



Western Australia

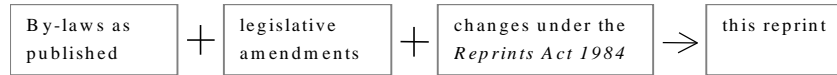
Aboriginal Communities Act 1979

# **Ngaanyatjarra Council (Aboriginal Corporation) By-laws**

**Reprint 1: The by-laws as at 3 December 2004**

## Guide for using this reprint

### What the reprint includes



### ***Endnotes, Compilation table, and Table of provisions that have not come into operation***

1. Details about the original by-laws and legislation that has amended its text are shown in the Compilation table in endnote 1, at the back of the reprint. The table also shows any previous reprint.
2. Transitional, savings, or other provisions identified in the Compilation table may be important. The table may refer to another endnote setting out the text of these provisions in full.
3. A table of provisions that have not come into operation, to be found in endnote 1a if it is needed, lists any provisions of the by-laws being reprinted that have not come into operation and any amendments that have not come into operation. The full text is set out in another endnote that is referred to in the table.

### ***Notes amongst text (italicised and within square brackets)***

1. If the reprint includes a by-law that was inserted, or has been amended, since the by-laws being reprinted were made, editorial notes at the foot of the by-law give some history of how the by-law came to be as it is. If the by-law replaced an earlier by-law, no history of the earlier by-law is given (the full history of the by-laws is in the Compilation table).

Notes of this kind may also be at the foot of Schedules or headings.

2. The other kind of editorial note shows something has been —
  - removed (because it was repealed or deleted from the law); or
  - omitted under the *Reprints Act 1984* s. 7(4) (because, although still technically part of the text, it no longer has any effect).

The text of anything removed or omitted can be found in an earlier reprint (if there is one) or one of the written laws identified in the Compilation table.

### ***Reprint numbering and date***

1. The reprint number (in the footer of each page of the document) shows how many times the by-laws have been reprinted. For example, numbering a reprint as “Reprint 3” would mean that the reprint was the 3<sup>rd</sup> reprint since the by-laws were published. Reprint numbering was implemented as from 1 January 2003.
2. The information in the reprint is current on the date shown as the date as at which the by-laws are reprinted. That date is not the date when the reprint was published by the State Law Publisher and it is probably not the date when the most recent amendment had effect.

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## **Ngaanyatjarra Council (Aboriginal Corporation) By-laws**

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Western Australia

Reprinted under the  
*Reprints Act 1984* as  
at 3 December 2004

Aboriginal Communities Act 1979

## **Ngaanyatjarra Council (Aboriginal Corporation) By-laws**

### **Part A — General**

#### **1. Citation**

These by-laws shall be called the *Ngaanyatjarra Council (Aboriginal Corporation) By-laws* and shall come into operation when approved by the Governor and published in the *Government Gazette*<sup>1</sup>.

#### **2. Interpretation**

In these by-laws —

“**Act**” means the *Aboriginal Communities Act 1979*.

“**Community**” means Ngaanyatjarra Council (Aboriginal Corporation).

“**Community Land**” means that land from time to time declared by the Governor under section 6 of the Act to be the community lands of Ngaanyatjarra Council (Aboriginal Corporation).

“**Member of the Community**” means a member for the time being of the Ngaanyatjarra Council (Aboriginal Corporation).

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Corporation). Whether a person is or is not a member for the time being of Ngaanyatjarra Council (Aboriginal Corporation) is a question of fact to be determined according to the customs of Ngaanyatjarra Council (Aboriginal Corporation).

**“Committee”** means the Governing Committee of the Community.

**“liquor”** means liquor as defined in the *Liquor Licensing Act 1988*.

**“deleterious substance”** means glue or any volatile liquid containing hydrocarbons.

**“Road”** means the Warburton-Giles Road and includes such parts of the Laverton-Warburton Road and Giles-Docker River Road as lie within the Community Land.

These by-laws shall apply —

- (a) on all Community Land; and
- (b) to all persons on Community Land.

## **Part B — Land**

### **3. Entry onto Community Land**

- (1) Except as provided in any Act or regulation to the contrary, no person other than a Member of the Community shall come onto or remain on Community Land without the prior permission of the Committee which may, in its discretion, grant permission subject to such terms and conditions and restrictions as it sees fit, or refuse permission.
- (2) The permission referred to in paragraph (1) shall be given in writing and may be revoked by the Committee at any time.

### **4. Unauthorised entry an offence**

Except as provided in any Act or regulation to the contrary, any person who comes onto Community Land without permission of the Committee or who, having been given permission on terms and conditions to come onto Community Land, breaks a term or condition of that permission commits an offence.

### **5. Signs regulating entry**

Subject to the provision of any Act or regulation to the contrary —

- (a) the Committee may place signs on Community Land for the purpose of prohibiting entry to the part of the land on which the sign is placed or to such part of the Community Land indicated by the inscription on the sign;
- (b) an inscription on such a sign operates and has effect according to its tenor and any person who fails to obey the directions on the inscription on such a sign commits an offence.

## **Part C — Liquor**

### **6. Bringing of liquor onto Community Land**

- (1) Subject to this Part, no person shall bring liquor onto Community Land without permission of the Committee.
- (2) The Committee may, in its discretion and subject to such terms, conditions and restrictions as it sees fit, permit any person to bring, possess, use or supply liquor on Community Land.
- (3) In exercising its discretion under paragraph (2), the Committee shall have regard to the welfare of the Community as the paramount consideration.
- (4) The permission referred to in paragraph (2) shall be given in writing and may be revoked by the Committee at any time.

### **7. Unauthorised possession of liquor an offence**

Any person who brings possesses or uses liquor on Community Land without the permission of the Committee, or who supplies it to others on Community Land without the permission of the Committee, or who, having been given permission in relation thereto subject to terms and conditions, breaks such terms or conditions commits an offence.

### **8. Liquor permitted for religious or medicinal purposes**

- (1) It shall not be an offence under clause 7 where a person brings, possesses, uses or supplies liquor on Community Land —
  - (a) for the purpose of a sacramental or other like observance in the course of constituting part of any religious service; or
  - (b) as a medicine or for specific medical purposes and that liquor has been duly prescribed or administered by or pursuant to a direction of a legally qualified medical practitioner, registered nurse or a registered pharmaceutical chemist.



- (2) It shall not be an offence under clause 7 where a person who is travelling through the Community Land on the Road has liquor in his or her possession or under his or her control for the purpose only of transporting the liquor to a destination outside the Community Land.
- (3) In any proceedings for an offence under clause 7 the onus of establishing a purpose of a nature referred to in this clause shall be on the accused.

## **Part D — Deleterious substance**

### **9. Possession of deleterious substances an offence**

A person shall not be in possession of a deleterious substance on Community Land for the purpose of inhalation.

### **10. Sale or supply of deleterious substance**

A person shall not sell or supply a deleterious substance to another person on Community Land if there are reasonable grounds for suspecting that the other person —

- (a) intends to use the deleterious substance for the purpose of inhalation; or
- (b) intends to sell or supply the deleterious substance for the purpose of inhalation.

## **Part E — Confiscation and proceedings**

### **11. Liquor etc. may be confiscated**

- (1) Any liquor brought onto any part of the Community Land by any person contrary to clause 7 is liable to confiscation.
- (2) A member of the police force may —
  - (a) seize any liquor and any receptacle containing such liquor that he or she reasonably suspects to be liable to confiscation under these by-laws;
  - (b) if he or she has a reasonable suspicion the liquor is kept on any premises or vehicle in contravention of these by-laws, enter and search those premises or that vehicle using such force as is reasonably necessary for the purpose;
  - (c) stop any vehicle for the purpose of carrying out a search in pursuance of subparagraph (b);
  - (d) upon confiscating any liquor, decant or dispose of the contents of any receptacle containing such liquor if he or she is of the opinion that such action is necessary or conducive to the preservation of good order on the Community Land or the prevention of any offence under these by-laws or under any law of the State of Western Australia;
  - (e) subject to subparagraph (d), keep any confiscated liquor in his or her custody or control for such period of time as may be necessary in the interests of the administration of justice;
  - (f) confiscate and dispose of any deleterious substance that he or she reasonably suspects is to be used or has been used for the purpose of inhalation and any container that contains or has contained such deleterious substance.

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**12. Powers of police**

A member of the police force may —

- (a) take proceedings against any person for a breach of these by-laws;
- (b) where any person has committed or is committing an offence against these by-laws and it appears likely that injury to persons (including injury to the person committing the offence) or damage to property will be caused by that person, apprehend that person and may remove that person from Community Land.

**13. Proceedings to be taken under *Justices Act 1902***

Subject to the *Child Welfare Act 1947*, proceedings for an offence against a by-law shall be commenced by way of complaint and summons under and in accordance with the *Justices Act 1902* and shall be commenced within 6 months after the offence was committed.

**14. Offence and penalty**

- (1) Any person who breaks these by-laws is guilty of an offence and is liable to a fine of not more than the maximum provided for from time to time in the Act.
- (2) In addition to the penalties provided under paragraph (1), the Court may order any person convicted of an offence under these by-laws to pay compensation to the Community or other body corporate or person where, in the course of committing the offence, the person convicted has caused damage to property of the Community or of that other body corporate or person, but no compensation so ordered to be paid shall exceed the maximum provided for from time to time in the Act.

*[By-law 14 amended in Gazette 14 May 2004 p. 1456.]*

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## **Notes**

- <sup>1</sup> This reprint is a compilation as at 3 December 2004 of the *Ngaanyatjarra Council (Aboriginal Corporation) By-laws* and includes the amendments made by the other written laws referred to in the following table. The table also contains information about any reprint.

### **Compilation table**

<b>Citation</b>	<b>Gazettal</b>	<b>Commencement</b>
<i>Ngaanyatjarra Council (Aboriginal Corporation) By-laws</i>	28 Jul 1989 p. 2317-18	28 Jul 1989 (see bl. 1)
<i>Sentencing Legislation (Short Sentences - Aboriginal Community By-Laws) Amendment Regulations 2004</i> r. 15	14 May 2004 p. 1451-8	15 May 2004 (see r. 2 and <i>Gazette</i> 14 May 2004 p. 1445)
<b>Reprint 1: The <i>Ngaanyatjarra Council (Aboriginal Corporation) By-laws</i> as at 3 Dec 2004</b> (includes amendments listed above)		