# DOG.

## No. 6 of 1903.

(Affected by Acts Nos. 26 of 1932 and 113 of 1965.)

#### lAs amended by Acts:

No. 1 of 1923, assented to 15th February, 1923; No. 24 of 1928, assented to 27th December, 1928; No. 74 of 1948, assented to 21st January, 1949; No. 42 of 1960, assented to 15th November, 1960; No. 55 of 1961, assented to 23rd November, 1961; No. 13 of 1963, assented to 5th November, 1963; No. 19 of 1965, assented to 1st October, 1965; No. 20 of 1967,1 assented to 23rd October, 1967;

and reprinted pursuant to the Amendments Incorporation Act, 1938.]

# AN ACT to consolidate and amend the Law relating to Dogs.

[Assented to 1st December, 1903.]

# BE it enacted-

1. This Act may be cited as the  $Dog\ Act$ , 1903-and shall come into operation on the thirty-first day of December, One thousand nine hundred hynology No. 20 of 1971, s. 1. and three.

First Schedule.

2. The Acts mentioned in the First Schedule to Repeal. this Act are hereby repealed.

94174/12/71-2,250

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Proclaimed to come into operation 1st January, 1968. See Gazette 24/11/67, p. 3195.

Interpretation. Amended by No. 74 of 1948, s. 3; No. 55 of 1961, s. 2; No. 19 of 1965, s. 2.

- 3. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires—
  - "Cattle" includes domesticated goat.
  - "District" means an area of the State, the inhabitants of which area are a municipality under the Local Government Act, 1960.
  - "Dog" means a dog of either sex of an age exceeding three months.
  - "Local Authority" means the Council of a municipality constituted under the Local Government Act, 1960.
  - "Prescribed" means prescribed by regulations made under this Act.
  - "Registering Officer" means and includes every person authorised by a local authority to enter the registration of dogs within the district.
  - "Wandering at large" means roaming about without any control whatever.

Persons to be deemed the owners of dogs.

4. Every person having a dog in his possession or under his control or being the occupier of any house or premises where a dog is kept or harboured, or permitted to live or remain, shall be deemed to keep and to be the owner of the dog.

Where there are more occupiers than one of any house or premises, the occupier of that part of the house or premises in which the dog is kept or harboured, or permitted to live or remain, shall be deemed to keep and to be the owner of the dog.

Dogs to be registered. Amended by No. 1 of 1923, s. 2; No. 24 of 1928, s. 2; No. 74 of 1948, s. 4; No. 55 of 1961, s. 3; No. 113 of 1965, s. 8.

5. (1) Any person who keeps any dog which is not registered pursuant to the provisions of this Act commits an offence against this Act.

Maximum penalty: Four dollars.

Minimum penalty irreducible in mitigation, notwithstanding the provisions of section one hundred and sixty-six of the Justices Act, 1902-1942, and of sections nineteen and six hundred and ninety-nine of the Criminal Code, 1913—One dollar.

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(2) On convicting any person of an offence under the provisions of the last preceding subsection the Court of Petty Sessions shall order payment by the person of the registration fee which should have been paid and the amount of the fee shall be recoverable in the same manner as that in which the penalty imposed for the offence is recoverable.

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- (3) This section shall not apply to the Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals of Western Australia, as regards dogs in their custody from time to time in depots licensed for the purpose pursuant to regulations made under this Act, and held temporarily by them for the purpose of finding the dogs suitable homes.
- 6. Registration shall be made at the office of the Registration offices. local authority of the district in which it is intended to keep the dog, or at such other convenient places within the district as may be appointed by the local authority for the purpose.

6A. (1) The local authority may direct the registration of destructive dogs may be refuse to register the dog on the dogs may be refused. ground that such dog is, in the opinion of the local Added by authority, of a destructive nature or is suffering 1928, s. 3. from any infectious or contagious disease or is, in the opinion of the local authority, vicious, dangerous, or unduly mischievous.

(1a) The registering officer shall, as soon as practicable after he receives the direction of the local authority, serve written notice of it on the owner of such dog.

Penalty: Four dollars.

(2) The owner may, in the prescribed manner and within the prescribed time, appeal against such direction to the Local Court held nearest to the office of the local authority, and such Court may either affirm the direction or quash it and direct the registration of the dog, as shall be just.

- (2a) Where the Local Court affirms the direction of the local authority, the Court shall direct an officer of the local authority to destroy the dog the subject of appeal, and thereupon that officer shall seize the dog and shoot it or cause it to be shot.
- (2b) Where the owner of a dog, the registration of which has been refused, does not appeal as provided in this section, the clerk of the local authority that refused such registration shall, as soon as practicable after the time prescribed for making the appeal has expired, apply to a justice for an order authorising the seizure and destruction of that dog.
- (2c) Where on an application under subsection (2b) of this section the justice is satisfied that the owner of the dog has been given notice of the reason for the direction to refuse to register the dog and has not appealed against it as provided in this section, the justice shall direct an officer of the local authority to seize the dog and shoot it or cause it to be shot.
- (2d) Where the Local Court quashes a direction of the local authority made pursuant to subsection (1) of this section and directs the registration of the dog, the registering officer of that local authority shall, upon payment of the appropriate registration fee, register the dog as directed by the Local Court.
- (3) The registering officer shall act in conformity with the direction of the local authority or the Local Court, as the case may be.

Penalty: Ten dollars.

Mode of registration.

7. Registration shall be made by the owner, or some person on his behalf, delivering at the registration office an application, signed by such owner or person, in the form A in the Second Schedule, containing the particulars indicated by such form, and paying the registration fee to the registering officer.

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8. The registering officer shall-

Registration receipt. Amended by

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- (1) make out a receipt for the registration fee No. 1 of 1923, s. 3. in the form B in the Second Schedule and a duplicate thereof;
- (2) enter on the application receipt and duplicate the registration number of the dog;
- (3) deliver to the owner or person making the registration the receipt and a registration label numbered according to the registration:
- (4) file the application and duplicate receipt.
- 9. Every registration label shall be a metal disc Registration labels. or plate of the prescribed size and shape, on which shall be inscribed the name of the district, the year of registration, and the registration number.

10. (1) Every registration shall be in force from Registration the day upon which it is made until the thirtieth renewed yearly. day of June next ensuing and no longer and shall be again made in like manner from year to year.

yearly.

Rerealed and re-enacted by No. 42 of 1960, s. 3.

- (2) Every registration made within twenty-one days of the first day of July in any year shall be deemed to have been made on that day.
- 11. The fee to be paid for registration shall be as Registration stated in the Third Schedule; and until the proper Amended by registration fee is paid, no registration shall be  $N_{1923, 8.5}^{No.\,1\,\text{ of }}$ deemed to have been made:

Provided that when any person makes use of any dog or dogs in or about the droving or tending of not less than five head of great cattle or twenty head of small cattle, he shall, on making application in the prescribed form, be entitled to register any such dog at half the prescribed rate.

Registration of dogs not kept within a district. 12. Any person who keeps a dog at any place not within the boundaries of any district shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to keep the dog within such district a boundary of which is nearest to the place in which such dog is kept.

Registration to extend over State. Amended by No. 1 of 1923, s. 6. 13. Every registration made under this Act shall be in force throughout the State, and any owner may remove a dog to any other district than the one wherein such dog is registered, without payment of any further fee.

Change of ownership.

14. Where an ownership of a dog is changed, the registration of such dog shall continue good; but the name of the new owner shall, upon application by him, be inserted in the registration receipt and the duplicate thereof in substitution of the name of the previous owner without payment of any fee, and thereupon, for the purpose of this Act, such new owner shall take the place of the previous owner.

List of registered dogs to be kept by local authority. Repealed and re-enacted by No. 55 of 1961, s. 5. Amended by No. 115 of 1965, s. 8.

- 15. (1) A local authority shall keep at its public office a list or a record consisting of cards, arranged in alphabetical order showing—
  - (a) the name of each person who has registered a dog with the local authority during the current year;
  - (b) the number of dogs registered by each such person; and
  - (c) the registration number of each dog so registered,

and the list or record shall be open to public inspection during the time the public office, where it is kept, is open to the public.

(2) When the name of a person is inserted in a registration receipt, issued pursuant to section eight of this Act, as the owner of a dog in substitution for the name of the previous owner of the dog, as provided in section fourteen of this Act, the list or record referred to in subsection (1) of this section shall be amended by the local authority accordingly.

- (3) A person applying to the local authority for all or any of the following—
  - (a) the particulars of any dog registered by the local authority;
  - (b) the name of the owner of a dog so registered; or
  - (c) a certified copy of a registration receipt referred to in subsection (2) of this section, certified by an officer of the local authority authorised for the purpose,

is entitled to receive the same on payment of a fee of twenty-five cents.

- (4) An officer who is authorised by a local authority to permit inspection of the list or record referred to in subsection (1) of this section or to receive and deal with an application made under subsection (3) of this section who—
  - (a) refuses to allow the list or record to be inspected at any time during which the public office where the list or record is kept, is open to the public; or
  - (b) on receipt of such application and after tender of the fee of twenty-five cents, refuses or neglects to supply the applicant with the particulars, name or certified copy referred to in subsection (3) of this section required by the applicant,

is guilty of an offence.

Penalty: Two dollars.

(5) The local authority shall make up, on or before the thirty-first day of August in each year, the list or record referred to in subsection (1) of this section and shall from time to time revise the list or record so as to include therein any alteration in a registration receipt or the addition of the name of any new owner of a dog registered under this Act. Receipt to be prima facie evidence of registration and ownership.

- 16. A receipt for the registration of any dog, or a certified copy thereof, purporting to be signed by a registration officer, shall be *prima facie* evidence in any proceeding—
  - (1) of such registration; and
  - (2) that the person therein named as the owner of the dog is the owner of such dog.

Penalty for false registration. Amended by No. 113 of 1965, s. 8.

17. Any owner or other person by whom a registration is made who wilfully inserts or omits, or permits to be inserted or omitted, in any application for registration, any matter or thing whatsoever contrary to or for the purpose of concealing the truth, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten dollars.

Dogs to have collar with disc attached. Added by No. 1 of 1923, s. 8. Amended by No. 113 of 1965, s. 8.

- 17A. (1) Every registered dog shall have a collar round its neck, and the dog's registration disc shall be and remain attached to the collar.
- (2) If any dog is found in any public place without a collar round its neck with the registration disc attached thereto, the owner of such dog (unless he shall prove that the breach of this section was not due either to his negligence or wilful act or omission) shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten dollars.

Penalty for removing collar or disc. Amended by No. 113 of 1965, s. 8. 18. Any person, not being the owner, who wilfully removes the registration label from the neck of a dog shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten dollars, and shall pay to the owner of any dog that may have been sold or destroyed under the provisions of this Act, in consequence of the removal of the label, the full value of the dog.

Power to seize stray dogs. Repealed and re-enacted by No. 42 of 1960, s. 4. Amended by No. 55 of 1961, s. 6; No. 13 of 1963, s. 2. 19. (1) Where a dog is found wandering at large any member of the Police Force of the State or any officer of a local authority in whose district the dog is so found who is authorised for the purpose may seize and keep the dog or if that local authority is maintaining a pound for the impounding of dogs,

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the member or officer may place the dog in the pound but if any such dog is not wearing a collar around its neck with a registration label attached thereto at the time it is so found and, in the opinion of the member of the Police Force or the officer of the local authority, it is impracticable to seize the dog the member or officer may, without seizing the dog, destroy it by shooting it or causing it to be shot and shall dispose of the carcass of the dog.

- (2) Where no such pound is being maintained the member or officer.
  - (a) if the dog is registered and has a collar around its neck with a registration label attached thereto, shall keep the dog in his custody and as soon as practicable serve on the owner of the dog a notice in the form of the Fourth Schedule and shall continue to keep the dog in his custody for a period of at least forty-eight hours next following the service of the notice; or
  - (b) if the dog has no collar around its neck with such a label attached, shall keep the dog in his custody for at least forty-eight hours next following the seizure.
- (3) If before the expiration of the time referred to in subsection (2) of this section which is relevant in the circumstances, the owner of the dog or some person on his behalf—
  - (a) has not claimed the dog;
  - (b) has not paid a reasonable sum due to the member or officer for the maintenance of the dog while it was kept by him;

the member or officer may cause the dog to be destroyed without cruelty and by some speedy means and the carcass disposed of.

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- (4) Where the dog is placed in a pound it shall be dealt with in accordance with the by-laws of the local authority regulating the pound and the animals impounded therein.
- (5) In all cases where a dog seized under this section is returned to its owner the owner shall produce the registration of the dog or pay the fee for the registration of the dog before resuming possession of the dog.
- (6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if a dog is found wandering at large on a day when a pound in which that dog could otherwise have been placed is closed, or is found wandering at large in a district where no such pound is being maintained, an officer of the body known as the Dogs' Refuge Home (W.A.) Incorporated, who is authorised by that body for the purpose, may receive and keep the dog in any premises maintained and conducted by that body for the care of dogs, and in respect to that dog such officer shall have and may exercise all or any of the powers that a member of the Police Force or an officer of a local authority has and may exercise under the provisions of subsections (2) and (3) of this section.

Service of notices. Amended by No. 1 of 1923, s. 10.

- 20. Notices under the last preceding section may be served—
  - (1) by leaving the same at the usual last known address of the owner; or
  - (2) by forwarding the same by post in a prepaid letter addressed to the owner at his such address.

A notice sent by post shall be deemed to have been served at the time at which the letter would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.

Penalty for allowing sluts to be at large at certain times. Amended by No. 113 of 1965, s. 8.

21. If any slut is at large in any street, road, or public place while she is in heat, the owner shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten dollars.

21A. (1) Subject to subsections (2) and (3) of this section, the owner—

Dogs in certain places to be on leash.
Added by No. 42 of 1960, s. 5.
Amended by No. 113 of 1965, s. 8;
No. 20 of

- (a) of any dog which is found in any shop within any city, town or townsite, not being a food shop or a shop where dogs are sold or treated for illness, or in any school grounds within any city, town or townsite; or
- (b) of any dog, not being a dog that is being used in the droving of stock, which is found in the district of any local authority on any bathing beach specified for the purposes of this section by order of the local authority published once in the *Gazette* and once in some newspaper circulating in the district,

and which is not under the effective control of some person by means of a chain, cord or leash, commits an offence.

Penalty: For a first offence, ten dollars, and for a second or any subsequent offence, twenty dollars.

(2) Subject to subsection (3) of this section, the owner of a dog which is found in any food shop within any city, town or townsite commits an offence.

Penalty: For a first offence ten dollars, and for a second or any subsequent offence, twenty dollars.

- (3) Notwithstanding anything in any Act, regulation or by-law, a person who is blind or partially blind—
  - (a) is entitled to be accompanied by a dog bona fide used by him as a guide dog, in any building or place open to or used by the public for any purpose or in any public transport; and
  - (b) is not guilty of an offence by reason only that he takes that dog into or permits that dog to enter any building or place open to or used by the public or on any public transport.

# (4) In this section—

"food shop" means any premises in which any commodity used for food or drink by man is sold, offered for, or exposed for, sale;

"guide dog" means a dog trained by a guide dog training institution recognised by the Guide Dogs for the Blind Association of Western Australia Incorporated and used as a guide by a person who is blind or partially blind.

Penalty for abandoning dogs. Added by No. 13 of 1963, s. 3. Amended by No. 113 of 1965, s. 8. 21B. A person who causes or permits a dog to be at large by abandoning it in any place commits an offence.

Penalty: Twenty dollars.

Owner or occupier of enclosed land may destroy any trespassing dogs not under control. Amended by No. 1 of 1923, s. 11; No. 74 of 1948, s. 6. 22. The owner or occupier of any enclosed field, paddock, yard, or other place in which any sheep or cattle or poultry are confined, or any person acting under the authority of such owner or occupier, may, without incurring any liability in respect thereof, shoot or otherwise destroy without cruelty by some speedy means any dog found at large therein whether the owner of such dog is or is not known:

Provided that it shall not be lawful to shoot or otherwise destroy any such dog if accompanied by and under the control of its owner or any other person.

Poison may be laid in certain coses. Added by No. 24 of 1928, s. 4. Amended by No. 55 of 1961, s. 7; No. 19 of 1965, s. 3. 22A. It shall be lawful for the owner or occupier of any field, paddock, yard, or other place in or on which any sheep or cattle are confined or depasturing, or any person acting under his authority, to lay poison upon such field, paddock, yard or other place for the destruction of dogs wandering at large and trespassing on any such place:

Provided that such poison shall not be laid within one chain of a road, reserve or public place.

23. If any dog rushes at, attacks, worries, or owners of dogs attacking person or any horse, cattle, sheep, attacking persons, etc. chases any person or any horse, cattle, sheep, poultry, or any domestic animal, other than those poultry, or any domestic animal, other than those Amended by trespassing, the owner of such dog shall be liable to 1928, s. 5; a penalty not exceeding forty dollars.

Amended by No. 24 of 1928, s. 5; No. 113 of 1965, s. 8.

When a dog has actually bitten any person the court or justices, in addition to inflicting a penalty, may order that such dog be destroyed forthwith, and may give all necessary directions to make such order effective.

The fact that such dog was, immediately before the rushing at, attacking, worrying, or chasing, in company with and had been seen closely following the person complained of, or issued from the premises occupied by such person, shall be prima facie evidence that the person so complained of is the owner of such dog.

23A. No person shall be deemed to be guilty of from liability an offence or be liable in damages on account of the done for death of or any injury or harm suffered by any dog destruction of vermin or wandering at large, owing to measures taken by wandering at large, or the second of the dose wandering at large of the second of the secon such person, reasonably and in good faith, for the at large purpose of destroying or exterminating vermin or dogs wandering at large, whether by means of traps, poison, or otherwise, in conformity with any Act or statutory regulation, or by reason of the fact that the death of the dog has occurred in a place or on premises not belonging to or in the occupation of such person.

24. The owner of every dog shall be liable in Mischievous damages for injury done by his dog; and it shall in dogs need not be necessary for the party seeking damages to proved. show a previous mischievous propensity in such dog or the owner's knowledge of such mischievous propensity, or that the injury was attributable to neglect on the part of the owner of the dog.

Penalty on persons setting on dogs to attack persons, etc. Amended by No. 113 of 1965, s. 8. 25. Any person who wilfully sets on, urges, or permits any dog to attack, worry, or chase any person, or any horse, cattle, sheep, or poultry, or any domestic animal, unless such horse, cattle, sheep, or poultry, or any domestic animal be trespassing at the time, shall be liable, on summary conviction, to a penalty not exceeding forty dollars, or to imprisonment, with or without hard labour, for any term not exceeding six months.

A conviction under this section shall not affect the right of action of any person for any damage such dog may have done.

Penalty for using counterfeit labels. Amended by No. 113 of 1965, s. 8.

26. Any person who falsely makes or counterfeits, or knowing the same to be false or counterfeit purchases, uses, or has in his possession any label resembling, or apparently intended to resemble, or pass for a registration label issued under this Act, shall be liable for every such offence to a penalty not exceeding forty dollars.

Penalty for using obsolete labels. Amended by No. 24 of 1928, s. 7; No. 113 of 1965, s. 8.

27. Any person who, after the twenty-second day of July in any year, keeps any dog wearing a registration label issued in any previous year, which dog shall not have been registered for the then current year, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten dollars.

Penalty for using label issued for another dog. Amended by No. 113 of 1965, s. 8. 28. Any person who keeps any dog wearing a registration label issued in respect of another dog shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty dollars.

# 29. [Repealed by No. 19 of 1965, s. 4.]

Diseased dogs to be isolated or destroyed. Added by No. 42 cf 1960,s. 7. Amended by No. 113 of 1965, s. 8. 29A. (1) Where a dog is found to be suffering from any contagious or infectious disease, the owner of the dog shall cause the dog to be examined by a registered veterinary surgeon or in his absence a

medical practitioner or health inspector and isolated or destroyed in such manner as that official may require.

(2) Where upon representation being made by any person to a justice of the peace that the dog is in such a condition that notwithstanding its being isolated, it is likely to spread disease, the justice may on the advice of a registered veterinary surgeon, medical practitioner or health inspector order the dog to be destroyed and the carcass disposed of by the owner in such manner as that official may require.

Penalty: Twenty dollars.

30. No fee shall be charged for the registration of the blind to any dog bona fide kept and used as a guide for any be registered without fee. blind person or being bona fide kept and being Amended by trained to be used as a guide for any blind person.

31. In any proceeding under this Act the proof proof of of due registration, or that any dog is under the age registration, of three months, or has not been kept by the owner owner.

Amended by thereof, shall in each case be on the defendant.

No. 1 of 1923, s. 13.

32. All penalties incurred under this Act, and Recovery of penalties. damages not exceeding forty dollars for any injury Amended by occasioned or done by any dog as hereinbefore men-1965, s. 8. tioned, or for any dog improperly sold or destroyed. shall be recoverable summarily before any two or more justices of the peace in petty sessions.

33. All fees payable within any district, and all of fines. fines and penalties recovered in respect of offences committed within any district, shall be paid to the local authority as part of its ordinary revenue.

34. All expenses incident to the administration in Expense and administraeach district shall be paid out of the ordinary tion. revenue of the local authority.

Power to make by-laws. Added by No. 24 of 1928, s. 8. Amended by No. 113 of 1965, s. 8.

- 34A. A local authority may, for the protection of owners of stock, make by-laws for—
  - (a) requiring dogs to be kept chained or otherwise under effective control from sunset to sunrise, and authorising the destruction of any dog not so kept under control and found wandering at large;
  - (b) imposing a penalty not exceeding twenty dollars for the breach of any such by-law.

Regulations. Amended by No. 1 of 1948, s. 7; No. 74 of 1948, s. 7; No. 113 of 1965, s. 8.

- 35. The Governor may make regulations for carrying this Act into effect and such regulations may impose a penalty not exceeding ten dollars for any breach thereof and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing the Governor may, subject to the provisions of this Act, make regulations—
  - (a) empowering any local authority, subject to the provisions of the Act under which it is constituted to establish and maintain pounds for the impounding of dogs seized pursuant to the provisions of this Act;
  - (b) for the care, detention, release, disposal and destruction of dogs so seized;
  - (c) prescribing fees to be payable in respect of the seizing, care, detention, release, disposal and destruction of dogs so seized;
  - (d) prescribing the liability of any person in respect of payment of the fees referred to in the last preceding paragraph;
  - (e) prohibiting the release from any pound of any dog except in accordance with the regulations;
  - (f) prohibiting the obstruction or hindrance of any employee of a local authority or member of the Police Force in the performance of anything authorised by the provisions of this Act or the regulations made in pursuance of those provisions;

- (g) imposing as an absolute prohibition an obligation on the owner of any dog that the dog shall not enter or be in—
  - (i) such places as may be prescribed, in any circumstances whatever; or
  - (ii) such places as may be prescribed, unless on a leash held by a person.

35A. By Order in Council the Governor may Delegation of powers to local authorities.

powers to local authorities. Added by No. 74 of 1948, s. 8. Amended by No. 55 of 1361, c. 9.

subject to such conditions and restrictions as No. 74 of 1948, s. 8. may be specified in the Order,—

Amendment Amendment No. 55 of No.

any local authority to exercise,-

as a power to make by-laws to have effect within the municipal district in respect of which it is constituted,—

any power of making regulations conferred upon the Governor by the provisions of this Act, and the Order, until revoked or amended, may be acted upon by the local authority in the manner and subject to any conditions and restrictions specified in the Order.

36. [Repealed by No. 55 of 1961, s. 10.]

## SCHEDULES.

#### FIRST SCHEDULE.

Section 2.

Date of Act	Title of Act	Extent of Repea	
17 Vict., No. 18	The Dog Act, 1888	The whole.	
19 Vict., No. 10	An Act to amend the Dog Act, 1883	The whole.	
33 Vict., No. 12	An Act to further amend the Dog Act, 1883	The whole.	

Section 7. Second Schedule. Amended by No. 1 of 1923, s. 15; No. 55 c f 1961, s. 11; No. 113 of 1965, s. 8.

## SECOND SCHEDULE

#### (Form A.)

Description of Dogs for Registration.

					3		
A description of be kept by A.B. of			<b>3</b> ,			dogs intended to	
				, i:	n		, during
the	year ending on	the 30	th da	ay of	June, 1	9 .	
No. of Dog	Premises, District, or place on or in which such dog is intended to be kept	Name	Sex	Age	Colour or peculiar mark	Description or kind of dog	Purpose for which such dog is to be employed

No. of Dog	Premises, District, or place on or in which such dog is intended to be kept	Name	Sex	Age	Colour or peculiar mark	Description or kind of dog	Purpose for which such dog is to be employed
		*					
<del></del> _	<u> </u>	ļ <u></u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

I, the said A.B., or C.D., duly authorised agent of A.B. in this behalf, declare the above description to be true in every particular to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Dated this

day of

, 19

A.B. or C.D.

Section 8.

(Form B.)

Duplicate Receipt.

Received this day of , 19 , the sum of \$ , for dogs registered by A.B. of , in , for year ending on the 30th day of June, 19 , the particulars whereof, contained in the following description, were given at the time of registration:—

No. of Dog	Premises, District, or place on or in which such dog is intended to be kept	Name	Sex	Age	Colour or peculiar mark	Description or kind of dog	Purpose for which such dog is to be employed

 $\mathbf{E}.\mathbf{F}.$ 

Registering Officer for the

Municipality.

# Receipt.

Received this	day of	, 19	, the
sum of \$	, for dogs regis	tered by A	A.B. of
, in	, for	year endi	ng on
the 30th day of June, 19	, the particular	s whereof	, con-
tained in the following des	cription, were gi	ven at th	e time
of registration:—			

No. of Dog	Premises, District, or place on or in which such dog is intended to be kept	Name	Sex	Age	Colour or peculiar mark	Description or kind of dog	Purpose for which such dog is to be employed

E. F.

Registering Officer for the Municipality.

# THIRD SCHEDULE.

	Section 11.							
	No. 1 61 1923, s. 16; No. 42 of							
	\$	1960, s. 9; No. 113 of 1965, s. 8.						
For every dog	••••						1.00	1000, 5. 0.
For every bitch	••••	****	••••	••••		••••	2.00	
Where in respect of any dog of either sex there is produced to the registering officer a certificate of and signed by a registered veterinary surgeon, or a statutory declaration certifying that the dog of either sex has been effectively sterilised the fee shall be fifty cents.								
For every pack of hounds not less than 10 bona fide kept together in kennel exclusively for the purpose of hunting, in lieu of any individual registration 4.00								

## THIRD SCHEDULE-continued.

For every premises where the owner or occupier thereof carries on the business of breeding, buying, selling or caring for dogs, in lieu of any individual registration fee on any dog in those premises

10.00

\$

In respect of every first registration made after the 31st day of December in any year, only one-half of the registration fee shall be payable.

Section 19.

## FOURTH SCHEDULE.

Notice of Seizure of Dog.

(Place)

(Date)

To A.B.

of

Take Notice, a dog, of which you are the registered owner, has been found wandering at large and seized, and is now at .

If not claimed within forty-eight hours from the service of this notice, the dog will be sold or destroyed.

The registered number of the dog is

(To be signed by the officer in charge of a police station, or an officer of the local authority.)