

**CRIMES (CONFISCATION OF PROFITS) ACT 1988**  
**CRIMES (CONFISCATION OF PROFITS) REGULATIONS 1990**

Made by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council under sections 56 and 61.

PART I—PRELIMINARY

**Citation**

1. These regulations may be cited as the *Crimes (Confiscation of Profits) Regulations 1990*.

**Interpretation**

2. In these regulations—

“the New South Wales Act (1985)” means the *Crimes (Confiscation of Profits) Act 1985* of New South Wales as amended from time to time;

“the New South Wales Act (1989)” means the *Confiscation of Proceeds of Crime Act 1989* of New South Wales as amended from time to time;

“the Northern Territory Act” means the *Crimes (Forfeiture of Proceeds) Act 1988* of the Northern Territory as amended from time to time;

“the Queensland Act” means the *Crimes (Confiscation of Profits) Act 1989* of Queensland as amended from time to time;

“the South Australian Act” means the *Crimes (Confiscation of Profits) Act 1986* of South Australia as amended from time to time;

“the Victorian Act” means the *Crimes (Confiscation of Profits) Act 1986* of Victoria as amended from time to time.

PART II—NEW SOUTH WALES

Division 1—Application of the New South Wales Act (1985)

**Declaration—corresponding law**

3. The New South Wales Act (1985) is declared to be a law which corresponds to the Act.

**Declaration—forfeiture order**

4. A forfeiture order made under section 5 (1) of the New South Wales Act (1985) is declared to be an order within the definition of “interstate forfeiture order” in section 3 (1) of the Act.

**Declaration—pecuniary penalty order**

5. A pecuniary penalty order made under section 10 (1) of the New South Wales Act (1985) is declared to be an order within the definition of “interstate pecuniary penalty order” in section 3 (1) of the Act.

**Declaration—restraining order**

6. A restraining order made under section 12 (2) of the New South Wales Act (1985) is declared to be an order within the definition of “interstate restraining order” in section 3 (1) of the Act.

## Division 2—Application of the New South Wales Act (1989)

**Declaration—corresponding law**

7. The New South Wales Act (1989) is declared to be a law which corresponds to the Act.

**Declaration—drug proceeds order**

8. A drug proceeds order made under section 29 (1) of the New South Wales Act (1989) is declared to be an order within the definition of "interstate forfeiture order" in section 3 (1) of the Act.

**Declaration—forfeiture order**

9. A forfeiture order made under section 18 (1) of the New South Wales Act (1989) is declared to be an order within the definition of "interstate forfeiture order" in section 3 (1) of the Act.

**Declaration—pecuniary penalty order**

10. A pecuniary penalty order made under section 24 (1) of the New South Wales Act (1989) is declared to be an order within the definition of "interstate pecuniary penalty order" in section 3 (1) of the Act.

**Declaration—restraining order**

11. A restraining order made under section 43 of the New South Wales Act (1989) is declared to be an order within the definition of "interstate restraining order" in section 3 (1) of the Act.

## PART III NORTHERN TERRITORY

**Declaration—corresponding law**

12. The Northern Territory Act is declared to be a law which corresponds to the Act.

**Declaration—forfeiture order**

13. A forfeiture order made under section 5 (1) of the Northern Territory Act is declared to be an order within the definition of "interstate forfeiture order" in section 3 (1) of the Act.

**Declaration—pecuniary penalty order**

14. A pecuniary penalty order made under section 10 (1) of the Northern Territory Act is declared to be an order within the definition of "interstate pecuniary penalty order" in section 3 (1) of the Act.

**Declaration—restraining order**

15. A restraining order made under section 14 (2) of the Northern Territory Act is declared to be an order within the definition of "interstate restraining order" in section 3 (1) of the Act.

## PART IV—QUEENSLAND

**Declaration—corresponding law**

16. The Queensland Act is declared to be a law which corresponds to the Act.

**Declaration—forfeiture order**

17. A forfeiture order made under section 8 (1) of the Queensland Act is declared to be an order within the definition of "interstate forfeiture order" in section 3 (1) of the Act.

**Declaration—special forfeiture order**

18. A special forfeiture order made under section 60 of the Queensland Act is declared to be an order within the definition of "interstate forfeiture order" in section 3 (1) of the Act.

**Declaration—pecuniary penalty order**

19. A pecuniary penalty order made under section 13 (1) of the Queensland Act is declared to be an order within the definition of "interstate pecuniary penalty order" in section 3 (1) of the Act.

**Declaration—restraining order**

20. A restraining order made under section 17 of the Queensland Act is declared to be an order within the definition of "interstate restraining order" in section 3 (1) of the Act.

## PART V—SOUTH AUSTRALIA

**Declaration—corresponding law**

21. The South Australian Act is declared to be a law which corresponds to the Act.

**Declaration—forfeiture order**

22. A forfeiture order made under section 5 (1) of the South Australian Act is declared to be an order within the definition of "interstate forfeiture order" in section 3 (1) of the Act.

**Declaration—sequestration order**

23. A sequestration order made under section 6 (1) of the South Australian Act is declared to be an order within the definition of "interstate restraining order" in section 3 (1) of the Act.

## PART VI—VICTORIA

**Declaration—corresponding law**

24. The Victorian Act is declared to be a law which corresponds to the Act.

**Declaration—forfeiture order**

25. A forfeiture order made under section 7 (1) of the Victorian Act is declared to be an order within the definition of "interstate forfeiture order" in section 3 (1) of the Act.

**Declaration—pecuniary penalty order**

26. A pecuniary penalty order made under section 12 (1) of the Victorian Act is declared to be an order within the definition of "interstate pecuniary penalty order" in section 3 (1) of the Act.

**Declaration—restraining order**

27. A restraining order made under section 16 of the Victorian Act is declared to be an order within the definition of "interstate restraining order" in section 3 (1) of the Act.

By His Excellency's Command,  
G. PEARCE, Clerk of the Council.