



Western Australia

Magistrates Court Act 2004

Magistrates Court Regulations 2005

As at 17 Aug 2012

Version 01-a0-03

Extract from www.slp.wa.gov.au, see that website for further information

Western Australia

Magistrates Court Regulations 2005

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Western Australia

Reprinted under the
Reprints Act 1984 as
at 17 August 2012

Magistrates Court Act 2004

Magistrates Court Regulations 2005

Part 1 — Preliminary

1. Citation

These regulations are the *Magistrates Court Regulations 2005*¹.

2. Commencement

These regulations come into operation on the day on which the *Magistrates Court Act 2004* comes into operation¹.

3. Terms used

In these regulations, unless the contrary intention appears —
country court means the Magistrates Court sitting at a place outside the Perth metropolitan region;

metropolitan court means the Magistrates Court sitting at a place in the Perth metropolitan region;

Perth metropolitan region has the meaning given to the term ***metropolitan region*** by the *Metropolitan Region Town Planning Scheme Act 1959*².

Part 2 — Metropolitan courts

4. JP not to constitute court unless requested to do so

- (1) A JP must not constitute a metropolitan court, either alone or with another JP, unless he or she has been requested to do so by —
 - (a) a registrar; or
 - (b) a deputy registrar who has been directed by a magistrate or a registrar to make the request.
- (2) A registrar must not request a JP to constitute a metropolitan court, and a registrar must not direct a deputy registrar to make such a request, unless —
 - (a) a magistrate has requested that the court be constituted by JPs; or
 - (b) it is not practicable for a magistrate to constitute the court at the time when and the place where the court has to sit.

5. When 2 JPs may constitute the court in civil cases

- (1) A metropolitan court constituted by 2 JPs alone may deal with an application made under the *Restraining Orders Act 1997* for a violence restraining order at a hearing in the absence of the respondent fixed under section 26(2) of that Act.
- (2) A metropolitan court constituted by 2 JPs alone may adjourn the following for hearing by the Magistrates Court constituted by a magistrate —
 - (a) an application made under the *Prohibited Behaviour Orders Act 2010* section 5 for a PBO;
 - (b) an application made under the *Prohibited Behaviour Orders Act 2010* section 21 to vary or cancel a PBO.

- (3) A metropolitan court constituted by 2 JPs alone must not deal with PBO proceedings under the *Prohibited Behaviour Orders Act 2010* except as permitted by subregulation (2).

[Regulation 5 amended in Gazette 24 Jun 2011 p. 2507-8.]

6. When 2 JPs may constitute the court in criminal cases

A metropolitan court constituted by 2 JPs alone may do any of the following —

- (a) perform the court's functions under the *Bail Act 1982* sections 5(2) and 7(1) in relation to bail for an accused for an appearance in the Magistrates Court, other than an initial appearance, and under the *Restraining Orders Act 1997* section 63(1);
- (b) deal with an application made under the *Criminal Procedure Act 2004* for an adjournment and perform the court's functions under section 75 of that Act;
- (c) adjourn a charge of a simple offence that, under the *Criminal Procedure Act 2004* section 50(3), 52(1) or 53(1), has to be adjourned to a new court date;
- (d) deal with a charge of a simple offence under the *Road Traffic Act 1974* if —
 - (i) under the *Criminal Procedure Act 2004*, the accused has been served with a summons or a court hearing notice in relation to the offence; and
 - (ii) the accused is present in court; and
 - (iii) both the accused and the prosecutor consent to the prosecution being dealt with by the court constituted by 2 JPs alone; and
 - (iv) the accused pleads guilty;

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- (e) deal with a charge of a simple offence under the *Road Traffic Act 1974* if —
 - (i) under the *Criminal Procedure Act 2004*, the accused has been served with a summons or a court hearing notice in relation to the charge; and
 - (ii) the accused is not present in court,
and either —
 - (iii) the court has received a written plea of guilty to the charge from the accused under the *Criminal Procedure Act 2004*; or
 - (iv) the court has not received a written plea from the accused under the *Criminal Procedure Act 2004*.

7. When one JP may constitute the court in criminal cases

- (1) One JP must not constitute a metropolitan court unless advised by a registrar or a deputy registrar that it is impracticable in the circumstances to also request a second JP to constitute the court.
- (2) A metropolitan court constituted by one JP alone may do any of the following —
 - (a) perform the court's functions under the *Bail Act 1982* sections 5(2) and 7(1) in relation to bail for an accused for an appearance in the Magistrates Court, other than an initial appearance, and under the *Restraining Orders Act 1997* section 63(1);
 - (b) deal with an application made under the *Criminal Procedure Act 2004* for an adjournment and perform the court's functions under section 75 of that Act;
 - (c) adjourn a charge of a simple offence that, under the *Criminal Procedure Act 2004* section 50(3), 52(1) or 53(1), has to be adjourned to a new court date.

Part 3 — Country courts

8. JP not to constitute court unless requested to do so

- (1) A JP must not constitute a country court, either alone or with another JP, unless he or she has been requested to do so by —
 - (a) a registrar; or
 - (b) a deputy registrar who has been directed by a magistrate or a registrar to make the request.
- (2) A registrar must not request a JP to constitute a country court, and a registrar must not direct a deputy registrar to make such a request, unless —
 - (a) a magistrate has requested that the court be constituted by JPs; or
 - (b) a magistrate is not listed to constitute the court at the time when and the place where the court is due to sit; or
 - (c) the magistrate who is listed to constitute the court is unable to attend at the time when and the place where the court is due to sit.

9. When 2 JPs may constitute the court in civil cases

- (1) A country court may be constituted by 2 JPs alone for the purposes of dealing with an application made under the *Restraining Orders Act 1997* for a violence restraining order at a hearing in the absence of the respondent fixed under section 26(2) of that Act.
- (2) A country court constituted by 2 JPs alone may adjourn the following for hearing by the Magistrates Court constituted by a magistrate —
 - (a) an application made under the *Prohibited Behaviour Orders Act 2010* section 5 for a PBO;
 - (b) an application made under the *Prohibited Behaviour Orders Act 2010* section 21 to vary or cancel a PBO.

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- (3) A country court constituted by 2 JPs alone must not deal with PBO proceedings under the *Prohibited Behaviour Orders Act 2010* except as permitted by subregulation (2).

[Regulation 9 amended in Gazette 24 Jun 2011 p. 2508.]

10. When 2 JPs may constitute the court in criminal cases

- (1) A country court constituted by 2 JPs alone may do any of the following —
- (a) perform the court's functions under the *Bail Act 1982* sections 5(2) and 7(1) in relation to bail for an accused for an appearance in the Magistrates Court, other than an initial appearance, and under the *Restraining Orders Act 1997* section 63(1);
 - (b) exercise the court's jurisdiction under the *Bail Act 1982* section 59B;
 - (c) deal with an application made under the *Criminal Procedure Act 2004* for an adjournment and perform the court's functions under section 75 of that Act;
 - (d) adjourn a charge of a simple offence that, under the *Criminal Procedure Act 2004* section 50(3), 52(1) or 53(1), has to be adjourned to a new court date;
 - (e) deal with a charge of an offence if —
 - (i) the accused is present in court; and
 - (ii) both the accused and the prosecutor consent to the prosecution being dealt with by the court constituted by 2 JPs alone; and
 - (iii) the accused pleads guilty;
 - (f) deal with a charge of an offence if the accused is not present in court and either —
 - (i) the court has received a written plea of guilty to the charge from the accused under the *Criminal Procedure Act 2004*; or
 - (ii) the court has not received a written plea from the accused under the *Criminal Procedure Act 2004*.

- (2) A country court constituted by 2 JPs alone must not, when dealing with a charge of an indictable offence —
- (a) deal with proceedings, or make an order, under *The Criminal Code* section 5 in respect of the charge; or
 - (b) deal with proceedings, or make an order, under the *Criminal Procedure Act 2004* section 138 in respect of the charge; or
 - (c) determine (as that term is defined in the *Criminal Procedure Act 2004*) the charge; or
 - (d) under the *Criminal Procedure Act 2004*, dismiss the charge for want of prosecution.

[Regulation 10 amended in Gazette 27 Feb 2009 p. 519.]

11. When one JP may constitute the court in criminal cases

- (1) One JP must not constitute a country court unless advised by a registrar or a deputy registrar that it is impracticable in the circumstances to also request a second JP to constitute the court.
- (2) A country court constituted by one JP may do any of the following —
- (a) perform the court's functions under the *Bail Act 1982* sections 5(2) and 7(1) in relation to bail for an accused for an appearance in the Magistrates Court, other than an initial appearance, and under the *Restraining Orders Act 1997* section 63(1);
 - (b) exercise the court's jurisdiction under the *Bail Act 1982* section 59B;
 - (c) deal with an application made under the *Criminal Procedure Act 2004* for an adjournment and perform the court's functions under section 75 of that Act;
 - (d) adjourn a charge of a simple offence that, under the *Criminal Procedure Act 2004* section 50(3), 52(1) or 53(1), has to be adjourned to a new court date.

[Regulation 11 amended in Gazette 27 Feb 2009 p. 519.]

Part 4 — Miscellaneous

[Heading inserted in Gazette 22 Aug 2008 p. 3668.]

12. Persons prescribed (Act s. 33(7)(i))

For the purposes of section 33(7)(i) the following persons are prescribed —

- (a) the CEO as defined in the *Working with Children (Criminal Record Checking) Act 2004* section 4;
- (b) an officer of the Department assisting the CEO in carrying out a criminal record check as those terms are defined in the *Working with Children (Criminal Record Checking) Act 2004* section 4;
- (c) the chief executive officer of the department of the Public Service principally assisting the Minister in the administration of the Act.

[Regulation 12 inserted in Gazette 22 Aug 2008 p. 3668-9; amended in Gazette 27 Apr 2012 p. 1767.]



Notes

¹ This reprint is a compilation as at 17 August 2012 of the *Magistrates Court Regulations 2005* and includes the amendments made by the other written laws referred to in the following table. The table also contains information about any reprint.

Compilation table

Citation	Gazettal	Commencement
<i>Magistrates Court Regulations 2005</i>	28 Apr 2005 p. 1561-71	1 May 2005 (see r. 2 and <i>Gazette</i> 31 Dec 2004 p. 7127)
<i>Magistrates Courts Amendment Regulations 2008</i>	22 Aug 2008 p. 3668-9	r. 1 and 2: 22 Aug 2008 (see r. 2(a)); Regulations other than r. 1 and 2: 23 Aug 2008 (see r. 2(b))
<i>Magistrates Court Amendment Regulations 2009</i>	27 Feb 2009 p. 518-19	r. 1 and 2: 27 Feb 2009 (see r. 2(a)); Regulations other than r. 1 and 2: 1 Mar 2009 (see r. 2(b) and <i>Gazette</i> 27 Feb 2009 p. 511)
<i>Magistrates Court Amendment Regulations 2011</i>	24 Jun 2011 p. 2507-8	r. 1 and 2: 24 Jun 2011 (see r. 2(a)); Regulations other than r. 1 and 2: 25 Jun 2011 (see r. 2(b))
<i>Magistrates Court Amendment Regulations 2012</i>	27 Apr 2012 p. 1766-7	r. 1 and 2: 27 Apr 2012 (see r. 2(a)); Regulations other than r. 1 and 2: 28 Apr 2012 (see r. 2(b))
Reprint 1: The <i>Magistrates Court Regulations 2005</i> as at 17 Aug 2012 (includes amendments listed above)		

² Repealed by the *Planning and Development (Consequential and Transitional Provisions) Act 2005* s. 4.

Defined Terms

Defined Terms

[This is a list of terms defined and the provisions where they are defined.

The list is not part of the law.]

Defined Term	Provision(s)
country court	3
metropolitan court	3
Perth metropolitan region.....	3