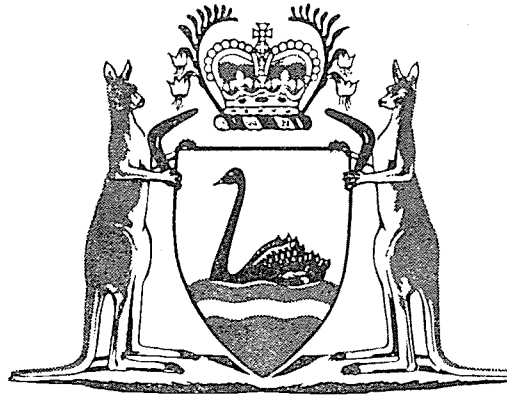


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ADMINISTRATION ACT 1903.

## NON-CONTENTIOUS PROBATE RULES 1967.

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## ADMINISTRATION ACT 1903.

**NON-CONTENTIOUS PROBATE RULES 1967.**

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Reprinted pursuant to the Reprinting of Regulations Act 1954, by authority of the Attorney General dated 12 May 1981.

ADMINISTRATION ACT 1903.

**NON-CONTENTIOUS PROBATE RULES 1967.**

Citation and commencement

1. These rules may be cited as the Non-contentious Probate Rules 1967, and shall come into operation at the expiration of one month after publication in the *Government Gazette*.

Interpretation.  
Rule 2  
Amended by G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876.

2. (1) In these rules, unless the contrary intention appears—
  - “grant” means a grant of probate or administration, or an order to administer made under section 10 or section 12 of the Public Trustee Act 1941;
  - “Registrar” means a person for the time being holding or acting in an office designated under the Supreme Court Act 1935, “Registrar of the Supreme Court”, and a reference to the Registrar or to a Registrar may include a reference to the Principal Registrar or a deputy Registrar;
  - “rule” means one of these rules;
  - “the Act” means the Administration Act 1903;
  - “the Registry” means the Probate Office of the Supreme Court;
  - “the Wills Act 1837”, means the Imperial Act 7 Will. IV and I Vict. c.26 as adopted by 2 Vict. No. 1; and

words and expressions defined in section 3 of the Act and used in these rules have the same respective meanings as in the Act.

(2) A form referred to by number means the form so numbered in the schedule to these rules; and those forms shall be used wherever applicable, with such variations as the Registrar may in any particular case direct or approve.

Application of Supreme Court Rules and prior practice.  
Rule 3  
amended by G.G. 20/10/72, p. 4159.

3. (1) The Rules of the Supreme Court 1971, and the general practice of the Court including the course of practice and procedure in Chambers apply, so far as may be practicable, to proceedings to which these rules relate, but only to the extent that the Act or these rules do not otherwise provide.

(2) Where no other provision is made, the practice and procedure heretofore in force shall continue to apply.

(3) All proceedings to which these rules relate shall be intitled “In the Supreme Court of Western Australia” “Probate Jurisdiction”.

4. (1) The Registrar may exercise the powers of a Judge in Chambers in and about the granting of probate and administration, and in and about the granting to the Public Trustee of orders to administer the estates of deceased persons, and may transact all such business and exercise all such powers and authorities in respect of voluntary or non-contentious probate jurisdiction as under the Act, the Supreme Court Act 1935, the Public Trustee Act 1941, the Rules of the Supreme Court 1971, or these rules, may be transacted or exercised by a Judge in Chambers, except in respect of the following proceedings and matters, that is to say:—

- (a) applications and orders under subsections (2) and (6) of section 26 of the Act;
- (b) subject to the provisions of subrules (1) and (2) of rule 35, applications and orders under section 29 of the Act; and
- (c) applications under section 64 of the Act to remove caveats.

(2) Nothing contained in these rules derogates from or limits the jurisdiction or powers conferred by the Act on a Registrar.

(3) The Registrar may require an application made to him to be brought by summons, and may require an application made to him, whether by summons or otherwise, to be brought before a Judge by summons or before the Court on motion.

(4) Without prejudice to the provisions of subrule (3) of this rule, where a matter appears to the Registrar proper for the determination of a Judge, the Registrar may refer it to a Judge, and the Judge may either dispose of the matter or refer it back to the Registrar with such directions as he may think fit.

5. (1) A person aggrieved by an order, decision or requirement of the Registrar may appeal therefrom to a Judge in Chambers.

(2) An appeal shall be by notice in writing to attend before the Judge and shall be filed in the Registry within five days after the order, decision or requirement complained of, or within such further time as may be allowed by a Judge or the Registrar.

(3) A notice of appeal shall be served on every person, other than the appellant, who appeared or was represented before the Registrar.

(4) Where a notice of appeal is required to be served, there shall be at least two clear days between service of the notice and the day of hearing.

6. (1) An application for a grant may be made on motion *ex parte* to the Registrar in Chambers at any time after fourteen days from the death of the deceased; and all papers in support thereof shall be filed in the Registry.

(2) An application for a grant may be made through a solicitor, or in person by an executor or a person entitled to administration.

(3) An applicant for a first grant shall produce a certificate of the death of the deceased, or give a reason, to the satisfaction of the Registrar, why it is not produced.

(4) Subrule (3) of this rule does not require a certificate of the death of the deceased to be produced where the Public Trustee applies for an order to administer under paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of section 10 of the Public Trustee Act 1941.

7. (1) A person wishing to obtain a grant without the intervention of a solicitor, shall apply in person, and not through an agent.

(2) An application that has in the first instance been made through a solicitor will not be entertained as a personal application without the leave of a Judge or the Registrar.

Jurisdiction of the Registrar.  
Rule 4 amended by G.G. 20/10/72, p. 4159; G.G. 7/10/77, pp. 3604-7; G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876.

Appeal from the Registrar.  
Rule 5 amended by G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876.

Probate and administration generally.  
Rule 6 amended by G.G. 20/10/72, p. 4159; G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876.

Personal applications.  
Rule 7 amended by G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876; G.G. 1/8/80, p. 2560.

(3) Where a caveat has been lodged, or where, in the opinion of the Registrar, it becomes necessary in the course of a personal application to obtain the directions of the Court, the application shall not be further proceeded with as a personal application except by leave of a Judge or the Registrar.

(4) No legal advice, except such information as is referred to in subsection (1) of section 56 of the Act, shall be given to a personal applicant by an officer of the Registry or by a district agent.

7A. Nothing in these rules shall prejudice any power to regulate the practice of the Court by giving directions enabling any business or class of business to be conducted by post.

8. An application for probate or for letters of administration with the will annexed shall be supported by an affidavit (accompanied by the will and any other instrument of a testamentary nature) setting forth—

- (i) that the applicant (if a natural person) has attained the age of eighteen years;
- (ii) the death of the testator, and the date and place of his death.
- (iii) that the testator has left a will, the date thereof, that the will is unrevoked, whether there is any codicil thereto, and that any codicil sought to be proved is unrevoked;
- (iv) that the testator did not marry after the time of execution of the will, and had then attained—
  - (a) the age of twenty-one years, where his death occurred before the first day of July, 1970, or
  - (b) the age of eighteen years, where his death occurred on or after that date.
- (v) the names of the executor and of the subscribing witnesses to the will and the true place of abode (if reasonably ascertainable) of each of them at the time the affidavit is sworn;
- (vi) that the testator left estate within Western Australia;
- (vii) that the applicant, if given a grant, will administer the estate according to law;
- (viii) that no application for probate or administration in the matter has previously been made, or if there has been a previous application, the full particulars thereof; and
- (ix) in the case of an application for letters of administration with the will, the reason why the executor (if any) does not apply and the capacity in which the applicant claims to be entitled, and also, where the applicant is a natural person, the gross value of the estate in Western Australia.

9. An application for letters of administration shall be supported by an affidavit setting forth—

- (i) that the applicant (if a natural person) has attained the age of eighteen years;
- (ii) the death of the intestate and the date and place of his death and the status of the intestate, that is whether leaving a widow or widower, or dying a bachelor, widower, spinster, widow, or divorced person and (if the intestate was married) whether a decree of judicial separation was in force between the intestate and his spouse;
- (iii) that the deceased died intestate;
- (iv) that the applicant has made careful search and inquiry to ascertain whether there is a will;
- (v) that the intestate left estate within Western Australia, and, where the applicant is a natural person, the gross value thereof;
- (vi) that the applicant is the widower, widow, or next of kin of the intestate (or as the case may be), and the names of any person or persons having a right to the administration prior to or equal with himself;

Postal applications.  
Rule 7A inserted by G.G. 1/8/80, p. 2560.

Affidavit of executor or administrator with the will.  
Rule 8 amended by G.G. 18/12/70, p. 3815; G.G. 20/10/72, p. 4159.

Administrator's affidavit.  
Rule 9 amended by G.G. 18/12/70, p. 3815; G.G. 20/10/72, p. 4159; G.G. 30/3/73, p. 818.

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- (vii) the names, addresses and ages of the persons entitled in distribution to the estate of the intestate, and whether the deceased had adopted any child;
- (viia) particulars of any person known to the applicant who is or claims to be an illegitimate child of the intestate or who claims to be entitled in distribution through any such person;
- (viii) that the applicant if given a grant will administer the estate according to law; and
- (ix) that no application for probate or administration in the matter has previously been made, or if there has been a previous application, the full particulars thereof.

9A. (1) An application by the Public Trustee for an order to administer the estate of a deceased person dying testate shall be supported by an affidavit setting forth:—

- (a) the information required by paragraphs (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), (vi), and (viii) of rule 8; and
- (b) the grounds on which the application is based.

Orders to administer.  
Cf. O.76,  
R.S.C. 1909.  
Rule 9A  
added by G.G.  
20/10/72,  
p. 4160.

(2) An application by the Public Trustee for an order to administer the estate of a deceased person dying intestate shall be supported by an affidavit setting forth:—

- (a) the information required by paragraphs (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), (viia) and (ix) of rule 9;
- (b) particulars of the next of kin and of any surviving spouse so far as they are known to the Public Trustee; and
- (c) the grounds on which the application is based.

(3) An order under section 10 of the Public Trustee Act 1941, to administer the estate of a deceased person shall reserve to the Court the right to grant probate or administration to any person who shall apply therefor and who might have obtained a grant if the order had not been made.

(4) Where an order to administer the estate of a deceased person has been granted to the Public Trustee, a person who applies for probate of the will or administration of the estate of the deceased shall give at least seven days' notice in writing to the Public Trustee of the intended application.

(5) An application to the Court under section 12 of the Public Trustee Act 1941, other than an application by the Public Trustee, shall be made by summons supported by an affidavit of the facts relied on; and copies of the summons and affidavit shall be served upon the Public Trustee at least two clear days before the return day.

9B. (1) Subject to subrule (3) of this rule, the affidavit of an applicant for a grant shall exhibit and verify a statement giving particulars of—

- (a) all movable property, wherever situated, and all immovable property in Western Australia, comprised in the estate of the deceased;
- (b) the value at the time of the death of the deceased of the property referred to in paragraph (a) of this subrule; and
- (c) all debts, wherever situated, owing by the deceased at the time of his death.

Statement of assets and liabilities to be filed.  
Rule 9B inserted by G.G. 1/8/80, pp. 2560-61.

(2) Subject to subrule (3) of this rule, the affidavit of an applicant to reseal a grant shall exhibit and verify a statement giving particulars of—

- (a) all movable and immovable property in Western Australia comprised in the estate of the deceased;
- (b) the value at the time of the death of the deceased of the property referred to in paragraph (a) of this subrule; and
- (c) all debts in Western Australia owing by the deceased at the time of his death.

(3) This rule shall not apply where the deceased died before the first day of January, 1980, or where the applicant is the Public Trustee or a corporation authorized by law to obtain a grant, or where the Court or the Registrar, in special circumstances, so directs.

(4) A direction under subrule (3) of this rule may be given on such terms and subject to such conditions as the Court or Registrar thinks fit.

Inquiries to be answered before grant issues.

Rule 10 amended by G.G. 20/10/72, p. 4160; G.G. 7/10/77, pp. 3604-7; G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876.

10. (1) The Registrar shall not allow a grant to issue until all inquiries that he may see fit to make have been answered to his satisfaction.

(2) Where the omission is deemed to be of no consequence the Registrar may dispense with full compliance with the requirements of rule 8, rule 9 or 9A.

(3) The Registrar may require proof of the identity of the deceased or of the applicant beyond that contained in the applicant's affidavit.

(4) The Registrar shall not require a guarantee under section 26 of the Act as a condition of granting administration to any person without giving that person or, where the application for the grant is made through a solicitor, the solicitor an opportunity of being heard with respect to the requirement.

Grant in additional name.

11. Where it is necessary to describe the deceased in a grant by some name in addition to his true name, the applicant shall depose to the true name of the deceased, and shall also depose that some part of the estate, specifying it, was held in the other name, or as to any other reason that there may be for the inclusion of the other name in the grant.

Marking of will.

Rule 12 amended by G.G. 20/10/72, p. 4160; G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876.

12. (1) A will sought to be proved shall be marked by the signatures of the applicant and the person before whom his affidavit is sworn, and shall be exhibited to any affidavit that may be required under these rules as to the validity, terms, condition or date of execution of the will.

(2) Where the Registrar is satisfied that compliance with this rule might result in the loss of the will, he may allow a photographic copy of the will to be marked or exhibited in lieu of the original document.

(3) The signatures referred to in subrule (1) of this rule and any necessary exhibit note shall be endorsed on the cover of the will or on such other place where the signatures and exhibit note will not appear in any photographic reproduction of the will.

Invalid will to be produced.

Rule 13 amended by G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876.

13. A document of a testamentary character purporting to be of the deceased, if alleged to be invalid for any reason other than revocation, shall be brought into the Registry with the application, unless production is dispensed with by order of the Registrar.

Address for service.

Rule 14 substituted by G.G. 1/8/80, p. 2561.

14. An application for a grant or to reseal a grant, or a caveat, shall contain a notice of an address for service within Western Australia; and service at that address is sufficient service of any notification, summons or other proceeding under the Act or these rules.

Evidence as to due execution of will.

Rule 15 amended by G.G. 14/12/76, p. 3876.

15. (1) Where a will contains no attestation clause or the attestation clause is insufficient or where it appears to him that there is some doubt concerning the due execution of the will, the Registrar shall, before admitting it to proof, require an affidavit as to due execution from one or more of the attesting witnesses or, if no attesting witness is conveniently available, from any other person who was present at the time the will was executed.

(2) An affidavit of due execution shall be in accordance with Form 1 with such variations as the circumstances may require.

(3) Where an affidavit cannot be obtained in accordance with subrule (1) of this rule, the Registrar may, having regard to the desirability of protecting the interests of any person who may be prejudiced by the will, accept evidence on affidavit from such person as he may think fit to show that the signature on the will is in the handwriting of the deceased, or of any other matter that may raise a presumption in favour of the due execution of the will.



(4) Where the Registrar, after considering the evidence—

- (a) is satisfied that the will was not duly executed, he shall refuse the application and shall mark the will accordingly;
- (b) is in doubt whether the will was duly executed, he may refer the matter to the Court on motion.

16. Before admitting to proof a will that appears to have been signed by a blind or illiterate testator or by another person by direction of the testator, or which for any other reason gives rise to doubt as to the testator having had knowledge of the contents of the will at the time of its execution, the Registrar shall satisfy himself that the testator had such knowledge.

Execution of will of blind or illiterate testator.  
Rule 16 amended by G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876.

17. (1) Where there appears in a will any obliteration, interlineation, or other alteration that is not authenticated in the manner prescribed by section 21 of the Wills Act 1837, or section 10 of the Wills Act 1970 (whichever is applicable), or by the re-execution of the will or by the execution of a codicil, the Registrar shall require evidence to show whether the alteration was present at the time the will was executed, and shall give directions as to the form in which the will is to be proved.

Evidence as to terms, condition and date of execution of will.  
Rule 17 amended by G.G. 20/10/72, p. 4160; G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876.

(2) Subrule (1) of this rule does not apply to an alteration that appears to the Registrar to be of no practical importance.

(3) Where from a mark on a will it appears to the Registrar that some other document has been attached to the will, or where a will contains a reference to another document in such terms as to suggest that it ought to be incorporated in the will, the Registrar may require the document to be produced and may call for evidence in regard to the attachment or incorporation of the document.

(4) Where there is doubt as to the date on which a will was executed, the Registrar may require such evidence as may be necessary to establish the date.

(5) Where a sheet of a will is not signed by the testator and by the attesting witnesses, affidavit evidence shall be adduced establishing that the sheet formed part of the will as executed by the testator, unless in any particular case this requirement is dispensed with by order of the Registrar.

18. Any appearance of attempted revocation of a will by burning, tearing or otherwise, and every other circumstance leading to a presumption of revocation by the testator, shall be accounted for to the satisfaction of the Registrar.

Attempted revocation of will.  
Rule 18 amended by G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876.

19. The Registrar may require an affidavit from such person as he may think fit for the purpose of satisfying himself as to any of the matters referred to in rules 16, 17 and 18; and in any such affidavit sworn by an attesting witness or other person present at the time of the execution of a will the deponent shall depose to the manner in which the will was executed.

Affidavit as to due execution, terms, etc., of will.  
Rule 19 amended by G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876.

20. Nothing in rules 15, 16, 17 or 18 applies to any will that it is sought to establish otherwise than by reference to section 9 of the Wills Act 1837, as explained by Act 18 Vict. No. 13 or section 8 of the Wills Act 1970; but the terms and validity of any such will shall be established to the satisfaction of the Registrar.

Will not proved under s. 9 of Wills Act 1837.  
E.g. Act No. 24 of 1964.  
Rule 20 amended by G.G. 20/10/72, p. 4160; G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876.

Privileged Wills.  
Rule 21 substituted by G.G. 20/10/72, p. 4161.  
Amended by G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876.

21. Where it appears to the Registrar that there is a *prima facie* evidence that the will is one to which either of the following provisions apply, namely, section II of the Wills Act 1837, as amended by the Wills (Soldiers, Sailors and Airmen) Act 1941, or Part VI of the Wills Act 1970, the will may be admitted to proof where the Registrar is satisfied that the will was signed by the testator or, if unsigned, that it is in the testator's handwriting.

Notice of application for administration to be given to next of kin and spouse.  
Rule 22 amended by G.G. 20/10/72, p. 4161; G.G. 23/2/73, p. 531; G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876.

22. (1) Where administration is applied for by one or some only of the persons entitled to administration other than the Public Trustee, there being another or other next of kin equally entitled thereto, or a widower or widow of the deceased, within the jurisdiction, their consent duly verified shall be filed, or evidence shall be adduced of their having been served with notice of the application, or that they cannot be found.

(2) Where the widower or widow of the deceased applies and there are next of kin of full age within the jurisdiction, their consent duly verified shall be filed or evidence shall be adduced of their having been served with notice of the application, or that they cannot be found.

(3) Where administration is applied for, the Registrar may require notice of the application to be given to any person who is or claims to be an illegitimate child of the deceased or who claims to be entitled in distribution through any such person.

Rules 23 and 24 [*Rescinded by G.G. 20/10/72, p. 4161*].

Grant to Creditor: cf. Act No. 26 of 1941, s. 11.  
Rule 25 amended by G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876.

25. Where a creditor intends to apply for administration, he shall, previous to his application, issue a citation calling upon the widower or widow and next of kin of the deceased to show cause why administration should not be granted to him, and shall prove his debt before the Registrar.

Grants on behalf of infants.  
Rule 26 amended by G.G. 20/10/72, p. 4161; G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876.

26. (1) Grants of administration *durante minore aetate* may be made to guardians of infants for their use and benefit, subject to such limitations or conditions as the Registrar may order.

(2) Infants above the age of fourteen years may elect a guardian; and in other cases the Registrar may, on application made to him on motion, appoint as guardian a fit and proper person who consents to act.

(3) Where a guardian applies for administration, he shall produce evidence of his election or assignment.

(4) In a family where there are infants both above and under the age of fourteen years, an elected guardian may act for all the infants without special assignment.

Guarantee where administration applied for.  
Rule 27 substituted by G.G. 7/10/77, pp. 3604-7; amended by G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876; G.G. 1/8/80, p. 2561.

27. (1) The Registrar shall not require a guarantee under section 26 of the Act as a condition of granting administration except where it is proposed to grant administration—

- (a) for the use and benefit of another person or where the grant is otherwise limited;
- (b) to an applicant who appears to the Registrar to be resident elsewhere than in Western Australia;
- (c) where a beneficiary is not of full age or capacity; or
- (d) where a beneficiary is not resident in Western Australia and has no agent or attorney there;

or except where the Registrar considers that there are special circumstances making it desirable to require a guarantee.

(2) Notwithstanding that it is proposed to grant administration in any of the cases mentioned in paragraphs (a) to (d) inclusive of subrule (1) of this rule, a guarantee shall not be required, except in special circumstances, where the applicant or one of the applicants is—

- (a) a corporation authorized by the law of Western Australia to obtain a grant; or
- (b) a person holding a current practice certificate under the Legal Practitioners' Act 1893.

(3) A guarantee entered into by a surety for the purposes of section 26 of the Act shall be in Form 2.

(4) A guarantee shall not be required from the Public Trustee or from a person obtaining administration for the benefit of the Crown.

(5) Where it is required, the guarantee shall be by two sureties resident in Western Australia unless the surety is a corporation approved by the Court or the applicant is a corporation authorized by the law of Western Australia to obtain a grant or where the Registrar otherwise orders.

(6) Where it is required, the guarantee shall be for an amount equal to the gross value of the estate in Western Australia or such reduced or increased amount as the Registrar orders; and in fixing the amount of the guarantee the Registrar shall take into account the extent to which the claim of a creditor is secured over a mortgage or charge of real or personal estate of the deceased.

(7) A surety other than a corporation shall justify to the satisfaction of the Registrar.

(8) Except where the surety is a corporation, the guarantee shall be attested by a person authorized to administer oaths.

27A. On an application for the sealing of a grant of administration—

- (a) the Registrar shall not require a guarantee under section 62 of the Act as a condition of sealing the grant except where it appears to him that the grant is made to a person or in any of the circumstances mentioned in paragraphs (a) to (d) inclusive of subrule (1) of rule 27 or except where the Registrar considers that there are special circumstances making it desirable to require a guarantee;
- (b) subrule (4) of rule 10 and subrules (2), (4), (5), (6), (7) and (8) of rule 27 shall apply with any necessary modifications; and
- (c) a guarantee entered into by a surety for the purposes of section 62 of the Act shall be in Form 2A.

Guarantee where application to reseal. Rule 27A added by G.G. 7/10/77, pp. 3604-7; amended by G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876; G.G. 1/8/80, pp. 2561.

28. Unless the Registrar otherwise directs, a person who has renounced probate of the will or administration of the estate of a deceased person in one capacity may not take a representation to the same deceased in another capacity.

Effect of renunciation. Rule 28 amended by G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876.

29. (1) A citation shall be settled by the Registrar before being issued.

Citations generally.

(2) An averment in a citation, and such other information as the Registrar may require, shall be verified by an affidavit sworn by the person issuing the citation (in these rules called "the citor") or, if there are two or more citors, by one of them; but the Registrar may in special circumstances accept an affidavit sworn by the citor's solicitor.

Rule 29 amended by G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876.

(3) The citor shall enter a caveat before issuing a citation.

(4) A citation shall be served personally on the person cited unless the Registrar, on cause shown by affidavit, directs some other mode of service, which may include notice by advertisement.

(5) A will referred to in a citation shall be lodged in the Registry before the citation is issued, except where the will is not in the possession of the citor and the Registrar is satisfied that it is impracticable to lodge it.

(6) A person who has been cited to appear may, within such time as the Registrar may fix, or at any time thereafter if no application has been made by the citor under subrule (5) of rule 30 or subrule (2) of rule 31, file a notification of his intention to be heard and shall forthwith thereafter serve on the citor a copy of the notification.

Citation to accept or refuse or to take a grant.  
Rule 30 amended by G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876.

30. (1) A citation to accept or refuse a grant may be issued at the instance of any person who would himself be entitled to a grant in the event of the person cited renouncing his right thereto.

(2) Where power to make a grant to an executor has been reserved, a citation calling on him to accept or refuse a grant may be issued at the instance of the executors who have proved the will or of the executors of the last survivor of deceased executors who have proved.

(3) A citation calling on an executor who has intermeddled in the estate of the deceased to show cause why he should not be ordered to take a grant may be issued at the instance of any person interested in the estate at any time after the expiration of six months from the death of the deceased; but no citation to take a grant shall issue while proceedings as to the validity of the will are pending.

(4) A person cited who is willing to accept or take a grant may apply *ex parte* to the Registrar for a grant on filing an affidavit showing that he has filed a notification of his intention to be heard and that he has not been served by the citor with notice of any application for a grant to himself.

(5) Where the time limited for filing a notification of intention to be heard has expired and the person cited has not filed a notification, the citor may—

- (a) in the case of a citation under subrule (1) of this rule, apply to the Registrar for a grant to himself;
- (b) in the case of a citation under subrule (2) of this rule, apply to the Registrar for an order that a note be made on the grant that the executor to whom power was reserved has been duly cited and has not filed a notification of his intention to be heard and that all his rights in respect of the executorship have wholly ceased;
- (c) in the case of a citation under subrule (3) of this rule, apply to the Registrar by summons (which shall be served on the person cited) for an order requiring that person to take a grant within a specified time.

(6) An application under subrule (5) of this rule shall be supported by an affidavit showing that the citation was duly served and that the person cited has not filed a notification of his intention to be heard.

(7) Where the person cited has filed a notification of his intention to be heard but has not applied for a grant under subrule (4) of this rule, or has failed to prosecute his application with reasonable diligence, the citor may—

- (a) in the case of a citation under subrule (1) of this rule apply by summons to the Registrar for an order for a grant to himself;
- (b) in the case of a citation under subrule (2) of this rule, apply by summons to the Registrar for an order striking out the notification of intention to be heard and for the endorsement on the grant of such a note as is mentioned in paragraph (b) of subrule (5) of this rule;
- (c) in the case of a citation under subrule (3) of this rule apply by summons to the Registrar for an order requiring the person cited to take a grant within a specified time;

and the summons shall be served on the person cited.

Citation to propound a will.

31. (1) A citation to propound a will shall be directed to the executors named in the will and to all persons interested under the will, and may be issued at the instance of any citor having an interest contrary to that of the executors or such other persons.

(2) Where the time limited for filing a notification of intention to be heard has expired and no person cited has filed a notification, or where no person who has filed a notification proceeds with reasonable diligence to propound the will, the citor may apply on motion for a grant as if the will were invalid.

32. (1) A person bringing in a will or testamentary paper in obedience to a citation or order, shall deposit it at the Registry, and may require a receipt therefor.

Citation to bring in a will.

(2) A person served with a citation to bring in a will or testamentary paper may file a notification of his intention to be heard, on payment of the prescribed fees, if he thinks fit to do so.

33. (1) A person having any interest in an estate in which application is being made for a grant or the sealing of a grant, and intending to oppose the application, shall either personally or by his solicitor enter a caveat in the Registry.

Caveats.  
Rule 33 amended by G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876.

(2) A caveat shall be in accordance with Form 3, and shall state fully the nature of the interest of the caveator.

(3) Subject to subrule (4) of this rule, a caveat shall remain in force for the space of six months only from the day it is entered and then expire and be of no effect, unless otherwise ordered.

(4) Notwithstanding that a period of six months has elapsed after entry of a caveat, the Registrar may require the applicant for a grant to give notice to the caveator before proceeding with his application.

(5) Where the applicant for a grant or for the sealing of a grant does not obtain an order under section 64 of the Act, he shall, within one month, or such extended time as a Judge or the Registrar may allow after notice of the entry of the caveat, commence contentious proceedings by issuing a writ against the caveator and proceeding in the ordinary manner.

(6) A caveator may, if no step is taken by the executor or applicant for administration within a period of one month after notice of the entry of the caveat, apply to a Judge or the Registrar for an order directing the executor or applicant to proceed with his application; and the Judge or Registrar may make an order upon such terms as he thinks fit.

34. An application for leave to swear to the death of a person shall be made to the Registrar by originating motion and shall be supported by an affidavit setting out the grounds of the application and particulars of all policies of insurance on the life of the person the subject of the application.

Application for leave to swear to death.  
Rule 34 amended by G.G. 30/3/73, p. 818; G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876.

35. (1) Where the Registrar is satisfied that a grant should be amended or revoked, he may make an order accordingly.

Amendment and revocation of grant.

(2) Except in special circumstances, a grant shall not be amended or revoked under this rule other than on the application or with the consent of the person to whom the grant was made.

Rule 35 amended by G.G. 20/10/72, p. 4161; G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876; G.G. 1/8/80, pp. 2560-61.

(3) Where an order has been made for the amendment of a grant, the original grant shall be produced to the Registry for notation, or its non-production accounted for.

(4) Where an order has been made under the Inheritance (Family and Dependents Provision) Act 1972, the original grant shall be produced to the Registry, together with a certified copy of the order and two photographic copies thereof.

36. The taxing officer shall tax all bills of costs referred to him for taxation.

Taxation of costs.  
Rule 36 amended by G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876.

Executors and Administrators to pass accounts.

Cf. Act No. 26 of 1941, s. 51.

Rule 37 amended by G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876; G.G. 1/8/80, p. 2561.

37. (1) Every executor and administrator (other than the Public Trustee) shall file in the Registry his accounts relating to the estate of the deceased in accordance with Form 4, and shall attend before the Registrar at such time as the Registrar may appoint to have the accounts passed and allowed.

(2) Where there is any balance available for distribution, the executor or administrator shall file a plan of distribution with his accounts.

(3) The accounts and plan of distribution mentioned in this rule shall be filed within twelve months after the grant, or within such further time as a Judge or the Registrar may allow, and shall be verified by the affidavit of the executor or administrator.

(4) Notice in accordance with Form 5 of filing of the accounts of an executor or administrator shall be advertised once, fourteen days at least before the day fixed for passing the accounts, in a daily newspaper published in Perth.

(5) In the case of an administrator, notice of the filing and of the appointment to pass his accounts shall also be served on the sureties of the administration bond.

(6) A person wishing to object to the passing of the accounts of an executor or administrator, shall file in the Registry, before the day fixed for the passing of the accounts, a notice of his intention to object, and also an affidavit stating his interest and the nature and grounds of his objection.

(7) Upon the taking of the accounts, the Registrar may make such order as to service upon any of the parties or persons interested as he may think fit.

(8) Any person interested may attend before the Registrar upon the taking of the accounts.

(9) The costs of the accounting party and of any person who has filed a notice of objection under this rule shall be in the discretion of the Registrar.

(10) The Registrar's allowance of an account shall be recorded by a certificate.

Form of grant.  
Rule 38 amended by G.G. 20/10/72, p. 4161.

38. (1) Grants of probate, letters of administration and letters of administration with the will annexed shall be in accordance with Form 6, Form 7 and Form 8, respectively.

(2) An order to administer the estate of a deceased person dying testate shall be in accordance with Form 9 and an order to administer the estate of a deceased person dying intestate shall be in accordance with Form 10, in either case with such variations as the circumstances may require.

Paper to conform to certain requirements.  
Rule 39 amended by G.G. 18/12/70, p. 3815.

39. (1) A motion for a grant or for the sealing of a grant shall be typed on strong light-brown paper of a quality and form suitable for providing a durable cover for the Registry file; and a list of the documents to be filed shall be typed inside the motion paper.

(2) Grants of probate and administration and exemplifications of grants shall be typed on special probate paper prepared by the Government Printer, or on paper of the like weight, quality, size and form.

Draft grant to be lodged with application.  
Rule 40 amended by G.G. 18/12/70, p. 3815.

40. (1) With an application for probate or administration the applicant shall lodge in the Registry, for settling, a draft of the grant in its proposed form.

(2) The settled draft shall be returned to the Registry with the engrossment of the grant, and shall be kept on the Court file.

Photographic copies of will as proved to be lodged.  
Rule 41 amended by G.G. 18/12/70, p. 3815; G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876.

41. (1) At the time of lodging the engrossment of the grant, the executor or administrator with the will shall lodge in the Registry two copies of the original will and of any codicil as admitted to proof; one copy shall be annexed to the grant and the other copy shall be retained for record purposes.

(2) The copies required by this rule to be lodged, and all certified and office copies of grants, and all copies of wills and other documents filed in the Registry, shall, unless otherwise directed by the Registrar, be photographic copies made in the Registry.

(3) This rule applies *mutatis mutandis* to an order to administer the estate of a deceased person dying testate, made under section 10 or section 12 of the Public Trustee Act 1941.

(4) In the case of a personal application made direct to the Registrar or a district agent, the requirements of this rule and of rule 40 will be attended to in the Registry.

42. (1) Where the Registrar considers that a will or other document required to be copied for the purpose of grant, sealing, or record is unsuitable for photography, he may require an engrossment of the document, suitable for photographic reproduction, to be lodged.

Will to be engrossed in certain cases.

Rule 42 amended by G.G. 7/12/73, p. 4487; G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876; G.G. 1/8/80, p. 2561.

(2) Where some of the documents intended to form part of the probate or letters of administration with the will annexed are not suitable for photography, the Registrar may require a copy of the whole of the documents to be made and lodged for that purpose.

(3) Where a will or codicil contains alterations not admitted to proof, an engrossment of the will or codicil in the form in which it is proved, shall be lodged.

(4) An engrossment lodged pursuant to this rule shall reproduce the punctuation, spacing and division into paragraphs of the will, and shall be legibly and clearly typewritten in pica type on one side only of foolscap paper of durable quality with a quarter margin and not less than six millimetres between each line.

(5) Where a will or codicil, or any part thereof, is written in pencil, there shall be lodged a facsimile copy of the will or codicil, in which the pencil writings in the original shall be reproduced in red ink. The copy may be made on paper of such size as the Registrar may direct, and shall be kept on the Court file.

43. (1) A grant lodged for sealing shall include an authentic copy of the will and codicil (if any) to which the grant relates, or shall be accompanied by a copy thereof certified as correct by or under the authority of the Court by which the grant was made.

Documents to be lodged with application to reseal.

Rule 43 amended by G.G. 18/12/70, p. 3815; G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876.

(2) The person producing a grant for sealing shall also lodge for record purposes a copy of the grant and of any will and codicil to which it relates.

(3) The copy required by subrule (2) of this rule shall, unless otherwise directed by the Registrar, be a photographic copy made in the Registry.

43A. Any person shall, on payment of the prescribed fee, be entitled during office hours to search for and obtain a copy of any of the following documents filed or of record in the Registry, namely:—

Searches. Cf. O.67 R. 11, R.S.C. Rule 43A added by G.G. 20/10/72, p. 4161. Amended by G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876.

(a) a will or codicil that has been proved;

(b) a grant of probate or administration;

(c) an order to administer; and

(d) with the leave of the Registrar, any other document.

44. Subject in any particular case to any direction given by a Judge or the Registrar, these rules shall apply to any proceeding that is pending on the day on which these rules come into operation as well as to any proceeding commenced after that day.

Application to pending proceedings.

Rule 44 amended by G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876.

45. (1) The Probate and Administration Rules and the forms in the Appendix thereto (being the rules and forms contained in the Third Schedule to the Administration Act 1903, reprinted as approved for reprint on 23rd April, 1958) are revoked.

Revocation. Vol. 12 of the Reprinted Acts.

Rule 45 amended by G.G. 20/10/72, p. 4161.

(2) [*Rescinded by G.G. 20/10/72, p. 4161.*]

Schedule amended by G.G. 20/10/72, p. 4162; G.G. 7/10/77, pp. 3604-7; G.G. 14/12/79, p. 3876.

SCHEDULE.

Rule 15.

Form 1.

AFFIDAVIT OF ATTESTING WITNESS (WHERE REQUISITE).

In the Will of \_\_\_\_\_, late of \_\_\_\_\_, deceased.  
I, \_\_\_\_\_, of \_\_\_\_\_, in the State of Western Australia, being duly sworn, make oath and say as follows:—

1. I am one of the subscribing witnesses to the last will and testament of the said \_\_\_\_\_, late of \_\_\_\_\_, deceased, bearing date the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 19\_\_\_\_, and produced and shown to me and marked 'A'.
2. The said testator executed the said will on the day of the date thereof, by signing his name at the foot or end thereof, as the same now appears thereon, in the presence of me and of \_\_\_\_\_ the other subscribed witness thereto, both of us being present at the same time, and we thereupon attested and subscribed the said will in the presence of the said testator.

Sworn by the deponent, this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 19\_\_\_\_, at \_\_\_\_\_, before me,

Rule 27.

FORM 2.

SURETY'S GUARANTEE.

Whereas \_\_\_\_\_ (1) of \_\_\_\_\_ (2) died on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 19\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_ (and \_\_\_\_\_) (3) (hereinafter called "the administrator(s)") is/are (4) the intended administrator(s) of his estate.

Now therefore:

1. I/We (5) \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_ (and \_\_\_\_\_) (5) hereby (jointly and severally) (6) guarantee that I/We (4) will, when lawfully required to do so (7) make good any loss which any person interested in the administration of the estate of the deceased may suffer in consequence of the breach by the administrator(s) of his/her/their (4) duty—
  - (a) to collect and get in the real and personal estate of the deceased and administer it according to law;
  - (b) file an inventory of the estate of the deceased, and pass his accounts relating thereto within such time, and from time to time, and in such manner as may be prescribed by the rules or as the Court may order;
  - (c) when so required by the Court to deliver up the grant to the Court.

2. The giving of time to the administrator(s) or any other forbearance or indulgence shall not in any way affect my/our (4) liability under this guarantee.

3. The liability under this guarantee shall be continuing and shall be for the whole amount of the loss mentioned in paragraph 1 above, but (my) (our aggregate) total liability shall not in any event exceed the sum of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ (8).

Dated the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 19\_\_\_\_.

Signed, sealed and delivered by the above-named in the presence of \_\_\_\_\_

A Commissioner for affidavits (or other person authorized by law to administer an oath) (9)

(The Common Seal of \_\_\_\_\_ was hereunto affixed in the presence of \_\_\_\_\_).

- (1) Full name of deceased.
- (2) Address of deceased.
- (3) Full name(s) & address(es) & description(s) of proposed administrator(s).
- (4) Delete whichever is inapplicable.
- (5) Full name(s) & address(es) & description(s) of surety(ies).
- (6) Delete if only one surety.
- (7) An action on the guarantee may only be brought with the leave of the Court.
- (8) Insert gross value of estate in Western Australia (unless the Master has directed otherwise).
- (9) Attestation is not required in the case of a corporation.



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Form 2A.

SURETY'S GUARANTEE ON APPLICATION TO RESEAL.

In the Estate of \_\_\_\_\_ (1) deceased  
 Whereas \_\_\_\_\_ (1) of \_\_\_\_\_ (2) died on  
 the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 19\_\_\_\_, and letters of  
 administration of his estate were on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_  
 19\_\_\_\_, granted by the \_\_\_\_\_ (3) to (and \_\_\_\_\_)  
 (4) and are about to be sealed in Western Australia.

(1) Full name of deceased.  
 (2) Address of deceased.  
 (3) Description of Court by which grant was issued.

Now therefore:

1. I/We (5) \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_ (and \_\_\_\_\_)  
 of \_\_\_\_\_ (6) hereby (jointly and severally) (7) guarantee  
 that I/We (5) will, when lawfully required to do so (8), make good any loss  
 which any person interested in the administration of the estate of the deceased  
 in Western Australia may suffer in consequence of the breach by the adminis-  
 trator(s) of his/her/their (5) duty—

(4) Full name(s) & address(es) and description(s) of admin-istrators.

(5) Delete whichever is inapplicable.

(a) to collect and get in the real and personal estate of the deceased which is situated in Western Australia and administer it according to law;

(6) Full name(s) address(es) & description(s) of surety(ies).

(b) file an inventory of the estate of the deceased, and pass his accounts relating thereto within such time, and from time to time, and in such manner as may be prescribed by the rules or as the Court may order.

(7) Delete if only one surety.

2. The giving of time to the administrator(s) or any other forbearance or indulgence shall not in any way affect my/our (5) liability under this guarantee.

(8) An action on the guarantee may only be brought with the leave of the Court.

3. The liability under this guarantee shall be continuing and shall be for the whole amount of the loss mentioned in paragraph 1 above, but (my) (our aggregate) total liability shall not in any event exceed the sum of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ (9)

(9) Insert gross value of estate in Western Australia (unless the Master has directed otherwise).

Dated the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 19\_\_\_\_.

Signed, sealed and delivered by the above-named in the presence of

A Commissioner for affidavits (or other person authorized by law to administer an oath) (10)

(10) Attestation is not required in the case of a corporation.

(The Common Seal of \_\_\_\_\_ was hereunto affixed in the presence of \_\_\_\_\_).

Rule 33.

Form 3.

CAVEAT.

Take notice that I (*name of caveator in full*) of (*address and description in full*) claiming interest (*state relationship or particulars of interest*) in the estate of (or under the will of—*set out full description*) do hereby demand that nothing be done therein without notice to me.

Take further notice that my address for service is:—

Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 19\_\_\_\_.

(*Signature of Caveator or his Solicitor.*)

Witness:

Rule 37.

Form 4.

ACCOUNTS OF EXECUTORS AND ADMINISTRATORS.

The account of the administration of the estate of the abovenamed deceased by the Executor(s) (or Administrator) to the day of , 19 , filed pursuant to rule 37 of the Non-contentious Probate Rules 1967.

Part A.  
Receipts.

Number of Item	Date	Particulars	\$	
		Total ....		
			\$	
		Balance ....		
		Totals ....	\$	

Part B.

PORTION OF ESTATE DISTRIBUTED IN SPECIE.

*(Set out briefly, with particulars of value for purposes of Probate Duty.)*

Part C.

PORTION OF ESTATE RETAINED OR REMAINING UNCOLLECTED.

*(Set out briefly, with particulars of value for purposes of Probate Duty.)*

Part D.

STATEMENT OF MONEYS AND SECURITIES HELD BY THE EXECUTOR(S) (OR ADMINISTRATOR).

*(Set out particulars of moneys now in hand and investments made since date of death.)*

Part E.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION.

*(Where requisite).*

Dated the

day of

19

Signature(s) of Executor(s) (Administrator).

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Rule 37.

Form 5.

## NOTICE OF FILING ACCOUNTS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the accounts and plan of distribution in the above estate have this day been filed in my office, and all persons having any claim on the said estate, or being otherwise interested therein, are hereby required to come in before me at my said office on or before the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 19\_\_\_\_, at \_\_\_\_\_ o'clock in the \_\_\_\_\_ noon and inspect the same, and if they shall think fit object thereto; otherwise if the said accounts be not objected to, the same will be examined by me and passed according to law.

Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 19\_\_\_\_.  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 Registrar.

Rule 38.

Form 6.

## PROBATE.

IN the Will of \_\_\_\_\_, late of \_\_\_\_\_ in the State of Western Australia, deceased.  
 BE IT KNOWN that on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, the last Will and Testament (a copy of which is annexed) of \_\_\_\_\_ deceased, who died on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, one thousand nine hundred and \_\_\_\_\_, at \_\_\_\_\_ in the said State of Western Australia, was proved and registered in the Supreme Court of the said State at Perth; and that administration of the real and personal estate of the said deceased was granted by the aforesaid Court to \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_, the Executor named in the said Will, he having been first sworn to administer the same according to law.

By the Court,  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 Registrar.

Rule 38.

Form 7.

## ADMINISTRATION.

IN the Estate of \_\_\_\_\_, late of \_\_\_\_\_, in the State of Western Australia, deceased, intestate.  
 BE IT KNOWN that on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, one thousand nine hundred and \_\_\_\_\_, Letters of Administration of the real and personal estate of \_\_\_\_\_, late of \_\_\_\_\_, in the State of \_\_\_\_\_, deceased, who died on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, one thousand nine hundred and \_\_\_\_\_, at \_\_\_\_\_ aforesaid, intestate, were granted by the Supreme Court of the said State to \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_, the lawful \_\_\_\_\_ of the said deceased, he having been first sworn to administer the same according to law.

Given at \_\_\_\_\_, in the said State of Western Australia, this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, one thousand nine hundred and \_\_\_\_\_.  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 By the Court,  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 Registrar.

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Rule 38.

Form 8.

ADMINISTRATION WITH THE WILL ANNEXED.

IN the Will and Estate of  
late of , in the State of Western Australia,  
deceased.

BE IT KNOWN that  
late of , who died on the  
day of , one thousand nine hundred and  
of , at , in the State  
(a copy of which is annexed), and therein named  
, of , in the State of  
, sole executor of his said Will; AND BE IT

FURTHER KNOWN that the said  
by renunciation dated the day of , one thousand  
nine hundred and , renounced Probate of the Will of  
the said , without having intermeddled with  
the deceased's estate; AND BE IT ALSO FURTHER KNOWN that on the  
day of , one thousand nine hundred  
and Letters of Administration, with the said Will  
annexed, of the real and personal estate of the said deceased were granted by  
the Supreme Court of the said State of Western Australia to  
of , one of the lawful children and next of kin of  
the said deceased, he having been first sworn to administer the same according  
to law.

Given at , in the said State of Western Australia,  
this day of , one  
thousand nine hundred and

By the Court, Registrar.

Rule 38.

Form 9.

Heading as in Form 8.

ORDER TO ADMINISTER WITH THE WILL.

UPON THE APPLICATION of the Public Trustee and UPON READING the  
affidavit of sworn the  
day of 19 and filed herein, IT IS ORDERED  
that the Public Trustee be and he is hereby authorized and empowered to  
administer with the will the estate of the abovenamed deceased who died at  
on the day of 19

\* Omit words in brackets if order made under s. 12 of Public Trustee Act 1941.

\*(reserving to the Court the right to grant probate or administration to any person who shall apply therefor and who might have obtained a grant if this order had not been made). A true copy of the said will is annexed.

Dated this day of , 19 Registrar.

Rule 38.

Form 10.

Heading as in Form 7.

ORDER TO ADMINISTER (INTESTACY).

UPON THE APPLICATION of the Public Trustee and UPON READING the  
affidavit of sworn the  
day of 19 and filed herein, IT IS ORDERED  
that the Public Trustee be and he is hereby authorized and empowered to  
administer the estate of the abovenamed deceased who died at  
on the day of 19 intestate

\* Omit words in brackets if order made under s. 12 of Public Trustee Act 1941.

\*(reserving to the Court the right to grant probate or administration to any person who shall apply therefor and who might have obtained a grant if this order had not been made).

Dated this day of , 19 Registrar.