Act;
- (e) must give to the Minister —
 - (i) copies of any submissions (other than objections given under section 52(2)(b) of the Act) relating to the proposed request to acquire the subject land that, after complying with the requirements to give notice and advertise under section 52(3) of the Act, the local government has received; and
 - (ii) the local government's comments on those submissions;and
- (f) must give to the Minister written confirmation that the local government has complied with section 52(3) of the Act.

[(2) *repealed*]

[Regulation 6 amended in Gazette 16 Jun 2000 p. 2943.]

7. Procedures to be followed by local government before requesting acquisition of alienated land in a townsite

Before requesting the Minister under section 52(1)(c) of the Act to acquire as Crown land any alienated land in a townsite that the Minister proposes to abolish (“**the subject land**”), a local government —

- (a) must comply with regulation 6(1)(a), (b), (d), (e) and (f) as if those paragraphs were set out in this regulation;

- (b) without limiting section 52(3) of the Act, must advertise within the relevant townsite, in a notice placed on a signpost or otherwise in a manner approved by the Minister, the proposed request to acquire the subject land;
- (c) must give to the Minister a written description of the proposed future disposition of the subject land after it has been acquired; and
- (d) must give written notice that the local government proposes to request the Minister to acquire the subject land to —
 - (i) the Heritage Council of Western Australia established under the *Heritage of Western Australia Act 1990*; and
 - (ii) The National Trust of Australia (W.A.) established under the *National Trust of Australia (W.A.) Act 1964*.

8. Preparation and delivery by local government of request to dedicate land as a road

For the purposes of preparing and delivering under section 56(2)(a) of the Act a request to the Minister to dedicate land as a road, a local government must include with the request —

- (a) written confirmation that the local government has resolved to make the request, details of the date when the relevant resolution was passed and any other information relating to that resolution that the Minister may require;
- (b) if an application has been made to the local government under section 56(1)(b)(ii) of the Act, a copy of the application and details of the rateable value of all the rateable land relevant to the application;

- (c) if the request is made in respect of a private road referred to in section 56(1)(c) of the Act —
 - (i) written confirmation that the public has had uninterrupted use of the private road for a period of not less than 10 years;
 - (ii) a description of the section or sections of the public who have had that use; and
 - (iii) a description of how the private road is constructed;
- (d) copies of any submissions relating to the request that the local government has received, and the local government's comments on those submissions;
- (e) any other information the local government considers relevant to the Minister's consideration of the request; and
- (f) written confirmation that the local government has complied with section 56(2) of the Act.

9. Preparation and delivery by local government of request to close a road permanently

For the purposes of preparing and delivering under section 58(2) of the Act a request to the Minister to close a road permanently, a local government must include with the request —

- (a) written confirmation that the local government has resolved to make the request, details of the date when the relevant resolution was passed and any other information relating to that resolution that the Minister may require;
- (b) sketch plans showing the location of the road and the proposed future disposition of the land comprising the road after it has been closed;
- (c) copies of any submissions relating to the request that, after complying with the requirement to publish the relevant notice of motion under section 58(3) of the Act,

the local government has received, and the local government's comments on those submissions;

- (d) a copy of the relevant notice of motion referred to in paragraph (c);
- (e) any other information the local government considers relevant to the Minister's consideration of the request; and
- (f) written confirmation that the local government has complied with section 58(2) and (3) of the Act.

10. Prescribed manner of advertising requests to reserve Crown land as mall reserve

- (1) A local government must advertise the purpose and details of a request to reserve Crown land under section 59(1) of the Act as a mall reserve —
 - (a) in a newspaper circulating in the local government district in which the land is situated; and
 - (b) in a notice placed on a signpost on the land or otherwise in a manner approved by the Minister.
- (2) A local government must include with the request it sends to the Minister under section 59(3) of the Act —
 - (a) written confirmation that the local government has resolved to make the request, details of the date when the relevant resolution was passed and any other information relating to that resolution that the Minister may require;
 - (b) a copy of the advertisement as it appeared in the newspaper referred to in subregulation (1)(a);
 - (c) a sketch plan describing the extent of the proposed mall reserve;
 - (d) any other information the local government considers relevant to the Minister's consideration of the request; and

- (e) written confirmation that the local government has complied with section 59(2) and (3) of the Act.

11. Prescribed manner of advertising requests to cancel mall reserve

- (1) A management body must advertise the purpose and details of a request to cancel a mall reserve under section 62(1) of the Act —
 - (a) in a newspaper circulating in the local government district in which the mall reserve is situated;
 - (b) in a notice placed on a signpost, or otherwise in a prominent position, within the mall reserve; and
 - (c) in a notice sent to each holder of an interest granted in respect of the mall reserve of the kind referred to in subregulation (2)(c).
- (2) The management body is to include with the request it sends to the Minister under section 59(3) of the Act (as read with section 62(2) of the Act) —
 - (a) written confirmation that the management body has resolved to make the request, details of the date when the relevant resolution was passed and any other information relating to that resolution that the Minister may require;
 - (b) a copy of the advertisement as it appeared in the newspaper referred to in subregulation (1)(a);
 - (c) written details of any lease, sublease, licence or mortgage that has been granted in respect of the mall reserve;
 - (d) any other information the management body considers relevant to the Minister's consideration of the request; and

- (e) written confirmation that the management body has complied with section 59(2) and (3) of the Act (as read with section 62(2) of the Act).

12. Procedure to be followed by Minister when determining and altering prices of Crown land

- (1) For the purposes of determining or altering the price or reserve price of any Crown land under section 74(2)(a) of the Act, the Minister must obtain and have regard to the advice of the Valuer-General as to the market value of the land.
- (2) Subregulation (1) does not apply to Crown land that was a private road that became Crown land under section 52 of the Act if —
 - (a) the land is being sold at the request of the local government within whose district the land is situated;
 - (b) the purpose of the sale is to allow the land to be amalgamated with adjoining land held in fee simple for the purpose of reducing crime or anti-social behaviour;
 - (c) an adjoining land owner did not request the acquisition of the private road under section 52 of the Act for a purpose other than a purpose referred to in paragraph (b); and
 - (d) the land is being sold to an adjoining land owner.
- (3) Subregulation (1) does not apply to —
 - (a) Crown land that was vested in the Crown under section 20A of the *Town Planning and Development Act 1928* as a right of way or pedestrian access way;
 - (b) land referred to in section 167A(2)(b) of the *Transfer of Land Act 1893*; or
 - (c) land shown and marked on a plan of subdivision of Crown land as a pedestrian accessway, right of way, or other similar use,

if —

- (d) the land is being sold at the request of the local government within whose district the land is situated;
 - (e) the purpose of the sale is to allow the land to be amalgamated with adjoining land held in fee simple for the purpose of reducing crime or antisocial behaviour;
 - (f) an adjoining land owner did not request the sale of the land for a purpose other than a purpose referred to in paragraph (b); and
 - (g) the land is being sold to an adjoining land owner.
- (4) Subregulation (1) does not apply if, after having regard to —
- (a) the location of the relevant Crown land;
 - (b) the area of the relevant Crown land;
 - (c) the value of land adjoining or in the neighbourhood of the relevant Crown land; and
 - (d) other factors that might affect the value of the relevant Crown land,

the Minister is of the opinion that the market value of the relevant Crown land is less than \$1 000.

[Regulation 12 amended in Gazette 16 Jun 2000 p. 2943-5.]

13. Prescribed requirements for entering joint ventures to develop and sell Crown land

- (1) The Minister may enter into a joint venture with another person (“**the other joint venturer**”) under section 78(1) of the Act for the purpose of developing and selling Crown land if the other joint venturer —
- (a) is a local government or a State instrumentality;

- (b) is a person —
 - (i) who is the holder of the freehold in land adjoining the Crown land to be developed and sold by the joint venture; and
 - (ii) whose financial circumstances and professional standing are considered by the Minister to be satisfactory for the purposes of the joint venture;or
 - (c) is determined by public tender or any other process in which the public is given an opportunity to participate.
- (2) Before Crown land that is developed by a joint venture entered into by the Minister under section 78(1) of the Act is sold, the Minister must obtain and have regard to the advice of the Valuer-General as to the market value of the land.

14. Prescribed conditions to be complied with by applicant to purchase fee simple, or option to purchase fee simple, in Crown land

If the Minister grants an application under section 89(1) of the Act by the holder of a lease, other than a pastoral lease, of any Crown land to purchase —

- (a) the fee simple of the Crown land; or
 - (b) an option to purchase that fee simple,
- the holder of the lease —
- (c) must comply with all the terms and conditions of the lease, other than any term or condition specified by the Minister in writing;
 - (d) must consult the local government, or each local government, within the district of which the whole, or any portion, of the Crown land is situated; and

- (e) must ensure that there is a means of lawful access (whether by road, easement, right of way or otherwise) —
 - (i) to the Crown land; or
 - (ii) if the Crown land is to be amalgamated with other land under section 87 of the Act, to that other land.

15. Phasing in of rents for existing pastoral leases

- (1) If, as a result of being determined as at 1 July 1999 under section 123(4) of the Act, the annual rent for an existing pastoral lease payable in respect of the lease that applied immediately before the appointed day would —
 - (a) be increased (“**the increased amount of rent**”); or
 - (b) be decreased (“**the decreased amount of rent**”),

the increased amount of rent or the decreased amount of rent, as the case may be, must be phased in by means of 2 equal annual increases or decreases in rent, as the case may be, on 1 July 2000 and 1 July 2001, so that the full annual rent as determined under section 123(4) of the Act is payable as at 1 July 2001.

- (2) In subregulation (1) —
“**existing pastoral lease**” has the same meaning as it has in section 143 of the Act.

[Regulation 15 amended in Gazette 16 Jun 2000 p. 2945.]

16. Prescribed rate of interest if pastoral lessee fails to pay rent on due date

The rate of interest for the purposes of section 125(4) of the Act is 10% a year, calculated daily.

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17. Fees

- (1) The fees set out in Schedule 1 are payable to the chief executive officer in relation to the services provided by the Department for and on behalf of the Minister that are mentioned in that Schedule.
- (2) The Minister may waive —
 - (a) the fee payable for a survey of land under item 9 of Schedule 1, if the survey is required in respect of roads through Crown land; or
 - (b) a fee payable under any other item of Schedule 1, if the Minister considers that it is in the public interest to do so.

[Regulation 17 amended in Gazette 10 Apr 2001 p. 2074.]

17A. Prescribed Australian datum for determining Divisions of State

- (1) The position on the surface of the Earth of the Divisions referred to in section 6 of the Act are determined by reference to the Australian Geodetic Datum (“**the AGD**”).
- (2) For the purposes of subregulation (1), the AGD is defined by an ellipsoid having a semi-major axis (equatorial radius) of 6 378 160 metres and a flattening of 1/298.25 and fixed by the position of the origin being the Johnston Geodetic Station in the Northern Territory of Australia.
- (3) The Johnston Geodetic Station is taken to be situated at —
 - (a) 25° 56' 54.5515" south latitude and 133° 12' 30.0771" east longitude; or
 - (b) where decimal reckoning is used, 25° 56.90919' south latitude and 133° 12.50129' east longitude,

and to have a ground level elevation of 571.2 metres above the ellipsoid referred to in subregulation (2).

[Regulation 17A inserted in Gazette 15 Dec 2000 p. 7209-10.]

17B. Acts prescribed for the purposes of section 18(8)(b)(ii) of the Act

For the purposes of section 18(8)(b)(ii) of the Act, the *Local Government Act 1995* is prescribed.

[Regulation 17B inserted in Gazette 10 Apr 2001 p. 2074.]

17C. Stock prescribed for the purposes of the definition of authorised stock in section 93 of the Act

For the purposes of the definition of authorised stock in section 93 of the Act the following stock is prescribed —

- (a) sheep (*ovis aries*);
- (b) cattle (*bos indicus*, *bos taurus*);
- (c) horses (*equus caballus*);
- (d) goats (*capra hircus*); and
- (e) stock kept for domestic or household use.

[Regulation 17C inserted in Gazette 10 Apr 2001 p. 2074; amended in Gazette 27 Aug 2002 p. 4355.]

Part 3 — Surveys

18. Definitions

In this Part —

“authorised survey” means an authorised survey within the meaning of the *Licensed Surveyors Act 1909*;

“departmental surveyor” means a person employed or engaged by the Department to carry out a survey;

“survey” means an authorised survey, or any other survey, carried out for the purposes of the Act.

19. Notification of problems

A departmental surveyor carrying out a survey must give written notice to the chief executive officer of the Department of —

- (a) any doubts about the survey;
- (b) any discrepancies found in existing surveys, data or plans;
- (c) any difficulties encountered while carrying out the survey; and
- (d) any other matters adversely affecting the Crown,

as soon as practicable after they come to the surveyor’s attention.

20. Authorised land officer may issue requisitions

- (1) For the purposes of section 32 of the Act, an authorised land officer may, by written notice given within 2 years after the survey was lodged, require a departmental surveyor to amend, or to provide more information in relation to, a survey.
- (2) If a departmental surveyor (**“surveyor at fault”**) does not make the amendment or provide the information within the time specified in the notice the authorised land officer may —
 - (a) arrange for another surveyor to make the amendment or provide the information; and

- (b) by written notice require the surveyor at fault to pay the costs of having the amendment made, or the information provided, by the other surveyor.
- (3) If the surveyor at fault does not pay those costs within the time specified in the notice, the authorised land officer may recover the costs as a debt due to the Crown by action in a court of competent jurisdiction.

21. Alternative methodology for authorised surveys in special cases

- (1) An authorised land officer may, by written notice, authorise a departmental surveyor to carry out an authorised survey in a manner different from that required by the *Licensed Surveyors (Guidance of Surveyors) Regulations 1961* if the officer is satisfied that —
 - (a) the value of the relevant land does not justify carrying out a survey in the manner required by those regulations;
 - (b) the nature of the relevant land makes it impracticable to carry out a survey in the manner required by those regulations; or
 - (c) other special circumstances exist that justify carrying out the survey in a manner different from that required by those regulations.
- (2) An authorised land officer may vary or revoke an authorisation under this regulation at any time by giving written notice to the departmental surveyor to whom the authorisation was granted.

22. Ownership of survey documents

All documents (including surveys, plans, digital information, field books and notes, and sketches) created by a departmental surveyor in the course of carrying out a survey, and all information contained in those documents, are the property of the Crown.

23. *Inconsistency with Licensed Surveyors (Guidance of Surveyors) Regulations 1961*

If there is any inconsistency between these regulations and the *Licensed Surveyors (Guidance of Surveyors) Regulations 1961* in relation to the manner in which a survey is to be carried out, these regulations prevail to the extent of the inconsistency.

Part 4 — Advisory panels

24. Definitions

In this Part —

“**member**” means a member of a panel;

“**panel**” means an advisory panel appointed under section 73 of the Act;

“**relevant matter**” means a matter in respect of which a panel has been appointed to advise the Minister.

25. Number of members

A panel is to consist of 3 members, or any greater number that the Minister thinks fit, one of whom is to be appointed by the Minister as chairperson.

26. Remuneration of members

A member, other than an officer of the Department, is to be paid the remuneration and travelling and other allowances determined in his or her case by the Minister on the recommendation of the Minister for Public Sector Management.

27. Term of office

- (1) Subject to subregulations (3) and (4), a member holds office for the term specified in the member’s instrument of appointment.
- (2) A member’s term of office may be expressed as expiring when the panel to which the member is appointed has finished providing advice to the Minister on all relevant matters.
- (3) A member may resign by giving written notice to the Minister.
- (4) The Minister may remove a member from a panel if the Minister is satisfied that the member has neglected, or is incapable of properly performing, his or her functions as a member of the panel.

28. Member unable to act

- (1) If a member, other than the chairperson, is unable to act by reason of illness, absence or other cause, the Minister may appoint another person to act temporarily in his or her place and, while acting according to the tenor of his or her appointment, that other person is to be taken to be a member.
- (2) No act or omission of a person acting in place of a member under subregulation (1) is to be questioned on the ground that the occasion for his or her appointment or acting had not arisen or had ceased.

29. Calling of meetings

The chairperson of a panel must convene a meeting of the panel —

- (a) when directed by the Minister to do so; and
- (b) at any other times determined by the panel.

30. Presiding officer

The chairperson of a panel must preside at all meetings of the panel.

31. Quorum

A quorum for a meeting of a panel is all members of the panel.

32. Voting

- (1) At a meeting of a panel a decision of a majority of members is the decision of the panel.
- (2) Subject to subregulation (3), at a meeting of a panel each member has one vote.
- (3) If the votes cast on a question are equally divided, the chairperson has a casting vote.

33. Minutes

A panel must cause accurate minutes to be kept of the proceedings at its meetings.

34. Telephone or video meetings

A meeting of a panel may be held by telephone, video link-up or other electronic means if each member is able to communicate with every other member instantaneously at all times during the meeting.

35. How panel is to inform itself

- (1) A panel may inform itself about a relevant matter in any manner it considers appropriate, including —
 - (a) accepting oral or written submissions;
 - (b) reading documents; and
 - (c) holding public hearings under regulation 38.
- (2) A panel must take reasonable steps (such as the publication of a public notice) to ensure that persons who may have an interest in a relevant matter are notified that the panel is considering the matter and will accept submissions in relation to it.
- (3) If a person notifies the chairperson in writing that he or she wishes to make a submission on a relevant matter, the panel must give the person a reasonable opportunity to do so.
- (4) A person must not provide information to a panel that the person knows to be —
 - (a) false or misleading in a material particular; or
 - (b) likely to deceive in a material way.

Penalty: \$1 000.

36. Public hearings

- (1) A panel may conduct public hearings in order to obtain information in relation to a relevant matter.
- (2) A panel must take reasonable steps to publicize a public hearing.
- (3) A person must not cause a disturbance during a public hearing.
Penalty: \$500.
- (4) The chairperson may cause to be removed from a public hearing any person the panel considers is causing a disturbance during the hearing.

37. Panel to determine own procedures

Subject to these regulations and any directions of the Minister, the panel may determine its own procedures.

38. Conflict of interest

A member who has a material personal interest in a relevant matter —

- (a) must resign from the panel as soon as possible after the relevant facts have come to the member's knowledge; and
- (b) must take no further part in the panel's proceedings in relation to that matter.

Penalty: \$1 000.

39. Confidentiality

A person who is, or has been, a member must not, directly or indirectly, record, disclose or make use of any information obtained in the course of his or her membership except —

- (a) for the purpose of performing his or her functions under the Act or these regulations;

- (b) as otherwise required or allowed by law; or
- (c) with the written consent of the person to whom the information relates.

Penalty: \$1 000.

Schedule 1

Schedule 1
Fees payable to chief executive officer

	[Regulation 17]
	\$
1. For preparing a lease or licence or, subject to item 8, any other document prepared for the purposes of the Act	66.00
2. For inspecting a lease (of less than 12 months) of Crown land	11.00
3. For copying a lease (of less than 12 months) of Crown land	11.00
4. For searching a licence granted under the Act	11.00
5. For advertising by the Minister under the Act —	
(a) minimum fee	66.00
(b) plus any additional amount by which the cost of advertising is greater than \$66.00 (payable when the cost is known)	
6. For certifying a copy of any document prepared for the purposes of the Act	60.00
7. For arranging the postal delivery of any material for which a fee is payable under this Schedule —	
(a) if the material is sent within Australia and is not greater than 50 grams	9.00
(b) if the material is sent outside Australia or is greater than 50 grams	9.00 plus any additional costs incurred, as assessed by the Minister
8. The fees payable for the following services are those assessed in each case by the Minister, but any fee assessed for a service is not to exceed the cost of providing the service —	
(a) for a diagram drawn or certified on a transfer, surrender, mortgage, application or other instrument;	
(b) for the creation and certification of a plan, diagram or other document;	

Schedule 1

- (c) for a map or colouring of a map on a copy of a plan, diagram or other document;
 - (d) for a copy of a document, whether by photocopying or otherwise;
 - (e) for the performance, for the purposes of the Act, of any service not mentioned in this Schedule.
9. For a survey of land, including preparation of survey plans or diagrams
- The cost of providing the service, including any applicable taxes

[Schedule 1 amended in Gazette 16 Jun 2000 p. 2950; 13 Jul 2001 p. 3509; 27 Aug 2002 p. 4355.]

Notes

- ¹ This reprint is a compilation as at 6 September 2002 of the *Land Administration Regulations 1998* and includes the amendments made by the other written laws referred to in the following table.

Compilation table

Citation	Gazettal	Commencement
<i>Land Administration Regulations 1998</i>	27 Mar 1998 p. 1741-61	30 Mar 1998 (see r. 2 and <i>Gazette</i> 27 Mar 1998 p. 1765)
<i>Land Administration Amendment Regulations 1998</i>	20 Nov 1998 p. 6267-8	20 Nov 1998
<i>Land Administration Amendment Regulations 2000</i>	16 Jun 2000 p. 2943-5	16 Jun 2000
<i>Land Administration Amendment Regulations (No. 2) 2000</i>	16 Jun 2000 p. 2950	1 Jul 2000 (see r. 2)
<i>Land Administration Amendment Regulations (No. 3) 2000</i>	15 Dec 2000 p. 7209-10	16 Dec 2000 (see r. 2 and <i>Gazette</i> 15 Dec 2000 p. 7201)
<i>Land Administration Amendment Regulations 2001</i>	10 Apr 2001 p. 2073-4	11 Apr 2001 (see r. 2 and <i>Gazette</i> 10 Apr 2001 p. 2073)
<i>Land Administration Amendment Regulations (No. 2) 2001</i>	13 Jul 2001 p. 3509	13 Jul 2001 (see r. 2)
<i>Land Administration Amendment Regulations 2002</i>	27 Aug 2002 p. 4354-5	27 Aug 2002

Defined Terms

*[This is a list of terms defined and the provisions where they are defined.
The list is not part of the law.]*

Defined Term	Provision(s)
authorised survey	18
Crown land transaction	3A(3)
departmental surveyor.....	18
existing pastoral lease	15(2)
member	24
panel.....	24
relevant matter	24
survey.....	18
surveyor at fault	20(2)
telecommunications network	3(2)
the AGD	17A(1)
the decreased amount of rent	15(1)(b)
the increased amount of rent	15(1)(a)
the other joint venturer.....	13(1)
the subject land	5, 6(1), 7