

# Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation (Acts of Terrorism) Act 2001

#### Western Australia

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# Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation (Acts of Terrorism) Act 2001

No. 40 of 2001

An Act to make provision about the liability of an employer to pay compensation under the *Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 1981* to a worker as a result of an act of terrorism.

[Assented to 31 December 2001]

The Parliament of Western Australia enacts as follows:

#### 1. Short title

This Act may be cited as the Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation (Acts of Terrorism) Act 2001.

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#### 2. Commencement

This Act comes into operation on the day on which it receives the Royal Assent.

### 3. Meanings of expressions used in this Act

- (1) In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears
  - "actuary" means a Fellow of the Institute of Actuaries of Australia or any other person of whose actuarial knowledge and experience the Governor approves;

### "final day" means —

- (a) 31 December 2003, unless an earlier day is fixed under paragraph (b); or
- (b) a day earlier than 31 December 2003 that the Minister, by order published in the *Gazette*, fixes as the final day;
- "Insurance Commission" means the body continued as the Insurance Commission of Western Australia under the Insurance Commission of Western Australia Act 1986;
- "liability" means liability of an employer to pay compensation under the *Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation*Act 1981 to a worker:

## "participating employer" means an employer —

- (a) holding a policy of insurance that contains an exclusion of liability as permitted under section 4; or
- (b) entitled by an agreement under section 7 to make claims in accordance with section 9.
- (2) Any other expression in this Act that is given a particular meaning by the *Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation*Act 1981 has the same meaning in this Act unless the contrary intention appears.

#### 4. Permitting exclusion of cover for acts of terrorism

- (1) The Commission may give an approved insurance office permission in writing to exclude certain liability from the liability for which it insures employers but the exclusion of liability attributable to an act occurring after the final day is not permitted.
- (2) Before permitting the exclusion of liability, the Commission has to be satisfied that it would be reasonable to characterise the liability as being attributable to an act of terrorism.
- (3) The *Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 1981* does not require the approved insurance office to insure an employer for liability to the extent that it is permitted under this section to be excluded.

#### 5. Condition that insurer agrees to contribute

The permission may be given on condition that, before the exclusion of liability is permitted, the approved insurance office enter into an agreement in writing with the Commission as to contributions that the approved insurance office will make to the Employers' Indemnity Supplementation Fund established under the *Employers' Indemnity Supplementation Fund Act 1980* section 5(1) towards the cost of satisfying claims made by employers in accordance with section 9.

#### 6. Employer's obligation to insure

The Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 1981 section 160 does not require an employer who holds a policy of insurance that contains an exclusion of liability as permitted under section 4 to insure for liability to the extent that it is excluded as permitted under section 4.

#### 7. Self-insurer to agree to contribute

(1) It is a condition of a self-insurer's exemption under the *Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 1981* 

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section 164 that, if requested by the Commission to do so, the self-insurer enter into an agreement in writing with the Commission —

- (a) entitling the self-insurer to make claims in accordance with section 9; and
- (b) providing for contributions that the self-insurer will make to the Employers' Indemnity Supplementation Fund established under the *Employers' Indemnity Supplementation Fund Act 1980* section 5(1) towards the cost of satisfying claims made by employers in accordance with section 9.
- (2) Contravention of a condition under this section is to be treated, for the purposes of the *Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 1981*, as a contravention of a requirement under that Act.

#### 8. Participating employer's liability to worker may be reduced

- (1) If in the circumstances it is appropriate to do so, the Minister may, by order published in the *Gazette*
  - (a) state that the Minister believes that an act of terrorism has occurred, identifying the act sufficiently to enable a person to know that the person's claim might be affected by the order;
  - (b) specify the day on which the act of terrorism is to be treated, for the purposes of this Act, as having occurred; and
  - (c) state that, despite anything in the *Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 1981*, a claim for compensation for a disability attributable to the act identified in paragraph (a) is barred unless it is made within a period of 90 days after the day on which the act of terrorism occurred.
- (2) The day specified under subsection (1)(1)(b) cannot be after the final day.

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- (3) As soon as practicable after the period of 90 days under subsection (1)(c) elapses, the Commission is required to determine, on the advice of an actuary
  - (a) the total amount that would, if subsection (4) did not apply, be expected to be payable by all participating employers in respect of their liability for all workers that is attributable to the act specified in the order; and
  - (b) if that amount exceeds \$25 million, the reduction factor by which that amount would need to be multiplied to limit it to \$25 million.
- (4) If the Commission determines a reduction factor, an amount that a participating employer would, if this subsection did not apply, be required to pay in satisfaction of any liability attributable to the act specified in the order is reduced by multiplying the amount by the reduction factor.

# 9. Indemnity for liability attributable to terrorism

- (1) To the extent that a participating employer's liability to a worker is attributable to an act of terrorism that occurs during the period commencing on 1 January 2002 and ending on the final day, the employer may make a claim against the Insurance Commission for payment or reimbursement, as the case requires, of any claim arising from that liability.
- (2) The claim is to be dealt with as a claim under the *Employers' Indemnity Supplementation Fund Act 1980* and, as far as possible, that Act applies accordingly.
- (3) For the purposes of this section
  - (a) if the participating employer holds a policy of insurance and the employer's liability to the worker is to any extent excluded from the policy by an exclusion permitted under section 4, the extent to which the employer's liability is attributable to an act of terrorism is to be regarded as being the same as the extent to

- which the employer's liability is excluded as permitted under section 4;
- (b) if the participating employer is a self-insurer, the extent to which the employer's liability is attributable to an act of terrorism is to be determined by the Commission consistently with the principles it applies when deciding whether or not to give permission under section 4.