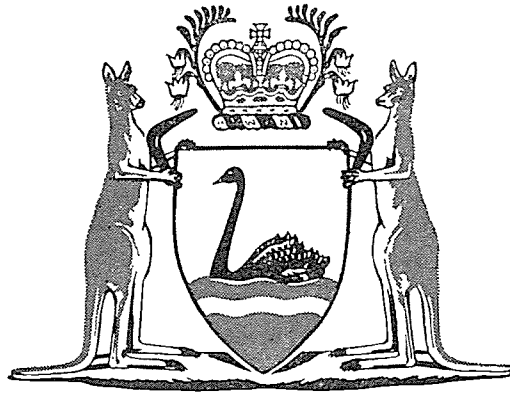


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WILDLIFE CONSERVATION ACT 1950-1980.

WILDLIFE CONSERVATION REGULATIONS.

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Schedule.

WILDLIFE CONSERVATION REGULATIONS

PART 1.—PRELIMINARY.

1. These regulations may be cited as the Wildlife Conservation Regulations. Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5047.

2. These regulations are divided into Parts, as follows:— Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5047.
 - PART 1.—PRELIMINARY, regs. 1-3.
 - PART 2.—LICENCES, regs. 4-25.
 - PART 3.—ROYALTIES, reg. 26.
 - PART 4.—KEEPING OF FAUNA IN CAPTIVITY, regs. 27-40.
 - PART 5.—HONORARY WILDLIFE OFFICERS, reg. 41.
 - PART 6.—CONTROL OF SANCTUARIES, regs. 42-49.
 - PART 7.—MARKING, SALE AND TRANSPORT OF FAUNA, regs. 50-53.
 - PART 8.—ILLEGAL MEANS AND DEVICES, reg. 54.
 - PART 9.—PROHIBITED IMPORTS, reg. 55.
 - PART 10.—GAME SPECIES, reg. 56.
 - PART 11.—MISCELLANEOUS, regs. 58-62.

SCHEDULES.
APPENDICES.

3. In these regulations, unless the contrary intention appears— Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
pp. 5047,
5053-4;
G.G. 21/7/78,
p. 2642.
 - “affix”, in relation to a tag, means to pass the tail of the tag through that part of the skin or carcass, as shown in Appendix B, and then through the slot in the tag in such a manner that the self-sealing mechanism is activated and the tag cannot be removed without deliberately cutting the tag or the skin or carcass;
 - “Appendix” means an appendix to these regulations;
 - “authorized” means authorized in writing by the Minister to exercise the powers conferred by these regulations;
 - “aviculturist’s licence” means a licence issued pursuant to regulation 12 to authorize the holder to keep and breed certain protected and unprotected birds or other specified species of fauna in captivity;
 - “bird dealer’s licence” means a licence issued pursuant to regulation 13 to authorize the holder to buy and sell or otherwise deal in avian fauna;
 - “chiller unit” means and includes any trailer, vehicle, vessel or conveyance of any kind or any cold store or cold room used for the holding for any period of time of any fauna;
 - “closed area”, in relation to a species of fauna means any part of the State where that species is protected;
 - “damage licence” means a licence issued pursuant to regulation 5 to the owner or occupier of land for the purpose of destroying fauna causing damage to his property;
 - “direct dealer” means a person who buys or receives carcasses of kangaroos from any person or persons licensed under regulation 5 or 6;
 - “fauna farm licence” means a licence issued pursuant to regulation 14 to authorize the holder to farm and breed fauna for commercial display or for sale;
 - “illegal tag” means any device, other than an unused or sealed tag, which is likely to be or capable of being, or intended to be, confused with or represented as being a tag;

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- “professional shooter’s licence” means a licence issued pursuant to regulation 6 to authorize the holder to take kangaroos for sale;
- “registered” means approved and registered by the Conservator of Wildlife pursuant to these regulations;
- “registered route” means a registered route on or along which a registered transport or chiller unit may be driven, towed, or taken in a closed area;
- “regulation” means one of these regulations;
- “Schedule” means a schedule to these regulations;
- “tag” means a self-sealing tag manufactured for and obtained from the Conservator of Wildlife, the sealing mechanism of which is unbroken so that the tag cannot come unsealed and, except in the case of cured or dressed skins, means the portion of the tag which includes the serial number of the tag which was originally affixed to the skin and which accompanies that skin;
- “the Act” means the Wildlife Conservation Act 1950;
- “transport unit” means any vehicle or vessel of any kind associated or used in the transport of any fauna;
- “trapper’s licence” means a licence issued pursuant to regulation 11 to authorize the holder to take avian fauna for sale;
- “wildlife licence” means a licence issued pursuant to regulation 12A to authorize the holder to keep fauna other than avian fauna subject to conditions imposed.

PART 2.—LICENCES.

Licence to take Dangerous Fauna.

4. (1) Any licence to take dangerous fauna expires on the date shown thereon, and there may be specified in the licence—
- (a) the number and species of fauna which may be taken;
 - (b) by whom the fauna may be taken;
 - (c) the area or place where the fauna may be taken;
 - (d) the manner in which, the time of day and when the fauna may be taken;
 - (e) the manner in which the fauna may be disposed of or the person to whom the fauna may be taken for disposal; and
 - (f) the returns which the licence holder shall submit and the period within which the returns shall be submitted,
- and without limiting the operation of any condition endorsed on the licence pursuant to subsection (5) of section 15 of the Act, the licence authorizes the holder to take and deal with dangerous fauna only in accordance with the requirements specified in the licence pursuant to this subregulation.

Licence to take Protected Fauna causing Damage to Property.

5. (1) For the purposes of section 15 of the Act, the Minister may issue licences, to be known as damage licences, to take fauna causing damage to property.
- (2) Any damage licence expires on the date shown thereon, and there may be specified in the licence—
- (a) the number and species of fauna which may be taken;
 - (b) the area or place where the fauna may be taken;
 - (c) the person or persons who may take the fauna;
 - (d) the manner in which, and the time of day when the fauna may be taken;
 - (e) the manner in which the skins and carcasses, either separately or together, shall be disposed of or the person or persons to whom the skins or carcasses shall be taken for disposal; and
 - (f) the returns which the licence holder shall submit and the time within which the returns shall be submitted,

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and, without limiting the operation of any condition endorsed on the licence pursuant to subsection (5) of section 15 of the Act, the damage licence authorizes the holder to take and deal with fauna only in accordance with the requirements specified in the licence pursuant to this subregulation.

(3) The holder of a damage licence shall carry the licence on or about his person whenever he is taking or about to take the fauna to which it relates.

(4) The holder of a damage licence shall, before disposing of, selling or transporting or consigning any fauna, or part thereof, taken under the authority of the licence, duly affix a tag to each specimen of fauna or part thereof.

Licence to take Kangaroos for Sale.

6. (1) For the purposes of section 15 of the Act, the Minister may issue licences, to be known as professional shooters' licences, to take kangaroos for sale.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5054;
G.G. 16/3/79,
p. 694.

(2) Any professional shooter's licence expires on the date shown thereon.

(3) Subject to any condition endorsed on the licence and to the succeeding provisions of this regulation, a professional shooter's licence authorizes the holder to take for sale such species of kangaroo from such area or place as are respectively specified, in the licence.

(4) The holder of a professional shooter's licence shall carry the licence on or about his person whenever he is taking or about to take any fauna to which it relates.

(5) The fee for the issue of a professional shooter's licence shall be twenty dollars.

(6) A professional shooter's licence does not authorize the taking of any fauna which is protected for any period of time throughout the whole or part or parts of the State during such period of time and in such part or parts, or during a close season for the fauna.

(7) The provisions of subregulation (6) of this regulation do not operate so as to prohibit the Conservator of Wildlife from issuing to the holder of a professional shooter's licence a permit to allow the licence holder to take such fauna in such manner as may be endorsed on the permit and in the terms of a licence issued pursuant to regulation 4 or 5.

(8) The holder of a professional shooter's licence shall, on or before the fifteenth day of each month, furnish to the Conservator of Wildlife a return in Form 1 in Appendix A of the kangaroos taken by the licensee during the preceding calendar month and the holder shall furnish such other information on his activities under the licence as the Conservator of Wildlife may require.

(9) Unless otherwise endorsed as a condition on the licence, the holder of a professional shooter's licence shall not take any fauna by any means other than a firearm licensed pursuant to the Firearms Act 1973.

(10) A person who is not a holder of a professional shooter's licence shall not assist the holder of such a licence in the taking of fauna for gain or reward.

(11) The holder of a professional shooter's licence shall not sell, transport or consign any fauna or any part thereof unless he has first duly affixed a tag to each specimen of the fauna or part thereof.

Licence to Process.

7. (1) For the purposes of sections 15 and 17A of the Act, the Minister may issue licences to process the carcasses of kangaroos or other fauna.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5047.

(2) There may be specified in any licence issued under this regulation—

- (a) the species of fauna which the holder may process;
- (b) the maximum number of kangaroos or other fauna that the holder may process in any period; and
- (c) the number of persons from whom fauna may be purchased for processing.

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(3) The holder of a licence issued under this regulation shall cause the licence to be displayed in a prominent position at his place of business at the address shown on the licence.

(4) The holder of a licence issued under this regulation shall not cause or permit any fauna to be processed except at the address shown on the licence.

(5) The fee for every licence shall be one hundred dollars.

(6) The holder of a licence issued under this regulation shall keep a record in duplicate in Form 2 in Appendix A or in such other form as the Conservator of Wildlife may require and shall forward each month, or within such other periods as may be required, the original of such completed form to the Conservator of Wildlife.

(7) The holder of a licence issued under this regulation or any other person shall not receive into any holding room or have in his possession or allow to remain on his premises or take delivery of any fauna or part of any fauna unless it is duly marked with a tag as prescribed, but this subregulation shall not be construed as prohibiting such a licence holder from lawfully processing fauna lawfully held by him.

(8) The holder of a licence issued under this regulation who removes the skin from the carcass of any fauna shall ensure that the skin is not taken from the processing establishment unless a tag is duly attached to the skin, or in the case of a cured or dressed skin, the skin is accompanied by the portion of the tag which shows the serial number of the tag which was affixed to the skin when received at the processing establishment.

(9) The holder of a licence issued under this regulation—

- (a) shall not cause or permit a tag affixed to a skin or carcass to be removed therefrom until immediately prior to the commencement of the curing or dressing process;
- (b) who removes a tag from a skin for the purpose of curing or dressing the skin, shall ensure that the skin is accompanied at all times during the curing or dressing process by the portion of the tag which shows the serial number of the tag which was affixed to the skin when received at the processing establishment; and
- (c) shall re-affix or cause to be re-affixed to the skin any tag that becomes detached from a skin.

(9a) A holder of a licence issued under this regulation shall not have in his possession or under his control any tag that is not attached to a lawfully taken skin other than—

- (a) a tag that has been removed from a skin while it is being cured or dressed; or
- (b) a tag that is being consigned to a licensed professional shooter in a separate sealed parcel.

(9b) The holder of a licence issued under this regulation shall—

- (a) maintain in duplicate a daily record in the form of Form 2 of all purchases and sales of skins bought or sold by him;
- (b) produce any record so kept on demand made by any wildlife officer; and
- (c) forward to the Conservator of Wildlife the duplicate of the record so kept on the completion of each form or at the end of each month whichever occurs earlier.

(10) The holder of a licence issued under this regulation shall ensure that a record in Form 2 in Appendix A is properly maintained at the processing establishment and is made available on demand for inspection by a wildlife officer or other authorized person.

(11) The holder of a licence issued under this regulation shall not—

- (a) have on his premises or under his control any skin or carcass which has not been marked in accordance with these regulations; or
- (b) sell any such skin or carcass or any part of such skin or carcass of any fauna not taken, held or consigned in accordance with these regulations.

Licence to Deal in Kangaroo Carcasses.

8. (1) For the purposes of section 15 of the Act, the Minister may issue licences, to be known as direct dealers' licences, to authorize the purchasing or receiving of kangaroo carcasses from persons licensed under regulations 5 or 6.

[Previous subregulation (2) repealed by G.G. 6/10/72, p. 4026.]

(2) The holder of a licence referred to in subregulation (1) of this regulation shall re-affix or cause to be re-affixed to a kangaroo carcass or skin any tag that becomes detached from that carcass or skin.

[Previous subregulation (3) repealed by G.G. 6/10/72, p. 4026.]

(3) The holder of a licence referred to in subregulation (1) of this regulation shall not have in his possession or control any tag that is not attached to a kangaroo carcass or skin.

(3a) The holder of a licence referred to in subregulation (1) of this regulation shall—

- (a) maintain in duplicate a daily record in the form of Form 2A in Appendix A of all purchases and sales of kangaroo carcasses bought or sold by him;
- (b) produce any record so kept on demand made by any wildlife officer or other authorized person; and
- (c) forward to the Conservator of Wildlife the duplicate of the record so kept on the completion of the form or at the end of each month whichever occurs earlier.

(4) The fee for every direct dealer's licence shall be twenty dollars.

(5) Neither the holder of a direct dealer's licence nor any other person shall have in his possession or allow to remain on his premises, or take delivery of, any kangaroo or part of a kangaroo unless it is duly marked with a tag as prescribed.

(6) [Repealed by G.G. 6/10/72, p. 4026.]

(7) [Repealed by G.G. 6/10/72, p. 4026.]

Use of Chiller Units.

8A. (1) A person shall not use a chiller unit for the holding of carcasses of kangaroos, unless—

- (a) the owner of that chiller unit has registered the chiller unit with the Conservator of Wildlife; and
- (b) a registered number allotted in respect of that chiller unit is displayed thereon in a prominent position as directed by the Conservator of Wildlife.

(2) The registered number required to be displayed pursuant to subregulation (1) of this regulation shall be painted in black on a yellow background in symbols not less than 150 millimetres in height.

(2a) Where a licence issued under section 17A of the Act has been cancelled the person who owns the chiller unit registered pursuant to subregulation (1) of this regulation shall remove or obliterate from the chiller unit any registered number allotted to the chiller unit and displayed thereon pursuant to subregulation (1) of this regulation.

(2b) Where a person upon the request of a wildlife officer refuses to remove or obliterate a registered number displayed on a chiller unit in accordance with subregulation (2a) of this regulation a wildlife officer may take such measures as are reasonably necessary to remove or obliterate the number.

(3) A person shall not—

- (a) receive any kangaroo or part of a kangaroo into a chiller unit; or
- (b) allow any kangaroo or part of a kangaroo to remain in a chiller unit, unless that kangaroo or part of a kangaroo is duly marked with a tag as prescribed.

Amended by G.G. 6/10/72, p. 4026; G.G. 24/12/76, p. 5047; G.G. 16/3/79, p. 694; G.G. 27/3/81, p. 1045.

Inserted by G.G. 6/10/72, pp. 4026-7. Amended by G.G. 5/10/73, p. 3663; G.G. 24/12/76, p. 5048.

(4) The person in charge of a chiller unit shall keep a daily record in duplicate in the form of Form 3 in Appendix A or in such other form as the Conservator of Wildlife may require, and shall—

- (a) make the record available for inspection on being demanded to do so by a wildlife officer or other authorized person; and
- (b) on or before the fifteenth day of each month, forward the original of the completed form for the immediately preceding calendar month to the Conservator of Wildlife.

(5) Where the holder of a professional shooter's licence or any other person is in charge of a chiller unit owned by the holder of a licence to process kangaroos or a direct dealer's licence, the owner shall take all reasonable steps to ensure that the provisions of paragraph (b) of subregulation (1) and of subregulations (2), (3) and (4) of this regulation are complied with at all times.

(6) The owner of a chiller unit shall forthwith notify the Conservator of Wildlife of the name of the person from time to time in charge of the chiller unit.

(7) The owner of a chiller unit shall forthwith notify the Conservator of Wildlife where he disposes of or ceases to use the chiller unit and the Conservator of Wildlife may transfer or cancel the registration as the case may be.

Licence to Transport Kangaroo Carcasses and Skins.

Amended by
G.G. 5/10/73,
p. 3663;
G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5054;
G.G. 16/3/79,
p. 694.

9. (1) For the purposes of section 15 of the Act, the Minister may issue licences, to be known as transport licences to authorize the transport of kangaroo carcasses and skins.

(2) Where the holder of a transport licence operates a vehicle for the transport of kangaroo carcasses and skins he shall display on the vehicle in a prominent position as directed by the Conservator of Wildlife the registered number allotted in respect of the vehicle.

(3) The registered number required to be displayed pursuant to subregulation (2) shall be painted in black on a yellow background in symbols not less than 150 millimetres in height.

(4) The fee for a transport licence shall be five dollars.

(5) Neither the holder of a transport licence nor any other person shall transport in any vehicle or have in his possession any part of a kangaroo unless it is duly marked with a tag.

(6) The holder of a transport licence shall supply the Conservator of Wildlife with the particulars of the number plates issued under the Road Traffic Act 1974, for any vehicle used in the conveyance or transport of carcasses and skins and the districts in which that vehicle is from time to time operating.

Licence to deal in Skins.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5054;
G.G. 16/3/79,
p. 695.

10. (1) For the purposes of this regulation—

“other approved fauna” includes such species of introduced fauna as may be declared by the Minister to be fauna pursuant to the provisions of the Act and these regulations or such species of fauna which the Minister may be notice in writing allow a licensed skin dealer to sell; and

“registered agent” means a person or firm who or which the holder of the licence has notified the Conservator of Wildlife in writing as having been appointed as a registered agent of the holder and of no other processor or dealer, and whose appointment as such an agent is approved by the Conservator of Wildlife.

(2) For the purposes of section 15 of the Act, the Minister may issue licences, to be known as skin dealer's licences, to authorize the buying, selling and other dealing with skins in accordance with this regulation.

(3) The fee for a skin dealer's licence shall be forty dollars.

(4) No skin dealer's licence shall operate so as to authorize any person who is not the holder thereof or a registered agent or an employee of the holder to buy, sell or otherwise deal in the skins of kangaroos, or of any other fauna.

(5) Subject to the payment of the requisite fee, the holder of a skin dealer's licence may purchase such skins of kangaroos and other fauna as may be specified on the licence from persons holding current licences authorizing the sale of such fauna in pursuance of these regulations, but the holder shall not buy or sell or have in his possession or on his premises any skin or the whole or any part of any fauna that does not have a tag duly affixed thereto or in the case of any cured or dressed skins, such a skin that is not accompanied by the portion of the tag which includes the serial number of the tag which was originally affixed to the skin.

(6) The holder of a skin dealer's licence shall—

- (a) keep a record in duplicate in Form 4 in Appendix A or in such other form as the Conservator of Wildlife may require and shall forward each month or within such other periods as may be required the original of such completed form to the Conservator of Wildlife; and
- (b) ensure that a duly made up duplicate copy of that record is maintained at the licensed establishment and is made available on demand for inspection by a wildlife officer or other authorized person.

(7) The holder of a skin dealer's licence or his registered agent, as the case may be, shall—

- (a) keep a record, entered up on a daily basis in duplicate, in Form 5 in Appendix A or in such other form as the Conservator of Wildlife may require and shall forward, on or before the fifteenth day of each month, the original of such completed form for the immediately preceding calendar month to the Conservator of Wildlife; and
- (b) ensure that a duly made up duplicate copy of that record is made available on demand for inspection by a wildlife officer or other authorized person.

Licence to take Avian Fauna for Sale.

11. (1) for the purposes of section 15 of the Act, the Minister may issue licences, to be known as trapper's licences, to authorize the taking of avian fauna for gain or reward.

Amended by
G.G. 18/8/72,
p. 3153;
G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5048.
G.G. 21/7/78,
p. 2642.

(2) The fee for a trapper's licence shall be fifty dollars.

(3) The taking of avian fauna pursuant to a trapper's licence—

- (a) is subject to any notice published pursuant to section 14 of the Act; and
- (b) is restricted to the species, genus or class of avian fauna specified in the licence.

(4) There may be specified in any trapper's licence—

- (a) the maximum number of each species which may be taken in any specified part or parts of the State;
- (b) the period or periods of time during which, and the manner in or means by which, the holder may take such numbers of avian fauna; and
- (c) the name and address of any person authorized to assist the holder of the licence in the taking of avian fauna,

and without limiting the operation of any condition endorsed on the licence pursuant to subsection (5) of section 15 of the Act, the licence authorizes the holder to take avian fauna in accordance with the particulars specified therein pursuant to this subregulation.

(5) The holder of a trapper's licence shall—

- (a) maintain in duplicate a daily record in the form of Form 6 and shall set out therein the particulars required in the form; and
- (b) forward to the Conservator of Wildlife at the end of each month or such other interval as he specifies the information required by the form.

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(6) The holder of a trapper's licence shall not take any birds whether protected or not protected—

- (a) on any nature reserve or wildlife sanctuary;
- (b) on any private land,

but the provisions of paragraph (b) of this subregulation do not operate so as to prevent the holder from taking unprotected birds, or open season birds during the open season, on private land with the prior consent in writing of the owner or occupier.

(7) A person shall not assist, or be associated with the holder of a trapper's licence, in the taking of avian fauna for gain or reward unless his name and address appear on the licence.

Licence to Breed and Keep Avian Fauna.

Substituted
by G.G.
24/12/76,
pp. 5048-49.
Amended by
G.G. 21/7/78,
p. 2642;
G.G. 11/8/78,
p. 2883.

12. (1) The Minister may issue a licence to be known as an avian fauna licence authorizing a person to breed and keep avian fauna in captivity.

(2) A person shall not breed or keep avian fauna in captivity or confinement unless he is the holder of such a licence.

(3) A licence referred to in subregulation (1) of this regulation may be issued according to the following classes, namely—

Basic Licence—to breed and keep the birds or species or classes of birds specified in Part A of Appendix C.

Advanced Licence—to breed and keep the birds or species or classes of birds specified in Part A and Part B of Appendix C.

Special Licence—to breed and keep the birds or species or classes of birds specified in Parts A and B and such individual birds of species specified in Parts C and D of Appendix C as are listed in the licence.

(4) An application for a licence issued under this regulation or for the renewal thereof—

- (a) shall be in writing addressed to the Conservator of Wildlife;
- (b) shall set out the name of the birds or species or class of birds in respect of which the licence is required;
- (c) shall state the avian fauna (by species and number) held by the applicant at the time of the making of the application; and
- (d) the location of the premises at which the applicant proposes to hold the avian fauna pursuant to the licence.

(5) A licence issued under this regulation is valid for the period (not exceeding twelve months) shown thereon unless it is sooner cancelled or revoked.

(6) The fees payable with respect to the issue of a licence under this regulation or the renewal thereof are as follows—

Basic Licence—\$1.00.

Advanced Licence—\$2.00.

Special Licence—\$2.00 plus \$1.00 for each species of protected fauna specified in the licence.

(7) The holder of a licence issued under this regulation shall not—

- (a) have in his possession or control any avian fauna other than avian fauna of the species or class applicable to his licence;
- (b) have in his possession or control any avian fauna in excess of the number applicable to his licence;
- (c) breed any fauna other than the fauna he is permitted to breed under the licence;
- (d) breed or keep avian fauna at any premises other than the premises specified in his licence;
- (e) without the prior written permission of an authorized wildlife officer, sell or otherwise dispose of avian fauna unless the names of the species of avian fauna sold are listed in Part A or Part B of Schedule C and the birds sold are in excess of the number he is permitted to keep under his licence;
- (f) sell or dispose of any avian fauna to a person who is not the holder of a licence that permits him to keep those avian fauna.

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(7a) A person who keeps and breeds any avian fauna under a licence issued under this regulation shall notify the Conservator of Wildlife immediately any bird kept by him, the name of which is listed in Part C or Part D of Appendix C, commences breeding by feeding its young.

(8) Nothing in this regulation applies to a person who keeps any number of avian fauna that are of the species or classes specified in Part A of Appendix C so long as the number so kept does not exceed nine and so long as such a person does not sell any avian fauna.

Wildlife Licences.

12A. (1) The Minister may issue licences to be known as wildlife licences to keep fauna, other than avian fauna, authorizing a person to keep the fauna specified in the licence in captivity or confinement and to breed such fauna as may be specified in the licence. Inserted by G.G. 24/12/76, p. 5049.

(2) Where a person is the holder of a licence issued under regulation 12 the Minister may, instead of issuing a licence under subregulation (1) of this regulation, endorse the licence issued to that person authorizing him to keep in captivity or confinement such fauna as is specified in the endorsement.

(3) A licence issued or endorsed under this regulation may specify the species or class of fauna and the number of such fauna that the holder thereof is authorized to breed and keep pursuant to the licence.

(4) An application for a licence issued or an endorsement made under this regulation or for the renewal thereof—

- (a) shall be in writing addressed to the Conservator of Wildlife;
- (b) shall set out the species of the fauna sought to be kept pursuant to the licence or endorsement;
- (c) shall specify the species of the fauna to be kept pursuant to the licence that will be used for breeding;
- (d) shall state the fauna (by species and number) already held by the applicant at the time of the making of the application; and
- (e) the location of the premises at which the applicant proposes to hold the fauna pursuant to the licence or endorsement.

(5) A licence issued or an endorsement made under this regulation is valid for a period of twelve months.

(6) The fee payable for the issue or endorsement of a licence under this regulation or for the renewal thereof is \$2.00 and if the licence relates to protected fauna an additional amount of \$.00 is payable in respect of each species of protected fauna specified in the licence or endorsement.

(7) The holder of a licence issued or endorsed under this regulation shall not—

- (a) have in his possession or control any fauna other than the fauna specified in or endorsed on his licence;
- (b) have in his possession or control any fauna in excess of the number specified in or endorsed on his licence;
- (c) breed any fauna other than fauna that he is permitted to breed under the licence;
- (d) breed or keep any fauna in captivity or confinement at any premises other than the premises specified in or endorsed on his licence; or
- (e) sell or otherwise dispose of any fauna other than fauna that are not protected fauna under the Act.

Oological Licences.

12B. (1) For the purposes of promoting the knowledge of eggs of avian fauna the Minister may grant a licence to be known as an oological licence. Inserted by G.G. 21/7/78, p. 2642.

(2) Subject to this regulation and such conditions as are endorsed on the licence, an oological licence authorizes the holder thereof to take eggs of species of avian fauna listed in the licence.

(3) An oological licence is valid for such period not exceeding three years from the date of its issue as is endorsed thereon unless cancelled or suspended before its expiry.

(4) The holder of an oological licence shall maintain proper records with his collection and shall furnish to the Conservator of Wildlife each twelve months or at such other intervals as the Conservator of Wildlife may require a return showing—

(a) the number of eggs of each species of avian fauna taken during the period to which the return relates; and

(b) such other details as the Conservator of Wildlife may require.

(5) The holder of an oological licence shall not take eggs of avian fauna contrary to the conditions endorsed on the licence.

Licence to deal in Avian Fauna.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
pp. 5049-54;
G.G. 21/7/78,
p. 2643;
G.G. 11/8/78,
p. 2883.

13. (1) Subject to this regulation, the Minister may issue licences, to be known as bird dealers' licences, to authorize persons to buy, sell or otherwise deal in avian fauna.

(1a) Licences referred to in subregulation (1) of this regulation may be of the following classes—

Basic Licence—to buy, sell or otherwise deal in the species or classes of birds specified in Part A of Appendix C.

Advanced Licence—to buy, sell or otherwise deal in the species of birds specified in Part A and Part B of Appendix C.

Special Licence—to buy, sell or otherwise deal in the species of birds specified in Part A and Part B and such species of birds specified in Parts C and D of Appendix C as are listed in the licence.

(1b) The annual fee to be paid with respect to a licence of a class referred to in subregulation (1a) of this regulation shall be as follows—

Basic Licence—\$20.00.

Advanced Licence—\$30.00

Special Licence—\$50.00.

(2) The holder of a bird dealer's licence may, subject to the provisions of these regulations, buy, sell or otherwise deal in avian fauna applicable to the licence issued with respect to him, but shall not sell avian fauna except at the address of the licensee as shown on the licence.

(3) The holder of a licence referred to in this regulation shall not have in his possession or control any avian fauna other than the avian fauna of the class applicable to the licence issued with respect to him.

(3a) A licence shall not be issued to authorize a person to buy, sell or otherwise deal in avian fauna unless the applicant establishes that—

(a) he is able to identify all the species of avian fauna specified in his application for a licence; and

(b) he has adequate facilities for and experience in care of the species of avian fauna specified in his application.

(3b) Facilities for holding avian fauna shall not be regarded as being adequate if—

(a) any bird held in those facilities must be caught directly from the holding aviaries in order to make delivery of the bird at the time of sale;

(b) the holding aviary is open at any time to entry by the public; or

(c) the aviary does not conform to the requirements of regulation 30.

(4) The holder of a bird dealer's licence shall keep a book of record in Form 7 in Appendix A, and—

(a) immediately fauna is obtained he shall record therein the name and address of the person from whom he received the fauna and the number of the licence issued pursuant to these regulations which authorized that person to sell or dispose of those birds, and the number of each

species so received, or, in the case of birds which the holder has himself imported under the authority of a licence issued pursuant to these regulations, the number of that import licence;

- (b) immediately fauna is sold or is consigned for export from the State he shall record the name, address and licence number of the person to whom the fauna was sold or the export licence number as the case requires together with the number of each species of birds so sold or exported.

(5) The book of record in Form 7 shall be kept in duplicate and when each sheet is fully used or at the end of each month, whichever is the earlier, the licence holder shall, within fifteen days thereof furnish the original record to the Conservator of Wildlife and shall retain the duplicate at the place of business shown on the licence.

(6) The holder of a bird dealer's licence shall not buy, accept or have in his possession or on his premises any fauna other than fauna obtained from a person licensed to sell that fauna or which has been imported under the authority of a licence issued pursuant to these regulations.

(7) The holder of a bird dealer's licence shall not sell any avian fauna to any person unless that person is the holder of a licence under the Act that is applicable to the avian fauna the subject of the sale and the circumstances in question.

Licence to Farm and Breed Fauna for Sale and Commercial Display.

14. (1) The Minister may issue licences, to be known as fauna farm licences, to authorize persons to farm and breed fauna for sale and for commercial display.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5054;
G.G. 16/3/79,
p. 695.

(2) The holder of a fauna farm licence shall keep a book of record in Form 8 in Appendix A and immediately any fauna is bred, obtained or sold or consigned shall record therein—

- (a) the details of the breeding;
- (b) the name and address of the person from whom the fauna was obtained and the licence number which authorized that person to dispose of the fauna, together with the number, species, sex and age of the fauna;
- (c) the number and species of fauna and the date the fauna was bred;
- (d) the name and address of the person to whom the fauna was sold or consigned, the species and number of the fauna and the licence number which authorized that person to obtain the fauna.

(3) The book of record referred to in subregulation (2) of this regulation shall be kept in duplicate and within fifteen days after the end of each month, the holder of the licence shall furnish the full records of all receipts, breeding and sales of fauna during the previous month by forwarding the original of the record to the Conservator of Wildlife and shall retain the duplicate at his place of business for inspection as and when required.

(4) Every fauna farm licence shall stipulate the species of fauna and the place at which such fauna may be kept or held and may limit the number of any species which may be held or which may be sold during any period of time.

(5) The fee for every such licence shall be one hundred dollars, but no fee shall be payable in respect of any licence issued to the Acclimatization Committee appointed under the Zoological Gardens Act 1972.

(6) A fauna farm licence shall not be construed as conferring authority for any protected fauna to be taken or transferred to such farm except by the authority of a further licence issued pursuant to these regulations.

Licence to take Fauna for Educational or Public Purposes.

15. (1) The Minister may issue licences to authorize the taking of fauna for educational or other approved public purposes.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5054;
G.G. 21/7/78,
p. 2643.

(2) For the purposes of this regulation the following are "approved public purposes"—

- (a) for transfer, gift or sale to any approved school, hospital, college, institute, university or other teaching institution or research centre whether private or public;

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- (b) for gift or sale to any approved public or private museum, zoo, wildlife farm, tourist centre, wildlife sanctuary, wildlife club or whether for sale or display;
 - (c) for gift, hire, lease, loan or sale to any approved person for the purpose of filming such fauna whether for still or movie photography,
- and includes any other purposes as the Conservator of Wildlife approves and is specified on the licence.

(3) There shall be specified on any licence issued under this regulation the purpose or purposes for which it has been issued, and there may also be so specified particulars of—

- (a) the greatest number of each species that may be taken;
- (b) the manner or method of taking or capture;
- (c) the part or parts of the State and the period of time in which the fauna named therein may be taken or held;
- (d) the manner or conditions under which the fauna so taken may be displayed or destroyed or otherwise disposed of; and
- (e) the area in which such fauna shall subsequently be released if the Conservator of Wildlife so directs,

and without limiting the operation of any condition endorsed on the licence pursuant to subsection (5) of section 15 of the Act, the licence authorizes the holder thereof to take and dispose of fauna only in accordance with the particulars so specified in the licence.

(4) The holder of a licence issued under this regulation shall not take any fauna—

- (a) except with the prior written consent of the Conservator, on any nature reserve;
- (b) except with the prior consent of the owner of the land, on any wildlife sanctuary or other private land.

(5) The holder of any licence issued under this regulation shall submit returns in Form 9 in Appendix A at such periods as the Conservator of Wildlife may in writing require or as may be endorsed on such licence.

Licence to keep Fauna for Educational or Public Purposes.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
pp. 5050,
5054-5;
G.G. 14/3/79,
p. 695.

16. (1) The Minister may issue licences to authorize the keeping in captivity or confinement of fauna taken under the authority of a licence issued pursuant to the Act and these regulations.

(2) (a) No fee shall be charged in respect of any licence issued to an approved Western Australian—

- (i) hospital, university, school, college or other teaching institution or research centre or department or branch thereof;
- (ii) wildlife club or natural history organization which is currently registered; or
- (iii) person or body who or which keeps fauna lawfully taken under the authority of a current licence to take fauna for scientific, educational or public purposes.

(b) Any person or body who or which—

- (i) is not the holder of a licence issued pursuant to regulation 12 or 14; and
- (ii) in the opinion of the Conservator of Wildlife, keeps fauna in captivity or confinement for the purpose directly or indirectly of gain or reward, whether by sale, lease or loan, or by charging the public at large or guests to view the fauna, or by holding it for commercial photographic or display purposes,

shall not be granted a licence referred to in this regulation unless he pays to the Conservator of Wildlife a licence fee of ten dollars per class of fauna held, except where the Conservator of Wildlife has in writing, granted exemption from the payment of the fee.

(3) Unless currently exempted in writing by the Conservator of Wildlife, the holder of a licence issued under this regulation shall keep a record in Form 10 in Appendix A of all fauna received, bred, killed, released or lost during

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the currency of the licence and of what fauna is on hand at the expiration of such licence and shall forward these and such other details as may be required to the Conservator of Wildlife at such times or intervals of time as the Conservator of Wildlife in writing requires.

- (4) The holder of a licence referred to in this regulation shall not—
- (a) have in his or its possession or control any fauna other than fauna specified in the licence issued with respect to him or it, as the case requires;
 - (b) sell or otherwise dispose of any fauna to any person unless that person is the holder of a licence permitting him to hold that fauna.

Licence to take Fauna for Scientific Purposes.

17. (1) The Minister may issue licences to authorize the taking of fauna for scientific purposes.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5055;
G.G. 21/7/78,
p. 2643.

(2) The licence shall endure for such period, not exceeding twelve months, as is endorsed thereon.

(3) The holder of a licence issued under this regulation shall furnish to the Conservator of Wildlife such returns and reports on the fauna taken under the licence at such intervals of time as the Conservator of Wildlife in writing requires.

(4) There may be specified in a licence issued under this regulation particulars of—

- (a) the purpose or purposes for which it has been issued;
- (b) the greatest number of each or any species that may be taken, held or disposed of;
- (c) the part of parts of the State in which the fauna may be taken, held or released; and
- (d) the person or bodies to whom the fauna may be transferred or the manner in which the fauna may be disposed of,

and without limiting the operation of any condition endorsed on the licence pursuant to subsection (5) of section 15 of the Act, the licence authorizes the holder thereof to take, deal with and dispose of fauna only in accordance with the particulars so specified in the licence.

(5) The holder of a licence issued under this regulation may employ, or otherwise be assisted by, such other persons or classes of person, only, as the Conservator of Wildlife in writing authorizes for the taking of the fauna specified in such licence.

(6) A licence issued under this regulation shall not authorize the taking of any fauna on any nature reserve unless the Conservator of Wildlife, in writing, and on the formal recommendation of the Authority, so approves and specifies in the licence.

Licence to Export Fauna.

18. (1) The Minister may issue licences to authorize the export of fauna from the State.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5055.

(2) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subregulation, a person shall not be granted a licence referred to in subregulation (1) of this regulation unless he pays to the Conservator of Wildlife the appropriate licence fee, if any, computed in accordance with the provisions of the First Schedule.

- (b) No fee is payable upon the issue of such a licence to—
- (i) the Acclimatization Committee appointed under the Zoological Gardens Act 1972, or
 - (ii) any person or body whom or which the Conservator of Wildlife has, in writing, exempted from the payment of the fee.

(3) A licence to export fauna shall not be issued for the export of fauna to another State or Territory of the Commonwealth unless the exporter satisfies the Conservator of Wildlife that the appropriate authority of the State or Territory approves of the importation of the fauna to the State or Territory.

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(4) A separate licence shall be held in respect of each parcel of fauna intended to be exported.

(5) A licence to export fauna shall not be issued in respect of the carcass or part thereof, or the skin or part thereof of any fauna unless the Conservator of Wildlife is satisfied that the carcass or part thereof or skin or part thereof was legally taken and processed in Western Australia or was legally imported into the State in the course of trade.

(6) A person shall not accept for carriage any fauna intended for export unless the consignor is the holder of a licence issued under this regulation.

(7) Every licence under this regulation shall endure for such a period, not exceeding ninety (90) days, as is specified therein.

Licence to Import Australian Fauna.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
pp. 5050-55;
G.G. 21/7/78,
p. 2643;
G.G. 16/3/79,
p. 695;
G.G. 27/3/81,
p. 1045.

19. (1) [*Repealed by G.G. 21/7/78, p. 2643.*]

(2) The Minister may issue licences to authorize the importation of fauna into the State.

(3) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subregulation a person shall not be granted a licence referred to in subregulation (2) of this regulation unless he pays to the Conservator of Wildlife a sum of money sufficient to meet the appropriate licence fee computed in accordance with the provisions of the Second Schedule to these regulations.

(b) No fee is payable for the issue of such a licence to—

(i) the Acclimatization Committee appointed under the Zoological Gardens Act 1972; or

(ii) any person or body whom or which the Conservator of Wildlife has, in writing, exempted from the payment of the fee.

(4) [*Repealed by G.G. 27/3/81, p. 1045.*]

Licence to Import Live Exotic Birds and Other Animals.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5055;
G.G. 21/7/78,
p. 2643.

20. (1) The Minister may issue licences to bring into the State from any place outside the State any animal referred to in regulation 55 of these regulations.

(2) [*Repealed by G.G. 21/7/78, p. 2643.*]

(3) A licence shall not be issued under this regulation unless—

(a) the Conservator of Wildlife is satisfied that the birds or other animals specified in it will be kept securely in captivity at all times and are not likely to become acclimatized if accidentally released or otherwise escape from close confinement; and

(b) an application in writing in Form 11 in Appendix A has been completed and the Chief Agriculture Protection Officer appointed under the Agriculture and Related Resources Protection Act 1976 has indicated thereon his agreement to the proposed importation.

(4) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subregulation a person shall not be granted a licence referred to in subregulation (1) of this regulation unless he pays to the Conservator of Wildlife a sum of money sufficient to meet the appropriate licence fee computed in accordance with the provisions of the Second Schedule to these regulations.

(b) No fee is payable for the issue of such a licence to—

(i) the Acclimatization Committee appointed under the Zoological Gardens Act 1972; or

(ii) any person or body whom or which the Conservator of Wildlife has, in writing, exempted from the payment of the fee.

(5) Subregulation (1) of this regulation shall not be construed so as to require the issue of a licence to authorize the importation into the State of any species of domesticated cats, dogs, farm animals or poultry which is already commonly held in domesticity in this State.

(6) [*Repealed by G.G. 21/7/78, p. 2643.*]

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Licence to take Game (Ducks).

21. (1) For the purposes of this regulation "game (ducks)" means any species of wild duck or goose which the Minister has by notice published in the *Government Gazette* declared to be a game species.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5055;
G.G. 2/6/78,
p. 1685.

(2) The Minister may issue licences to authorize the taking of game (ducks).

(3) The fee for the issue of such a licence, or any renewal thereof, shall be five dollars.

(4) A licence issued under this regulation shall endure for such period, not exceeding twelve months, as is shown on the licence, but a licence may at any time be renewed.

(5) The holder of any licence issued under this regulation shall—

- (a) complete all sections of the licence which require the statement of personal particulars of the holder;
- (b) carry the licence with him whenever he takes or intends to take game (ducks); and
- (c) produce the licence for inspection when demanded by any wildlife officer, honorary wildlife officer or by a landholder or agent of the landholder on whose property he enters or seeks permission to enter for the purpose of taking game (ducks).

(6) Within one month of the expiration of a licence issued under this regulation, the holder shall, if required by the Conservator of Wildlife, furnish to him a return setting out the number of each species of game (ducks) taken during the term of the licence, the part or parts of the State where such species were taken and such other details of the taking, condition, description and disposal of such fauna as the Conservator of Wildlife, in writing, requires.

(7) A licence issued under this regulation does not authorize the holder to sell any game (ducks) or any other fauna.

(8) It is an offence if the holder of a licence issued under this regulation takes any game (ducks) by any means other than by means of a shotgun fired from the shoulder, but this subregulation does not apply so as to prohibit the use of a trained dog to recover game (ducks) that have been killed or injured by means of a shotgun so fired or the humane killing of game (ducks) wounded in the pursuit of lawful activities.

Licence to take Game (Quail).

22. (1) For the purposes of this regulation "game (quail)" means any species of quail which the Minister by notice published in the *Government Gazette* has declared to be a game species pursuant to section 17B of the Act.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5055;
G.G. 16/3/79,
p. 695.

(2) The Minister may issue licences to authorize the taking of game (quail).

(3) The fee for the issue of such a licence, or any renewal thereof, shall be five dollars.

(4) A licence issued under this regulation shall endure for such period, not exceeding twelve months, as is shown on the licence, but a licence may at any time be renewed.

(5) The holder of any licence issued under this regulation shall—

- (a) complete all sections of the form which require the statement of personal particulars of the holder;
- (b) carry the licence with him whenever he takes or intends to take game (quail); and
- (c) produce the licence when demanded by any wildlife officer, honorary wildlife officer or by a landholder or his agent on whose property he enters or seeks permission to enter for the purpose of taking game (quail).

(6) Within one month of the expiration of a licence issued under this regulation, the holder shall, if required by the Conservator of Wildlife, furnish to him a return setting out the number of each species of game (quail) taken

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during the term of the licence, the part or parts of the State where such species were taken and such other details of the taking, condition, description and disposal of such fauna as the Conservator of Wildlife, in writing, requires.

(7) A licence issued under this regulation does not authorize the holder to sell any game (quail) or any other fauna.

(8) It is an offence if the holder of a licence issued under this regulation takes any game (quail) by any means other than by a shotgun fired from the shoulder, but this subregulation does not apply so as to prohibit the use of a trained dog to recover game (quail) that have been killed or injured by means of a shotgun so fired or the humane killing of game (quail) wounded in the pursuit of lawful activities.

Licence to take and mark Fauna for Research Purposes.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5055.

23. (1) The Minister may issue licences to authorize the taking or marking of fauna for research purposes.

(2) A licence shall not be issued under this regulation unless the applicant satisfies the Conservator of Wildlife that the applicant is sufficiently experienced and trained and that his research programme and his proposed method or means of capturing and marking such fauna are satisfactory.

(3) The holder of a licence issued under this regulation shall furnish such returns at such intervals of time as the Conservator of Wildlife requires.

(4) A licence issued under this regulation remains current until it is determined in writing by the Conservator of Wildlife or the holder signifies that the licence is no longer required, whichever first happens.

(5) The Conservator of Wildlife may, in writing, direct the holder of any such licence or any other person to abstain from—

- (a) using any particular means of taking or marking any species or all species of fauna;
- (b) taking or marking any or all fauna or more than any number of species of fauna so directed in any part or parts of the State;
- (c) releasing any fauna, whether marked or not, in any part or parts of the State; or
- (d) taking or marking any fauna or any species of fauna at any particular time or during any particular period on any part or parts or throughout the whole of the State,

and it shall be an offence for the holder or for any other person to contravene or fail to comply with any direction so given.

Application and Duration of Licences.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5055.

24. (1) Every application for a licence under these regulations shall be made in writing to the Conservator of Wildlife and shall set out—

- (a) the first names and surname of the applicant;
- (b) his full postal and residential addresses;
- (c) the purposes of his application; and
- (d) such other information as the Conservator of Wildlife may require,

and shall be signed by the applicant.

(2) Every licence issued pursuant to these regulations shall endure—

- (a) for the period shown on the licence; or
- (b) if the appropriate regulation so requires, until it is terminated in the manner prescribed; or
- (c) if no period is stated and no manner of termination is prescribed, at the expiration of twelve months from the date of issue.

Fees for Licences.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5055.

25. (1) The Minister may, on the recommendation of the Conservator of Wildlife, reduce or waive the fee payable in respect of any licence issued pursuant to these regulations.

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(2) The Conservator of Wildlife may, with the approval of the Minister by notice in writing addressed to the applicant grant to that applicant time to pay, not exceeding six months from the date of issue, the whole or any part of the fee for any licence issued pursuant to these regulations.

PART 3.—ROYALTIES.

26. (1) For the purposes of subsection (1) of section 18 of the Act, the prescribed rates of royalties are—

- (a) grey kangaroos—20 cents each skin and 20 cents each carcass;
- (b) red kangaroos and euros—20 cents each skin and 20 cents each carcass;
- (c) emus—20 cents each; and
- (d) all fauna other than grey and red kangaroos, euros and emus—50 cents each.

(2) Royalties are not payable in respect of—

- (a) any skins or carcasses taken or obtained for *bona fide* scientific purposes; or
- (b) any skins or carcasses, the proceeds from the sale of which, are to be credited to the Fund pursuant to the provisions of the Act and these regulations.

(3) Where the person who has taken a grey or red kangaroo or a euro forwards or consigns the carcass, with the skin still on the carcass, to the holder of a licence to process fauna issued under regulation 7, royalty is payable only on the carcass of that animal.

(4) A person shall not have in his possession or forward or consign for sale the skin or carcass of any kangaroo or other fauna unless he has duly affixed a tag to the skin or carcass.

(5) Where a person duly affixes a tag to the skin or carcass of any fauna and has, at the time of purchasing the tag, paid therefor an amount equal to the amount of royalty chargeable under the Act and these regulations in respect of the skin or carcass of the fauna, as the case requires, he shall be deemed, for all purposes, at the time of affixing the tag to have paid the royalty chargeable in respect of that skin or carcass.

(6) Where the holder of a licence to process fauna issued under regulation 7 receives or takes possession of any skin or carcass of fauna to which a tag is not duly affixed from a person who took the fauna on behalf of the Minister, he thereupon becomes liable to pay the royalty chargeable in respect of the skin or carcass and shall pay the royalty by himself affixing a tag referred to in subregulation (5) of this regulation or in such other manner as the Conservator of Wildlife directs.

(7) Any skin or carcass of any kangaroo or euro or skin of any emu or other fauna taken for gain or reward in any area, which does not have a tag duly affixed thereto may be seized by any wildlife officer and retained until the royalty due has been paid.

PART 4.—KEEPING OF FAUNA IN CAPTIVITY.

27. The provisions of regulations 28 to 34A, inclusive, of this Part do not apply to waterfowl.

Species Other than Waterfowl.

28. (1) A person shall not keep any fauna in captivity or confinement except under the authority of a licence issued in accordance with these regulations.

(2) The provisions of subregulation (1) of this regulation do not operate so as to prohibit any person who is not the holder of a licence issued under these regulations from temporarily caring for sick, diseased, injured or derelict fauna until such time as it can be released in the wild, humanely destroyed by an authorized person, or handed to an authorized wildlife officer.

Amended
by G.G.
18/8/72,
p. 3153;
G.G. 4/5/73,
pp. 1118-9;
G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5056.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5050.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5050;
G.G. 21/7/78,
p. 2643.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5056.

29. A person shall not—

- (a) clip or pinion the wing of any wild avian fauna without the permission in writing of the Conservator of Wildlife; or
- (b) keep any bird normally capable of flight in any cage or other place unless such bird is able to fly and exercise all its muscles for at least one hour each day.

Amended
by G.G.
5/10/73,
p. 3663;
G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5056.

30. (1) A person shall not keep any bird in a cage for a period longer than 48 hours unless the cage is—

- (a) at least 7 times as long as the length of the largest bird in it;
- (b) at least 4 times as high as the length of the largest bird in it;
- (c) at least 3 times as wide as the length of the largest bird in it; and
- (d) so constructed that it—
 - (i) contains at least five perches, two of which are so situated that they provide an obstruction free flight not less in length than four times the length of the largest bird in such cage, and the other of which perches are so placed as to allow a bird to fly or hop in comfortable stages to the ground and to a roosting perch which is not less than 50 millimetres from the roof;
 - (ii) provides, in the opinion of a wildlife officer, adequate shelter from wind, rain and sun for all its occupants; and
 - (iii) has suitable facilities for nesting and protection from predators,

and unless the cage complies in all respects with the succeeding provisions of this regulation.

(2) The perches in a cage in which a bird is or birds are kept shall be of wood or other suitable material and shall—

- (a) be so placed that no perch is in the zone of droppings below another perch;
- (b) be of suitably different diameters to meet the requirements of the birds in the cage; and
- (c) be so placed that the largest bird in the cage can pass comfortably under the lowest perch and can roost comfortably on the highest perch.

(3) A cage in which a bird is or birds are kept shall—

- (a) be fitted with unspillable containers for water and food which shall be kept filled and securely fastened to the cage or its fittings in such a manner that all birds in the cage can drink or feed freely therefrom and shall be so placed to be clear of the dropping zones under any perch; and
- (b) be kept clean and well ventilated and provide shelter from draughts for its occupants.

Substituted
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5050.

31. A person shall not keep any avian fauna in a cage for the purpose of showing or displaying the avian fauna unless the cage in which it is so kept conforms to the respective dimensions set out as follows—

Birds.	Dimensions.
Small Finches and birds of similar size	33 cm x 20 cm x 32 cm
In the case of budgerygahs and birds of similar size is not less than	39 cm x 23 cm x 35 cm
Finches and birds of similar size	41 cm x 24 cm x 40 cm
Small parrots, cockatiel, western rosella and lorikeets and similar sized birds	44 cm x 49 cm x 60 cm
All varieties of rosellas (excluding the western rosella) and similar sized birds	49 cm x 49 cm x 60 cm
Galahs, little corellas, major mitchells and similar sized birds	55 cm x 53 cm x 64 cm
Long-billed corellas, sulphur-crested cockatoos, black cockatoos and similar sized birds	60 cm x 59 cm x 70 cm

32. (1) A person shall not transport a bird or birds except in a cage in which the space allowed for each bird is as follows—

Birds.	Cubic centimetres of space
Small Finches and birds of similar size	600
Large Finches and birds of similar size	1 200
Budgerygahs and birds of similar size	2 100
Rosellas and birds of similar size	5 000
Parrots and birds of similar size	8 000
Large cockatoos and birds of similar size	10 000

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76
p. 5050.

(2) A person shall not transport birds except in a cage which complies in all respects with the succeeding provisions of this regulation.

(3) Every cage used for transporting birds shall—

- (a) be of strong construction and provide sufficient room for its occupants to turn around freely but not to fly; and
- (b) be fitted with unspillable containers for food and water situated clear of the dropping zones under any perch.

(4) Every cage used for transporting birds shall be of box type with the top, sides and back made of wood, or other suitable material, and shall incorporate—

- (a) a padded roof of foam plastic or other suitable material;
- (b) a double wired front, the outside layer of wire mesh and inside of wire gauze or other suitable material;
- (c) a grid floor of wire netting or similar material;
- (d) a metal bottom tray;
- (e) partitions of suitable material to separate incompatible species; and
- (f) if perching birds are included, sufficient perches to accommodate them without overcrowding.

(5) Every cage used for the transport of any bustard, emu or other large bird shall be of such dimensions and construction, as to safeguard the bird from injury and from the possibility of falling over.

33. (1) Any person who cages kangaroos, wallabies, or other mammals or reptiles for transport shall cause the animals to be provided with sufficient food, water and shelter and sufficient space to stand.

(2) All cages used for the transport of fauna shall be of solid construction to protect the fauna therein from injury of any kind and to prevent their escape.

34. (1) A person shall not transport any fauna in such a manner as causes or is likely to cause injury or suffering to the fauna.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5056.

(2) A wildlife officer may, if he considers it in the interests of the well-being of the fauna—

- (a) order the recaging of any fauna being transported;
- (b) direct that the fauna be watered, fed, exercised or released in a suitable place; or
- (c) seize the fauna and any cage involved in an alleged offence and require it to be held to be dealt with according to law.

34A. (1) A person who keeps any fauna in confinement shall comply with the provisions of these regulations that relate to the provision of food, water, shelter, space and cover but where a wildlife officer is satisfied that in the particular circumstances of a case the provisions of these regulations in that regard are not adequate he may require such additional facilities as he specifies in a written notice to be provided in relation to those circumstances.

Inserted
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5051.

(2) A person who inflicts unnecessary discomfort, pain or suffering on any fauna commits an offence.

Waterfowl.

Amended
by G.G.
5/10/73,
p. 3663;
G.G.
24/12/76,
pp. 5051
and 5056.

35. (1) A person shall not keep waterfowl in captivity or confinement except under the authority of a licence issued in accordance with these regulations and which has been endorsed by the Conservator of Wildlife with the numbers and names of each species of waterfowl that may be kept.

(2) A person shall not take or attempt to obtain any live waterfowl unless he has applied in writing and been given permission to take or otherwise obtain that waterfowl by the endorsement of the Conservator of Wildlife on the appropriate licence.

(3) A person whose licence has been endorsed to allow the keeping of any species of wild duck or wild goose in captivity shall not keep any domestic duck or domestic goose on the same property or suffer or allow any domestic duck or domestic goose to remain on such property.

(4) A person shall not keep Grey Teal (*Anas gibberifrons*) and Chestnut Teal (*Anas castanea*) in the same or adjoining aviaries, cages or enclosures and shall take all reasonable precautions to prevent interbreeding of these species.

(5) The Conservator of Wildlife shall not endorse the licence held by a person so as to authorize the person to keep any waterfowl under its authority until his property and aviaries have been inspected by a wildlife officer or other authorized person who has, after inspection, certified in writing that the following requirements have been met—

- (a) that, in the case of a person determined by the Conservator of Wildlife to be in Group 1 in regulation 40—a permanent pool of not less than 3 cubic metres capacity with a surface area not less than 9 square metres, with an impervious bottom has been provided with suitable drainage and other facilities to keep it clean and filled;
- (b) that, in the case of a person determined by the Conservator of Wildlife to be in Group 2 or Group 3 in regulation 40—a permanent pool of not less than 15 square metres surface area and a depth of up to 500 millimetres with an impervious bottom and suitable drainage and other facilities has been provided;
- (c) that the aviaries have been constructed of suitable materials and enclosed on top and sides with 13 millimetre diameter wire mesh;
- (d) that windbreaks and shelter have been provided in each section of each aviary and suitable branches or other facilities for perching and roosting have been provided; and
- (e) that nesting logs have been provided in each section of each aviary together with vegetation such as pampas grass, elephant grass, bamboo, tea tree or paper bark, and grain bearing grasses have been grown in suitable enclosures within such aviaries as desirable.

36. No licence shall be endorsed to allow the holder thereof to take and keep more than three pairs of any species of wild ducks or other waterfowl, but this regulation shall not be construed as preventing the holder from keeping such of the progeny of the original wild birds as he is able to rear and keep without overcrowding his aviaries.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5056.

37. (1) The Conservator of Wildlife may direct and authorize any wildlife officer to investigate any complaint that waterfowl are being kept in unsatisfactory conditions and the Conservator of Wildlife may, at any time, cancel the endorsement referred to in subregulation (1) of regulation 35 if, after the results of an investigation so made have been reported in writing to him, he is satisfied that he should so cancel the endorsement.

(2) The holder of any licence so endorsed shall allow any wildlife officer access to his aviaries at any reasonable time and do what he reasonably can to facilitate any inquiry authorized by the Conservator of Wildlife.

(3) If the Conservator of Wildlife is satisfied that it would be in the best interests of the fauna so to do, he may order a wildlife officer to seize any fauna held in captivity without authority or in unsatisfactory conditions and release it in the wild, or to hold it at any suitable place to be dealt with according to law.

38. Every application for an endorsement of a licence to keep waterfowl in captivity shall be made in writing in Form 12 in Appendix A.

39. The Conservator of Wildlife may approve an application to keep waterfowl subject to the limitation that the birds to be kept shall be limited to certain specified species or to progeny of such species bred in captivity.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5056.

40. (1) The Conservator of Wildlife may determine any applicant for a licence to keep waterfowl in captivity to be in one of the following groups—

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5056.

(a) Group 1—persons who should be allowed to keep only the following species—

Black Duck (*Anas superciliosa*).
Grey Teal (*Anas gibberifrons*).
Maned Goose (*Chenonetta jubata*).
Mountain Duck (*Tadorna tadornoides*).
Plumed Tree Duck (*Dendrocygna eytoni*).

(b) Group 2—persons who may be allowed to keep all the species in paragraph (a) above and in addition—

White-eyed Duck (*Aythya australis*).
Green Pygmy Goose (*Nettapus pulchellus*).
White-quilled Pygmy Goose (*Nettapus coromandelianus*).
Whistling Tree Duck (*Dendrocygna arcuata*).

(c) Group 3—persons who may be allowed to keep any or all of the species in paragraphs (a) and (b) above and in addition—

Pink-eared Duck (*Malacorhynchus membranaceus*).
Blue-billed Duck (*Oxyura australis*).
White-headed Shelduck (*Tadorna radjah*).
Musk Duck (*Biziura lobata*).
Freckled Duck (*Stictonetta naevosa*).

Other species of waterfowl including the—

Black Swan (*Cygnus atratus*).
Coot (*Fulica atra*).
Dusky Moorhen (*Gallinula tenebrosa*).
Swampphen (*Porphyrio porphyrio*).

(2) The Conservator of Wildlife may require any bird kept in captivity to be ringed or otherwise marked with any ring or device or in any manner he stipulates and it shall be an offence for any person required to do so to fail to ring or mark such bird or to remove or for that or any other person to interfere in any manner with any such ring mark or device unless authorized in writing to do so by the Conservator of Wildlife.

Licences to Take Emu Eggs.

40A. (1) Subject to this regulation, the Minister may issue to a person of Aboriginal descent or to an association or body consisting of such persons a licence to take emu eggs.

Inserted
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5051.

(2) A licence to take emu eggs shall specify—

- (a) the name of the person in relation to whom it is issued;
- (b) the number of emu eggs that may be taken pursuant to the licence and the part or parts of the State in which they may be taken.

(3) The holder of a licence issued under this regulation shall not—

- (a) take emu eggs from a nature reserve or a wildlife sanctuary under this Act, or, from occupied land except with the permission of the occupier;
- (b) take any emu eggs in excess of the number specified in his licence; or
- (c) take any emu eggs in any part of the State other than a part of the State specified in his licence.

(4) The holder of a licence issued under this regulation shall notify the Conservator of Wildlife of the number of emu eggs taken by him at such intervals as are required by the Conservator.

PART 5.—HONORARY WILDLIFE OFFICERS.

Heading amended by G.G. 24/12/76, p. 5056.

Amended by G.G. 24/12/76, p. 5056; G.G. 21/7/78, p. 2643.

41. (1) An honorary wildlife officer may—
- (a) take possession and control of any fauna which the honorary wildlife officer believes, on reasonable grounds, to have been involved in the commission of an offence and deliver the fauna to a member of the Police Force or to any person appointed in writing by the Minister for the purpose to be dealt with according to law, or if the fauna is alive, he may release the fauna in a suitable place in the wild;
 - (b) take possession and control of any weapon, instrument, illegal device or other thing or means which the honorary wildlife officer believes, on reasonable grounds, has been used, is being used, or is about to be used, by a person in the commission of an offence, and deliver it as soon as is reasonably possible into the custody of a member of the Police Force to be dealt with according to the law or to a wildlife officer for delivery to a member of the Police Force for that purpose.
- (2) When an honorary wildlife officer suspects, on reasonable grounds, that a person is committing or has committed an offence against the Act or these regulations, he may require the person to give him the person's name and address.
- (3) An honorary wildlife officer may require any person to produce any licence issued to him under these regulations.
- (4) A person shall not—
- (a) refuse to produce any licence issued to him pursuant to the provisions of the Act or these regulations when required to do so by an honorary wildlife officer;
 - (b) refuse to state his name and address when lawfully required to do so by an honorary wildlife officer;
 - (c) state a false name or address to any honorary wildlife officer when lawfully required by an honorary wildlife officer to give his name and address;
 - (d) use abusive language to an honorary wildlife officer; or
 - (e) wilfully mislead, hinder, assault, resist or obstruct, incite or encourage any other person to mislead, hinder, assault, resist or obstruct, any person in any particular way likely to affect the discharge of that person's duty pursuant to the provisions of the Act or these regulations.

PART 6.—CONTROL OF NATURE RESERVES AND WILDLIFE SANCTUARIES.

General.

Heading amended by G.G. 24/12/76, p. 5056.

Amended by G.G. 24/12/76, pp. 5056-57.

42. (1) The control of all nature reserves shall, for the purposes of the Act vest in the Authority.
- (2) (a) A person shall not take any fauna, whether protected or not protected, on any nature reserve unless authorized to do so by the Conservator of Wildlife.
- (b) The Conservator of Wildlife may not give such authority except—
- (i) on the recommendation of the Authority pursuant to section 12E of the Act or in accordance with the terms of an approved management scheme or operations or working plan prepared pursuant to section 12D of the Act;
 - (ii) in the case of a nature reserve or part thereof classified as a shooting or hunting area pursuant to the provisions of the Act, he may issue the appropriate licence to take game in accordance with these regulations; or
 - (iii) in the case of an animal declared to be a declared animal under the Agriculture and Related Resources Protection Act 1976, he may issue the appropriate licence for its destruction subject to such conditions as he thinks fit.

43. (1) Subject to whatever duties, rights and privileges remain to the owner or occupier of land secondly referred to in the interpretation "sanctuary" in section 6 of the Act or which may devolve on a person by virtue of the terms of the agreement referred to in that section, the control of any such land shall vest in the Authority.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5057.

(2) (a) A person shall not take any fauna, whether protected or not protected, on any wildlife sanctuary unless he has been authorized to do so by the Conservator of Wildlife.

(b) The Conservator of Wildlife may not give such authority except—

- (i) with or subject to the approval of the owner or occupier of such land;
- (ii) on the recommendation of the Authority, or in accordance with the terms of an approved management scheme of operations or working plan prepared pursuant to section 12D of the Act; or
- (iii) in respect of an animal declared to be a declared animal under the Agriculture and Related Resources Protection Act 1976.

44. (1) A person shall not deposit or leave any offal, refuse, rubbish or litter of any kind in any nature reserve or wildlife sanctuary except in a receptacle provided by the Authority for the purpose, or break any bottle, glass or cup, or suffer such to remain in any nature reserve or wildlife sanctuary.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5057.

Penalty: One hundred dollars.

(2) A person shall not—

- (a) camp on any nature reserve or wildlife sanctuary; or
- (b) build, erect or transport any tent, shed, outhouse, cottage, building, or any structure whatsoever in any nature reserve or wildlife sanctuary,

except by permission in writing of the Conservator of Wildlife and in a part set aside for such purpose pursuant to the Act and regulations:

(3) A person shall not deposit, leave or abandon any vehicle, vessel or conveyance of any kind or any part thereof in any sanctuary.

Penalty: One hundred dollars.

(4) If the owner or the person responsible for depositing, leaving, building, transporting or abandoning any offal, refuse, rubbish, litter, tent, shed, cottage, building, structure, vehicle, vessel or conveyance or any part or parts thereof can be determined, the Conservator of Wildlife may, orally or by written notice served on the owner or other person, direct the owner or other person or both to remove the offending thing or things from the nature reserve or wildlife sanctuary by any specified means within any reasonable specified period and refusal or failure to comply with such written directions shall be an offence.

Penalty: One hundred dollars.

(5) After expiration of the period specified in a direction given under sub-regulation (4) of this regulation, the Conservator of Wildlife may, if the thing or things have not been removed, himself arrange for the removal and where such owner or other person is convicted of any offence referred to in this regulation, the justices before whom the complaint is heard may, in addition to any penalty, order a sum of money sufficient to meet the expenses involved in the removal of such rubbish or other mentioned thing or things to be paid by the defendant to the Conservator of Wildlife, which such sum may be recovered in the like manner as a penalty under these regulations may be recovered.

(6) Where the owner or person responsible for such thing or things cannot be determined, the Conservator of Wildlife, may order its sale and removal from such nature reserve or wildlife sanctuary or its destruction by any practicable means, having regard to the purpose of the nature reserve or wildlife sanctuary and its proper management and the care of the fauna in it, and the net proceeds of such sale shall be credited to the Consolidated Revenue Fund after meeting any costs involved without any redress to the owner for any loss or inconvenience to which he may be subjected thereby.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5057.

45. (1) A person shall not take upon, or allow to enter or suffer to remain in or upon, any nature reserve any animal or plant or the eggs, seeds or source of reproduction of any animal or plant not indigenous to that nature reserve and any wildlife officer or honorary wildlife officer may, if he finds it impracticable to remove them alive, kill or destroy by any means any such non-indigenous animal or plant or eggs or seeds or source of reproduction thereof on any nature reserve and remove them from the nature reserve.

(2) The provisions of subregulation (1) of this regulation shall not, except as provided hereunder, prevent a person licensed to take game species from taking under his control on any game reserve a trained gun-dog, but such a person shall, if directed by a wildlife officer on reasonable grounds, remove forthwith such gun-dog from the game reserve and shall if so directed by a wildlife officer take all necessary measures to prevent the dog from entering upon that or any other game reserve or other nature reserve.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5057.

46. Except as the Conservator of Wildlife may authorize in pursuance of a management scheme or working plan or in the administration of the Act and these regulations, a person shall not, in respect of any nature reserve or wildlife sanctuary—

- (a) remove or disturb any humus, leaf mould, rotting vegetation, soil, stone, sand, rock or gravel;
- (b) cut, pick, pull, break, remove, injure, poison, strip or destroy any tree, shrub, herb, grass or other plant or part thereof, whether living or dead;
- (c) post, stick, stamp, stencil, paint, draw or otherwise affix any mark, lettering, notice, advertisement, sign or document of any description, or have in his possession on any nature reserve or wildlife sanctuary any material of any description capable of being used for such purposes;
- (d) cut or make any tracks, landing strip or parking area, jetty, mooring, resting or launching area for any vehicle, vessel, aeroplane, helicopter or hovercraft, or use, operate or park such a vehicle, vessel, aeroplane, helicopter or hovercraft other than in a place lawfully set aside for that purpose;
- (e) interfere in any manner with the water level or water supply in any nature reserve or wildlife sanctuary including any lake, swamp, water-course, river, drainage flow, well, water hole, or dam, whether natural or artificial, or use any water therefrom;
- (f) sail, tow or operate any vessel of any description except in such part or parts lawfully set aside or reserved for that purpose;
- (g) drive, tow or operate any vehicle of any description except on a road or track lawfully set aside, reserved or provided for that purpose;
- (h) misconduct himself or indulge in any riotous or indecent conduct;
- (i) in any way disturb, interfere with, frighten, drive, molest or take any fauna or other animal, whether by noise or any other means, in or in the vicinity of any nature reserve or wildlife sanctuary;
- (j) take, carry, operate, fire or use any firearm, throw or discharge any missile or explosives, except that a licensed shotgun may be used on a game reserve in the manner prescribed in these regulations;
- (k) take, ride or drive, graze or agist any dog, cat, fox, horse, cattle, sheep, goat, camel, donkey, mule, pig, fowl, or other exotic bird or other animal, or suffer or allow any such exotic bird or animal to remain on any nature reserve or wildlife sanctuary;
- (l) cut, construct or maintain any private track, road, tramway, railway or other means of transport or communication, or lay any telephone line, electric light or power line, waterpipe line, gas pipe line, oil pipe line or carry out any other works or drain or clear or prepare any part of any nature reserve or wildlife sanctuary for any purpose;
- (m) light any fire, other than in an authorized fireplace, or burn or clear by any means whatsoever any tree, shrub, grass or other plant, whether living or dead;
- (n) introduce, place, drop, pour, spray, fog, mist or otherwise use or discharge any dangerous, poisonous or noxious substance;
- (o) do or take anything which may interfere in any manner with the natural environment; or
- (p) refuse to leave any nature reserve or wildlife sanctuary when so directed by any wildlife officer.

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Prohibited Areas.

47. (1) For the purposes of these regulations "prohibited area" means any nature reserve or wildlife sanctuary or any part thereof classified as a prohibited area pursuant to the provisions of the Act. Amended by G.G. 24/12/76, p. 5057.
- (2) Except as authorized by the Conservator of Wildlife, a person shall not enter in or upon any prohibited area.
- (3) Every authority to enter a prohibited area shall be in Form 13 in Appendix A and shall set out—
- the part or parts of any or all prohibited areas which the holder may enter;
 - the purpose for which the person may enter the prohibited area pursuant to the authority;
 - the duration of the authority; and
 - such other information as may be appropriate, including the conditions to which it is subject.
- (4) A person shall not undertake any activity or do anything except as authorized pursuant to the authority issued to him and in pursuance of an approved scheme of management or working plan.
- (5) A person authorized to enter a prohibited area shall not so enter in or upon such prohibited area by any means other than by foot or as such authority may otherwise authorize.

Limited Access Areas.

48. (1) For the purposes of these regulations "limited access area" means any nature reserve or wildlife sanctuary or part thereof classified as a limited access area pursuant to the provisions of the Act. Amended by G.G. 24/12/76, pp. 5057-8.
- (2) A person shall not enter upon or into any limited access area by any means other than by foot unless otherwise authorized in writing by the Conservator of Wildlife.
- (3) A person shall not enter upon any limited access area during any part of any day or night except in accordance with the scheme of management for the area or as may be displayed on any authorized notice.
- (4) The provisions of these regulations relating to prohibited areas and nature reserves and wildlife sanctuaries generally shall apply to limited access areas unless their context otherwise indicates.

Game Reserves.

49. (1) For the purposes of these regulations "game reserve" means any nature reserve or wildlife sanctuary or part or parts thereof classified as a shooting or hunting area pursuant to the provisions of the Act. Amended by G.G. 5/10/73, p. 3663; G.G. 24/12/76, p. 5058.
- (2) Notwithstanding any other provisions of these regulations to the contrary, it shall be lawful for a person who is the holder of a current licence to take game species issued pursuant to these regulations to—
- enter upon a game reserve for the purpose of lawfully taking game;
 - to then have in his possession a firearm known as a shotgun for which he holds a current licence issued pursuant to the Firearms Act 1973;
 - to then have under his control a dog trained as a gun-dog and registered under the Dog Act 1976.
 - to take such numbers and species of game by means of such a shotgun, with or without a gun-dog, as may be lawfully permitted pursuant to the Act and these regulations.
- (3) A person shall not, in the taking of game, use in any game reserve any launch, boat, canoe, raft, or other type of boat of whatsoever kind, whether it is propelled by mechanical power or not.
- (4) A person shall not attempt to shoot any game bird in any game reserve unless he may reasonably expect to recover it if it is killed or wounded.

- (5) A person shall not in any game reserve—
- (a) shoot in such a manner as may cause any fauna other than a game bird to be killed or wounded;
 - (b) shoot at any bird he is unable to identify positively as a game bird;
 - (c) shoot at any bird which is not clearly flying higher than 3 metres above the water or ground level, whether a game bird or not, except as may be necessary to kill a wounded game bird;
 - (d) discharge or operate a firearm in a dangerous, threatening or frightening manner;
 - (e) have in his possession any firearm other than a shotgun licensed pursuant to the Firearms Act 1973;
 - (f) have in his possession any firearm whatsoever unless he has on his person his current game licence;
 - (g) take or have in his possession more than the bag limit of game birds allowed pursuant to the Act and these regulations for that day in that place;
 - (h) operate or use or park any vehicle except on a road or track or place set apart or constructed for that purpose;
 - (i) light or cause to be lit or attempt to light a fire, other than a primus or gas stove or similar appliance, except in an authorized place provided for that purpose by or at the order of the Conservator of Wildlife.
- (6) A person shall not leave or deposit in any game reserve any bottle, can, carton, paper or plastic or other wrapping material or rubbish or litter of any description unless it is left in a receptacle provided for that purpose, and any wildlife officer or honorary wildlife officer may direct any person to recover and remove any such rubbish which the wildlife officer or honorary wildlife officer, on reasonable grounds, believes has been brought into or deposited in such game reserve by such person or by any member of a party of which that person was also a member.
- (7) A wildlife officer may orally or in writing direct any person to leave any game reserve at or by or for any time or period of time if he considers it is desirable for the proper management or control of the nature reserve or wildlife sanctuary or for the protection or conservation of fauna and it shall be an offence for any such person so directed to fail or refuse to leave the game reserve later than so directed or to re-enter it earlier than so directed.

PART 7.—MARKING, SALE AND TRANSPORT OF FAUNA.

Marking, Sale and Transport of Carcasses and Skins.

Amended
by G.G.
4/5/73,
p. 1119;
G.G.
24/12/76,
pp. 5051
and 5058.

50. (1) A person shall not sell, buy, transport or have in his possession or control, or consign for any purpose the skin or carcass of any fauna unless—
- (a) he is the holder of a current licence authorizing such sale, purchase, transport, possession or control or consignment; and
 - (b) a tag has been duly affixed to the skin or carcass.
- (2) The colours of tags to be affixed to fauna are—
- (a) for grey kangaroos—white tags;
 - (b) for red kangaroos—yellow tags;
 - (c) for euros—blue tags;
 - (d) for emus—red tags; and
 - (e) for other fauna—such colours as the Conservator of Wildlife determines.
- (3) A person shall not—
- (a) mark or attempt to mark the skin or carcass of any fauna with an illegal tag; or
 - (b) affix a tag or an illegal tag to any fauna which has not been lawfully taken.
- (4) The provisions of this regulation do not apply so as to make it unlawful for any person to purchase, sell, use or to have or give as a gift any skin of any fauna which has been lawfully taken and processed and sold pursuant to licences held under these regulations.

- (5) A person who is—
- (a) the holder of a professional shooter's licence;
 - (b) the owner, employee or agent of a licensed processing establishment; or
 - (c) a direct dealer,
- shall not transport the skins or carcasses of fauna—
- (d) except those which have been lawfully taken and tagged; or
 - (e) except in a registered transport unit along a registered route from an open season area to the licensed premises or chiller unit concerned.
- (6) A person who is the holder of a damage licence shall not give, sell or supply a tag to a person other than—
- (a) a person who is his approved agent and who intends to attach the tag to fauna which he lawfully destroys on behalf of the holder on the holder's property; or
 - (b) the Conservator of Wildlife.
- (7) A person who owns or operates a transport unit or a chiller unit shall supply to the Conservator of Wildlife, whenever he so requests, particulars of the number plates issued under the Road Traffic Act 1974 for, and a description of, the unit, together with any other details that the Conservator of Wildlife requests.
- (8) (a) A person who intends to operate a transport unit or a chiller unit to hold or transport the skins or carcasses of any kangaroos or other fauna shall forward to the Conservator of Wildlife a detailed description of the place of operation and of the route to be followed by the unit and the Conservator of Wildlife may, if he approves of the place of operation and route, register them as a site of operations of that unit and the route to be used by that unit.
- (b) A person who operates a registered transport unit or chiller unit shall not cause or permit the unit to deviate from the registered route for that unit, except that he may deviate around any section of that route that has been closed by the person or authority controlling the closed section.
- (c) A person who operates a chiller unit to hold the skins or carcasses of any fauna shall not remove the unit to any other place of operation than that approved by the Conservator of Wildlife unless he notifies the Conservator of Wildlife in writing and receives approval to remove that chiller unit to the proposed place of operation.
- (9) A person who operates any processing establishment, transport unit or chiller unit shall keep and maintain such establishment or unit in a clean and hygienic condition satisfactory to the Conservator of Wildlife or to any wildlife officer or officer appointed pursuant to the Act or of any other person authorized by the Conservator of Wildlife.
- (10) A person shall not sever, cut, mark, scratch, abrade, file, heat, burn, melt or otherwise deface any tag in such a manner as to alter or interfere with or obliterate any letter or number or other identifying mark on the tag, whether it is affixed to a skin or carcass or not.
- (11) A person who operates an establishment for the tanning of skins of fauna shall, before commencing the process of tanning any skin, remove from the skin the tag affixed in such manner and with such care as is necessary to preserve all the letters and numbers and other identifying marks on the tag and keep and store the tag in a place of safety and hand it on demand to any wildlife officer or authorized officer.
- (12) A person other than a wildlife officer shall not remove any tag from any skin or carcass of any fauna except in the circumstances specifically authorized by these regulations and in the manner prescribed by subregulation (11) of this regulation.
- (13) Except where he is in possession or control of a tag for the purposes of fixing the tag to a skin pursuant to these regulations, a person who comes into possession or control of any tag shall give or consign the tag to its lawful owner or to the Conservator of Wildlife.

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Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5058.

51. (1) The Conservator of Wildlife shall authorize in writing the design and manufacture of such tags as are required.

(2) Where the Conservator of Wildlife approves and accepts a design for a tag, whether original or amended, he shall cause to be published in the *Government Gazette* and in at least one issue of a newspaper with a wide circulation, a drawing and description of the design of the tag.

(3) A person who issues, gives, buys, receives, sells, uses, manufactures or distributes any device which resembles an illegal tag, commits an offence.

(4) A person who issues, gives, buys, receives, sells, transfers, distributes or uses a tag in any manner other than is authorized pursuant to these regulations, commits an offence.

(5) A person who is required by these regulations or by the conditions of any licence issued under these regulations to affix a tag to the skin or carcass of any fauna and who fails to so affix the tag or who attaches it other than in the manner described in the interpretation "affix", commits an offence.

(6) A person, not being a wildlife officer or other officer authorized to collect used tags or a holder of a processor's licence or a person engaged in the tanning of skins, who has in his possession a used tag not secured to the skin or carcass or part thereof of lawfully taken fauna, or who has in his possession any illegal tag, commits an offence.

Marking, Sale and Transport of Live Fauna.

52. A person shall not sell or take or offer to buy or sell or consign for the purposes of aviculture any young fauna not fully fledged or not able to stand or not able to feed unaided.

General.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5058.

53. The Conservator of Wildlife may, at such intervals of time as may be convenient, supply to the Commissioner of Public Health a list of the licensed processing establishments and registered chiller units together with any other details of their standards, use and operation as may be required.

PART 8.—ILLEGAL MEANS AND DEVICES.

Amended
by G.G.
18/8/72,
p. 3153;
G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5058.

54. (1) (a) Any firearm, weapon or instrument other than a shotgun described in paragraph (b) of this subregulation is an illegal device when used for the taking of any fauna declared to be a game species.

(b) A shotgun licensed pursuant to the Firearms Act 1973 and having a calibre less than thirtyone-fortieths of an inch in internal diameter (ten gauge) is a legal device when used for the taking of game birds, so long as it is fired without other support than from the shoulder.

(c) A shotgun fired with support other than from the shoulder or having a calibre greater than thirtyone-fortieths of an inch in internal diameter is an illegal device.

(2) Any trap or snare of any kind is an illegal device when used in the taking of any fauna declared to be a game species.

(3) Any electric torch, spotlight or lantern of any kind is an illegal device when used in the taking of any fauna declared to be a game species.

(4) Except as specifically authorized by a licence issued pursuant to these regulations, any motor vehicle, boat, aircraft or other thing is an illegal device when used to drive any fauna over or in front of shooters.

(5) Bird-lime or any similar viscid substance is an illegal device when used in the taking of any fauna.

(6) A rabbit-trap or any similar trap is an illegal device when used in the taking of any fauna other than fauna declared to be declared animals under the Agriculture and Related Resources Protection Act 1976.

(7) A snare likely to throttle ensnared animals or a trap likely to cause suffering to trapped animals is an illegal device when used in the taking of any fauna, but this subregulation does not prevent the use of rabbit traps or similar devices for the taking of fauna declared to be declared animals under the Agriculture and Related Resources Protection Act 1976.

(8) Any mist net or device likely to snare fauna indiscriminately of species is an illegal device when used in the taking of any fauna except when used under the authority of a licence which has been specifically endorsed to authorize the use of such net, device or snare.

(9) (a) Subject to paragraph (b) of this subregulation a person shall not use an animal in the taking of any fauna.

(b) Nothing in paragraph (a) of this subregulation applies to prevent the use of—

(i) animals for the taking of fauna declared to be declared animals under the Agriculture and Related Resources Protection Act 1976.

(ii) trained gun-dogs for the taking of game fauna in accordance with the relevant provisions of these regulations.

(10) (a) Except as may otherwise be authorized in writing by the Conservator of Wildlife, a person shall not use any explosive, poisonous, noxious or narcotizing substances in the taking of any fauna.

(b) For the purposes of this subregulation, the Conservator of Wildlife may publish in the *Government Gazette* a list of materials, including proprietary pesticides, which may be used with or without his permission as the notice so requires in the taking of fauna.

PART 9.—PROHIBITED IMPORTS.

55. Except pursuant to a licence issued under regulation 20 of these regulations, a person shall not bring into the State any species of animal in the following classes of animal, other than fauna in one of those classes:

Substituted
by G.G.
21/7/78.
p. 2643.

- Pisces (fishes);
- Amphibia (frogs and salamanders);
- Aves (birds);
- Reptilia (reptiles—snakes, lizards and tortoises);
- Mammalia (mammals); and
- Invertebrata (invertebrates).

PART 10.—GAME SPECIES.

56. (1) For the purposes of section 17B of the Act, the Minister may declare any of the following species of birds to be game species:—

- Black Duck (*Anas superciliosa*).
- Grey Teal (*Anas gibberifrons*).
- Mountain Duck (*Tadorna tadornoides*).
- Maned Goose (*Chenonetta jubata*).
- White-eyed Duck (*Aythya australis*).
- Whistling Tree Duck (*Dendrocygna arcuata*).
- Pied Goose (*Anseranas semipalmata*).
- Plumed Tree Duck (*Dendrocygna eytoni*).
- Blue-winger Shoveler (*Anas rhynchotis*).
- Pink-eared Duck (*Malacorhynchus membranaceus*).
- Blue-billed Duck (*Oxyura australis*).
- Chestnut Teal (*Anas castanea*).
- Musk Duck (*Biziura lobata*).
- Brown Quail (*Synoicus ypsilophorus*).
- Stubble Quail (*Coturnix pectoralis*).

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(2) It is an offence for a person to take or have in his possession, other than under the authority of a licence issued pursuant to regulations 12, 14, 15, 16, 17 or 18 of these regulations any indigenous wild duck, goose or quail—

- (a) the name of which is not included in the list of game species in subregulation (1) of this regulation; or
- (b) which was not lawfully taken.

(3) A person shall not have under his control or in his possession or keep in any cool store or any freezing chamber or other premises at any one time—

- (a) on opening day of an open season, more birds than the limit specified by a notice published in the *Government Gazette*, under section 17B of the Act;
- (b) on any day other than opening day of an open season, more birds than twice the limit specified by such a notice.

(4) While on a game reserve each member of a hunting party shall keep his bag of game species under his own direct control and separate from any other person's bag and it shall be an offence for any members of a hunting party on a game reserve to pool their individual bags of game species.

(5) After leaving a game reserve the members of a hunting party may pool their individual legitimate bags of game species so as to transport them in one or more ice boxes or refrigerated trailers or the like, but the members of such a hunting party shall not have in their combined possession or control a total number of birds exceeding the equivalent of the total obtained by multiplying the limit per person by the number of persons who have so pooled their individual bags.

PART 10A.—FLORA.

56A. In this Part "licence" means a licence issued pursuant to section 23A to section 23F, inclusive, of the Act.

56B. (1) The purposes prescribed as prescribed purposes under paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 23C of the Act are as follows—

- (a) for scientific and educational purposes, that is to say, for the purposes of study or research by students or teachers of an educational institution approved of by the Minister;
- (b) hobby purposes, that is to say, for encouraging the identification, cultivation and conservation of flora by persons or associations of persons;
- (c) propagation purposes, that is to say, for the purposes of encouraging the propagation of protected flora by the collection of seeds or other units of reproduction and their cultivation;
- (d) personal enjoyment, that is to say, for the purposes of domestic decoration, display or study.

(2) A person who is issued with a licence pursuant to subsection (1) of section 23C of the Act for scientific purposes or for a purpose prescribed in subregulation (1) of this regulation shall not directly or indirectly sell or otherwise dispose of for gain any protected flora obtained by him under the licence.

56C. The holder of a licence shall furnish to the Conservator of Wildlife such returns as to the taking of protected flora or sales thereof at such times and in such manner as are specified in his licence.

56D. The holder of a licence who is taking protected flora on Crown land shall produce his licence whenever requested to do so by a wildlife officer or by any person appointed by the body or authority which has the care or control of that Crown land.

Part 10A and heading inserted by G.G. 18/4/80, p. 1132.

Inserted by G.G. 18/4/80, p. 1132.

Inserted by G.G. 18/4/80, p. 1132.

Inserted by G.G. 18/4/80, p. 1132.

Inserted by G.G. 18/4/80, p. 1132.

56E. (1) An application for a licence issued pursuant to section 23C of the Act to take flora on Crown land— Inserted by
G.G. 18/4/80,
p. 1132.

- (a) for commercial purposes shall be in the form of Form 18;
- (b) for scientific purposes or any purpose prescribed pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 23C of the Act shall be in the form of Form 19.

(2) Except where the Conservator of Wildlife is otherwise satisfied that an applicant is permitted to enter on any land for the purpose of collecting protected flora or that he will not enter on any land for that purpose unless he has obtained the permission of the owner or body or authority having care or control of the land, every application for a licence, other than an application for a nurseryman's licence issued under section 23D of the Act, shall be accompanied by the written permission of the owner of the land or the body or authority having care or control of the land specified in the application.

56F. An application for a licence under section 23D of the Act shall be in the form of Form 20 in Appendix A. Inserted by
G.G. 18/4/80,
p. 1132.

56G. (1) The holder of a licence shall furnish to the Conservator of Wildlife voucher specimens of any species of protected flora specified in his licence whenever requested so to do by the Conservator of Wildlife. Inserted by
G.G. 18/4/80,
p. 1132-33.

(2) A voucher specimen furnished pursuant to a request under subregulation (1) of this regulation shall be of a standard that is sufficient to allow identification of the species of protected flora taken under the licence.

56H. The following fees are payable in relation to a licence specified below— Inserted by
G.G. 18/4/80,
p. 1133.

For a licence for commercial purposes	\$	
For a licence for scientific purpose or any purpose prescribed pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 23C of the Act	5	
For a commercial producer's licence	2	
For a nurseryman's licence	5	

PART 11.—MISCELLANEOUS.

Marking of Wild Fauna.

57. A person shall not mark any wild fauna by means of rings, bands, dyes, or other means whatsoever unless he is the holder of a current licence issued pursuant to these regulations authorizing him to so mark the fauna.

Releasing Animals.

58. A person shall not— Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5059.

- (a) abandon; or
- (b) release from captivity or confinement in circumstances which may make the recovery of the bird or animal impossible or uncertain, any bird or other animal, other than a homing or racing pigeon, without the prior permission in writing of the Conservator of Wildlife.

Protection of Research Programmes.

59. (1) A person shall not move, remove, obliterate, damage, obscure, alter or otherwise interfere with any— Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5059.

- (a) mark, sign or device on any vegetation or animal;
- (b) scientific equipment of any nature; or
- (c) tape, wire, sheet, card or other record of any description,

which has been or is being or is about to be used in any research programme except by prior permission of the Conservator of Wildlife or the person in charge of the research programme.

(2) A person shall not move or release any animal from any trap or pit except in the prosecution of a research programme under which the trapping or taking of such animal was authorized.

(3) A person shall not deliberately interfere in any manner with any research programme.

Inspection of Books and Premises.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5059.

60. (1) A wildlife officer may at any reasonable time inspect the records which the holder of a licence issued pursuant to these regulations is required to keep or maintain.

(2) A wildlife officer may at any reasonable time inspect the premises and collect tags and research or other departmental material from any premises, vessels, vehicles or units licensed pursuant to these regulations or from any other place to which he makes lawful access.

Forfeiture and Disposal of Fauna or Illegal Devices.

Amended
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5059.

61. (1) Where any illegal device or any fauna has been found by a wildlife officer or honorary wildlife officer pursuant to section 27A of the Act and the owner thereof cannot be found, a notice of the finding in Form 14 in Appendix A shall be displayed by the wildlife officer or honorary wildlife officer in at least one of the three following places—

- (a) outside the nearest wildlife officer's office;
- (b) at the nearest police station; or
- (c) at the nearest post office,

and the wildlife officer or honorary wildlife officer shall not cause any illegal device or any fauna or other thing so found to be taken before a justice as required by section 27A of the Act until a period of 14 days has elapsed after the display of the notice.

(2) Where the wildlife officer or honorary wildlife officer causes any fauna, illegal device or other thing to be so taken before a justice, he shall make written application for the forfeiture of the fauna or device in Form 15 in Appendix A.

(3) Where any fauna, illegal device or other thing is forfeited under the provisions of section 27A of the Act, the Conservator of Wildlife may, with the approval of the Minister, sell or dispose of the fauna, devices or other thing so forfeited in any of the following ways—

- (a) he may apply them to the use of any Department of the State or Commonwealth Governments;
- (b) he may sell them at public auction or by tender or by private treaty; or
- (c) he may order their destruction.

(4) Any money obtained from the sale or disposal of fauna, devices or other things so forfeited shall be credited to the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

Inserted
by G.G.
24/12/76,
p. 5051.

62. The certificates prescribed for the purposes of subsection (4b) of section 7 of the Act are the certificates in the form of Form 16 and Form 17 in Appendix A.

First Schedule.

FEES FOR LICENCES TO EXPORT FAUNA.

1. Subject to paragraph 2 of this Schedule, the minimum fee for any licence to export live fauna is \$5.00.

2. No fee shall be payable in respect of the export of any live fauna which the Conservator of Wildlife considers has been legally held in conformity with these regulations as a family pet and where the family concerned is leaving the State.

3. Subject to paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Schedule, the fees for licences to export live fauna shall be as calculated in accordance with the following table:—

TABLE.

(a) Avian Fauna:	\$
(i) Budgerygahs and species of finches for which an open season is declared—per bird	0.20c
(ii) Species of avian fauna listed in Part A of Appendix C in the Appendices to these Regulations—per bird	0.50c

First
Schedule
substituted
by G.G.
21/7/78,
pp. 2643-4.

35

	\$
(iii) Species of avian fauna listed in Part B of Appendix C —including Alexandra (Princess) Parrot—per bird	2.00
(iv) All species of avian fauna other than Alexandra (Princess) Parrots listed in Part D of Appendix C—per bird	30.00
(v) All other species of avian fauna <i>NOT</i> listed in Parts A, B and D of Appendix C—per bird	3.00
(b) Eggs of avian fauna—per egg	0.50c
(c) Amphibia—per amphibian	3.00
(d) Reptiles—per reptile	3.00
(e) Mammals—per mammal	30.00

4. The fees for licences to export dead fauna shall be calculated in accordance with the following table:—

TABLE.

- (a) Untanned skins of all species of fauna—\$5.00 per 100 or part thereof.
- (b) Flesh of all species of fauna—\$5.00 per tonne or part thereof.
- (c) Skeletons of all species of fauna—\$5.00 per skeleton or part thereof.
- (d) Preserved specimens of all species of fauna—\$5.00 per specimen.
- (e) Preserved eggs or shells of eggs of all species of avian fauna—per egg—0.50c.

Second Schedule.

FEES FOR LICENCES TO IMPORT LIVE FAUNA AND OTHER ANIMALS.

1. Subject to paragraph 2 of this Schedule the minimum fee for any licence to import live fauna is \$5.00.

2. No fee is payable in respect of the bringing into this State of any fauna that is a family pet from another State or Territory if the fauna has been lawfully obtained and kept in the State or Territory of origin.

3. Subject to paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Schedule, the fees for licence to import live fauna shall be as calculated in accordance with the following table:—

TABLE.

	\$
(a) Avian Fauna:	
(i) Budgerygahs—per bird	0.20c
(ii) Species of avian fauna listed in Part A of Appendix C— per bird	0.50c
(iii) Species of avian fauna listed in Part B of Appendix C (including Alexandra (Princess) Parrot)—per bird	2.00
(iv) All species of avian fauna—except Alexandra (Princess) Parrot—listed in Part D of Appendix C—per bird	30.00
(v) All other special avian fauna not listed in Parts A, B and D of Appendix C—per bird	3.00
(b) Birds other than avian fauna:	
(i) In the case of birds listed in Part E of Appendix C— per parcel	5.00
(ii) In the case of all other birds that are not avian fauna— per bird	3.00
(c) Eggs of avian fauna—per egg	0.50c
(d) Reptiles—per reptile	3.00
(e) Amphibia—per amphibian	3.00
(f) Mammals—per mammal	30.00

Second
Schedule
substituted
by G.G.
21/7/78,
p. 2644.
Amended by
G.G. 11/8/78,
p. 2883.

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APPENDIX A

Form 1

WILDLIFE CONSERVATION ACT 1950

(Regulation 6)

RETURN OF KANGAROOS TAKEN FOR SALE BY LICENSED SHOOTERS
FOR MONTH.....19.....Appendix A.
Amended by
G.G. 6/10/72,
p. 4027;
G.G. 5/10/73,
p. 3663;
G.G. 24/12/76,
pp. 5052 &
5059;
G.G. 27/3/81,
pp. 1045-54.

T.C.	Month	Year	Shooter's Reg. No.	Number of Shooters	Number of Days Shooting	Number of Processors	Number of Freezers	Number of Skin Dealers
10								

A. SHOOTERS

T.C.		Surname (Please Print)	Initials	Reg. No.
11	Principal Shooter			
11	Assistant			If applicable

B. DETAILS OF OPERATIONS FOR THIS MONTH (To be entered for each day of shooting)

T.C.	Damage Licence Number	Date	Block No.	RED			EURO			GREY			TOTAL	
				Male No.	Fe- male No.	Wt.	Male No.	Fe- male No.	Wt.	Male No.	Fe- male No.	Wt.	No.	Wt.
12														
12														
12														
12														
12														
12														
12														
12														
12														
12														

C. DETAILS OF DISPOSAL

C-1—CARCASSES

1. (a) CARCASSES DELIVERED DIRECTLY TO PROCESSOR'S PREMISES

T.C.	Processor's Licence No.	Name of Processor	Address of Processor	Number of Animals
13				
13				

1. (b) CARCASSES DELIVERED TO CHILLER UNIT FOR STORAGE PRIOR TO FINAL DISPOSAL

T.C.	Chiller Unit Number	Location of Chiller Unit	Name of Person in Charge of Chiller Unit	Number of Animals
14				
14				

C-2 SKINS ONLY

	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3 (1+2)	Column 4	Column 5 (3-4)
T.C.	Number on Hand 1st of Month	Number Taken During Month	Total	Number Sold During Month	Number on Hand End of Month
15					

T.C.	Skin Dealer's Licence No.	Name of Skin Dealer	Address of Skin Dealer	Number of Skins
16				
16				

D. CROSS OUT WHICHEVER IS NOT APPLICABLE*

* THIS RETURN IS A COMPLETE RECORD OF MY ACTIVITY DURING THIS MONTH.

* THIS RETURN IS NOT A COMPLETE RECORD OF MY ACTIVITY DURING THIS MONTH.

MY ACTIVITIES ARE LISTED ON SEPARATE RETURN FORMS. THIS RETURN IS NO. OF

Signature Principal Shooter.....

Signature Assistant Shooter.....
(If applicable)

SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON REVERSE SIDE OF DUPLICATE

Form 2

WILDLIFE CONSERVATION ACT 1950

(Regulation 7)

PROCESSOR'S MONTHLY RETURN

Month Ending 19.....

A.—PROCESSOR..... LICENCE No.....

Address.....

OFFICE USE ONLY

T.C.	Month	Year	Processor's Licence No.	Number of Suppliers	Number of Skin Dealers
20					

4.—WHOLE CARCASSES RECEIVED FROM OTHER PROCESSORS (or other authorized sellers)
(i.e. with skin on)

T.C.	Licence No.	Surname (or Registered Business Name)	Initials	Number of Carcasses Received	Total Weight
21					
21					
21					
21					

C.—MONTHLY PROCESSING SUMMARY

1.—CARCASSES (UNITS)

T.C.	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3 (1+2)	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6 (4+5)	Column 7 (3-6)
	Unprocessed on Hand 1st of Month	Unprocessed Received During Month	Total	No. Processed During Month	Unprocessed Carcasses Traded	Total	Unprocessed on Hand End of Month
22							

2.—PRODUCTION YIELD FROM CARCASSES (EXCLUDING SKINS)

Boneless Meat (lb.)	Minced Meat (lb.)	Office Use Only	Other (.....) (lb. or number)	Other (.....) (lb. or number)	Office Use Only

3.—SKINS (UNITS)

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3 (1+2)	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6 (4+5)	Column 7 (3-6)
Separated Skins in Hand 1st of Month	Separated During Month	Total	Traded During Month	Not Suitable for Trade	Total	On Hand at End of Month

D.—ANALYSIS OF SKINS TRADED DURING MONTH

1.—TRANSACTIONS

T.C.	Purchaser or Receiver	Skin Dealer's Licence Number	Surname	Initials	Address
23	1				
23	2				
23	3				
23	4				

2.—TYPES OF SKINS TRADED

T.C.	Purchaser or Receiver	Red or Marloo			Euro or Biggada			Grey			Total No.
		Fresh	Salted	Other	Fresh	Salted	Other	Fresh	Salted	Other	
24	1										
24	2										
24	3										
24	4										
24	Totals										

N.B.—PURCHASER NUMBER IN SECTION D1 MUST CORRESPOND WITH SECTION D2.

.....
Signature of Processor.

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Form 2A
WILDLIFE CONSERVATION ACT 1950
(Regulation 8)
DAILY RECORD OF CARCASSES BOUGHT AND SOLD
For Month Ending.....

Licensee..... Address..... Licence No.....

	Date of Acquisition	No. of Carcasses			Name and Address of Supplier	Import Licence No.	Licence No. of Supplier
		Greys	Reds	Euros			
No. of Carcasses on Hand before adding Total Receipts					(c/fwd from previous return)		
RECEIVALS							
Total Receipts							
No. of Carcasses on Hand after adding Total Receipts							

	Date of Disposal	No. of Carcasses			Name and Address of Recipient	Export Licence No.	Licence No. of Recipient
		Greys	Reds	Euros			
DISPOSALS							
Total Disposals							
No. of Carcasses on Hand after adding Total Receipts and deducting Total Disposals							

Signature of Licensee.

Address all returns to the:—
DIRECTOR OF FISHERIES AND WILDLIFE
DEPARTMENT OF FISHERIES AND WILDLIFE,
108 ADELAIDE TERRACE, PERTH, 6000

Original

Form 3
WILDLIFE CONSERVATION ACT 1950
(Regulation 8A)
RETURN OF KANGAROO CARCASSES PLACED IN CHILLER UNIT

Return for month of 19.....

A. Shooter's Name..... Shooter's Number.....
Field Location..... Block No.*..... Damage Licence No.....
(if applicable)

*Use separate form for shooting activities for different blocks.

B. Chiller Owner's Name..... Chiller No.....
Address.....

C. Name of Person in Charge..... Licence No.....
(if applicable)

Chiller Location.....

OFFICE USE ONLY

TC	Month	Year	Dealer's Licence No.	Shooter's Licence No.	Block No.	Number of Days Shooting
30						

D.—ANALYSIS OF KANGAROO CARCASSES HELD

TC	Day of Month	Hours of Hunting	Red or Marloo				Euro or Biggada				Grey				Total	
			Male (buck)		Female (doe)		Male (buck)		Female (doe)		Male (buck)		Female (doe)		No.	Wt.
			No.	Wt.	No.	Wt.	No.	Wt.	No.	Wt.	No.	Wt.	No.	Wt.		
31	1															
31	2															
31	3															
31	4															
31	5															
31	6															
31	7															
31	8															
31	9															
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31	20															
31	21															
31	22															
31	23															
31	24															
31	25															
31	26															
31	27															
31	28															
31	29															
31	30															
31	31															
31	Totals															

The shooter named above must complete the declaration on the reverse of the original (white) form.

.....
Signature of Person in Charge.

(Reverse of Form 3)

The details set out on the front of this form are a true and accurate record of the kangaroos taken by me and placed in Chiller..... during 19.....

I currently have on hand unused tags allocated by way of my Shooter's Licence. (No.)

I also have authorization to use the following numbers of unused DL tags.

.....
No. of tags

.....
DL

.....
Date

.....
Signature of named Professional Shooter

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Form 4

WILDLIFE CONSERVATION ACT 1950

(Regulation 10 (6))

RETURN OF SKINS BOUGHT AND SOLD ()—LICENCE No.
MONTH ENDING 19.....

A. SKIN DEALER ADDRESS

B. MONTHLY PURCHASES—SKINS BY SPECIES

1. From Licensed Processors/Dealers ().

Processor/Dealer	Licence No.	Red/Marloo	Euro/Biggada	Grey	Other
.....
.....

 2. From Licensed Commercial Shooters (or other authorized sellers).
 SKINS (FRESH, SALTED, DRY, OTHER).

Shooter/Other	Licence No.	Red/Marloo	Euro/Biggada	Grey	Other
.....
.....
-

C. MONTHLY SKIN TRADING SUMMARY

SKINS (FRESH, SALTED, DRY, OTHER).

Skins on hand 1st	19.....	.....	.....	.....
Received	.....	.....	.....	.....
Transferred ex Treatment Stocks	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sub Total	.....	.....	.....	.....
Less Sales	.....	.....	.....	.....
Transfers to Treatment Stocks	.....	.....	.....	.....
Balance on hand	.....	.....	.....	.....

D. PURCHASE PRICE—SKINS

Average/Skin	Fresh Salted Dry	Red/Marloo	Euro/Biggada	Grey	Other
--------------	------------------------	------------	--------------	------	-------

E. DETAILS OF MONTHLY SALES OF UNTANNED SKINS (OR OTHER DISPOSAL).

Purchaser	Address	Fresh	Dry	Salted	Other
-----------	---------	-------	-----	--------	-------

.....
Signature of Licence Holder.

43

Form 5
 WILDLIFE CONSERVATION ACT 1950
 (Regulation 10 (7))
 SKIN DEALERS MONTHLY RETURN

Return for Month of.....19..... on account of
 A. SUPPLIER'S NAME..... LICENCE No.....
 ADDRESS.....
 B. SKIN DEALER'S NAME..... REGISTRATION No.....
 ADDRESS.....

ANALYSIS OF KANGAROO SKINS PURCHASED ON ABOVE A/C FOR MONTH

Date	Red/Marloo			Euro/Biggada			Grey			Other	Total Skins (daily)
	Fresh	Salted	Other ()	Fresh	Salted	Other ()	Fresh	Salted	Other ()		

.....
 Signature of Licence Holder.

Form 6
 WILDLIFE CONSERVATION ACT 1950
 (Regulation 11)
 RETURN OF AVIAN FAUNA TAKEN FOR SALE

Licencee..... Licence No.....
 Address.....

TRAPPING DETAILS

Date	Species	Number	Name of District	Method Used

.....
 Signature of Licence Holder.

Form 7
 WILDLIFE CONSERVATION ACT 1950
 (Regulation 13)
 RETURN OF AVIAN FAUNA BOUGHT AND SOLD

For Month Ending..... No.
 Period From.....19..... To.....19.....Inclusive
 Licencee..... Address..... Licence No.....

Date of acquisition or disposal	Number acquired	Number disposed of	Species		Name and Address of Supplier or Recipient (or remarks)	Import or Export Licence No.	Licence No. of Supplier or recipient	Stock			
			Common name	Scientific name				Previous Stock	In	Out	Total on Hand

Address all returns to the:—
 DIRECTOR OF FISHERIES AND WILDLIFE
 DEPARTMENT OF FISHERIES AND WILDLIFE,
 108 ADELAIDE TERRACE PERTH 6000

.....
 Signature of Licensee

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Form 8

WILDLIFE CONSERVATION ACT 1950
(Regulation 14 (2))

RETURN OF FAUNA FARMED AND BRED

Month of 19.....

Name of Wildlife Park	Place of Business
-----------------------	-------------------

Surname of Licensee	Other Names	Licence No.
Home Address	Postcode	Telephone No.

FAUNA RECEIVED DURING MONTH

Species Common Name	No.	Sex	Age	Received from		Licence No.	Date
				Name	Address		
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FAUNA DISPOSED OF DURING MONTH

Species Common Name	No.	Recipient		Licence No.	Date
		Name	Address		
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BREEDING RECORD DURING MONTH

Page 2

Species		Eggs Laid	Born or Hatched		Mortalities		Reared	
Common Name	Scientific Name		Date	No.	Date	No.	M.	F.

LOSS OF MATURE FAUNA DURING THE MONTH

Species		Date	How Lost (Died, Escaped, etc.)
Common Name	Scientific Name		

FAUNA ON HAND AS AT..... 19.....

Species		No.	Species		No.
Common Name	Scientific Name		Common Name	Scientific Name	

If insufficient space attach a list.

Remarks.....

Signature of Licence Holder..... Date 19.....

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Form 9
WILDLIFE CONSERVATION ACT 1950
(Regulation 15)
RETURN OF FAUNA TAKEN FOR EDUCATIONAL OR PUBLIC PURPOSES
LICENCE HOLDER..... OF..... LICENCE No.....

Species	Number	Taken at	For Licence Holder (Name)	Licence No.	Remarks

.....
Signature of Licence Holder.

Form 10
WILDLIFE CONSERVATION ACT 1950
(Regulation 16)
RETURN OF FAUNA KEPT FOR EDUCATIONAL OR PUBLIC PURPOSES
LICENCE HOLDER..... OF..... LICENCE No.....

FAUNA HELD AT.....		Full Name		Address		LICENCE No.....	
Species	Number	Received From		Licence No.	Given to		Released at Place of Capture/ Approved Area
		Name	Address		Name	Address	

.....
Signature of Licence Holder.

Form 11
WILDLIFE CONSERVATION ACT 1950
(Regulation 20)
APPLICATION FOR LICENCE TO IMPORT LIVE EXOTIC BIRDS AND OTHER ANIMALS

I of
apply for a licence to import the live exotic birds/other animals listed hereunder for the following purpose

This fauna when received in Western Australia will be kept at
in yards/cages of the following dimensions
which are enclosed with and made secure at gates by

Shelter, Watering Points, Feed Containers and Perches as required by the Wildlife Conservation Act regulations are provided.

Other fauna housed in the same cages/yards are

Fauna Species Number (Units)

Applicant's Signature.....

Date.....

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Form 12
WILDLIFE CONSERVATION ACT 1950
(Regulation 38)

APPLICATION FOR A LICENCE TO KEEP WATERFOWL IN CAPTIVITY.

I of
apply for a licence to keep in captivity the undermentioned species of waterfowl for the
following purpose

This waterfowl will be kept at
in yards/cages of the following dimensions
which are enclosed with

Shelter, Feed Containers, Watering points, Nesting logs/boxes, permanent pools, as required
by the Wildlife Conservation Act Regulations, are provided.

Other fauna housed in the same enclosure are

Waterfowl species to be kept in Captivity

.....
Applicant's Signature.

Date.....

Form 13
WILDLIFE CONSERVATION ACT 1950
(Regulation 47)

AUTHORITY TO ENTER A PROHIBITED AREA

Reserve No..... Name.....

The undermentioned person is allowed for the purpose of.....
to enter on to those areas described in the schedule hereunder and which are known as
prohibited areas in the approved scheme of management of the above reserve.

This authority shall endure for the period..... to.....
inclusive and is issued subject to the conditions, if any, endorsed hereon.

.....
Conservator of Wildlife.

Schedule
Conditions

Name.....

Address..... Post Code.....

Form 14
WILDLIFE CONSERVATION ACT 1950
(Regulation 61)

NOTICE

Place.....

Date.....

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

TAKE NOTICE that on the..... day of..... 19.....

was

the following fauna and illegal device(s) — found at.....

were

with no person in possession thereof.....

After fourteen days from the date of this notice I shall take the said fauna and device(s)

before a Justice of the Peace at..... and apply for an order

its

for — condemnation.

their

Any person making a claim to ownership may appear before the Justice and make such

proper representations as he may think fit.

.....
Wildlife Officer.

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Form 15

WILDLIFE CONSERVATION ACT 1950

(Regulation 61)

APPLICATION FOR AN ORDER FOR FORFEITURE

I,.....
 Wildlife Officer for the State of Western Australia do hereby make application to.....
for an order for forfeiture of the
 following fauna, and/or illegal devices.....found by
at.....
on.....in accordance with the provisions of the Wildlife
 Conservation Act 1950. I have given the prescribed notice of the finding of the
in accordance with the requirements of the said Act.

 Wildlife Officer.

ORDER FOR FORFEITURE

Being satisfied that there are reasonable ground for believing that the.....
 were used or intended to be used, and/or the.....were taken, in
 contravention of the said Act, I do hereby condemn the.....as
 forfeited to Her Majesty.
 Given under my hand at.....in the said State this
day of.....19.....

 Justice of the Peace

Form 16

Western Australia

WILDLIFE CONSERVATION ACT 1950

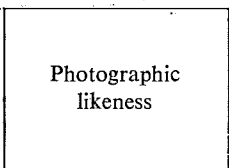
CERTIFICATE OF APPOINTMENT

HONORARY WILDLIFE OFFICER

This is to certify that:—
was appointed
 on.....as.....
 under.....and is
 authorized to carry out the following duties:—

 in the following part or parts of the State:—

 Signature of Appointee.....Conservator of Wildlife.
 Title:.....



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Form 17
Western Australia
WILDLIFE CONSERVATION ACT 1950
CERTIFICATE OF APPOINTMENT
WILDLIFE OFFICER

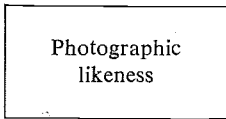
This is to certify that:—

..... was appointed
on..... as.....
under..... and is
authorized to carry out all the duties of his appointment throughout the whole of the State.

Signature of Appointee

Conservator of Wildlife.

Title:.....



Form 18. Reg. 56E(1)(a).
Western Australia.
Wildlife Conservation Act 1950 (as amended).
APPLICATION FOR A COMMERCIAL PURPOSES LICENCE.
(Section 23C (i) (a).)

I,.....
of.....
hereby apply for the issue to me of a licence for Commercial Purposes pursuant to section
23C of the Wildlife Conservation Act 1950 (as amended).

The land to which this application relates is as follows—

Land District	Lot or Location No.	Property Name	Name of Local Authority
.....

(specify and identify each piece of land to which this application relates by reference to Lot, Location, etc., and indicate name of local authority.)

The classes or descriptions of flora to which this application relates are as follows—

(a) Parts to be Taken (e.g. flowering stems, fruits (nuts), seeds, leaves, wholeplants, cuttings or other categories).	Scientific Name	Common Name (if any)
.....

The following outlines my previous experience in the industry—

Number of years in the trade.....
As a Picker Dealer Grower (tick box)
On a Part Time Full Time basis (tick box).

If experience has been as a picker list areas (Shires) where flora has been picked in last three years

Description of flora taken/grown during last three years
Parts of Plant Scientific Name Common Name

Names of persons/firms supplied.....

Where applicable, state period during the year in months for which licence required.

Dated this day of 19 ..

Signature of Applicant.

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Form 19.

Reg. 56E(1) (b).

Western Australia.

Wildlife Conservation Act 1950 (as amended).

APPLICATION FOR A LICENCE FOR SCIENTIFIC OR OTHER
PRESCRIBED PURPOSES.
(Section 23C (1) (b).)

I,
of
hereby apply for the issue to me of a licence for

(insert type of licence required)

pursuant to section 23C of the Wildlife Conservation Act 1950 (as amended).

The land to which this application relates is as follows—

Land District	Lot or Location No.	Property Name	Name of Local Authority
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(specify and identify each piece of land to which this application relates by reference to Lot, Location, etc. and indicate name of local authority.)

The classes or descriptions of flora to which this application relates are as follows—
(a) Parts to be Taken (e.g. flowering stems, fruits (nuts), seeds, leaves, wholeplants, cuttings or other categories).

Scientific Name	Common Name (if any)
-----------------	----------------------

Where applicable state period during the year in months for which licence required.

Dated this

day of

19

Signature of Applicant.

Form 20.

Reg. 56F.

Western Australia.

Wildlife Conservation Act 1950 (as amended).

APPLICATION FOR A COMMERCIAL PRODUCER'S LICENCE OR A
NURSERYMAN'S LICENCE.
(Section 23D.)

I,
of
hereby apply for the issue to me of a licence as a

(specify whether commercial producer's licence or nurseryman's licence) pursuant to section 23D of the Wildlife Conservation Act 1950 (as amended).

The land to which this application relates is as follows—

Land District	Lot or Location No.	Property Name	Name of Local Authority
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(specify and identify each piece of land to which this application relates by reference to Lot, Location, etc. and indicate name of local authority.)

The classes or descriptions of flora to which this application relate are as follows—
(a) Parts to be Taken (c.g. flowering stems, fruits (nuts), seeds, leaves, wholeplants, cuttings or other categories).

Scientific Name	Common Name (if any)
-----------------	----------------------

Where applicable, state period during the year in months for which licence required.

Dated this

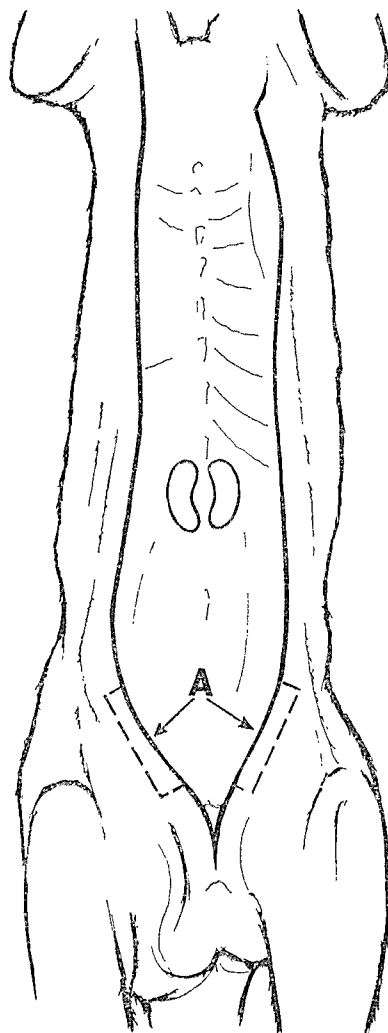
day of

19

Signature of Applicant.

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APPENDIX B



APPENDIX C.

PART A

Budgerygah	(<i>Melopsittacus undulatus</i>)
Zebra Finch	(<i>Poephila guttata</i>)
Galah	(<i>Cacatua roseicapilla</i>)
Port Lincoln Parrot (Twenty-eight)	(<i>Barnardius zonarius</i>)
Western Rosella	(<i>Platycercus icterotis</i>)
Western Silvereye	(<i>Zosterops gouldi</i>)
King Quail	(<i>Excalfactoria chinensis</i>)
Peaceful Dove	(<i>Geopelia striata</i>)
Diamond Dove	(<i>Geopelia cuneata</i>)
Long-tailed (Blackheart) Finch	(<i>Poephila acuticauda</i>)
Chestnut-breasted Finch	(<i>Lonchura castaneothorax</i>)
Star Finch	(<i>Neochmia ruficauda</i>)
Weero (or Cockatiel)	(<i>Nymphicus hollandicus</i>)

Appendix C.
Substituted by
G.G. 21/7/78,
pp. 2644-6.
Amended by
G.G. 11/8/78,
p. 2883.

PART B

Rainbow and Red-collared Lorikeet	(<i>Trichoglossus haematodus</i>)
Varied Lorikeet	(<i>Psittuteutes versicolor</i>)
Scaly-breasted Lorikeet	(<i>Trichoglossus chlorolepidotus</i>)
Little Corella	(<i>Cacatua sanguinea</i>)
Sulphur-crested Cockatoo	(<i>Cacatua galerita</i>)
Bourke Parrot	(<i>Neopsephotus bourkii</i>)
Scarlet-chested Parrot	(<i>Neophema splendida</i>)
(Eastern) King Parrot	(<i>Aprosmictus scapularis</i>)
Red-winged Parrot	(<i>Aprosmictus erythropterus</i>)
Superb Parrot	(<i>Polytelis swainsonii</i>)
Alexandra (Princess) Parrot	(<i>Polytelis alexandrae</i>)
Red-rumped Parrot	(<i>Psephotus haematonotus</i>)
Ring-necked Parrot (including 4 sub-species)	(<i>Barnardius barnardi</i>)
Red-capped (W.A. King) Parrot	(<i>Purpureicephalus spurius</i>)
Yellow Rosella (including Adelaide Rosella)	(<i>Platycercus flaveolus</i>)
Eastern Rosella	(<i>Platycercus eximius</i>)
Blue-faced (Parrot) Finch	(<i>Erythrura trichroa</i>)
Brown Quail	(<i>Synoicus ypsilophorus</i>)
Pale-headed Rosella	(<i>Platycercus adscitus</i>)
Stubble Quail	(<i>Coturnix pectoralis</i>)
Turquoise Parrot	(<i>Neophema pulchella</i>)
Crimson Rosella	(<i>Platycercus elegans</i>)
Diamond Firetail	(<i>Emblema guttata</i>)
Painted Finch	(<i>Emblema picta</i>)
Crimson Finch	(<i>Neochmia phaeton</i>)
Red-browed Finch	(<i>Aegintha temporalis</i>)
Gouldian Finch	(<i>Chloebia gouldiae</i>)
Masked Finch	(<i>Poephila personata</i>)
Black-throated Finch (including Diggles and Parsons)	(<i>Poephila cincta</i>)
Banded (Double Bar) Finch	(<i>Poephila bichenovii</i>)
Pictorella Finch	(<i>Lonchura pectoralis</i>)

PART C

All species of avian fauna not listed in either Parts A, B, D or E of this schedule.

PART D

Species classed in any State or Territory as rare or endangered or in need of special protection. (Excluding Alexandra (Princess) Parrot, Scarlet-chested Parrot and Black-throated (Diggles and Parsons) Finch.

1. Cockatoos, etc. Family Psittacidae

Little Lorikeet	<i>Glossopsitta pusilla</i>
Musk Lorikeet	<i>Glossopsitta concinna</i>
Fig Parrot	<i>Opopsitta diophthalma</i>
Swift Parrot	<i>Lathamus discolor</i>
Palm Cockatoo	<i>Probosciger aterrimus</i>
White-tailed Black Cockatoo (Short-billed)	<i>Calyptorhynchus baudinii latirostris</i>
Yellow-tailed Black Cockatoo	<i>Calyptorhynchus funereus</i>
Glossy Black Cockatoo	<i>Calyptorhynchus lathami</i>
Red-tailed Black Cockatoo	<i>Calyptorhynchus banksii</i>
Gang-gang Cockatoo	<i>Callocephalon fimbriatum</i>
Major Mitchell	<i>Cacatua leadbeateri</i>
Long-billed Corella	<i>Cacatua tenuirostris</i>
Green Rosella	<i>Platycercus caledonicus</i>
Northern Rosella	<i>Platycercus venustus</i>
Naretha Blue Bonnet	<i>Psephotus haematogaster narethae</i>
Golden-winged Parrot	<i>Psephotus chrysopterygius</i>
Hooded Parrot	<i>Psephotus chrysopterygius dissimilis</i>
Paradise Parrot	<i>Psephotus pulcherrimus</i>
Blue-winged Parrot	<i>Neophema chrysostoma</i>
Orange-bellied Parrot	<i>Neophema chrysogaster</i>
Ground Parrot	<i>Pezoporus wallicus</i>
Night Parrot	<i>Pezoporus occidentalis</i>

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2. *Finches*
 Beautiful Firetail *Emblema bella*
 Red-eared Firetail *Emblema oculatum*
 Black-throated Finch *Poephila cincta cincta*
 Yellow-rumped Finch *Lonchura flaviprymna*
3. *Quail, etc.*
 Black-breasted Quail *Coturnix melanogaster*
4. *Pigeons and Doves*
 Red-crowned Pigeon *Ptilinopus regina*
 Green-winged Pigeon *Chalcophaps indica*
 Wompoo Pigeon *Megaloprepia magnifica*
 Squatter Pigeon *Geophaps scripta*
 Partridge Pigeon *Geophaps smithii*
5. *Birds of Prey*
 Crested Hawk *Aviceda subcristata*
 White-breasted Sea Eagle *Haliaeetus leucogaster*
 Peregrine Falcon *Falco peregrinus*
 Grey Falcon *Falco hypoleucos*
 Red Goshawk *Erythrotriorchis radiatus*
6. *Owls, etc.*
 Grass Owl *Tyto longinembris*
 Marbled (Plumed) Frogmouth *Podargus plumiferus*
 Rufous Owl *Ninox rufa*
7. *Ducks, Geese and Swans*
 White (Mute) Swan *Cygnus olor*
 Freckled Duck *Stictonetta naevosa*
 Cape Barren Goose *Cereopsis novaehollandiae*
 Burdekin Duck *Tadorna radjah*
 White-quilled Pygmy Goose *Nettapus coromandelianus*
8. *Other Groups*
 Gould Petrel *Pterodroma leucoptera*
 Red-Tailed Tropic-bird *Phaethon rubricauda*
 Jabiru *Xenorhynchus asiaticus*
 Mallee Fowl *Leipoa ocellata*
 Scrub Fowl *Megapodius freycinet*
 Plain Wanderer *Pedionomus torquatus*
 Brolga *Grus rubicunda*
 Australian Bustard *Eupodotis australis*
 Pied Oystercatcher *Haematopus ostralegus*
 Hooded Dotterel *Charadrius cucullatus*
 Southern Stone Curlew *Burhinus magnirostris*
 Little Tern *Sterna albifrons*
 Lesser Noddy *Anous tenuirostris*
 Mangrove Kingfisher *Halcyon chloris*
 Rufous Scrub-bird *Atrichornis rufescens*
 Noisy Scrub-bird *Atrichornis clamosus*
 Albert Lyrebird *Menura alberti*
 Spotted Quail-Thrush *Circlosoma punctatum*
 Grey-crowned Babbler *Pomatostomus temporalis*
 Thick-billed Grass-Wren *Amytornis modestus*
 Striated Grass-Wren *Amytornis striatus*
 Grey Grass-Wren *Amytornis barbatus*
 Eyrean Grass-Wren *Amytornis goyderi*
 Purple-crowned Wren *Malurus coronatus*
 Western (Brown) Bristle-bird *Dasyornis brachypterus longirostris*
 Rufous Bristle-bird *Dasyornis broadbenti*
 Cicada-bird *Edoliisoma temurostris*
 Western Whip-bird *Psophodes nigrogularis*

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Helmeted Honeyeater	<i>Meliphaga cassidix</i>
Black-eared Miner	<i>Manorina melanotis</i>
Lemon-breasted Flycatcher	<i>Microeca flavigaster</i>
White-browed (Buff-sided) Robin	<i>Poecilodryas superciliosa</i>
Rufous Fantail	<i>Rhipidura rufifrons</i>
Red-lored Whistler	<i>Pachycephala rufogularis</i>
Shrike-tit	<i>Falcinuculus frontatus</i>
Forty-spotted Pardalote	<i>Pardalotus quadragintus</i>
Grey (Black-winged) Currawong	<i>Strepera versicolor melanoptera</i>
Paradise Rifle-bird	<i>Ptiloris paradiseus</i>

PART E

Species of exotic birds that may be imported under a licence issued in accordance with paragraph (f) of subsection (2) of Section 17 of this Act and Regulation 55 of these regulations:

African Fire-finch	<i>Estrilda senegala</i>
Aurora Finch	<i>Pytilia phoenicoptera</i>
Bleeding Heart Pigeon	<i>Gallicolumba luzonica</i>
Copper Pheasant	<i>Syrnaticus soemmerringii</i>
Cordon Bleu and Bluebreasted Waxbill	<i>Uraeginthus angolensis</i>
Cuban Finch	<i>Tiaris canora</i>
Domestic Canary	<i>Serinus canarius</i>
Elliot's Pheasant	<i>Syrnaticus ellioti</i>
Fire-backed Pheasant	<i>Lophura diardi</i>
Golden Pheasant	<i>Chrysolophus pictus</i>
Golden-breasted Waxbill	<i>Estrilda subflava</i>
Impeyan Pheasant	<i>Lophophorus impeyanus</i>
Jacarini Finch	<i>Volatinia jacarina</i>
Lady Amherst's Pheasant	<i>Chrysolophus amherstiae</i>
Lavender Finch	<i>Estrilda caerulescens</i>
Melba Finch	<i>Pytilia melba</i>
Olive Finch	<i>Tiaris olivacea</i>
Red-crested Cardinal	<i>Paroaria cucullata</i>
Red-faced Parrot-finch	<i>Erythrura psittacea</i>
Reeve's Pheasant	<i>Syrnaticus reevesii</i>
Swinhoe Pheasant	<i>Hierophasis swinhoei</i>