

Western Australia

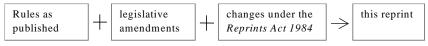
Magistrates Court Act 2004

# Magistrates Court (General) Rules 2005

**Reprint 3:** The rules as at 13 June 2014

#### Guide for using this reprint

#### What the reprint includes



# Endnotes, Compilation table, and Table of provisions that have not come into operation

- 1. Details about the original rules and legislation that has amended its text are shown in the Compilation table in endnote 1, at the back of the reprint. The table also shows any previous reprint.
- 2. Transitional, savings, or other provisions identified in the Compilation table may be important. The table may refer to another endnote setting out the text of these provisions in full.
- 3. A table of provisions that have not come into operation, to be found in endnote 1a if it is needed, lists any provisions of the rules being reprinted that have not come into operation and any amendments that have not come into operation. The full text is set out in another endnote that is referred to in the table.

#### Notes amongst text (italicised and within square brackets)

1. If the reprint includes a rule that was inserted, or has been amended, since the rules being reprinted were made, editorial notes at the foot of the rule give some history of how the rule came to be as it is. If the rule replaced an earlier rule, no history of the earlier rule is given (the full history of the rules is in the Compilation table).

Notes of this kind may also be at the foot of Schedulfies or headings.

- 2. The other kind of editorial note shows something has been ----
  - removed (because it was repealed or deleted from the law); or
  - omitted under the *Reprints Act 1984* s. 7(4) (because, although still technically part of the text, it no longer has any effect).

The text of anything removed or omitted can be found in an earlier reprint (if there is one) or one of the written laws identified in the Compilation table.

#### Reprint numbering and date

- The reprint number (in the footer of each page of the document) shows how many times the rules have been reprinted. For example, numbering a reprint as "Reprint 3" would mean that the reprint was the 3<sup>rd</sup> reprint since the rules were published. Reprint numbering was implemented as from 1 January 2003.
- 2. The information in the reprint is current on the date shown as the date as at which the rules are reprinted. That date is not the date when the reprint was published by the State Law Publisher and it is probably not the date when the most recent amendment had effect.

Reprinted under the *Reprints Act 1984* as at 13 June 2014

Western Australia

# **Magistrates Court (General) Rules 2005**

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## **Defined terms**

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Magistrates Court Act 2004

# **Magistrates Court (General) Rules 2005**

## Part 1 — Preliminary

## 1. Citation

These rules are the *Magistrates Court (General) Rules 2005*<sup>1</sup>.

### 2. Commencement

These rules come into operation on the day on which the *Magistrates Court Act 2004* comes into operation <sup>1</sup>.

## 3. Terms used

In these rules, unless the contrary intention appears —

Act means the Magistrates Court Act 2004;

approved form means a form approved by the Chief Magistrate;

CPA means the Criminal Procedure Act 2004;

*Form*, if followed by a number, means the form of that number in Schedule 2;

*lodge* a document, means to lodge it with the Court together with any fee required to be paid under the *Magistrates Court* (*Fees*) *Regulations 2005*;

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*non-police registry* means a registry where there is at least one registrar who is not a deputy registrar appointed under the Act section 26(5);

*police registry* means a registry where the only registrar is a deputy registrar appointed under the Act section 26(5);

*registry* means a registry of the Court.

[Rule 3 amended in Gazette 23 Nov 2007 p. 5862.]

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## Part 2 — Administrative matters

## **Division 1**—**Court seals**

#### 4. Form and number of court seals

- (1) The Court's seal is to be in a form or forms approved by the Chief Magistrate.
- (2) The Principal Registrar must ensure that each registry has at least one such seal.

#### 5. Custody of court seals

The registrar in charge of a registry must ensure that the Court's seals are kept in safe custody and are used in accordance with these rules and any other applicable written law.

#### 6. Use of court seals

A person must not apply the Court's seal to a document unless he or she is —

- (a) a registrar; or
- (b) a person authorised to do so by a registrar.

#### 7. Court seal applied electronically, effect of

If the Court issues a document in an electronic form that bears a facsimile of the Court's seal, the sealed document as it appears electronically, or as it appears when printed on paper, is to be taken to have the same effect as if the Court's seal had been lawfully applied to it by hand by an officer of the Court, unless there is evidence that the document was not issued by the Court.

## **Division 2**—**Registry matters**

# 8. Registry at which applications commencing a case must be lodged

Except as provided in —

(a) Parts 6 to 9; and

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- (b) the *Magistrates Court (Civil Proceedings) Rules 2005* rule 96; and
- (c) the *Magistrates Court (Minor Cases Procedure) Rules 2005* rule 46,

an application that is to commence a case may be lodged at any registry.

[Rule 8 inserted in Gazette 24 Aug 2007 p. 4322.]

# 8A. Registry at which documents must be lodged if a case has commenced

- (1) Except as provided in subrule (2), a document that is to be lodged in respect of a case that has been commenced must be lodged at the registry at which the case is being conducted.
- (2) An application made by a prosecutor without notice to the accused for an order under the CPA section 138 is to be lodged at the registry of the Court sitting at Perth.

[Rule 8A inserted in Gazette 24 Aug 2007 p. 4323; amended in Gazette 23 Nov 2007 p. 5862.]

#### 9. Some documents may be rejected for lodgment

A registrar may refuse to accept for lodging any form that does not contain the information required by the form and any document that does not comply with rules of court made by the Court or with any other written law.

# 10. Leave to lodge a refused document, application for (Act s. 17)

An application under the Act section 17 to a magistrate for leave to lodge a document that a registrar has refused to accept must be made by lodging a Form 1A.

[Rule 10 amended in Gazette 23 Nov 2007 p. 5862.]

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## Division 3 — Lodging and serving documents electronically

### 11. Lodging documents by fax

- (1) Subject to this rule, a document may be lodged by fax.
- (2) A person wanting to lodge a document at a registry by fax must use the published fax number for that registry.
- (3) A document that, with any attachments and a cover page, is more than 20 pages long, must not be lodged by fax.
- (4) A document that is sent by fax to a registry must have a cover page stating
  - (a) the sender's name, postal address, document exchange number (if any), telephone number and fax number; and
  - (b) the number of pages (including the cover page) being sent by fax.
- (5) A person that lodges a document by fax must
  - (a) endorse the first page of the original document with
    - (i) a statement that the document is the original of a document sent by fax; and
    - (ii) the date and time the document was sent by fax; and
  - (b) keep the endorsed original document and the fax machine's report evidencing the successful transmission of the document; and
  - (c) if directed to do so by the Court, produce the items in paragraph (b) to the Court.
- (6) A document lodged by fax at a registry is to be taken to have been lodged
  - (a) if the whole document is received before 4.30 p.m. on a day when the registry is open for business, on that day;
  - (b) otherwise, on the next day when the registry is open for business.

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- (7) If a document is sent by fax to a registry but not in accordance with this rule
  - (a) the document is to be taken not to have been lodged at the registry; and
  - (b) a registrar must notify the person who sent it of the fact.

## 12. Lodging documents through Court's website

- (1) Subject to the requirements of the Court's website and this rule, a person may lodge a document electronically by lodging an electronic version of it by means of the Court's website.
- (2) If a document is or must be signed by a person who is not, or who is not acting on behalf of, the person lodging it, the document cannot be lodged electronically unless it is an affidavit.
- (3) If the rules of court require a document, before it is lodged, to be signed by or on behalf of the person lodging it and the document is being lodged electronically
  - (a) the document need not be signed by that person; and
  - (b) the person lodging the document electronically must ensure that the electronic version of the document, instead of showing a signature at any place where a signature is required, states the name of the person whose signature is required at the place.
- (4) A person who lodges an affidavit electronically must either lodge an electronic version of it that includes the signatures on it or
  - (a) lodge an electronic version of it that does not include the signatures on it; and
  - (b) ensure that the electronic version, instead of showing a signature at any place where a signature appears in the paper version, states the name of the person whose signature it is; and

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- (c) also lodge an undertaking that the person
  - (i) has possession of the paper version signed according to law; and
  - (ii) will retain the paper version subject to any order of the Court.
- (5) A document lodged electronically at a registry is to be taken to have been lodged
  - (a) if the whole document is received before 4.30 p.m. on a day when the registry is open for business, on that day;
  - (b) otherwise, on the next day when the registry is open for business.
- (6) If a document is sent electronically to a registry but not in accordance with the requirements of the Court's website and this rule
  - (a) the document is to be taken not to have been lodged at the registry; and
  - (b) a registrar must notify the person who sent it of the fact.
- (7) A person who lodges a document electronically must have the paper version of the document with him or her at any conference or hearing in the case concerned.
- (8) The Court may at any time, on the application of a party or on its own initiative, order a person who has lodged a document electronically to lodge the paper version of the document.

#### **13.** Electronic addresses for service

- (1) For the purposes of enabling the service by fax of documents that rules of court require to be served, a person may, in addition to providing an address for service in accordance with rules of court, provide a fax number operating at that address.
- (2) For the purposes of enabling the service by email of documents that rules of court require to be served, a person who is not registered by the Court's website as a person authorised to lodge documents electronically may, in addition to providing an

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address for service in accordance with rules of court, provide an email address operating at that address.

- (3) If a lawyer practises in a business with one or more other lawyers or people
  - (a) any fax number provided under subrule (1) must be the fax number of the business and not that of the lawyer personally; and
  - (b) any email address provided under subrule (2) must be the email address of the business and not that of the lawyer personally.
- (4) If a party to any proceedings who is self-represented
  - (a) resides in Australia; and
  - (b) is registered by the Court's website as a person authorised to lodge documents electronically; and
  - (c) under rules of court is required to provide an address for service,

the party, in addition to providing an address for service in accordance with the rules, may provide one email address being the email address of the party recorded on the Court's website.

- (5) If a lawyer acting for a party, or the business in which the lawyer works
  - (a) has a business address in Australia; and
  - (b) is registered by the Court's website as a person authorised to lodge documents electronically; and
  - (c) under rules of court is required to provide an address for service,

the lawyer or business, in addition to providing an address for service in accordance with rules, may provide one email address being the email address of the lawyer or business recorded on the Court's website.

(6) A person who under this rule provides an email address or a fax number is to be taken to consent to being served with

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documents by fax at that fax number, or as an attachment to an email sent to that email address, as the case may be.

- (7) If a party's fax number or email address provided under this rule changes, the party must lodge and serve a notice of change of address as soon as practicable after the change occurs.
- (8) The notice of change must be in the approved form. [*Rule 13 amended in Gazette 8 Jul 2005 p. 3160.*]

#### 14. Service electronically

- (1) If rules of court require a person to serve a document, then, unless the contrary intention appears, the person may serve the document
  - (a) if the party has provided a fax number under rule 13(1), by sending the document by fax to that number; or
  - (b) if the party has provided an email address under rule 13, by sending the document as an attachment to an email sent to that address.
- (2) A document cannot be served by email under subrule (1) if under rule 12(2) it cannot be lodged electronically.
- (3) Rule 11(4) and (5), with any necessary changes, apply to a document being served by fax in the same way as they apply to a document being lodged by fax.
- (4) Rule 12(3) and (4)(a) and (b), with any necessary changes, apply to a document being served by email in the same way as they apply to a document being lodged electronically.
- (5) A document that is served by email or fax on a person is to be taken to have been served
  - (a) if the whole document is sent before 4.30 p.m. on a working day, on that day;
  - (b) otherwise, on the next working day.
- (6) Subrule (1), with any necessary changes, applies to the service by the Court of any document on a party.

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(7) This rule does not prevent a person from consenting to being served in a manner other than in accordance with the rules of court.

## **Division 4** — **Recording proceedings**

#### 15. Terms used

In this Division, unless the contrary intention appears —

*proceedings* means any proceedings in the civil or criminal jurisdiction of the Court;

record means any thing or process —

- (a) upon or by which information is recorded or stored; or
- (b) by means of which a meaning can be conveyed by any means in a visible or recoverable form,

whether or not the use or assistance of some electronic, electrical, mechanical, chemical or other device or process is required to recover or convey the information or meaning;

registrar does not include a deputy registrar.

#### **16.** Application of these rules

These rules apply to and in relation to all proceedings that are —

- (a) pending when these rules commence; or
- (b) commenced on or after these rules commence.

### **17.** Transcripts may be in electronic form

These rules do not prevent a transcript of proceedings being in an electronic form.

#### 18. Proceedings that are to be recorded and transcribed

- (1) A registrar may direct that the whole or a part of any proceedings or class of proceedings be recorded.
- (2) A registrar may direct how proceedings are to be recorded.

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(3) A registrar may direct that the whole or a part of any record or class of record be transcribed into written English.

#### **19.** Recorders and transcribers, duties of

- (1) In this rule a reference to recording proceedings or to transcribing records of proceedings includes a reference to copying a record or transcript of proceedings.
- (2) A person who records proceedings or who transcribes records of proceedings or who checks the accuracy of transcripts of proceedings is, while doing so, an officer of the Court and must obey any directions of a magistrate or a registrar in respect of those activities.
- (3) A person who records proceedings must
  - (a) before the proceedings commence, check that the recording equipment is working properly; and
  - (b) during the proceedings, monitor the recording equipment and ensure that an accurate record is made; and
  - (c) identify the record.
- (4) A person who transcribes a record of proceedings must
  - (a) enter in a register the identification of the record; and
  - (b) accurately transcribe the record into written English; and
  - (c) include on each page of the transcript information to identify the proceedings and the speakers and any other matter directed by a registrar.
- (5) A person who checks a transcript, or who copies a record or transcript, of proceedings must
  - (a) ensure that the transcript is an accurate transcription of the record, or that the copy is an accurate copy, as the case requires; and
  - (b) having done so, certify that it is accurate.

(6) A person who records, copies, transcribes or checks the accuracy of transcripts of proceedings must at all times ensure the safe custody of the record of the proceedings.

#### 20. Accuracy of transcript, requesting check of

- (1) Whether or not a transcript or a copy has been certified under these rules to be accurate, a person may apply to a registrar to have the accuracy of a specific part of the transcript checked.
- (2) On such an application a registrar must cause the transcript to be checked for accuracy, corrected if necessary and certified to be accurate.

#### 21. Certificate of accuracy, form of

A certificate given under this Part as to the accuracy of a transcript of a record of proceedings must comply with the *Evidence Act 1906* section 50A(2).

#### 22. Recordings and transcripts, custody of

A registrar must ensure that the recording and any transcript of the recording of proceedings —

- (a) are sufficiently registered and marked for identification; and
- (b) are kept in safe custody; and
- (c) unless the Court orders to the contrary, are not destroyed until at least 2 years after the conclusion of the proceedings, or the last date for commencing any appeal in relation to the proceedings, whichever is the later.

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## Part 3 — Delegated jurisdiction

## **Division 1 — General**

### 23. Oaths, who may administer

Any Court officer assisting the Court, when it is constituted by a magistrate or by one or more JPs, may administer an oath or affirmation to any person who the Court requires to be sworn.

## **Division 2**— Registrar's jurisdiction

## 24. Civil jurisdiction of registrars

- In a civil case, a registrar has the jurisdiction conferred on a registrar by the *Magistrates Court (Civil Proceedings) Rules 2005* in addition to the jurisdiction conferred by others of these rules.
- (2) When a registrar exercises the conferred jurisdiction, the registrar can exercise any power of the Court that could be exercised if a magistrate were exercising that jurisdiction.

[Rule 24 amended in Gazette 24 Aug 2007 p. 4323.]

## 25. Criminal jurisdiction of registrars

(1) In this rule —

registrar does not include a deputy registrar.

- (2) In a criminal case, the jurisdiction conferred by this rule is in addition to the jurisdiction conferred by others of these rules.
- (3) A registrar has jurisdiction to deal with an application made under the CPA for an adjournment and to perform the court's functions under the CPA section 75.
- (4) A registrar has jurisdiction to grant or adjourn, but not to refuse, an application made under the CPA section 71 if
  - (a) it is made in the circumstances described in the CPA section 72(1) or (2); and

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- (b) it is not made by an accused who is in custody and who seeks to be released on bail until the hearing at which the charge is to be dealt with again.
- (5) If an application made under the CPA section 71(1) or (2) includes an application made under the CPA section 71(3), a registrar may only grant the application made under the CPA section 71(3) if the registrar grants the application made under the CPA section 71(1) or (2).

## Division 3 — Appeals against decisions by a registrar

#### 26. Commencing an appeal (Act s. 29)

- (1) If under the Act section 29(1) a person who is dissatisfied with a decision made by a registrar wants to appeal to a magistrate, the person must lodge 2 copies, and one copy for each other party, of these documents
  - (a) a Form 1B; and
  - (b) a copy of the registrar's decision; and
  - (c) any other documents necessary to decide the appeal.
- (2) The appellant must serve one copy of the lodged documents on each other party within 14 days after the date on which the documents are lodged.
- (3) A magistrate may, by order, extend the period in subrule (2), and may do so even if the period has elapsed.
- (4) An application for an order under subrule (3)
  - (a) is not required to be served on any other party; and
  - (b) may be dealt with in the absence of the parties.

[Rule 26 amended in Gazette 23 Nov 2007 p. 5862; 26 Jul 2013 p. 3346.]

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#### 27A. Order for substituted service or dispensing with service

- (1) If the appellant cannot serve on another party the documents lodged under rule 26(1), a magistrate may, on application made by the appellant
  - (a) order that the appellant may take whatever steps are set out in the order to bring the matter to the attention of the other party; or
  - (b) if it is appropriate in the circumstances, order that the requirement for service be dispensed with altogether.
- (2) An application for an order under subrule (1)
  - (a) is not required to be served on any other party; and
  - (b) may be dealt with in the absence of the parties.
- (3) If a magistrate makes an order under subrule (1)(a)
  - (a) the magistrate may order that the documents are to be taken to have been served on the happening of any event specified in the order, or on the expiry of any period specified in the order; and
  - (b) when the steps set out in the order have been taken, the appellant must lodge an affidavit of service completed by the person who has taken those steps and stating
    - (i) what steps were taken; and
    - (ii) when those steps were taken; and
    - (iii) who took those steps.
- (4) If a magistrate makes an order under subrule (1), the magistrate may make whatever directions are necessary or desirable with respect to the listing of the appeal for hearing and the notification of the parties.

[Rule 27A inserted in Gazette 26 Jul 2013 p. 3346-7.]

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#### 27. Appeal does not stay the case

The commencement of an appeal under the Act section 29(1) does not stay the case concerned unless a magistrate orders otherwise.

#### 28. Listing the appeal for hearing

- (1) When the documents lodged under rule 26(1) are served, a registrar must list the appeal for hearing and notify the parties.
- (2) The appeal must be listed at least 21 days after the date on which the documents lodged under rule 26(1) are served.
- (3) Subrules (1) and (2) are subject to any directions made under rule 27A(4).

[Rule 28 amended in Gazette 26 Jul 2013 p. 3347.]

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## Part 3A — General matters

[Heading inserted in Gazette 24 Aug 2007 p. 4323.]

#### 28A. Magistrates, addressing etc.

In court and in relation to court proceedings, a magistrate is entitled —

- (a) to be addressed as "Your Honour"; and
- (b) to be referred to as "His Honour" or "Her Honour".

[Rule 28A inserted in Gazette 24 Aug 2007 p. 4323.]

#### 28B. Civil cases, dealing with in chambers

(1) In this rule —

*civil case* means proceedings in the Court involving or in connection with the Court's civil jurisdiction.

(2) The Court, on the application of a party or on its own initiative, may deal with a civil case, or an aspect of a civil case, in chambers.

[Rule 28B inserted in Gazette 17 May 2011 p. 1823.]

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## Part 4 — Contempt of court

#### 29. Terms used

In this Part —

*contempt* has the meaning given by the Act section 16; *defendant* means a person who is alleged to have committed a contempt.

#### **30.** Summonses and warrants (Act s. 16), form of

- (1) A warrant issued under the Act section 16(2)
  - (a) for a person who has committed a contempt of court under the Act section 15(2) must be in the form of Form 12 in the *Criminal Procedure Regulations 2005* Schedule 1;
  - (b) for any other person who has committed a contempt of court, must be in the form of Form 1 in the *Criminal Procedure Regulations 2005* Schedule 1.
- (2) A summons issued under the Act section 16(2) must be in the form of Form 4 in the *Criminal Procedure Regulations 2005* Schedule 1 adapted as necessary.

## 31. When contempt may be dealt with summarily

- (1) If an alleged contempt occurs
  - (a) while the Court, constituted by a magistrate or JP, is sitting; or
  - (b) in respect of a magistrate or JP who is about to, or who has just, constituted the Court,

and the magistrate or JP is satisfied that the alleged contempt should be dealt with immediately because it is an immediate threat to the authority of the Court or to the integrity of the proceedings, the officer may deal with it summarily.

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(2) If a magistrate or JP decides to deal with an alleged contempt summarily, he or she must if practicable, orally inform the defendant of the nature and particulars of the alleged contempt.

# **32.** Contempts not dealt with summarily may be referred to Attorney General

- (1) This rule and rule 33 apply if an alleged contempt is not dealt with summarily.
- (2) If the alleged contempt occurs while the Court, constituted by a magistrate or JP, is sitting, or occurs in respect of a magistrate or JP, he or she may refer it to the Attorney General.
- (3) If the alleged contempt occurs in the presence of or in respect of a registrar when performing functions delegated to the registrar under the Act section 28, the registrar may refer it to the Chief Magistrate who may refer it to the Attorney General.
- (4) If the alleged contempt occurs in any other circumstances, the Chief Magistrate may refer it to the Attorney General.
- (5) A referral of an alleged contempt to the Attorney General must set out the details of the act or omission that are considered to constitute the alleged contempt.

## **33.** Attorney General may prosecute alleged contempt

- (1) The Attorney General may commence and conduct proceedings in the Court against a person for a contempt of court allegedly committed by the person.
- (2) To commence proceedings for an alleged contempt, the Attorney General must lodge a written charge against the defendant that sets out the details of the act or omission that constitute the alleged contempt.
- (3) The charge must be served on the defendant together with written notice of a hearing date for it and written notice that at the hearing he or she is entitled to be represented by a lawyer and to call any person as a witness.

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## 34. Charge of contempt, hearing of

At the hearing of a charge of contempt lodged by the Attorney General —

- (a) the Court must be constituted by a magistrate; and
- (b) the Court must not be constituted so as to include any Court officer in whose presence or in respect of whom the alleged contempt was committed; and
- (c) a certificate by
  - (i) the magistrate or JP who was constituting the Court when, or in respect of whom, the alleged contempt was committed; or
  - (ii) the registrar in whose presence, or in respect of whom, the alleged contempt was committed; or
  - (iii) the Chief Magistrate,

setting out the details of the act or omission that constitute the alleged contempt is, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, evidence of its contents; and

(d) any transcript of the proceedings in which the alleged contempt was committed is admissible.

#### **35. Procedure for contempts generally**

The procedure for dealing with an alleged contempt, whether summarily or otherwise, is to be the same, so far as is practicable, as that followed in the Supreme Court when it is dealing with an alleged contempt except so far as this Part provides otherwise.

## **36.** Outcome of contempt proceedings to be recorded

(1) Whether an alleged contempt is dealt with summarily or otherwise, the person constituting the Court must record the Court's decision about the alleged contempt and any order made as a result.

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(2) A registrar must issue to the defendant a written notice advising the defendant of the Court's decision, any order made as a result, and any punishment imposed.

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## Part 5 — Court records

## Division 1 — Requests under Act s. 33(3) or (7)

[Heading inserted in Gazette 11 Mar 2014 p. 573.]

# **37.** Request to inspect or obtain a copy of a document (Act s. 33(3) or (7))

- (1) A request under the Act section 33(3) or (7) must be made by lodging a Form 1.
- (2) When the request is lodged, a registrar may
  - (a) grant it, if satisfied that the person making it is entitled under the Act section 33(3) or (7) to inspect or obtain a copy of the document requested; or
  - (b) refer it to a magistrate.
- (3) A magistrate to whom a request is referred may, in chambers
  - (a) without hearing the person making the request, grant it; or
  - (b) order a registrar to list the request for hearing by a magistrate.
- (4) A magistrate hearing the request may grant or refuse it.

[*Rule 37 inserted in Gazette 8 Apr 2008 p. 1335-6; amended in Gazette 7 Jan 2011 p. 51.*]

## Division 2 — Applications under Act s. 33(4) or (8)

[Heading inserted in Gazette 11 Mar 2014 p. 573.]

## **38.** Application for leave (Act s. 33(4))

- (1) An application for leave under the Act section 33(4) must be made by lodging a Form 2.
- (2) When the application is lodged, a registrar may grant it or refer it to a magistrate.

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- (3) A magistrate to whom an application is referred may, in chambers
  - (a) without hearing the applicant, grant the application; or
  - (b) order a registrar to list the application for hearing by a magistrate.
- (4) A magistrate hearing the application may grant or refuse it.

[Rule 38 inserted in Gazette 8 Apr 2008 p. 1336; amended in Gazette 7 Jan 2011 p. 52.]

## **39.** Application for access to information (Act s. 33(8))

- (1) An application under the Act section 33(8) must be made by lodging a Form 3A together with an affidavit supporting the application.
- (2) When the application is lodged, a registrar
  - (a) must refer it to a magistrate; and
  - (b) may attach to it a written report on the administrative implications of granting it.
- (3) A magistrate to whom an application is referred may, in chambers
  - (a) without hearing the applicant, grant the application; or
  - (b) order a registrar to list the application for hearing by a magistrate.
- (4) If under subrule (2)(b) a registrar has attached a report to an application, a magistrate must consider the report before determining the application.
- (5) A magistrate hearing the application may grant or refuse it.

[Rule 39 inserted in Gazette 8 Apr 2008 p. 1336; amended in Gazette 7 Jan 2011 p. 52.]

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## Division 3 — Transcripts and exhibits for media organisations under Act s. 33(9)(b)

[Heading inserted in Gazette 11 Mar 2014 p. 574.]

## 40A. Terms used

In this Division —

application means an application under rule 40B;

*exhibit* has the meaning given in rule 40B(b);

*media organisation* means an organisation that disseminates news or information to the public through the press or by means of radio, television or the internet;

*relevant record*, in relation to an application, means a transcript or exhibit the subject of the application;

*transcript* has the meaning given in rule 40B(a).

[Rule 40A inserted in Gazette 11 Mar 2014 p. 574.]

## 40B. Media organisation may apply for transcript or exhibit

For the purposes of section 33(9)(b) of the Act, a media organisation may apply to the Court for leave to inspect or obtain a copy of —

- (a) the record, or the certified transcript of the record, of any proceedings in the case (a *transcript*); or
- (b) any other document (including in an electronic form) tendered in evidence in the case (an *exhibit*).

[Rule 40B inserted in Gazette 11 Mar 2014 p. 574.]

## 40C. Making applications

- (1) An application must be made by lodging a Form 1.
- (2) The relevant media organisation need not give notice of the application to any party to the case unless an order is made under rule 40E(2)(a).

[Rule 40C inserted in Gazette 11 Mar 2014 p. 574.]

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#### 40D. Who may deal with applications

- (1) When the application is lodged, a registrar must refer it to a magistrate unless subrule (2) applies.
- (2) A registrar may, without hearing the relevant media organisation, grant an application if
  - (a) the relevant record was the subject of a previous application in the case; and
  - (b) the application was granted by a magistrate.
- (3) A magistrate to whom an application is referred under subrule (1) may, in chambers
  - (a) without hearing the relevant media organisation, grant the application; or
  - (b) order a registrar to list the application for hearing by a magistrate.

[Rule 40D inserted in Gazette 11 Mar 2014 p. 574-5.]

#### 40E. Dealing with applications

- (1) A magistrate or registrar dealing with an application may deal with the application even though no party to the case has been served with it.
- (2) A magistrate dealing with an application may
  - (a) order the relevant media organisation to serve any other person, specified in the order, with the application and a notice in an approved form entitling the person to be heard on the application; and
  - (b) deal with the application accordingly.
- (3) A magistrate dealing with an application may grant or refuse it.
- (4) A magistrate dealing with an application, if satisfied the relevant media organisation has sufficient cause to be granted leave, may grant the application subject to
  - (a) any order made under the CPA section 171; and

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- (b) any information contained in a pre-sentence report ordered under the *Sentencing Act 1995* section 20 indicating that it would be inappropriate to grant the application; and
- (c) any other order or written law that prohibits or restricts the publication or possession of the relevant record.

[Rule 40E inserted in Gazette 11 Mar 2014 p. 575.]

#### 40F. Court's power to publish unaffected

This Division does not prevent the Court from publishing, on its own initiative, all or any part of the proceedings in a case to any person, and in any manner, it thinks fit.

[Rule 40F inserted in Gazette 11 Mar 2014 p. 575.]

## Division 4 — Information generally under Act s. 33(9)(b)

[Heading inserted in Gazette 11 Mar 2014 p. 575.]

#### 40. Criminal cases, information about available on request

- (1) Except as provided in any order under the *Criminal Procedure Act 2004* section 171, in respect of criminal proceedings in the Court, any person is entitled, on request, to the following information relating to a case —
  - (a) the name of the accused;
  - (b) each charge against the accused;
  - (c) any conviction or order made in respect of the charge;
  - (d) any penalty imposed on the accused in relation to the charge.
- (2) A request may be made at a registry
  - (a) orally, in person or by telephone; or
  - (b) in writing, by mail, fax or email.

[Rule 40 inserted in Gazette 8 Apr 2008 p. 1337.]

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# 41A. Civil cases, certain people entitled on request to certain information about

(1) In this rule —

*approved recipient* means a person who is approved in writing by the Attorney General as a person entitled to receive searchable information;

*searchable information* means any of the following information in respect of civil proceedings in the Court —

- (a) the names and addresses of the parties;
- (b) the amount and nature of the claim;
- (c) the amount of any judgment entered;
- (d) whether the case has been dismissed or discontinued.
- (2) An approved recipient is entitled, on request, to obtain searchable information in relation to a case.
- (3) A request under subrule (2) must be made in writing, by mail, fax or email.
- (4) When the request is lodged, a registrar must, on each working day in the period of 12 months after the lodgment, provide the approved recipient with such searchable information that has not already been provided to the recipient in relation to each case before the Court.
- (5) If suitable facilities exist at the Court to enable the searchable information to be provided by email to an approved recipient, then the registrar must not provide the information except by email.

[Rule 41A inserted in Gazette 8 Apr 2008 p. 1337; amended in Gazette 31 Dec 2013 p. 6548.]

#### 41. Conditions on access to records may be imposed

(1) A registrar or magistrate granting a request referred to in rule 37 or 40 or an application referred to in rule 38, 39 or 40B may

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impose any conditions on the applicant's access to the record as is just.

- (2) Without limiting subrule (1), conditions may be imposed
  - (a) to prevent the record from being damaged, interfered with or lost;
  - (b) to prevent the improper use or publication of the record or any information in it.

[Rule 41 amended in Gazette 8 Apr 2008 p. 1338; 11 Mar 2014 p. 576.]

## Part 6 — Criminal Procedure Act 2004 rules

#### 42. Interpretation

In this Part, unless the contrary intention appears, a term defined in the CPA has the same meaning as it has in the CPA.

#### 43. Prescribed court officers

For the purposes of the CPA each registrar is prescribed to be a prescribed court officer.

#### 44. **Prosecutions, where they must be commenced**

- (1) A prosecution for an offence must be commenced in the registry nearest to the place where the offence was allegedly committed.
- (2) Despite subrule (1), if an offence is allegedly committed in a suburb listed in Schedule 1, a prosecution for the alleged offence must be commenced in the registry listed opposite that suburb in Schedule 1.
- (3) If it is not known where an alleged offence was committed, a prosecution for it must be commenced in the registry nearest to where the accused usually lives.
- (4) Despite subrule (3), if an accused usually lives in a suburb listed in Schedule 1, a prosecution for the alleged offence must be commenced in the registry listed opposite that suburb in Schedule 1.
- (5) A prosecution for an offence that is one of 2 or more offences the prosecutions of which are to be dealt with together may be commenced in the registry nearest to the place where any one of the prosecutions may be commenced in accordance with subrule (1), (2), (3) or (4).
- (6) Despite subrules (1) to (5), a prosecution for an alleged offence may be commenced in a registry that is not a registry where it is required by those subrules to be commenced if the registrar in

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charge of the registry is satisfied that there is good reason for the prosecution to be commenced in that registry.

(7) If a prosecution for an offence is not commenced in a registry in accordance with subrules (1) to (6), the Court sitting at the place where the prosecution is commenced may, under the CPA section 135, order that prosecution be conducted at a registry where it should have been commenced.

#### 45. Prosecution notice, manner of lodging (CPA s. 24)

- (1) A prosecution notice must be lodged by handing the original notice to the Court.
- (2) Subrule (1) applies even if the information in the prosecution notice is given to the Court by electronic means.

#### 46. Summons etc., amendment of (CPA s. 34)

A prescribed court officer must not, under the CPA section 34, amend the court date in a summons or a court hearing notice after the summons has been lodged with the Court.

# 46A. Disclosure requirements, applications relating to (CPA s. 138)

An application made by a prosecutor without notice to the accused for an order under the CPA section 138 must be heard by a magistrate sitting in chambers at the Court sitting at Perth.

[Rule 46A inserted in Gazette 24 Aug 2007 p. 4323; amended in Gazette 23 Nov 2007 p. 5862.]

## Part 7 — Fines, Penalties and Infringement Notices Enforcement Act 1994 rules

### 47. Term used: Act

In this Part —

Act means the Fines, Penalties and Infringement Notices Enforcement Act 1994.

#### 48. Application to cancel licence suspension order (Act s. 101)

- (1) An application under the Act section 101 must be made by lodging a Form 3.
- (2) On accepting a Form 3, a registrar must
  - (a) list the application for hearing on the earliest convenient date; and
  - (b) insert the hearing details on the form; and
  - (c) return one copy of the form to the applicant and serve one copy on the relevant prosecuting authority in accordance with the CPA Schedule 2 clause 2 or 3 at least 5 clear days before the date set by the Court for the hearing of it.

[Rule 48 amended in Gazette 11 Mar 2014 p. 576.]

### **49A.** Application to cancel enforcement warrant (Act s. 101AA)

- (1) An application under the Act section 101AA must be made by lodging a Form 4AA.
- (2) On accepting a Form 4AA, a registrar must
  - (a) list the application for hearing on the earliest convenient date; and
  - (b) insert the hearing details on the form; and
  - (c) return one copy of the form to the applicant and serve one copy on the relevant prosecuting authority in accordance with the CPA Schedule 2 clause 2 or 3 at

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least 5 clear days before the date set by the Court for the hearing of it.

[Rule 49A inserted in Gazette 20 Aug 2013 p. 3818; amended in Gazette 11 Mar 2014 p. 576.]

### 49. Application to cancel licence suspension order (Act s. 101A)

- (1) An application under the Act section 101A must be made by lodging a Form 4.
- (2) On accepting a Form 4, a registrar must
  - (a) list the application for hearing on the earliest convenient date; and
  - (b) insert the hearing details on the form; and
  - (c) return one copy of the form to the applicant and serve one copy on the relevant prosecuting authority in accordance with the CPA Schedule 2 clause 2 or 3 at least 5 clear days before the date set by the Court for the hearing of it.

[Rule 49 amended in Gazette 11 Mar 2014 p. 576.]

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## Part 8 — *Road Traffic Act 1974* rules

#### 50. Terms used

In this Part —

*Director General* has the meaning given by the RTA section 5; *RTA* means the *Road Traffic Act 1974*.

[Rule 50 amended in Gazette 15 Feb 2011 p. 537.]

#### 50A. Application under RTA s. 71B, how to be made

- (1) An application under the RTA section 71B(7) must be made by lodging a Form 4A and any affidavit that the applicant proposes to tender at the hearing of the application.
- (2) When a form and any affidavit is lodged under this rule, 2 copies must also be lodged.

[Rule 50A inserted in Gazette 23 Nov 2007 p. 5863.]

#### 50B. Application under RTA s. 71F, how to be made

- (1) An application under the RTA section 71F(1) must be made by lodging a Form 4B, accompanied by a copy of the disqualification notice and any affidavit that the applicant proposes to tender at the hearing of the application.
- (2) When a form and any affidavit is lodged under this rule, 2 copies must also be lodged.

[Rule 50B inserted in Gazette 31 Jul 2012 p. 3690.]

### 51. Application under RTA s. 76, how to be made

- (1) An application under the RTA section 76(1) must be made by lodging a Form 5 and any affidavit that the applicant proposes to tender at the hearing of the application.
- [(2) deleted]
- (3) An application under the RTA section 76(7)(a) must be made by lodging a Form 7 and any affidavit that the applicant proposes to tender at the hearing of the application.

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- (4) An application under the RTA section 76(7)(b) must be made by lodging
  - (a) a Form 8 and any affidavit that the applicant proposes to tender at the hearing of the application; and
  - (b) a copy of the record of the convictions of the holder of the extraordinary licence to which the application relates.
- (5) When a form and any affidavit is lodged under this rule, 2 copies must be also be lodged.

[Rule 51 amended in Gazette 15 Feb 2011 p. 537.]

#### 51A. Application under RTA s. 80J, how to be made

- (1) An application under the RTA section 80J(5) or (6) must be made by lodging a Form 9 and any affidavit that the applicant proposes to tender at the hearing of the application.
- (2) When a form and any affidavit is lodged under this rule, 2 copies must also be lodged.

[Rule 51A inserted in Gazette 3 Oct 2008 p. 4485.]

#### 51B. Registries where applications may be lodged

- (1) An application referred to in rule 50A may be lodged at the nearest non-police registry to the place where the keys that are the subject of the application are being held.
- (2) An application referred to in rule 50B or 51 may be lodged at any registry of the Court, including a police registry.
- (3) An application referred to in rule 51A may be lodged at the nearest non-police registry to the place where the uncollected vehicle or item that is the subject of the application is being held.

[Rule 51B inserted in Gazette 23 Nov 2007 p. 5863; amended in Gazette 23 May 2008 p. 1992; 3 Oct 2008 p. 4486; 31 Jul 2012 p. 3690.]

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#### 52. Registrar's functions when application is made

- (1a) On accepting a Form 4A or 9, a registrar must
  - (a) list the application for hearing on the earliest convenient date; and
  - (b) insert the hearing details on the form; and
  - (c) return one copy of the form to the applicant and serve one copy on the Commissioner of Police in accordance with the CPA Schedule 2 clause 2 or 3 at least 5 clear days before the date set by the Court for the hearing of it.
- (1) A registrar may reject an application made under rule 51 if the registrar has reason to believe that the application cannot be made to or heard by the Court under the RTA section 76.
- (2A) On accepting a Form 4B, a registrar must
  - (a) list the application for hearing on the earliest convenient date that is at least 14 clear days after the date on which the form is lodged; and
  - (b) insert the hearing details on the form; and
  - (c) return one copy of the form to the applicant and serve one copy on the Commissioner of Police in accordance with the CPA Schedule 2 clause 2 or 3 at least 14 clear days before the date set by the Court for the hearing of it.
  - (2) On accepting a Form 5, a registrar must
    - (a) list the application for hearing on the earliest convenient date that is at least 14 clear days after the date on which the form is lodged; and
    - (b) insert the hearing details on the form; and
    - (c) return one copy of the form to the applicant and serve one copy on the Director General in accordance with the CPA Schedule 2 clause 2 or 3 or by any other means agreed to by the Director General.

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- (3) On accepting a Form 7, a registrar must
  - (a) list the application for hearing on the earliest convenient date; and
  - (b) insert the hearing details on the form; and
  - (c) return one copy of the form to the applicant and serve one copy on the Director General in accordance with the CPA Schedule 2 clause 2 or 3.
- (4) On accepting a Form 8, a registrar must
  - (a) list the application for hearing on the earliest convenient date that is at least 14 clear days after the date on which the form is lodged; and
  - (b) insert the hearing details on the form; and
  - (c) return 2 copies of the form to the Director General.
- (5) On receiving the copies of a Form 8 from a registrar, the Director General must serve one copy on the holder of the extraordinary licence to which the application relates in accordance with the CPA Schedule 2 clause 2 or 3.

[Rule 52 amended in Gazette 24 Aug 2007 p. 4324; 23 Nov 2007 p. 5863; 23 May 2008 p. 1992; 3 Oct 2008 p. 4486; 15 Feb 2011 p. 537; 31 Jul 2012 p. 3690.]

### 53. Hearing of application, appearance at

- (1a) If the Court is satisfied that the Commissioner of Police has been served with an application made under the RTA section 71B(7), 71F(1) or 80J(5) or (6), the Court may deal with it in the absence of the Commissioner of Police.
- (1) If the Court is satisfied that the Director General has been served with an application made under the RTA section 76(1) or an application made under the RTA section 76(7)(a), the Court may deal with it in the absence of the Director General.
- (2) If the Court is satisfied that the holder of the extraordinary licence to which an application made under the RTA

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section 76(7)(b) relates has been served with it, the Court may deal with it in the absence of the holder.

[Rule 53 amended in Gazette 23 Nov 2007 p. 5863; 3 Oct 2008 p. 4486; 15 Feb 2011 p. 537; 31 Jul 2012 p. 3690.]

### 54. Hearing of application, procedure on

At the hearing of an application made under the RTA section 76(1) or an application made under the RTA section 76(7)(a) —

- (a) the applicant bears the onus of proof; and
- (b) the standard of proof is on the balance of probabilities; and
- (c) affidavit evidence may be adduced by a party if the maker of the affidavit is present.

[*Rule 54 amended in Gazette 24 Aug 2007 p. 4324; 23 May 2008 p. 1992; 15 Feb 2011 p. 537.*]

#### 55. Result of hearing, Director General to be notified

As soon as practicable after the Court decides an application to which this Part applies, a registrar must give the Director General notice of the decision including the details of any order made.

Reprint 3

r. 56

## Part 9 — Criminal Investigation Act 2006 rules

[Heading inserted in Gazette 24 Aug 2007 p. 4324.]

# 56. Application under *Criminal Investigation Act 2006* s. 151, how to be made

- An application under the *Criminal Investigation Act 2006* section 151(4) must be made by lodging a Form 10 and every seized record relating to the application.
- (2) The application must be lodged with
  - (a) one or more affidavits that state the facts and circumstances on which it is based; and
  - (b) any records that are to be lodged with the application.
- (3) When a form and affidavits are lodged under this rule, 2 copies must be also be lodged.

[Rule 56 inserted in Gazette 24 Aug 2007 p. 4324-5.]

### 57. Registries where applications may be lodged

An application under rule 56 may be lodged at the nearest non-police registry to the place where the records were seized.

[Rule 57 inserted in Gazette 24 Aug 2007 p. 4325; amended in Gazette 23 Nov 2007 p. 5864.]

### 58. Registrar's functions when application is made

On accepting a Form 10, a registrar must —

- (a) list the application for hearing on the earliest convenient date; and
- (b) insert the hearing details on the form; and
- (c) return the 2 copies of the form and any affidavits to the applicant.

[Rule 58 inserted in Gazette 24 Aug 2007 p. 4325.]

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## **59.** Application must be served

The applicant must serve a copy of the application and affidavits on every person entitled to possession of the records at least 5 clear days before the date listed for the hearing of the application.

[Rule 59 inserted in Gazette 24 Aug 2007 p. 4325.]

Reprint 3

# Schedule 1 — Suburbs and registries

[r. 44]

Suburb (A-L)	Registry	Suburb (M-Z)	Registry
Alexander Heights	Joondalup	Maddington	Armadale
Alfred Cove	Fremantle	Madeley	Joondalup
Alkimos	Joondalup	Madora	Mandurah
Anketell	Rockingham	Mahogany Creek	Midland
Applecross	Perth	Maida Vale	Midland
Araluen	Armadale	Malaga	Midland
Ardross	Perth	Malmalling	Midland
Armadale	Armadale	Mandogalup	Rockingham
Ascot	Perth	Mandurah	Mandurah
Ashby	Joondalup	Manning	Perth
Ashendon	Armadale	Marangaroo	Joondalup
Ashfield	Midland	Mardella	Armadale
Attadale	Fremantle	Mariginiup	Joondalup
Atwell	Fremantle	Marmion	Joondalup
Aubin Grove	Armadale	Marsurup	Mandurah
Aveley	Midland	Martin	Armadale
Bailup	Midland	Maylands	Perth
Balcatta	Perth	Meadow Springs	Mandurah
Baldivis	Rockingham	Medina	Rockingham
Balga	Perth	Melaleuca	Joondalup
Ballajura	Midland	Melville	Fremantle
Banjup	Rockingham	Menora	Perth
Banksia	Mandurah	Merriwa	Joondalup
Banksia Grove	Joondalup	Middle Swan	Midland
Barragup	Mandurah	Midland	Midland

[Heading inserted in Gazette 11 Mar 2014 p. 576.]

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Suburb (A-L)	Registry	Suburb (M-Z)	Registry
Baskerville	Midland	Midvale	Midland
Bassendean	Midland	Millendon	Midland
Bateman	Fremantle	Mindarie	Joondalup
Bayswater	Perth	Mirrabooka	Perth
Beaconsfield	Fremantle	Morley	Perth
Beckenham	Perth	Mosman Park	Perth
Bedford	Perth	Mount Helena	Midland
Bedfordale	Armadale	Mt Claremont	Perth
Beechboro	Midland	Mt Hawthorn	Perth
Beechina	Midland	Mt Lawley	Perth
Beeliar	Fremantle	Mt Nasura	Armadale
Beldon	Joondalup	Mt Pleasant	Perth
Belhus	Midland	Mt Richon	Armadale
Bellevue	Midland	Mullaloo	Joondalup
Belmont	Perth	Mundaring	Midland
Bentley	Perth	Mundijong	Armadale
Bertram	Rockingham	Munster	Fremantle
Bibra Lake	Fremantle	Murdoch	Fremantle
Bickley	Midland	Myaree	Fremantle
Bicton	Fremantle	Myora	Mandurah
Booragoon	Fremantle	Nanbeelup	Mandurah
Bouvard	Mandurah	Naval Base	Rockingham
Boya	Midland	Nedlands	Perth
Brabham	Midland	Neerabup	Joondalup
Brentwood	Fremantle	Newburn	Midland
Brigadoon	Midland	Nirimba	Mandurah
Brookdale	Armadale	Nollamara	Perth
Bull Creek	Fremantle	Noranda	Perth

Reprint 3

Suburb (A-L)	Registry	Suburb (M-Z)	Registry
Bullsbrook	Midland	North Beach	Perth
Burns Beach	Joondalup	North Coogee	Fremantle
Burrendah	Fremantle	North Dandalup	Mandurah
Burswood	Perth	North Fremantle	Fremantle
Butler	Joondalup	North Lake	Fremantle
Byford	Armadale	North Perth	Perth
Calista	Rockingham	North Shore	Joondalup
Camillo (formerly Westfield)	Armadale	North Yunderup	Mandurah
Canning Mills	Armadale	Northbridge	Perth
Canning Vale	Armadale	Nowergup	Joondalup
Cannington	Perth	O'Connor	Fremantle
Carabooda	Joondalup	Oakford	Armadale
Cardup	Armadale	Oakley	Mandurah
Carilla	Midland	Ocean Reef	Joondalup
Carine	Perth	Oldbury	Armadale
Carlisle	Perth	Orange Grove	Armadale
Carmel	Midland	Orelia	Rockingham
Carramar	Joondalup	Osborne Park	Perth
Casuarina	Rockingham	Padbury	Joondalup
Caversham	Midland	Palmyra	Fremantle
Challenger	Rockingham	Parkerville	Midland
Champion Lakes	Armadale	Parkwood	Fremantle
Chidlow	Midland	Parmelia	Rockingham
Chittering	Midland	Paulls Valley	Midland
Churchlands	Perth	Pearsall	Joondalup
City Beach	Perth	Peel Estate	Rockingham
Claremont	Perth	Peppermint Grove	Fremantle

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Suburb (A-L)	Registry	Suburb (M-Z)	Registry	
Clarkson	Joondalup	Peron	Rockingham	
Cloverdale	Perth	Perth Airport	Perth	
Como	Perth	Perth City	Perth	
Connolly	Joondalup	Piara Waters	Armadale	
Coodanup	Mandurah	Pickering Brook	Midland	
Coogee	Fremantle	Piesse Brook	Midland	
Coolbellup	Fremantle	Pinjar	Joondalup	
Coolbinia	Perth	Pinjarra	Mandurah	
Cooloongup	Rockingham	Point Gray	Mandurah	
Cottesloe	Perth	Port Kennedy	Rockingham	
Craigie	Joondalup	Postans	Rockingham	
Crawley	Perth	Pyrton	Midland	
Cullacabardee	Midland	Queens Park	Perth	
Currambine	Joondalup	Quinns Rock	Joondalup	
Daglish	Perth	Ravenswood	Mandurah	
Dalkeith	Perth	Red Hill	Midland	
Darch	Joondalup	Redcliffe	Perth	
Darling Downs	Armadale	Reservoir	Midland	
Darlington	Midland	Ridgewood	Joondalup	
Davis Park	Fremantle	Ridley Park	Mandurah	
Dawesville	Mandurah	Riverton	Perth	
Dayton	Midland	Rivervale	Perth	
Dianella	Perth	Rockingham	Rockingham	
Doubleview	Perth	Roleystone	Armadale	
Dudley Park	Mandurah	Rottnest Island	Fremantle	
Duncraig	Joondalup	Rossmoyne	Perth	
Dwellingup	Mandurah	Safety Bay	Rockingham	
East Cannington	Perth	Sale	Mandurah	

Reprint 3

Suburb (A-L)	Registry	Suburb (M-Z)	Registry
East Fremantle	Fremantle	Salter Point	Perth
East Perth	Perth	Samson	Fremantle
East Rockingham	Rockingham	San Remo	Mandurah
East Victoria Park	Perth	Sawyers Valley	Midland
Eden Hill	Midland	Scarborough	Perth
Edgewater	Joondalup	Seaforth	Armadale
Eglinton	Joondalup	Secret Harbour	Rockingham
Ellenbrook	Midland	Serpentine	Armadale
Ellis	Fremantle	Seville Grove	Armadale
Embleton	Perth	Shelley	Perth
Erskine	Mandurah	Shenton Park	Perth
Fairbridge	Mandurah	Shoalwater	Rockingham
Ferndale	Perth	Silver Sands	Mandurah
Floreat	Perth	Sinagra	Joondalup
Forrestdale	Armadale	Singleton	Mandurah
Forrestfield	Midland	Sorrento	Joondalup
Fremantle	Fremantle	South Beach	Fremantle
Furnissdale	Mandurah	South Coogee	Fremantle
Gidgegannup	Midland	South Fremantle	Fremantle
Girrawheen	Joondalup	South Guildford	Midland
Glen Forrest	Midland	South Lake	Fremantle
Glendalough	Perth	South Perth	Perth
Gleneagle	Armadale	South Yunderup	Mandurah
Glengarry	Joondalup	Southern River	Armadale
Gnangara	Joondalup	Southwell	Fremantle
Golden Bay	Mandurah	Spearwood	Fremantle
Golden Bay	Rockingham	St Andrews	Joondalup
Gooseberry Hill	Midland	St James	Perth

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Suburb (A-L)	Registry	Suburb (M-Z)	Registry	
Gorrie	Midland	Stakehill	Mandurah	
Gosnells	Armadale	Stirling	Perth	
Graylands	Perth	Stoneville	Midland	
Greenfields	Mandurah	Stratton	Midland	
Greenmount	Midland	Subiaco	Perth	
Greenwood	Joondalup	Success	Fremantle	
Guildford	Midland	Swan View	Midland	
Gwelup	Perth	Swanbourne	Perth	
Hacketts Gully	Midland	Tamala Park	Joondalup	
Halls Head	Mandurah	Tapping	Joondalup	
Hamersley	Perth	The Lakes	Midland	
Hamilton Hill	Fremantle	The Spectacles	Rockingham	
Hammond Park	Fremantle	The Vines	Midland	
Harrisdale	Armadale	Thompson Lake	Fremantle	
Haynes	Armadale	Thornlie	Armadale	
Hazelmere	Midland	Trigg	Perth	
Heathridge	Joondalup	Tuart Hill	Perth	
Helena Valley	Midland	Two Rocks	Joondalup	
Henderson	Fremantle	Upper Swan	Midland	
Henley Brook	Midland	Victoria Park	Perth	
Herdsman	Perth	Viveash	Midland	
Herne Hill	Midland	Waikiki	Rockingham	
High Wycombe	Midland	Walliston	Midland	
Highgate	Perth	Wandi	Rockingham	
Hilbert	Armadale	Wangara	Joondalup	
Hillarys	Joondalup	Wannanup	Mandurah	
Hillman	Rockingham	Wanneroo	Joondalup	
Hilton	Fremantle	Warnbro	Rockingham	

Reprint 3

Suburb (A-L)	Registry	Suburb (M-Z)	Registry
Hocking	Joondalup	Warwick	Joondalup
Hope Valley	Rockingham	Waterford	Perth
Hopeland	Rockingham	Watermans Bay	Perth
Hovea	Midland	Wattle Grove	Midland
Huntingdale	Armadale	Wattleup	Fremantle
Iluka	Joondalup	Wellard	Rockingham
Inglewood	Perth	Welshpool	Perth
Innaloo	Perth	Wembley	Perth
Jandabup	Joondalup	Wembley Downs	Perth
Jandakot	Fremantle	West Leederville	Perth
Jane Brook	Midland	West Perth	Perth
Jarrahdale	Armadale	West Pinjarra	Mandurah
Jindalee	Joondalup	West Swan	Midland
Jolimont	Perth	Westfield	Armadale
Joondalup	Joondalup	Westminster	Perth
Joondanna	Perth	Wexcombe	Midland
Kalamunda	Midland	Whitby	Armadale
Kallaroo	Joondalup	White Gum Valley	Fremantle
Karawara	Perth	Whiteman	Midland
Kardinya	Fremantle	Whitfords	Joondalup
Karnup	Rockingham	Whittaker	Mandurah
Karragullen	Armadale	Willagee	Fremantle
Karrakatta	Perth	Willetton	Perth
Karrakup	Armadale	Wilson	Perth
Karrinyup	Perth	Winthrop	Fremantle
Kelmscott	Armadale	Woodbridge	Midland
Kensington	Perth	Woodlands	Perth
Kenwick	Perth	Woodman Point	Fremantle

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Suburb (A-L)	Registry	Suburb (M-Z)	Registry
Kewdale	Perth	Woodvale	Joondalup
Keysbrook	Armadale	Wooroloo	Midland
Kiara	Midland	Wungong	Armadale
Kings Park	Perth	Yanchep	Joondalup
Kingsley	Joondalup	Yangebup	Fremantle
Kinross	Joondalup	Yokine	Perth
Koondoola	Joondalup		
Koongamia	Midland		
Kwinana	Rockingham		
Kwinana Beach	Rockingham		
Kwinana Town Centre	Rockingham		
Lakelands	Mandurah		
Landsdale	Joondalup		
Langford	Fremantle		
Lathlain	Perth		
Leda	Rockingham		
Leederville	Perth		
Leeming	Fremantle		
Leighton	Fremantle		
Lesmurdie	Midland		
Lexia	Midland		
Lockridge	Midland		
Lynwood	Fremantle		

[Schedule 1 inserted in Gazette 11 Mar 2014 p. 576-82.]

Reprint 3

Form 1A

## Schedule 2 — Forms

[r. 3]

Magistrates Court Magistrates Court No:		/(3)	Application document		leave to lodge a
Applicant	Full name		•		
	Address				
	Telephone			Fax	
	Email				
	address				
Case details	Case No.				Civil/Criminal
	Parties				
Document to be lodged					
Application	I am a party above docu		ve case and I w	would l	ike leave to lodge the
Signature of applicant				Date	

### 1A. Application for leave to lodge a document (r. 10)

[Form 1A inserted in Gazette 23 Nov 2007 p. 5864.]

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Magistrates Court A	<i>ct 2004</i> s. 29	)		Appea	al ag	gainst	reg	istrar's decision
Magistrates Court at	-						-	
No:								
Appellant	Full name							
	Address							
	Telephone					Fax		
	Email							
	address							
Case details	Case No.						Ci	vil/Criminal
	Parties							
Decision being	Date of							
appealed	decision							
	Brief							
	description	of						
	decision							
Appeal						04 sect	ion	29 the appellant
	appeals aga							
Extension of time			-		n 21	days af	ter t	he date of the
	above decis			-				
	If no, state	why	the app	lication	is lo	dged la	te:	
Grounds of appeal	1.							
Signature of						Date	e	
appellant or lawyer								
	Appellant/Appellant's lawyer							
Hearing details	This applica	atio	n will be	heard –				
	on [ <i>date</i> ] at	[tin	ne] or as	soon af	ter as	s possil	ble,	
	at [ <i>place</i> ]							

# 1B. Appeal against registrar's decision (r. 26)

[Form 1B inserted in Gazette 23 Nov 2007 p. 5864.]

Form 1

# 1. Request to inspect or obtain copy of document from the Court (r. 37 and 42C)

Magistrates Cour	rt Act 2004 s. 33(3	3), (7) and (9)	Request to	o inspect or obtain
Magistrates Cour No:	t at		copy of do Court	ocument from the
Person making	Full name			
the request	Address			
	Telephone		Fay	X
	Email address			
Case details	Case No.			Civil/Criminal
	Parties			
Documents wanted				
Request by a	I am a party to	the above case	and I would	l like —
party	$\Box$ to inspect;			
[Delete if not	to obtain a	copy of,		
applicable.]	the above docu	ments.		
Request by	I am not a party	to the above	case. I would	d like —
non-party	$\Box$ to inspect;			
	to obtain a			
	the above docu	ments on the f	ollowing gro	ounds —
	[give details].			
Media	I represent the	following med	ia organisati	on:
organisation				
[Delete if not				
applicable.]			D	
Signature of			Da	ite
person making				
the request				

[Form 1 inserted in Gazette 8 Apr 2008 p. 1338; amended in Gazette 11 Mar 2014 p. 582-3.]

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Magistrates Cou Magistrates Cou No:		3(4)	Applicatio court reco		leave in respect of
Applicant	Full name				
	Address				
	Telephone			Fax	
	Email address				
Case details	Case No.				Civil/Criminal
	Parties				
Records wanted					
Application <sup>1</sup>	I am a party to Act 2004 s. 33(			r the M	lagistrates Court
Signature of applicant				Date	

#### 2. Application for leave in respect of court record (r. 38)

Notes to Form 2 —

1. Set out in detail what the applicant wants leave to do.

[Form 2 amended in Gazette 8 Apr 2008 p. 1338.]

Form 3A

### **3A.** Application for access to information held by the Court (r. 39)

Magistrates Court Act 2004 s. 33		8(8)	Applicatio	on for	access to
Magistrates Con No:	urt at		informatio	on hel	d by the Court
Applicant	Full name				
	Address				
	Telephone			Fax	
	Email address				
Case details	Case No.				Civil/Criminal
	Parties				
Information wanted					
Application	I would like — to inspect; to obtain a to view or the above infor [Set out ground	copy of; listen to, mation.	quest.]		
Signature of applicant			• -	Date	

[Form 3A inserted in Gazette 8 Apr 2008 p. 1339.]

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# **3.** Application to cancel licence suspension order made in respect of infringement notice (r. 48)

Magistrates Court at No:       of infringement notice         Applicant       Full name         Address	Application to cancel licence suspension order made in respect				
Address         Date of birth         Licence       Prosecuting authority         suspension       Infringement notice No.         details       Registry case No.         Licence suspended       Driver's licence No.         [Tick one box]       All vehicle licences         Application       I, the applicant, have been disqualified from holding or obtair above licence(s) by a licence suspension order made under th <i>Penalties and Infringement Notices Enforcement Act 1994</i> Pa         Under section 101 of that Act I apply for an order cancelling ticence suspension order on the grounds that I received none of following — <ul> <li>(a) the <b>infringement notice</b> that gave rise to the licence suspension</li> </ul>					
Date of birth         Licence       Prosecuting authority         suspension       Infringement notice No.         details       Registry case No.         Licence suspended       Driver's licence No.         [Tick one box]       Vehicle licences         Application       I, the applicant, have been disqualified from holding or obtair above licence(s) by a licence suspension order made under th Penalties and Infringement Notices Enforcement Act 1994 Pa         Under section 101 of that Act I apply for an order cancelling ticence suspension order on the grounds that I received none of following —					
Licence suspension details       Prosecuting authority Infringement notice No.         Registry case No.       Registry case No.         Licence suspended [Tick one box]       Driver's licence No.         Application [Tick one box]       All vehicle licences         [*delete one]       I, the applicant, have been disqualified from holding or obtair above licence(s) by a licence suspension order made under th <i>Penalties and Infringement Notices Enforcement Act 1994</i> Pa Under section 101 of that Act I apply for an order cancelling licence suspension order on the grounds that I received none of following — (a) the <b>infringement notice</b> that gave rise to the licence susp					
suspension       Infringement notice No.         details       Registry case No.         Licence suspended       Driver's licence No.         [Tick one box]       Vehicle licences         Application       I, the applicant, have been disqualified from holding or obtair above licence(s) by a licence suspension order made under th Penalties and Infringement Notices Enforcement Act 1994 Pa         Under section 101 of that Act I apply for an order cancelling licence suspension order on the grounds that I received none of following — <ul> <li>(a) the infringement notice that gave rise to the licence susp</li> </ul>					
details       Registry case No.         Licence suspended       Driver's licence No.         [Tick one box]       Vehicle licences         Application       I, the applicant, have been disqualified from holding or obtair above licence(s) by a licence suspension order made under th <i>Penalties and Infringement Notices Enforcement Act 1994</i> Pa         Under section 101 of that Act I apply for an order cancelling the licence suspension order on the grounds that I received none of following — <ul> <li>(a) the <b>infringement notice</b> that gave rise to the licence susp</li> </ul>					
Application       Iticence suspended       Iticence No.         Application       Iticence suspended       Iticence No.         Application       Iticence suspended       Iticence No.         Iticence box]       Iticence No.       Iticence No.         Iticence box]       Iticence Suspension order made under the notice Suspension order made under the notices Suspension order Notices Enforcement Act 1994 Pa         Iticence suspension order on the grounds that I received none of following —         (a)       the infringement notice that gave rise to the licence suspension					
[Tick one box]       Image: Constraint of the second					
Application       I, the applicant, have been disqualified from holding or obtain above licence(s) by a licence suspension order made under th <i>Penalties and Infringement Notices Enforcement Act 1994</i> Pa         Under section 101 of that Act I apply for an order cancelling ticence suspension order on the grounds that I received none of following — <ul> <li>(a) the <b>infringement notice</b> that gave rise to the licence susp</li> </ul>					
Application [Tick one box] [*delete one]I, the applicant, have been disqualified from holding or obtain above licence(s) by a licence suspension order made under th <i>Penalties and Infringement Notices Enforcement Act 1994</i> Pa Under section 101 of that Act I apply for an order cancelling licence suspension order on the grounds that I received none of following — (a) the <b>infringement notice</b> that gave rise to the licence susp					
[Tick one box] [*delete one]above licence(s) by a licence suspension order made under th <i>Penalties and Infringement Notices Enforcement Act 1994</i> Pa Under section 101 of that Act I apply for an order cancelling t licence suspension order on the grounds that I received none of following — (a) the <b>infringement notice</b> that gave rise to the licence susp					
[*delete one] <i>Penalties and Infringement Notices Enforcement Act 1994</i> Pa Under section 101 of that Act I apply for an order cancelling licence suspension order on the grounds that I received none of following — (a) the <b>infringement notice</b> that gave rise to the licence susp					
Under section 101 of that Act I apply for an order cancelling licence suspension order on the grounds that I received none of following — (a) the <b>infringement notice</b> that gave rise to the licence susp					
licence suspension order on the grounds that I received none of following — (a) the <b>infringement notice</b> that gave rise to the licence susp	rt 3.				
following — (a) the <b>infringement notice</b> that gave rise to the licence susp	he				
(a) the <b>infringement notice</b> that gave rise to the licence susp	of the				
order:	e				
	(b) the <b>final demand</b> issued under section 14 of the Act in respect				
of the infringement notice;					
(c) the <b>order to pay or elect</b> issued under section 17 of the <i>i</i>	Act in				
respect of the infringement notice;	0.01				
(d) the <b>notice of intention to enforce</b> issued under section 1	8 of the				
Act in respect of the infringement notice;					
(e) the <b>notice confirming licence suspension</b> issued under $10(6)$ of the Act in respect of the infringement point point of the infringement point point of the infringement point of the infringement	ting				
section 19(6) of the Act in respect of the infringement noCertificateI certify that I have not previously made an unsuccessful appl					
-	under section 101 of the Act in relation to this licence suspension order or in relation to any other licence suspension order made in				
respect of this infringement notice.					
Signature of Date					
applicant					
Hearing details This application will be heard —					
on [ <i>date</i> ] at [ <i>time</i> ] or as soon after as possible,					
at [place]					

[Form 3 amended in Gazette 20 Aug 2013 p. 3819.]

Reprint 3

Form 4AA

# 4AA. Application to cancel enforcement warrant made in respect of infringement notice (r. 49A)

Fines, Penalties Enforcement Act Magistrates Cou No:	t 1994 s. 101AA		e			ncellation of ant issued under
Applicant	Full name		_			
	Address					
	Date of birth					
Enforcement	Prosecuting au	thority				
warrant details	Infringement n	-				
	Registry case r	10.				
	Action				d mobilise	
Application	on/ Under section enforcement w following — (a) the <b>infrin</b> (b) the <b>final</b> of of the infr (c) the <b>order</b> respect of (d) the <b>notice</b> Act in resp (e) any <b>notice</b> section 19	er the <i>Fines</i> , <i>act 1994</i> Par 101AA of the varrant on the gement not lemand issue ingement not to pay or e the infringe of intentio pect of the i e confirmin (6) of the A	Pe t 3. nat . e gr ice ned otice lect men n to nfri g lig	nalties and I The enforce Act I apply f rounds that I that gave ris under sectio e; issued unde n notice; <b>o enforce</b> iss ngement not <b>cence suspe</b> n respect of	Infringen ement was for an ord received e to the v n 14 of t er section sued unde tice; <b>nsion</b> iss the infrin	<i>nent Notices</i> rrant was served der cancelling the 1 none of the warrant; he Act in respect 17 of the Act in er section 18 of the sued under ngement notice.
Certificate by applicant	I certify that I under section warrant or in re respect of the i	101AA of the elation to an	e A y o	ct in relation	n to this o ment wa	rrant made in
Signature of applicant					Date	
Hearing details	This application on [ <i>date</i> ] at [ <i>ti</i> at [ <i>place</i> ]				ible,	

[Form 4AA inserted in Gazette 20 Aug 2013 p. 3819-20.]

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# 4. Application to cancel licence suspension order made in respect of a fine (r. 49)

Fines, Penalties Enforcement Act Magistrates Cou No:	t 1994 s. 101A	ıt Notio	ces	Application suspension of a fine		cel licence nade in respect
Applicant	Full name					
	Address					
	Date of birth					
Licence	Sentencing Cor	urt				
suspension	Charge No.					
details	Registry case N	No.				
	Licence susper	ided [	<b>D</b>	river's licence	No.	
	[Tick one box]	Ĺ	JV	ehicle licence	No.	
		•		ll vehicle licer		
Application	I have been dis					
[Tick one box]	licence(s) by a					
[*delete one]						<i>ct 1994</i> Part 4.
						er cancelling the
	licence suspens					
	(a) I did not re					
	1		0	0	the fine	that gave rise to
	the licence					
	(b) I was not p					imposed; and
	(c) I received					
						under section 42
				ect of that fine		
					uspensio	<b>n</b> issued under
		on 43(6	,			C 1 11 .:
Certificate by						essful application
applicant	under section 101A of the Act in relation to this licence suspension order or in relation to any other licence suspension order made in					
			any o	ther licence su	spension	order made in
Cianatana of	respect of this	ine.			Data	
Signature of					Date	
applicant	<b>TT1</b> . '		1 1			
Hearing details	This applicatio				1.1.	
	on [date] at [time] or as soon after as possible,					
	at [place]					

[Form 4 amended in Gazette 20 Aug 2013 p. 3820.]

Reprint 3

Form 4A

# 4A. Application for an order for seized keys to be handed over (r. 50A)

Road Traffic Act 1974 s	s. 71B(7)	Application for an order for seized
Magistrates Court at No:		keys to be handed over
Applicant	Full name	
	Address	
Person described in	Full name	
s. $71B(5)$ of the Act	Address	
Application	The applicant a handed over to	pplies for an order for the seized keys to be the applicant.
Seized keys <sup>1</sup>		
Signature of applicant or lawyer	Applicant/App	icant's lawyer
Hearing details	This applicatio	n will be heard — ne] or as soon after as possible,

Notes to Form 4A —

1. Set out the details of the seizure and a description of the vehicle to which the keys relate.

[Form 4A inserted in Gazette 23 Nov 2007 p. 5865; amended in Gazette 3 Oct 2008 p. 4486.]

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### 4B. Application for revocation of disqualification notice (r. 50B)

## Court Copy

MAGISTRATES COURT of WESTERN AUSTRALIA	Court No.
APPLICATION FOR REVOCATION OF DISQUALIFICATION NOTICE	Magistrates Court at
Road Traffic Act 1974 s. 71F(1)	Date lodged
Magistrates Court (General) Rules 2005 Form 4B	Receipt No.

Applicant	Name				
(Name of the party	Address				
applying)	DOB		MDL No.		
Application	Under the <i>Road Traffic Act 1974</i> section 71F, the applicant applies for an order that revokes the disqualification notice issued in respect of the below matter.				
Notice details	Provision/ Grounds Date				
<b>Grounds</b> [A copy of the disqualification notice must be attached to this application]		for this application			
Signature of applicant or			Date		
lawyer					

HEARING DETAILS							
	This application will be heard on:						
Date and time	Date	Time	as soon after				
Place	Place as possible						

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For Court Use Only						
Date	Appearance	Counsel	Record of	Judicial		
	by accused		court	officer		
			proceedings			
	Y / N					
	Y / N					
	Y / N					
	Y / N					
	Ord	ers				
Judicial officer		Date				

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Return of Service Copy

#### MAGISTRATES COURT of WESTERN AUSTRALIA APPLICATION FOR REVOCATION OF DISQUALIFICATION NOTICE Road Traffic Act 1974 s. 71F(1)

Magistrates Court (General) Rules 2005 Form 4B

Court No.	
Magistrates Court at	
Date lodged Receipt No.	

Applicant	Name			
(Name of the party	Address			
applying)	DOB		MDL No.	
Application	Under the <i>Road Traffic Act 1974</i> section 71F, the applicant applies for an order that revokes the disqualification notice issued in respect of the below matter.			
Notice details	Provision/ Grounds Date			
Grounds		for this application	n are:	
[A copy of the disqualification notice must be attached to this application]			i ure.	
Signature of applicant or			Date	
lawyer				

HEARING DETAILS						
This application will be heard on:						
Date and time	Date		Time	or as soon after as possible		
Place						

Reprint 3

Service details [Service on applicant]	On , I served a copy of the application referred to above in the following manner: Method of service: Person served: Name of server: Signature:
Service details [Service on respondent]	On , I served a copy of the application referred to above in the following manner: Method of service: Person served: Name of server: Signature:

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Copy for Applicant to retain

#### MAGISTRATES COURT of WESTERN AUSTRALIA APPLICATION FOR REVOCATION OF DISQUALIFICATION NOTICE Road Traffic Act 1974 s. 71F(1)

Magistrates Court (General) Rules 2005 Form 4B

Court No.	
Magistrates Court at	
Date lodged	
Receipt No.	

Applicant	Name				
(Name of the party	Address				
applying)	DOB		MDL No.		
Application	Under the <i>Road Traffic Act 1974</i> section 71F, the applicant applies for an order that revokes the disqualification notice issued in respect of the below matter.				
Notice details	Provision/ Grounds				
	Date	C .1			
<b>Grounds</b> [A copy of the disqualification notice must be attached to this application]	I he ground	s for this applicati	on are:		
Signature of applicant or lawyer			Date		

HEARING DETAILS This application will be heard on:					
Date and time	Date	Time	or as soon after as possible		
Place					

Reprint 3

Copy for service on Respondent

# MAGISTRATES COURT of WESTERN AUSTRALIA

#### APPLICATION FOR REVOCATION OF DISQUALIFICATION NOTICE

Road Traffic Act 1974 s. 71F(1) Magistrates Court (General) Rules 2005 Form 4B

Court No.	
Magistrates Court at	
Date lodged	
Receipt No.	

Applicant	Name				
(Name of the party	Address				
applying)	DOB		MDL No.		
Application	Under the <i>Road Traffic Act 1974</i> section 71F, the applicant applies for an order that revokes the disqualification notice issued in respect of the below matter.				
Notice details	Provision/ Grounds				
	Date				
Grounds	The grounds for this application are:				
[A copy of the disqualification notice must	-				
be attached to this					
application]					
Signature of applicant or			Date		
lawyer					

An application to revoke the disqualification notice above has been lodged. Your attendance is required at the date, time and place stated below. If you do not attend, the court may deal with the application in your absence.

	HEARING DI This application wil		
Date and time	Date	Time	or as soon after as possible
Place			

[Form 4B inserted in Gazette 31 Jul 2012 p. 3691-5.]

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Road Traffic Act	1974 s. 76(1)			Application	for ext	raordinary
Magistrates Cour	rt at			licence		-
No:						
Applicant	Full name					
	Address					
	Date of birth					
	Occupation					
	Employment		elf emp	loyed 🗖 N	ot emplo	oyed
	[Tick one box]	🗖 E	mploye	d by the emplo	oyer belo	)W
	Employer's					
	name and					
	address					
Details of	Date disqualifi	ed				
disqualification	Period disqual	ified				
from holding or	Reason <sup>1</sup>					
obtaining a						
driver's licence						
Application	Under the Roa					
				ral to grant an	extraord	inary licence that
	allows me to d		_			
	• vehicles of					
	• in these loca		•			
	• on these day	ys at tl	hese tin	nes:		
	• for these pu	rposes	5:			
Grounds for	1.					
this application <sup>2</sup>						
Certificate by	A licence susp					
applicant	Infringement N	lotices	s Enfor	cement Act 19	94 is not	in force against
	me.					
	I have not been refused an extraordinary licence by a court within the					
	6 months before	re the	date of	this application		•
Signature of					Date	
applicant						
Hearing details	This application					
	on [date] at [til	<i>me</i> ] 01	r as soo	n after as poss	ible,	
	at [ <i>place</i> ]					

## 5. Application for extraordinary licence (r. 51(1))

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#### Form 5

Notes to Form 5 -

- If disqualified by a court after being convicted of an offence, state the court and the offence and, if the offence was against the *Road Traffic Act 1974* s. 63, 64, 67 or 67A, state whether the conviction was the applicant's first, second or subsequent for the offence. If disqualified for some other reason, give details.
- 2. Note the *Road Traffic Act 1974* s. 76(3). Use numbered paragraphs.

[Form 5 amended in Gazette 23 May 2008 p. 1992; 15 Feb 2011 p. 538; 31 Jul 2012 p. 3695.]

[Form 6 deleted in Gazette 15 Feb 2011 p. 538.]

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## 7. Application by holder to vary extraordinary licence (r. 51(3))

<i>Road Traffic Act 1974</i> s. 76(7)(a)				Application	-	•
Magistrates Court at				extraordina	ary licei	nce
No:						
Applicant	Full name					
	Address					
Extraordinary	Court that ord	lered it				
licence details	Date of court	order				
	Licence's lim	itations				
	and condition	S				
Application	I hold the abo	I hold the above extraordinary licence. Under the Road Traffic				
[Tick one box]	Act 1974 s. 70	5(7)(a) I	apply f	or —		
	<ul> <li>An order that varies the above limitations and conditions by:</li> <li>An order that cancels the above limitations and conditions and substitutes these limitations and conditions:</li> </ul>					
Grounds for	1.					
this application <sup>1</sup>						
Signature of					Date	
applicant						
Hearing details	This application will be heard —					
	on [date] at [time] or as soon after as possible,					
	at [ <i>place</i> ]					

Notes to Form 7 —

1. Note the *Road Traffic Act* 1974 s. 76(9)(a). Use numbered paragraphs.

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Form 8

# 8. Application by Director General to vary extraordinary licence (r. 51(4))

Road Traffic Act 1974 s. 76(7)(b)			Application	by Dir	ector General
Magistrates Cour No:		to vary extr	aordina	ary licence	
Extraordinary	Holder's name		•		
licence details	Holder's address				
	Court that ordered it				
	Date of court order				
	Licence's limitations				
	and conditions				
Application	Under the Road Traffic	c Act 1	974 s. 76(7)(b	) the Dire	ector General
[Tick one box]	applies for —				
	<b>D</b> An order that vari	es the	above limitatio	ons and c	onditions by:
	An order that cancels the above limitations and conditions and substitutes these limitations and conditions:				
	□ An order that can	cels the	e above extraor	rdinary li	icence.
Grounds for	1.				
this application <sup>1</sup>					•
Signature of	Date				
applicant	for Director General				
Hearing details	This application will be heard —				
	on [date] at [time] or as soon after as possible,				
	at [ <i>place</i> ]				

Notes to Form 8 —

1. Note the *Road Traffic Act 1974* s. 76(9). Use numbered paragraphs.

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# 9. Application by owner for delay of sale of uncollected vehicle and/or return of item (r. 51A)

<i>Road Traffic Act 1974</i> s. 80J(5) & (6) Magistrates Court at		)	Application by owner for delay of sale of uncollected vehicle and/or return of	
No:			item	
Applicant (Owner)	Full name			
	Address			
Uncollected	Registration			
vehicle/item	No.			
	Description			
	of item			
Application	I apply for —			
[Tick applicable box(es)]	An order that the sale or disposal of the uncollected vehicle not take place until after:			
	1.			
	□ An order th	nat 1	the item be returned.	
Signature of				
applicant or lawyer	Applicant or la			
Hearing details	This application will be heard —			
	on [date] at [time] or as soon after as possible,			
	at [place]	at [place]		

Notes to Form 9 —

1. Specify until when you want the sale delayed. The sale cannot be delayed later than 3 months after the day of the order you are seeking.

[Form 9 inserted in Gazette 3 Oct 2008 p. 4486-7.]

Form 10

# 10. Application for decision on whether information in seized record is privileged (r. 56)

<i>Criminal Investigatio</i> Magistrates Court at No:	on Act 2006	Application for decision on whether information in seized record is privileged
Applicant	Full name Address	
Person entitled to possession of the record	Full name Address	
Application		pplies for a decision on whether information in rd(s) set out below is privileged.
Seized record(s) <sup>1</sup>		
Privilege claimed <sup>2</sup>		
Signature of applicant or lawyer	Applicant/App	Date licant's lawyer
Hearing details	This application	n will be heard — ne] or as soon after as possible,

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Note to Form 10 —

- 1. Set out a description of the seized record or records.
- 2. Set out the basis or bases upon which the person entitled to possession of the record(s) claims that information in the record(s) is privileged and lodge the record(s) with this application.

[Form 10 inserted in Gazette 24 Aug 2007 p. 4327.]

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1

#### Notes

This reprint is a compilation as at 13 June 2014 of the *Magistrates Court* (*General*) *Rules 2005* and includes the amendments made by the other written laws referred to in the following table. The table also contains information about any reprint.

Citation	Gazettal	Commencement
Magistrates Court (General) Rules 2005	28 Apr 2005 p. 1605-49	1 May 2005 (see r. 2 and <i>Gazette</i> 31 Dec 2004 p. 7127)
Magistrates Court (General) Amendment Rules 2005	8 Jul 2005 p. 3160	8 Jul 2005
Magistrates Court (General) Amendment Rules 2007	24 Aug 2007 p. 4322-7	r. 1-3: 24 Aug 2007 (see r. 2(a)); Rules other than r. 1-3: 25 Aug 2007 (see r. 2(b))
Magistrates Court (General) Amendment Rules (No. 2) 2007	23 Nov 2007 p. 5861-5	r. 1 and 2: 23 Nov 2007 (see r. 2(a)); Rules other than r. 1 and 2: 24 Nov 2007 (see r. 2(b))
Magistrates Court (General) Amendment Rules 2008	8 Apr 2008 p. 1335-9	r. 1 and 2: 8 Apr 2008 (see r. 2(a)); Rules other than r. 1 and 2: 30 Sep 2008 (see r. 2(b) and <i>Gazette</i> 11 Jul 2008 p. 3253)
Magistrates Court (General) Amendment (Road Traffic) Rules 2008	23 May 2008 p. 1991-2	r. 1 and 2: 23 May 2008 (see r. 2(a)); Rules other than r. 1 and 2: 30 Jun 2008 (see r. 2(b) and <i>Gazette</i> 10 Jun 2008 p. 2471)
Magistrates Court (General) Amendment Rules (No. 2) 2008	3 Oct 2008 p. 4485-7	r. 1 and 2: 3 Oct 2008 (see r. 2(a)); Rules other than r. 1 and 2: 4 Oct 2008 (see r. 2(b))
Reprint 1: The Magistrates Court (Ge amendments listed above)	eneral) Rules 20	05 as at 13 Feb 2009 (includes
Magistrates Court (General) Amendment Rules 2010	7 Jan 2011 p. 51-2	r. 1 and 2: 7 Jan 2011 (see r. 2(a)); Rules other than r. 1 and 2:

#### **Compilation table**

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8 Jan 2011 (see r. 2(b))

Citation	Gazettal	Commencement
Magistrates Court (General) Amendment Rules 2011	15 Feb 2011 p. 536-8	r. 1 and 2: 15 Feb 2011 (see r. 2(a)); Rules other than r. 1 and 2: 4 Jul 2011 (see r. 2(b) and <i>Gazette</i> 20 May 2011 p. 1837)
Magistrates Court (General) Amendment Rules (No. 2) 2011	17 May 2011 p. 1823	r. 1 and 2: 17 May 2011 (see r. 2(a)); Rules other than r. 1 and 2: 18 May 2011 (see r. 2(b))
Magistrates Court (General) Amendment Rules 2012	31 Jul 2012 p. 3689-95	r. 1 and 2: 31 Jul 2012 (see r. 2(a)); Rules other than r. 1 and 2: 1 Aug 2012 (see r. 2(b))
Reprint 2: The Magistrates Court ( amendments listed above)	(General) Rules 20	05 as at 23 Nov 2012 (includes
Magistrates Court (General) Amendment Rules (No. 3) 2013	26 Jul 2013 p. 3346-7	r. 1 and 2: 26 Jul 2013 (see r. 2(a)); Rules other than r. 1 and 2: 27 Jul 2013 (see r. 2(b))
Magistrates Court (General) Amendment Rules (No. 2) 2013	20 Aug 2013 p. 3818-20	r. 1 and 2: 20 Aug 2013 (see r. 2(a)); Rules other than r. 1 and 2: 21 Aug 2013 (see r. 2(b) and <i>Gazette</i> 20 Aug 2013 p. 3815)
Magistrates Court (General) Amendment Rules 2013	31 Dec 2013 p. 6548	r. 1 and 2: 31 Dec 2013 (see r. 2(a)); Rules other than r. 1 and 2: 1 Jan 2014 (see r. 2(b))
Magistrates Court (General) Amendment Rules (No. 2) 2014	11 Mar 2014 p. 573-83	r. 1 and 2: 11 Mar 2014 (see r. 2(a)); Rules other than r. 1 and 2: 12 Mar 2014 (see r. 2(b))

**Reprint 3: The** *Magistrates Court (General) Rules 2005* as at 13 Jun 2014 (includes amendments listed above)

### Reprint 3

#### **Defined terms**

## **Defined terms**

[This is a list of terms defined and the provisions where they are defined. The list is not part of the law.]

Defined term	Provision(s)
Act	
application	40A
approved form	3
approved recipient	
civil case	
contempt	29
CPA	3
defendant	
Director General	50
exhibit	40A, 40B(b)
Form	3
lodge	3
media organisation	40A
non-police registry	3
police registry	3
proceedings	
record	15
registrar	
registry	3
relevant record	
RTA	
searchable information	
transcript	

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